FORM-I

For

PROPOSED MERGER & EXPANSION OF SPECIALITY CHEMICALS, PESTICIDE INTERMEDIATES & PESTICIDE TECHANICALS IN EXISTING UNIT

of

M/s. HEMANI INDUSTRIES LTD. (UNIT-III & IV)

PLOT NO. CH-5 & E-362, G.I.D.C. ESTATE, DAHEJ-I,

TAL: VAGRA, DIST: BHARUCH-392130, GUJARAT

APPENDIX I

FORM 1

1. Basic Information

Sr.	Item	Details
No.		
1.	Name of the Project/s	Hemani Industries Ltd. (Unit-III & IV)
2.	S.No. in the Schedule	5 (b) & 5 (f)
3.	Proposed capacity/area/length/tonnage	Proposed Specialty Chemicals, Intermediates and
	to be handled/command area/lease	Pesticides Technical = 2662 + 6058 = 8207
	area/number of wells to be drilled	MT/Month
		No bore well to be drilled within the premises.
4.	New/Expansion/Modernization	Expansion
5.	Existing capacity/area etc.	Existing Capacity = 2662 MT/Month
6.	Category of project i.e. 'A' or 'B'	'A'
7.	Does it attract the general condition? If	N.A.
	yes, please specify.	
8.	Does it attract the specific condition? If	N.A.
	yes, please specify.	
9.	Location	Plot No.Ch-5 & E-362, GIDC, Dahej-I, Tal: Vagra, Dist:
		Bharuch-392130, Gujarat
	Plot/Survey/Khasra No.	Plot. No. CH-5 & E-362
	Village	GIDC, Dahej-I
	Tehsil	Vagra
	District	Bharuch
	State	Gujarat
10.	Nearest railway station/airport along	Nearest Railway Station : Dahej = 2.5 kms
	with distance in kms.	Nearest Airport: Baroda: 90 kms
11.	Nearest Town, city, District Headquarters	Nearest town: Bharuch : 50 kms, Nearest District
	along with distance in km	Head quarter: Bharuch : 50 kms
12.	Village Panchayats, zilla parishad,	Village: Dahej, Tal: Vagra, Dist: Bharuch, Gujarat.
	Municipal corporation, Local body	
13.	Name of the applicant	Hemani Industries Ltd. (Unit-III & IV)
14.	Registered address	Plot No.CH-5 & E-362, GIDC, Dahej-I, Tal: Vagra, Dist:
		Bharuch-392130, Gujarat.
15.	Address for correspondence:	

	Name	Mr. Satish Patel
	Designation (Owner/Partner/CEO)	General Manager
	Address	Plot No.CH-5, GIDC, Dahej-I, Tal: Vagra, Dist: Bharuch-
		392130, Gujarat.
	Pin Code	392130
	E-Mail	satishpatel.patel919@gmail.com
	Telephone No.	(02641)256042 & 291111
	Mobile No.	+919726131244
	Fax No.	(022)25157491
16.	Details of Alternative Sites examined, if	No
	any location of these sites should be	
	shown on a topo sheet.	
17.	Interlinked Projects	No
18.	Whether separate application of	Not applicable
	interlinked project has been submitted?	
19.	If Yes, date of submission	Not applicable
20.	If no., reason	Not applicable
21.	Whether the proposal involves	Not applicable, as the project is located in notified
	approval/clearance under: If yes, details	industrial estate.
	of the same and their status to be given.	
	1. The Forest (Conservation) Act,	
	1980?	
	2. The Wildlife (Protection) Act,	
	1972?	
22.	Whether there is any Government	No
	order/policy relevant/relating to the	
	site?	
23.	Forest land involved (hectares)	No
24.	Whether there is any litigation pending	No
	against the project and/or land in which	
	the project is propose to be set up?	
	1. Name of the Court	
	2. Case No.	
	3. Orders/directions of the Court, if	
	any and its relevance with the project.	

(II) Activity

1. Construction, operation or decommissioning of the Project involving actions, which will cause physical changes in the locality (topography, land use, changes in water bodies, etc.)

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist confirmation	Yes /No?	Details thereof (with approximate quantities / rates, wherever possible) with
		,	source of information data
1.1	Permanent or temporary change in land	No	Proposed Expansion Project is within Dahej
	use, land cover or topography including		GIDC Estate
	increase in intensity of land use (with		
1.2	respect to local land use plan)	.,	
1.2	Clearance of existing land, vegetation and buildings?	Yes	Minor site clearance activities shall be carried out to clear shrubs and weed.
1.3	Creation of new land uses?	No	
1.4	Pre-construction investigations e.g. bore	No	
	houses, soil testing?		
1.5	Construction works?	Yes	Layout plan is attached as Annexure: 1.
1.6	Demolition works?	No	
1.7	Temporary sites used for construction	No	
	workers or housing of construction		
	workers?		
1.8	Above ground buildings, structures or	Yes	Layout plan is attached as Annexure: 1.
	Earthworks including linear structures, cut		
	and fill or excavations		
1.9	Underground works including mining or tunneling?	No	
1.10	Reclamation works?	No	
1.11	Dredging?	No	
1.12	Offshore structures?	No	
1.13	Production and manufacturing	Yes	List of Products is attached Annexure: 2 and
			manufacturing process attached as
			Annexure: 3.
1.14	Facilities for storage of goods or materials?	Yes	Dedicated storage area for storage of Raw
			Materials and finished products, solvents,
			etc. is provided.
1.15	Facilities for treatment or disposal of solid	Yes	Effluent Treatment Plant is installed to treat
	waste or liquid effluents?		effluent so as to achieve the GPCB norms.
			Details of water consumption & effluent
			generation with segregation of effluent
			streams are attached as Annexure: 4.

			Details of proposed Effluent Treatment Plant are attached as Annexure: 5. Details of Hazardous waste generation and disposal is attached as Annexure: 6.
1.16	Facilities for long term housing of operational workers?	No	
1.17	New road, rail or sea traffic during construction or operation?	No	
1.18	New road, rail, air waterborne or other airports etc?	No	
1.19	Closure or diversion of existing transport routes or infrastructure leading to changes in traffic movements?	No	
1.20	New or diverted transmission lines or pipelines?	No	
1.21	Impoundment, damming, converting, realignment or other changes to the hydrology of watercourses or aquifers?	No	
1.22	Stream crossings?	No	
1.23	Abstraction or transfers or the water form ground or surface waters?	Yes	No ground water shall be used. The requirement of raw water shall be met through GIDC Water Supply.
1.24	Changes in water bodies or the land surface affecting drainage or run-off?	No	
1.25	Transport of personnel or materials for construction, operation or decommissioning?	Yes	Through hired Services
1.26	Long-term dismantling or decommissioning or restoration works?	No	There is no dismantling of any sort. Not applicable.
1.27	Ongoing activity during decommissioning which could have an impact on the environment?	No	No Impact on the Environment
1.28	Influx of people to an area in either temporarily or permanently?	No	This is a well developed Industrial Area and due to project, 150 additional people shall be employed for operation.
1.29	Introduction of alien species?	No	
1.30	Loss of native species of genetic diversity?	No	
1.31	Any other actions?	No	

2. Use of Natural resources for construction or operation of the Project (such as land, water, materials or energy, especially any resources which are non-renewable or in short supply):

Sr. No	Information/checklist confirmation	Yes/ No?	Details there of (with approximate quantities/rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
2.1	Land especially undeveloped or agriculture land (ha)	No	
2.2	Water (expected source & competing users) unit: KLD	Yes	Water requirement will meet through the GIDC Water Supply. For detail water balance is refer as Annexure – 3 .
2.3	Minerals (MT)	No	Not applicable
2.4	Construction material -stone, aggregates, sand / soil (expected source MT)	Yes	Company shall use Sand, stone, Cement and Structural Steel for Construction as required.
2.5	Forests and timber (source - MT)	No	No wood shall be used as construction material or as a fuel.
2.6	Energy including electricity and fuels source, competing users Unit: fuel (MT), energy (MW)	Yes	Existing: Power required from DGVCL is 3000 KVA. Total Proposed: Power required from DGVCL will 8000 KVA. Standby power supply from D.G. set – Existing: 1010 KVA x 3 Nos. Total Proposed: 1010 KVA x 8 Nos. Fuel: Existing Natural Gas: 1150 m3/Day Coal or Lignite: 2250 MT/Month + 1050 MT/Month LDO: 20 KL/Month + 10 KL/Month FO: 15 KL/Month HSD: 5 KL/Month + 36 KL/Month Proposed Natural Gas: 4000 m3/Day Coal or Lignite: 4500 MT/Month HSD: 25 KL/Month
2.7	Any other natural resources (use appropriates standard units)	No	

1. Use, storage, transport, handling or production of substances or materials, which could be harmful to human health or the environment or raise concerns about actual or perceived risks to human health.

Sr.	Information / Checklist confirmation	Yes/	Details thereof (with approximate
No.		No?	quantities / rates wherever possible) with
			source of information data
3.1	Use of substances or materials, which are	Yes	Please refer Annexure : 8.
	hazardous (as per MSIHC rules) to human		
	health or the environment (flora, fauna,		
	and water supplies)		
3.2	Changes in occurrence of disease or affect	No	Not applicable as site is located in Dahej
	disease vectors (e.g. insect or water borne		Industrial Area, Dahej.
	diseases)		
3.3	Affect the welfare of people e.g. by	No	Not applicable as site is located in Dahej
	changing living conditions?		Industrial Area, Dahej.
3.4	Vulnerable groups of people who could be	No	Not applicable as site is located in Dahej
	affected by the project e.g. hospital		Industrial Area, Dahej.
	patients, children, the elderly etc.,		muustilai Alea, Danej.
3.5	Any other causes	No	

4. Production of solid wastes during construction or operation or decommissioning MT/month)

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist confirmation	Yes/ No?	Details thereof (with approximate quantities / rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
4.1	Spoil, overburden or mine wastes	No	
4.2	Municipal waste (domestic and or commercial wastes)	No	
4.3	Hazardous wastes (as per Hazardous Waste Management Rules)	Yes	Please refer Annexure: 6
4.4	Other industrial process wastes	Yes	Please refer Annexure: 6
4.5	Surplus product	Yes	As per attached Annexure: 2
4.6	Sewage sludge or other sludge from effluent treatment	Yes	Please refer Annexure: 6
4.7	Construction or demolition wastes	No	Construction waste shall be utilized for
			leveling, land filling in the premises.
4.8	Redundant machinery or equipment	No	
4.9	Contaminated soils or other materials	No	
4.10	Agricultural wastes	No	
4.11	Other solid wastes	No	

5. Release of pollutants or any hazardous, toxic or noxious substances to air (Kg/hr)

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist confirmation	Yes/ No?	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/rates, wherever possible) with
			source of information data
5.1	Emissions from combustion of fossil fuels	Yes	Details of flue & process gas emission are
	From stationary or mobile sources		attached as Annexure: 7
5.2	Emissions from production processes	Yes	Reactors shall be connected to common
			scrubber system.
			Details of emission levels from process are
			attached as Annexure: 7
			Details of Air Pollution Control measures
			are attached as Annexure: 7
5.3	Emissions from materials handling including	Yes	All liquid raw materials shall be procured
	storage or transport		in bulk tankers and shall be transferred
			through a closed circuit pipe lines by
			pumps.
			Solid raw material shall be handled in
			closed charging rooms with proper
			ventilation and charged through close
			pipeline into reactors.
5.4	Emissions from construction activities	No	Utmost care will be taken during
	including plant and equipment		construction activity and water sprinklers
			shall be utilized whenever necessary.
5.5	Dust or odours from handling of materials	No	·
	including construction materials, sewage		
	and waste		
5.6	Emissions from incineration of waste	No	
5.7	Emissions from burning of waste in open air	No	
	(e.g. slash materials, construction debris)		
5.8	Emissions from any other sources	No	

6. Generation of Noise and Vibration, and Emissions of Light and Heat:

Sr.	Information/Checklist confirmation	Yes/	Details there of (with approximate
No.		No?	Quantities /rates, wherever possible) With
			source of source of information data
6.1	From operation of equipment e.g. engines,	Yes	Acoustic enclosures shall be provided for DG
	ventilation plant, crushers		set.
6.2	From industrial or similar processes	Yes	All machinery / equipment shall be well
			maintained, shall be proper foundation with
			anti vibrating pads wherever applicable and
			noise levels within permissible limits.
			Acoustic enclosures shall be provided for DG
			set.
6.3	From construction or demolition	No	
6.4	From blasting or piling	No	
6.5	From construction or operational traffic	No	
6.6	From lighting or cooling systems	No	
6.7	From any other sources	No	Acoustic enclosures shall be provided for DG set.

7. Risks of contamination of land or water from releases of pollutants into the ground or into sewers, surface waters, groundwater, coastal waters or the sea:

Sr.	Information/Checklist confirmation	Yes/	Details thereof (with approximate
No.		No?	quantities / rates, wherever possible) with
			source of information data
7.1	From handling, storage, use or spillage of	Yes	All the raw material shall be stored
	hazardous materials		separately in designated storage area and
			safely. Bund walls shall be provided around
			raw materials storage tanks for containing
			any liquid spillage.
			Other materials shall be stored in bags /
			drums on pallets with concrete flooring and
			no spillage is likely to occur. Please refer
			Annexure : 8.
7.2	From discharge of sewage or other	No	Sewage shall be treated in STP and reused.
	effluents to water or the land (expected		The treated effluent shall be drained into
	mode and place of discharge)		underground pipe line of GIDC.
7.3	By deposition of pollutants emitted to air	No	The factory is located in Dahej Industrial

	into the land or into water		Area, Dahej. The emissions shall conform to
			the GPCB / CPCB norms of discharge. The
			treated effluent shall be drained into
			underground pipe line of GIDC.
7.4	From any other sources	No	Not applicable
7.5	Is there a risk of long term build up of	No	Full- fledged Environmental Management
	pollution in the environment from these		System (EMS) is installed. i.e. ETP, Air
	sources?		Pollution Control systems, Hazardous Waste
			Handling and Management as per norms,
			etc. which will eliminates the possibility of
			building up of pollution.

8. Risks of accident during construction or operation of the Project, which could affect human health or the environment:

Sr. No	Information/Checklist confirmation	Yes/ No?	Details thereof (with approximate quantities / rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
8.1	From explosions, spillages, fires etc from storage, handling, use or production of hazardous substances	Yes	The risk assessment will be carried out and all mitigate measures shall be taken to avoid accidents.
8.2	From any other causes	No	Not applicable
8.3	Could the project be affected by natural disasters causing environmental damage (e.g. floods, earthquakes, landslides, cloudburst etc)?	No	

9. Factors which should be considered (such as consequential development) which could lead to environmental effects or the potential for cumulative impacts with other existing or planned activities in the locality

Sr.	Information/Checklist confirmation	Yes/	Details thereof (with approximate quantities
No.		No?	/ rates, wherever possible) with source of
			information data
9.1	Lead to development of supporting	Yes	Site is located in Dahej Industrial Area, Dahej,
	facilities, ancillary development or		having the entire required infrastructure.
	development stimulated by the project		This industrial zone is having existing road
	which could have impact on the		infrastructure, power supply are to be
	environment e.g.:		utilized.
	* Supporting infrastructure (roads, power		Local people will be employed and no housing
	supply, waste or waste water treatment,		is required.
	etc.)		Please refer Annexure – 9.
	 housing development 		
	extractive industries		
	3. supply industries		
	4. other		
9.2	Lead to after-use of the site, which could	No	
	have an impact on the environment		
9.3	Set a precedent for later developments	No	Not applicable
9.4	Have cumulative effects due to proximity	No	The ETP of the company shall be designed
	to Other existing or planned projects with		such that the treated effluent conforms to
	similar effects		the statutory requirement.
			The treated effluent shall be drained into
			underground pipe line of GIDC.

(III) Environmental Sensitivity

Sr. No	Information/Checklist confirmation	Name / Identity	Aerial distance (within 25 km). Proposed Project Location Boundary.
1	Areas protected under international	No	Site is located in Dahej Industrial Area,
	conventions national or local legislation for		Dahej, Tal. Vagra, Dist. Bharuch, Gujarat.
	their ecological, landscape, cultural or		
2	other related value	No	City is leasted in Debai Industrial Area
2	Areas which are important or sensitive for Ecological reasons - Wetlands,	No	Site is located in Dahej Industrial Area, Dahej, Dist. Bharuch, Gujarat.
	watercourses or other water bodies,		Burley, Dist. Briarderi, Gajarac.
	coastal zone, biospheres, mountains,		
	forests		
3	Areas used by protected, important or	No	Site is located in Dahej Industrial Area,
	sensitive species of flora or fauna for		Dahej, Tal: Vagra, Dist. Bharuch, Gujarat.
	breeding, nesting, foraging, resting, over wintering, migration		
4	Inland, coastal, marine or underground	Yes	Gulf of Kambay = 5 Kms
	waters		River Narmada = 7.5 Kms
5	State, National boundaries	No	
6	Routes or facilities used by the public for	No	Not applicable
	to recreation or other tourist, pilgrim		
	areas.	<u> </u>	
7	Defense installations	No	NIL
8	Densely populated or built-up area	Yes	Bharuch city – 4 lakh population
9	Areas occupied by sensitive man-made	No	
10	land community facilities) Areas containing important, high quality or	Yes	The project being in notified industrial area
10	scarce resources (ground water resources,	163	does not affect agricultural land.
	surface resources, forestry, agriculture,		
	fisheries, tourism, tourism, minerals)		
11	Areas already subjected to pollution or	Yes	Site is located in Dahej Industrial Area,
	environmental damage. (those where		Dahej, Tal: Vagra, Dist. Bharuch, Gujarat.
	existing legal environmental standards are		
12	exceeded) Are as susceptible to natural hazard which	_	N.A.
12	could cause the project to present		
	environmental problems (earthquake s,		
	subsidence ,landslides, flooding erosion, or	-	
	extreme or adverse climatic conditions)		

(IV). Proposed Terms of Reference for EIA studies: For detail please refer Annexure – 10.

I hereby given undertaking that, the data and information given in the application and enclosures are true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I am aware that if any part of the data and information submitted is found to be false or misleading at any stage the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at our risk and cost.

Date: 04.07.2018 For Hemani Intermediates Pvt. Ltd.

Place: Dahej

Satish Patel (General Manager)

NOTE:

- 1. The projects involving clearance under Coastal Regulation Zone Notification, 1991 shall be submitted with the application a C.R.Z. map duly demarcated by one of the authorized agencies, showing the project activities, w.r.t. C.R.Z. (at the stage of TOR) and the recommendations of the State Coastal Zone Management Authority (at the stage of EC). Simultaneous action shall also be taken to obtain the requisite clearance under the provisions of the C.R.Z. Notification, 1991 for the activities to be located in the CRZ.
- The projects to be located within 60 km of the National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Migratory Corridors of Wild Animals, the project proponent shall submit the map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden showing these features vis-à-vis the project location and the recommendations or comments of the Chief Wildlife Warden thereon (at the stage of EC).
- 3. All correspondence with the Ministry of Environment & Forests including submission of application for TOR/Environmental Clearance, subsequent clarifications, as may be required from time to time, participation in the EAC Meeting on behalf of the project proponent shall be made by the authorized signatory only. The authorized signatory should also submit a document in support of his claim of being an authorized signatory for the specific project.

ANNEXURES

1	PLANT LAYOUT
2	LIST OF PRODUCTS WITH PRODUCTION CAPACITY AND RAW MATERIALS
3	BRIEF MANUFACTRING PROCESS, CHEMICAL REACTION AND MASS BALANCE WITH
	FLOW DIAGRAM
4	WATER CONSUMPTION AND EFFLUENT GENERATION WITH SEGREGATION OF
	EFFLUENT STREAMS
5	DETAILS OF PROPOSED EFFLUENT TREATMENT PLANT
6	DETAILS OF HAZARDOUS SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL
7	DETAILS OF HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL STORAGE FACILITY
8	DETAILS OF AIR POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES
9	SOCIO - ECONOMIC IMPACTS
10	PROPOSED TERMS OF REFERENCES
11	NAME CHANGED FROM "HEMANI INTERMEDIATES P. LTD." TO "HEMANI
	INDUSTRIES LTD
12	PLOT ALLOTMENT LETTERS OF GIDC
13	EC COPY OF UNIT-3 & MOM/EC COPY OF UNIT-4
14	CTE COPY
15	CCA COPY OF UNIT-3
16	GIDC LETTER TO SUPPLY 2425 KL/DAY FRESH WATER TO HEMANI
17	GIDC LETTER TO ACCEPT 715 KL/DAY TREATED EFFLUENT INTO DRAINAGE SYSTEM
	FROM HEMANI
18	SEPPL, KUTCHH & BEIL, ANKLESHWAR'S MEMBERSHIP LETTERS
19	COPY OF APPLICATION SUBMITTED IN GPCB FOR MERGER OF THESE TWO UNITS
20	COPY OF APPLICATION SUBMITTED IN GIDC FOR MERGER OF THESE TWO UNITS
21	BHOPAL OFFICE'S FIRST EC COMPLIANCE REPORT OF UNIT-3
22	EC COMPLIANCE REPORT
23	TOPOSHEET

ANNEXURE: 1

PLANT LAYOUT



Annexure-2

LIST OF PRODUCTS WITH PRODUCTION CAPACITY

SR.	NAME OF PRODUCTS	CAS No.	TYPE OF	EXISTING	ADDITIONAL	TOTAL
NO.			PRODUCT	CAPACITY	CAPACITY	AFTER
						PROPOSED
						EXPANSION
					(MT/MONTH)	
1	m-Phenoxy Benzaldehyde (MPBAD)	67-36-7	Intermediate	300	400	700
2	m-Bromo Nitrobenzene	586-78-7	Intermediate	100	-	100
3	m-Bromo Anisole	2398-37-0	Intermediate	100	-	100
4	Lambda-Cyhalothrin	91465-08-6	Pesticides	50	-	50
5	Deltamethrin (T)	52918-63-5	Pesticides	12	38	50
6	DV-Acid Chloride/ CMAC	52314-67-7	Intermediate	200	450	650
7	Cypermethrin (T)	52315-07-8	Pesticides	150	850	1000
8	Apha Cypermethrin/	67375-30-8/	Pesticides	100	300	400
	Permethrin (T)	52645-53-1				
9	Metamitron (T) /	41394-05-2/	Pesticides	100	300	400
	Glyphosate (T)	1071-83-6				
10	Thionyl Chloride	7719-09-7	Specialty	450	-	450
			Chemicals			
11	Sulphur chloride	7719-09-6	Specialty	100	-	100
			Chemicals			
12	Acid chloride (Valeroyl chloride,		Specialty	100	-	100
	(Phenyl acetyl chloride)		Chemicals			
13. Fu	ungicide					
a.	Hexaconozole (T)	79983-71-4	Fungicide			
b.	Tebuconozole (T)	107534-96-3	Fungicide	300	250	550
C.	Propioconzole (T)	60207-90-1	Fungicide			
14. H	erbicide					

a.	Dicamba (T)	40487421	Herbicide			
b.	Metribuzine (T)	21087-64-9	Herbicide	300	700	1000
C.	Pendimethrin (T)	1918-00-9	Herbicide			
15. Ir	secticide					
a.	Transfluthrin (T)	118712-89-3	Insecticide			
b.	Cyfluthrin & Beta isomer (T)	68359-37-5	Insecticide			
c.	Bifenthrin (T)	82657-04-3	Insecticide			
d.	Cypermethrin (T) &	52315-07-8	Insecticide	300	100	400
	Beta /	86753-92-6				
	Zeta/ Theta Isomer (T)	52315-07-08				
e.	Imidacloprid	138261-41-3	Insecticide			
f.	Acetamaprid	160430-64-8	Insecticide			
16.	Chlorantraniliprole	500008-45-7	Insecticide	-	50	50
17.	Fipronil	120068-37-3	Insecticide	-	50	50
18.	2,5 Dichloro Phenol	583-78-8	Intermediates	-	800	800
19.	2,4 Di chloro phenoxy Acetic Acid	94-75-7	Herbicide	-	500	500
20.	Pyraclostobin	175013-18-0	Organic	-	50	50
			Intermediate			
21.	1R Hightrans CMA	52314-67-7	Intermediate	-	20	20
22.	High Trans CMA and CMAC	52314-67-7	Intermediates	-	50	50
	High Cis CMA and CMAC	52314-67-7				
23.	Diclobenil(T)	1194-65-6	Herbicides		100	100
24.	Diflubenzoron (T)	35367-38-5	Herbicides		50	50
25.	Methyl Chloride	74-87-3	Intermediate		600	600
26.	Quizalofop Pethyl(T)	100646-51-3	Insecticide		100	100
27.	Teflubenzuron (T)	83121-18-0	Insecticide		100	100
28.	Sulfentrazone (T)	122836-35-5	Insecticide		200	200
29.	СРР		Power	1.5 MW		1.5 MW
			generation			

	Total		2,662	6058	8720
30	HCI (30%)	By-product	263.75	1,401.25	1,665
31	Sodium Sulfite	By-product	1,000.25	3,829.75	4,830
32	Ammonium Chloride (20% Solution)	By-product	425	4,495	4,920
33	Aluminum Chloride (25% Solution)	By-product	1,500		1,500
34	KCI (25% Solution)	By-product	1,610	940	2,550
35	Spent Sulphuric Acid	By-product	700	405	1,105
36	Sodium Sulphate (30% to 35%	By-product	2,000	5,240	7,240
	Solution)				
37	Potassium Bromide	By-product		215	215
38	HBr	By-product		3,153	3,153
39	Cupric Chloride Solution	By-product		80	80
40	Cuprous Hydroxide	By-product		100	100
41	Sodium Bisulfite	By-product		550	550
	Total		7,499	20,409	27,908
	Grand Total		10,161	23,954	34,115

LIST OF RAW MATERIALS

SR.	RAW MATERIALS	QUANTITY		
NO.		(MT/MONTH)		
1.	Meta Phenoxy Benzaldehyde (Organic Intermediate)			
	C.S. Lye	162.4		
	BZH	581.0		
	Bromine	472.5		
	Chlorine	185.2		
	EDC	2691		
	HCI	612		
	Formic Acid	6.9		
	Na ₂ SO ₄	16.0		
	ASR	7.00		
	MEG	6.00		
	PTSA	2.8		
	Phenol	513.76		
	кон	314.5		
	Toluene	765.4		
	H ₂ SO ₄	45.43		
2.	Meta Bromo Nitrobenzene (Organic	: Intermediate)		
	H ₂ SO ₄	140		
	Oleum	160		
	Nitro Benzene	98.4		
	Bromine	52		
	Catalyst	0.6		
	Toluene	344		
3.	Meta Bromo Anisole (Organic Intern	mediate)		
	3 – Bromo Nitrobenzene	125		
	кон	98.6		
	Tetra butyl Ammonium Bromide	31.6		
	Methanol	26		
	Toluene	4.6		
	30 % HCl	42		
4.A	Lambda Cyhalothrin (Pesticide)	·		
	C. S. Lye	25.52		
	Lambda Cyhalothric Acid	29.12		
	Thionyl Chloride (TC)	15.52		
	D M Formamide (DMF)	0.12		
	Hexane	271.68		
	NaCN	8		
	TEBA (Catalyst)	0.56		
	Soda Ash	0.56		

	MPB	22.28
}	Acid Chloride	30.56
	Hypo Soln.	42.84
	NaOH	42.84
	IPA	147
	Di – Isopropyl Amine	5.32
	HCI	7.6
	Acidic Aqueous	112.92
5.	DV Acid Chloride	
	Forcut	247
ŀ	Acrylonitrile	325
ŀ	CTC	1007
ŀ	Acetonitrile	14.3
	Catalyst	6.5
	DEA HCI	7.15
	DMF	20.0
	тс	1087
	C. Lye	4570
	n-Hexane	5940
	IB	386.0
	TEA	542
	1% Soda Soln.	330
	Catalyst (BF ₃)	6.5
	Caustic (100%)	632.1
	H ₂ SO ₄	780
6.	Cypermethrin	
	NaCN	91
	Catalyst	6.5
	Soda Ash	6.5
	CMAC	380
	MPBD	311.76
	n-Hexane	128.6
a.	Transfluthrin (MT/MT)	
	2,3,5,6 Tetra Fluoro Benzyl Alcohol	0. 5
	R- Trans Cypermethric Acid Chloride	0.62
	Catalyst	0.012
	Solvent- Hexane	2.0
	5 % Soda Ash Solution	0.25
b.	Cyfluthrin & Beta Isomers (T)	
	3- Phenoxy -4- Fluoro Benzaldehyde	0.51
	CMAC- Cypermethric Avid Chloride	0.56
	Sodium Cyanide	0.132
	Solvent –n- Hexane	2.9

	Catalyst	0.01
ŀ	5 % Soda Ash Solution	0.49
	5 % Acetic Acid Solution	0.49
ŀ	8-10 % Sodium Hypochorite Solution	0.78
c.	Imidacloprid (T)	
	2- Chloro -5- Chloromethyl Pyridine	0.88
	N- Nitro N- Methyl Imidazolidine	0.83
	Sodium Carbonate	0.68
	Catalyst -1	0.01
	Solvent - DMF	2.14
	Caustic Lye 47 %	0.05
	Solvent - Methanol	0.39
7.A	Alphamethrin	
	Cypermethrin	500
	Tri Ethylamine	120
	n-Hexane	245
7.B	Permethrin	•
	DV Acid Chloride (CMAC)	62
	MPBAL	52
	Meta Phenoxy Benzyl Alcohol	
8.A	Metamitron	
	Mendelonitrile	550.8
	Ethanol	568
	Toluene	817.6
	тс	380.4
	HCI	191.2
	Sodium Hypo Chloride	4006
	CS Lye	60.4
	TEBA	22.8
	Sodium Bisulfite	8.4
	Ammonia	120
	HH 80%	608
	Ethyl Acetate	367.2
	Sodium Acetate	48
	Thionyl Chloride	
	Sulphur	135
	Chlorine	270
	Sulpher Di Oxide	90
	Sulpher Chloride	
	Sulphur	47.5
	Chlorine	52.5
L	Acid Chloride (MT/MT)	

	Acid	0.4
	Thionyl Chloride	0.55
	DMF	0.03
· i		
9	Cypermethrin (T) & Beta/Zeta/Theta	Isomers (T) (MT/MT)
	Meta Phenoxy Benzaldehyde	0.463
	CMAC- Cypermethric Acid Chloride	0.542
	Sodium Cyanide	0.463
	Solvent –n- Hexane	0.126
	Catalyst	2.78
	4 % Soda Ash Solution	0.009
	5 % Acetic Acid Solution	0.463
•	8-10 % Sodium Hypochorite Solution	0.74
10	Chlorantraniliprole	
	2-Amino – 5 – Chloro-N,	3-22
	Dimethylbenzamide	
	3-Bromo -1-(3- Chloropyridine -2-yl)-2	1H35.3
	– Pyrazole -5- carbonyl chloride	
•	Tri ethyl amine	11.25
•	Toluene	7.3
11.	Fipronil	
	P-Toluene sulfonic acid	20.00
•	Toluene	1.675
	Di methylamine solution	25.60
	Pyrazole	24.40
	Tri Ethyl amine	2.325
•	Trifluoromethane Sulfinyl Chloride	22.00
•	Sodium Hydroxide (30%)	36.37
	EDC	6.25
12.	Acetamiprid	
	N-Cyano-N-Methylacetamidine	44.00
	Potassium Carbonate	62.00
	Ammonium Benzyltriethyl chloride	2
	DMF	100
•	2-Chloro -5- Chloromethyl Pyridine	72.8
•	Ethyl Acetate	8.00
13.	Hexaconzole (T) (MT/MT)	
	1,3 Di Chloro Benzene	0.51
	Pentanoyl Chloride	0.417
	Alumimun Chloride	0.632
	Solvent - EDC	1.85
	Methylene Triphenyl Phosphorane	0.944
	Bromine	0.54

	Solvent - THF	1.2
	Hydrogen Peroxide	0.116
	Potassium Hydroxide	0.195
	1,2,4 - Triazole	0.22
ŀ	Solvent – Dimethyl Formamide	1.1
14	Tebuconazole (MT/MT)	
	1-(4 – Chlorophenyl) 4-4- Dimethyl -3-	
	Pentanoate	0.675
	Sodium Methoxide	0.162
	Di Methyl Sulfide	0.186
	Solvent - Toluene	1.4
	1,2,4 - Triazole	0.206
	Solvent – DMF	1.1
15	Propioconzole (T) (MT/MT)	
	1,3 Di Chloro Benzene	0.452
	Acetyl Chloride	0.238
ŀ	Alumimun Chloride	0.558
ŀ	Solvent - EDC	1.6
ŀ	Bromine	0.553
ŀ	Catalyst	0.010
ŀ	1,2 - Butanediol	0.32
	Solvent - Toluene	1.0
	Potassium Hydroxide	0.166
	1,2,4 - Triazole	0.21
	Solvent – Dimethyl Formamide	1.0
16)	Pendimethalin (T) (MT/MT)	1.0
	Hydrogen	0.032
ŀ	Diethylketone	0.692
ŀ	EDC	1.000
	Sulfuric acid 98 %	0.263
	Nitric acid 60 %	0.826
17)	Metribuzine (T) (MT/MT)	0.820
17,	ATMT	1.0
		1.0
}	Di Methyl Sulphate Sulfuric Acid	0.652 1.274
ŀ		
	Soda Ash	1.6
4.0\	Caustic Soda Flakes	0.03
18)	Dicamba (T) (MT/MT)	2.222
	2,4-dichloro phenol	0.820
	Carbon dioxide	0.260
	Dimehtyl sulfate	0.320
	Sodium hydroxide	0.205
	Solvent -Methenol	1.4

	Solvent -Toluene	1.6
19)	2,5 Di Chloro Phenol	2.0
	2, 5-Dichloro Aniline	196
	Sulfuric Acid (98 %)	230
	Nitrosyl Sulfuric Acid (40 %)	448
	Solvent : Mix Xylene	16
20)	2,4 Di Chloro Phenoxy Acetic Acid	
	2,4-D sodium salt	250
	HCI (30%)	1125
21)	Pyraclostrobin	
	1,4 Dichloro Benzene	25.75
	3-Chloropyrazole	15.00
	Solvent - Xylene	5.00
	Catalyst	0.50
	2-Chlorobenzyl Alcohol	15.00
	N-Methoxy Carbamate	12.5
22)	Diflubenzoron (T)	
	2, 6 difluorobenzamide	0.510
	4 chloro phenyl isocyanate	0.560
\	Mono Chlorobenzene	1.800
23)	Methyl Chloride	
24)	Quizalofop Pethyl(T)	
,		0.500
	2, 6 Dichloro Quinoxaline	0.580
	2 – (4 – Hydroxy Phenoxy)	0.525
	Propionic Acid	
	Sodium Hydroxide	0.230
	Solvent – Di Methyl Formamide	1.100
	Ethyl Bromide	0.311
	Solvent - Xylene	1.000
25)	Sulfetrazone(T)	
	Phenyl hydrazine	0.765
	Acetaldehyde	0.376
	Sodium cyanate	0.530
	Chlorine	2.308
	Acetic acid	0.500
	Methanol	0.212

10% Sodium Hydroxide	1.500
Potassium Carbonate	0.900
Dimethyl formamide	0.972
Dichlorofluoromethane	0.650
Oleum	4.450
Nitric acid	0.386
Dichloroethane	0.073
Catalyst Pd/C	0.063
Methane Sulfonyl chloride	0.689
Pyridine	0.049
Hydrogen	0.005
Toluene	0.384
Dichloromethane	0.319
IPA	3.848

ANNEXURE: 3

BRIEF MANUFACTRING PROCESS, CHEMICAL REACTION AND MASS BALANCE WITH FLOW DIAGRAM

1) META PHENOXY BENZALDEHYDE (ORGANIC INTERMEDIATE) (EXISTING) PROCESS DESCRIPTION

Metabromobenzaldehyde (MBB) Preparation:-

Benzaldehyde is reacted with Chlorine and Bromine in the presence of EDC (as solvent) and Aluminium Chloride as catalyst .Then the reaction mass is drowned in chilled water containing HCl and Formic acid; and then washed with Sodium Thiosulphate solution . Crude MBB, thus obtained is further purified by distillation.

Metabromobenzaldehyde Acetal (MBBA) Preparation:-

MBB is reacted with MEG in the presence of PTSA (as catalyst) and Water formed is distilled off and pure MBBA is obtained.

Metaphenoxybenzaldehyde Acetal (MPBA) Preparation:-

First, Potassium Phenoxide is prepared by reacting Phenol with Potassium Hydroxide (KOH) in presence of Toluene .Then Potassium Phenoxide is reacted with MBBA and MPBA is formed. Crude MPBA is purified by Water washings.

Hydrolysis:-

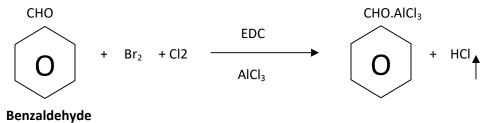
MPBA is hydrolyzed to MPB in presence of Water and Sulphuric acid. Crude MEG so obtained is purified by distillation and recycled to MBBA preparation. The crude MPB is sent for final Purification.

MPB Distillation / Purification:-

The crude MPB is subjected to high vacuum distillation and pure MPB is obtained, which is packed as Finished Product.

CHEMICAL REACTION

1. BROMINATION:



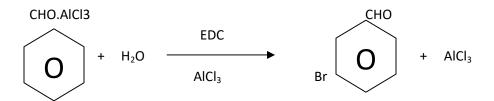
Metabromo-Benzaldehyde Aluminium Chloride

> Metabromo-Benzaldehyde

> > CH_2

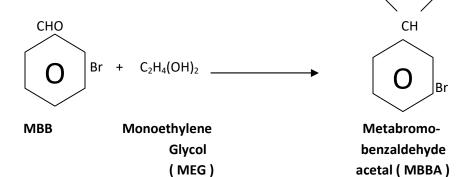
 H_2C

2. DROWNING:



(MBB)

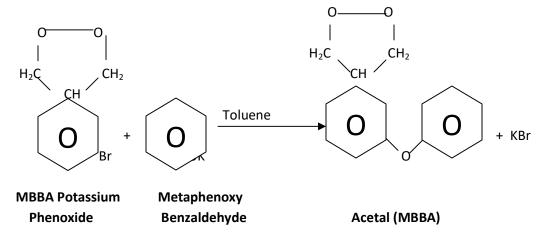
3. ACETAL PREPARATION:



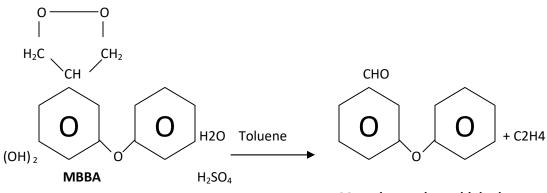
4. K – PHENATE PREPARATION:

Phenol Potassium Potassium Hydroxide Phenoxide

5. **CONDENSATION**:

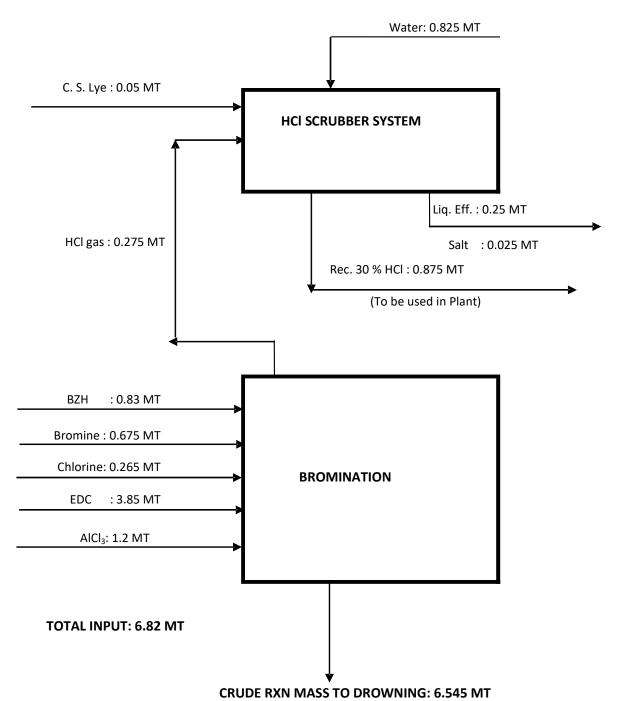


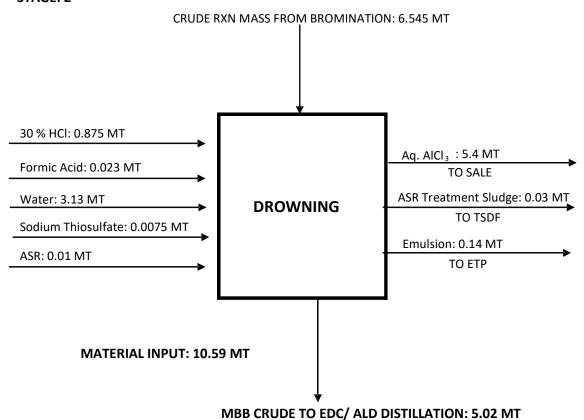
6. HYDROLYSIS:



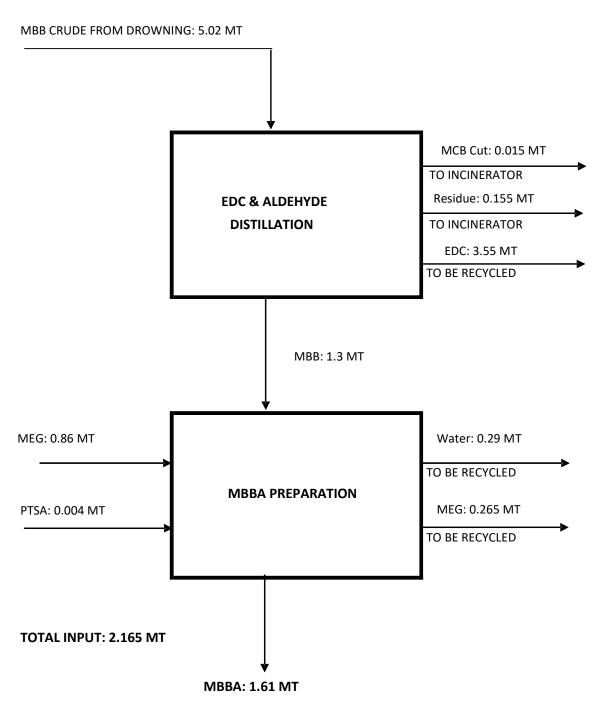
Metaphenoxybenzaldehyde (MPB)

MASS BALANCE



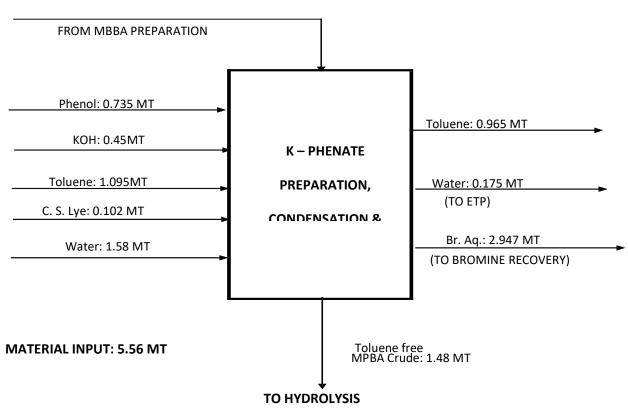


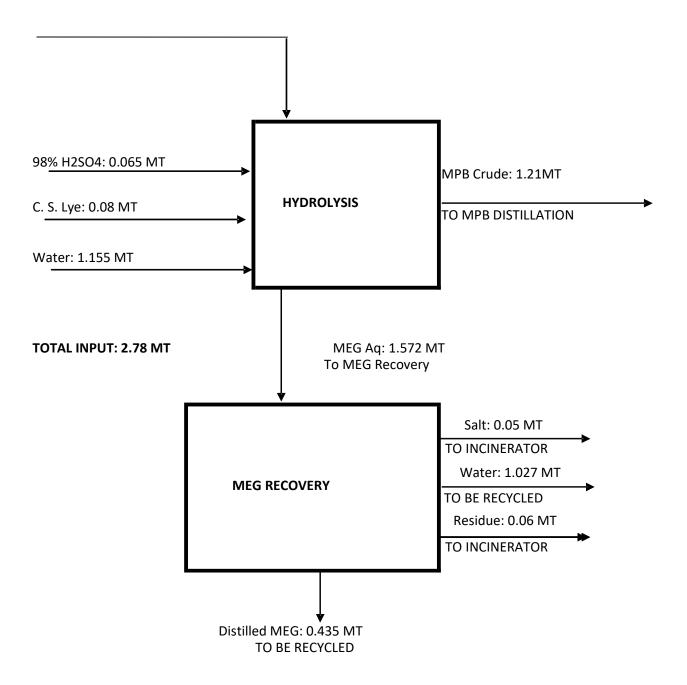
STAGE: 3

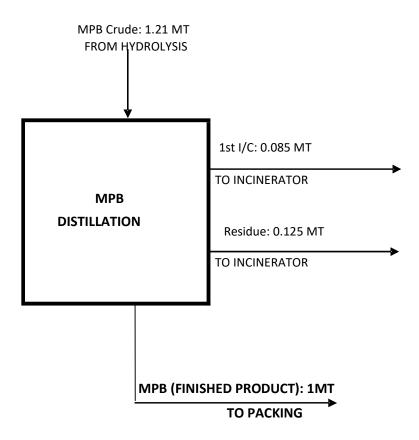


TO K - PHENATE & CONDENSATION WORK UP









2) META BROMO NITROBENZENE (ORGANIC INTERMEDIATE) (EXISTING)

PROCESS DESCRIPTION

Nitrobenzene is mixed with 65% Oleum and 98% H_2SO_4 and chilled down, and then liquid bromine is added drop wise. After Bromine addition is over, the reaction mass is stirred for a few hours. Measured quantity of water is added and the mass is extracted with the suitable solvent.

The extract is distilled and pure solvent is recovered and also pure unreacted nitrobenzene is recovered; then pure 3- BNB (\approx 98%) is distilled and kept in molten condition. The molten mass is drowned in water and crystallized. The wet crystals are filtered / centrifuged and then dried. The dried mass is 98 % 3-BNB, which is packed in 25 kg / 50 kg bags.

CHEMICAL REACTION

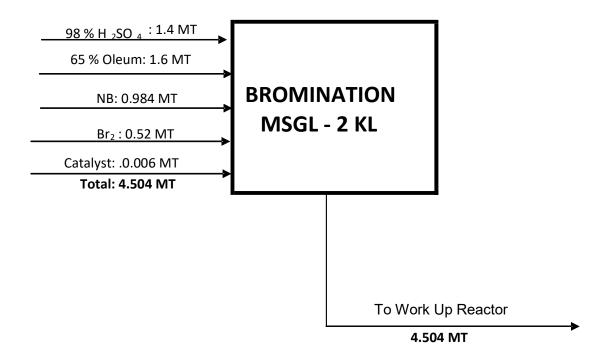
REACTION - 1

Nitrobenzene

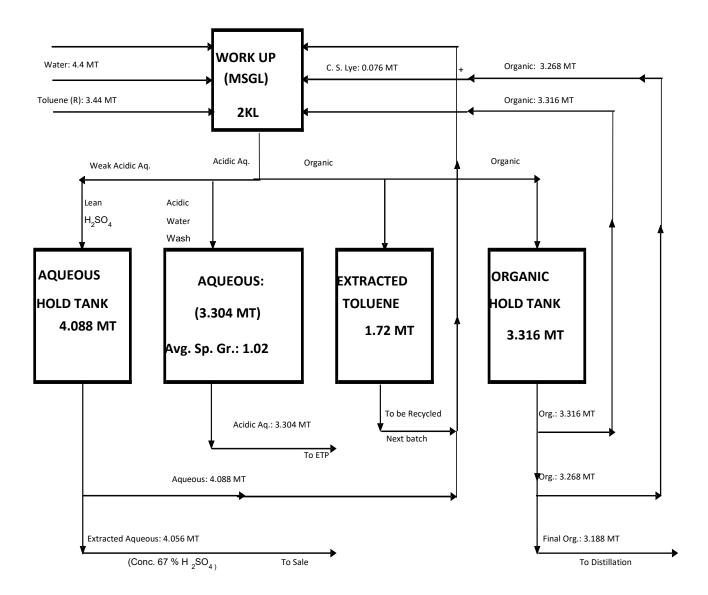
3 - Bromonitrobenzene

REACTION - 2

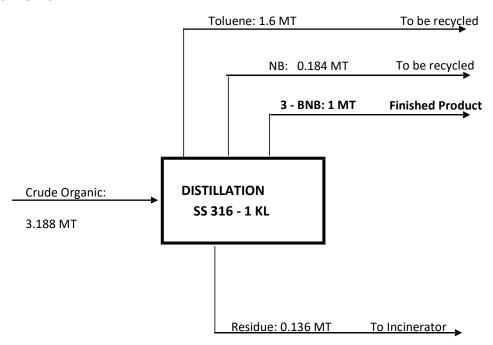
MASS BALANCE



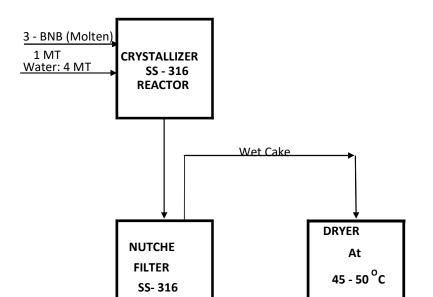
STAGE: 2



STAGE: 3



STAGE: 4



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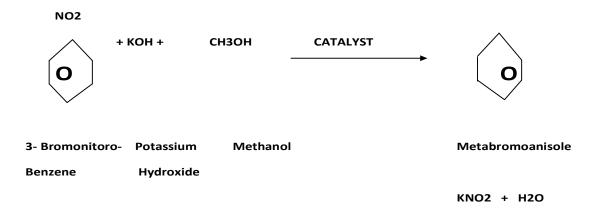
3) META BROMO ANISOLE (ORGANIC INTERMEDIATE) (EXISTING)

PROCESS DESCRIPTION

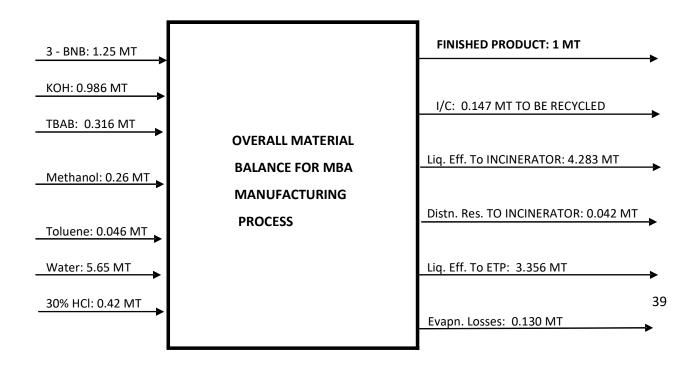
3- BNB is dissolved in toluene at ambient temperature and then catalyst and KOH are charged .To the resulting slurry, the Methanol is added slowly. The reaction mass is then washed with water to remove water soluble salts. The organic layer is again washed dilute HCl and then with water. The organic mass is subjected to distillation and pure toluene is recovered initially, and then pure MBA is distilled, stored and packed .The purity of MBA by GC is \geq 99 %.

CHEMICAL REACTION

MBA - PROCESS CHEMISTRY



MASS BALANCE



4) LAMBDA CYHALOTHRIN or DELTAMETHRIN (PESTICIDE) (EXISTING)

A. LAMBDA CYHALOTHRIN

MANUFACTURING PROCESS

The process for the manufacturing of λ – Cyhalothrin is divided into the following steps:

1. ACID CHLORIDE PREPARATION

 λ – Cyhalothric acid is reacted with Thionyl Chloride in presence of n-Hexane (as solvent) at low temperature over a period of time .The SO_2 and HCl gas are liberated slowly as the reaction progresses; and , first HCl gas is scrubbed in water and then SO_2 is scrubbed by NaOH solution. The resulting 30 % HCl solution and also Sodium Bisulfite are obtained in the scrubbing system .After the reaction, Hexane is distilled off and recycled back to the next batch. The resulting Acid Chloride is sent for the Condensation step.

2. CONDENSATION & WORK - UP

In the solution of water and Sodium Cyanide, MPB and Acid Chloride are added at low temperature. After the addition, the reaction mass is cooled at low temperature for the fixed period. Then phase separation carried out and the organic phase washed with hypo & alkali solution. The organic phase is subjected to distillation at low temperature to remove Hexane which is recycled. Hexane – free reaction mass which is Crude λ – Cyhalothrin is sent for the Epimerisation step. The aqueous phase is sent for Cyanide Effluent Treatment.

3. EPIMERISATION & IPA RECOVERY

The crude λ – Cyhalothrin is washed with IPA and DIIPA in presence of solvent. Then again washed with acidic water .The phases are separated .The IPA & Hexane are recovered and the reaction mass sent for crystallization.

4. CRYSTALLIZATION

THE EPIMERIZED MASS IS EXTRACTED WITH THE SOLVENT AND THEN DRIED. THE DRIED MASS WHICH IS Λ – CYHALOTHRIN IS PACKED.

CHEMICAL REACTION

ACID CHLORIDE PREPARATION

$$F_3C$$
 $COOH$
 CH_3
 CH_3
 CH_3
 CH_3
 F_3C
 CH_3
 CH_3
 CH_3
 CH_3

λ - Cyhalothric Acid

Thionyl Chloride

λ - Cyhalothric Chloride

+ SO₂ + HCL

CONDENSATION

$$F_{3}C$$

$$CI$$

$$CH_{3}$$

λ – Cyhalothric Chloride

MPB

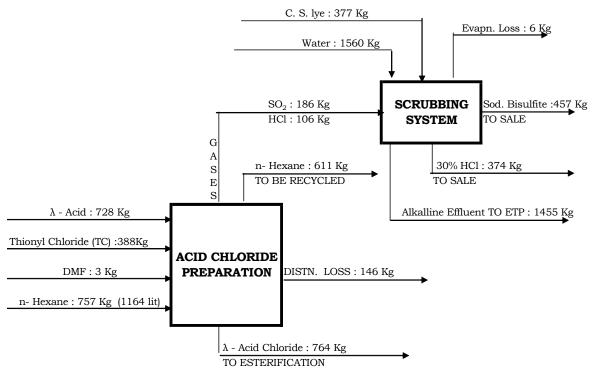
$$(S)(Z) - (IS) - Cis$$

$$\begin{array}{c} F_3C \\ CI \end{array} \begin{array}{c} = CH \\ CH_3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} CO_2 \\ CH_3 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} CN \\ O \end{array} \begin{array}{c} O \\ O \end{array} \end{array}$$

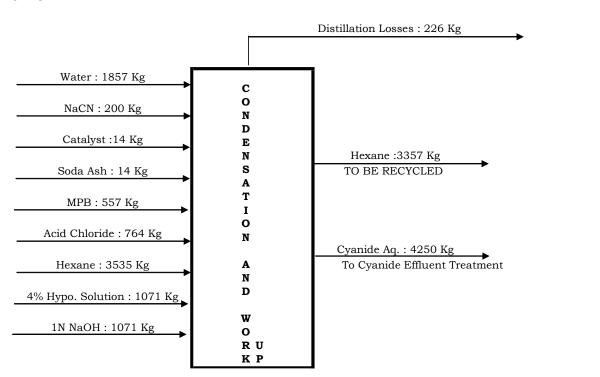
MASS BALANCE

STAGE: 1

1. ACID CHLORIDE PREPARATION:



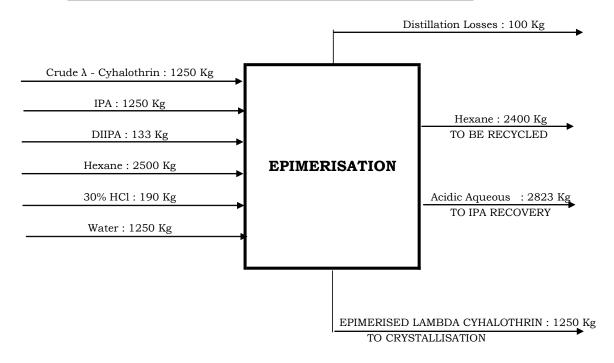
STAGE: 2



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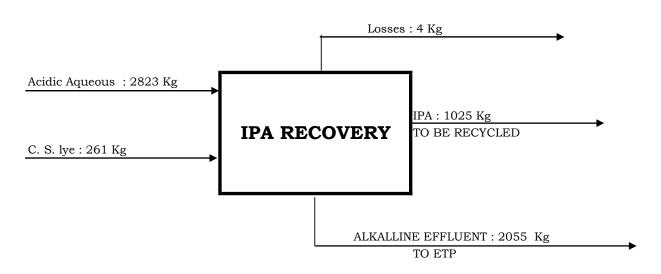
STAGE: 3

3. EPIMERISATION :-

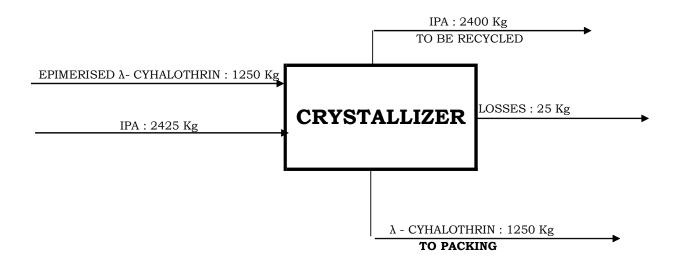


STAGE: 4

4. IPA RECOVERY :-



5. CRYSTALLIZATION :-



B. DELTAMETHRIN

PROCESS DESCRIPTION

Step I: Resolution of Mix CMA to RR CMA

Mix CMA [SS CMA and RR CMA] is converted to its sodium salt along with Catalyst EPH. The RR CMA sodium salt along with EPH precipitates under alkaline condition, while SS CMA remains soluble in the aqueous medium. The precipitates are filtered and wash with water. The filtrates are collected and worked up for recovery of SS CMA [Ref - 2].

The solids [wet cake of RR CMA Sodium salt along with EPH] is further taken in solvent MDC along with water and acidified to pH 2 by HCl solution. The RR CMA gets extracted in MDC while EPH in aqueous medium. The layers are separated. The aqueous [main separation] is collected separately for catalyst recovery and recycle [Ref - 1]. The Organic layer is further washed with water and taken for further process. The washing water is taken to ETP.

Ref - 1: Recovery of Catalyst

The main aqueous layer obtained from acidification of RR CMA sodium is further adjusted for its pH to 3.5 - 4.0 by NaOH and is directly recycled as Catalyst with necessary make up.

Ref - 2: Recovery of SS CMA

The highly alkaline aqueous filtrates from step I is taken along with Solvent MDC and acidified by HCl solution. The SS CMA thus formed is extracted in MDC. The layers are separated. The acidic aqueous layer is taken for treatment, while organic layer is further subjected to MDC distillation [initially under atmospheric condition followed by vacuum recovery]. The residual molten mass is SS CMA and is used for Cypermethrin manufacturing.

Step II: Bromination of RR CMA

The organic mass consisting of RR CMA obtained from previous step is subjected to Bromination with HBr generated from HBR system [Ref - 3]. Bromination of RR CMA results into unsaturated bromo RR CMA. Unsaturated RR CMA is further Dehydrohalogenated by treatment with Sodium Hydroxide to give saturated Brom RR CMA sodium, which in turn is further acidified to obtain saturated Brom RR CMA.

The Organic mass is subjected to distillation for removal [and recycle] of solvent leaving purer Bromo RR CMA as distillation residual.

Ref - 3: HBr generation and its work up

Benzene is brominated with Bromine using Ferric Chloride as catalyst. The HBr generated in passed to Bromination set up of unsaturated RR CMA as shown above. The bromo benzene obtained is further purified by distillation for recovering of benzene which is recycled. The pure cut of Bromobenzene is sold out as it is a by-product.

Step III: Preparation of Bromo RR CMAC from Brom RR CMA

The Bromo RR CMA obtained from previous step is taken along with Toluene as solvent and DMF as catalyst and is chlorinated by aid of Thionyl chloride, which yields Bromo RR CMAC and HCl and SO2 as off gas which are scrubbed in water and dilute alkali respectively and are by-product.

Step IV: Preparation of Deltamethrin from Bromo RR CMAC

Bromo RR CMAC is reacted with Meta-Phenoxy Benzaldehyde and Sodium Cyanide in Toluene to give Deltamethrin. The reaction mass is subjected to layer separation and washing with water. The aqueous layer obtained is detoxified with Hypo solution [Ref - 5]. The washed organic mass obtained is subjected for Toluene recovery by distillation leaving crude Deltamethrin as residual mass.

The crude Deltamethrin obtained is further epimerized in Isopropyl Alcohol along with Triethyl Alcohol. The epimerized product is filtered and washed with Isopropyl alcohol. The filtrate is collected for recovery of Isopropyl alcohol [Ref - 4]. The wet cake obtained is further recyrstallized in Isopropyl Alcohol to obtain purified Deltamethrin. In this case also the filtrate obtained is taken for Isopropyl; recovery [Ref - 4].

Ref - 4: Isopropyl Recovery

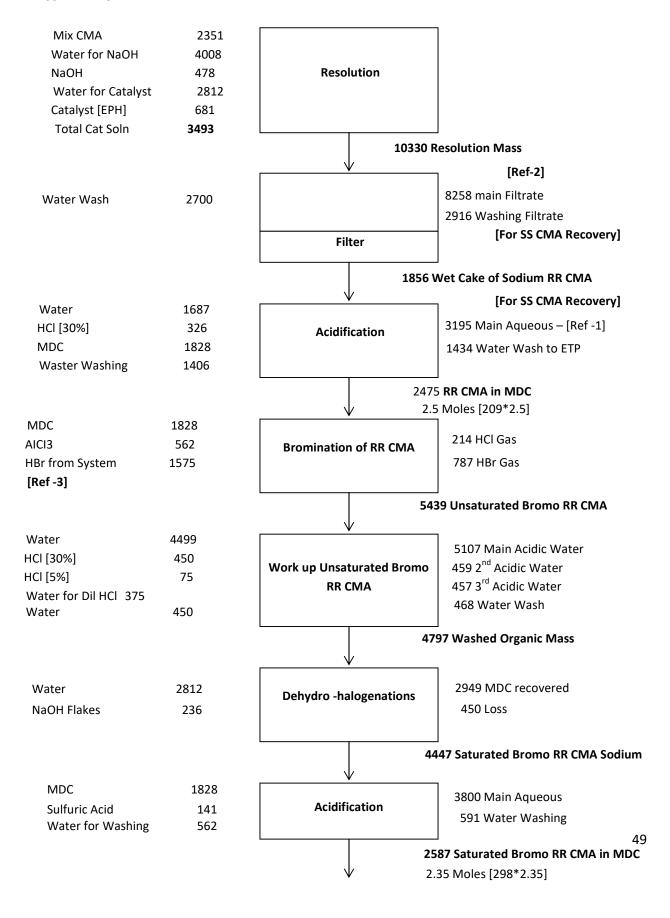
All the filtrate obtained [IPA filtrate] are taken collectively and subjected to distillation under slightly acidic condition. The residual obtained is sent for incineration.

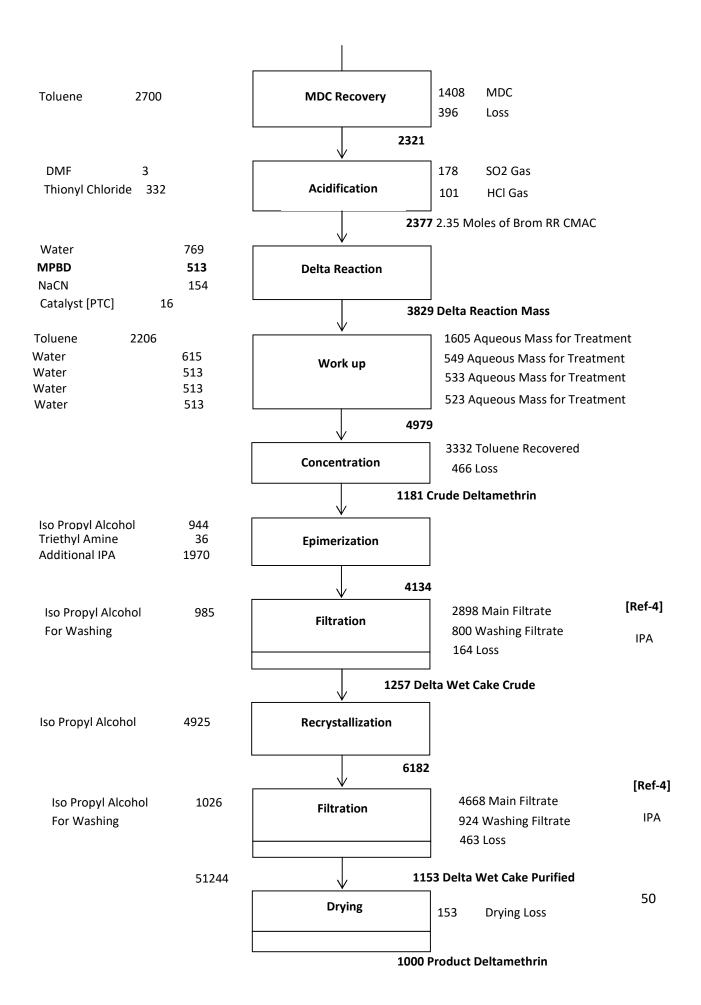
Ref - 5: Detoxification of Deltamethrin Aqueous stream

TOTAL AQUEOUS MASS OBTAINED FROM DELTAMETHRIN REACTION STREAM IS COLLECTIVELY DETOXIFIED USING HYPO SOLUTION.

CHEMICAL REACTION

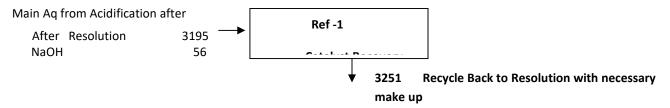
MASS BALANCE





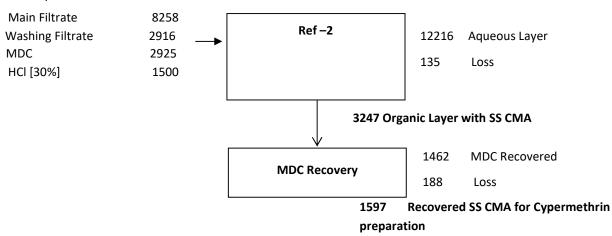
Sub Process Flow

Ref -1: Catalyst Recovery and Recycle

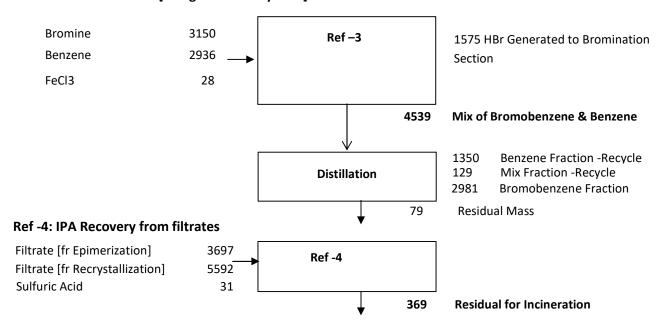


Ref -2: Recovery of SS CMA from aqueous Mass obtained from Resolution

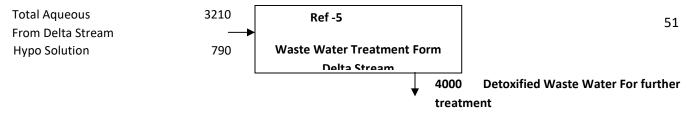
Main Aq from Acidification after



Ref -3: Bromination [HBr generation System]



Ref -5: Detoxification of waste Water Streams consisting of NaCN



5) DV-ACID CHLORIDE (CMAC)

MANUFACTURING PROCESS

STAGE: 1 PREPARATION OF TETRA CHLORO BUTYRO NITRILE (TBN)

Reaction of Carbon tetra chloride (CTC) with acrylonitrile (ACN) at 100 to 125°C in presence of cupric chloride catalyst, DEA HCl as a buffer & acetonitrile (AN) solvent gives tetra Chloro butryo nitrile (TBN). Crude TBN is washed with water to remove catalyst complex, DEA. HCl salt. Solvent AN & excess CTC is distilled out. Crude TBN is proceeded further. The purity of basic R/M CTC & CAN is above 99% where as crude TBN purity is above 97%.

STAGE: 2 PREPARATION OF TERTA CHLORO BUTYRIC ACID (TBA)

Acid hydrolysis of Crude TBN using 30% of HCl solution at 80°C gives tetra Chloro butyric Acid (TBA). After reaction TBA is separated from the bottom & dehydrated upto the moisture level of 0.1% & Ammonium chloride solution from top layer is stored in storage tank for sell. The purity of TBA is above 98%.

STAGE: 3 PREPARATION OF TETRA CHLORO BUTYRIC ACID CHLORIDE (TBAC)

Reaction of TBA with Thionyl chloride in presence of Dimethyl formamide (catalyst) at 60°C gives Tetra Chloro Butyric Acid Chloride (TBAC). During reaction HCl & SO2 gas is evolved which is scrubbed in water & Caustic solution respectively. Crude TBAC is further distilled out at high vacuum. The purity of distilled TBAC is 98%.

STAGE: 4 PREPARATION OF 2-CHLORO BUTANONE DERIVATIVE (2CB)

TBAC is reacted with isobutylene gas in presence of TEA (tri Ethyl Amine) at 70°C under 5.0 kg/cm2 pressures. n-Hexane is used as solvent. After reaction excess Isobutylene gas is recovered. The whole mass is washed with water & Tri-ethylamine hydrochloric acid is separated & further preceded for TEA recovery. The organic mass is neutralized with sodium bicarbonate & organic mass is transferred for further process.

STAGE: 5 PREPARATION OF SODIUM SALT OF CYPERMETHRIN ACID (NA-CMA)

2CB is isomerised to 4CB in presence of Boron tri fluoride etherate solution (BF3) & TEA at 120°C. 4CB is directly reacted with caustic solution gives Na-CMA. This intermediate is not getting isolated.

STAGE: 6 PREPARATION OF CYPERMETHRIN ACID (CMA)

Na-CMA is acidified with dilute Sulphuric acid at Room temperature. CMA is extracted in n-hexane. Aqueous layer (sodium sulphate solution) is sent for triple effective evaporator. Organic

mass (n-hexane +CMA) is taken for next process.

STAGE: 7 PREPARATION OF CYPERMETHRIN ACID CHLORIDE (CMAC)

N-HEXANE IS RECOVERED FROM CMA SOLUTION. CRUDE CMA IS REACTED WITH THIONYL CHLORIDE IN PRESENCE OF DMF CATALYST TO GIVE CRUDE CMAC. HCL & SO2 GAS GENERATED IS SCRUBBED IN WATER & CAUSTIC SOLUTION RESPECTIVELY. CRUDE CMAC IS DISTILLED OUT UNDER HIGH VACUUM TO GET PURE CMAC (CYPERMETHRIC ACID CHLORIDE). THE PURITY OF DISTILLED CMAC IS ABOVE 99%.

CHEMICAL REACTION

CHEMICAL REACTION OF CYPERMETHRIC ACID CHLORIDE (CMAC)

STAGE-1: - PREPARATION OF TETRA CHLORO BUTYRO NITRILE

STAGE-2: - PREPARATION OF TETRA CHLORO BUTYRIC ACID

STAGE-3: - PREPARATION OF TETRA CHLORO BUTYRIC ACID CHLORIDE

STAGE-4: - PREPARATION OF 2-CHLORO CYCLOBUTANONE DERIVATIVE

53

STAGE-5: - PREPARATION OF 4-CHLORO CYCLOBUTANONE DERIVATIVE

$$\begin{array}{c} CI \\ CCI_3-CH_2-C-C=0 \\ H_3C & I & I \\ C-CH_2. \\ H_3C & C-CH_2. \\ 2-Chloro Cyclobutanone Derivative \\ \end{array}$$

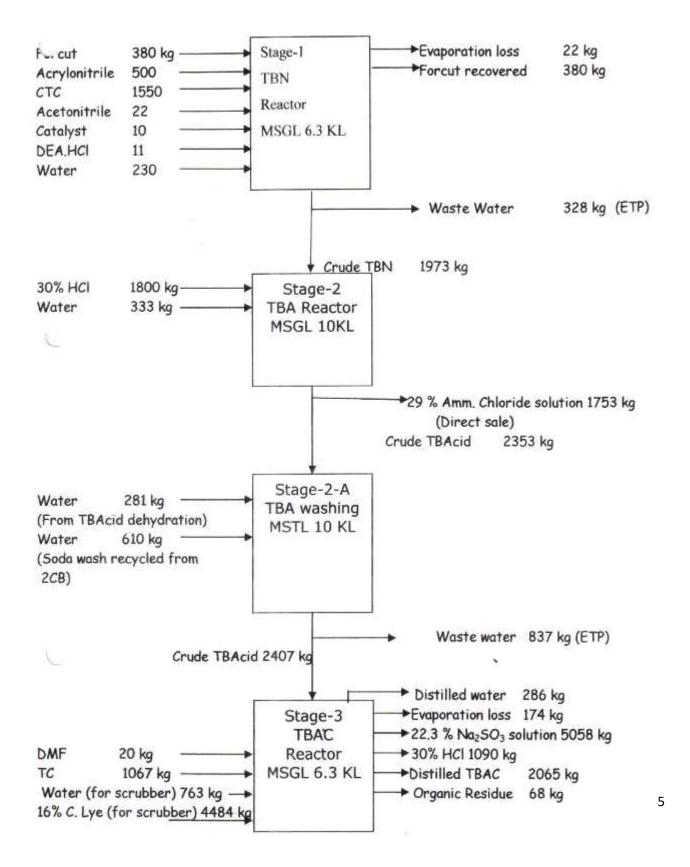
STAGE-6: - PREPARATION OF SODIUM SALT OF SATURATED CYPERMETHRIC ACID

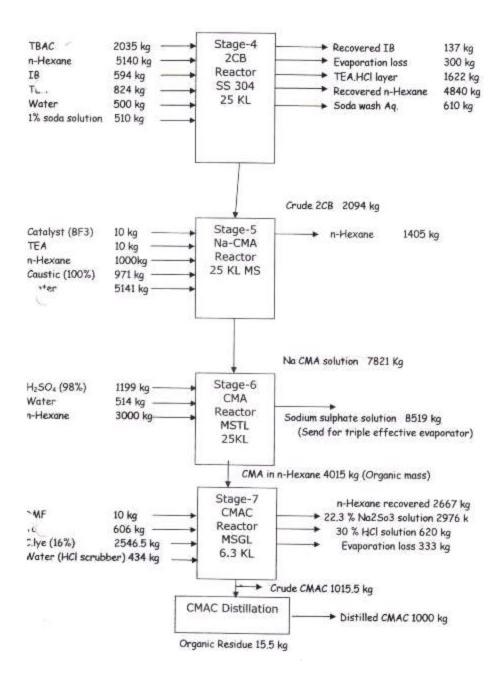
STAGE-7: - PREPARATION OF SODIUM SALT OF CYPERMETHRIC ACID

STAGE-8: - PREPARATION OF CYPERMETHRIC ACID (DVACID)

STAGE-9: - PREPARATION OF CYPERMETHRIC ACID CHLORIDE (DVACID CHLORIDE)

MASS BALANCE FOR CMAC (CYPERMETHRIC ACID CHLORIDE)





6) CYPERMETHRIN TECH.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS

Solution of CMAC (in-house manufactured as well as procured from the market) and Meta phenoxy benzaldehyde reacts with solution of sodium cyanide in water in presence of phase transfer catalyst at 25 to 30°C to give Cypermethrin. After reaction water & cyanide layer is separated. The organic mass is washed with water to remove traces of Cyanide. Water layer contain sodium cyanide and is treated with sodium hypochlorite to destroy sodium cyanide the obtain purity of Cypermethrin is minimum 92%.

CHEMICAL REACTION

CHEMICAL REACTION OF CYPERMETHRIN

EMICAL REACTION

Preparation of Cypermethrin / Alpha Cypermethrin

$$CCL_2 = CH_2$$
 CH CH_3 CH_3 CH_3 $CCL_2 = CH_2$ CH_3 CH_3 CH_3 CH_3 CH_3 CH_3

Cyper methric acid chloride

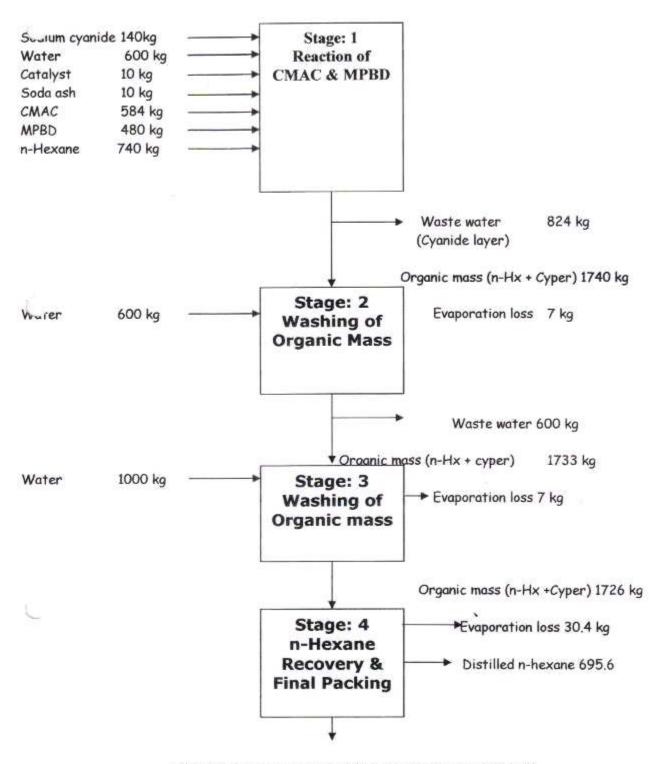
Meta phenoxy benzaldehyde sodium cyanide

$$CCL_2 = CH_2 - CH \xrightarrow{C} CH - C - O - CH \xrightarrow{C} + NaCl$$

$$Cypermethrin Sodium Chloride$$

?NaCN + 5 NaOCl + H₂O
→ 5NaCL + 2CO₂ + N₂ + 2NaOH
um Cyanide Sodium hypo chlorite water sodium chloride Carbon dioxide Nitrogen Sodium hydroxi

MASS BALANCE FOR CYPERMETHRIN TECHNICAL



CYPERMETHRIN TECHNICAL PACKED 1000 KG

7) A. ALPHAMETHRIN

MANUFACTURING PROCESS

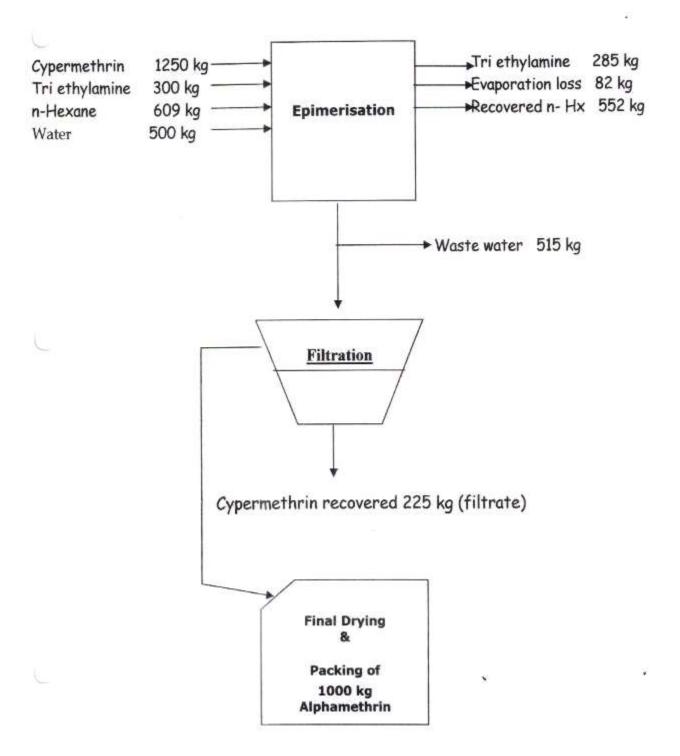
The Cypermethrin prepared using the above method (Manufacturing of Cypermethrin) is subjected to Eptherisation at 25°C in presence of tri Ethyl Amine in solvent n-hexane to obtain Alphamethrin. Then it is filtered & dried under vacuum. N-Hexane & TEA is recovered & recycled. The purity of Alphamethrin obtain will be minimum 95%

CHEMICAL REACTION

CHEMICAL REACTION OF ALPHAMETHRIN

MASS BALANCE

MASS BALANCE OF ALPHAMETHRIN TECHNICAL



8) PERMETHRIN

MANUFACTURING PROCESS

CMAC (Cypermethrin acid chloride) reacts with Meta phenoxy Benzyl Alcohol at 45°C to give Permethrin. The evolved HCl gas during reaction is scrubbed in water. The reaction mass is washed with water to remove the dissolved HCl gas. Permethrin is dehydrated under high vacuum to remove the traces of water. The purity of the technical product Permethrin obtained will be minimum 92%.

CHEMICAL REACTION

CHEMICAL REACTION

$$CCL_{3} = CH_{2} - CH - COCI + OH - CH2 - O$$

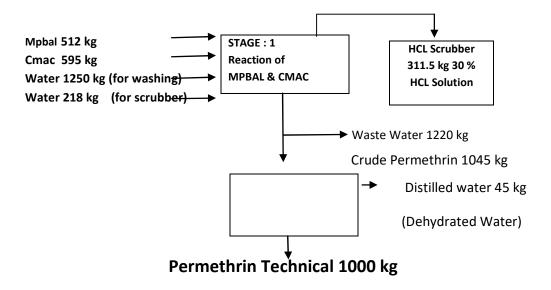
$$CH_{3} - CH_{3} -$$

Cyper methric acid chloride

Meta phenoxy benzyl alcohol

MASS BALANCE

MASS BALANCE PERMETHRIN TECHNICAL



9) METAMITRON TECH. OR GLYPHOSATE TECH. OR OTHER HERBICIDES

A. METAMITRON

MANUFACTURING PROCESS

Stage - 1 Preparation of Ethyl Mandelate:-

In glass lined reactor ethanol is charged followed by Mandilonitrile. Thionyl chloride is added to form Ethyl Mandelate. HCl & SO2 generated during the reaction, Generated HCl is reacting with Mandilonitrile to form Ethyl Mandelate & Ammonium chloride. SO2 is scrubbed in 15% NaOH solution using ventury scrubber. Formed Ethyl Mandelate is further washed with water & taken for next stage. By scrubbing SO2 in NaOH we get Sodium bi sulphite as by product.

Stage -2 Preparation of Ethyl Phenyl Glyoxalate:-

In SS reactor Ethyl Mandelate is charged from stage -1 and at room temperature sodium hypochlorite is added lot wise. After addition of Hypochlorite check purity of Ethyl Phenyl Glyoxalate by GLC

Stage -3 Preparation of Acetyl Hydrazine:-

In SS reactor charge 80% Hydrazine hydrate & start addition of ethyl acetate at room temperature. After addition maintain for 2 hr. check sample for Hydrazine hydrate percent, if OK then heat the reaction mass to 90°C & distill off ethanol & water under vacuum. Then cool the mass and adjust purity of acetyl hydrazine to 50% by addition of ethanol.

Stage - 4 Preparation of Phenyl Hydrazone:-

In SS reactor charge 50 % Acetyl hydrazine and adjust pH of reaction mass to 5 – 5.2 by addition of HCl. Then start addition of Ethyl Phenyl Glyoxalate prepared in stage -2, maintain for 4 hr. then check sample for Phenyl hydrazone percentage by HPLC. If result is ok then add water and cool the mass to 18-20°C. Adjust pH of reaction mass by HCl to 3.0. Further cool to 10°C and the reaction mass in closed Nutch filter. Check sample for LOD & purity of phenyl hydrazone. Unload the material in open HDPE drums.

Stage -5 - Preparation of Phenyl Hydrazide:-

In SS reactor charge EtOH under vacuum, then charge phenyl hydrazone prepared in stage-4. Start addition of NH3 solution & send sample to QC for pH. Then start addition of 80% Hydrazine hydrate & complete in 3-4 hr & maintain for 12 hr. check sample for phenyl Hydrazide percentage by GLC. If ok then adjust pH of reaction mass to 6.8 by addition of HCl. Apply pressure & transfer the mass for further process.

Stage-6- Preparation of Metamitron:-

In SS reactor receive material from stage -5, adjust pH 6.5 to 6.7 by HCl, and further adjust pH to 7.5 by caustic lye. Then charge sodium acetate & maintain reflux for 12 hr. check percentage of Metamitron, phenyl hydrazine. If ok then filter the mass in AGNF, wash with plain water. Unload & dry in rotary vacuum dryer. After drying if results are ok then pack in drums.

CHEMICAL REACTION

Synthesis route

A. ETHYL MENDELATE

B. ETHYL PHENYL GLYOXALATE

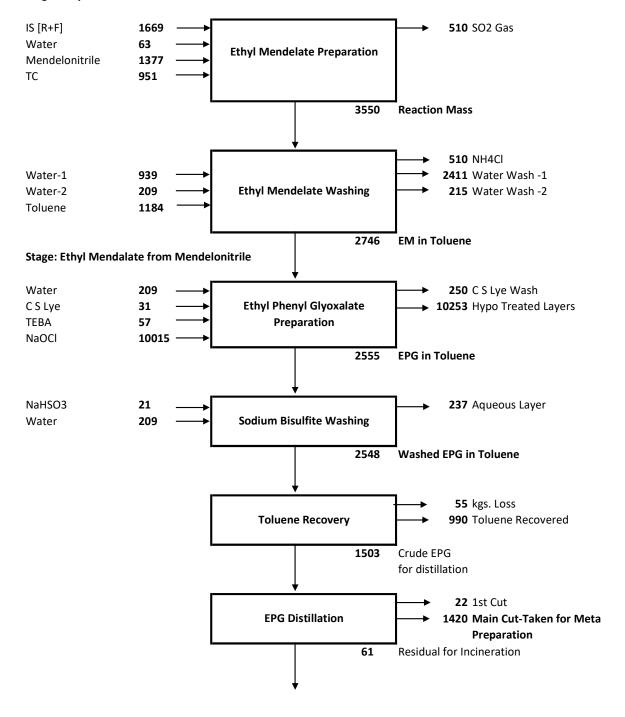
C. ACETYL HYDRAZINE

D. PHENYL HYDRAZIDE

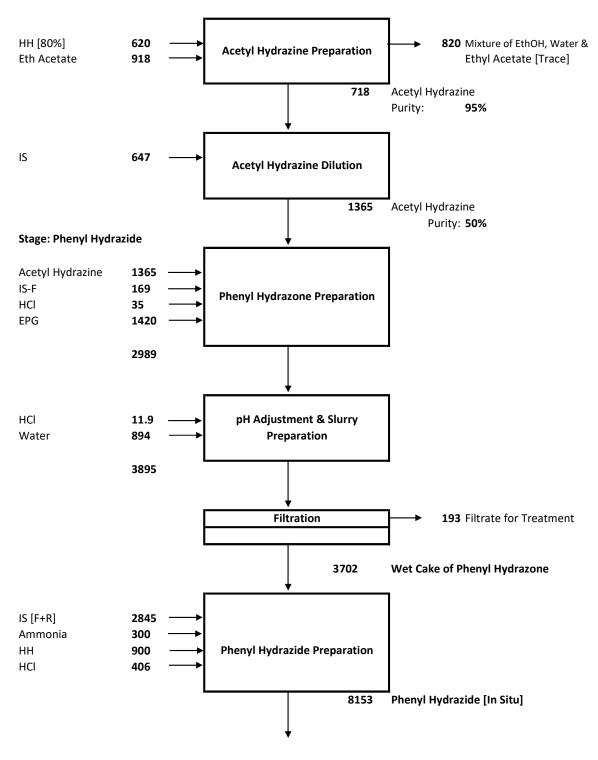
E. METAMITRON

MASS BALANCE

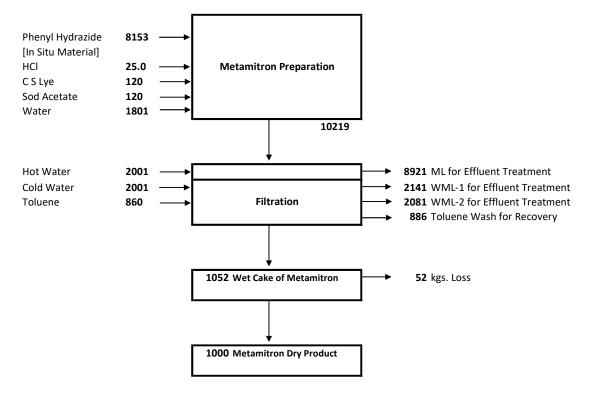
Stage: Ethyl Mendalate from Mendelonitrile



Stage: Acetyl Hydrazine



Stage: Metamitron



Incinerable mass :-

61 kgs/ton of Metamitron

By Products:-

1) Sodium Sulphite 1.250 ton of Metamitron 2) Ammonium chloride 510 kgs/ton of Metamitron

B. GLYPHOSATE ACID TECHNICAL

MANUFACTURING PROCESS

Take water, DEA, 48% caustic lye and catalyst in a pressure rector. Maintain the reaction temperature 160°C and pressure 10 kg /cm2. DSIDA (Disodium Salt of imino diacetic acid) formation taken place with total conversion of 90% hydrogen gas is vented to atmosphere through scrubber during the reaction. Catalyst in filtered at 70°C and recycled in next batch as such. Neutralize the mother liquor to pH 6.7 and, add PCl3 at 30°C and reflux at 100°C. Add formaldehyde at 100-110°C. After completion of reaction, cool the mass to 30°C and centrifuge the crystals Phosphoro methyl imino diacetic acid (PMIDA) Mother liquor is separately taken for the neutralization and evaporation. The cake is washed with water. Wet PMIDA is reacted with oxygen to produce Glyphosate acid (final product). It is dried with hot air and product is packed in bags.

CHEMICAL REACTION OF GLYPHOSATE ACID

Stage-1&2 Preparation of PMIDA

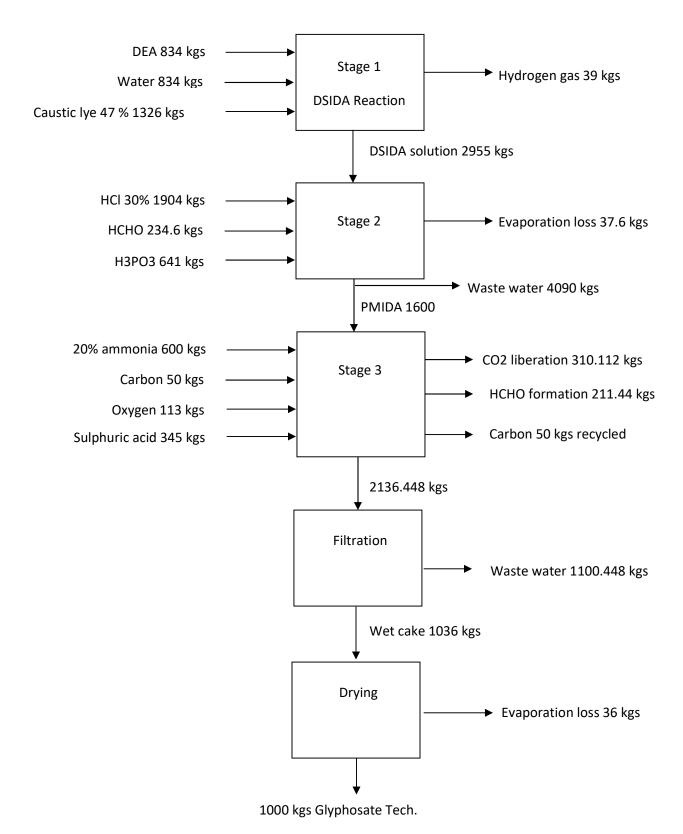
Stage-3 Preparation of Ammonium salt of PMIDA

Stage-4 Oxidation of Ammonium salt of PMIDA

Stage-5 Oxidation of Ammonium salt of PMIDA

of Glyphosate

Mass Balance Of Glyphosate Technical



1. THIONYL CHLORIDE

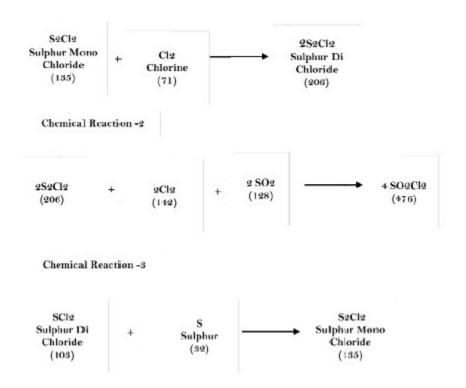
MANUFACTURING PROCESS

- In continuous tubular reactor gaseous chlorine and gaseous sulphur dioxide are introduced through a sparger in a bottom vessel holding sulphur mono chloride maintained at desired temperature.
- 2. Chlorine reacts with sulphur mono chloride to form sulphur di chloride in vapour phase reaction
 -1. Sulphur di chloride reacts with Sulphur di chloride to form thionyl chloride.
- 3. Crude thionyl chloride goes out of the reactor as gas form the top. Crude thionyl chloride is condensed in series of condensers using cooling water and brine is drawn off as the top product.
- 4. Crude thionyl chloride contains sulphur mono chloride, sulphur di chloride, dissolved sulphur dioxide as impurity. Dissolved Sulphur Dioxide is removed by heating & sulphur di chloride is converted to sulphur mono chloride in treatment reactors working in series.
- 5. Treated crude thionyl chloride which now contains sulphur mono chloride as impurity is now purified in continuous distillation column.
- 6. Sulphur dioxide removed is recycled through gas holder in the reaction of thionyl chloride.

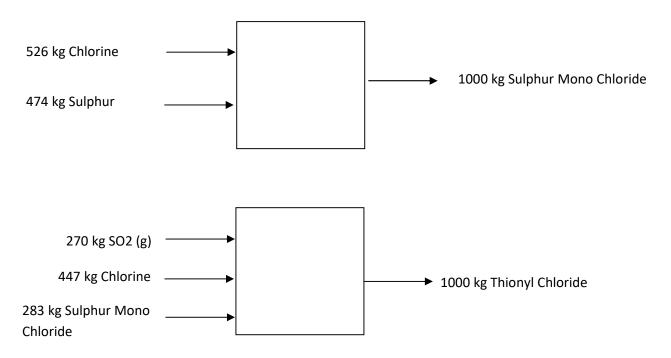
Note:

- 1. The process doesn't require any water as a reactant or as reaction media.
- 2. All impurities coming with crude product are recycled in the process.
- 3. No liquid effluent is generated in the process.

CHEMICAL REACTION



MASS BALANCE OF THIONYL CHLORIDE



10) SULPHUR CHLORIDE

MANUFACTURING PROCESS

- 1. Gaseous Chlorine is bubbled in solution of sulphur mono chloride in a primary reactor, maintain at desired temperature by circulating cooling water in jacket. Chlorine reacts with sulphur to form sulphur mono chloride.
- 2. Any unreacted chlorine is coming out from primary reactor is made to bubbled through the solution of sulphur mono chloride in the secondary reactor at desired temperature by circulating cooling water in the jacket.
- 3. These two reactors are interchanged as primary and secondary after every batch.
- 4. Unreacted chlorine coming from the secondary reactor is passed over a bed of sulphur to trap residual chlorine.

Note:

- 1. No water is used for reaction. No liquid or waste product is generated during the process.
- 2. Three stage reactions ensure that no air pollution is caused.

CHEMICAL REACTION

11) ACID CHLORIDE LIKE VALEORYL CHLORIDE, PHENYL ACETYL CHLORIDE

VALEORYL CHLORIDE

MANUFACTURING PROCESS & CHEMICAL REACTION

Valeroyl Chloride is produced by the reaction of Valeoric Acid and Thionyl Chloride in as MS GL Reactor and the reaction takes place as follows.

$$CH_3 (CH_2)_3 COOH + SOCl_2 = CH_3 (CH_2)_3 COCI + SO_2 + HCI$$

$$102 + 119 = 120.5 + 64 + 36.5$$

$$221 = 221$$

Valeroric Acid is charged in to the MSGL Reactor and heating is started. After the required temperature, Thionyl Chloride is added slowly in the reactor generated Hydrochloric Acid gas is absorbed in the water to Produced Hydrochloric Acids and Sulphur Dioxide is absorbed in Soda Ash Solution to produced Sodium Bi Sulphite. After complete the reaction bottom material is transferred in to Distillation Column where pure Valeoryl Chloride product is obtained.

MASS BALANCE

Per 1000 Kgs of Valeoryl Chloride:

Thionyl Chloride: 990 Kgs, Valeoric Acid : 850 Kgs.

By Product: HCl Gas to Scrubber 302 Kgs, By Product: SO_2 Gas to Scrubber 510 Kgs,

Crude Valeoryl Chloride: 1028 Kgs,

Distillation:

Valeroyl Chloride: 1000 Kgs. Distillation loss: 20 Kgs. Residue : 8 Kgs.

Qty.of RM/Month:

Thionyl Chloride: 100 MT Valeoric Acid : 85 MT PHENYL ACETYL CHLORIDE

MANUFACTURING PROCESS & CHEMICAL REACTION

Valeroyl Chloride is produced by the reaction of Valeoric Acid and Thionyl Chloride in as MS GL Reactor

and the reaction takes place as follows.

 $C_6H_5CH_2COOH + SOCl_2 = C_6H_5CH_2COCI + SO_2 + HCI$

136 + 119 = 154.5 + 64 + 36.5

> 255 255

Phenyl Acetic Acid is charged in to the MSGL Reactor and heating is started. After the required

temperature, Thionyl Chloride is added slowly in the reactor generated Hydrochloric Acid gas is

absorbed in the water to Produced Hydrochloric Acids and Sulphur Dioxide is absorbed in Soda Ash

Solution to produced Sodium Bi Sulphite. After complete the reaction bottom material is transferred in

to Distillation Column where pure Phenyl Acetyl Chloride product is obtained.

MASS BALANCE

Per 1000 Kgs of Phenyl Chloride:

Thionyl Chloride: 970 Kgs,

Valeoric Acid : 856 Kgs.

By Product: HCl Gas to Scrubber 336 Kgs,

By Product: SO₂ Gas to Scrubber 462 Kgs,

Crude Valeoryl Chloride: 1028 Kgs,

Distillation:

Valeroyl Chloride: 1000 Kgs.

Distillation loss: 20 Kgs.

Residue : 8 Kgs.

Qty.of RM/Month:

Thionyl Chloride: 97 MT

VALEORIC ACID : 86 MT

76

Fungicide

12) Hexaconzole (T)

Process Description:

I_VC - VP

Sr. No.	Raw Material	Qty.		Ratio	MW	Mole	M/R	Sp.gr.
1	Valeryl Chloride	1000	kgs.	1.0000	120.6	8.29	1.00	0.995
2	MDCB	1250	kgs.	1.2500	147	8.50	1.03	1.3
3	Aluminium chloride	1719	kgs.	1.7188	133.34	12.89	1.55	2.44
4	Water	5138	lits.	5.1375	18	285.42	34.42	1.0

6856

IInd

Wash 3000

Process

- 1 charge MDCB M/C less than 0.1 %., start stirring.
- 2 Then charge AlCl3 U/S
- 3 Heat to 50 ° C
- 4 Start addition of VC at 50° C
- 5 After addition maintain for 3.0 hr.on 75-80°C.
 - Check sample for conversion of VC to VP thro'
- 6 Ester.
- After completion quinch the RM in water(4) up to
 - 80°C
- Stirr for 1 hr.Separate Aquious , wash organic
- layer with water.
- 9 Take organic layer for distillation.

OutPut

S.No.	Finished Product	Qty.	Ratio	MW	Mole	M/R	spgr	B.P.°C	Y %
VP	Valerophenone Dist.	1800	kgs.	1.8000	231.12	7.79	0.94	1.2	96 (2 mm Hg)

150.2

II_VP TO OXIRANE

S.No.	Raw Material		Qty.	Ratio	MW	Mole	M/R	Sp.Gr.
1	Valero Phenone (VP)	1800	kg.		1.0000	231.12	7.79	1.00
2	Dimethyl sulfide (DMS)	2115	kg.		1.1750	62.13	34.04	4.37
3	Dimethyl Sulfate (DMSO4)	1170	kg.		0.6500	126.13	9.28	1.19
4	Potassium Hydroxide(KOH)	900	kg.		0.5000	56.1	16.04	8.02
5	PTC	18	kg.		0.0100			
6	Water	36	kg.		0.0200	18	2.00	0.26

K- SALT- Potassium

Methyl Sulphate

Process

- Charge VP,DMS,CAT PTC & Water at room temperature.
- Add DMSO4 at R.T.
- 3 Slowly heat up to 40°c & Maintain for 1hr.
- 4 Add KOH at 40°c. in 2.0 hr.
- 5 Maintain for 1 hr. at 40°c.
- 6 Send the sample to q.c.lab for VP to Oxirane conversion.
- 7 VP should be < 2.0% & Oxirane should be >97.0%.
- 8 If results are not as per point no. 7, maintain 1 hr. more to achieve desire results.
- 9 Start collection of DMS & apply heating up to 50°c. (Finally under vacuum upto 90°C.)
- 10 After recovery of DMS, Send the sample to q.c.lab for vp to oxirane conversion.
- 11VP should be < 2.0% & Oxirane should be >97.0%.

ml water

12 filter the

Add 1800.0 mass

13 Wash filtrate cake with 1800.0

ml X 2.0 water wash to organic layer 14 Give 1800.0

(pH 6.8 to 7.0)

15 Recover EDC at normal & finally under Vacuum with max temp 75°c.

16Send sample to q.c. lab for % age of VP & Oxirane & check the qty of Oxirane.

17 Take this Oxirane to Hexa preparation.

Intermediate Product	Qty.	Ratio	MW	Mole
2-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)-2-butyl-oxirane	1800	kgs.	1.	0000

III _Oxirane to Hexaconazole

S.No.	Raw Material	Qty. Ratio	MW Mole
1	Oxirane	1800 kg.	1
2	1,2,4 - triazole	504 kg.	0.2800
3	DMF	6300 lit.	3.5000
4	NaOH	54.0 kg.	0.0300
5	Water	2700 lit.	1.5000
6	Methanol 90%	1800 lit.	1.0000

Process:-

Charge 1+2+3+4 starrt agitation.

Heat to 115-120°C & maintain for 3 hrs.

Check sample for Oxirane content.if less than 0.5%

Distill off DMF under vacuum to max. temp. 98°C.

lit. water, stirr, settle, 900.0 separate aq.layer. Add

lit. water, adjust pH 6 by 20% HCl, stirr, settle, separate 900.0

Add aq.layer.

Hexa crude dehydrated under vacuum.

Add

lit. 90% MeOH at 60°C, or drawing Hexa crude

Add in 90% MeOH.

Cool, chill to 20°C , maintain for 1.0 hr. on 20°C ,filter, dry.

Finished Product	Qty.	Ratio	MW	Mole
Hexaconazole1st crop	1854	kgs.	1.	0300
Hexaconazole 2nd crop	54	kgs.	0.	0300

Chemical Reaction

HEXACONZOLE REACTION SCHEME

Step I: VC to VP

Step II: VP to Oxirane



Valerophenone (VP)

Oxirane

Potassium methyl sulfate

M.W.= 231.11

M.W.= 231.11

M.W.= 150.20

Step III: Oxirane to Hexaconazole

Oxirane

1,2,4-Triazole

Hexaconazole

M.W.= 231.11

M.W.= 69.06

M.W.= 314.21

STEP:3

2-(2,4-Dichloro Phenyl)-n-hex-1-ene Bromine Hydrogen Peroxide 2 x 80 34

1-Bromo-2-(2,4-Dichlorophenyl)hexane-2-ol

326

½ 16

STEP:4

hexane-2-ol

326

229

69

HEXACONAZOLE 314

81

b) Tebuconzole (T)

Process Description:

Step -1

1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4,4-Dimethyl-3-Pentanone reacted with Sodium Methoxide & Dimethyl Sulfide in presence of Toluene to get 2- [<math>2-(4-Chlorophenyl)ethyl]-2-(1,1-Di methyl ethyl) Oxirane.

Step -2

2- [2-(4- Chlorophenyl)ethyl]-2-(1,1 – Di methyl ethyl) Oxirane. is reacted with 1,2,4-Triazole in presence of DMF to give final product TEBUCONAZOLE

Chemical Reaction

STEP:1

STEP:2

Material Balance / Mass Balance (All Quantities are in Kg)

IN- PUT			OUT- PUT			
Sr No	Raw Materials / Items	Kg/Batch	Product / By-Product	Qty/Batch		
1	1-(4 – Chlorophenyl) 4-4- Dimethyl -3- Pentanoate	675	Tebuconazole	1000		
2	Sodium Methoxide	162	Recovered Solvent - Toluene	1360		
3	Di Methyl Sulfide	186	Solvent Loss - Toluene	40		
4	Solvent - Toluene	1400	Methanol	95		
5	1,2,4 - Triazole	206	20 % Sodium Methyl Sulfide	1048		
6	Solvent - DMF	1100	Recovered Solvent - DMF	1070		
7	Water	1690	Solvent loss - DMF	30		
			Aqueous Layer to ETP	768		
			Distillation Residue	14		
	Total	5419		5419		

c) Propioconzole (T)

Process Description

Step -1

1,3-Dichloro benzene is reacted with Acetyl chloride in presence of Aluminum Chloride and Solvent - Ethylene Di Chloride to get 2,4-Dichloro Acetophenone.

Step -2

2,4-Dichloro Acetophenone further reacted with bromine in presence of Solvent - Ethylene Di Chloride to get 2,4-Dichloro Phenacyl Bromide.

Step -3

2,4-Dichloro Phenacyl bromide reacted with 1,2-Pentanediol in presence of Toluene to get 4-(2-Bromomethyl-4-Propyl-1,3-Dioxolane-2-yl)-1,3-Dichlorobenzene.

Step - 4

4-(2-Bromomethyl-4-Propyl-1,3-Dioxolane-2-yl)-1,3-Dichlorobenzene further reacted with 1,2,4-Triazole in presence of Potassium hydroxide and Solvent DMF to get final product PROPICONAZOLE.

Chemical Reaction

STEP:1

STEP:2

354

342

Material Balance / Mass Balance (All Quantities are in Kg)

IN- PI	JT	OUT- PUT				
Sr No	Raw Materials / Items	Kg/Batch	Product / Bi Product	Qty/Batch		
1	1,3 Di Chloro Benzene	452	Propiconazole	1000		
2	Acetyl Chloride	238	Recovered Solvent - EDC	1570		
3	Alumimun Chloride	558	Solvent Loss EDC	30		
4	Solvent - EDC	1600	20 % Aluminium Chloride	2786		
5	Bromine	553	30 % Hydrochloride Solution	375		
6	Catalyst	10	Recovered Solvent - DMF	970		
7	1,2 - Butanediol	320	Solvent loss - DMF	30		
8	Solvent - Toluene	1000	Potassium Bromide	390		
9	Potassium Hydroxide	166	Recovered Catalyst	12		
10	1,2,4 - Triazole	210	Recovered Solvent - Toluene	975		
11	Solvent – Dimethyl Formamide	1000	Solvent Loss - Toluene	25		
12	Water	3672	28 % Hydrobromic Acid	890		
13			Aqueous Layer to ETP	712		
14			Distillation Residue	14		
	Total	9779		9779		

Herbicide

13) Dicamba (T)

Process Description:

Step-1

2,5-Dichloro Phenol reacts with carbon Dioxide under pressure to get 3,6-Dichloro-2-Hydroxy Benzoic Acid

Step-2

3,6- Dichloro-2-Hydroxy Benzoic Acid reacts with Dimethyl Sulphate in presence of Sodium Hydroxide to get 3,6-Dichloro-2-Methoxy Benzoic Acid (Dicamba)

Chemical Reaction:

STEP-1

Material Balance/Mass Balance (All Quantities are in Kg)

Dicamba (3,6 Dichloro-2-methoxy benzoic acid)									
IN- PUT			OUT- PUT						
Sr No	Raw Materials / Items	Kg/Batch	Product / Bi Product	Qty/Batch					
1	2,4-dichloro phenol	820	Dicamba	1000					
2	carbon dioxide	260	Recovered Solvent- Methenol	1345					
3	dimehtyl sulfate	320	Solvent Loss -methenol	55					
4	sodium hydroxide	205	Recovered Solvent- Toluene	1540					
5	Solvent -Methenol	1400	Solvent loss - toluene	60					
6	Solvent -Toluene	1600	distilalte water	110					
7	Water	1100	Unreacted CO2	40					
			Sodium Sulfate	740					
			Aqueous Layer To E.T.P.	793					
			Distillation Residue	22					
	Total	5705	Total	5705					

14) Metribuzine (T)

Process Description:

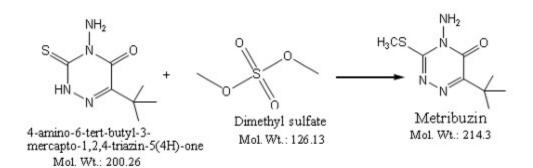
Step -1

Metribuzin is a 1,2,4-Triazinone class of herbicide. It is manufactured by the reaction of 4-Amino-6-Tert-Butyl-3-Mercapto-1,2,4-Triazin-5(4H)-one (ATMT) with Dimethyl Sulphate

<u>Step – 2</u>

Reaction of 4-Amino-6-Tert-Butyl-3-Mercapto-1,2,4-Triazin-5(4H)-one (ATMT) with Dimethyl Sulphate (DMS) in presence of Sulphuric Acid to give Metribuzine.

Chemical Reaction



Material Balance/Mass Balance (All Quantities are in Kg)

	Metribuzine									
	IN- PUT		OUT- PUT							
Sr No	Raw Materials / Items	Kg/Batch	Product / Bi Product	Qty/Batch						
1	ATMT	1000	Metribuzine	1000						
2	Di Methyl Sulphate	652	Sodium Sulphate	2130						
3	Sulfuric Acid	1274	Organic Impurities	512						
4	Soda Ash	1600	Carbon Dioxide gas	664						
5	Caustic Soda Flakes	30	Aqueous Layer to ETP	4750						
6	Water	4500	Distillation Residue	0						
	Total	9056	Total	9056						

15) Pendimethalin (T)

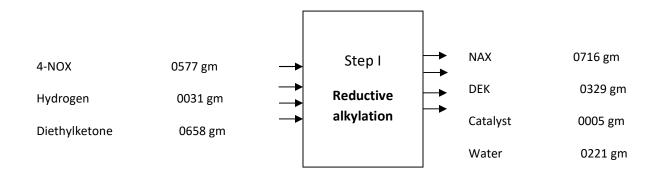
Step I: Reductive alkylation of 4 NOX

4-Nitro-1, 2-xylene (4 –NOX) is reacted with hydrogen with Pt / C as a catalyst in presence of diethylketone when N-alkyl xylidine is formed.

Chemical Reaction

$$NO_2 + O = C_2H_5$$
 $NO_2 + O = C_2H_5$
 $NHCH$
 C_2H_5
 $NHCH$
 C_2H_5
 $NAX M.W. 191$
 $M.W. 151$
 $M.W. 86$

Material Balance



Step II: Nitration of NAX

NAX is nitrated using sulfuric acid and nitric acid to PENDIMETHALINE.

Chemical Reaction

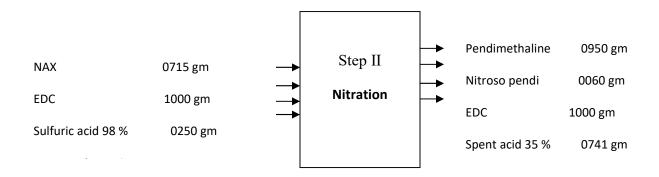
NHCH
$$C_2H_5$$

NAX M.W. 201

 H_2SO_4
 HNO_3

Pendimethalin
 $M.W. 281$

Material Balance



Insecticide (T)

16) Transfluthrin (T)

Manufacturing Process:

2,3,5,6 - Tetra Fluoro Benzyl Alcohol is reacted with R –Trans Cypermethric Acid Chloride (R-Trans CMAC) in presence of Solvent n-Hexane to give the Tefluthrin mass. Hydrochloric acid gas is generated during the reaction which is scrubbed in water to get 30% solution of hydrochloric acid.

The resulting mass is then washed by Soda Ash solutions as well as water. Finally solvent is stripped off to recover it & to get the pure Transfluthrin Tech.

B) CHEMICAL REACTIONS:

TRANSFLUTHRIN M.W. 371.3

HYDROCHLORIC ACID M.W. 36.5

Material Balance / Mass Balance (All Quantities are in Kg)

	TRANSFLUTHRIN (TECH)									
	IN- PUT	OUT- PUT								
Sr No	Raw Materials / Items	Kg/Batch	Product / Bi Product	Qty/Batch						
1	2,3,5,6 Tetra Fluoro Benzyl Alcohol	500	Transfluthrin	1010						
2	R- Trans Cypermethric Acid Chloride	631	Recovered Solvent - n Hexane	1950						
3	Catalyst	12	Solvent Loss n - Hexane	50						
4	Solvent- Hexane	2000	30 % HCl Solution	337						
5	Water for HCl Solution	237	Aqueous Layer to ETP	533						
6	5 % Soda Ash Solution	250								
7	Water for Washing	250								
	Total	3880		3880						

17) Cyfluthrin & Beta Isomers (T)

Brief Manufacturing Process:

3- Phenoxy 4- Fluoro Benzaldehyde is reacted with Sodium Cyanide to form 3-Phenoxy 4- Fluoro Benzaldehyde Cyanohydrin as an intermediate. This on reaction with Cypermethric Acid Chloride (CMAC) forms the final Product Cyfluthrin. In this process n.- Hexane is used as solvent along with phase transfer Catalyst.

The reaction mass of Cyfluthrin is washed by Soda Ash solution & Water.

Finally n-Hexane is stripped off to get pure Cyfluthrin.

Aqueous layers which content traces of Sodium Cyanide is detoxified by the treatment of Sodium Hypochlorite 8 - 10% Solution to < 0.2 ppm Level.

M.W.- 216.0

B) CHEMICAL REACTIONS :-

N. Hexane Catalyst

Material Balance / Mass Balance (All Quantities are in Kg)

	CYFLUTHRIN (TECH)									
	IN- PUT			OUT- PUT						
Sr No	Raw Materials / Items	Kg/Batch		Product / Bi Product	Qty/Batch					
1	3- Phenoxy -4- Fluoro Benzaldehyde	523		Cyfluthrin	1030					
2	CMAC- Cypermethric Avid Chloride	578		Recovered Solvent – n - Hexane	2850					
3	Water for Reaction	500		Solvent Loss n - Hexane	150					
4	Sodium Cyanide	136		Detoxified Aqueous to ETP	3017					
5	Solvent –n- Hexane	3000								
6	Catalyst	10								
7	5 % Soda Ash Solution	500								
8	5 % Acetic Acid Solution	500								
9	Water for washing	500								
10	8-10 % Sodium Hypochorite Solution	800								
	Total	7047			7047					

18) Bifenthrin (T)

Brief Manufacturing Process:

TFP Acid (Lambda Acid) is reacted with 3-Phenyl 2-Methyl Benzyl Chloride (PMBC) in presence of Solvent & catalyst to give the product Bifenthrin.

B) CHEMICAL REACTIONS :-

$$CF_3$$
 $C = CH - CH - CH - CH - C - O - H + HCI$

$$C_{22}H_{21}CIF_3O_2$$

C₂₂H₂₁CIF₃O₂ Bifenthrin M.W. 409.5

Material Balance / Mass Balance (All Quantities are in Kg)

BIFENTHRIN (TECH)						
IN- PUT				OUT- PUT		
Sr No	Raw Materials / Items	Kg/Batch		Product / Bi Product	Qty/Batch	
1	Lambda Acid	585		Bifenthrin	1030	
2	3-Phenyl -2-Methyl Benzyl Chloride	558		Recovered Solvent - n Hexane	560	
3	Catalyst	25	Solvent Loss n - Hexane 4		40	
4	Solvent- Hexane	600	30 % HCl Solution 315		315	
5	Water for HCl Solution	220		Distillation Residue 20		
6	Water for Washing	500		Aqueous to ETP	523	
	Total	2488		Total	2488	

19) Cypermethrin (T) & Beta, Zeta, Theta etc Isomers (T)

Brief manufacturing process:

Cypermethrin (Tech) of 50:50 Cis:Trans ratio of the purity >92% is treated with Epimerising Catalyst in pressure of Iso Propyl Alcohol – solvent to give Beta – Cypermethrin crude material which on recrystallisation from Iso Propyl Alcohol gives the pure product Beta – Cypermethrin

B) CHEMICAL REACTIONS:

Material Balance / Mass Balance (All Quantities are in Kg)

	BETA – CYPERMETHRIN (TECH)					
	INPUT	OUTPUT				
Sr No	Raw Materials / Items	Kg/Batch Product / Bi Product		Qty/Batch		
1	Cypermethrin Tech	1430	Beta Cypermethrin	1010		
2	Solvent –IPA for Reaction	1430	Recovered Solvent – IPA + Catalyst	2436		
3	Catalyst - 1	143	Solvent + Catalyst Loss 252			
4	Solvent –IPA for washings	1100	Cypermethrin Isomer 405			
	Total	4103	Total	4103		

20) Imidacloprid (T)

Brief manufacturing process:

2 – Chloro, 5 – Chloromethyl Pyridine (CCMP) is reacted with N – Nitro Imino Imidazolidine (N-NII) in present of catalyst and solvent.

The Hydrochloric acid, which is formed during the reaction, is scavenged by putting Sodium carbonate as acid scavenger. The resulting mass is diluted by water & filtered to remove the salts of Sodium Chloride (NaCl) & Sodium bicarbonate.

The organic mass is then treated with water and finally solvent is removed by distillation. The concentrated mass is then crystallized to get pure product – Imidacloprid (Tech)

Finally Toxic Effluent which contains traces of Pesticides is taken to Hydrolysis stage for detoxification. Where Aq. Mass is treated at high temp. by Alkali for the rapid hydrolysis of pesticides to simpler non-toxic compounds.

B) CHEMICAL REACTIONS:

Material Balance / Mass Balance (All Quantities are in Kg)

IMIDACLOPRID (TECH)						
IN- PUT				OUT- PUT		
Sr No	Raw Materials / Items	Kg/Batch		Product / Bi Product	Qty/Batch	
1	2- Chloro -5- Chloromethyl Pyridine	900		Imidacloprid 1030		
2	N- Nitro N- Methyl Imidazolidine	850		Recovered Solvent DMF 211		
3	Sodium Carbonate	705		Solvent Loss DMF		
4	Catalyst -1	10		Recovered Solvent Methanol 33		
5	Solvent - DMF	2200		Solvent Loss Methanol 3		
6	Water for Washings	1000		Aqueous Layer to ETP 236		
7	Caustic Lye 47 %	50		Distillation Residue 125		
8	Solvent - Methanol	400				
	Total	6115		Total	6115	

Acetamiprid:

Acetamiprid (TECH)						
IN- PUT				OUT- PUT		
Sr No	Raw Materials / Items	Kg/Batch		Product / Bi Product	Qty/Batch	
1	N-Cyano-N-methylacetamidine	0.440		Acetamiprid 1		
2	Potassium carbonate	0.620		Recovered Solvent Ethyl acetate 3.		
3	Ammonium benzyltriethylchloride	0.020		Solvent Loss Ethyl acetate	0.08	
4	DMF (Dimethyl formamide)	1.00		Distillation Residue	0.20	
5	2-chloro-5-chloromethyl pyridine	0.728		Effluent 3.60		
6	Water for Washings	2.00				
7	Ethyl acetate	4.000				
8						
	Total	8.808		Total	8.808	

21)1 R Trans CMA Synthetic

- 1. Charge water (2), then CS Lye (3) stirr for 10-15 mints.
- 2. Charge HT CMA (1). Stirr for 30.0 minutes check pH observed 10.1
- 3. Observe for clear solution.
- 4. Start heating. Start addition of cat soln. (4)+(5)+(6)
- 5. Complete addition in 6 hr. & maintain for 2 hr.
- 6. Cool the mass & centrifuge.
- 7. Give plain water wash.
- 8. Spin dry the cake & unload, unload the cake in HDPE drums.
- 9. Give sample for LOD, R-CMA, S-CMA & SOR.
- 10. R-CMA should be 99%+, SOR = +38.5 to +42 (This is Cake_I)

Chemical Reaction:

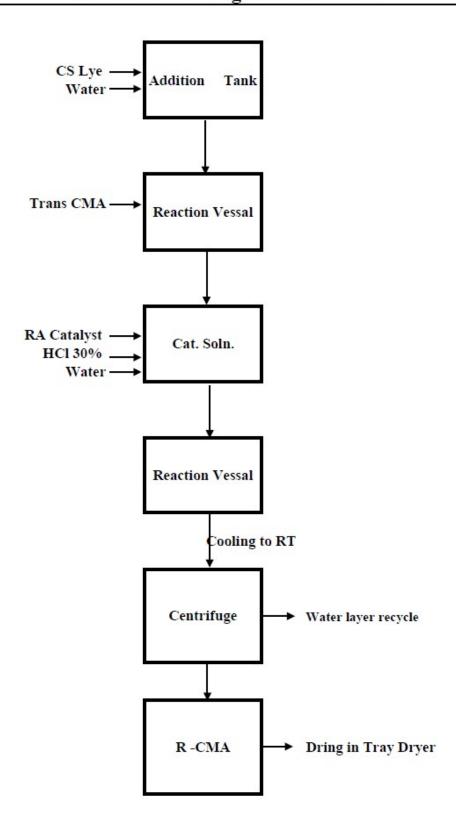
Trans CMA RACatalyst

Mass Balance:

Sr. No.	Input	Quantity	Output	Quantity (Kg)
		(Kg)		
1	Trans CMA	172	1 R Trans CMA	100
2	C S Lye (48%)	215	Wastewater	380
3	RA Catalyst	10	Drying Loss	190
4	HCI (30%)	108		
5	Water	165		
Total		670	Total	670

1 R Trans CMA

Process Flow Diagram: 1R CMA



22) Chlorntraniliprole

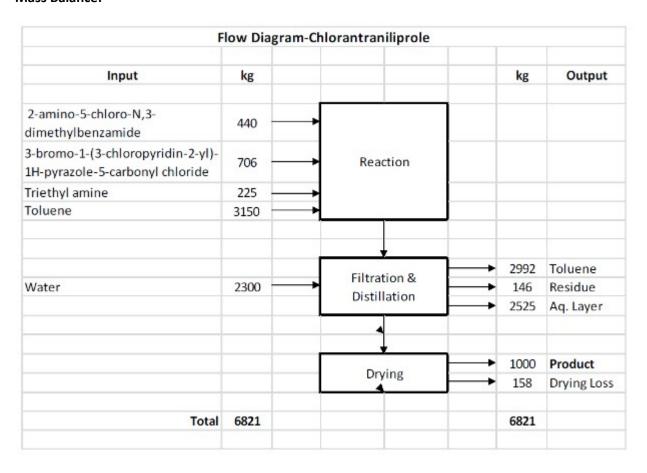
Process Description

The desired quantities of 2-amino-5-chloro-N,3-dimethylbenzamide, Toluene, 3- bromo-1-(3-chloropyridin-2-yl)-1H-pyrazole-5-carbonyl chloride and Triethyl amine are charged in to the reactor and stirred at desired temperature until reaction is over.

Once the reaction is completed, water is added in to the reaction mass, Heat the mass up to desired temperature then layers are separated, Organic layer is cooled and the product is isolated by filtration and Solvent is recovered from ML for recycle.

Chemical Reaction:

Mass Balance:



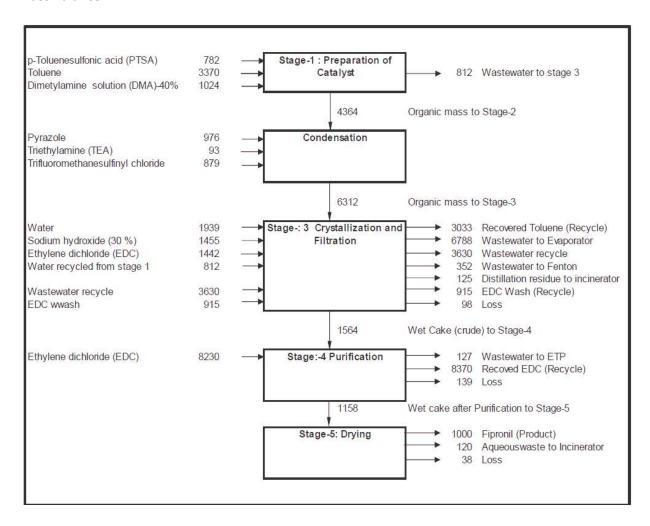
23) Fipronil

Process:

It is a single stage process in which first a suitable flask equipped with a distillation apparatus was charged with p-Toluene sulphonic acid in Toluene & DMA solution. The mixture was heated to reflux followed by addition of 5- Amino-3-cyano N-(2,6 dichloro-4- trifluoromethyl phenyl) pyrazole & Trifluoromethanesulfinyl chloride and small Qty of TEA.

After completion of reaction, mass was filtered and washed with water & EDC and dried under vacuum.

Mass Balance:



24) Quizalofop p-Tefuryl:

Process Description:

Step-1

Propionic Acid when undergoes chlorination by means of chlorine in presence of solvent EDC and catalyst gives 2-Chloro Propionic Acid

Step-2

2-Chloro Propionic Acid further reacts with tetrahydro furfuryl Methanol in presence of Solvent EDC and catalyst to give 2-Chloro tetrahydro furfuryl Methyl Propionate

Step-3

2-Chloro tetrahydro furfuryl Methyl Propionate reacts with hyroquinone it gives 2-(4-Hydroxy Phenoxy) tetrahydro furfuryl Methyl Propionate

Step-4

2-(4-Hydroxy Phenoxy) tetrahydro furfuryl Methyl Propionate finally reacts with 2,6-Dichloro Quinoxaline to give the final product in presence of solvent toluene to give the final product Quizalofop Tefuryl

Chemical Reaction:

Step-1

Propionic Acid

Chlorine

2-Chloro

Hydro

M.Wt=74

M.Wt=71

PropionicAcid M.Wt=108.5

Chloric Acid M.Wt=36.5

Step-2

2-Chloro PropionicAcid M.Wt=108.5

Tetrahrydrofurfuryl Methanol

M.Wt=102

CH₃-CH-C-O— CH₂—

2-Chloro Tetrahrydrofurfuryl Methyl Propionate M.Wt=192.5

Step-3

M.Wt=210

Material Balance / Mass Balance of Quizalofop p-Tefuryl (All Quantities are in kg)

	IN – PUT			OUT – PUT	
Sr. No.	Raw Materials / Items	Kg / Batch		Product / Byproduct	Qty. / Batch
1)	Propionic Acid	190		Quizalofop p-Tefuryl	1010
2)	Solvent EDC	4000		Recovered Solvent - EDC	3920
3)	Catalyst	18		Solvent Loss (EDC)	80
4)	Chlorine	170		30% HCl Solution	850
5)	Tetrahydro Furfuryl Methanol	250		Water Distillate	84
6)	Hydroquinone	270		Recovered Solvent - Toluene	1950
7)	2,6 Dichloro Quinoxaline	490		Solvent Loss (Toluene)	50
8)	Solvent Toluene	2000		Aqueous Effluent to ETP	809
9)	Catalyst	15			
10)	Water	1350			
	Total	8753		Total	8753

DIFLUBENZURON

Manufacturing Process:

2, 6 difluorobenzamide is mixed with 4 chloro phenyl isocyanate in presence of solvent chlorobenzene. Mixture is heated up to 135°C and cooked till completion of reaction.

The reaction mass is cooled to room temperature, filtered and dried to get Diflubenzuron technical. Solvent is recovered from ML by distillation.

Chemical Reaction:

Mass Balance:

Sr. No.	Raw Materials	Quantity (Kg)	Product	Quantity (Kg)
1)	2, 6 difluorobenzamide	510	Diflubenzuron	1000
2)	4 chloro phenyl isocyanate	560	Recover MCB	1740
3)	Mono Chlorobenzene	1800	Loss MCB	60
4)			Residue	70
	Total	2870	Total	2870

25) 2,5 Di Chloro Phenol

Manufacturing Process:

Step: 1

2,5 Dichloro Aniline is diazotized with Nitrosyl Sulfuric Acid (NSA) in presence of Sulfuric Acid to get diazotized mass of 2,5 Dichloro Aniline.

Step: 2

This diazotized mass is hydrolyzed in presence of water & mixed Xylene solvent to get crude product. Finally this crude product is further purified by high vacuum distillation.

Chemical Reaction:

Mass Balance:

Sr. No.	Input	Quantity Kg	Output	Quantity Kg
1	2,5 – Dichloro Aniline	980	2,5 – Dichloro Phenol	1000
2	98% Sulphuric Acid	1150	Recovered Solvent –Xylene	1920
3	Nitrosyl Sulphuric Acid	2240	Solvent Loss - Xylene	80
4	Solvent –Xylene	2000	Dilute Sulphuric Acid	3580
5	Water	2000	ETP Water	1545
6			Nitrogen Gas	215
7			Distillate Residue	30
	Total	8370	Total	8370

26) 2,4 Di chloro Phenoxy Acetic Acid (2,4-D ACID)

Manufacturing Process:

Water is charged to the reactor to which is added 2,4-D sodium salt under stirring, after that hydrochloric acid (30%) is charged. The reaction mass is stirred and filtered to 2,4-D acid.

Effluent: 22000 liters containing sodium chloride.

Chemical Reaction:

Mass Balance:

Sr. No.	Input	Quantity Kg	Output	Quantity Kg
1	2,4-D sodium salt	10000	2,4 Di Chloro Phenoxy Acetic Acid	8000
2	HCI (30%)	4500	ETP Water	11500
3	Water	5000		
	Total	19500	Total	19500

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Pyraclostrobin (T):

Process Description:

Step-1

1, 4 Dichloro Benzene reacts with 3-Chloro Pyrazole in presence of catalyst & solvent Xylene to form Intermediate (A) as 3-Chloro 4-Chloro Phenyl Pyrazole.

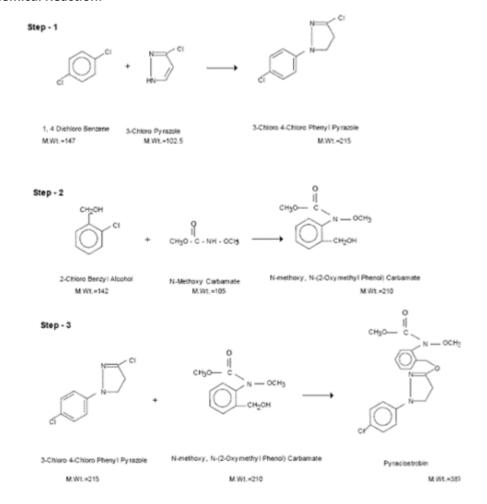
Step-2

2-Chloro Benzyl Alcohol reacts with N-Methoxy Carbamate to form second Intermediate (B) N-methoxy, N-(2-Oxymethyl Phenol) Carbamate.

Step-3

(A) & (B) then undergoes Condensation reaction in presence of Catalyst & Solvent Xylene gives the final product Pyraclostrobin.

Chemical Reaction:



Mass Balance:

Sr. No.	Input	Quantity Kg	Output	Quantity Kg
1	1,4 Dichloro Benzene	515	Pyraclostrobin	1000
2	3 – Chloropyrazole	300	Recovered Solvent	3500
3	Solvent	3600	Solvent Loss	100
4	Catalyst	10	30% HCl Solution	1000
5	2 – Chlorobenzyl Alcohol	300	Aqueous Effluent to ETP	1005
6	N – Methoxy Carbamate	250	Distillation Residue	20
7	Water	1650		
	Total	6625	Total	6625

Preparation of Diclobenil Stage-I Cynation (2,3-DCNB to 2,6 CNBN)

Reaction Chemistry :-

Procedure:

- In SS reactor charge 2,3-Dichloronitrobenzene Sodium cyanide Copper Cyanide Dimethylformamide.
- 2 Start heating and raise the temperature to 170°C.
- 3 After achieving temperature 170°C maintain for 5-6 hr. Check sample on GC
- 4 After completion of reaction cool the mass
- 5 Recover DMF up to 125°C and no more distillate of DMF observed.
- 6 Cool to 120°C and release vacuum under nitrogen.
- 7 Slowly start addition of Monochlorobenzene (MCB) under stirring
- 8 Filter the mass and remove Sodium chloride and copper chloride.
- 9 Wash the organic mass with 5% Ammonia solution.
- 10 Separate organic and aqueous.
- 11 Organic layer washed with 10% HCl solution, Separate organic.
- Organic washed with plain water & taken for MCB recovery, recover 80% Monochlorobenzene (MCB).
- 13 Cool the mass and filter. Wash cake with fresh MCB.
- Remove the cake 2-chloro 6-nitro benzonirile (CNBN), dry and take for next step for chlorination.

.

Preparation of Diclobenil Stage-II(Denitrochlorination)

Reaction Chemistry :-

Procedure:

- 1 Charge 2,6-CNBN (2-Chloro-6-nitro benzonirile) in SS reactor. Start heating and raise the temperature 190°C.
- 2 Then start purging of Chlorine gas initially slowly.
- 3 Purging of chlorine continue for 10 hours and then check for completion of reaction.
- Analysed reaction mass by GC and product content should be 92-94%. If starting material is present continue chlorine purging further at that temperature till starting material < 1.0.
- 5 After completion of reaction cool the mass 100°C.
- 6 Slowly start addition of MCB under stirring and complete within half an hour.
- 7 Then add Charcoal and maintain the temperature at 100°C under stirring for one hour.
- 8 Take the mass for filtration under vacuum.
- 9 Then add Methanol in filtrate and again heat to 100°C and then cool to 10°C.
- 10 Reaction mass cooled to 10°C and filter under vacuum.
- 11 Wash the wet cake with Methanol (30°C) twice.
- 12 Unload the wet cake and kept for drying.
- 13 Filtrate obtained after crystallization to be set up for MCB/Methanol distillation.
- 14 Weigh the dry product **Diclobenil** and analyse for purity.

	Raw Materials For Diclobenil Tech. (Herbicide)									
S.No.	Material Name	Code No.	CAS NO.	Mol.Wt.	Appearance	Density	M.P.	B.P.	Mol. Formula	Flash point
1	2,3-Dichloronitrobenzene	RMDL-1	3209-22-1	192	Yellow crystalline solid	1.45	60-63	257-258	C ₆ H ₃ Cl ₂ NO ₂	123
2	Sodium cyanide	RMDL-2	143-33-9-1	49	White solid	1.6	563.7	1496	NaCN	NA
3	Copper Cyanide	RMDL-3	544-92-3	89.6	Off white to pale yellow powder	2.92	473		CuCN	NF
4	Dimethylformamide	RMDL-4	68-12-2	73.09	Colourless liquid	0.944	-61	153	C ₃ H ₇ NO	58
5	Monochlorobenzene	RMDL-5	108-90-7	112.6	Colourless liquid	1.11	-45	131	C ₆ H ₅ Cl	29
6	Hydrochloric acid -30%	RMDL-6	7647-01-0	36.5	Colourless to yellow liquid	1.15	-50.0	85.0	HCl	NA
7	Ammonia solution	RMDL-7	1336-21-6	35.04	Colourless liquid	0.88-0.91	-57 to -91.5	37.7	NH ₄ OH	NA
8	Methanol	RMDL-8	67-56-1	32	Colourless liquid	0.792	-97.6	64.7	CH ₃ OH	11 to 12
9	Chlorine	RMDL-9	7782-50-5	71.91	Yellow compressed gas	3.2 at STP	-101.5	-34	Cl2	NA
IM	2-chloro 6-nitro benzonirile	IMDL-1	01-07-6575	182.5	Pale yellow powder	1.5	116-118	333.5	C ₇ H ₃ CIN ₂ O ₂	NA
FP	Diclobenil Tech.(herbicide)	DL-Acid	1194-65-6	172.01	White Crystal	1.623	142	279	C ₇ H ₃ Cl ₂ N	126

Sulfentrazone:

MANUFACTURING PROCESS

Step-1: Intermediate - I

A mixture of phenyl hydrazine, acetaldehyde, sodium cyanate and acetic acid in solvent methanol was chlorinated using chlorine gas over a period of 6 – 8 hours at 50 – 55°C. Product of this step (Intermediate I) was filtered after recovery of methanol under reduced pressure.

CHEMICAL REACTION

MASS BALANCE:

Sr No	Input chemicals	Qty Kg	Out put chemicals	Qty /Kg
1	Phenyl hydrazine	765.0	1.Intermediate-I	1065.0
2	Acetaldehyde	376.0	2.Methanol recovered	3788.0
3	Sodium cyanate	530.0	3.Methanol loss	344.5
4	Chlorine	530.0	Effluent:	S. Constitution of
5	Acetic acid	500.0	1.Aqueous effluent	4349.0
6	Methanol	4000.0	2. Scrubbed sodium	522.0
7	Water	3000.0	hydroxide solution	
8	10% sodium hydroxide solution	500.0	(containing sodium hypochlorite) 3. Drying loss	132.5
	Total	10201.0	Total	10201.0

ANNEXURE: 4

DETAILS OF WATER CONSUMPTION, WASTEWATER GENERATION AND TREATMANT

BREAK UP OF WATER CONSUMPTION AND WASTEWATER GENERATION

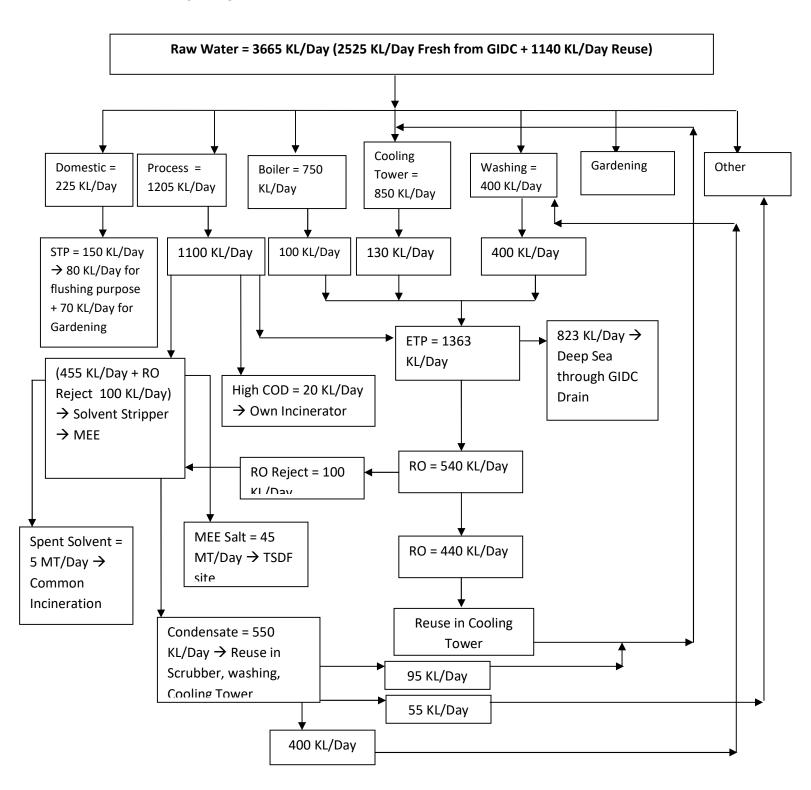
WATER CONSUMPTION:

WATER CONS	JMPTION	QUANTITY (KL/DAY)			
		EIXSTING	ADDITIONAL	TOAL AFTER EXPANSION	
Domestic		202	23	225	
Industrial	Process	525	780	1305	
	Washing	240	160	400	
	Boiler	650	100	750	
	Cooling	726	124	850	
	Total (Industrial)	2141	1164	3305	
Others		55		55	
Gardening		53	27	80	
Total Water Co	onsumption (KL/DAY)	2451	1214	3665	

WASTEWATER GENERATION:

WASTEWATER	GENERATION	QUANTITY (KL/DAY)			
		EIXSTING	ADDITIONAL	TOAL AFTER EXPANSION	
Domestic		145	25	150	
Industrial	Process	578	630	1208	
	Washing	240	160	400	
	Boiler	86	14	100	
	Cooling	119	11	130	
	Total (Industrial)	1023	815	1838	
Others					
Gardening					
Total wastewa	ter Generation KL/DAY)	1168	840	2008	

WATER BALANCE DIAGRAM



ANNEXURE: 5 ETP DETAILS

EXISTING

M/s. Hemani Industries Ltd. (Unit-III & IV) have Effluent treatment plant consisting of primary, secondary and tertiary treatment units. The effluent confirming the GPCB standards is disposed into deep sea through GIDC pipeline. The details of ETP are as follows.

PROCESS DESCRIPTION: ETP (EFFLUENT TREATMENT PLANT)

M/s. Hemani Industries LTD. (Unit-III & IV) have Effluent treatment plant consisting of primary, secondary, tertiary treatment and advance treatment units. The details of ETP are as follows.

Stream I (Low COD & TDS Stream)

First all non-toxic and biodegradable streams (low & medium COD& TDS) of wastewater are pass through Screen Chamber (SC-01) where floating material are removed with help of Screen (S-01). Then effluent is passed through Oil & Grease Removal Tank (OGRT-01). Automatic mechanical Oil Skimmer is provided in the OGRT to remove floating oil and grease from the wastewater to Oil & Grease Collection Tank (OGCT-01). Then effluent is collected in Collection cum Equalization tank-1 (CET-01). Mixer is provided in CET-01 to keep all suspended solids in suspension.

Then after, equalized wastewater is pumped to Neutralization Tank-1 (NT-01) where the continuous addition and stirring of Lime solution is done to maintain neutral pH of wastewater from Lime Dosing Tanks (LDT-01) as per requirement by gravity. Then after, neutralized wastewater goes to Flash Mixer-1 (FM-01) by gravity. Alum and Polyelectrolyte are dosed from Alum Dosing Tank (ADT-01) and Polyelectrolyte Dosing Tank (PEDT-01) respectively by gravity into FM-1 to carry out coagulation by using a Flash Mixer. Then after, coagulated wastewater is settled in Primary Clarifier (PCF-01). Clear supernatant from PCL is passed in Aeration Tank (AT-01)

Here, biodegradation of organic matter of the wastewater is carried out by bacteria (suspended growth) in the AT-01 and for that oxygen is supplied by 2 nos. of air blowers (B-02) through diffusers. Air blowers also keep MLSS in suspension.

Then after, wastewater goes to Secondary Clarifier-1 (SCL-01) from AT-1. Here, the suspended solids are settled. Sludge is removed from bottom of SCL-01 and pumped to AT-1 to maintain MLSS and excess activated sludge is sent to Sludge Sump (SS-01).

Clear supernatant from SCL-01 shall goes to Aeration Tank-2 (AT-02). Here biodegradation of left out organic matter of the wastewater is carried out by bacteria (suspended growth) and for that oxygen is supplied by two nos. of blowers (B-03) with help of diffusers. Then after, wastewater goes to Secondary Clarifier-2 (SCL-02) from AT-2. Here, the suspended solids are settled. Activated sludge is removed from bottom of SCL-02 and pumped to AT-02 to maintain MLSS and remaining is sent to SS. Nutrients are

added from NDTs to Aeration Tank-1& 2 for growth of Bacteria. Clear effluent is collected in of Intermediate Sump (IS-01) by gravity.

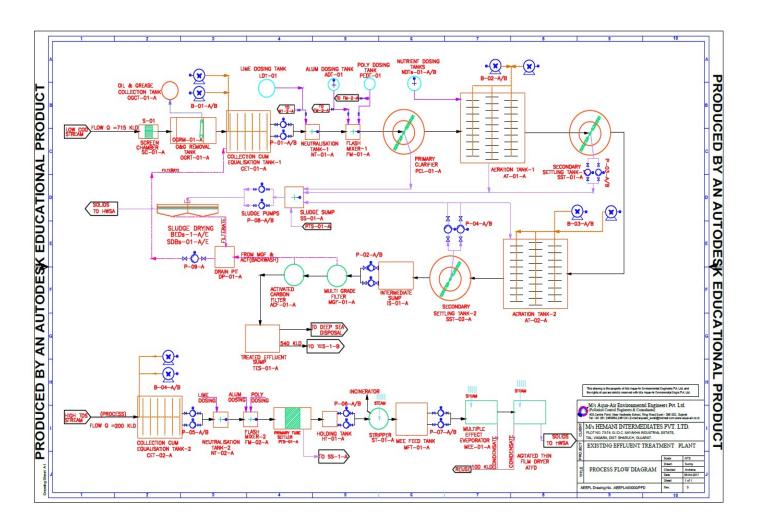
Thereafter, the wastewater is passed through Multi Grade Filter (MGF-01) to remove left out TSS and Activated Carbon Filter (ACF-01) for final effluent polishing. After tertiary treatment, effluent is collected in Treated Effluent Sump (TES-01-A) before sent to GIDC drain and ultimate disposal into deep sea.

Sludge settled in PCL-01-A and excess sludge from SCL-01-A/02-A & PTS-01-A are sent to Sludge Drying Beds(SDBs-01-A/E) where, drying is carried out before storage in HWSA and ultimate disposal to TSDF. Leachate from SDBs-01-A/B and backwash from MGF-01-A and ACF-01-A are sent back to CET-01-A for further treatment.

EXPECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF WASTEWATER BEFORE & AFTER TREATEMENT

Sr. No.	Category of Wastewater	Before Treatment	After Treatment
1	рН	3.5-6.5	6.5-8.5
2	COD (mg/L)	8,000	240
3	BOD ₃ (mg/L)	3,500	100
4	SS (mg/L)	650	70
5	Ammonical Nitrogen (mg/L)	20	10

Flow Diagram:



Stream-II: High TDS

All High TDS streams of wastewater are collected in Collection cum Equalization Tank-2-A (CET-02-A).

Mixer is provided to keep all suspended solids in suspension and to provide proper mixing. Then effluent is pumped to Neutralization Tank-2(NT-02-A) where Lime is added from Lime Dosing tank. Then after,

effluent is sent to Flash Mixer-2 (FM-2-A) where Alum and poly are added from ADT and PDT respectively. Then after, coagulated wastewater is settled in Primary Tube Settler (PTS-01-A).

Clear effluent from PTS-1-A is collected in Holding Tank (HT-01-A) before pumped to strippers. Effluent

from stripper is then collected in MEE Feed Tank (MFT-01-A) where RO reject is mixed. Then effluent is sent to Multiple Effect Evaporator (MEE-01-A) for further treatment followed by Agitated Thin Film

Dryer (ATFD-01-A) for solids dewatering. Condensate from MEE is reused in scrubber, washing and

cooling towers and solids from ATFD-01-A is collected and stored in HWSA for disposal in TSDF.

MEE SYSTEM

PROCESS DESCRIPTION:

Capacity: 200 KL/Day x 3 Nos.

Industry has installed Multi Effect Evaporator for the treatment of industrial effluent (as an

additional facility) having capacity of 600 KL/Day. The condensate water generated from the MEE

is reused in scrubber, washing & cooling tower.

Neutral effluent from Primary Treatment Plant is passed through 3 stages Evaporator System and

the evaporated water is collected in an Evaporated Water Collection Tank and then recycled to

plant after filtering through sand filter and carbon filter. The sludge from the evaporators is filtered

through Nutsch Filter whereby solid filtered sludge is obtained and the filtrate is reused in

scrubber, washing and cooling towers.

Multi stage evaporator (3 - stages) is a long tube forced circulation type evaporators where in the

first effect high pressure steam of 7.0 kg/cm² is used to evaporate waste water. The evaporated

water in the form of steam at 2.0 kg/cm²g pressure is used for evaporating the effluent in the

second stage at atmospheric pressure. Evaporated water from the second stage is used for

evaporating waste water in the third stage under vacuum of 650-720 mm Hg. Finally evaporated

water from the third stage is condensed in the steam condenser using cooling water on other side.

Condensate from all the three stages is collected in condensate receiving tanks, which is pure water

and hence, reused in scrubber, washing and cooling towers. Concentrated mass from each effect is

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collected in the crystallizer where, on cooling inorganic salts are precipitated along with organic contaminants. This mass is filtered in CF / Nutch filter and filtrate is reused in scrubber, washing and cooling towers .

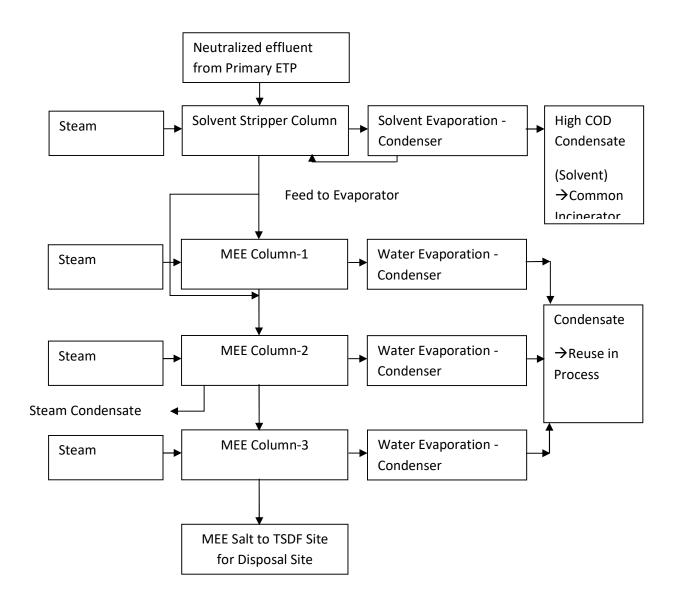
Design of MEE:

No. of Effects	: 3 (1 Falling Film + 2 Forced Circulation)
Waste Handling Capacity	: 200 m ³ / day x 3 Nos.
Feed Rate	: 10000 kg / hour (20 working hours / day)
Feed Concentration	: 10 % TDS
Feed Temperature	: 35 ° C
Product Rate	: 2500 kg / hour
Product Concentration	: 40 %
Product Temperature	: 55 ° C
Water Evaporation Rate	: 7500 kg / hour

EXPECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF WASTEWATER BEFORE & AFTER TREATEMENT

Sr. No.	Category of Wastewater	Before Treatment
1	рН	2-10
2	COD (mg/L)	20,000 - 25,000
3	BOD ₃ (mg/L)	5,000-6,000
4	TDS (mg/L)	1,10,000
5	Ammonical Nitrogen (mg/L)	200

Flow Diagram:



Unit Dimension:

S.N.	Name of unit Size (m x m x m)		No.	MOC/ Remark			
Stream I (Low-medium COD & TDS Stream) 850 M3/Day							
1	Screen Chamber (SC-01-A)	2.8 x 1.5 x (0.05 +0.3 FB)	1	RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lining			
2	Oil & Grease Removal Tank (OGRT-01-A)	4.0 x 2.0 x (2.0 LD +0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lining			
3	Oil & Grease Collection Tank (OGRT-01-A)	x 1.5x (2.0 LD +0.7FB)	1	RCC M25 + RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lin.			
4	Collection cum Equalization Tank-1 (CET-01-A)	8.5 x6.5 x (3.5 LD+0.7 FB)	1	RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lining			
5	Neutralization Tank (NT-01-A)	3.0 x 3.0 x (3.5LD +0.3 FB)	1	RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lining			
6	Flash Mixer-1 (FM-01-A)	2.9 x 2.9 x (3.3 LD +0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25			
7	Primary Clarifier (PCL-01-A)	8.0 dia x (3.5 SWD + 0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25			
8	Aeration Tank-1 (AT-01-A)	24.0 x 16.0 x (6.0 LD +0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25			
9	Secondary Clarifier-1 (SCL-01-A)	8.5 dia x (3.0 SWD +0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25			
10	Aeration Tank-2 (AT-02-A)	20.0 x 15.5 x (5.5 LD +0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25			
11	Secondary Clarifier (SCL-02-A)	8.0 dia x (3.0 SWD +0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25			
12	Intermediate Sump (IS-01-A)	5.5 m x 5.5 m x (3.0 m + 0.5)	1	RCC M25			
13	Multi Grade Filter(MGF-01-A)	35 m3/hr	1	MSEP			
14	Activated Carbon Filter (ACF-01-A)	35 m3/hr	1	MSEP			

15	Treated Effluent Sump (TES- 01-A) 7.0 x4.5 x (3.0 LD+0.5 FB)		1	RCC M25
16	Lime Dosing Tank (LDT-01) 2000 lit		1	HDPE
17	Alum Dosing Tank (ADT-01) 1500 lit		1	HDPE
18	Poly Dosing Tank (PDT-01) 1000 lit		1	HDPE
19	Nutrient Dosing Tank (NDT- 01) 1000 lit		2	HDPE
20	Sludge Drying Beds(SDBs-01- A/E) 6.0 m x 6.0 m		5	Brk. Maso. With PCC Bedding
21	Collection cum Equalization Tank-2 (CET-02-A)	4.0 x 3.0 x (2.5 LD+ 0.5 FB)	2	RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lining
22	Neutralization Tank (NT-02-A)	2.0 x 2.0 x (2.5 LD +0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lining
23	Flash Mixer-2 (FM-02-A)	1.5 x 1.5 (2.5 LD+ 0.7 FB)	1	RCC M25
24	Primary Tube Settler(PTS-01- 4.0 x 2.5 x (2.0 LD+1.0 HB+ 0.5 FB)		1	RCC M25
25	Holding Tank (HT-01-A) 6.0 x 4.0 x (3.0 LD+ 0.5 FB)		1	RCC M25
26	Strippers (ST-01-A)	200 M3/D	1	SS316L
27	MEE Feed Tank (MFT-01-A)	7.5 x 4.0 x (3.0 LD+ 0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25
28	Multi Effect Evaporator (MEE- 01-A) with Agitated Thin Film Dryer (ATFD-01-A)		1	SS316L

Stream-III: High COD

All High COD streams of wastewater are collected in Collection cum Equalization Tank-3 (CET-03). Then effluent is pumped to Neutralization tank-03 (NT-03) where caustic/Acid are added from Caustic/Acid Dosing tanks as per requirement to maintain neutral pH of waste water. Then after, neutralized wastewater is sent to Flash Mixer-03 (FM-03) where Alum and poly are added from Alum Dosing Tank and Poly Dosing Tank respectively. Then after, coagulated wastewater is settled in Primary Tube Settler-03 (PTS-03). Sludge settles in PTS-03 is sent to Sludge sump (SS-03) and then pumped to Filter Press (FP) for dewatering. Neutralized effluent is incinerated in own incinerator.

INCINERATOR SYSTEM

PROCESS DESCRIPTION:

PRIMARY COMBUSTION CHAMBER

The drums containing wastes as well as the organic waste are incinerated into Primary Combustion Chamber having dual fuel burner (LDO). The organic vapors as well as flue gas are released from primary Combustion chamber between 150-450 $^{\circ}$ C. The temperature of the drums is in the range of 450-750 $^{\circ}$ C.

SECONDARY COMBUSTION CHAMBER

The organic vapors and the flue gas are drawn into Secondary Combustion Chamber, which has main gas burner and dual fuel burner (LDO & NG). The chamber is maintained at sufficiently high temperature in the range of 900-1200 $^{\circ}$ C for complete oxidation of organic/flue gas. i.e complete incineration.

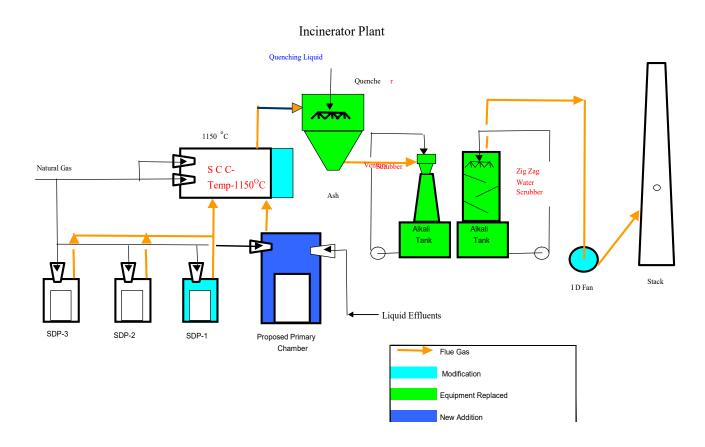
These hot gases are passed through spray quencher where water is sprayed as cooling agent to cool down the hot gases from 1200 °C to 150 °C temperature. The cooling water is sprayed through three spray nozzles. Flue gases are further cooled by mixing atmospheric air through dilution air damper before passing through scrubbing system.

SCRUBBING SYSTEM

The flue gases are pass through ventury scrubber, which contains 10% Caustic Solution under recirculation as a scrubbing media. After scrubbing through ventury scrubber, the flue gases are pass through a Zigzag scrubber for further scrubbing. This zigzag scrubber has 10% Caustic Solution as a scrubbing media. After scrubbing, the gases are pass through a demister pad of SS-316 wire mesh to eliminate moisture droplets present in the gas.

CHIMNEY

The clean gases are sent to the atmosphere through chimney of height 30 meters with the help of ID Fan. The ID Fan sucks all the gases coming from Incineration System and maintains negative suction throughout the system.



EXPECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF WASTEWATER BEFORE & AFTER TREATEMENT

Sr. No.	Category of Wastewater	Before Treatment
1	рН	2-10
2	COD (mg/L)	1,50,000 - 1,75,000
3	BOD₃ (mg/L)	10,000
4	TDS (mg/L)	90,000
5	Ammonical Nitrogen (mg/L)	400

Proposed:

M/s. Hemani Industries Ltd. (Unit-III & IV) shall have an Effluent treatment plant consisting of primary, secondary, tertiary treatment and advance treatment units. The details of ETP are as follows.

Stream I (Low COD & TDS Stream)

First all non-toxic and biodegradable streams (low & medium COD& TDS) of wastewater shall pass through Screen Chamber (SC-01-B) where floating material shall be removed with help of Screen (S-01-B). Then effluent shall be passed through Oil & Grease Removal Tank (OGRT-01-B). Automatic mechanical Oil Skimmer shall be provided in the OGRT to remove floating oil and grease from the wastewater to Oil & Grease Collection Tank (OGCT-01-B). Then effluent shall be collected in Collection cum Equalization tank-1 (CET-01-B). Pipe grid is provided at bottom of the CET-01 to keep all suspended solids in suspension and to provide proper mixing. 2 nos. of Air Blowers (1W+1 stand-by) shall supply air through to pipe grid.

Then after, equalized wastewater shall be pumped to Neutralization Tank-1 (NT-01-B) where the continuous addition and stirring of Lime solution is done to maintain neutral pH of wastewater from Lime Dosing Tanks (LDT-01-B) as per requirement by gravity. Then after, neutralized wastewater shall go to Flash Mixer-1 (FM-01-B) by gravity. Alum and Polyelectrolyte shall be dosed from Alum Dosing Tank (ADT-01) and Polyelectrolyte Dosing Tank (PEDT-01-B) respectively by gravity into FM-1-B to carry out coagulation by using a Flash Mixer. Then after, coagulated wastewater shall be settled in Primary Clarifier (PCF-01-B). Clear supernatant from PCL shall be passed in Aeration Tank (AT-01-B)

Here, biodegradation of organic matter of the wastewater shall be carried out by bacteria (suspended growth) in the AT-01 and for that oxygen shall be supplied by 2 nos. of air blowers (B-02-B) through diffusers. Air blowers also keep MLSS in suspension.

Then after, wastewater shall go to Secondary Clarifier-1 (SCL-01-B) from AT-1-B. Here, the suspended solids shall be settled. Sludge shall be removed from bottom of SCL-01-B and pumped to AT-1-B to maintain MLSS and excess activated sludge shall be sent to Sludge Sump (SS-01-B).

Clear supernatant from SCL-01-B shall go to Aeration Tank-2 (AT-02-B). Here biodegradation of left out organic matter of the wastewater shall be carried out by bacteria (suspended growth) and for that oxygen shall be supplied by two nos. of blowers (B-03-C/D) with help of diffusers. Then after, wastewater shall go to Secondary Clarifier-2 (SCL-02-B) from AT-2-B. Here, the suspended solids shall be settled. Activated sludge shall be removed from bottom of SCL-02-B and pumped to AT-02-B to maintain MLSS and remaining will be sent to SS. Nutrients will be added from NDTs to Aeration Tank-1-B & 2-B for growth of Bacteria. Clear effluent is the collected in of Intermediate Sump (IS-01-B) by gravity.

Thereafter, the wastewater shall be passed through Multi Grade Filter (MGF-01-B) to remove left out TSS and Activated Carbon Filter (ACF-01-B) for final effluent polishing. After tertiary treatment, effluent shall be collected in Treated Effluent Sump (TES-01-B) and effluent from TES-01-A also

collected before treat RO units (RO-1 & 2). RO permeates from RO-1 and RO-2 shall be sent to High pressure RO (HPRO-1) for further treatment. RO-1 & RO-2 permeates shall be collected in RO Permeate Tank (ROPT-01) and then reuse in process. RO reject shall be collected in High Pressure RO Tank (HPRO-01). HP RO reject shall be sent to ME Feed Tank (MFT-01-B) for further treatment and HPRO-01 permeate shall be collected in ROPT-01. Treated water from ROPT-01 tank shall be reuse in boiler, cooling and in washing.

Sludge settled in PCL-01-B and excess sludge from SCL-01-B/02-B & PTS-01-B shall be collected in Sludge Sump then sludge shall be pumped to Centrifuge (CFG-01) where, dewatering shall be carried out before storage in HWSA and ultimate disposal to TSDF. Leachate from CFG-01 and backwash from MGF-01-B and ACF-01-B shall be collected in Drain Pit and pumped back to CET-01-B for further treatment.

Stream II (High TDS stream)

All High TDS streams of wastewater shall be collected in Collection cum Equalization Tank-2 (CET-02-B). Pipe grid is provided at bottom of the CET-02-B to keep all suspended solids in suspension and to provide proper mixing. 2 nos. of Air Blowers (1W+1 stand-by) shall supply air through to pipe grid. Then effluent shall be pumped to Neutralization Tank-2(NT-02-B) where Lime shall be added from Lime Dosing tank. Then after, effluent shall have sent to Flash Mixer-2 (FM-02-B) where Alum and poly shall be added from ADT and PDT respectively. Then after, coagulated wastewater shall be settled in Primary Tube Settler (PTS-01-B).

Clear effluent from PTS shall be collected in Holding Tank (HT-01-B) before pumped to strippers. Effluent from stripper and HPRO-01 shall be then collected in MEE Feed Tank (MFT-01-B) where RO reject shall be mixed. Then effluent shall be sent to Multiple Effect Evaporator (MEE-01-B) for further treatment followed by Agitated Thin Film Dryer (ATFD-01-B) for solids dewatering. Condensate from MEE shall reuse in washing and utilities and solids from ATFD-01-B shall be collected and stored in HWSA for disposal in TSDF.

SIZE OF TANKS (Stream I & II) (PROPOSED)

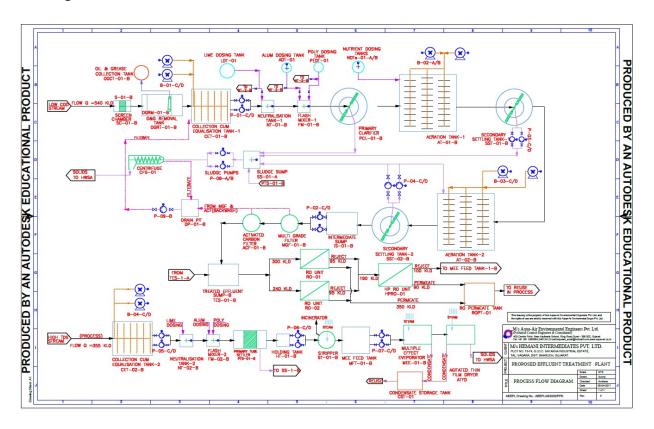
S.N.	Name of unit	Size (m x m x m)	No.	MOC/ Remark			
Stream I (Low-medium COD & TDS Stream) 540 M3/D							
1	Screen Chamber (SC-01-B)	2.5 x 1.5 x (0.05 +0.3 FB)	1	RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lining			
2	Oil & Grease Removal Tank (OGRT-01-B)	3.0 x 1.5 x (1.5 LD +0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lining			
3	Oil & Grease Collection Tank (OGRT-01-B)	1.5 x 1.0 x (1.0 LD +0.7FB)	1	RCC M25 + RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lin.			
4	Collection cum Equalization Tank-1 (CET-01-B)	7.0 x6.5 x (3.0 LD+0.7 FB)	1	RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lining			
5	Neutralization Tank (NT-01-B)	2.2 x 2.2 x (3.0LD +0.3 FB)	1	RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lining			
6	Flash Mixer-1 (FM-01-B)	2.2 x 2.2 x (2.8 LD +0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25			
7	Primary Clarifier (PCL-01-B)	7.0 dia x (3.0 SWD + 0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25			
8	Aeration Tank-1 (AT-01-B)	22.0 x 15.0 x (5.5 LD +0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25			
9	Secondary Clarifier-1 (SCL-01-B)	7.5 dia x (3.0 SWD +0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25			
10	Aeration Tank-2 (AT-02-B)	18.0 x 14.0 x (5.0 LD +0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25			
11	Secondary Clarifier (SCL-02-B)	7.0 dia x (3.0 SWD +0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25			
12	Intermediate Sump (IS-01-B)	4.5 m x 4.5 m x (3.0 m + 0.5)	1	RCC M25			
13	Multi Grade Filter(MGF-01-B)	25 m3/hr	1	MSEP			
14	Activated Carbon Filter (ACF- 01-B)	25 m3/hr	1	MSEP			
15	RO Feed Tank (ROFT-01)	6.0 x4.0 x (2.5 LD+0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25			

16	RO-1 & RO-2	270 m3/D (Each)		Std.
17	High Pressure RO (HPRO-01) 190 m3/D		1	Std.
18	RO Permeate Tank (ROPT-01) 10.0 x 6.0 (3.0+0.5)		1	RCC M25
19	Lime Dosing Tank (LDT-01) 1500 lit 1		1	HDPE
20	Alum Dosing Tank (ADT-01) 1000 lit		1	HDPE
21	Poly Dosing Tank (PDT-01) 1000 lit		1	HDPE
22	Nutrient Dosing Tank (NDTs- 01-A/B)		2	HDPE
23	Sludge Sump (SS-01-B) 3.0 m x 3.0 m x (3.0 m + 0.5)		2	RCC M25
24	Centrifuge (CFG-01)	80 M ³	2	Brk. Maso. With PCC Bedding
Stream	II (High TDS stream) 255 m3/I	D+100 m3/D RO Reject	•	
25	Collection cum Equalization Tank-2 (CET-02)	5.0 x 3.5 x (3.0 LD+ 0.5 FB)	2	RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lining
26	Neutralization Tank (NT-01) 2.5 x 2.5 x (3.0 LD +0.5 FB)		1	RCC M25+A/A Bk. Lining
27	Flash Mixer-2 (FM-02)	2.0 x 2.0 (2.8 LD+ 0.7 FB)	1	RCC M25
28	Primary Tube Settler(PTS-01)	4.5 x 3.0 x (2.5 LD+1.0 HB+ 0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25
29	Holding Tank (HT-01)	7.0 x 5.0 x (3.5 LD+ 0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25
30	Strippers (ST-01)	255 M3/D	1	SS316L
31	MEE Feed Tank (MFT-01)	8.5 x 5.0 x (3.5 LD+ 0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25
32	Multi Effect Evaporator (MEE- 01) with Agitated Thin Film Dryer (ATFD-01)	355 M3/D	1	SS316L

RCC M25 = REINFORCED CEMENT CONCRETE (M 25 GRADE)

PCC = PLAIN CEMENT CONCRETE
MSEP = MILD STEEL EPOXY PAINTED

Flow Diagram:



Details of STP:

DETAILS OF SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

First all non-toxic and biodegradable streams of sewage shall be passed through Screen Chamber(SC-01) where Screen (S-01) is provided to remove floating material from sewage. Then effluent shall be passed through Oil & Grease Removal Trap (OGRT). Floating oil and grease from the wastewater shall be removed manually and collected in O & G Collection tank (OGCT) from it. Then after, the sewage is collected in Collection Tank (CT-01). Then sewage shall be pump to Moving Bed Bio-Reactor (MBBR) with help of submersible pump (P-01).

In MBBR tank dissolved organics are removed with the help of bacteria in presence of oxygen provided by centrifugal blower through diffused aeration system. MBBR tank is loaded with special media which inhibits attached bacterial growth. Due to this attached growth, the quantity of sludge generation is very little and the treatment is more effective in a very less retention time. This treated sewage shall be transferred to Tube Settler (TS), where Sludge settles in TS shall be sludge is discarded in sludge drying beds (SDB) for drying. Leachate from SDBs is sent back to Collection tank for treatment and dry sludge is used as manure.

The treated sewage shall be then collect in Intermediate Sump (IS) where for disinfection of sewage, Sodium Hypochlorite shall be added from Sodium Hypochlorite Dosing Tank with help of Dosing Pump.

This treated water shall be pump to Dual Media filter (DMF) with help of Centrifugal pump(P-02). This treated water pass through Dual Media filter (DMF) to ensure total removal of suspended particles and for polishing treatment. Treated water is then collected in Treated Water Sump (TWS) having capacity of one-day storage, before used for irrigation.

SIZE OF TANKS

creen Chamber (SC) Dil & Grease Removal Trap (OGRT) Collection Tank (CT) Moving Beds Bio-Rector (MBBR)	3.5 x1.0 x (0.05 LD+0.3 FB) 4.0 x 1.0x (1.2 LD+0.5 FB) 4.0 x 3.0 x (2.8LD+0.7 FB)	1 1	RCC M25 RCC M25 RCC M25
oil & Grease Removal Trap (OGRT) follection Tank (CT)	4.0 x 1.0x (1.2 LD+0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25
collection Tank (CT)	, , ,		
· ·	4.0 x 3.0 x (2.8LD+0.7 FB)	1	RCC M25
Moving Beds Bio-Rector (MBBR)		1	
	4.0 x2.5 x (4.0 LD + 0.3 HB+ 0.3 FB)	1	MSFRP
ube Settler (TS)	3.0 x2.5 x (2.5 LD + 0.5 HB+ 0.3 FB)	1	MSFRP
ntermediate Sump (IS)	2.5 x2.0 x (3.0 LD + 0.3 HB+ 0.5 FB)	1	MSFRP
oual media filter(DMF)	7 m3/hr	1	FRP
reated Water Sump(TWS)	5.0 x 5.0 x (3.0 LD+0.5 FB)	1	RCC M25
ludge drying beds (SDB)	4.0 x 3.0	2	Brick Mos. With PCC bedding
& G Collection Tank (OGCT)	500 lit	1	HDPE
odium Hypo Dosing Tank(SHDT)	750 Lit	1	HDPE
	ual media filter(DMF) reated Water Sump(TWS) udge drying beds (SDB)	ntermediate Sump (IS) 2.5 x2.0 x (3.0 LD + 0.3 HB+ 0.5 FB) 1 may hr 2 may hr 2 may hr 3 may hr 5 no x 5 no x (3.0 LD+0.5 FB) 4 no x 3 no 5 no Collection Tank (OGCT) 5 no LD+0 no FB)	1 2.5 x2.0 x (3.0 LD + 0.3 HB+ 0.5 FB) 1 ual media filter(DMF) 7 m3/hr 1 reated Water Sump(TWS) 5.0 x 5.0 x (3.0 LD+0.5 FB) 1 udge drying beds (SDB) 4.0 x 3.0 2

ANNEXURE: 6

DETAILS OF HAZARDOUS WASTES:

SR.	SOURCE OF	CATEGORY	QUANTITY (MT/ MONTH)		MODE OF DISPOSAL	
110.	WASTE		EXISTING	ADDITIONAL	TOTAL	
1	ETP Sludge	35.3	420	200	620	Collection, Storage, Transportation & sent to common TSDF of M/s. SEPPL, Kutch or M/s. BEIL, Ankleshwar.
2	Date Expired & Off-Specification products	29.3	20	-	20	Collection, Storage, Transportation & sent to on- site incinerator or common
3	Incinerable Liquid Waste	29.1	350	250	600	Incinerator of M/s. SEPPL, Kutch or M/s. BEIL, Ankleshwar
4	Distillation Residue	20.3	380	130	510	or co-processing in cement industries or RSPL, Panoli.
5	Used Oil	5.1	200 Ltrs	400 Ltrs	600 Ltrs	Collection, Storage, Transportation & sell to registered reprocessors / reuse as lubricant.
6.	Discarded Containers/ Bags	33.1	4,500 Nos	4,500 Nos	9,000 Nos	Collection, Storage, Decontamination, Detoxification, Transportation & sell to GPCB authorized vendors.
7.	Incineration Ash	37.2	15		15	Collection, Storage, Transportation & sent to common TSDF of M/s. BEIL, Ankleshwar or M/s. SEPPL, Kutch.
8	Fly Ash	37.2	4,340	5,660	10,000	Collection, Storage, Transportation & sell to brick manufactures.
9	Salts of Multiple Effect Evaporator	35.3	600	750	1,350	Collection, Storage, Transportation & sent to common TSDF of M/s. SEPPL,

						Kutch or M/s. BEIL, Ankleshwar.
10	Organic Residue	29.1	00	200	200	Collection, Storage, Transportation & sent to onsite incinerator or common Incinerator of M/s. SEPPL, Kutch or M/s. BEIL, Ankleshwar or co-processing in cement industries or RSPL, Panoli.
11	30% HCl	29.6	263.75	2219.25	2483	
12	Sodium Sulfite (80% wet cake)		1,000.25	4,229.75	5,230	
13	Ammonium Chloride (75-80% wet cake)		425	4,495	4,920	
14	Ammonium Chloride (20-25% Solution)		1,500		1,500	Collection, Storage, Transportation & sell to GPCB authorized end user.
15	KCl (20-25% Solution)		1,610	940	2,550	
16	Spent Sulphuric Acid (55%)	29.6	700	405	1,105	
17	Sodium Sulphate Solution (30% to 35%)		2,000	5,240	7,240	
18	Potassium Bromide			215	215	
19	HBr	29.6		6301	6301	
20	Cupric Chloride Solution		85	65	150	
21	Cuprous Hydroxide			100	100	
	Sodium Bisulfite			550	550	

ANNEXURE: 7
DETAILS OF FLUE & PROCESS GAS EMISSION
Flue Gas Emission

SN.	STACK ATTACHED TO	CONTROL	HEIGHT (M)	AIR EMISSION		
		MEASURES		POLLUTANT	PERMISSIBLE LIMIT	
lue Ga	as Stacks					
1.	Boiler-1	Bag Filter	50	SPM	150 mg/nm ³	
				SO_2	100 ppm	
				NOx	50 ppm	
2.	Boiler-2	Bag Filter	50	SPM	150 mg/nm ³	
				SO ₂	100 ppm	
				NOx	50 ppm	
3	Incinerator (fuel used	Multi cyclone	30	SPM	150 mg/nm3	
	LDO = 5 KL/month)	separator		SO_2	100 mg/nm3	
				NOx	50 mg/nm3	
				HC	15 mg/nm3	
				СО	150 mg/nm3	
				HCl	20 mg/nm3	
				Cl_2	9 mg/nm3	
4.	Thermic fluid Heater (fuel used FO = 15		12			
	KL/month)			SPM	150 mg/nm ³	
5.	Thermic Fluid Heater &	ESP	50	SO ₂	100 ppm	
	Boiler			NOx	50 ppm	
	(8 T/hrs)					
6.	D.G. Set (1010 KVA x 3 Nos.)		11			
ropos	ed					
7.	Boiler-3	ESP	50	SPM	150 mg/nm ³	
	(8 MT/Hr)			SO ₂	100 ppm	
				NOx	50 ppm	
8.	Boiler-4	ESP	50			
	(10 MT/Hr)					
9.	Thermic Fluid Heater	ESP	50	SPM	150 mg/nm ³	
٦.	(12 Lac KCal/Hr.)	231		SO ₂	100 ppm	
10.	D.G. Set additional		11	NOx	50 ppm	
10.	(1010 KVA x 5 Nos.)	_				

Details of Process Vent

Sr. No.	Stack attached to	Stack Height	Air Pollution	Parameter	Permissible Limit
			Control System		
Existing	<u> </u>			1	1
1	CMAC Plant	15 m	Alkali Scrubber	HCI	20 mg/Nm ³
				CI2	9 mg/Nm ³
				SO2	
2	MBD Plant	15 m	Alkali Scrubber	HCI	20 mg/Nm ³
				CI2	9 mg/Nm ³
				HBr	5 mg/Nm ³
3	Herbicide	12 m	Two Stage Water	HCI	20 mg/Nm ³
			Alkali Scrubber	SO2	40 mg/Nm ³
				HBR	5 mg/Nm ³
4	Fungicide	12 m	Two Stage Water	HCI	20 mg/Nm ³
			Alkali Scrubber	SO2	40 mg/Nm ³
5	Insecticide	12 m	Two Stage Water	HCI	20 mg/Nm ³
			Alkali Scrubber	SO2	40 mg/Nm ³
Propose	ed	-			
6.	Process Vent	12 m	Two Stage Scrubber	NH3	175 mg/Nm ³
7.	Process Vent	12 m	Two Stage Scrubber	SO2	40 mg/Nm ³

ANNEXURE: 8

DETAILS HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL STORAGE FACILITY

SR.	NAME OF	NO. OF	TOTAL	PLACE OF	CONTROL
NO.		STORAGE TANK	QUANTITY	STORAGE	MEASURES PROVIDED
1	Sulphuric Acid	2	20 KL	Tank Farm Area	 Store in a cool, dry, ventilated storage area with acid resistant floors and good drainage. Protect from physical damage. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat, water, and incompatible materials. Do not wash out container and use it for other purposes.
2	Oleum 23%	1	20 KL		 Store at ambient temperatures with venting open. Protect containers against physical damage and water. Handling should occur in a chemical fume hood. Workers employed in mfr, handling or use of sulfuric acid should wear suitable personal protective equipment, including chem. goggles, face screens, gloves, neoprene or PVC boots and acid-resistant trousers, legs of which should fall over boots.
3	Caustic Lye	1	20 KL		 Store at ambient temperatures with venting open. Protect containers against physical damage and water. Handling should occur in a chemical fume hood.
4	35 % Hydrochloric Acid	2	20 KL		 Safeguard containers against mechanical injury. Emergency eyewash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of potential exposure. Do not puncture or incinerate containers. Wear appropriate chemical protective clothing.

SR.	NAME OF	NO. OF	TOTAL	PLACE OF	CONTROL
NO.	HAZARDOUS	STORAGE	QUANTITY	STORAGE	MEASURES PROVIDED
	SUBSTANCE	TANK			
5	Thinoyl Chloride	3	35*3 MT	Tank Farm Area	Store in a cool, dry, area away from incompatible substances. Respiratory Protection equipment Fire Fighting Equipment, Flame proof electrical equipment., No manual handling
6	Phenol	2	20 KL	Tank Farm Area	 Store in a cool, dry, under ground storage area away from incompatible substances. Flammables-area. Respiratory Protection equipment Fire Fighting Equipment, Flame proof electrical equipment.
7	Toluene	1	20 KL	Tank Farm Area	Store in a, dry well-ventilated location, away from any area where the fire hazard may be acute. If the exposure limit is exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, a full face piece respirator with organic vapor cartridge may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest above flash point, vapor-air mixtures are explosive within flammable limits noted above.
8	EDC	1	20 KL	Tank Farm Area	
9	N-Hexane	1	20 KL	Tank Farm Area	 Store in a cool, dry, under ground storage area away from incompatible substances. Flammables-area. Respiratory

SR.	NAME O	FNO. OF	TOTAL	PLACE OF	CONTROL
NO.	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE	STORAGE TANK	QUANTITY	STORAGE	MEASURES PROVIDED
					Protection equipment Fire Fighting Equipment, Flame proof electrical equipment., No manual handling
10	IPA	1	20 KL	Tank Farm Area	3. Store in a cool, dry place. Store in a tightly closed container, Respiratory Protection equipment Fire Fighting Equipment, Flame proof electrical equipment., No manual handling
11	Nitrobenzene	1	10 KL	Tank Farm Area	4. Store in underground storage tank, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Flammables-area. Keep containers tightly closed. Stable under normal temperatures and pressures
12	SO₂ Gas	1	25 KL	Tank Farm Area	Store in a cool, dry, area away from incompatible substances. Respiratory Protection equipment Fire Fighting Equipment, Flame proof electrical equipment., No manual handling
13	Bromine	5 KL	5 KL x 1 Nos Tank	Isolated Tank	Bromine will be stored in Iso- container in separate storage area and transported in Iso- container.
14	Methanol	20 KL	10 KL x 2 Nos Tank	U/G Tank MS	 Flame proof plant, pumping transfer, close process, etc. Double Static earthing
15	Dimethyl Formamide	20 KL	10 KL x 2 Nos Tank	U/G Tank MS	 Dyke wall Tanker unloading procedure. SCBA sets available.
16	Hydrogen	2 MT	Cylinder	Cylinder	 Flame proof plant, pumping transfer, close process, etc. Jumper clips on flanges Fire extinguishers Fencing and No Smoking and prohibited area. Tanker unloading procedure. Flame arrestor provided on vent line of the tank

SR. NO.	NAME HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE	OF NO. OF STORAGE TANK	TOTAL QUANTITY	PLACE O STORAGE	FCONTROL MEASURES PROVIDED
					12. Hydrant system
17	Nitric Acid	50 KL	25 KL x 2 Nos Tank	MS A/G Tank	 Safety Showers provided Caution note provided Dyke wall provided Level gauge provided. Double drain valve provided Scrubber provided Required PPEs provided to all employees

ANNEXURE 9

SOCIO - ECONOMIC IMPACTS

1) EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES

The manpower requirement for the proposed project is expected to generate some permanent jobs and secondary jobs for the operation and maintenance of plant. This will increase direct / indirect employment opportunities and ancillary business development to some extent for the local population. This phase is expected to create a beneficial impact on the local socio-economic environment.

2) INDUSTRIES

Required raw materials and skilled and unskilled labors will be utilized maximum from the local area. The increasing industrial activity will boost the commercial and economical status of the locality, to some extent.

3) PUBLIC HEALTH

The company regularly examines, inspects and tests its emission from sources to make sure that the emission is below the permissible limit. Hence, there will not be any significant change in the status of sanitation and the community health of the area, as sufficient measures have been taken and proposed under the EMP.

4) TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION

In brief, as a result of the proposed project there will be no adverse impact on sanitation, communication and community health, as sufficient measures have been proposed to be taken under the EMP. The proposed project is not expected to make any significant change in the existing status of the socio economic environment of this region.

ANNEXURE - 10

PROPOSED DRAFT TERMS OF REFERENCE:

1. Project Description

- 1. Justification of project.
- 2. Promoters and their back ground
- 3. Project site location along with site map of 5 km area and site details providing various industries, surface water bodies, forests etc.
- 4. Project cost
- 5. Project location and Plant layout.
- 6. Water source and utilization including proposed water balance.
- 7. Product spectrum (proposed products along with production capacity) and process
- 8. List of hazardous chemicals.
- 9. Mass balance of each product
- 10. Storage and Transportation of raw materials and products.

2. Description of the Environment and Baseline Data Collection

- 1. Micrometeorological data for wind speed, direction, temperature, humidity and rainfall in 5 km area.
- 2. Existing environmental status Vis a Vis air, water, noise, soil in 5 km area from the project site. For SPM, RSPM, SO₂, NOx.
- 3. Ground water quality at 5 locations within 5 km.
- 4. Complete water balance

3. Socio Economic Data

1. Existing socio-economic status, land use pattern and infrastructure facilities available in the study area were surveyed.

4. Impacts Identification And Mitigatory Measures

- 1. Identification of impacting activities from the proposed project during construction and operational phase.
- 2. Impact on air and mitigation measures including green belt
- 3. Impact on water environment and mitigation measures
- 4. Soil pollution source and mitigation measures
- 5. Noise generation and control.
- 6. Solid waste quantification and disposal.

5. Environmental Management Plan

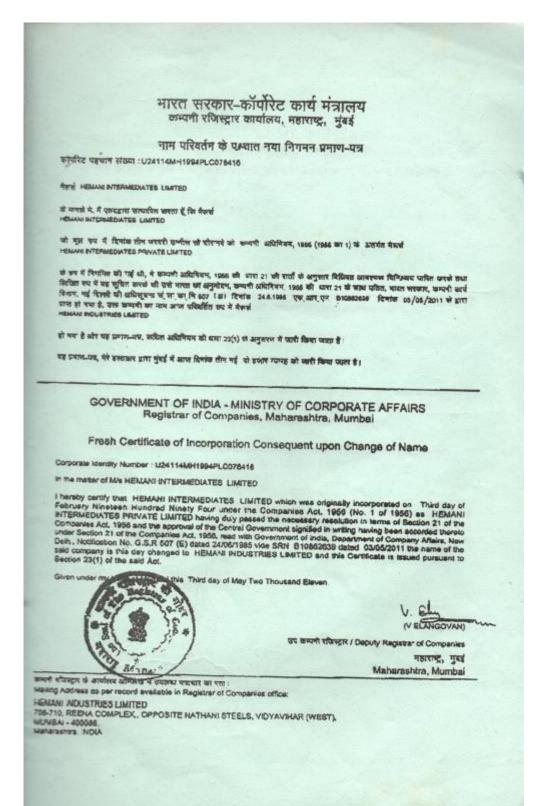
- 1. Details of pollution control measures
- 2. Environment management team
- 3. Proposed schedule for environmental monitoring including post project

6. Risk Assessment

1. Objectives and methodology of risk assessment

- 2. Details on storage facilities
- 3. Process safety, transportation, fire fighting systems, safety features and emergency capabilities to be adopted.
- 4. Identification of hazards
- 5. Consequence analysis through occurrence & evaluation of incidents
- 6. Disaster Management Plan.
- 7. Information for Control of Fugitive Emissions
- 8. Post Project Monitoring Plan for Air, Water, Soil and Noise.
- 9. Information on Rain Water Harvesting
- 10. Green Belt Development plan

Annexure -11 Memorandum for name changed from "Hemani Intermediates P. Ltd." to "Hemani Industries Ltd.



भारत सरकार-कॉर्पोरेट कार्य मंत्रालय कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार कार्यालय, महाराष्ट्र, मुंबई

लिमिटेड कम्पनी के रूप में परिवर्तित होने के परिणामस्वरूप, कम्पनी के नाम में परिवर्तन का नया निगमन प्रमाण-पत्र

कॉर्पोरेट पहचान संख्या : U24114MH1994PLC076416

THE HELLAN INTERMEDIATES PRIVATE LIMITED

🕏 मामले में, में एतदद्वारा सरवापित करता हूँ कि मैसर्स HEMANI INTERMEDIATES PRIVATE LIMITED

जो नूत रूप में दिनांक तीन फरवरी उन्नीस सी घौरानवे को कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 (1956 का 1) के अतंर्गत मैसर्स

के रूप में निगमित की गई थी, और उसके द्वारा कम्पनी अधिनियम,1958 की धारा 44 के साथ पठित धारा 31/21 की शतों के अनुसार विधिवत आवश्यक विनिध्यय दिनांक 07/03/2011 को पारित किया है, उक्त कम्पनी का नाम परिवर्तित होकर आज मैसर्स HEMANI INTERMEDIATES LIMITED

हो गया है तथा यह प्रमान-पत्र उक्त अभिनियम की घारा 23(1) के अनुसरण में जारी किया जा पहा है।

यह प्रमान-पत्र, मेरे हस्ताक्षर से आज दिनांक चंदह अग्रेल दो हजार ग्यारह को मुंबई मगर में जारी किया जाता है।

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA - MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai

Fresh Certificate of Incorporation Consequent upon Change of Name on Conversion to Public Limited Company

Corporate Identity Number: U24114MH1994PLC076416

In the matter of M/s HEMANI INTERMEDIATES PRIVATE LIMITED

I hereby certify that HEMANI INTERMEDIATES PRIVATE LIMITED which was originally incorporated on Third day of February Nineteen Hundred Ninety Four under the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) as hemani intermediates private limited, having duly passed the necessary resolution on 07/03/2011 in terms of Section 31/ 21 read with Section 44 of the Companies Act, 1956; the name of the said company is this day changed to HEMANI INTERMEDIATES LIMITED and this Certificate is issued pursuant to Section 23(1) of the said Act.

this Fifteenth day of April Two Thousand Eleven.

(V ELANGOVAN)

उप कम्पनी एजिस्ट्रार / Deputy Registrar of Companies महाराष्ट्र, मुंबई

Maharashtra, Mumbai

🖦 नी रजिस्ट्रार के कार्यालय अभिलेख में उपलब्ध पत्राचार का पता

Making Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

HEMANI INTERMEDIATES LIMITED

706-710, REENA COMPLEX, OPPOSITE NATHANI STEELS, VIDYAVIHAR (WEST),

MUMBAJ - 400086

Maharashtra, INDIA

भारत सरकार-कॉर्पोरेट कार्य मंत्रालय कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार कार्यालय, महाराष्ट्र, मुंबई

कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की घारा 18 (1) (क) उद्देश्य-खंडों में परिवर्तन की पुष्टि हेतु विशेष विनिश्चय के पंजीकरण का प्रमाण-पत्र

कॉपरिट पहचान संख्या : U24114MH1984PTC076416

THE HEMANI INTERMEDIATES PRIVATE LIMITED

के अंशधारकों ने दिनांक 07/03/2011 को आयोजित की गई वार्षिक / असाधारण बैठक में एक विशेष विनिध्न्यय पारित करके कम्पनी अधिनियम,1956 (1958 का 1) की घारा 18 (1) का अनुपालन करते हुए अपने संगम-झापन के प्रावधानों में परिवर्तन कर लिया है।

🔍 एतदद्वारा सत्यापित करता हूँ कि उक्त विशेष विगिश्यय की प्रतिलिपि, यथा परिवर्तित संगम-ज्ञापन के साथ, आज

के इस्तावर द्वारा मुंबई में यह प्रमाण-पत्र, आज दिनांक इकतीस मार्च दो हजार ग्यारह को जारी किया जाता है।

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA - MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra, Mumbai

SECTION 18(1)(A) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956 Certificate of Registration of the Special Resolution Confirming Alteration of Object Clause(s)

Corporate Identity Number: U24114MH1994PTC076416

The share holders of M's HEMANI INTERMEDIATES PRIVATE LIMITED having passed Special Resolution in the Annual/Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 07/03/2011 altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association with respect to its objects and compiled with the Section (18)(1) of the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of

I hereby certify that the said Special Resolution together with the copy of the Memorandum of Association as altered has this day been registered.

of el-furning this Thirty First day of March Two Thousand Eleven.

(V ELANGOVAN)

उप कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार / Deputy Registrar of Companies

महाराष्ट्र, मुंबई

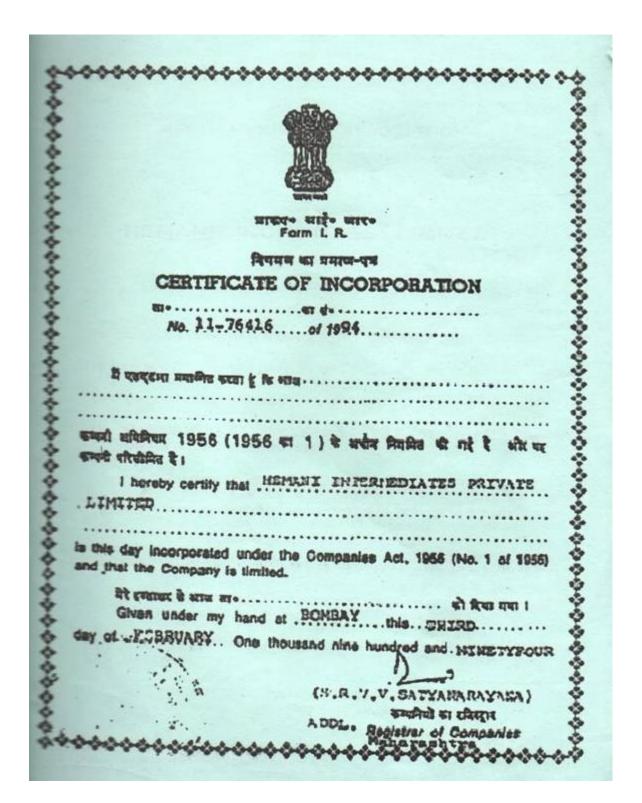
Maharashtra, Mumbai

क्यांची टॉकस्ट्रार के कार्यालय अभिलेख में छपलका पत्राधार का पता : making Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

HEMANI INTERMEDIATES PRIVATE LIMITED
136-710, REENA COMPLEX,, OPPOSITE NATHANI STEELS, VIDYAVIHAR (WEST).

MBAI - 400088

iranashira, INDIA



THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF

HEMANI INDUSTRIES LIMITED*

The name of the Company is HEMANI INDUSTRIES LIMITED.

The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in the State of Maharashtra.

The Objects for which the Company is established are:

- (A) MAIN OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION ARE:
 - 1**. To carry on in India or elsewhere the business of manufacturing, buying, distributing, selling, importing, exporting, commission agent, consultants and otherwise dealing in all kinds of chemicals, organic and inorganic, dyes and dye intermediates, pigments and pigment intermediates, pesticide intermediates, pesticides technical, insecticides technical, fungicides technical, herbicide technical, weedicides technical and its intermediates plus formulations in branded and unbranded segments, pharmaceuticals, pharmaceutical intermediates, pharmaceutical formulations, Aromatic chemicals performing and flavouring chemicals and cosmetics.
- (B) OBJECTS INCIDENTAL OR ANCILLARY TO THE ATTAINMENT OF THE MAIN OBJECTS:
 - To carry on the business of importers, exporters, dealers, resellers, jobworkers, fabricators of chemical plants.

- To give technical and managerial know-how for manufacturing and setting plants for producing dyes, dye intermediate, chemicals, pigments, pigment intermediates and pharmaceutical products.
- To Purchase takeover or otherwise acquire or undertake the whole any part of business in respect of all or any kind of materials, goods, and articles mentioned above.
- To acquire by purchase, contract, concession, license, lease or otherwise any land, mines, quarries, buildings, factories, workshops, godowns for raising for sale and for manufacturing purpose of the Company.
- 6. To enter into any arrangement with any Government or authorities supreme, Municipal, Port Trust, Railways, district Local Boards, Civil and Military authorities or otherwise that may seem conducive to the company's main objects and to obtain from any such concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain and to carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges and concessions.
- 7. To purchase, take on lease, in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any immovable or movable property and any rights or privileges which the Company may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of these objects and capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the Company"s property or rights for the time being.
- 8. To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake to carry on the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person, corporation or companies for carrying on any business which this Company is authorized to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purpose of this Company.
- To remunerate Directors, Managing Directors, staff and employees of the Company and others, out of, or in proportion to the returns of profits of the Company or in such other manner as the Company may deem fit.
- 10. To enter into partnership or any arrangement for sharing profits, amalgamation, union of interests, reciprocal concession, joint venture or co-operation with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in, carrying on or about to carry on or engage a business or transaction which this Company is authorized to carry on and to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares, stocks, or securities of any other company and to sell, hold, reissue with or without guarantee or otherwise deal with such shares or securities.
- 11. To lend money, either with or without security and generally to such persons as have got dealings with the Company and upon such terms and conditions as the company may think fit. The Company shall not do any Banking business as defined under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.
- 12. To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, inventions, licences, concession and the like conferring any exclusive or limited right to use any secret or other information as to any invention which

may seem capable of being used for any purposes of the Company and to use, exercise, develop or grant licences in respect of or otherwise turn to account the property, rights or information so acquired.

- 13. To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof at such time and for such consideration as the Company may think fit and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any other company having objects, altogether or in part similar to those of this Company. To give on hire or lease the whole or part of the undertaking of the company or any of the assets which the company for the time being cannot effectively use.
- 14. To adopt such means of making known the business of the Company as may seem expedient and in Particular by advertising in the press, by circulars, bills, posters, or by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations.
- To promote any company or companies having similar objects for the purposes of acquiring all or any of the property, rights and liabilities of that Company.
- 16. To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money from any Government, Semi-Government or other Financial Institution or Banks or from any other sources in such manner as the Company shall think fit and in particular by the issue of debentures or debenture-stocks, perpetual or otherwise charged upon all or any of the Company's property (both present and future), including its uncalled capital and to purchase, redeem and pay off any securities, subject to provisions of Section 58A and R.B.I. objectives.
- To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time determined.
- 18. To draw, make, accept, discount, execute and issue Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, and securities of all kinds and descriptions, Bills of lading, Warrants, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments and securities. To open various kinds of account or accounts with any bank or banks and operate them.
- To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, mortgage, discharge of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- To appoint agents and constitute agencies of the Company in India and elsewhere.
- 21. To pay all or any costs, charges and expenses preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation and registration of the Company and to pay the salary, Wages and other expenses for the establishment of the Company and to remunerate any person which the Directors may deem fit.

- 22. To do above things in any part of the world as principals, contractors, sub-contractors, trustees, agents or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others and to do all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.
- 23. To grant pensions, allowances, gratuities and bonuses to officers, agents, employees, or ex-employees of the company, its predecessors in business or in the independents of such employees.
- 24. To give guarantee for the performance or discharge of any obligations, liabilities, duties or the payments of money by any persons, firms and companies or Government of State and to give indemnity of all kinds.
- 25. To distribute any of the property of the Company among the members in specie or in kind in event of winding up subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, of 1956.
- 26. To establish, provide maintain, conduct or otherwise subsidise research laboratories, experimental stations, workshops, for scientific and technical researches, experiments, and tests of all kinds and to promote studies and research, both scientific and technical researches, experiments, and tests of all kinds and to promote studies and research, both scientific and technical investigation and invention by providing, subsidizing, endowing or assisting laboratories, libraries, training colleges, schools and other institutions for training lectures, meetings and conferences and by providing the remuneration of scientific or technical professors, or teachers and by providing for the award for exhibitions, scholarships, prizes, grants and parasaries to students or otherwise and generally to encourage, promote and regard studies, researches, investigations, experiments, tests and inventions of any kind that may be considered likely to assist any business which the Company is authorized to carry on.
- 27. To support, subscribe, or contribute from time to time to any charitable, benevolent object of a public or private character, to grant stipends and scholarship for studies in India and abroad and to establish support or aid in the establishment and support of Associations, Institutions, Clubs, Societies, Funds, Trusts and conveniences, to provident pension, loan or other funds for the benefit of the officers, agents, staff, employees and ex-employees of the Company.

(C) OTHER OBJECTS:

- 28. To carry on the business of manufacturers, importers, exporters, distributors, agents and dealers in all kind of masala, spice grams, cereals, other food products and tinned food products of all kind.
- 29. To carry on the business of manufacturers, importers, exporters distributors, agents and dealers in all kind of plastics in all its forms and varieties and generally in Thermo Plastics, Reinforced Plastics PVC Flexible and rigid sheets, Leather Cloth, Industrial and decorative sheets and laminates, plastic moulded goods and accessories Chemicals polythelene, polyvinylchloride, polystyrene, Pheno-

Formaldehyde, Urea-Formaldehyde, Melamine, Resins, Cellulose, Acrylic sheets, tubings, moulds machinery and products and bye-products of all or any of the above items and all other allied or connected items.

- 30. To carry on the business of manufacturers, importers, exporters, distributors, agents and dealers in iron and steel and all kinds of automobile parts and accessories, electronics goods electrical goods and accessories and spare parts and allied lines.
- 31. To carry on the business of manufacturers, importers, exporters, distributors, agents and dealers in all kind of machinery tools and equipments, garments, textile fabrics and yarn of all varieties and article made thereof, glass, ceramics, paper, stationery, cutlery and the products and bye-products of all or any of the above items and all other allied and connected items and generally to do business as stockists and commission agents and brokers.
- To carry on the business of epoxy coating of all kinds of steel items and other materials.
- W. The liability of the members is limited.
- (a*) The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 15,00,00,000/- (Rupees Fifteen Crores Only) divided into 1,50,00,000 (One Crore Fifty Lacs) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten only) each with power to increase or reduce the capital of the Company and to sub-divide the shares in capital for time being to several classes and attach hereto respectively preferential qualities or special rights or condition as may be determined by or in accordance with regulations of the Company and to vary them subject to the Companies Act, 1956.
 - (b**) The paid up capital shall be minimum of Rs. 5,00,000/- (Rupees Five Lakhs only).

* *

Increase of Authorised Share Capital from Rs. 5,00,000/- to Rs. 30,00,000/- vide Ordinary Resolution passed at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 09-06-1994

increase of Authorised Share Capital from Rs. 30,00,000/- to Rs. 50,00,000/- vide Ordinary Resolution passed at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 26-04-2001

Increase of Authorised Share Capital from Rs. 50,00,000/- to Rs. 75,00,000/- vide Ordinary Resolution passed at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 28-06-2002

Increase of Authorised Share Capital from Rs. 75,00,000/- to Rs. 1,00,00,000/- vide Ordinary Resolution passed at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 08-07-2003

Increase of Authorised Share Capital from Rs. 1,00,00,000/- to Rs. 1,50,00,000/- vide Ordinary Resolution passed at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 20-09-2007

Increase of Authorised Share Capital from Rs. 1,50,00,000/- to Rs. 15,00,00,000/- vide Special Resolution passed at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 14-02-2011

Insertion of Clause V (b) of Memorandum of Association vide Special Resolution passed in the Extra
Ordinary General Meeting held on 06-06-2006

Amended vide Special Resolution that the Paid up Capital shall be minimum of Rs. 5,00,000/- passed in the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 07-03-2011

We the several persons whose names and addresses are hereunder subscribed, and desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of the **MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION** and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names:

Signature, Name, Address, Description and Occupation of each Subscriber	No. of Equity Shares taken by each Subscriber	Signature of Witness and his Name, Address Description & Occupation
M. S. DAMA MOHAN DAMA S/o. SUNDERJI DAMA 206, Surat Sadan, Surat Street, Bombay - 400 009. BUSINESS	10 (TEN)	PAREKH AL PAREKH an, Surat Street, 400 009.
K. S. DAMA KARSHANDAS DAMA S/o. SUNDERJIT DAMA 206, Surat Sadan, Surat Street, Bombay - 400 009.	10 (TEN)	Sd/- HAREEN PAREKH S/o. INDULAL PAREKH 507, Surat Sadan, Surat Street, Bombay - 400 009. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT
TOTAL	20 (Twenty)	

Annexure- 12
Plot allotment letters of GIDC for both units
Plot No. CH-5

Plot No. E-362

GUJARAT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION



(A Govt. of Gujarat Undertaking)
Office of the Executive Engineer, GIDC
1st Floor, Narmada Commercial Complex,
M.G. Road, PanchBatti, Bharuch-392001
Phone: (02642)242432/242442
FAX: (02642)241902
Email ID: gidcbharuch@rediffmail.com

No. GIDC/EE/BRH/Drainage Contribution/ 12/68

Date: 21/08/2015.

TO, M/s Hemoni Industries Limited			
Plot No. <u>6-362</u>			
GIDC, Dahej-I / A / MI,			
Sub: - Consented Effluent Quantity Ref:-		. (Brook.
Dear Sir,	have bee	n allotte	ed the plot no.
M/s Flemoni Industries limited E-362 in Dahej-I	/ N / M Industri		
Sq. mt. The license as	greement has be	en exec	cuted on dated
seeking the confirmation for the discharge of norms into GIDC Effluent Collection Network to be discharged in to GIDC Effluent collection as follows:	of the treated eff rk. The quantity	of the	per the GPCB treated effluent

Sr no	Year	Quantity of the treated Effluent to be discharged in GIDC Drain in KL per day
1	2015-16	
2	2016-17	
3	2017-18	

GIDC is pleased to give the confirmation for discharging the Treated Effluent subject to payment of the Capital Contribution Charges within 30 days of issue of the demand note failing which GIDC shall not accommodate discharge of the effluent into the GIDC Effluent Collection Network. GIDC reserves the right to revise the quantity of the treated effluent quantity without prior consent. The industry shall undertake to recycle/ reduce the quantity of effluent. The quantity of effluent finalized by GPCB's consent shall be binding to the industry. Any excess payment made shall be adjusted against the other dues of GIDC or shall be refunded back as per the policy of GIDC. The industry will have to abide by the Gujarat Industrial Development Corporation Drainage Regulations. If the industry books excess quantity and the effluent is not received as per the plan GIDC reserves the right to cancel / revise the quantity of the effluent without assigning any reasons thereof.

Drainage Contribution Charges

Page 1

Annexure -13 EC Copy of Plot No. CH-5

F. No. J-11011/583/2010- IA II (I) Government of India Ministry of Environment and Forests (I.A. Division)

Paryavaran Bhawan CGO Complex, Lodhi Road New Delhi – 110 003

E-mail: ahuja.rai@nic.in Telefax: 011: 2436 3973 Dated 30th August, 2012

To,

Shri Nitin K. Dama, Director M/s Hemani Intermediates Private Limited 706-710, Reena Coplex, Vidyavihar (W) Mumbai - 400 086, Maharashtra

E-mail: hocpl2003@yahoo.com; aquaairsurat@hotmail.com; Fax No.022-25134483

Subject: Expansion of Pesticides Manufacturing Plant (620 MTPM to 1862 MTPM) at Plot No.CH-5, GIDC Industrial Estate, Dahej, Taluka Vagra, District Bharuch, Gujarat by M/s Hemani Intermediates Private Limited— Environmental Clearance reg.

Ref. : Your letter no. nil dated 7th June, 2011.

Sir,

Kindly refer your letter dated 7th June, 2011 alongwith project documents including Form I, Terms of References, Pre-feasibility Report, EIA/EMP Report and subsequent submission of additional information vide letter dated 9th June, 2011, 30th June, 2011, 17th October, 2011, 27th December, 2011, 2nd March, 2012 and 12th March, 2012 regarding above mentioned project.

2.0 The Ministry of Environment and Forests has examined the application. It is noted that proposal is for expansion of Pesticides Manufacturing Plant (620 MTPM to 1862 MTPM) at Plot No.CH-5, GIDC Industrial Estate, Dahej, Taluka Vagra, District Bharuch, Gujarat by M/s Hemani Intermediates Private Limited. Plant will be operated for 330 days. Total project area is 52,432.22 m². Narmada River is flowing at 1.8 km. Total project cost is Rs. 50.00 Crores. Following products will be manufactured:

S. N.	Name	Type of Product	Existing Capacity (MTPM)	Proposed Additional Capacity (MTPM)	Total Capacity after Expansion (MTPM)
1.	m-Phenoxy Benzaldehyde (MPBAD)	Organic Intermediate	300	-	300
2.	m-Bromo Nitrobenzene	Organic Intermediate	80	20	100
3.	m-Bromo Anisole	Organic Intermediate	50	50	100
4.	Lambda-Cyhalothrin	Pesticide (Lambda- Cyhalothrin or	40 (Lambda- Cychlothri	10	50

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		Metamitron Tech)	n)		
	Or Deltameethrin Tech		0	12	12
5.	DV-Acid Chloride/CMAC	Pesticide Intermediate		200	200
6.	Cypermethrin Tech.	Pesticide		150	150
7.	Alphamethrin Tech./Permethrin Tech.	Pesticide		100	100
	Or Acephate Tech.		0	100	100
8.	Metamitron Tech./Glyphosate Tech.	Pesticide	0	100	100
	Or Other Herbicides	and the second			
	TOTAL		470	742	1212
9.	Thionyl Chloride	Inorganic Intermediate	0	450	450
10	Sulphur Chloride	Inorganic Intermediate	0	100	100
11	Acid Chlorides like Valeoryl Chloride, Phenyl Acetyl Chloride	Inorganic Intermediate	0	100	100
	TOTAL		0	650	650
	GRAND TOTA	L	0	1392	1862
12	CPP	Power generation	1.5 MW	-	1.5 MW
	BY-PRODUCTS	M			
13	30% HCI	By product	9.75	4.0	13.75
14	Sodium Sulfite 80% (wet cake)	By product	400	5.25	405.25
15	Ammonium Chloride 75- 80% wet cake /20% Solution	By product	100/425	-	100/425
16	Cupric Chloride Solution	By product	85	-	85
17	Alluminium Chloride Solution	By product	750	750	1500
18	KCL Solution 20%	By product	375	375	750
19	Spent Sulphuric Acid 55%	By product	360	240	600
20	Bromobenzene	By product		54.5	54.5
21	HBr	By product		18.9	18.9

Bag filter alongwith stack of adequate height will be provided to coal fired boiler. Adequate scrubbing system will be provided to the process vents to control process emissions viz. SO2, HCI, H2S and Cl2. In order to control odour, outlet of process vents will be connected to the incinerator. Total fresh water requirement from GIDC water supply will be increased from 1300 m3/day to 2100 m3/day after expansion. Industrial wastewater generation after expansion will be 921 m3/day and segregated into high COD/organic waste, high COD/TDS and low COD/TDS effluent streams. High COD/organic waste/ toxic aqueous effluent will be incinerated. High COD/TDS effluent stream will be passed through stripper and evaporated through MEE. Low COD/TDS effluent stream will be treated in effluent treatment plant (ETP) and treated effluent will be discharged to deep sea through a GIDC conveyance pipeline after conforming to the standards prescribed for the effluent discharge and obtaining permission from the GPCB. Incinerator will be designed as per CPCB guidelines. Incinerated ash, ETP sludge and MEE residue salt will be sent to treatment storage disposal facility (TSDF) for hazardous waste. Organic process waste and spent carbon will be incinerated. Waste oil/spent oil will be sold to registered recyclers/reprocessors. Fly ash will be sent to brick manufacturers/cement kiln.



- 4.0 Public hearing was exempted as per section 7 (i), (iii) Stage (3), Para (i)(b) of EIA Notification, 2006.
- 5.0 All units producing technical grade pesticides are listed at S.N. 5(b) under category 'A' and appraised at Central level.
- 6.0 The proposal was considered by the Expert Appraisal Committee (Industry-2) in its 18th, 26th, 31st and 33rd meetings held during 20th-21st January, 2011, 17th-18th August, 2011, 12th -13th January, 2012 and 21st-22^{ed} March, 2012 respectively. The Committee recommended the proposal for environmental clearance.
- 7.0 Based on the information submitted by the project proponent, the Ministry of Environment and Forests hereby accords environmental clearance to above project under the provisions of EIA Notification dated 14th September 2006, subject to the compliance of the following Specific and General Conditions:

A. SPECIFIC CONDITIONS:

- All the specific conditions and general conditions specified in the environmental clearance letter accorded vide Ministry's letter no. J-11011/442/2008-IA.II (I) dated 25th October, 2008 shall be implemented.
- ii) As proposed, Company shall install online stack monitoring system, HC detectors, LDR system, smoke detector alongwith alarm system in the existing unit. All pollution control and monitoring equipments shall be installed, tested and interlocked with the process. Company shall not start operation of the expansion unit unless the pollution control equipments are ready and running. SPCB shall grant 'Consent to Operate' after ensuring that all the mentioned pollution control equipments have been installed.
- iii) National Emission Standards for Pesticide Manufacturing and Formulation Industry issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. 46(E) dated 3rd February, 2006 and amended time to time shall be followed by the unit.
- Bag filter alongwith stack of adequate height shall be provided to coal fired boiler to control particulate emissions within 50 mg/Nm³.
- v) Adequate scrubbing arrangement should be provided to process vents to control SO₂, HCl, H₂S, Cl₂ etc. The scrubbing solution shall be sent to effluent treatment plant (ETP) for treatment. Efficiency of scrubber shall be monitored regularly and maintained properly. Scrubbers vent shall be provided with on-line detection and alarm system to indicate higher than permissible value of controlled parameters. At no time, the emission levels shall go beyond the prescribed standards. The system shall be interlocked with the pollution control equipments so that in case of any increase in pollutants beyond permissible limits, plant shall be automatically stopped. Stack monitoring shall be done regularly and report shall be submitted to Gujarat Pollution Control Board (GPCB) and the Ministry's regional office at Bhopal.
- In order to control odour, outlet of process vents shall be connected to the incinerator.
- vii) The National Ambient Air Quality Emission Standards issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. No. 826(E) dated 16th November, 2009 shall be followed by the unit.
- viii) In plant control measures for checking fugitive emissions from all the vulnerable sources shall be provided. Fugitive emissions shall be controlled by providing closed storage, closed handling & conveyance of chemicals/materials, multi cyclone separator and water sprinkling system. Dust suppression system including water sprinkling system shall be provided at loading and unloading areas to control dust

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emissions. Fugitive emissions in the work zone environment, product, raw materials storage area etc. shall be regularly monitored and records maintained. The emissions shall conform to the limits stipulated by the GPCB.

- ix) For further control of fugitive emissions, following steps shall be followed:
 - Closed handling system shall be provided for chemicals.
 - ii. Reflux condenser shall be provided over reactor.
 - System of leak detection and repair of pump/pipeline based on preventive maintenance.
 - iv. The acids shall be taken from storage tanks to reactors through closed pipeline. Storage tanks shall be vented through trap receiver and condenser operated on chilled water.
 - v. Cathodic protection shall be provided to the underground solvent storage tanks.
- x) A proper Leak Detection And Repair (LDAR) Program for pesticide industry shall be prepared and implemented as per CPCB guidelines. Focus shall be given for prevention of fugitive emissions for which preventive maintenance of pumps, valves, pipelines are required. Proper maintenance of mechanical seals of pumps and valves shall be given. A preventive maintenance schedule for each unit shall be prepared and adhered to.
- xi) Continuous monitoring system for VOCs and chlorine shall be installed at all important places/areas. Effective measures shall be taken immediately, when monitoring results indicate above the permissible limits. All necessary steps shall be taken for monitoring of chlorine and Bromine in the proposed plant.
- xii) Proper hood alongwith suction facility and scrubbing arrangement shall be provided in the chlorine storage area. Alarm for chlorine leakage if any in the liquid chlorine storage area shall be provided alongwith automatic start of the scrubbing system.
- xiii) The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution.
- xiv) The company shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environmental clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on its website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional office of MOEF, the respective Zonal office of CPCB and the GPCB. The levels of PM₁₀, SO₂, NO_X, VOCs, Cl₂, HCl, HBr, CO and HC (Methane and Non-methane) in ambient air and emissions from the stacks shall be monitored and/ displayed at a convenient location near the main gate of the company and at important public places.
- xv) Chilled brine circulation system shall be provided to condensate solvent vapors and reduce solvent losses. It shall be ensured that solvent recovery should not be less than 95%.
- xvi) Solvent management shall be carried out as follows:
 - Reactor shall be connected to chilled brine condenser system
 - Reactor and solvent handling pump shall have mechanical seals to prevent leakages.
 - The condensers shall be provided with sufficient HTA and residence time so as to achieve more than 95% recovery
 - Solvents shall be stored in a separate space specified with all safety measures.

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- Proper earthing shall be provided in all the electrical equipment wherever solvent handling is done.
- Entire plant shall be flame proof. The solvent storage tanks should be provided with breather valve to prevent losses.
- xvii) Total fresh water requirement from GIDC water supply shall not exceed to 2100 m³/day after expansion and prior permission shall be obtained from the concerned department. No ground water shall be used.
- As proposed, Industrial wastewater generation shall not exceed 921 m³/day. Effluent shall be segregated into High COD, High TDS and low COD/TDS effluent streams. High COD effluent /mother liquor shall be incinerated. High TDS effluent shall be passed through stripper followed by MEE. Condensate shall reused/recycled within factory premises. Low COD/TDS effluent shall be treated in ETP comprising primary, secondary and tertiary treatment facility. Cyanide effluent stream shall be treated separately. Treated effluent from ETP shall be discharged into deep sea through a GIDC sewer after conforming to the standards prescribed for the effluent discharge and obtaining permission from the GPCB. Domestic sewage shall be treated in aeration tank of the ETP. No process effluent shall be discharged in and around the project site. Water quality of treated effluent shall be monitored regularly and monitoring report shall be submitted to the GPCB. Water quality of treated effluent shall be monitored regularly.
- xix) Treated effluent shall be passed through guard pond. Online continuous pH meter, TOC analyzer and flow meter shall be installed to monitor the treated water quality.
- xx) Process effluent/any wastewater shall not be allowed to mix with storm water. Storm water drain shall be passed through guard pond.
- xxi) Incinerator comprising primary and secondary chamber shall be designed as per CPCB guidelines. SO₂, NOx, HCl and CO emissions shall be monitored in the stack regularly.
- xxii) Hazardous chemicals shall be stored in tanks in tank farms, drums, carboys etc. Flame arresters shall be provided on tank farm. Solvent transfer shall be by pumps.
- xxiii) The company shall obtain Authorization for collection, storage and disposal of hazardous waste under the Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling and Trans-Boundary Movement) Rules, 2008 and amended as on date for management of Hazardous wastes and prior permission from GPCB shall be obtained for disposal of solid / hazardous waste in the TSDF. Measures shall be taken for fire fighting facilities in case of emergency. Membership of TSDF for hazardous waste disposal shall be obtained.
- xxiv) As proposed, ETP sludge, incineration ash and evaporation residue shall be sent to TSDF site. High calorific value waste such as spent organic shall be sent to cement factory/incinerated.
- xxv) The Company shall strictly comply with the rules and guidelines under Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals (MSIHC) Rules, 11989 as amended in October, 1994 and January, 2000. All Transportation of Hazardous Chemicals shall be as per the Motor Vehicle Act (MVA), 1989.
- xxvi) Bromine shall be transferred in iso tanks through GPS fitted truck.
- xxvii) The company shall undertake following waste minimization measures :-
 - Metering and control of quantities of active ingredients to minimize waste.
 - Reuse of by-products from the process as raw materials or as raw material substitutes in other processes.

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- c. Use of automated filling to minimize spillage
- d. Use of Close Feed system into batch reactors.
- Venting equipment through vapour recovery system.
- Use of high pressure hoses for equipment clearing to reduce wastewater generation.
- xxviii) The unit shall make the arrangement for protection of possible fire hazards during manufacturing process in material handling. Fire fighting system shall be as per the norms.
- xxix) Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis and records maintained as per the Factories Act.
- xxx) Green belt shall be developed at least in 33 % of the plant area in and around the plant premises to mitigate the effects of fugitive emissions all around the plant as per the CPCB guidelines in consultation with DFO. Thick greenbelt with suitable plant species shall be developed around the proposed pesticide unit to mitigate the odour problem. Selection of plant species shall be as per the CPCB guidelines.
- xxxi) The company shall make the arrangement for protection of possible fire and explosion hazards during manufacturing process in material handling.
- xxxii) Provision shall be made for the housing for the construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile sewage treatment plant, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structure to be removed after the completion of the project. All the construction wastes shall be managed so that there is no impact on the surrounding environment.

B. GENERAL CONDITIONS:

- The project authorities shall strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the Gujarat Pollution Control Board.
- ii. No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment and Forests. In case of deviations or alterations in the project proposal from those submitted to this Ministry for clearance, a fresh reference shall be made to the Ministry to assess the adequacy of conditions imposed and to add additional environmental protection measures required, if any.
- iii. The locations of ambient air quality monitoring stations shall be decided in consultation with the Gujarat Pollution Control Board (GPCB) and it shall be ensured that at least one station is installed in the upwind and downwind direction as well as where maximum ground level concentrations are anticipated.
- iv. The overall noise levels in and around the plant area shall be kept well within the standards by providing noise control measures including acoustic hoods, silencers, enclosures etc. on all sources of noise generation. The ambient noise levels shall conform to the standards prescribed under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 Rules, 1989 viz. 75 dBA (day time) and 70 dBA (night time).
- v. The Company shall harvest rainwater from the roof-tops of the buildings and storm water drains to recharge the ground water and use the same water for the process activities of the project to conserve fresh water.

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- During transfer of materials, spillages shall be avoided and garland drains be constructed to avoid mixing of accidental spillages with domestic wastewater and storm water drains.
- Usage of Personnel Protection Equipments by all employees/ workers shall be ensured.
- viii. Training shall be imparted to all employees on safety and health aspects of chemicals handling. Pre-employment and routine periodical medical examinations for all employees shall be undertaken on regular basis. Training to all employees on handling of chemicals shall be imparted.
- ix. The company shall also comply with all the environmental protection measures and safeguards proposed in the project report submitted to the Ministry. All the recommendations made in the EIA/EMP in respect of environmental management, risk mitigation measures and public hearing relating to the project shall be implemented.
- x. The company shall undertake CSR activities and all relevant measures for improving the socio-economic conditions of the surrounding area.
- xi. The company shall undertake eco-developmental measures including community welfare measures in the project area for the overall improvement of the environment.
- xii. A separate Environmental Management Cell equipped with full fledged laboratory facilities shall be set up to carry out the Environmental Management and Monitoring functions.
- xiii. The company shall earmark sufficient funds for recurring cost per annum to implement the conditions stipulated by the Ministry of Environment and Forests as well as the State Government along with the implementation schedule for all the conditions stipulated herein. The funds so earmarked for environment management/ pollution control measures shall not be diverted for any other purpose.
- xiv. A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by the project proponent to concerned Panchayat, Zila Parisad/Municipal Corporation, Urban local Body and the local NGO, if any, from who suggestions/ representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal.
- xv. The project proponent shall also submit six monthly reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated Environmental Clearance conditions including results of monitored data (both in hard copies as well as by e-mail) to the respective Regional Office of MoEF, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the Gujarat Pollution Control Board. A copy of Environmental Clearance and six monthly compliance status report shall be posted on the website of the company.
- xvi. The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated shall be submitted to the Gujarat Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of environmental clearance conditions and shall also be sent to the Bhopal Regional Offices of MoEF by e-mail.

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- During transfer of materials, spillages shall be avoided and garland drains be constructed to avoid mixing of accidental spillages with domestic wastewater and storm water drains.
- Usage of Personnel Protection Equipments by all employees/ workers shall be ensured.
- viii. Training shall be imparted to all employees on safety and health aspects of chemicals handling. Pre-employment and routine periodical medical examinations for all employees shall be undertaken on regular basis. Training to all employees on handling of chemicals shall be imparted.
- ix. The company shall also comply with all the environmental protection measures and safeguards proposed in the project report submitted to the Ministry. All the recommendations made in the EIA/EMP in respect of environmental management, risk mitigation measures and public hearing relating to the project shall be implemented.
- x. The company shall undertake CSR activities and all relevant measures for improving the socio-economic conditions of the surrounding area.
- xi. The company shall undertake eco-developmental measures including community welfare measures in the project area for the overall improvement of the environment.
- xii. A separate Environmental Management Cell equipped with full fledged laboratory facilities shall be set up to carry out the Environmental Management and Monitoring functions.
- xiii. The company shall earmark sufficient funds for recurring cost per annum to implement the conditions stipulated by the Ministry of Environment and Forests as well as the State Government along with the implementation schedule for all the conditions stipulated herein. The funds so earmarked for environment management/ pollution control measures shall not be diverted for any other purpose.
- xiv. A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by the project proponent to concerned Panchayat, Zila Parisad/Municipal Corporation, Urban local Body and the local NGO, if any, from who suggestions/ representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal.
- xv. The project proponent shall also submit six monthly reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated Environmental Clearance conditions including results of monitored data (both in hard copies as well as by e-mail) to the respective Regional Office of MoEF, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the Gujarat Pollution Control Board. A copy of Environmental Clearance and six monthly compliance status report shall be posted on the website of the company.
- xvi. The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated shall be submitted to the Gujarat Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of environmental clearance conditions and shall also be sent to the Bhopal Regional Offices of MoEF by e-mail.

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- xvii. The project proponent shall inform the public that the project has been accorded environmental clearance by the Ministry and copies of the clearance letter are available with the SPCB/Committee and may also be seen at Website of the Ministry at http://envfor.nic.in. This shall be advertised within seven days from the date of issue of the clearance letter, at least in two local newspapers that are widely circulated in the region of which one shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned and a copy of the same shall be forwarded to the concerned Regional Office of the Ministry.
- xviii. The project authorities shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of start of the project.
- 8.0 The Ministry may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
- 9.0 The Ministry reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions, if found necessary. The company in a time bound manner will implement these conditions.
- 10.0 The above conditions will be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, Air (Prevention & Control of Water Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling and Trans-boundary Movement) Rules, 2008 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and rules.

(Dr. P L Ahujarai)

Copy to :-

- The Principal Secretary, Forests & Environment Department, Government of Gujarat, Sachivalaya, 8th Floor, Gandhi Nagar - 382 010, Gujarat.
- The Chief Conservator of Forests (Western Zone), Ministry of Environment & Forests, Regional Office, E-5, Arera Colony, Link Road -3, Bhopal -462 016, M.P.
- The Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board Parivesh Bhavan, CBD-cum-Office Complex, East Arjun Nagar, New Delhi - 110 032.
- The Chairman, Gujarat State Pollution Control Board, Paryavaran Bhawan, Sector 10 A, Gandhi Nagar-382 043, Gujarat.
- Monitoring Cell, Ministry of Environment and Forests, Paryavaran Bhavan, CGO Complex, New Delhi.
- Adviser, IA II(I), Ministry of Environment and Forests, Paryavaran Bhavan, CGO Complex, New Delhi.
- 7. Guard File/Monitoring File/Record File.

(Dr. P L Ahujarai) Director

MoM/EC copy of unit-4

Pesticide Manufacturing Plant (900 MT/Month) at Plot No. E-362, GIDC Estate, Dahej-I, Tal: Vagra, Dist. Bharuch – 392 130, Gujarat by M/s. Hemani Intermediates Pvt. Ltd. (Unit-IV) (IA/GJ/IND/26202/2013; J-11011/378/2013- IA II (I))

The project proponent and the accredited consultant M/s Aqua-Air Environmental Engineers P. Ltd., Surat made a detailed presentation on the proposal and informed that:

- i. The proposal is for setting up of Pesticide Manufacturing Plant (900 MT/Month) at Plot No. E-362, GIDC Estate, Dahej-I, Tal: Vagra, Dist. Bharuch 392 130, Gujarat by M/s. Hemani Intermediates Pvt. Ltd. (Unit-IV).
- ii. All Pesticides industry and pesticide specific intermediates (excluding formulations) Units producing technical grade pesticides are listed at S.N. 5(b) of Schedule of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification under category 'A' and are appraised at Central Level by Expert Appraisal Committee (EAC).
- iii. The proposal was considered by EAC in its $16^{\rm th}$ meeting held on $20\text{-}21^{\rm st}$ February, 2014 for TOR. TOR has been issued vide Ministry's letter dated $23^{\rm rd}$ April, 2014.
- iv. The proposal was earlier considered for EC by the EAC (Industry-2) in its meeting held during 20th-21st, July, 2015 and 13th meeting of EAC held on 26-

27th September, 2016.

v. The List of Products Along With Production Capacity is as below:

Sr. No.	Name of the Products	Quantity in MT/Month	
		Proposed	
1. Fung	icides		
a)	Hexaconzole (T)		
b)	Tebuconzole (T)	300	
c)	Propioconzole (T)	1	
2. Herb	icides		
a)	Dicamba (T)		
b)	Metribuzine (T)	300	
c)	Pendimethalin (T)		
3. Insec	ticides	VIII.	
a)	Transfluthrin (T)		
b)	Cyfluthrin & Beta Isomers (T)		
c)	Bifenthrin (T)	300	
d)	Cypermethrin (T) & Beta/Zeta/Theta Isomers (T)		
e)	Imidacloprid (T)		
Total	10	900	

vi. List of By-Products and their capacity is as below:

Sr.No.	Name of the Products	Quantity in MT/Month Proposed
1.	HCl (32%)	250
2.	Sodium Sulphate Solution (30% to 35%)	2000
3.	Aluminum Chloride (25%)	1000
4.	Potassium Chloride Solution	860
5.	H ₂ SO ₄ (70%)	100
6.	Sodium Sulfite Solution (20%)	600

vii. The total Project Cost for proposed project is Rs. 15 Crores. Capital cost of air & water pollution control system and environmental monitoring equipments will be Rs. 2.5 Crore. Recurring cost of air & water pollution control system and environmental monitoring equipments will be Rs. 1.10 Crore/annum. The total Plot Area is 9705m². No reserve National park/sanctuary/eco-sensitive area are located within 10 km distance from the project site. Narmada River is flowing at a distance of 3.5 Km.

viii. Daily water consumption shall be 366 m³/ day and daily wastewater

generation shall be 139 m³/ day (119 m³/day: Industrial & 20 m³/day: Domestic). Water requirement for the proposed project shall be met through GIDC water supply. GIDC water supply authority is ready to supply the required water to M/s. Hemani Intermediates Pvt. Ltd. (Unit-IV). Wastewater from Industrial Operations will be treated in effluent treatment plant. The final treated effluent (69 m³/day) will be discharged through GIDC pipeline line to deep sea. And MEE Condensate (50 m³/day) will be resued in plant premises.

- ix. The PP has informed the EAC that the ambient air quality (AAQ) monitoring was carried out at 7 locations during March to May, 2014. The baseline data indicates the average ranges of concentrations as:- PM₁₀ (55 µg/m³ 85 µg/m³), PM_{2.5} (32 µg/m³- 49 µg/m³), SO₂ (13 µg/m³-29 µg/m³), NOx (16 µg/m³-38 µg/m³) and O₃(11 µg/m³ -15 µg/m³). AAQ modeling study for point source emissions indicates that the maximum incremental ground level concentrations (GLCs) after the proposed project are within the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS).
- x. The fuel and source of fuel are; Coal for Boiler: 35 MT/day, LDO: 10 KL/Day and Diesel: 50 Liters/Hr (Emergency).
- xi. Treated effluent will be disposed into deep sea through GIDC Drainage pipeline. High COD effluent will be sent to MEE plant.
- xii. Alkali scrubber will be provided to control process emissions viz. HCl, Cl2 and SO2. ESP alongwith 50 m stack height will be provided to coal fired boiler (20 TPH). DG set (1000 KVA) will be installed.
- xiii. ETP sludge will be sent to TSDF. Process sludge from CaCl₂ will be sold to agriculture use. Used oil/spent oil and spent catalyst will be sent to Authorized reprocessors. Fly ash to be sent to brick manufacturers.

EAC has deliberated on the proposal. EAC has noted the PP has submitted all the queries raised by EAC during the previous meetings along with valid documents. EAC has deliberated on the revised EIA report. EAC has also noted that, as the PP has submitted EIA/EMP report in time, the AAQ data is valid. EAC has also considered the revised product table as per the NOC. It is noted that Public hearing was exempted as the project is located in the notified industrial area. It is observed that the AAQ are within National Ambient Air Quality Standards.

After detailed deliberations the EAC recommended the proposal for grant of Environmental Clearance subject to following specific conditions and other general conditions.

A. Specific Conditions:

- National Emission Standards for Pesticide Manufacturing and Formulation Industry issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. 46(E) dated 3rd February, 2006 and amended time to time shall be followed by the unit.
- Imported coal (with sulphur content less than 5 %)/briquettes/natural gas shall be used as fuel.
- Adequate stack height shall be provided to gas fired boiler to control particulate emissions.
- iv) Two stage water scrubber followed by alkali scrubber shall be provided to process vent to control process emissions viz. HCl, SO2, Cl2, NOx, HBr. Acidic scrubber shall be provided to process vent to control process emissions viz.

NH3 & HC. The scrubbed water should be sent to ETP for further treatment. Efficiency of scrubber shall be monitored regularly and maintained properly. Scrubbers vent shall be provided with on-line detection and alarm system to indicate higher than permissible value of controlled parameters. At no time, the emission levels shall go beyond the prescribed standards. The system should be interlocked with the pollution control equipment so that in case of any increase in pollutants beyond permissible limits, plant should be automatically stopped.

- v) In plant control measures for checking fugitive emissions from all the vulnerable sources shall be provided. Fugitive emissions shall be controlled by providing closed storage, closed handling & conveyance of chemicals/materials, multi cyclone separator and water sprinkling system. Dust suppression system including water sprinkling system shall be provided at loading and unloading areas to control dust emissions. Fugitive emissions in the work zone environment, product, raw materials storage area etc. shall be regularly monitored and records maintained.
 - vi) A proper Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) Program for pesticide industry shall be prepared and implemented as per CPCB guidelines. Focus shall be given for prevention of fugitive emissions for which preventive maintenance of pumps, valves, pipelines are required. Proper maintenance of mechanical seals of pumps and valves shall be given. A preventive maintenance schedule for each unit shall be prepared and adhered to.
 - vii) Company shall take all the measures in order to protect the machineries and equipment for pesticide producing unit from ageing.
 - viii) Continuous monitoring system for chlorine, HCl, Cl₂ as well as VOCs shall be installed at all important places/areas. Effective measures shall be taken immediately, when monitoring results indicate above the permissible limits. Alarm for chlorine leakage if any in the liquid chlorine storage area is provided alongwith automatic start of the scrubbing system.
 - ix) The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards, Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution.
 - x) Solvent management shall be carried out as follows:
 - (a). Chilled brine circulation system shall be provided to condensate solvent vapors and reduce solvent losses. It shall be ensured that solvent recovery should not be less than 95%.
 - (b). Reactor and solvent handling pump shall have mechanical seals to prevent leakages.
 - (c). The condensers shall be provided with sufficient HTA and residence time so as to achieve more than 95% recovery
 - (d). Solvents shall be stored in a separate space specified with all safety measures.
 - (e). Proper earthing shall be provided in all the electrical equipment wherever solvent handling is done.
 - (f). Entire plant shall be flame proof. The solvent storage tanks should be provided with breather valve to prevent losses.
 - xi) Total water requirement from GIDC water supply shall not exceed 366 m³/day and prior permission should be obtained from the competent authority.
 - xii) Industrial effluent generation shall not exceed 139 m³/day. As proposed, wastewater will be segregated at source and treated based on its

- characteristics viz High COD & High TDS and Low COD & Low TDS. High COD & High TDS effluents will be sent to MEE followed by RO while Low COD & Low TDS effluents will be treated in ETP followed by RO. The treated wastewater shall be discharged to Common Effluent Treatment Plant (CETP) for final treatment.
- xiii) Process effluent/any wastewater shall not be allowed to mix with storm water. Storm water drain shall be passed through guard pond.
- xiv) Hazardous chemicals shall be stored in tanks in tank farms, drums, carboys etc. Flame arresters shall be provided on tank farm. Solvent transfer shall be by pumps.
- xv) The company shall obtain Authorization for collection, storage and disposal of hazardous waste under the Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling and Trans-Boundary Movement) Rules, 2008 and amended as on date for management of Hazardous wastes and prior permission from MPCB shall be obtained for disposal of solid / hazardous waste in the TSDF. Measures shall be taken for fire fighting facilities in case of emergency. Membership of TSDF for hazardous waste disposal shall be obtained.
- xvi) ETP sludge, inorganic waste shall be sent to TSDF site. High calorific value waste such as spent organic shall be sent to cement factory/incinerated.
- xvii) The Company shall strictly comply with the rules and guidelines under Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals (MSIHC) Rules, 1989 as amended in October, 1994 and January, 2000. All Transportation of Hazardous Chemicals shall be as per the Motor Vehicle Act (MVA), 1989.
- xviii) The unit shall make the arrangement for protection of possible fire hazards during manufacturing process in material handling. Fire fighting system shall be as per the norms.
- Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis and records maintained as per the Factories Act.
- xx) Green belt should be developed as proposed in and around the plant premises to mitigate the effects of fugitive emissions all around the plant as per the CPCB guidelines in consultation with DFO. Selection of plant species should be as per the CPCB guidelines.
- xxi) An Environment Cell will be set up and a regular environmental manager having PG qualification in environmental sciences/environmental engineering to be appointed for looking after the environmental management practices in the plant.
- xxii) One Environmental Manager having post graduate qualification in environmental sciences/ Environmental engineering.
- xxiii) At least 2.5 % of the total cost of the project shall be earmarked towards the Enterprise Social Commitment and item-wise details along with time bound action plan shall be prepared and submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office at Bhopal. Implementation of such program shall be ensured accordingly in a time bound manner
- xxiv) All the recommendations made in the risk assessment report should be satisfactorily implemented.
- xxv) The unit shall adhere to Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD).
- xxvi) Continuous online (24 x7) monitoring to be installed for flow measurement and measurement of pollutants within the treatment unit. Data to be

uploaded on company's website and provided to the respective RO of MEF&CC, CPCB and SPCB.

Annexure - 14

CTE of Unit-4 (Plot No. E-362)



GUJARAT POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

PARYAVARAN BHAVAN

Sector 10-A, Gandhinagar 382 010

Phone : (079) 23226295 : (079) 23232156

Website: www.gpcb.gov.in

By R.P.A.D

Consent to Establish (CTE)

(CTE No -89457)

NO: GPCB/ BRCH-B/CTE = 256/ ID-44626 /

M/s. HEMANI INTERMEDIATES PYT LTD (UNIT-IV) PLOT NO: E-362,

GIDC, DAHEJ-I,

TAL: VAGRA.

DIST: BHARUCIL

SUB: Consent to Establish (CTE) under Section 25 of Water Act 1974 and Section 21 of Air Act 1981. REF: Your CTF application vide inward Id No:-86370 dated: 16/10/2014.

Without prejudice to the powers of this Hourd under the Warer terrecention and Control of Pollution) Act-1974, the Air Act-1981 and the Environment (Protection) Act-1986 and without reducing your responsibilities under the said Acts in any way, this is to inform your partitions Board grants Consent to Establish (CTE) for setting up of an industrial plant/activities by Mis. HEMANI INTERMEDIATES PVT LTD (UNIT-IV) at PLOT NO: E-362, GIDC, DAHEL-I, TAIN VAGRA, DIST: BHARUCH for the manufacturing of the following items.

The Validity period of the order will be Five years from date of issue, i.e. up to 15/10/2019,

Sr. no.	Name of Product	Quantity (MT/Month)
1. 1	ungicide	
a)	Hexaconzolc (T)	1
h)	Tebuconzule (1)	300
c)	Propioconzole (T)	
2. F	ferbicide / /	
a)	Dicamba (T)	
b)	Metribuzine (T)	300
c)	Pendimethalin (T)	
3. 1	nsecticide	
a)	Transfluthrin (T)	
b)	Cyfluthrin & Beta Isomers (T)	
c)	Bifenthrin (T)	300
d) ;	Cypermethrin (T) & Beta/Zetn/Theta Isomers (T)	
c)	Imidaclopeid	
	TOTAL	900

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GPCB

 SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING SPECIFIC CONDITIONS RELATED TO ENVIRONMENT CLEARANCE (EC):-

- 2.1 The applicant shall not produce any products as well as not carry our any activities for products/process listed in the EIA Notification dated 14/09/2006 as amended from time to time, requiring prior Environmental Clearunce from competent authority.
- 2.2 Applicant shall strictly comply/fulfill with all the conditions stipulated by competent authority the order of Environmental Clearance as and when issued/issued.
- 2.3 Linit shall strictly comply/fulfill with Coal Handling Guideline and Fly Ash Notification.
- 2.4 Unit shall strictly comply/fulfill with draft guideline for the management of the spent solvent
- 2.5 Unit shall submit time bound Action Plan for achieving Zero Liquid Discharge and shall achieve ZLD within stipulated reasonable time being a Pesticide products manufacturing unit. The action plan shall be submitted prior to making of CCA Application.
- 3. CONDITIONS UNDER WATER ACT:-
- The quantity of total water consumption shall not exceed 406 KL/day. (Break up as below)
 - a) Domestic 25 KL/day
 - b) Industrial -366 KL/day
 - c) Gardening/Green belt 15 KL/day.
- 3.2 The quantity of total waste water generation shall not exceed 339 KL/day. (Break up as below)
 - a) Domestic 20 KL/day
 - b) Industrial 119 KL/day
- 3.3 The quantity of the industrial effluent from the quantifacturing process and other ancillary industrial operations shall be 119 KL/day and the quantity of domestic waste water (sewage) shall not exceed 20 KL/day.
- (sewage) shall not exceed 20 KL/day.

 3.4 50 KL/day of concentrated high TDS streamed industrial effluent from process shall be the evaporation system, condensate from MEE shall be recycled back to process/scrubber etc. The generating solids after scatters, nutrit filters and centrifuged shall be disposed off at approved TSDF site.
- 3.5 69 KL/day of hiological industrial effluent shall be sent to ETP for primary, secondary and tertiary treatment. After treatment the treated effluent shall be sent for disposal into GIDC underground drainage-Dahej Viloyat Pipeline Common Disposal System up to the sea.
- 3.6 The Effluent treatment plant consisting of the following treatment units shall be installed.
 - i) Collection cum Equalization Tanks (CETs)
 - ii) Neutralization Tank (NT)
 - iii) Flesh Mixer (FM)
 - iv) Procculator (FL)
 - v) LIME Dosing Fank (LDT)
 - vi) Alum Dosing Tank (ADT)
 - vii) Polyelectrolyte Dosing Tank (PEDT)

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viii) Nutrient Dosing Tank (LDT)

ix) Primary Clarifier (PCL)

x) Aeration Tank 1 (AT-1)

xi) Aeration Tank 1 (AT-2)

xii) Secondary Clarifler (SCU)

xiii) Intermediate Sump (IS) xiv) Pressure sand Filter (PSF)

xv) Activated Carbon Filter (ACF)

xvi) Treated Effluent Sumps (TES)

xvii) Sludge Sump (SS)

xviii) Filter Press (FP)

3.7 The quality of treated effluent shall conform to the following standards prior to disposal GIDC Sewer Line - Dahej Vilayat Pipetine/Common Disposal System up to the sea.

PARAMETERS	PERMISSIBLE LIMIT	
pH		09.0
Temperature	Shall not exceed 5 C above the receiving temperature	water
Colour (pt.co.scale) in units	All efforts shall be made to remove colou unpleasant edour as far as practicable.	r and
Suspended Solids		mg/l
Oil and Grease		mg/l
Phenolic Compounds	. 109	mg/l
Cyanides		mg/l
Fluorides		mg/l
Sulphides		mgi
Ammonical Nitrogen		mg/l
Arsenic	0.2	mg/t
Total Chromium	2	mg/l
Hexavelent Chromium	i	mg/l
Copper	7	mg/l
Lead	2	eng/l
Mercury	0.01	mg/l
Nickel 100	5	mg/l
Zinc	15	mg/l
Cadmium		mg/l
BOD (3 days at 27° (C)	100	mg/l
COD A	250	mg/l
Insecticides/liestleides	A	bsent
Selenium	0.05	mt/l
Boron		mg/l
Manganese	2	mgA

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Website: www.gpcb.gov.in
Bio-assay test 90 % Survival of fish after 96 hours in 100 %

effluent.

- 3.8 The effluent conforming to the above standards shall be discharged into GIDC Sewer Line Dabej Vilayat Pipeline/Common Disposal System up to the sea for final disposal at NIO designated point.
- 3.9 Sewage shall be treated separately and reuse/recycle.
- 3.10 The unit shall affix of water meters at per Section 4 (1) of the water (Prevention and Pollution) Coss Act. 1977 for the purpose of measuring and recording the quantity of water consumed at such places as may be required, within 15 days and it shall be presumed that the quantity indicated by the meter has been consumed by the industry until the contrartals proved.
- 3.11 SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING SPECIFIC CONDITIONS UNDER WATER ACTI-
- 3.11.1 Applicant shall be a member of Dahej CETP as & when come up and sent in industrial waste water. If required.
- 3.11.2 The effluent shall be stripped off, of VOC's in a closed system before further treatment into ETP.
- 3.11.3 Unit shall provide treated effluent holding facility for at least 48 his, having vertical tank design preferably.
- 3.11.4 Applicant shall carry out Bio Assay and Toxicity test for the freated waste water and same shall be submitted to the GPCB.
- 3.11.5 Unit shall install continuous monitoring as well as starm system for parameters of freshed effluent, such ast-pil ineter, TOC analyzer, magnetic flow meter along with toulizer and recorder at the final outlet of factory drampipe of ETP, Records of the same shall be maintained invariably by the unit and shall be submitted to GPCB every month.
- 5.11.6 Applicant shall ensured & undertake on Rs. 100 stamp paper that it lies one & only one outlet in GIDC U/G drain.
- 3.11.7 The GIDC drainage connection from units final out let to nearest sump of GIDC Sewer Line Date; Villayat Pipeline/Common Disposal System up to the sea shall be completed & commissioned before applying for CCA further unit shall submit GIDC permission letter permission to same.
- 3.11.8 Name of the unit & technical relevant details shall be prominently written (printed on mouth of pipeline opening in to GLDC U/G drain & shall be made visible to inspecting officials.)
- 4. CONDITIONS UNDER AIR ACT:-
- 4.1 The following shall be used as fuel in the Boiler / D G Set /Incinerator / Thermie Fluid Heater as following rates:

Ĭ	SeeNo.	Name of Fuel	Quantity	
2	13	Conl	35 MT/day	Ι
3	3"	LDO	10 KL/day	
	3	HSO	50 Litchr	

4.2 The applicant shall install & operate a comprehensive adequate air pollution control measures in order to achieve prescribed below.

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The flue gas emission through stack attached to Boiler / D G Set / Incinerator/ Thermic
Fluid Heater shall conform to the following standards:

5r No.	Stack attached to	Stack height in (M)	Air Pullution Control system	Parameter	Pomissible Limit
1,	Thermic Fluid Heater & Boiler (8 MT*hes)	50	ESP	Particulate matter SO2 NOx	150 mg/Nm ³ 100 ppm 50 ppm
2	D.G.Sets (1000 KVA)	11			1
3	Incidentator	30	Ventury Srubber & Packed Scrubber	PM HCI SO ₂ CO TOC Total dioxines and furans Sb+As+Pb-Crt Go+Cut Mn+ Ni+V and their Compounds	=50 mg/Nm ² 50 mg/Nm ² 200 mg/Nm ³ 100 mg/Nm ² 20 mg/Nm ³ 0.1 ng TEQ/Nm ² 1.5 mg/Nm ²

4.4 The Process emission through various stacks' vents of reactors, process, vessel shall conform to the following standards. (Whichever is applicable)

St.	Stack arrached to	Stack(H)	Air Pollution Control System	Parameter	Pennissible Limit
ľ	Elerbicide Plant	12 mtr.	Two Stage Water Alkeli Scrubber	HC HC HBr	20 mg/Nm ² 40 mg/Nm ² 15 mg/Nm ³ 05 mg/Nm ³
2	Fungicide Plant	12 mir.	Two Stage Water Alking Scrubber	HC HC HBr	20 mg/Nm² 40 mg/Nm² 15 mg/Nm² 05 mg/Nm²
3	Insceticide Plant	12 mir	Two Stage Water Alkali Scrubber	HCI SO2 HC HBr	20 mg/Nm 40 mg/Nm 15 mg/Nm 05 mg/Nm

4.5 Stack monitoring facilities like port hole, platform-ladder etc, shall be provided with stacks/vents chimney in order to facilitate sampling of gases being emitted into the atmosphere.

4.6 Ambient air quality within and outside the premises of the unit shall conform National Ambient Air Quality standards notified by MOEF vide notification dated 16/11/2009 and mainly to the following standards.

Sr. No.	Polfumnt		Concentration in Ambient air
1.	Sulphur Dioxide (SO2), µg/m3	Annual	50
		24 Hours	80

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			Website : ww	w.gpcb.gov.in
2.	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO2), µg/m3	Annual 24 Hours	40	1 4
13.	Particulate Matter (Size less than 10 µm) OR PM10 µg/m3	24 Hours	60	0_
14	Particulate Manor (Size less than 2.5 mm) OR PM 2.5 pg/m3	Annual 24 Hours	40	7,0
5.	Carbon Monoxide (CO) mg/m ²	8 Hours 1 Hour	02	71.

 Annual arithmetic mean of minimum of 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.

** 24 Hourly or 08 Hourly or 01 (fourly monitored values as applicable, shall be compiled with 98 % of the tune in a year, 2% of the time, they may exceed the limits but not on two consecutive days of monitoring:

Note: - Whenever and wherever monitoring results on two consecutive days of monitoring exceed the limits specified above the the respective entegory, it shall be considered adequate reason to institute regular or continuous monitoring and further investigation.

- 4.7 The applicant shell operate industrial plant / nit pollution control equipment very efficiently and continuously so that the gaseous emission always conforms to the siven standards.
- 4.8 The consent to operate the industrial plant shall lapse if at any time the parameters of the gaseous emission are not within the tolerance limits specified in the sopulitions.
- 4.9 The applicant shall provide portholes, ladder, platform etc. at chimney(s) for menitoring the air emissions and the same shall be open for inspection to and for use of Board's staff. The chimney(s) vents attached to various sources of emission shall be designed by numbers such as S-1, S-2, etc. and these shall be pointed displayed to facilitate identification.
- 1, S-2, etc. and these shall be painted 'displayed to facilitate identification.

 All measures for the control of environmental pollution shall be provided before commencing production.
- 4.11 SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING SPECIFIC CONDITIONS ENDER AIR ACT;
- 4.11.1 Total control of odour nuisance from the plant premises, shall be achieved & maintained by the applicant continuously.
- 4.11.2 Unit shall submit action plan for VOC gontrol and shall be achieved & maintained.
- 4.11.3 The applicant shall install continuous ionline monitoring system on the stacks for the parameters such as SO2, NOx & PM, HCC: HC etc.
- 5. CONDITIONS UNDER HAZARDOUS WASTE:-
- 5.1 Applicant shall have to enempty with provisions of Hazardous and other wastes (Management and Transhoundry Movement) Rules, 2016, for all the types/categories of the generating hazardous waste.
- 5.2 The applicant shall obtain membership of common TSOF site for disposal of Hazardous and other winter as callegorized in Hazardous and other wastes (Management and Transboundry Movement) Rules. 2016 as amended from time to time.
- 5.3 The applicant shall obtain membership of common Hazardous and other wastes incinerator for disposal of incinerable waste.
- 5.4 The applicant shall provide temporary storage facilities for each type of Haz. Waste as per Hazardous and other wastes (Management and Transhoundry Movement) Rules. 2016, as amounted from time to time.

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8.5 By-Products mentioned in the application falls in the Hax-waste category as per Hazardous and other wastes (Management and Transboundry Movement) Rules, 2016, and shall be managed as per the rules.

- 5.6 GENERAL CONDITOINS:-
- 6.1 Regular maintenance of the pipeline shall be carried out to avoid any spillage or leakage during conveyance of the effluent.
- 6.2 Unit shall keep accurate records of their water consumption and wastewater generation, discharge, quantity of each product manufactured, and consumption of electricity on day-to-day basis and shall be required to submit the compiled record for each month to GPCB on on before seventh day of the succeeding month. Separate logbooks shall be maintained for recording all the necessary data.
- 6.3 Magnetic flow meters shall be installed at the various stages of infer & outlet of opipeline to measure the quantity of officent at each stage of conveyance.
- 6.4 SEZ GIDC shall constitute a monitoring committee for monitoring of the efficiency discharged by its members in the pipeline.
- 6.5 In case of power failure, separate stand-by D.G. set having power generation conactly equivalent to the requirement of power to run the APCM system shall be installed, so that it shall always be operated mund the clock even in case of power failure also. The unit shall not keep any bypass line or system for stack emission.
- 6.6 Unit shall have only one outlet for the discharge of its effluent and no effluent shall be discharged without requisite treatment and without enseting with the CPCB norms. Convenient easy approach shall be provided at the outlet for case of sampling. The onit shall not keep any bypass line or system, or loose or flexible pipe for discharging effluent outside or even within the effluent treatment plant. The unit shall not keep dual disposal modes.
- 6.7 Unit shall submit, to the GPCB, the site plan of the unit indicating the location of the effluent treatment plants, and also a separate plan indigating the channels / pipelines through which water / effluent passes from different stages of effluent meatment process right up to the stage of its final outlet. Such plan shall also be displayed by the unit on a Board of adequate size within its compound and near its effluent treatment plant.
- 6.8 The company shall have to undertake and implement following measures:
 - Water conservations measures to minimize the fresh water consumption. Metering system for water consumption.
 - Cleaner production opsions
 - Reuse / recycle of trade waste, ground (ruin) water recharging, electricity conservation.
 - Use of solar of wind energy for lighting / heating purpose.
 - · Control of odnur nuisance from the plant premises.
- 6.9 The company shift! have to keep baseline quality data of land, water and air and shall be required to submit to GPCB with CTE / CCA applications.
- 6.10 The company shall carry out regular monitoring of ground water quality (including for all pesticides) within the premises as well as around the impervious guard ponds. Separate togbook shall be maintained. The data shall be submitted for each month to GPCB on or before 7th day of

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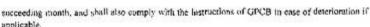


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- 6.11 Handling, manufacturing, storage and transport of hazardous chemicals shall be in accordance with the Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules, 1989.
- 6.12 Transportation of effluent, solid waste or any other goods pertaining to treatment activities, shall be carried out as per central Mosor Vehicle Rule-1989 & hazardous waste Management, Handling & Trans Boundary -Rule 2008.
- 6.13 The hazardous wastes shall be handled as per the Hazardous Waste (Management and Handlings)
 Rules of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
- 6.14 On site and off site emergency plan as required under the Rules 13 & 14 of handling, manufacturing, storage and import of the Hazardous chemicals Rules, 1989 shall be prepared and approval from the Board shall be obtained.
- 6.15 Periodic medical checkup of the workers shall be done and records maintained as a measure to provide occupational health protection to the workers.
- 6.16 Unit shall provide state of the art composite samplers & set up testing laboratory facilities for collection, analysis of samples under the supervision of competent technical personnel.
- 6.17 The Environmental Management Unit / Cell shall be setup to ensure implementation and monitoring of environmental safe guards and other conditions dipulated by statutory authorities. The Environmental Management Unit / Cell shall directly report to the Chief Executive of the organization and shall works as a rocal point for internalizing environmental issues. These Cells /Units shall also coordinate the exercise of the environmental audit and preparation of the environmental statements.
- 6.18 The Environmental audit shall be carried out yearly and the environmental statements pertaining to the previous year shall be submitted to the GPCB latest by 30th September every year.
- 6.19 Storm water shall not be inited with the industrial effilient. Disposal system for storm water shall be provided separately
- 6.20 Good housekeeping shall be maintained within the premises. All pipes, valves and drains shall be leak prior? Ploor washing shall be admitted in to the offluent collection system for subsequent treatment and disposal.
- 6.21 The entire pipeline shall be protected from external corrosion/damage.
- 6.22 Necessary clearances for the adequacy & safety measures shall be obtained from the concerned
- 6.23 Unit shall comply with the provisions of all the laws of land including safety, dispater management and prevention of eco-contamination.
- 6.24 The applicant shall have to submit the returns in prescribed form regarding water consumption and shall have to make 'pagement of water coss to the Board under the Water Coss Act- 1977.
- 6.75 In case of charge of ownership/management the name and laddress of the new owners/ partners/ directors/propertor shall immediately be intimated to the Broard.
- 6.26 The applicantilists comply with the General conditions as per Annexure I attached herewith (No. I to 38) (whichever applicable).
- 6.27 Any change in personnel, equipment or working conditions as mentioned in the consents form order should immediately be intimated to this Board.

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6.28 Adequate plantation shall be carried not all along the periphery of the industrial premises in such a way that the density of plantation is at least 1000 trees per acre of land and a green belt of adequate width is developed. Unit shall comply with CPCB guideline for green belt development.

The applicant shall however, not without the prior consent of the Board bring into use any new or altered outlet for the discharge of effluent or gaseous emission or sewage wante from the proposed industrial plant. The applicant is required to make applications to this Board for this purpose in the prescribed forms under the provisions of the Water Act-1974, the Air Act-1981 and the Environment (Protection) Act-1986.

The concentration of Noise in ambient air within the premises of industrial unit shall not exceed following tevels:

Between 6 A.M. and 10 P.M.: 75 db(A)

Between 10 P.M. and 6 A.M.: 70 dh(A)

No. 3688

For and on behalf of Gujarat Politician Control Board

D. co. 1004279 (D.M.Thaker) Environmental Engineer

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CCA copy of unit-3



GUJARAT POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

PARYAVARAN BHAVAN Sector-10-A, Gandhinagar-382 021. Website: www.gpcb.gov.in

By R.P.A.D.

In exercise of the power conferred under section-25of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution)Act-1974, under section-21 of the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution)Act-1981 and Authorization under "Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling & Transboundary Movement) Rule-2008."

And whereas Board has received consolidated application dated 02/05/2015 for the consolidated consent and authorization (CC & A) of this Board under the provisions 7 rules of the aforesaid Acts Consent & Authorization is hereby granted as under.

CONSENT AND AUTHORISATION:

(Under the provisions / rules of the aforesaid environmental acts)

To, M/s. HEMANI INDUSTRIES LTD, (OLD NAME:- HEMANI INTERMEDIATE P. LTD) PLOT NO. CH-5, GIDC - DAHEJ, TAL - VAGRA, DIST-BHARUCH -392140.

- Consent Order No.: AWH-71059.
- The consent under Water Act -1974 shall be valid up to 14/07/2020. The consent under Air Act -1981, and Authorization under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 shall be valid up to 14/07/2020 to operate industrial plant for manufacture of the following products:

Sr. No.	Name of The Product	Quantity (MT/Month
(A)	Technical products.	
1	m-Phenoxy Benzaldehyde (MPBAD)	300
-2	m- Bromo Nitrobenzene	100
3	m- Bromo Anisole	100
4	Lambda-Cyhalothrin	50
	Or Deltamethrin Tech.	12
5	DV-Acid Chioride/CMAC	200
6	Cypermethrin Tech	150
7	Alphamethrin Tech/Permethrin Tech	100
8	Metamitron Tech/Glyphosate Tech	100
9	Thionyl Chloride	450
10	Sulphur chloride	100
11	Acid chlorides like valeroyl chloridephenyl chloride. phenyl acetyl chloride	100
	Total	1762

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12	CPP	1.5 MW
By Prod	uct	
13	30% HCI	13,75
14	Sodium sulfite 80% (wer cake)	405.25
15	Ammonium Chloride 75-80% wet cake/20% Solution	100/425
16	Cupric Chloride Solution	85
17	Aluminium Chloride Solution 25%	1500
18	KCL Solphuric Acid 55%	750
19	Spent Sulphuric Acid 55%	600
20	Bromobenzene	54.5
21	HBr	18.9

3. The following products shall be manufactured only by formulation:

Sr.	Name of The Product	Quantity
No		(MT/Month)
(B)	Formulation Products	
Insectici	des – Liquid Based Product	
1	Chloropyrifos 50% EC	
2	Cypermethrin 25% EC	
3	Cypermethrin 10% EC	
4	Imidacloprid 17.8 % SL	
5	Monochrotophos 36% SL	300
6	Buprofecin 25% SC	200
7	Fipronil 5% SC	
8	Glyphosate (41 %) SL	
9	Alphamehtrin 10% EC	
10	Permethrin 25% EC	
11	Lamda cyaholothrin 5% EC	
Total		300
Herbicio	The same of the sa	
1	Glyphosate SL	
2	Pretilachlor 50 % EL	200
3	Imazethapya 10% SL	
Total		200
Fungicie		
1.	Hexaconazole 5 EC	200
2	Hexaconazole 5 SC	
3	Validamycin 3% L	
	Total	200
Total (I	nsecticides + Herbicides + Fungicides)	700

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Insectic	ides - Solid Based Products	*	
- 1	Cartap HCl 4% granules GR		
2	Fipronil granules GR		
3	Imidacloprid granules WG		
4	Thiomethoxam 25% WG		
5	Cartap HCl 50 SP	100	
6	Acephate 75% SP		
7	Acetamaprid SP		
8	Imidacloprid 70 WG		
	Total	100	
Herbicie	les	100-00	
1	Metribuzin WP	100	
2	Diruon WP	100	
	Total	100	
Fungicie	les		
1	Carbendazim 12% + Mancozeb 63% WP		
2	Tricyclazole 75% WP		
3	Carbendazim 50% WP		
4	Miclobutanil WP	100	
5	Copper Oxy chloride WP		
6	Mancozeb WP		
Total		100	
Total (In	nsecticides + Herbicides + Fungicides)	300	

4. SPECIFIC CONDITIONS:-

- 3.1 Applicant shall strictly comply/ fulfill the given conditions of EC issued earlier vide letter F. NO. J-11011/442/2008-1A-II(I) DATED 25/08/2008 and amended vide letter dated 17/03/2010.
- 3.2 The applicant shall not produce any products as well as not carry out any activities for products/process listed in the EIA Notification dated 14/09/2006 as amended from time to time, requiring prior Environmental Clearance from competent authority.
- 3.3 Applicant shall strictly comply/fulfill with all the conditions stipulated in CTE issued vide letter no GPCB/BRCH/NOC-3831/ID-12155/51576 DATED 10/05/2010 & Subsequent amendments.
- 3.4 Applicant shall be a member of Dahej CETP and shall send waste water except concentrated/high TDS stream to the CETP for treatment.
- 3.5 After commissioning of CETP applicant shall have to discharge industrial effluent except concentrated effluent stream from the process through the CETP only.
- 3.6 The concentrated/ high TDS waste water stream from manufacturing process if any shall be segregated & treated in evaporation system. Condensate water shall be reused to process/scrubber. The generating solids after settlers, nutches filters and centrifuges shall be disposed at nearest TSDF site.



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- 3.7 The effluent shall be stripped off, of VOC's in a closed system before further treatment into ETP.
- 3.8 Unit shall provide treated effluent holding facility for at least 48 hrs. having vertical tank design.
- 3.9 Applicant shall carry out Bio Assay and Toxicity test for the treated waste water and same shall be submitted to the GPCB.
- 3.10 Treated effluent shall be taken into effluent conveyance pipeline only after conforming to the disposal standards specified by GPCB.
- 3.11 Applicant shall have to comply with provisions of Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling & Transboundry Movement) Rule-2008, for all the types/categories of the generating hazardous waste, including by products/additional wastes.
- 3.12 In connection with the Kalpsar scheme / Yojna, as and when required / needed, the applicant shall have to shift the end disposal point (Lat.+ Long.) / outlet of the effluent along with the common disposal system of GIDC.
- 3.13 Unit shall install continuous monitoring as well as alarm system for parameters of treated effluent, such as:-pH meter, TOC analyzer, magnetic flow meter along with totalizer and recorder at the final outlet of factory drain/pipe of ETP. Records of the same shall be maintained invariably by the unit and shall be submitted to GPCB every month.
- 3.14 Total control of odour nuisance from the plant premises, shall be achieved & maintained by the applicant continuously, if it is not achieved then the company has to stop the use of such chemicals.
- 3.15 The unit shall affix of water meters as per Section 4 (1) of the water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Cess Act 1977 for the purpose of measuring and recording the quantity of water consumed at such places as may be required, within 15 days and it shall be presumed that the quantity indicated by the meter has been consumed by the industry until the contrary is proved.
- 3.16 Applicant shall have to use only pure (Fresh) raw materials in their production & shall not use any type of Hazardous waste, as a raw material in the products.
- 3.17 Applicant shall have to provide overhead tank for sufficient capacity for storage of treated effluent prior to its discharge in to GIDC drainage line. The conveyance of treated effluent from industrial unit to the first manhole of GIDC U/G drainage system shall be pressure discharge in any case. It shall not be gravity flow.
- 3.18 Applicant shall ensured & undertake on Rs. 100 stamp paper that it has one & only one outlet in GIDC U/G drain.

5. CONDITIONS UNDER WATER ACT:

- 4.1 The quantity of total water consumption shall not exceed 2100 KL/day. (Break up as below).
 - a) Domestic 177 KL/day.
 - b) Industrial 1815 KL/day,
 - c) Gardening 53 KL/day.
 - d) Others 55 Kl/Day.

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- 4.2 The quantity of total waste water generation shall not exceed 1046 KL/day. (Break up as below).
 - a) Domestic 125 KL/day,
 - b) Industrial 921 KL/day.
- 4.3 The quantity of the industrial effluent from the manufacturing process and other ancillary Industrial operations shall not exceed 921 KL/day, and the quantity of domestic waste Water (sewage) shall not exceed 125 KL/day.
- 4.4 High COD waste streams 50 KL/day after segregation shall be incinerated in on site incinerator with energy recovery facility. Incinerator shall meet the CPCB standards and guidelines. High TDS effluent 125 KL/day shall be sent for evaporation in evaporator after segregation, condensate from the MEE shall be recycled back to process/scrubbers and remaining 646 KL/day shall be sent for disposal into Dahej Vilayat Pipeline after treatment in their own ETP.
- 4.5 The quality of treated effluent shall conform to the following standards prior to disposal into GIDC Sewer Line - Dahej Vilayat Pipeline/Common Disposal System up to the sea.

PARAMETERS	PERMISSIBLE LIMIT
рН	6.5 to 8.5
Temperature	Shall not exceed 5 ^d C above the receiving water temperature.
Colour & odour	All efforts shall be made to remove colour and unpleasant odour as far as practicable.
Suspended Solids	100 mg/lit for process waste water 600 mg/lit for cooling water effluent 10 % above total suspended matter of influent.
Particle Size of Suspended Solids	(a) Floatable Solids max 3 mm. (b) Settleable solids max 856 microns
Oil and Grease	10 mg/l
Fluorides	15 mg/l
Sulphides	2 mg/l
Pesticides	Absent
Ammonical Nitrogen	50 mg/l
Nitrate Nitrogen	10 mg/l
Total Kjeldahl nitrogen	100 mg/l
Free ammonia [as NH ₃]	5 mg/l
Соррег	3 mg/1
Zinc	15 mg/l
BOD	100 mg/I
COD	250 mg/l
Total residual chlorine	1.0 mg/I
Arsenic(as As)	0.2 mg/l



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Chromium-Hexavalent Chromium-Total	0.1 mg/l 1.0 mg/l
Mercury(as Hg)	0.01 mg/l
Lead (as Pb)	0.1 mg/l
Cadmium (as Cd)	2 mg/1
Nickel(as Ni)	5 mg/l
Cyanide(as CN)	0.1 mg/l
Phenoile Compounds (as C6H5OH)	5 mg/l
Selenium [as Se]	0.05 mg/l
Manganese [as Mn]	2 mg/l
Iron [as Fe]	3 mg/l
Vanadium [as V]	0.2 mg/l
Bio-assay test	90% Survival of fish after 96 hrs in 100% effluent.

- 4.6 The effluent conforming to the above standards shall be discharged into GIDC Sewer Line -Dahej Vilayat Pipeline/Common Disposal System up to the sea for final disposal at NIO designated point.
- 4.7 Sewage shall be treated separately to conform to the following standards, shall be disposed into septic tank/soak pit system exclusively within premises.

BOD	Less than 20 mg/l
Suspended Solids	Less than 30 mg/l
Residual Chlorine	Minimum 0.5 ppm

6. CONDITIONS UNDER THE AIR ACT:-

5.1 Following shall be used as fuel in each of the boiler/D.G Set/CPP/TFH/Incinerator respectively.

SR. NO.	FUEL	QUANTITY
1	Natural Gas	1150 m³/day
2	Coal Or Lignite	2250 MT/Month
3	LDO	20 KL/Month
4	Fuel Oil	15 KL/Month
5	HSD	5 KL/Month



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The flue gas emission through stack attached to furnace shall conform to the following 5.2 standards:-

SR.	STACK	HEIGHT	AIR	AIR EMISSION		
NO.	ATTACHE D TO	(M)	POLLUTION CONTROL SYSTEM	POLLUTANT	CONCENTRATION	
1.	Boiler - 1	50	ESP .	, SPM	150 mg/Nm ³	
				SO ₂	100 ppm	
				NOx	50 ppm	
2.	Boiler - 2	50	ESP	SPM	150 mg/Nm ³	
				SO ₂	100 ppm	
				NOx	50 ppm	
3.	Incînerator	30	Venturi Scrubber followed by packed bed scrubber followed by Droplet Seperator	PM HCI SO ₂ CO CO TOC HF NO _X Total dioxine and furan Cd+/h+ their Compound Hg and its compourd Sb+As+Pb+Cr+ Co+Cu+Mn+Ni +V+their compound	50 mg/Nm ³ 50 mg/Nm ³ 200 mg/Nm ³ 100 mg/Nm ³ (30minutes 50 mg/Nm ³ (24 Hrs) 20 mg/Nm ³ 4 mg/Nm ³ 400 mg/Nm ³ 0.1 ngTEQ/Nm ³ 0.05 mg/Nm ³ 0.05 mg/Nm ³	
	(As per GPCB Guideline)					
4.	Thermic fluid Heater	12		SPM SO ₂ NOx	150 mg/Nm ³ 100 ppm 50 ppm	

The applicant shall install and operate a comprehensive adequate air pollution control 5.3 measures in order to achieve prescribed standards.



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5.4 The Process emission through various stacks/vent of reactors, process, vessel shall conform to the following standards:-

SR.	STACK	HEIGHT	AIR	AIR	EMISSION
NO.	ATTACH ED TO	(M)	POLLUTION CONTROL SYSTEM	POLLUTANT	CONCENTRATION
	Reactor-I	15	Caustic Scrubber	FICI CI ₂	20 mg/Nm ³ 5 mg/Nm ³
	Reactor-II	15	Venturi Scrubber	H ₂ S SO ₂	5 mg/Nm ³ 40 mg/Nm ³
3.	T.C. Plant	25	Caustic Scrubber	NO _x HC	25 mg/Nm ³ 15 mg/Nm ³

5.5 Ambient air quality within the premises of the industry shall conform to the following standards:-

PARAMETER	PERMISSIBLE LIMIT
Suspended Particulate Matter (size less than 10μm) or PM10 μg/m3**	100 microgram per cubic meter
Suspended Particulate Matter (size less than 2.5 μm) or PM 2.5 μg/m3**	60 microgram per cubic meter
Oxides Of Sulphur**	80 microgram per cubic meter
Oxides Of Nitrogen**	80 microgram per cubic meter
HCL.	200 microgram per cubic meter
Cl ₂	100 microgram per cubic meter
H2S	500 microgram per cubic meter
HC	160 microgram per cubic meter
Ammonia	400 microgram per cubic meter
HF	60 microgram per cubic meter
CS2	2000 microgram per cubic meter
CO	5000 microgram per cubic meter

** 24 Hourly or 08 hourly or 01 Hourly monitored values, as applicable, shall be complied with 98% of the time in a year, 2% of the time; they may exceed the limits but not on two consecutive days of monitoring.

Note: - Whenever and wherever monitoring results on two consecutive days of monitoring exceed the limits specified above for the respective category, it shall be considered adequate reason to institute regular or continuous monitoring and further investigation.

5.6 The applicant shall operate industrial plant / air pollution control equipment very efficiently and continuously so that the gaseous emission always conforms to the standards specified in condition no.5.2, 5.3 & 5.4 above.

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5	Used Oil	5.1	200Ltrs	Collection, Storage, Transportation & Disposal by Selling to Registered Re- Processors/Reuse as lubricant.
6	Discarded Containers/Bags	33.3	1000Nos	Collection, Storage, Decontamination, Detoxification & Sale to Authorized Vendors.
7	Incineration Ash	36.2	7.5	Collection, Storage, Transportation, Disposal at TSDF of BEIL, Ank. & SEPPL, Kutch.
8	Salts of Multiple Effective Evaporator	34.3	300	Collection, Storage, Transportation, Disposal at TSDF of BEIL, Ank. & SEPPL, Kutch.
9	30% HCL	D2 (SCH-II)	13.75	Collection, Storage, Transportation, Disposal by Selling to Actual end User.
10	Sodium Sulfite 80% (wet cake)	17.1	405.25	Collection, Storage, Transportation, Disposal by Selling to Actual end User.
11	Ammonium Chloride 75 -80%, wet cake/ 20% solution	CI .	87.5/350	Collection, Storage, Transportation, Disposal by Selling to Actual end User.
12	Cupric Chloride Solution	B3	67	Collection, Storage, Transportation, Disposal by Selling to Actual end User.
13	Aluminum Chloride Solution 25%	C15	1000	Collection, Storage, Transportation, Disposal by Selling to Actual end User.
14	KCl Solution 20%	C15	500	Collection, Storage, Transportation, Disposal by Selling to Actual end User.
15	Spent Sulphuric Acid 55%	D2(SCH-II)	225	Collection, Storage, Transportation, Disposal by Selling to Actual end User.
16	Bromo Benzene	C15	54.5	Collection, Storago, Transportation, Disposal by Selling to Actual end User.
17	HBr	C15	18.9	Collection, Storage, Transportation, Disposal by Selling to Actual end User.

6.3 The authorization is granted to operate a facility for collection, storage, within the factory premises, transportation and ultimate disposal of Hazardous wastes at TSDF of BEIL, Ank. & SEPPL, Kutch, RSPL Panoli.



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- The authorization shall be in force for a period up to date 14/07/2020. 64
- The unit shall disposed off their coal Ash by selling it to brick manufactures. 6.5
- The Industry shall have to obtain all prior permissions form competent authority with reference to end /ultimate disposal of each type to waste including. NOC from concern state 66 Authority for interstate transportations of the Hazardous Waste, as well as Authorization from respective State PCB/PCC.
- The Industry shall have to comply with the specific condition of the terms and condition of 6.7 Hazardous waste (M.H & TM) Ruls, 2008 given in Annerure-A.
- The authorization is subject to the conditions stated below and such other conditions as may be specified in the rules from time to time under the Environment (Protection) Act-1986. 6.8
- The application shall have to comply with the CPCB guidelines for co processing of incinerable waste as well as the guideline of Transportation of waste. The applicant shall 6.9 have to up load Records / Real time data of the same and shall have to be displayed invariably by the unit online on their server and Xgo.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF AUTHORISATION 6.10

- 6.10.1 The applicant shall comply with the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act 1986 and the rules made there under.
- 6.10.2 The authorization shall be produced for inspection at the request of an officer authorized by the Gujarat Pollution Control Board.
- 6.10.3 The persons authorized shall not rent, lend, sell, transfer of otherwise transport the hazardous wastes without obtaining prior permission of the Gujarat Poliution Control
- 6.10.4 Any unauthorized change in personnel, equipment or working conditions as mentioned in the authorization order by the persons authorized shall constitute a breach of this
- 6.10.5 It is the duty of the authorized person to take prior permission of the Gujarat Pollution Control Board to close down the facility.
- 6.10.6 An application for the renewal of an authorization shall be made as laid down in rule 5 (6)
- 6.10.7 Industry shall have to display the relevant information with regard to hazardous waste as indicated in the Court's order in W.P. No. 657 of 1995 dated 14th October 2003.
- 6.10.8 Industry shall have to display on-line data outside the main factory gate with regard to and nature of hazardous chemicals being handled in the plant, including waste water and air emission and solid hazardous waste generated within the factory premises.

GENERAL CONDITIONS: -8.

- Any change in personnel, equipment or working conditions as mentioned in the consents 7.1 form/order should immediately be intimated to this Board.
- Applicant shall also comply with the general conditions given in annexure I 7.2



PARYAVARAN BHAVAN

Sector-10-A, Gandhinagar-382 021.

Website: www.gpcb.gov.in

- 7.3 The arrangement shall be made in each plant for drainage in such a way that all the quantity of effluent shall be taken to the central effluent treatment plant and no untreated waste water from any plant shall be discharged within the premises.
- There shall be continuous flow recording devices for each plant to record the individual 7.4 plant effluent going to the effluent treatment plant. There shall also be continuous flow recording devices at the inlet and outlet of the effluent treatment plant.
- The Board reserves the right to review and /or revoke the consent and/ or make variations in the conditions which the Board deems fit at any later date taking into consideration the circumstances, in accordance with Section 27 of the Act.
- In case of change of management the name and address of the new Directors shall 7.6 immediately be intimated to the GPCB.
- The consent granted shall lapse at any time if any parameters or any condition of this consent order are not complied with.

For and on behalf of Gujarat Pollution Control Board

Environmental Engineer

NO.GPCB/BRCH-B/CCA-33(7)/ID-12155/ 322401

ISSUED TO:

M/s. HEMANI INDUSTRIES LTD, (OLD NAME:- HEMANI INTERMEDIATE P. LTD) PLOT NO. CH-5, GIDC - DAHEJ. DAHEJ-292140, TAL - VAGRA, DIST-BHARUCH.

Annexure -16

Water Supply Letter

Existing water requirement in plot no. CH-5 as per consent to operate -2100 KL/Day. Water requirement in plot no. E-362 as per GIDC Allotment letter – 1300 KL/Day



FORM OF AGREEMENT

(FOR PLOT)

(As per regulation 8 of the Land Regulation	n Duky Industrial Area)
---	-------------------------

M/s Hemeny Intermediates P. 141
residing at Platone 320A - 320Y
GUL Industrial Estate Anialement
a firm/company/society registered at Anialement
and having its registered office at As About

State the purpose

For HEMANI INDUSTRIES LTD.

Now it is hereby agreed and declared between the parties follow:		
1. On the Licensee paying amount of Rs. 2, 92, 14, 567 such amount being on amount equi. to (50) person of the price of the said land which is calulated at Rs. 3000 per sq metre and the licensor will permit the Licensee to enter upon the said land for the purpose and on the terms and conditions hereinalter appearing. 2. In addition to the amount of Rs. 42, 14, 667 mentioned above, the Licensee agrees to pay the Licensor the balance amount of Rs. with interest at the rate of within a period of years commencing from in the following manner.	*strike off - where not applicable	
		3.
(a) A sum of Rs. equal to. of the price will be paid before allotment. Which is paid by you, (b) Balalance amount of Rs. equal to % will be rapid within a period of 2/4/8 years from the date of allotment in 8/16/32 Quarterly Instalments. Each Quarterly Instalment of Capital will be of Rs. and the interest Instalment of Rs. to be paid quarterly on reducing balance.	Grant of License State the purpose	4.
(i) The First quartely instalment will be paid on or before the 10th date of the month		
(ii) The Second quartely Instalment will be paid on or before the 10th date of the month		
(iii) The Third quartely Instalment will be paid on or before the 10th date of the month		5.
iv) The Forth quartely instalment will be paid on or before the 10th date of the month		
C) Panel Interst @ 3% over the normal rate of interest would be charged on the amount in default. The interest rate would be subject to the revision from time to time at the discretion of the Corporation and interest would be payable at such revised rate from such date as may be specified by the Corporation from time to time. The interest liability will start from the date of agreement or after one month of the date of allotment whichever is ealrier of allotment.	Submission of plans for approval	6
d) The Licence further agrees that he/she will pay the service charges. Nonagricultural . issessment and lease rent regularly, as may be detarmined by the licensor, on failing to pay the above dues to the corporation, the Licencee will pay interest on outstanding dues of SC, NAA & .R at the rate as may be specified by the coporation from time to time.		
fou/The Licensee/The Lessee shall not start production activity in the allotted plot/shed unless and untill it has effectively and completely compiled with the pollution control measurer required to be undertaken by you/The Licensee / The Leassee / The Leassee under any permission which may have been granted by the G.P.C.B. and if you/the Licensee/ The Leassee without complying with the pollution measure start or continue with their industrial activity you/ the Licensor/ The easer shall be duty bound to disconnect electricity supply and water supply of the Licensee unit you without prior notice.		
FOR HEMANI INDUSTRIES LTD.	fancing	
- Passing CID.	during	

construction

condition and plicable to the in so approved any alteration all have been

ne date hereof late at his own I with all rules, accordance satisfaction of ling condition; building to be ir convenience

to use within a

approved from ate of Physical case of delay/ are approved.

2 months from be levied with in starts

sq.mtres. in the manner be used as an plot for future

expansion of agreement.

the utilisation ision of utilised

a building as ure expansion, ig shall be so feasible in the of the untilised

he charges of and his share illities and the respect of the

ayments to the regards supply in that behalf *The licensee shall consume water for his unit at following rates from year to year.

Onwards.....

Even if he fails to consume water to the extent mentioned above, he shall pay the water charges for the quantity equal to 70% of the above mentioned quantity irrespective of consumption. If demand is more than 50,000 ltrs, per day, the payment for minimum charge for 70% of the above agreed quantity shall commence from the date of commencement of actual consumption of water or from the date on which the utilisation period / from the date of allotment, namely two years for plot and one year for shed is over, whichever is earlier. The water charges shall be payable at the prevailing water rate of the estate for the financial year as fixed by the Corporation from time to time and on failure to pay the minimum charges, the Licensee shall be liable to the action including termination of agreement & other steps.

Indeminity

Sanitation

strike off

if not

applicable

- (f) The Licensee will keep the Licensor indeminified against any and all claims for damage which may be caused to any adjoining building or other premises by such building of in consequence of the execution of the aforesaid works and also against all payments whatsoever which during the progress of the work may become payable or be demanded by the local authority in respect of the said work or of anything come under the authority herein contained.
- (g) The Licencee shall observe and confirm to all rules, regulations and bye laws of the Corporation and of the local authority concerned of any other statutory regulation in any way relating to public health, effluent treament and disposal and sanitation in force for the time being and shall provide sufficient latrine accommodation and other sanitary arrangement for the laboures and workmen employed during the construction of the building on the said land in order to keep the said land and its surroundings, clean and in good condition to the entire satisfaction of the Executive Engineer, and shall not without the consent in writing of the Executive Engineer permit any labourers or workmen to reside upon the land and in event of such consent being shall comply strickly with he terms thereof. Failure on the part of the Licensee to comply with the provision of any law regarding disposal of industrial effluent shall entitle the corporation to disconnect water supply to the Licensee and to resume the possession of land. The Licensee shall have to take drainage connection, when intimated by the Corporation, and shall have to pay all the necessary amounts towards capital amount recovery and shall have to pay regular drainage cess as fixed by the Corporation, from time to time. While taking drainage connection, the Licensee shall have to comply with all regulations contained in the "Drainage Regulations, 1990 of GIDC".
- (gg) The Licensee shall comply with all laws, including Acts, Rules, Regulation or oreders passed, made or issued by the Govt. of Gujarat or by the Government of India from time to time, relating to the business of industry carried on by the Licensee or having a bearing on the same. (The Licensee shall in particular comply with, observe and act, according to laws, on the subject of ecology and Environment like the water (Prevention & Control of pollution Act. 1974) the Air Prevention & Control Pollution Act, 1981, the Water Prevention & Control of Pollution) Cess Act, 1977 and the Environment Protection Act, 1986. The fact of the Licenser assisting the Licensee in the Licensee

Annexure- 17

GIDC Letter to discharge the treated effluent into drainage line Plot No. CH-5



GUJARAT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION



(A Govt. of Gujarat Undertaking) Office of the Executive Engineer, GIDC 1st Floor, Narmada Commercial Complex, M.G. Road, PanchBatti, Bharuch-392001

Phone: (02642)242432/242442 FAX:(02642)241902

Email ID : gidcbharuch@rediffmail.com

No.	GIDC/	EE,	BRH,	/Drainage	Contribution/	5	1	c
-----	-------	-----	------	-----------	---------------	---	---	---

Date: 1/2015.

To,	Hemani	Industries	Ud.
Plot N	10. CH-5.	14	
GIDC	, Dahej-I / II /	III,	

Sub: - Consented Effluent Quantity Ref:-

Dear Sir.

M/s Hemoni Ino	in Dahej-I / II / III Industrial Estate admeasuring
Sq. m N/s. #	t. The license agreement has been executed on dated lemoni Industries Ltg have applied to GIDC
norms into GIDC Effluent	r the discharge of the treated effluent as per the GPCB Collection Network. The quantity of the treated effluent
to be discharged in to GII application as follows:	C Effluent collection Network to be mentioned in the

Sr no	Year	Quantity of the treated Effluent to be discharged in GIDC Drain in KL per day
1	2015-16	
2	2016-17	
3	2017-18	

GIDC is pleased 'to give the confirmation for discharging the Treated Effluent subject to payment of the Capital Contribution Charges within 30 days of issue of the demand note failing which GIDC shall not accommodate discharge of the effluent into the GIDC Effluent Collection Network. GIDC reserves the right to revise the quantity of the treated effluent quantity without prior consent. The industry shall undertake to recycle/ reduce the quantity of effluent. The quantity of effluent finalized by GPCB's consent shall be binding to the industry. Any excess payment made shall be adjusted against the other dues of GIDC or shall be refunded back as per the policy of GIDC. The industry will have to abide by the Gujarat Industrial Development Corporation Drainage Regulations. If the industry books excess quantity and the effluent is not received as per the plan GIDC reserves the right to cancel / revise the quantity of the effluent without assigning any reasons thereof.

The Payment will be in favour of GIDC, Account No. 26050200000284, Bank of Baroda, Dahej. The ISFC Code is BARBODAHEJX for making payments by RTGS. The amount if already paid by you will be deducted from the payable amount.

DEMAND NOTE

Name of Industries	Plot No.	Ultimate consented Quantity of Effluent for Discharge in KL per day	Rate of Contribution Charges in Rs. per KL (April-2014 to March- 2015)	Payable Amount (In Rs.)
MIS Hemoni Industries Ltd.	CH-5/A	646,00	16,576.00	1,07,08,096,00

Lyon have been green dry. com for 646 KL(D)

Lyon have feed contributions chapter accomply, you must not to per anything on their account. But In Executive Engineer ON GIDC, Bharuch

Dy. Executive Engineer

Sub Division (Drainage)
 The charges are towards the non-Grefundable Capital Contribution Charges.

Industry shall also have to pay the Drainage Connection and drainage cess.

 In case of payment is made through RTGS, the TDS and other bank charges shall have to be added on above amount

 For any queries on demand note, you are requested to contact Shri C.V. Rajani, Deputy Executive Engineer (Drainage) Mo: 9879110098, E-mail:gidebharuch@rediffmail.com

• The payment must be done on or before 23-4-15.

Copy submitted with respect to:-

- Superintending Engineer(CG), GIDC, Bharuch for information pl.
- Member secretary GPCB /RO, GPCB, Bharuch with a request to assess the quantity of effluent and issue the CCA on producing the payment confirmation.
- The Dy. Executive Engineer (Drainage), GIDC, Bharuch for information.
- The Divisional Accountant, Division Office, GIDC, Bharuch for information.

GUJARAT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION



(A Govt. of Gujarat Undertaking)
Office of the Executive Engineer, GIDC
1st Floor, Narmada Commercial Complex,
M.G. Road, PanchBatti, Bharuch-392001

Phone: (02642)242432/242442

FAX:(02642)241902

Email ID : gi	dcbharuch@rediffmail.com
No. GIDC/EE/BRH/Drainage Con	ntribution/ 1468 Date: 21/08/2015.
To,	1. 15 D
M/s Hemani Industries L Plot No. <u>5-362</u>	imile ,
Plot No. <u>6-962</u>	
GIDC, Dahej-I / Al / MI,	
Sub: - Consented Effluent Quanti	ity : Car d
Ref:-	740
Dear Sir,	have been allotted the plot no. in Dahej-I / H / M Industrial Estate admeasuring
M/s Hemani mobilities	have been allotted the plot no.
Sq. mt. The	e license agreement has been executed on dated
norms into GIDC Effluent Collecto be discharged in to GIDC Eff	discharge of the treated effluent as per the GPCB tion Network. The quantity of the treated effluent fluent collection Network to be mentioned in the
application as follows:	
Sr no Year	Quantity of the treated Effluent to be discharged in

Sr no	Year	Quantity of the treated Effluent to be discharged in GIDC Drain in KL per day
1	2015-16	
2	2016-17	
3	2017-18	

GIDC is pleased to give the confirmation for discharging the Treated Effluent subject to payment of the Capital Contribution Charges within 30 days of issue of the demand note failing which GIDC shall not accommodate discharge of the effluent into the GIDC Effluent Collection Network. GIDC reserves the right to revise the quantity of the treated effluent quantity without prior consent. The industry shall undertake to recycle/ reduce the quantity of effluent. The quantity of effluent finalized by GPCB's consent shall be binding to the industry. Any excess payment made shall be adjusted against the other dues of GIDC or shall be refunded back as per the policy of GIDC. The industry will have to abide by the Gujarat Industrial Development Corporation Drainage Regulations. If the industry books excess quantity and the effluent is not received as per the plan GIDC reserves the right to cancel / revise the quantity of the effluent without assigning any reasons thereof.

Annexure -18

Membership of SEPPL, Kutchh & BEIL, Ankleshwar



SAURASHTRA ENVIRO PROJECTS PRIVATE LIMITED

Corporate Office: Detox House, Opp. Gujarat Samachar Press, Udhna Darwaja, Ring Road, Surat.

Contact Nos.: 0261 – 2351248, 2346181, 6542020; E-mail: info@sepplindia.com

Inquiry Form for Membership Enrollment

Date of Application: 07.04.2016

1	Name of Marketing O inquiry at S.E.P.P.L	fficial coordinating your						
2	Name of Your Industry							
_			HEMANI IN	IDUSTRIES LTD.				
3	Details of the Coordinating Official	Name:	SATISH B	PATEL				
	from your Organization	Designation:	GENERAL MANGER					
		Department:	EHS	EHS				
		Mobile Number:	932842401	9328424018				
		Email ID:	Satishpatel	Satishpatel.patel919@gmail.com				
4	Constitution of Business Partnership/Company)	(Proprietary/	company					
5	Address of the Production	Plot No. Ch-5 & E-362, GIDC Estate, Dahej ta. Vagra, Dist. Bharuch						
6	Investment in Plant & Machinery: (Please provide copy of latest CA certificate)		75 core					
7	Types of Waste Generate (Please attach copy of		Type of Waste	Category	Annual Quantity (MT)			
	1 Total attach copy of GC & A)		ETP Sludge	35.3	800 (MT)			
			MEE Salt	35.3	2400			
	3		Process Residue	20.3	6000			
8	Details of person / comp M/s. Saurashtra Enviro P	any providing reference of rojects Pvt. Ltd	Mr. amit Me	hta				

Declaration

I/We hereby declare that all the information mentioned above is true to the best of my knowledge For HEMANI INDUSTRIES LTD.

(Company's Seal & Signature of Authorized Signatory)

All the above details are essential. Any incomplete details may delay the membership process

Annexure-19

Copy of application submitted in GPCB for merger of these two units



HEMANI INDUSTRIES LIMITED

GOVT. RECOGNISED TWO STAR EXPORT HOUSE

Corporate Identity Number : U24114MH1994PLC076416

Feb. 21, 2017

To, Mr. H. C. Solanki (Regional Officer) Gujarat Pollution Control Board C-1/119/3. GIDC, Phase-II, Narmadanagar, Bharuch – 392 015

SUB: REQUEST TO MERGE M/S. HEMANI INTERMEDIATES PVT. LTD. (UNIT-IV) INTO M/s. HEMANI INDSTRIES LTD. (UNIT-III)

REF: 1) GPCB ID OF M/s. HEMANI INDSTRIES LTD. (UNIT-III): 12155

2) GPCB ID OF M/s. HEMANI INTERMEDIATES PVT. LTD. (UNIT-IV): 44626

3) OUR UNDERTAKING SUBMITION DATE: 17.02.2016

Dear Sir,

· Plant

This has reference to above mentioned subject matter. M/s. Hemani Industries Ltd. (Unit-III) is operating at Plot No. CH-5, GIDC, DAHEJ-I, TAL: VAGRA, DIST: BHARCH-292140. & M/s. Hemani Intermediates P. Ltd. (Unit-IV) is proposed unit located at Plot No. E-362, GIDC, DAHEJ-I, TAL: VAGRA, DIST: BHARUCH. Now, the company has decided to merge proposed unit into existing one. We have applied to GIDC for merger of Unit-III & Unit-IV. Acknowledgment letter from GIDC is attached as Annexure-I. We have revised our layout in such a way that our proposed formulation plant shall be located on Unit-IV and other Pesticides plant shall be located on Unit-III. Undertaking for same is submitted to GPCB on dated 17.02.2017. Copy of same is attached as Annexure-II.

Revised layout plan is attached as Annexure-III.

Copy of existing CCA of M/s. Hemani Industries Ltd. (Unit-III) located at Plot No. CH-5, GIDC, DAHEJ-I, TAL: VAGRA, DIST: BHARCH-292140 is attached as Annexure-IV.

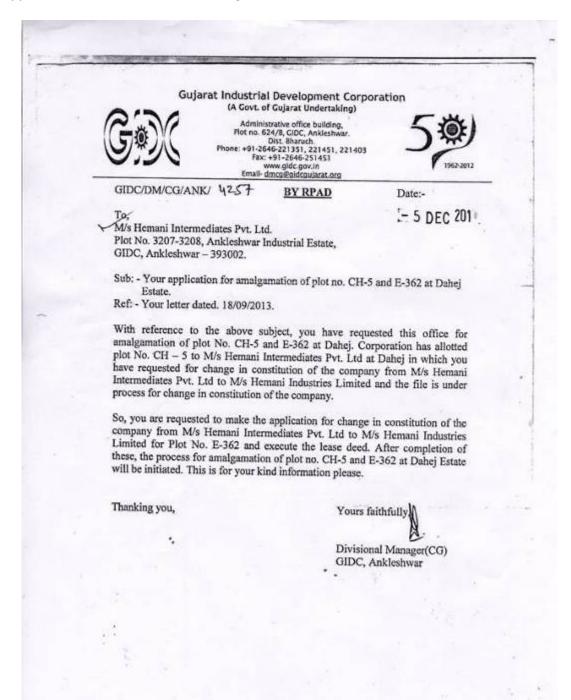
Copy of CTE of M/s. Hemani Intermediates P. Ltd. (Unit-IV) located at Plot No. E-362, GIDC, DAHEJ-I, TAL: VAGRA, DIST: BHARUCH is attached as Annexure-V.

 Regd. Office: 706-710, Reena Complex, Opp. Nathani Steel, Ramdev Nagar Road Vidyevihar (W), Mumbal-400 086. INDIA Tel.: +91-22-6140 7600, Fax: +91-22-2513 4463, 6140 7602, E-mail: hemanigroup@hotmail.com

: Unit - III, Plot No. CH-5, G.I.D.C. Industrial Estate, Dahej Vagra, Dist - Bharuch, Gujarat - 392130, INDIA Tel.: (02641)-291111, Mob.:09377796953, E-mail:info@hemanigroup.com, Website:http://www.hemanigroup.com

Annexure-20

Copy of application submitted in GIDC for merger of these two units



Annexure -21

Bhopal office's first EC compliance report of unit-3

Monitoring the Implementation of Environmental Safeguards Ministry of Environment & Forest

Western Region, Regional Office, Bhopal

MONITORING REPORT

PART-I

DATA SHEET

	DATAS						
	Project type: River valley/ Mining/ Industry / Thermal/ Nuclear/Other (specify)	- 1	the state of the s				
2.	Name of the project		Pesticide unit at Plot NO.CH-5, GIDC Dahej, Taluka Vagra, Distt. Bharuch, Gujarat by M/s Hemani Intermediates Pvt. Ltd. (Unit-II).				
3.	Clearance letter (s)/OM No. & dated	:	J-11011/442/2008-IA.II (I) dated 25/10/2008				
4.	Location: a) District (s) b) State (s) c) Location Latitude/Longitude	: : : :	Bharuch Gujarat 21 ⁰ 43'14.56" N/ 72 ⁰ 36' 25.75" E				
5.	Address for correspondence a) Address of the Concerned Project Chief Engineer (with Pin Code & telephone/ telex/ fax numbers) b) Address of the Concerned Project Chief Engineer (with Pin Code & telephone/ telex/ fax numbers)	& telephone/ M/s Hemani Industries Limited, 706, Reena Complex, Opp. Nathani Steel Vidyavihar (W), Mumbai – 400 086 Tel 22-6140 7600, Fax 25134483 Project Chief: Plot No. 3207/ A & B, Plot No. 3208/ 1 &					
6.	alient features		: Mfg of pesticides and intermediates with p : Environment Management System : -do-				
7.	Breakup of the project area a) Submergence area: forest & non-Forest b) Others	52,000 Sq m in GIDC Indl. Estate Notified area					
8.	Breakup of the project affected population with enumeration of those losing houses/dwelling units only agricultural land only both dwelling units & agricultural land & landless laborers/artisans: a) SC, ST/Adivasi b) Others (Please indicate whether these figures are based on any scientific and systematic survey carried out or only provisional figures, if a survey is carried out give details		NA -				
9.	& year of survey) Financial details: a) Project cost as originally planned and subsequent revised estimates and the year of price reference	:	Rs. 25 Cr. – Planned				
	b) Allocation made for EMP with item wise and year wise break-up	1	Capital cost Rs 52.0 Cr for ETP, scrubbing system, MEE, Incinerator etc.				

	∕nether © includes the cost of EMP as	:	NA -
1	shown in the above s) Actual expenditure incurred on the project so far f) Actual expenditure incurred on the EMP so far		Rs. 25 Cr. Rs 5.22 Cr capital and Rs 23.71 lakhs for O & M of EMS
0.	Forest land requirement a) The status of approval for diversion of forest land for non-forestry use b) The status of clearing felling c) The status of CA, if any d) Comments on the viability & sustainability of CA program in the light of actual field experience so far	::::::	NA
11.	The status of clear felling in non-forest areas (Such as submergence area or reservoir, approach Roads.), if any with quantitative information required.	:	NA
12.	Status of construction (Actual &/or planned) a) Date of commencement b) Date of completion		Details not provided September 2010
13.	Reasons for delay if the project is yet to start	:	NA
14.	Dates of site visits a) The dates on which the project was monitored by the Regional Office on previous occasions, if any b) Date of site visits for this monitoring report	**	10/07/2012
15.	Details of correspondence with project Authorities for obtaining act on plans/information on status of compliance to safeguards other than the routine letters for logistic support for site visits). (The first monitoring report may contain the details of all the letters issued so far, but the later reports may cover only the letter issued subsequently)		
Dat	te Letter From RO	1	Date Reply from PA
	1.09 Status, reports & infr. on data sheet req.	1	16.3.09 Copies of advertisements, status of compliance submitted

PART-III

APTIVE REPORT ON STATUS OF COMPLIANCE TO CONDITIONS OF ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

O.M. No.: No. J-11011/442/2008-IA.II (I) dated 25/10/2008

Condition No. 1:	The ETP with a capacity of 160 KLPD was installed with segregation of high TDS		
	and Low TDS streams. The two stage MEE with a capacity 40 KLPD was also installed for treatment of high TDS stream. The salts generated for evaporator is being sent to SLF of M/s GEPIL/BHIL.		
	Low TDS stream is treated in the ETP before discharging into GIDC drain.		
Condition No. 2:	This condition pertains to GPCB. However, PA has installed ETP with primary secondary and tertiary facilities. An additional bio-reactor of 200 KLPD is being constructed to augment capacity of existing ETP. Thus, total capacity would enhance to 300-350 KLPD.		
Condition No. 3:	Scrubbing system has been installed to control the process emissions. The regular monitoring of various parameters is yet to be carried out. On-line monitors are yet to be installed. Coal fired boiler of 8 TPD and duel incinerator with two chambers with capacity of 2 MTPD solid & 10 KLPD liquid were installed.		
Condition No. 4:	Scrubbing system to control HCL and Cl ₂ has been installed. However, regular monitoring of incinerator stack is yet to be carried out.		
Condition No. 5:	DG set has been provided with acoustic enclosure but regular monitoring of emission is yet to be carried out.		
Condition No. 6:	PA has assured to abide by this condition.		
Condition No. 7:	The VOCs are not monitored in ambient air.		
Condition No. 8:	Chilled brine solution is provided for secondary condenser attach to recovery of solvents.		
Condition No. 9: An authorization under HWMH rules is obtain from GPCB. Solid and ha wastes are stored in earmarked covered area before its disposal to TST details of disposed quantity are submitted.			
Condition No.10:	Fugitive emissions were not monitored.		
Condition No.11:	The storage tanks for solvents have been installed as per provisions of permission granted by C.E.E.		
Condition No.12:	HC detectors and LDAR system have not been installed.		
Condition No.13:	Raw materials are stored in warehouses which are transferred to processing unit on day-to-day basis whereas solvents are stored in tanks which are also transferred in the barrels as per the requirement. Each unit is provided storm water channel.		
Condition No.14:	The PA has assured to abide by this condition.		
Condition No.15:	The PA has assured to abide by this condition Rs. 5.22 Cr. have been incurred as capital lost for implementation of EMS.		
Condition No.16:	All the workers are provided medical facilities as per the Factories Act as submitted.		
Condition No.17:	Adequate measures have been taken for protection of possible fire hazards. PA was directed to installed smoke detectors and alarm system in the warehouses.		
Condition No.18:	Induction training to all the employees is imparted on safety and health aspects. However, the regularity is yet to be achieved as observed during the visit.		
Condition No.19:	The usage of PPEs is ensured by the management.		
Condition No.20:	The recommendations of CREP are yet to be implemented.		

No.21:	The	PA has	assured to	abide by th	is conditi	on.			
on No.23:									
2011 140.23:	Since, construction work of the project was over, the implementation of the condition could not verify. However, PA has informed that necessary								
	infr	actmotus	o facilities	verity.	However,	PA has	informed th	at necessary	
/	THILL	astructur	e racinties	were provi	ided to the	constructi	on labors.	1-1	
GENERAL CON	DITI	ONS:						A	
Condition No. 1:	Ger	neral con	ditions pe	rtaining to	productio	n, treatmen	nt of effluent	& its quality	
	General conditions pertaining to production, treatment of effluent & its quality disposal of HW etc. are being complied by the proponent as per the details								
	sub	mitted. Y	ear wise p	production (MT) detai	ils are as be	elow:-		
	S. no	Year	META BROMO ANISOLE	META PHENOXY BENZALDE	META BROMO NITRO	LAMBDA CYHALOT HRIN	Cypermethric Acid Chloride	Cypermet hrine	
	1	Oct.10	101.2	909.1	BENZENE 163	82.9	4.5	2.5	
		-	120000000	100200	100000	1903/0	1	-	
	2	Dec.10	100 004	1007.0				224	
	1 2	Jan.11	128.375	1036.7	173.775	102.11	0.0	1.325	
		Mar.11							
	3	Apr.11	275.5	3251.1	422.0	191.3	0.6	0.0	
		Mar.12					i		
	4	Apr.12	97.74	846.75	164,65	90.5	-		
		-	5.555	W. 100.00	101.05	30.3		-	
		June12							
	without prior permission for which PA was served closure notice by GPCB vide letter dated 12.5.2011. The closure order was revoked vide letter dated. 22.7.11 for three months. Subsequently, inspections were carried out on 2.3.12 & 6.3.12 by GPCB and issued under 33A of the Water Act "Not meeting the prescribed Standards" vide letter dated 4.5.12. The same was revoked vide letter dated 5.6.12 by GPCB. Moreover, monitoring of stacks, ambient air quality and its schedule,								
	fugi imp	tive em	issions a	nd invento consent iss	rization (of hazardo	ous waste are	e not being	
Condition No. 2:	The with	propone out prior	nt has ass approval	ured that n	o expansio	on or modi	fication will b		
Condition No. 3:	It w was plan Mon haza	as subm observed etc are y eover, an rdous w	itted that if that mea- vet to be in authoriza astes are	provisions sures like, e nplemented tion under	of MSIHO scape rout HWMH ru zarmarked	crules are te, assemble tles is obtain covered a	implemented. y points, on-sit ined from GPC area before its	e emergengy B. Solid and	
Condition No. 4:	Amb	ient air o	quality is r	ot monitore	ed as ner th	he conditio	n stipulated.		
Condition No. 5:	Stack	ks of ap	ppropriate	height as	per CPC	B are pro	ovided to con	trol process	
Condition No. 6:	The was	measure: submitte	s prescribe	ed for Wast	te Minimi	zation have	e not been imp and raw mater	olemented. It ials are used	
Condition No. 7:	A	andh anim	ation and	- TITLD ATT					

An authorization under HWMH rules is obtained from GPCB. Solid and hazardous wastes are stored in earmarked covered area before its disposal to

Condition No. 7:

7	TSDF. The details of disposed quantity are yet to be submitted.
a No. 8:	Noise levels are not monitored as per the condition.
ion No. 9:	Environmental management cell has been constituted. Indeed, administration is made responsible for safety aspects & Head (Tech) is made responsible for ETP & environmental issues.
ondition No.10:	A few saplings have been grown as part of green belt. PA has assured to develop green belt as per requirement.
Condition No.11:	A six monthly compliance report has not been submitted regularly.
Condition No.12:	DA has submitted copies of advertisement but clause of seven days not followed.
Condition No.13:	PA has not submitted the Rs. 71.70 lakhs mere sanctioned by M/s City Bank & M/s DBS Bank respectively on Dec. 2009 & Feb. 2010 for execution of project. In addition, loan of Rs. 4 Cr. was sanctioned by M/s DBS Bank on Oct. 2010 towards working capital.
Condition No.14:	The proponent has agreed to the clause imposed by the Ministry.
Condition No.15:	The project proponent has assured to implement additional condition it imposes by the Ministry.
Condition No.16:	PA has assured to abide by the condition.
Condition No.17:	t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t

End Note:-

With reference to Ministry's letter no. J-11011/442/2008-IA II (I) dated 21.6.2012, undersigned had visited the site on 10th July 2012 to verify the implementation of environmental safeguards as stipulated in environmental clearance. During the inspection, the discussion was held with the project officials and documents and reports were obtained. As mentioned above the monitoring mechanism of various parameters, as stipulated in the consent issued by Gujarat Pollution Control Board, was found weak. It was also understood from Project Proponent that they are in process of strengthening the monitoring mechanism and assured that few other conditions pertaining to rain water harvesting, waste minimization measures, development of green belt, installation of LEL detectors etc. shall be implemented shortly.

Dicetor (S)

Annexure- 22

EC compliance report of unit-3

SR.	CONDITIONS	STATUS
NO.		
A.	SPECIFIC CONDITIONS	
1	Segregation & treatment of effluent &	Complied — The ETP with a capacity of 160 KLPD was
	incineration	installed with segregation of high TDS and low TDS streams.
		The two stage MEE with a capacity of 40 KLPD was also
		installed for treatment of High TDS stream. The salts
		generated for evaporator is being sent to SLF of M/s. BEIL.
		Low TDS stream is treated in the ETP before discharging
		into GIDC drain.
2	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	This condition pertains to Ankleshwar, Panoli & Jhagadia
	discharges till CETP/FETP meets norms	GIDC only and not for Dahej GIDC. However, Company has
		installed ETP with primary, secondary & tertiary facilities.
		An additional bio-reactor of 200 KLPD is being constructed
		to augment capacity of existing ETP. Thus total capacity
		would enhance to 300-350 KLPD.
3	_	Scrubbing system has been installed to control process
	standards	emissions. Coal fired boiler of 8 TPD and duel incinerator
		with two chambers with capacity of 2 MTPD solid & 10
		KLPD liquid are installed.
		Company have appointed third party NABL Accredited
		Testing Laboratory i.e. M/s. Aqua-Air Environmental
		Engineers Pvt. Ltd., Surat for Regular monitoring of various
		parameters. Work order for the same is attached as
		Annexure – 1 & Monitoring has been done and Set of
		Results has been attached as Annexure – 2 . Project
		Environment Monitoring Plan is attached as Annexure – 3 .
		Online pH meter & Flow Meter have been installed,
		Company is in process of purchasing Online TOC meter &
		Copy of Purchase Order for Online detectors is attached as
		Annexure – 4.
4		Scrubbing system to control HCl & Cl₂ has been installed.
	of scrubbed solutions in MEE	
		GPCB analysis report for Incinerator Stack is attached as
		Annexure – 5.

5	Dispersal of DG emission through stack	DG set has been provided with acoustic enclosure.
	,	Company have appointed third party NABL Accredited
		Testing Laboratory i.e. M/s. Aqua-Air Environmental
		Engineers Pvt. Ltd., Surat for Regular monitoring of DG set
		stack. Work order for the same is attached as Annexure – 1
		& Monitoring has been done and Set of Results has been
		attached as Annexure – 2 . Project Environment Monitoring
		Plan is attached as Annexure – 3 .
6	Implementation of standards notified	Agreed to comply and assured to abide by this condition.
	for pesticide unit	
7	Monitoring of VOC in ambient air and	Company have appointed third party NABL Accredited
	submission of data	Testing Laboratory i.e. M/s. Aqua-Air Environmental
		Engineers Pvt. Ltd., Surat for Regular monitoring of VOC in
		ambient air. Work order for the same is attached as
		Annexure – 1 & Monitoring has been done and Set of
		Results has been attached as Annexure – 2 . Project
		Environment Monitoring Plan is attached as Annexure – 3 .
8	Secondary Condenser for recovery of	Complied – Chilled brine solution is provided for secondary
	solvents	condenser attach to recovery of solvents.
9	Authorization under HWMH rules and	Complied – An authorization under HWMH rules is
	its compliance	obtained from GPCB. Solid and hazardous wastes are stored
		in earmarked covered area before its disposal to TSDF. The
		details of disposed quantity are submitted.
10	Fugitive emissions	Company have appointed third party NABL Accredited
		Testing Laboratory i.e. M/s. Aqua-Air Environmental
		Engineers Pvt. Ltd., Surat for Regular monitoring of Fugitive
		Emissions. Work order for the same is attached as
		Annexure – 1 & Monitoring has been done and Set of
		Results has been attached as Annexure – 2 . Action Plan for
		Write up on Control of Fugitive emissions is attached as
		Annexure – 6.
11	,	Complied – The storage tanks for solvents have been
		installed as per provisions of permissions granted by C.E.E.
12		Quotation for HC detectors and LDAR system has been
	'	received and Company is in process of purchasing the same.
		Copy of Purchase Order is attached as Annexure – 4 .
13	-	Complied – Raw materials are stored in warehouses which
	, •	are transferred to processing unit on day-to-day basis
		whereas solvents are stored in tanks which are also
		transferred in the barrels as per the requirement. Each unit

		is provided with storm water channel.
14	Adequate measures to control of Odour	Agreed to comply and assured to abide by this condition.
	nuisance	
15	Allocation of adequate funds	Complied - Company assured to abide by this condition. Rs
		5.22 Cr. Have been incurred as capital lost for
		implementation of EMS.
16	Occupational health surveillance	Complied – All the workers are provided medical facilities
		as per the Factories Act.
17	Adequate arrangements for protection	Adequate measures have been taken for protection of
	of fire hazards	possible fire hazards. Alarm system in the warehouses has
		been installed and Quotation for smoke detectors has been
		received and Company is in process of purchasing the same.
		Copy of Purchase Order is attached as Annexure – 4 .
18	Training to employees	Induction Training to all employees is imparted on safety
		and health aspects. Induction training and medical
		examinations shall be done on Monthly basis. Pre-
		employment training shall be imparted to new employees
		also.
19	Usage of PPEs	Complied – The usage of PPEs is ensured by the
		management.
20	Recommendations of CREP	Compliance of CREP is attached as Annexure – 7 .
21	,	Agreed to comply and assured to abide by this condition.
	cleaner techniques	Write up on Waste minimization and Cleaner techniques
		are attached as Annexure – 8 . Many by-products are
		recovered in existing scenario as a part of cleaner
		production and same will be followed in proposed scenario.
22	Rain water harvesting	Our Company is a pesticide industry there are many
		hazardous chemicals being stored and reacted here, so rain
		water harvesting within the premises is not suitable, but we
		have contacted Sarpanch of near by villages and we are in
		process to develop the rain water harvesting ponds in
		nearby villages as per their requirement and continuously
		develop the same for the cause of environment.
23	Infrastructure facilities to construction	Complied
	labor	

GENERA	L CONDITIONS	
1	Adherence to the stipulations of GPCB	We give assurance that we shall strictly follow all the conditions made by the Gujarat State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
		Company have appointed third party NABL Accredited Testing Laboratory i.e. M/s. Aqua-Air Environmental Engineers Pvt. Ltd., Surat for Regular monitoring of stacks, ambient air quality, fugitive emissions, VOC in ambient air and hazardous waste. Work order for the same is attached as Annexure – 1 & Monitoring has been done and Set of Results has been attached as Annexure – 2 . Project Environment Monitoring Plan is attached as Annexure – 3 .
2	No expansion or modification without prior permission	Company has assured that no expansion or modification will be carried out without prior approval of the competent authorities.
3	Compliance of MSIHC & authorization under HWMH rules.	Copy of Form — 37 is attached as Annexure — 9 for compliance of MSIHC rules and Copy of CC&A is attached as Annexure — 10 for compliance of HWMH rules.
4	Ambient air quality monitoring	Company have appointed third party NABL Accredited Testing Laboratory i.e. M/s. Aqua-Air Environmental Engineers Pvt. Ltd., Surat for Regular monitoring of ambient air quality. Work order for the same is attached as Annexure – 1 & Monitoring has been done and Set of Results has been attached as Annexure – 2 . Project Environment Monitoring Plan is attached as Annexure – 3 .
5	Stacks of appropriate height and treatment of scrubbed water in ETP	Complied – Stacks of appropriate height as per CPCB are provided to control process emissions. Scrubbed water is treated in ETP.
6	Adoption of Waste Minimization measures	Provided magnetic flow meter for charging with metering pumps to minimize waste. Went gases re use for other process and made valuable products.

		Dravided closed system to minimize spillage
		Provided closed system to minimize spillage.
		Provided closed feed system into batch reactors.
		Write up on Waste minimization and Cleaner techniques
		are attached as Annexure – 8 . Many by-products are recovered in existing scenario as a part of cleaner
		production and same will be followed in proposed scenario.
7	Authorization under HWMH rules and	Complied – An authorization under HWMH rules is
	its compliance	obtained from GPCB. Solid and hazardous wastes are stored
		in earmarked covered area before its disposal to TSDF.
8	Noise levels	Company have appointed third party NABL Accredited
		Testing Laboratory i.e. M/s. Aqua-Air Environmental
		Engineers Pvt. Ltd., Surat for Regular monitoring of Noise
		levels. Work order for the same is attached as Annexure – 1
		& Monitoring has been done and Set of Results has been attached as Annexure – 2 . Project Environment Monitoring
		Plan is attached as Annexure – 3 .
9	Environment management cell	Complied – Environmental management cell has been
		constituted. Indeed administration is made responsible for
		safety aspects & Head (Tech) is made responsible for ETP and environmental issues.
10	33 % area under green belt	Total plot area in (m ²) – 52432.22 & Green belt area in (m ²)
		- 17302.63 i.e. 33% of total plot area. Photographs of the
		same are attached as Annexure – 11 .
		Company shall be committed to develop greenbelt outside
		the plant premises also (i.e. roadside and nearby villages).
11	Six monthly compliance status report	Six monthly compliance status report is attached as
		Annexure – 12. Now onwards it shall be submitted regularly
12	Advertisement within seven days	Complied - Company has submitted copies of
		advertisement.
13	Details of financial closure	Complied
14	Ministry may revoke clearance	Company has agreed to the clause imposed by Ministry.
L		

15	Ministry may stipulate additional	Company has assured to implement additional condition if
	conditions	imposed by the Ministry.
16	Appeal to NEAA within 30 days	Company has assured to abide by the condition.
	under Water Act 1974, Air Act 1981, EPA 1986, PLI 1991 & HWMH rules	Company has obtained policy under Public Liability Insurance Act also sincere efforts are being made to implement the conditions stipulated under Air & Water Acts & authorization under HWMH rules.