FORM-1

FOR OBTAINING ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE For the Proposed Project, Synthetic Organic Chemical (Resin) Manufacturing Unit of

M/s. Keshari Unipolypro LLP

Survey No. 69 paiki 2, Village: Chanchavadarda, Taluka: Maliya Miyana, District- Morbi, Gujarat- 363670

Contact No.: 8155012120

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Prepared By:

T. R. ASSOCIATES

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September, 2021

Appendix - I

(See paragraph - 6)

FORM - 1

(I) Basic Information		
Name of the project	:	M/s. Keshari Unipolypro LLP
Location / Site alternative under	:	Survey No. 69 paiki 2, Village: Chanchavadarda, Taluka:
consideration		Maliya Miyana, District- Morbi, Gujarat- 363670
Size of the Project *	:	Production capacity of product is shown in Annexure – 3
Expected cost of the project	:	Expected project cost would be 616.049 Lakhs. Details are
		shown in Annexure – 10.

^{*}Capacity corresponding to second activity (such as production capacity for manufacturing, mining lease area and production capacity for mineral production, area for mineral exploration, length for linear transport infrastructure, generation capacity for power generation etc.)

Sr. No	Item	Details
1.	Name of the Project/s	Proposed Synthetic organic Chemicals (Resin) Manufacturing unit.
2.	S. No. in the schedule	5(f)
3.	Proposed capacity/ area/ length/ tonnage to be handled/command area/ lease	Sr. No. Name of Product Group Capacity Dimethyl
	area/number of well to be drilled.	1 Phthalate 2 Diethyl Phthalate Pi hytrol
		Di butyl Phthalate /Di Isobutyl Phthalate Di Octyl
		4 Phthalate/ Di Iso Octyl Phthalate
		5 Di Iso Nonyl Phthalate Di Iso Decyl On Physical Research
	T. R. ASS	Phthalate Tri Octyl Tri Mellitate (TOTM)
		Tri-Isodecyl- 8 Trimellitate (TIDTM)
		Tri-Isodecyl- 9 Trimellitate (TIDTM)
		Di Iso Decyl 10 Adipate (DIDA)

Sr. No	Item	Details					
110		11	Polyester Resin	Group B	300 MT/Month		
		12	EO base Binder	Group C	200 MT/Month		
		13	Isoper L (Isomer of paraffin)	Group D	500 MT/Month		
		14	Pigment Emulsion	Group E	150` MT/Month		
		Total			2150 MT/Month		
4.	New/Expansion/Modernization	Proposed S Manufactu		ganic Chen	nicals (Resin)		
5.	Existing Capacity/Area etc.	Not Applic	able				
6.	Category of Project i.e. 'A' or 'B'	A					
7.	Does it attract the general Condition? If Yes, please specify.	No					
8.	Does it attract the specific Condition? If Yes, please specify.	No					
9.	Location	Λ	1 12	l L			
	Plot/Survey/Khara No.	Survey No. 69 paiki 2, Village: Chanchavadarda,					
		Taluka: Maliya Miyana, District- Morbi, Gujarat-					
		363670					
	Village	<u>Chancha</u> vadarda					
	Tehsil	M <mark>aliya M</mark> iyana					
	District	Morbi —					
	State	Gujarat					
10.	Nearest railway station/airport along with	Nearest Railway Station -Nazarbaug Railway					
	distance in kms	F 35	3.15 km in E				
			-	ot Airpor	t – 72.44 km in		
		SSE direct					
11.	Nearest Town, City, District Headquarters		own: Morbi –	21.28 km	in ESE		
	along with distance in kms.	direction					
		\ \					
12.	Village Panchayats, Zila Parishad,		<u> </u>	chavadard	a – 1.09 km in		
	Municipal Corporation, Local	South dire	ction				
	body(complete postal) address with	VVI					
	telephone nos. to be givan)						
13.	Name of the applicant		hai Bhagwa		•		
14.	Registered Address	1	-	_	Chanchavadarda,		
			aliya Miyana	ı, District-	Morbi, Gujarat-		
4 =		363670					
15.	Address for correspondence	36 771 1-7	1 'P'		1		
	Name	Mr. Kiritb	hai Bhagwa	njibhai Fi	ultariya		

Sr. No	Item	Details
	Designation (Owner/ Partner/ CEO)	Partner
	Address	Fultariya Kiritbhai B, 704, Nilkanth Heights, ram
		setu society, ravapar kundla road, ravapar
		morbi-363641
	E-mail	info.keshariunipolypro2021@gmail.com
	Telephone No.	8155012120
16.	Details of Alternative Sites examined, if	
	any. Location of these sites should be	No alternative site was selected.
4.7	shown on a topo sheet.	N . A . D . 11
17.	Interlinked Projects.;	Not Applicable
18.	Whether separate application of	Not Applicable
10	interlinked projects has been submitted?	NI-4 A - 1'1-1-
19.	If yes, date of submission	Not Applicable
20.	If no, reason	Not Applicable Not Applicable
21.	Whether the proposal involves approval/ clearance under: If yes, details of the same	Not Applicable
	and their status to be given.	
	(a)The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980?	1 / / 33 /
	(b)The Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972?	
	(c) The C.R.Z Notification, 1991?	_ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
22.	Whether there is any Government Order/	Not Applicable
	Policy relevant/ relating to the site?	
23.	Forest land involved (hectares)	Not App <mark>lic</mark> able
24.	Whether there is any litigation pending	Not Applicable
	against the project and/ or land in which	
	the project is propose to be set up? a) and	1//11/2
	b). Its relevance with the proposed project.	

(II) Activity

1. Construction, operation or decommissioning of the Project involving actions, which will cause physical changes in the locality (topography, land use, changes in water bodies, etc.)

Sr. No.	Information / Checklist confirmation	Yes /No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
1.1	Permanent or temporary change in	Yes	There will be minor change in land use due to
	land use, land cover or topography		construction work. Construction would only
	including increase in intensity of		be carried out after Obtaining Environmental
	land use (with respect to local and		clearance.
	use plan)		

C	Information / Charlet	Vac	Details thereof (with approximate
Sr.	Information / Checklist confirmation	Yes	quantities/rates, wherever possible) with
No.	confirmation	/No	source of information data
1.2	Clearance of existing land,	Yes	The vegetation and small weed would be
	vegetation and buildings?		cleared after obtaining EC.
1.3	Creation of new land uses?	No	Not Applicable
1.4	Pre-construction investigations e.g.	No	Not Applicable
	bore houses, soil testing?		
1.5	Construction works?	No	The construction would be carried out only
			after obtaining EC from concerned authority.
1.6	Demolition works?	No	Not Applicable
1.7	Temporary sites used for	No	No temporary sites or housing facilities will
	construction works or housing of		be provided since local contractors/ workers
	construction workers?		will be given preference for various
			construction activities.
1.8	Above ground buildings, structures	Yes	Detailed plant lay-out is attached as
	or earthworks including linear		Annexure -2.
	structures, cut and fill or	7 [
	excavations		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1.9	Underground works including	No	Not Applicable
	mining or tunneling?		
	Reclamation works?	No	Not Applicable
	Dredging?	No	N <mark>ot Ap</mark> plicable
1.12	Offshore structures?	No	Not Applicable
1.13	Production and manufacturing	Yes	All the steps for the control of air pollution,
	processes?		water pollution and safe handling and
			disposal of all types of hazardous wastes will
			be considered in our Environmental
		l l	Management Plan. Therefore, land use of the
	21	للت	project site will not be impacted due to
			production and manufacturing process.
		_	Manufacturing process of resin along with
			flow diagram is attached as Annexure - 4 ,
1.14	Encilities for storage of goods on	Yes	proposed ETP is depicted in Annexure – 7. Butanol, Ethyl Alcohol, Methyl alcohol will be
1.14	Facilities for storage of goods or materials?	162	stored in Tank Ethylene oxide will be stored in
	materials:	31	bullet all will be stored in Tank Farm.
1.15	Facilities for treatment or disposal	Yes	A detail of solid/hazardous waste is attached
	of solid waste or liquid effluents?		as Annexure – 5 .
	-		A detail of ETP is attached as Annexure – 7.
1.16	Facilities for long term housing of	No	Unit will not provide Labour quarters.
	operational workers?		-
1.17	New road, rail or sea traffic during	No	Not Applicable
	construction or operation?		

Sr.	Information / Checklist	Yes	Details thereof (with approximate
No.	confirmation	/No	quantities/rates, wherever possible) with
140.	Commination	/110	source of information data
1.18	New road, rail, air water borne or	No	No new roads and rails are envisaged.
	other transport infrastructure		Existing transportation facilities will be used
	including new or altered routes		for the proposed project. Therefore, land use
	and stations, ports, airports etc.?		will not be impacted.
1.19	Closure or diversion of existing	No	Not Applicable
	transport routes or infrastructure		
	leading to changes in traffic		
	movements?		
1.20	New or diverted transmission lines	No	Not Applicable
	or pipelines?		
1.21	Impoundment, damming, culver	No	Not Applicable
	ting, realignment or other changes		
	to the hydrology of watercourses		
	or aquifers?		
1.22	Stream crossings?	No	Not Applicable
1.23	Abstraction or transfers of water	Yes	Total water requirement for proposed project
	from ground or surface waters?		will be 40.12 KLD out of which fresh water
			would be 23.95 KLD and reused water
	1 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /		would be 16.17 KLD. Source of water would
	NV/ I		be Borewell. So unit will apply for 23.95 KLD
	V E		from CGWA.
1.24	Changes in water bodies or the	No	Not Applicable
	land surface affecting drainage or		/ / /
	run-off?		
1.25	Transport of personnel or	Yes	Transport of personnel or raw materials for
	materials for construction,		construction or operation will not bring
	operation or decommissioning?	بلخ	change to topography, land use, water bodies
			etc. Also to be noted that local personnel will
		>-	be employed for the operation work, hence no
			such impact due to transport of personnel or
			material is envisaged.
			Building materials will be transported to the
1 27	Long torm diamonthing	No	construction site.
1.26	Long-term dismantling or	No	Not Applicable
	decommissioning or restoration works?		
1.27	Ongoing activity during	No	Not Applicable
1.4/	decommissioning which could have	INU	Not Applicable
	an impact on the environment?		
1.28	Influx of people to an area in either	No	People from nearby villages will be given
1.20		INU	
	temporarily or permanently?		preference for almost all the temporary as

Sr. No.	Information / Checklist confirmation	Yes /No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/rates, wherever possible) with source of information data				
			well as permanent jobs. Therefore, no such impact due to influx of people to an area in either temporarily or permanently is envisaged.				
1.29	Introduction of alien species?	No	Not Applicable				
1.30	Loss of native species or genetic diversity?	No	Not Applicable				
1.31	Any other actions?	No	No additional actions will be implemented that would cause physical changes in land use, topography or water bodies.				

2. Use of Natural resources for construction or operation of the Project (such as land, water, materials or energy, especially any resources which are non-renewable or in short supply):

Sr. No.	Information/checklist confirmation	Yes /No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
2.1	Land especially undeveloped or	Yes	Total area of unit is 11129 m ² , out of which
	agricultural land (ha)		3705 m ² area will be there for greenbelt.
	24 1 2 1 1		This is shown in plant lay-out attached as
		١I	Annexure - 2. Non-Agricultural (NA)
		Δ.	application & dastavej copy are attached as
			Annexure - 12.
2.2	Water (expected source &	Yes	Total water requirement for proposed
	competing users) unit: KLD	1	project will be 40.12 KLD out of which fresh
	/		water would be 23.95 KLD and reused
			water would be 16.17 KLD. Source of water
	T D 40		would be Borewell. So unit will apply for
	I. K. AS	\mathbf{F}	23.95 KLD from CGWA.
2.3	Minerals (MT)	No	Not Applicable
2.4	Construction material – stone,	Yes	Locally available construction materials will
	aggregates, and /soil (expected		be utilized for the construction work.
	source – MT)		
2.5	Forests and timber (source - MT)	Yes	A small amount of timber will be utilized for
			office building. The same will be purchased
			from open market.

2.6	Energy including electricity and	Yes	1000 KVA load will be required for proposed
	fuels (source, competing users)		project from PGVCL 125 KVA D. G. Set will be
	Unit: fuel (MT), energy (MW)		provided for proposed project.
			Steam boiler of 2 TPH will be required for
			proposed project and for that Fuel will be
			Briquettes (6.87 MT/day) and as APCM
			Multicyclone Dust Collector followed by Bag
			filter followed by water Scrubber will be
			provided.
			TFH of 1000000 Kcal/hr will be required for
			proposed project and for that fuel required
			will be Briquettes (5 MT/day) and as APCM
			Multicyclone Dust Collector followed by Bag filter followed by water Scrubber will be
			provided.
2.7	Any other natural resources (use	No	No
	appropriate standard units)		

3. Use, storage, transport, handling or production of substances or materials, which could be harmful to human health or the environment or raise concerns about actual or perceived risks to human health.

Sr. No.	Information/checklist confirmation	Yes/ No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/rates, wherever possible) with source of information data			
3.1	Use of substances or materials,	Yes	Adequate measures will be taken as per the			
	which are hazardous (as <mark>pe</mark> r		Manufacture, Storage & Import of Hazardous			
	MSIHC rules) to human health or		Chemicals Rules, 1989 and subsequent			
	the environment (flora, fauna,		amendments for handling, storage and use of			
	and water supplies)		the hazardous materials. However, Risk			
		NΙ	Assessment Study will be carried out and			
		للث	based on the same On-site Emergency Plan			
			will be prepared.			
		_	Please refer Annexure – 3 for details of			
			hazardous raw materials.			
3.2	Changes in occurrence of disease	No	Not Applicable			
	or affect disease vectors (e.g.					
	insect or water borne diseases)	50	DCIATES			
3.3	Affect the welfare of people e.g.	Yes	Improvement of local people welware by			
	by changing living conditions?		increasing employment			
3.4	Vulnerable groups of people who	No	Not applicable due to the fact that our unit			
	could be affected by the project		will set-up on an open land area, this is far			
	e.g. hospital patients, children, the		from nearby resident area			
	elderly etc.		(Chanchavardarda 1.09 km in South			
			direction). Thus, there will not be any			

			adverse	effect	on	vulnerable	groups	of
			people.					
3.5	Any other causes	No	Not Appl	icable				

4. Production of solid wastes during construction or operation or decommissioning (MT/month)

Sr. No.	Information/checklist confirmation	Yes/ No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
4.1	Spoil, Over burden or mine wastes	No	Not Applicable
4.2	Municipal Waste (domestic and or commercial wastes)	Yes	A details of solid/hazardous waste is attached as Annexure - 5 .
4.3	Hazardous wastes (as per Hazardous Waste Management Rules)	Yes	A details of solid/hazardous waste is attached as Annexure – 5.
4.4	Other industrial process wastes	Yes	A details of solid/hazardous waste is attached as Annexure – 5.
4.5	Surplus product	No	Not Applicable
4.6	Sewage sludge or other sludge from effluent treatment	Yes	A details of solid/hazardous waste is attached as Annexure - 5 .
4.7	Construction or demolition waste	Yes	Construction wastes will be inert in nature and will be collected and utilized in filling of low-lying areas within the unit. Since the quantity of the construction material is not available, quantity of construction waste can not be estimated. No demolition work will be carried out for the proposed manufacturing unit. Therefore, no demolition waste will be generated.
4.8	Redundant machinery or equipment	No	Not Applicable
4.9	Contaminated soils or other materials	No	Not Applicable
4.10	Agricultural wastes	No	Not Applicable
4.11	Other solid wastes	No	Not Applicable

5. Release of pollutants or any hazardous, toxic or noxious substances to air (kg/hr)

Sr. No.	Information/checklist confirmation	Yes/ No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
5.1	Emissions from combustion of fossil	Yes	Details of flue gas stack with release of

	fuels from stationery or mobile		pollutants for resin plant is given in
	sources		Annexure 8.
5.2	Emissions from production	Yes	There will be process gas emission from
	processes		production, Details is given in Annexure 8.
5.3	Emissions from materials handling	Yes	There will be minor fugitive emissions due
	including storage or transport		to handling & storage of materials for which
			proper control measures will be adopted.
5.4	Emissions from construction	Yes	- Due to construction activities there may
	activities including plant and		be chances of fugitive emission.
	equipment		- To avoid fugitive emission, proper control
			measures will be adopted.
5.5	Dust or odors from handling of	Yes	Due to handling of construction materials,
	materials including construction		concentration of particulate matter in
	materials, sewage and waste		ambient air will slightly increase for that
			particular time. Nevertheless, water
			sprinkling will be carried out during
		7	construction activity to nullify the effects of
	10.		such dusting. There will not be any odour
	10////		problem during the handling of
			construction materials. During construction
			and operation phase adequate sanitary facilities will be provided for the workers.
5.6	Emissions from incineration of	No	Not Applicable
3.0	waste	NU	Not Applicable
5.7	Emissions from burning of waste in	No	Not Applicable
J./	open air (e.g. slash materials,	110	Not Applicable
	construction debris)		/ /
5.8	Emissions from any other sources	No	Not Applicable
5.0	Limbsions ironi any other sources	110	Hot Tippiicable

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6. Generation of Noise and Vibration, and Emissions of Light and Heat:

Sr. No.	Information/checklist confirmation	Yes/ No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
6.1	From operation of equipment	Yes	Source of noise pollution is Steam boiler,
	e.g. engines, ventilation plant,		Thermic Fluid Heater, D. G. sets, air compressor
	crushers		etc. As far as noise is concerned adequate sound
			enclosures is provided to all the equipments &
			machineries generating high noise. However,
			ear protecting devices is provided to all
			workers working in such areas where noise
			levels will be high. Increase in greenbelt
			development is helpful to abate noise levels.
6.2	From industrial or similar	Yes	Sources of noise pollution from the plant are
	processes		pumps and motors, machineries, cooling tower
			etc. All the equipment in the unit will be
			designed and operated to have the noise level
			not exceeding 75-80 dB (A) at a distance of 1.5
	A 2 /		m. from the equipment. Also, all the measures
			will be taken to limit the noise level at the plant
6.3	From construction or	Yes	boundary within the stipulated limits. Ambient noise level will slightly increase during
0.3	demolition	res	construction phase. However, effect of such
	demontion		noise would be temporary and negligible.
6.4	From blasting or piling	No	Not Applicable
6.5			
0.5	The second secon	Yes	Ambient noise level will slightly increase due to construction and operational traffic. However,
	operational traffic		effect of such noise would be temporary and
			negligible.
6.6	From lighting or cooling	No	Not Applicable
	systems	1.0	
6.7	From any other sources	No	Not Applicable

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7. Risks of contamination of land or water from releases of pollutants into the ground or into sewers, surface waters, ground water, coastal waters or the sea:

Sr. No.	Information/checklist confirmation	Yes /No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
7.1	From handling, storage, use or spillage of hazardous materials.	Yes	As this is a chemical project which involves some hazardous materials so care is taken
			while handling, storage, use of the materials, especially raw materials to ensure that they are proper utilized as per prescribed regulations like THE MANUFACTURE, STORAGE AND IMPORT OFHAZARDOUS CHEMICAL RULES, 1989 or spillage of
			hazardous materials, or HWM Rules to avoid the risks of contamination from release of pollutants to maximum level.
7.2	From discharge of sewage or other	No	The details of proposed Effluent Treatment
	effluents to water or the land		Plant is attached as Annexure – 7.
	(expected mode and place of		1 17 21
	discharge).		
7.3	By deposition of pollutants emitted	No	No major impact is anticipated by deposition
	to air into the land or into water.		of pollutants emitted to air into the land or
			into water due to all the necessary air
	VA I I		pollution control measures to be adopted for
			controlling the air pollution within the norms
			specified by Central/State Pollution Control
			Board. The details of proposed Effluent
		NΙ	Treatment Plant is attached as Annexure – 7.
			And Flue gas and process gas stack as
			Annexure - 8.
7.4	From any other sources.	No	Not Applicable
7.5	Is there a risk of long term build up	No	Not Applicable
	of pollutants in the environment		T
	from these sources?		

8. Risk of accidents during construction or operation of the project, which could affect human health or the environment

Sr. No.	Information/checklist confirmation	Yes /No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
8.1	From explosions, spillages, fires	Yes	Risk Assessment study will be carried out to

	etc. from storage, handling, use or		minimize any possible causes that would lead
	production of hazardous substance		to an accident. Based on the same, the
			industry will prepare an onsite emergency
			plan highlighting the steps to be taken at the
			time of emergency, key personnel to be
			contacted; phone numbers of the emergency
			help lines etc. Moreover adequate storage
			facilities will be provided and special care will
			be taken for storage, handling, use and
			transport of hazardous materials.
8.2	From any other causes	No	Not Applicable
8.3	Could the project be affected by	No	Floods are not likely to occur as water body
	natural disasters causing		are far away. It may be noted that seismic
	environmental damage (e.g. floods,		forces will be considered for the construction
	earthquakes, landslides,		of proposed structures/ buildings as the
	cloudburst etc)?		project site falls under the Sesmic Zone - IV.

9. Factors which should be considered (such as consequential development) which could lead to environmental effects or the potential for cumulative impacts with other existing or planned activities in the locality.

Sr. No.	Information/checklist confirmation	Yes /No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
9.1	Lead to development of supporting, lities, ancillary development or development stimulated by the project which could have impact on the environment e.g.	K	
	• Supporting infrastructure (roads, power supply, waste or waste water treatment, etc.)	No	Not Applicable
	Housing development		
	Extractive industriesSupply industriesOther		
9.2	Lead to after use of the site, which could have an impact on the environment		Not Applicable
9.3	Set a precedent for later developments	No	Not Applicable
9.4	Have cumulative effects due to proximity to other existing or planned projects with similar effects	No	Not Applicable

(III)	Environmental Sensitivity		
Sr. No.	Areas	Name/ Identitiy	Areal Distance (within 15 km.) proposed project location boundry
1	Areas protected under international conventions, national or local legislation for their ecological landscape, cultural or other related value	No	Not Applicable
2	Areas with an important or sensitive for ecological reasons – Wetlands, watercourses or other water bodies, coastal zone, biospheres, mountains, forests.	Yes	Chanchavadarda pond – 1.08 km in South direction
3	Areas used by protected, important or sensitive species of flora or fauna for breeding, nesting, foraging, resting, over wintering, migration	No	Wild Ass sanctuary – 13.90 km in West Direction
4	Inland, coastal, marine or underground waters	Yes	Chanchavadarda pond – 1.08 km in South direction
5	State, National boundaries	No	Not Applicable
6	Routes or facilities used by the public for access to recreation or other tourist, pilgrim areas	No	Not Applicable
7	Defense installations	No	Not Applicable
8	Densely populated or built-up area	Yes	Morbi City is approx. 21.28 km away in SE direction from project site.
9	Areas occupied by sensitive man-made land uses (hospitals, schools, places of worship, community facilities)	Yes	Targhari Primary school, is at 2.68 km away in WNW direction from project site. Samarpan hospital Morbi is at 21.47 km away in ESE direction from project site.
10	Areas containing important, high quality or scarce resources (ground water resources, surface resources, forestry, agricultures, fisheries, tourism, minerals)	No C	Not Applicable
11	Areas already subjected to pollution or environmental damage. (those where existing legal environmental standards are exceeded)	No	Not Applicable
12	Areas susceptible to natural hazard	No	Not Applicable

(III)	Environmental Sensitivity			
Sr. No.	Areas	Name/ Identitiy	Areal Distance (within 15 km.) proposed project location boundry	
	which could cause the project to present			
	environmental problems (earthquakes,			
	subsidence, landslides, erosion, flooding			
	or extreme or adverse climatic			
	conditions)			

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"I hereby given undertaking that the data and information given in the application and enclosures are true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I am aware that if any part of the data and information submitted is found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at our risk and cost".

Date: 17/09/2021

Place: Morbi

Signature of the Applicant with Name and Full Address

KESHARI UNIPOLYPRO LLP

DESIGNATED PARTNER

Mr. Kiritbhai Bhagwanjibhai Fultariya M/s. Keshari Unipolypro LLP Survey No. 69 paiki 2, Village: Chanchavadarda, Taluka: Maliya Miyana, District- Morbi, Gujarat- 363670

Note:

- 1. The projects involving clearance under coastal regulation zone notification, 1991 shall submit with the application a C.R.Z map duly demarcated by one of the authorized agencies, showing the project activities, w.r.t C.R.Z and the recommendations of the state coastal zone management authority. Simultaneous action shall also be taken to obtain the requisite clearance under the provisions of the C.R.Z Notification, 1991 for the activities to be located in the CRZ.
- **2.** The projects to be located within 10 km of the National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Migratory Corridors of Wild Animals, the project proponent shall submit the map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden showing these features vis-à-vis the project location and the recommendations or comments of the chief wildlife warden thereon"
- **3.** All correspondence with the Ministry of Environment & Forests including submission of application for TOR/Environmental Clearance, subsequent clarifications, as may be required from time to time, participation in the EAC Meeting on behalf of the project proponent shall be made by the authorized signatory only. The authorized signatory should also submit a document in support of his claim of being an authorized signatory for the specific project."

ANNEXURES FOR FORM-1 FOR OBTAINING ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE

For the Proposed Project,

Synthetic Organic Chemical (Resin)

Manufacturing Unit of

M/s. Keshari Unipolypro LLP

Survey No. 69 paiki 2, Village: Chanchavadarda, Taluka: Maliya Miyana, District- Morbi, Gujarat- 363670

Contact No.: 8155012120

Email: info.keshariunipolypro2021@gmail.com

Prepared By:

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September, 2021

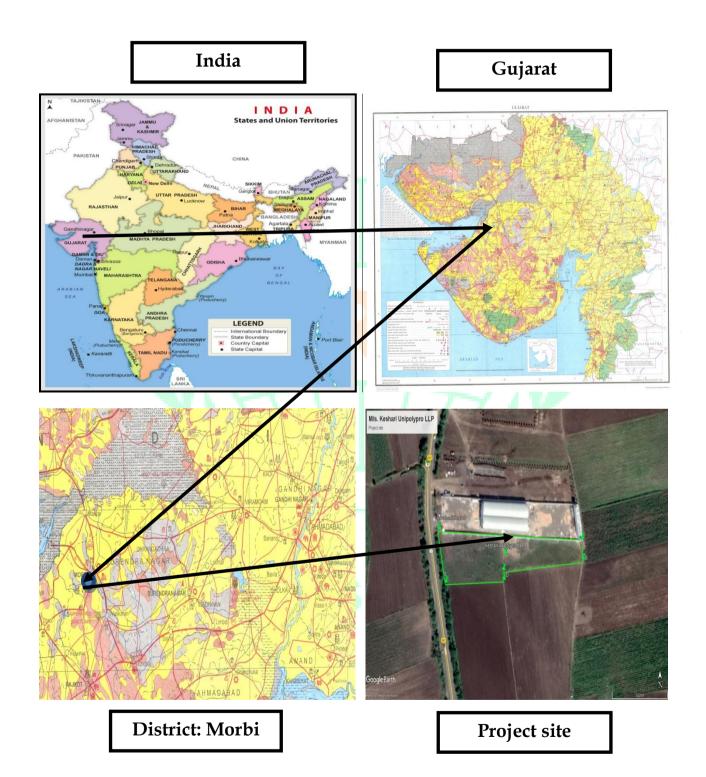
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ANNEXURE - 1

PROJECT LOCATION



SATELLITE IMAGE



<u>Sr. No.</u>	<u>Node</u>	<u>Latitude</u>	<u>Longitude</u>
1	A	22°57'27.31"N	70°41'26.73"E
2	В	22°57'26.54"N	70°41'26.79"E
3	C	22°57'26.15"N	70°41'21.72"E
4	D	22°57'25.80"N	70°41'21.75"E
5	Е	22°57'25.69"N	70°41'18.06"E
6	F	22°57'27.65"N	70°41′17.60″E

Siting criteria

Sr. No.	Important Features	Description
1.	Location	Survey No. 69 paiki 2, Village: Chanchavadarda, Taluka: Maliya Miyana, District- Morbi, Gujarat- 363670
2.	GPS Coordinates	22°57'26.75"N 70°41'21.83"E
3.	Temperature Range	19.7 °C to 33.8 °C (average)
4.	Mean Sea Level	20 m
5.	Annual Rain Fall	592 mm (average)
6.	Nearest Village	Chanchavardarda – 1.09 km in SSW direction
7.	Nearest school	Targhari Primary school 2.68 km in WNW direction
8.	Nearest Hospital	Samarpan Hospital 21.47 km in ESE direction
9.	Nearest Fire station	Morbi Fire station 21.51 km in SE direction
10.	Nearest National Highway	NH 947 - 0.01 km WSW direction
11.	Nearest River/Water body	Chanchavardarda pond – 1.08 km in South direction
12.	Nearest Town	Morbi – 21. <mark>28 k</mark> m in SE direction
13.	Nearest Railway Station	Nazarbaug – 23.15 km in ESE direction
14.	Nearest Airport	Rajkot Airport – 72.44 km in SSE direction
15.	National Parks / Sanctuary	Wild Ass sanctuary – 13.90 km in West Direction
16.	Nearest Historical Places	Julto Pool 21.96 km in ESE direction

T. R. ASSOCIATES

ANNEXURE - 2 PLANT LAY-OUT



LAYOUT PLAN

Total Site Area = 11129.00 sq.mts.
Built up Area = 2226.00 sq.mts.
Green Area = 3705.00 sq.mts.
(33.29% GREEN BELT OF PLOT AREA)
Road Area = 3136.00 sq.mts.
Open Area = 2062.00 sq.mts.

To the state of th

All dim. are in meter.

	SIZE IN MT.	TOTAL AREA IN SQ. MT.
TANK FARM	20.00 X 20.00	400.00
BOILER	19.06 X 24.07	458.77
RM & FG STORAGE	19.06 X 30.00	571.80
E.T.P	06.75 X 30.00	202.50
FUTURE EXPANSION	05.00 X 20.00	100.00
PROCESS AREA	10.00 X 20.00	200.00
TANK STORAGE	10.07 X 17.92	180.45
O.H.C	05.00 X 03.00	15.00

	TANK D	ETAILS	
TANK	RAW MATERIAL	CAPACITY	SIZE IN MTR.
1	ETHYL ALCOHOL	100 KL	3 (DIA)
2	ETHYL ALCOHOL	100 KL	3 (DIA)
3	BUTANOL	40 KL	2 (DIA)
4	METHYL ALCOHOL	40 KL	2 (DIA)
5	ETHYLENE OXIDE	20 KL	02.00 X 06.00
6	ETHYLENE OXIDE (SPARE)	20 KL	02.00 X 06.00
Α	ISO NONANOL	40 KL	2(DIA)
В	ISODECYL ALCOHOL	40 KL	2(DIA)
С	OCTANOL	40 KL	2(DIA)
D	NAOH SOLUTION	10 KL	2(DIA)



M/s KESHARI UNIPOLYPRO LLP Survey No. 69 Paiki 2, Village:- Chanchavadarda Taluka:- Maliya Miyana, District:- Morbi, Gujarat,363670



vishwas patel architects +91 - 9879863966

ANNEXURE - 3

LIST OF PRODUCTS

Sr. No.	Name of Product	Group	Production Capacity	CAS No.
1	Dimethyl Phthalate			131-11-3
2	Diethyl Phthalate			84-66-2
3	Di butyl Phthalate /Di			84-69-5
3	Isobutyl Phthalate			01075
4	Di Octyl Phthalate/ Di Iso			27554-26-3
	Octyl Phthalate			
5	Di Iso Nonyl Phthalate		1000 MT/Month	28553-12-0
6	Di Iso Decyl Phthalate	Group A	1000 MT/Month	26761-40-0
7	Tri Octyl Tri Mellitate		3319-31-1	
/	(TOTM)			3319-31-1
8	Tri-Isodecyl-Trimellitate			27721 20 0
O	(TIDTM)			36631-30-8
9	Tri-Isodecyl-Trimellitate			102 22 1
9	(TIDTM)			103-23-1
10	Di Iso Decyl Adipate (DIDA)			27178-16-01
11	Polyester Resin	Group B	300 MT/Month	113669-95-7
12	EO base Binder	Group C	200 MT/Month	
13	Isoper L (Isomer of paraffin)	Group D	Group D 500 MT/Month	
14	Pigment Emulsion	Group E	150` MT/Month	
	TOTAL		2150 MT/M	onth

LIST OF RAW MATERIALS

Sr. No.	Raw Material	MT/M	CAS no.
1	Adipic Acid	415.36	124-04-9
2	Butanol / Iso Butanol	586.77	71-36-3
3	di- and tri- ethanolamines	109.29	141-43-5
4	Dyes	45.00	
5	Ethyl Alcohol*	580.00	64-17-5
6	Ethylene oxide*	91.07	75-21-8
7	Glycol*	164.44	107-21-1
8	Iso Nonanol	759.40	205-583-7
9	isodecyl Alcohol	871.00	25339-17-7
10	Methyl alcohol*	506.05	67-56-1
11	Octanol / Iso octanol	813.67	111-87-5
12	Paraffin*	475.59	8002-74-2
13	Phthalic anhydride*	820.00	85-44-9
14	Soda Ash/NaOH Sol	40.00	497-19-8

15	terephthalic acid	171.59	100-21-0
16	Trimellitic Anhydride	353.56	552-30-7

Note: * The stated chemicals are considered as Hazardous Chemicals as per the Manufacture, Storage & Import of Hazardous Chemicals (MSIHC) Rules 1989 and its amendments.

ANNEXURE - 4

MANUFACTURING PROCESS

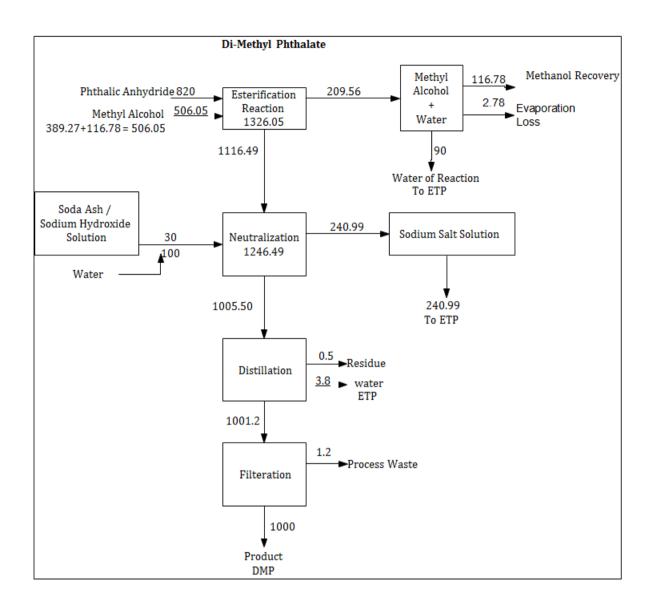
1. <u>Di-Methyl phthalate</u>

A. Manufacturing Process

Phthalic Anhydride and Methanol in the presence of catalyst are reacted to form Diester at 140 to 150 °C. Crude Ester is neutralized with alkali to get neutral product. There after it is purified by distillation and finally filtered to get the final product. Recovered alcohol which is generated during the reaction process is reused in the next batch.

B. Chemical Reaction

C. Flow diagram



D. Mass Balance

<u>Di-Methyl phthalate</u>	1000 M	1000 MT/Month			
Batch Size	5	MT			
Working days per Month	25	days			
No. of Batches per month	200	Nos.			
Batch time	16	Hrs.			
Reactor size	6.5	KL			
No of rectors	6				

Sr. No.	Input	Kg in mass balance	MT/ MT	MT/M	<u>Output</u>	Kg in mass balance	MT /M T	MT/M	Remark s
1.	Phthalic anhydride	820.00	0.82	820.00	<u>Dimethyl</u> <u>Phthalate</u>	1000.00	1.00	1000.00	Product
2.	Methyl alcohol	506.05	0.51	506.05	Methyl Alcohol recovery	116.78	0.12	116.78	Reuse in process

3.	Soda Ash/NaOH Sol	30.00	0.03	30.00	Distillation Residue	0.50	0.00	0.50	To CHWIF
4.	Water	100.00	0.10	100.00	Wastewater	334.79	0.33	337.57	To ETP
5.					Process Waste	1.20	0.00	1.20	To TSDF
6.					Evaporation Loss	2.78	0.00		To AC column
7.	Total	1456.05				1456.05			

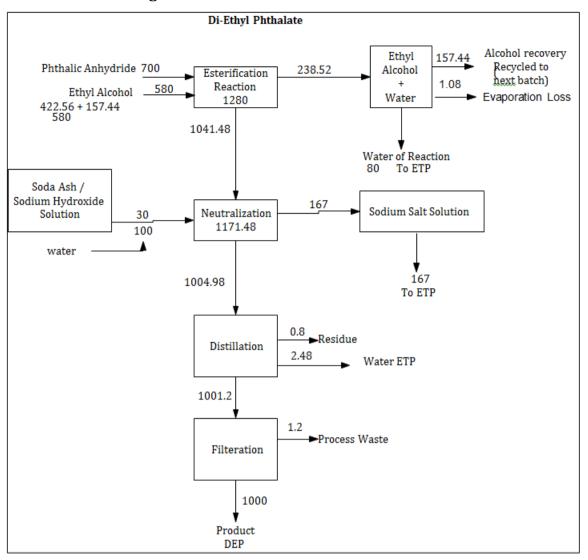
2. Di-Ethyl phthalate

A. Manufacturing Process

Phthalic Anhydride Ethyl Alcohol in the presence of catalyst are reacted to form Diester at 140 to 150 °C. Crude Ester is neutralized with alkali to get neutral product. There after it is purified by distillation and finally filtered to get the final product. Recovered alcohol which is generated during the reaction process is reused in the next batch.

B. Chemical Reaction

C. Process Flow Diagram



D. Mass Balance

Di-Ethyl phthalate	1000 MT/Month		
Batch Size	5	MT	
Working days per Month	25	days	
No. of Batches per month	200	Nos.	
Batch time	16	Hrs.	
Reactor size	6.5	KL	
No of rectors	6		

Sr. No.	Input	Kg in mass balance	MT/ MT	MT/M	<u>Output</u>	Kg in mass balanc e	MT/ MT	MT/M	Remark s
1.	Phthalic anhydride	700.00	0.70	700.00	2. Di- Ethyl phthalate	1000.0	1.00	1000.00	Product
2.	Ethyl Alcohol	580.00	0.58	580.00	Ethyl Alcohol recovery(157.44	0.16	157.44	Reuse in process

					Reuse in process)				
3.	Soda Ash/NaOH Sol	30.00	0.03	30.00	Distillatio n Residue	0.80	0.00	0.80	To CHWIF
4.	Water	100.00	0.10	100.00	Wastewat er	249.48	0.25	250.56	То ЕТР
5.					Process Waste	1.20	0.00	1.20	To TSDF
6.					Evaporati on Loss	1.08	0.00		To AC column
	Total	1410				1410			

3. <u>Di-Butyl Phthalate / Di- iso butyl phthalate</u>

A. Manufacturing Process

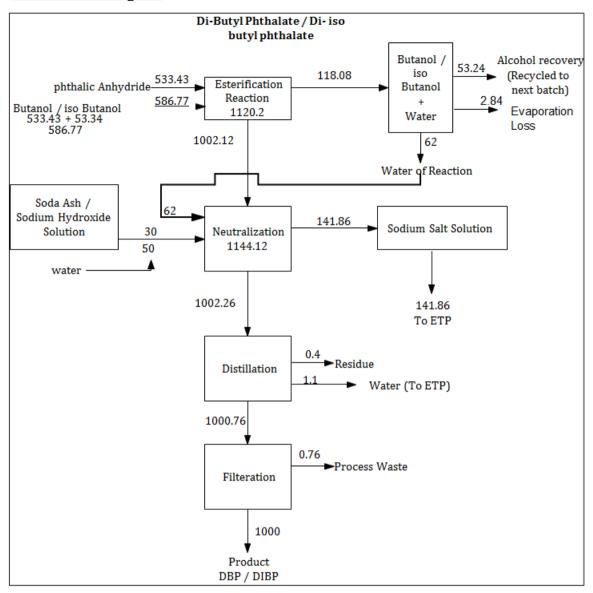
Phthalic Anhydride and Butanol / iso Butanol in the presence of catalyst are reacted to form Diester at $140 \text{ to } 150 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$. Crude Ester is neutralized with alkali to get neutral product. There after it is purified by distillation and finally filtered to get the final product. Recovered alcohol which is generated during the reaction process is reused in the next batch.

B. Reaction Chemistry

CO COOC
$$_4$$
H $_9$ COOC $_4$ H $_9$ +H $_2$ O COOC $_4$ H $_9$ +1 Water (Di- Butyl phthalate)

Or (Di- isobutyl phthalate)

C. Process Flow Diagram



D. <u>Summary of Mass Balance</u>

Di-Butyl Phthalate / Di- iso butyl phthalate	1000 MT/Month			
Batch Size	5	MT		
Working days per Month	25	days		
No. of Batches per month	200	Nos.		
Batch time	16	Hrs.		
Reactor size	6.5	KL		
No of rectors	6			

Sr. No.	Input	Kg in mass balance	MT/M T	MT/ M	<u>Output</u>	Kg in mass balance	MT/ MT	MT/M	Remar ks
1.	Phthalic anhydride	533.43	0.53	533.4 3	Di-Butyl Phthalate	1000.00	1	1000.00	Produc t
2.	Butanol / Iso Butanol	586.77	0.58	586.7 7	Alcohol recovery(Reuse in processs)	53.24	0.053	53.24	Reuse in process

									s
3.	Soda Ash/NaOH Sol	30.00	0.03	30.00	Distillation Residue	0.40	0.000 4	0.40	To CHWIF
4.	Water	50.00	0.05	50.00	Wastewater	142.96	0.14	142.96	То ЕТР
5.	Recycled water	62.00	0.062	62.00	Process Waste	0.76	0.000 76	0.76	To TSDF
6.					water Recycle	62.00	0.062	62.00	Reuse in process
7.					Evaporation Loss	2.84	0.002 84	2.84	To AC column
	Total	1262.20				1262.20			

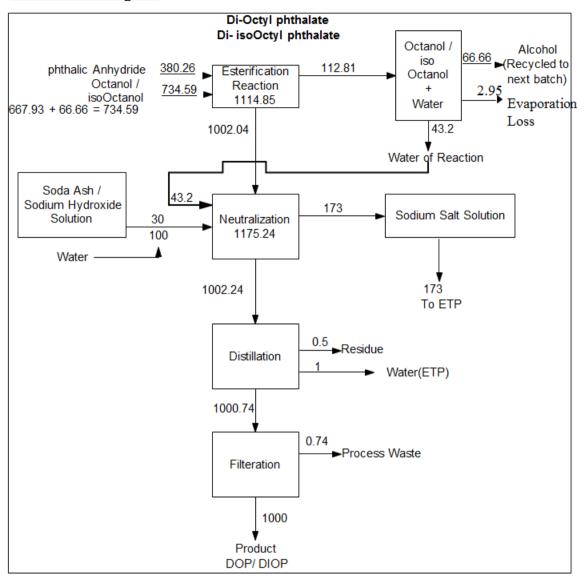
4. <u>Di-Octyl phthalate / Di- isoOctyl phthalate</u>

A. Manufacturing Process

Phthalic Anhydride and Octanol / iso Octanol in the presence of catalyst are reacted to form Diester at $140 \text{ to } 150 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$. Crude Ester is neutralized with alkali to get neutral product. There after it is purified by distillation and finally filtered to get the final product. Recovered alcohol which is generated during the reaction process is reused in the next batch.

B. Reaction Chemistry

C. Process Flow Diagram



D. <u>Summary of Mass Balance</u>

Di-Octyl phthalate / Di- isoOctyl phthalate	1000 MT/Month			
Batch Size	5	MT		
Working days per Month	25	days		
No. of Batches per month	200	Nos.		
Batch time	16	Hrs.		
Reactor size	6.5	KL		
No of rectors	6			

Sr. No.	Input	Kg in mass balance	MT /M T	MT/M	Output	Kg in mass balance	MT/MT	MT/M	Rema rks
1.	Phthalic anhydride	380.26	0.3 8	380.26	<u>Di-Octyl</u> phthalate	1000.00	1	1000.0	Produ ct
2.	Octanol / Iso octanol	734.59	0.7 3	734.59	Octanol Recovery	66.66	0.066	66.66	Reuse in proces

									SS
3.	Soda Ash/NaOH Sol	30.00	0.0	30.00	Distillation Residue	0.50	0.0005	0.50	To CHWIF
4.	Water	100.00	0.1	100.00	Wastewater	174.00	0.174	174.00	To ETP
5.	Recycled water	43.20	0.0 432	43.20	Process Waste	0.74	0.0007 4	0.74	To TSDF
6.					Evaporation loss	2.95	0.0029 5	2.95	To AC colum n
7.					water Recycle	43.20	0.0432	43.20	Reuse n proces s
	Total	1288.05				1288.05			

5. <u>Di-isoNonyl Phthalate</u>

A. Manufacturing Process

Phthalic Anhydride and iso nonanol in the presence of catalyst are reacted to form Diester at 140 to $150\,^{\circ}$ C. Crude Ester is neutralized with alkali to get neutral product.

There after it is purified by distillation and finally filtered to get the final product. Recovered alcohol which is generated during the reaction process is reused in the next batch.

B. Reaction Chemistry

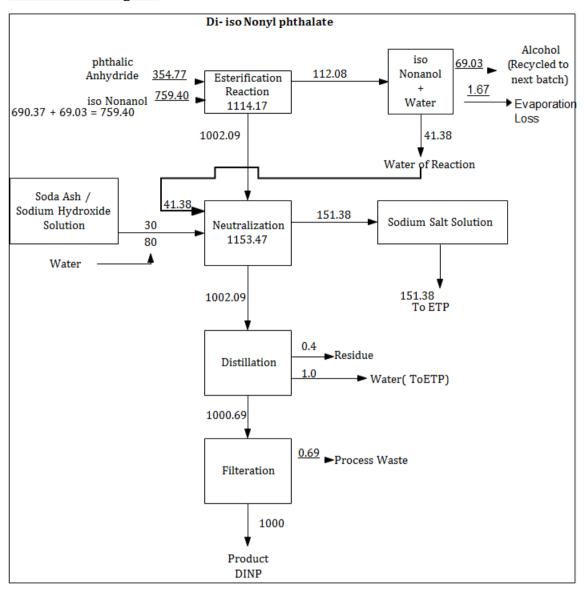
COOC9H₁₉

$$CO + 2 C_9 H_{19} OH$$

$$CooC9H_{19} + H_2 O$$

$$CooC9H_{19} + 1 Water$$

C. Process Flow Diagram



D. <u>Summary of Mass Balance</u>

Di-isoNonyl Phthalate	1000 MT/Month			
Batch Size	5	MT		
Working days per Month	25	days		
No. of Batches per month	200	Nos.		
Batch time	16	Hrs.		
Reactor size	6.5	KL		
No of rectors	6			

Sr. No.	Input	Kg in mass balance	MT/M T	MT/M	<u>Output</u>	Kg in mass balance	MT/MT	MT/ M	Remark s
1.	Phthalic anhydride	354.77	0.3547 7	354.77	<u>Di-isoNonyl</u> <u>Phthalate</u>	1000.00	1	1000. 00	Product
2.	Iso Nonanol	759.40	0.7594	759.40	Alcohol	69.03	0.06903	69.03	Reuse in process
3.	Soda	30.00	0.03	30.00	Distillation	0.40	0.0004	0.40	То

	Ash/NaOH Sol				Residue				CHWIF
4.	Water	80.00	0.08	80.00	Wastewater	152.38	0.152	152.3 8	То ЕТР
5.	Recycled water	41.38	0.0413 8	41.38	Process Waste	0.69	0.00069	0.69	To TSDF
6.					Evaporation loss	1.67	0.00167	1.67	To AC column
7.					water Recycle	41.38	0.04138	41.38	Reuse in proces
	total	1265.55				1265.55			

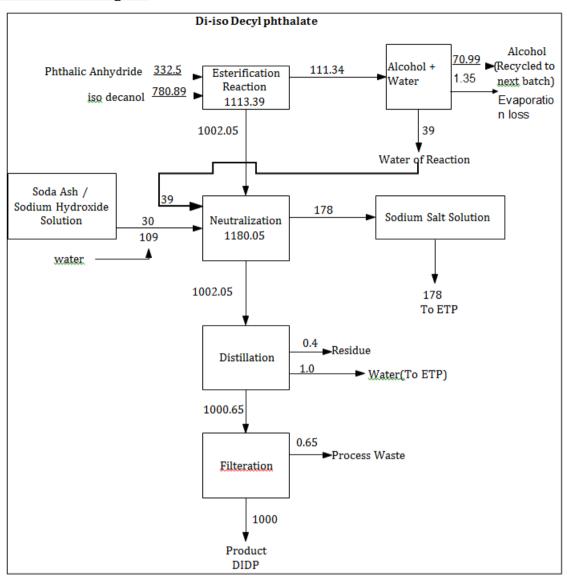
6. <u>Di-isodecyl phthalate</u>

A. Manufacturing Process

Phthalic Anhydride and iso decanol in the presence of catalyst are reacted to form Diester at 140 to 150 °C. Crude Ester is neutralized with alkali to get neutral product. Then after it is purified by distillation and finally filtered to get the final product. Recovered alcohol which is generated during the reaction process is reused in the next batch.

B. Reaction Chemistry

C. Process Flow Diagram



D. <u>Summary of Mass Balance</u>

Di-isodecyl phthalate	1000 M	1000 MT/Month			
Batch Size	5	MT			
Working days per Month	25	days			
No. of Batches per month	200	Nos.			
Batch time	16	Hrs.			
Reactor size	6.5	KL			
No of rectors	6				

Sr. No.	Input	Kg in mass balance	MT/MT	MT/M	<u>Output</u>	Kg in mass balance	MT/MT	MT/M	Remar ks
1.	Phthalic anhydride	332.50	0.3325	332.50	Di-isodecyl phthalate	1000.00	1	1000.0 0	Produc t
2.	isodecyl Alcohol	780.89	0.78089	780.89	Iso decyl Alcohol Recovery	70.99	0.07099	70.99	Reuse in process
3.	Soda Ash/NaOH Sol	30.00	0.03	30.00	Distillation	0.40	0.0004	0.40	То

					Residue				CHWIF
4.	Water	109.00	0.109	109.00	Wastewater	179.00	0.179	179.00	To ETP
5.	Recycled water	39.00	0.039	39.00	Process Waste	0.65	0.00065	0.65	To TSDF
6.					water Recycle	39.00	0.039	39.00	Reuse in process
7.					Evaporation loss	1.35	0.00135	1.35	To AC column
	Total	1291.39				1291.39			

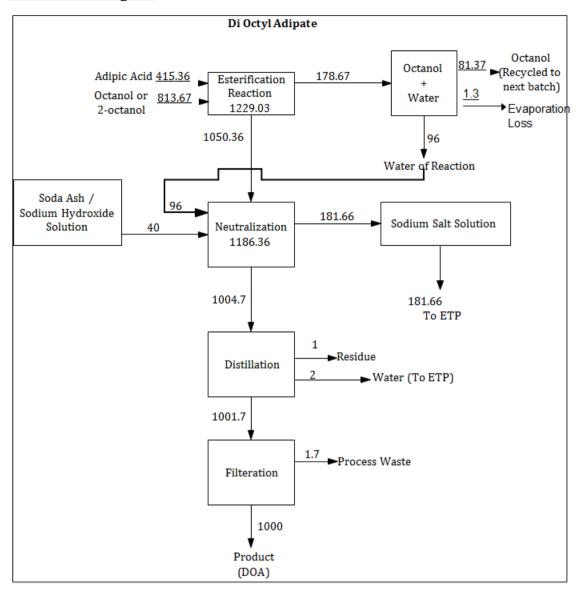
7. <u>Di Octyl Adipate</u>

A. Manufacturing Process

Adipic Acid and Octanol in the presence of catalyst are reacted to form Diester at 110 to 120 °C. Crude Ester is neutralized with alkali to get neutral product. There after it is purified by distillation and finally filtered to get the final product. Recovered alcohol which is generated during the reaction process is reused in the next batch.

B. Reaction Chemistry

C. Process Flow Diagram



D. <u>Summary of Mass Balance</u>

Di Octyl Adipate	1000 M	1000 MT/Month			
Batch Size	5	MT			
Working days per Month	25	days			
No. of Batches per month	200	Nos.			
Batch time	16	Hrs.			
Reactor size	6.5	KL			
No of rectors	6				

Sr. No.	Input	Kg in mass balance	MT/MT	MT/M	<u>Output</u>	Kg in mass balance	MT/MT	MT/M	Remar ks
1.	Adipic Acid	415.36	0.41536	415.36	Di Octyl Adipate	1000.00	1	1000.0 0	Product
2.	Octanol	813.67	0.81367	813.67	Octanol recovery	81.37	0.08137	81.37	Resue in proces

3.	Soda Ash/NaOH Sol	40.00	0.04	40.00	Distillation Residue	1.00	0.001	1.00	To CHWIF
4.	Recycled water	96.00	0.096	96.00	Wastewater	183.66	0.18366	183.66	To ETP
5.					Process Waste	1.70	0.0017	1.70	To TSDF
6.					water Recycle	96.00	0.096	96.00	Reuse in process
7.					Evaporation Loss	1.30	0.0013	1.30	To AC column
		1365.03				1365.03			

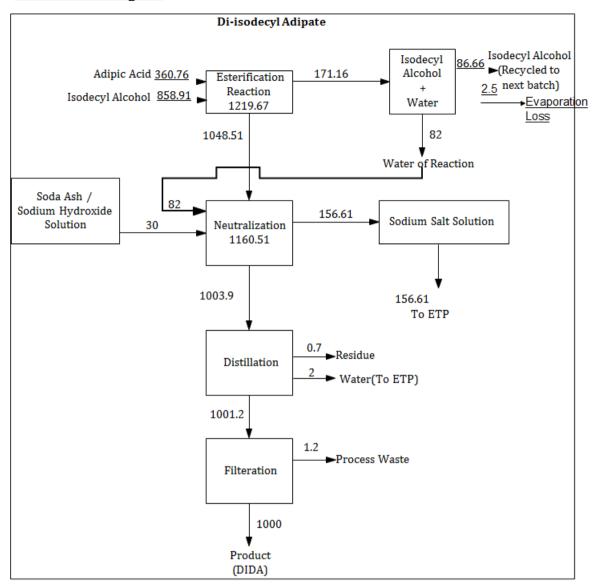
8. <u>Di-isodecyl Adipate</u>

A. Manufacturing Process

Adipic Acid and Isodecyl Alcohol in the presence of catalyst are reacted to form Diester at 140 to 150 °C. Crude Ester is neutralized with alkali to get neutral product. There after it is purified by distillation and finally filtered to get the final product. Recovered alcohol which is generated during the reaction process is reused in the next batch.

B. Reaction Chemistry

C. <u>Process Flow Diagram</u>



D. <u>Summary of Mass Balance</u>

Di-isodecyl Adipate	1000 M	1000 MT/Month			
Batch Size	5	MT			
Working days per Month	25	days			
No. of Batches per month	200	Nos.			
Batch time	16	Hrs.			
Reactor size	6.5	KL			
No of rectors	6				

Input	Kg in mass balance	MT/MT	MT/ M	<u>Output</u>	Kg in mass balance	MT/MT	MT/M	Remark s
Adipic Acid	360.76	0.36	360.7 6	Di-isodecyl Adipate	1000.00	1	1000.00	Product
isodecyl Alcohol	858.91	0.85	858.9 1	Isodecyl Alcohol recovery	86.66	0.08666	86.66	Reuse in process
Soda	30.00	0.03	30.00	Distillation	0.70	0.0007	0.70	То

Ash/NaOH Sol				Residue				CHWIF
Recycled water	82.00	0.082	82.00	Wastewater	158.61	0.15861	158.61	То ЕТР
				Process Waste	1.20	0.0012	1.20	TO TSDF
				water recycle	82.00	0.082	82.00	Reuse in process
				Evaporation loss	2.50	0.0025	2.50	To AC column
	1331.67				1331.67			

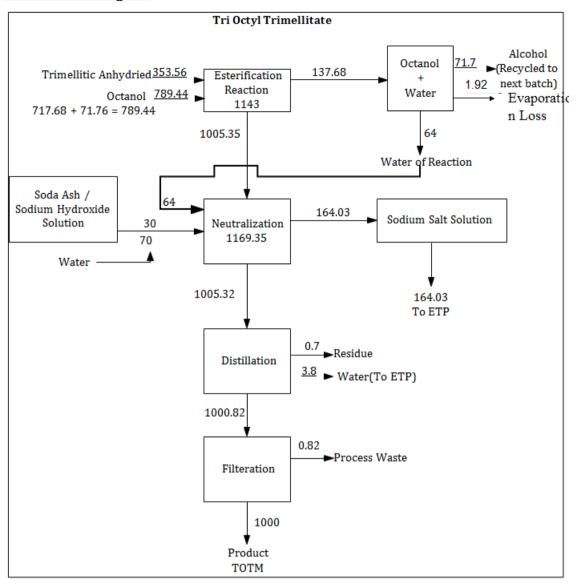
9. Tri Octyl Trimellitate

A. Manufacturing Process

Tri mellitic anhydride and Octanol in presence of catalyst are reacted to form Triester at 140 to 150°C. Crude Ester is neutralized with alkali to get neutral product. There after it is purified by distillation and finally filtered to get the final product. Recovered alcohol which is generated during the reaction process is refused in the next batch.

B. Reaction Chemistry

C. Process Flow Diagram



D. Summary of Mass Balance

Tri Octyl Trimellitate	1000 MT/Month			
Batch Size	5	MT		
Working days per Month	25	days		
No. of Batches per month	200	Nos.		
Batch time	16	Hrs.		
Reactor size	6.5	KL		
No of rectors	6			

Sr. No.	Input	Kg in mass balance	MT/MT	MT/M	<u>Output</u>	Kg in mass balance	MT/MT	MT/M	Remar ks
1.	Trimellitic Anhydried	353.56	0.35356	353.56	Tri Octyl Trimellitat e	1000.00	1	1000.0 0	Produc t
2.	Octanol	789.44	0.78944	789.44	Alcohol Recovery	71.76	0.07176	71.76	Reuse in proces

									S
3.	Soda Ash/NaOH Sol	30.00	0.03	30.00	Distillation Residue	0.70	0.0007	0.70	To CHWIF
4.	Water	70.00	0.07	70.00	Wastewate r	167.83	0.16783	167.83	To ETP
5.	recycled water	64.00	0.064	64.00	Process Waste	0.82	0.00082	0.82	To TSDF
6.					water Recycle	64.00	0.064	64.00	Reuse in proces s
7.					Evaporatio n Loss	1.92	0.00192	1.92	To AC column
	Total	1307.00				1307.03			

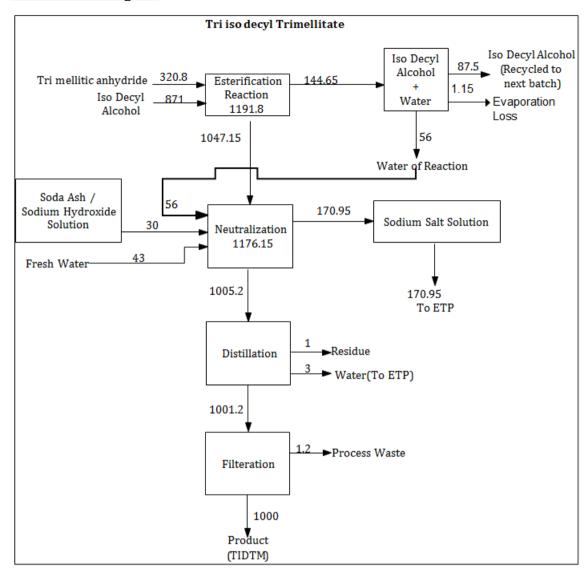
10. Tri isodecyl Trimellitate

A. Manufacturing Process

Tri mellitic anhydride and iso decyl alcohol in presence of catalyst are reacted to form Triester at $140 \text{ to } 150 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$. Crude Ester is neutralized with alkali to get neutral product. There after it is purified by distillation and finally filtered to get the final product. Recovered alcohol which is generated during the reaction process is reused in the next batch.

B. Reaction Chemistry

C. Process Flow Diagram



D. _Summary of Mass Balance

Tri isodecyl Trimellitate	1000 MT/Month			
Batch Size	5	MT		
Working days per Month	25	days		
No. of Batches per month	200	Nos.		
Batch time	16	Hrs.		
Reactor size	6.5	KL		
No of rectors	6			

Sr. No.	Input	Kg in mass balance	MT/M T	MT/M	<u>Output</u>	Kg in mass balance	MT/MT	MT/M	Remar ks
1.	Trimellitic Anhydried	320.80	0.3208	320.80	Tri isodecyl Trimellita te	1000.00	1	1000.0	Produc t
2.	Isodecyl Alcohol	871.00	0.871	871.00	Alcohol recovery	87.50	0.0875	87.50	Reuse in

									process
3.	Soda Ash/NaOH Sol	30.00	0.03	30.00	Distillation Residue	1.00	0.001	1.00	To CHWIF
4.	Water	43.00	0.043	43.00	Wastewater	173.95	0.17395	173.95	To ETP
5.	recycled water	56	0.056	56.00	Process Waste	1.20	0.0012	1.20	To TSDF
6.					water Recycle	56.00	0.056	56.00	Reuse in process
7.					Evaporation loss	1.15	0.00115	1.15	To AC column
	Total	1320.80				1320.80			

11. Polyester Resin

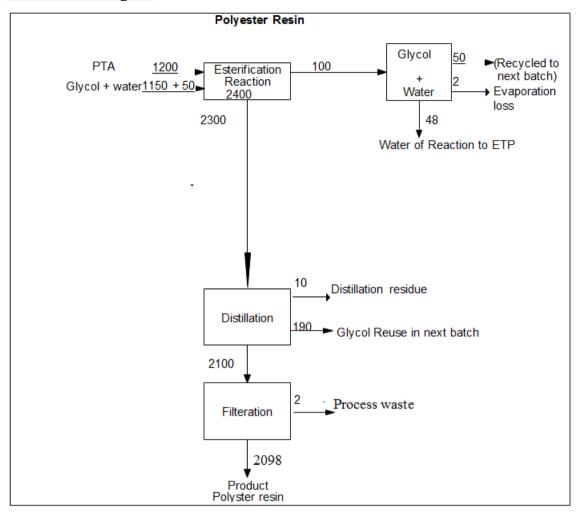
A. Manufacturing Process

Polycondensation reaction in the production of polyster resin the terephthalic acid process, esterification of ethylene glycol and terephthalic acid is conducted directly at moderate pressure (2.7–5.5 bar) and high temperature (220–260 °C). Water is eliminated in the reaction, and it is also continuously removed by distillation

B. Reaction Chemistry

$$n \ C_6H_4(CO_2H)_2 + n \ HOCH_2CH_2OH \rightarrow [(CO)C_6H_4(CO_2CH_2CH_2O)]_n + 2n \ H_2O$$
Terephthalic acid Ethylene glycol Polyster resin water

C. Process Flow Diagram



D. <u>Summary of Mass Balance</u>

<u>Polyster resin</u>	300MT	300MT/Month			
Batch Size	2	MT			
Working days per Month	25	days			
No. of Batches per month	150	Nos.			
Batch time	16	Hrs.			
Reactor size	2.5	KL			
No of rectors	5				

Sr. No.	Input	Kg in mass balance	MT/MT	MT/M	<u>Output</u>	Kg in mass balance	MT/M T	MT/ M	Rema rks
1.					Polyester				Produ
	terephthalic acid	1200	1.2	171.59	resin	2098	2.098	300	ct
2.									То
					Distillation				CHWI
	Glycol	1150	1.15	164.44	residue	10	0.01	1.42	F
3.									То
	water	50	0.05	7.14	Wastewater	48	0.048	6.86	ETP
4.									Reuse
									in
					recovered				proce
					Glycol	240	0.24	34.31	SS

	2400		1033	2400	0.002	0.20	- 11
			Evaporation loss	2	0.002	0.28	colum n
6.							To AC
5.			Process waste	2	0.002	0.28	

12. EO base Binder

A. Manufacturing Process

Ethylene oxide reacts with ammonia forming a mixture of mono-, di- and tri- ethanolamines. The reaction is stimulated by adding a small amount of water. Similarly proceed the reactions with primary and secondary amines

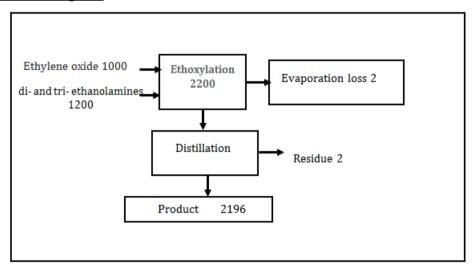
B. Reaction Chemistry

$$(CH_2CH_2)O + RNH_2 \rightarrow HO-CH_2CH_2-NHR$$

Ethylene oxide

di- and triethanolamines. EO based binder

C. <u>Process Flow Diagram</u>



D. <u>Summary of Mass Balance</u>

EO base Binder	200 MT	200 MT/Month			
Batch Size	5	MT			
Working days per Month	25	days			
No. of Batches per month	40	Nos.			
Batch time	15	Hrs.			
Reactor size	6.5	KL			
No of rectors	2				

Sr. No.		Kg in				Kg in			Rem
	Input	mass balanc	MT/MT	MT/M	<u>Output</u>	mass balanc	MT/MT	MT/ M	arks
		e				e			

1.					EO base				Prod
	Ethylene oxide	1000	1	91.07	Binder.	2196	2.196	200	uct
2.									To AC
				109.2	Evaporation				colu
	di- and tri- ethanolamines	1200	1.2	8	loss	2	0.002		mn
3.									То
					Distillation				CHWI
					residue	2	0.002		F
	Total	2200				2200			

13. Isoper L (Isomer of paraffin).

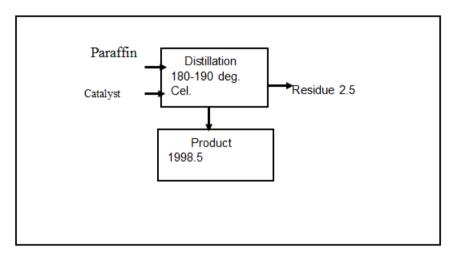
A. Manufacturing Process

In Present of catalyst normal paraffin continue distillation at 180 to 190 deg. Cel. condensed vapour are collect as a product.

B. Reaction Chemistry

$$2C_nH_{2n+2} \rightarrow C_{2n}H_{4n+2}$$
.

C. <u>Process Flow Diagram</u>



D. <u>Summary of Mass Balance</u>

Sr. No.	Input	Kg in mass balance	MT/M T	MT/M	Output	Kg in mass balance	MT/MT	MT/M	Remar ks
	Paraffi			475.59449					Produ
1.	n	1900	1.9	31	Isoper L	1997.5	1.9975	500	ct
									То
	Cataly			25.031289	Distillatio			0.625782	CHWI
2.	st	100	0.1	11	n residue	2.5	0.0025	228	F
	total	2000				2000			

14. **Pigment** emulsion

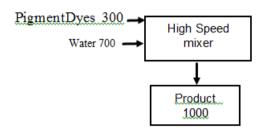
A. Manufacturing Process

Formulation between Pigment dyes and water give pigment emulation

B. Reaction Chemistry

Pigment Dyes + water \rightarrow pigment emulation

C. Process Flow Diagram



D. Summary of Mass Balance

Sr. No.	Input	Kg in mass balance	MT/M T	MT/ M	<u>Output</u>	Kg in mass balance	MT/M T	MT/ M	Rem arks
1.	Dyes	300	0.3	45	Pigment emulsion	1000	1	150	Prod uct
2.	water	700	0.7	105					
	Total	1000				1000			

DETAILS OF SOLID/HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT

There will be two types of solid wastes generated from the project.

(a) Non Hazardous Solid Waste

The types of Non-Hazardous waste generated are as below:

(1) Municipal Solid Waste

The municipal solid waste includes the paper wastes from office as well as other domestic wastes.

Paper wastes would be sold to scrap vendors, while other wastes would be disposed-off in a proper manner.

STP Sludge 9 MT/A will generated and will be used as manure in gardening

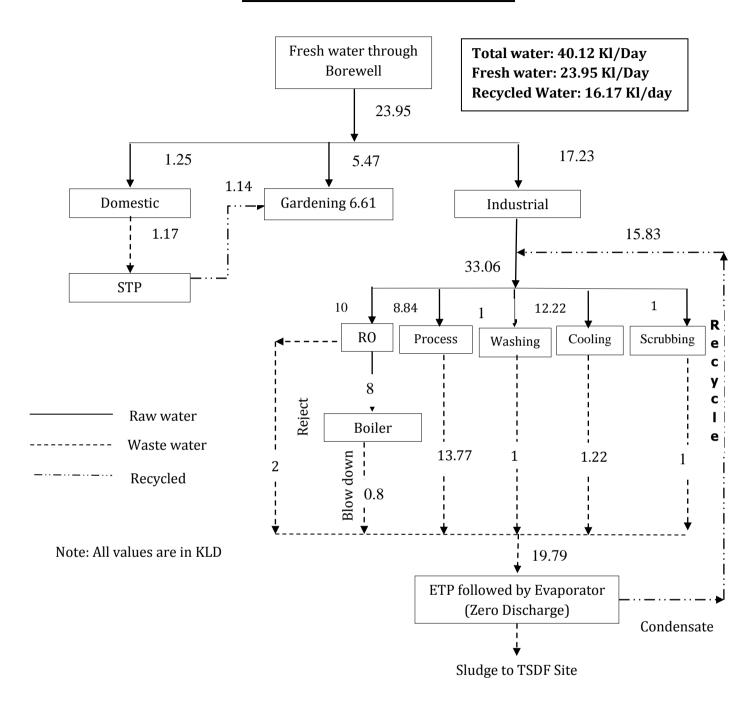
(b) Hazardous Solid Waste

The details different Hazardous wastes generated and its disposal is given in the table below.

Sr. No.	Description	Category	Quantity (MT/Annum)	Mode of Disposal
1.	ETP Sludge	35.3	112.68	Collection, storage and disposal at approved TSDF site
2.	Evaporation Residue	35.3	112.68	Collection, storage and disposal at approved TSDF site
3.	Distillation residue	23.2	38.64	Collection, storage and disposal at approved CHWIF site
4.	Process waste	23.1	23.82	Collection, storage and disposal at approved TSDF site
5.	Alcohol recovery	23.2	2301	Collection, storage and reuse within process
6.	Used Oil	5.1	0.05	Collection, storage and used within premises as a lubricant / sold to registered recycler

7.	Discarded Plastic Bags /Barrels	33.1	82.23	Collection, storage & sold to authorized vendor
8.	Spent Carbon	35.1	163.68	Collection, storage and disposal at approved TSDF site

WATER BALANCE DIAGRAM



DETAILS OF WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT

FOR DOMESTIC WASTEWATER

Total domestic wastewater (1.17 kl/day) will be generated which will treated in STP.

FOR INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER

Effluent Treatment Scheme:

- Industrial wastewater will be generated from process, cooling tower blow-down, & washing.
- First treatment which will be given is Mixing and Flocculation followed by Primary Settling Tank.
- Then water will be given secondary treatment in Sequential Batch Reactor where it would be aerated, settled and decanted and final treatment would be Evaporator followed by condenser.
- ETP sludge along with evaporation salt from evaporator will be disposed of at TSDF site. Thus, unit will maintain Zero liquid Discharge.

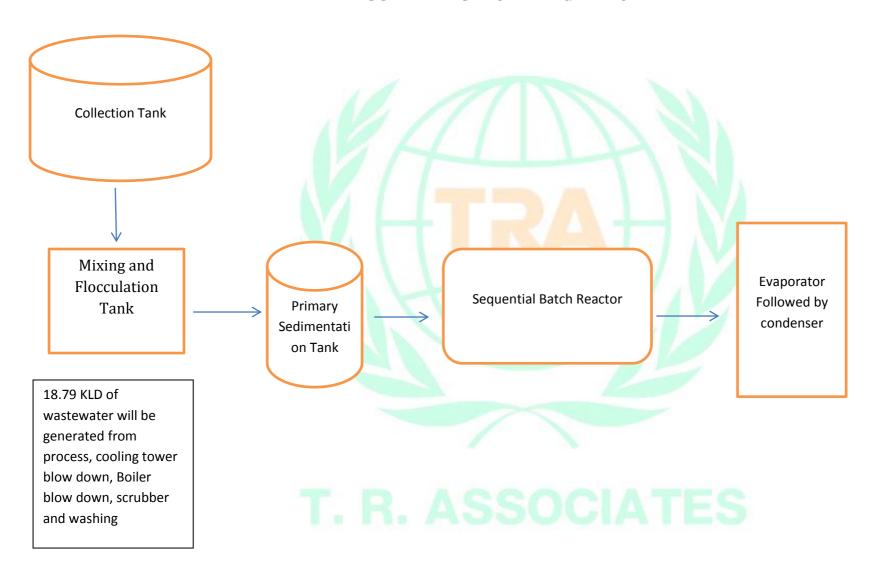
ETP UNIT DETAILS

Name of the Units	Capacity	No. of Units
Collection Tank	20.0 kl	2
Mixing and Flocculation Tank	8.0 kl	1
PST	8.0 kl	1
SBR	8.0 kl	1
Evaporator followed by Condenser	1.2 m ³ /hr	1



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SCHEMATIC FLOW DIAGRAM OF ETP



DETAILS OF FLUE GAS STACK

Sr. No.	Stack attached to	Height of the stack	Fuel & its Consumption	APC System	Expected Pollutant	GPCB Limit
1	Steam Boiler (2 TPH)	30 m	Briquettes (6.87 MT/day)	Multicyclone Dust Collector followed by Bag filter followed by water Scrubber	SPM SO ₂ NO ₂	$SPM \le 150$ mg/Nm^3 $SO_2 \le 100 \text{ ppm}$ $NO_2 \le 50 \text{ ppm}$
2	TFH (1000000 Kcal/hr)	30 m	Briquettes (5 MT/day)	Multicyclone Dust Collector followed by Bag filter followed by water Scrubber	SPM SO ₂ NO ₂	$SPM \le 150$ mg/Nm^3 $SO_2 \le 100 \text{ ppm}$ $NO_2 \le 50 \text{ ppm}$
3	D G Set * (1 X125 KVA)	12 m	25 Lit/Hr.	Stack height 12 m	HC CO	As per GPCB Norms

^{*}DG set would be use only in power cut situation

DETAILS OF PROCESS GAS STACK

Sr. No.	Stack attached to	Height of the stack In meter	APC System	Expected Pollutant	GPCB Limit
		III IIICCCI			
1	3 reactors of	11	Activated Carbon	VOCs	As per GPCB Norms
	Group A product		Column		•
	Group II product		Gordinii		
2	3 reactors of	11	Activated Carbon	VOCs	As per GPCB Norms
	Group A product		Column		110 pt
	droup 11 product		00-1		
3	2 reactors of	11	Activated Carbon	VOCs	As per GPCB Norms
	Group C product	//	Column		The second second
	aroup a product	5 M	Gottam		
4	2 reactors of	11	Activated Carbon	VOCs	As per GPCB Norms
_	Group B product		Column	. 5 60	
	Group b product		Colulliii		

Note: There are total 6 reactors of 6.5 KL capacity for Group A product, Total 2 reactors of 6.5 KL capacity for Group C product and Total 2 reactors of 2.5 KL capacity for Group B product.

RAW MATERIAL & PRODUCT STORAGE DETAILS

Raw material	МТ/М	MT/D	State	storag e type	Capacity, MT	Roun d off Unit	Inventor y days	Max storage
Adipic Acid	415.36	16.61	Solid	Bags	0.025	1994	3	49.85
Butanol / Iso Butanol	586.77	23.47	Liquid	Tank	40	1	1	40
di- and tri- ethanolamines	109.29	4.371	Liquid	Drum	0.22	60	3	13.2
Dyes	45.00	1.8	Solid	Bags	0.025	216	3	5.4
Ethyl Alcohol*	580.00	23.2	Liquid	Tank	100	2	8	200
Ethylene oxide*	91.07	3.64	Gas	Bullet	20	2	5	20
Glycol*	164.44	6.57	Liquid	Drum	0.22	90	3	19.8
Iso Nonanol	759.40	30.37	Liquid	Tank	40	1	1	40
isodecyl Alcohol	871.00	34.84	Liquid	Tank	40	1	1	40
Methyl alcohol*	506.05	20.24	Liquid	Tank	40	1	2	40
Octanol / Iso octanol	813.67	32.54	Liquid	Tank	40	1	1	40
Paraffin*	475.59	19.02	Liquid	Drum	0.22	260	3	57.2
Phthalic anhydride*	820.00	32.8	Solid	Bags	0.025	3936	3	98.4
Soda Ash/NaOH Sol	40.00	1.6	Liquid	Tank	10	1	6	10
terephthalic acid	171.59	6.86	Solid	Bags	0.025	824	3	20.6
Trimellitic Anhydride	353.56	14.14	Solid	Bags	0.025	1698	3	42.45

Note: * The stated chemicals are considered as Hazardous Chemicals as per the Manufacture, Storage & Import of Hazardous Chemicals (MSIHC) Rules 1989.

PRODUCT STORAGE DETAILS

Sr. No.	Name of product	State	Storage	Capacity	Max. storage capacity at site (Proposed)	МОС
PRODUCT STORAGE						
1.	Dimethyl Phthalate	Liquid	tank	30MT x 1	30MT	SS 304

Annexures

2.	Diethyl Phthalate	Liquid	tank	50 MT x 1	50	SS 304
3.	Di butyl Phthalate /Di Isobutyl Phthalate	Liquid	tank	30MT x 1	30	MS
4.	Di Octyl Phthalate/ Di Iso Octyl Phthalate	Liquid	tank			
5.	Di Iso Nonyl Phthalate	Liquid	tank			
6.	Di Iso Decyl Phthalate	Liquid	tank			
7.	Tri Octyl Tri Mellitate (TOTM)	Liquid	tank	30MT x 1	30	MS
8.	Tri-Isodecyl- Trimellitate (TIDTM)	Liquid	Tank			
9.	Dioctyl adipate (DOA/DIOA)	Liquid	tank	30 MT x 1	30	MS
10.	Di Iso Decyl Adipate (DIDA)	Liquid	Tank	77		



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ANNEXURE - 10 PROJECT COST

Sr. No.	Details	Cost in Lakhs
1	Land	3.5
2	Building	100
3	Plant & machineries	400
4	Environment & management plant	112.549
	TOTAL	616.049

^{*}It may be noted that EMP cost includes Air Pollution Control Measures, ETP & Evaporator followed by condenser, solid hazardous waste storage area & TSDF membership charge, noise enclosures & Risk & hazard cost & occupational & health cost and CER.



LIST OF UTILITIES

	PROPOSED UTILITIES						
Sr. No.	Name of The Utilities	Capacity	мос	Nos.			
1.	TFH	10 Lac Kcal	MS	1			
2.	Cooling Tower	300 TR	FRP	1			
3.	D. G. Set	125 KVA	 5	1			
4.	Compressor	5 HP	MS	1			
5.	Steam Boiler	2 TPH	MS	1			

DETAILS OF PROPOSED EQUIPMENT AND MACHINERIES

Sr. No.	Name of the equipment	Capacity KL	МОС	Nos.
1	WITT I	6.5	SS 316	8
	Reactor (Reaction)	2.5	SS 316	5
2	Column (packed) with jacketed bottom	Dia H T 450 ×15000 ×6	SS 316	1
3	Condenser (shell & tube)	30m ²	SS 316	2
4	Condenser (shell & tube)	20m ²	SS 316	2
5	Receiver (Water)	$7m^3$	SS 304	1
6	Aqua Ethanol Storage Tank	10m ³	SS 304	1
7	Recovered Ethanol storage Tank	15m3	SS 304	1
8	Fresh SDS Storage Tank	15m ³	SS 304	1
9	Fresh Absolute Ethanol Storage Tank	10m ³	SS 304	1
10	Reactor (Neutralizer)	20m ³	SS 304	2
11	C/E Storage Tank	20m ³	SS 304	1
12	Heat Exchanger (Pre heater)	10m ²	SS 304	1
13	Stripping Column (packed) with jacketed bottom	Dia H T 450× 12000 × 6	SS 316	1
14	Dehydrating Column (packed)	DIa H T 300× 2000× 6	SS 316	1
15	Receiver (Condensate)	$2m^3$	SS 304	1

Annexures

16	Receiver (Product)	$2m^3$	SS 304	1
17	Reactor (Carbon Treatment)	$8m^3$	SS 304	2
18	Filter Press	5 MT/ hour	SS 304	1
19	Intermediate Storage Tank for Filter Product	8m ³	SS 304	3
20	Reactor (Soda ash solution preparation)	$3m^3$	SS 304	1
21	Wash water Storage Tank	$2m^3$	SS 304	1



T. R. ASSOCIATES

ANNEXURE - 12 LAND DOCUMENTS

Land documents like Dastavej copy & NA permission application are attached herewith.



T. R. ASSOCIATES

Undertaking



Undertaking

CIN NO. AAV-6982

Date: 17/09/2021

To,

Director and Member Secretary, Industry-3

Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change,

3rd Floor, Vayu Wing, Indira Paryavaran Bhavan,

Jor Bagh Road, Ali Ganj,

New Delhi - 110 003.

<u>Subject:</u> Undertaking stated that unit does not fall into small unit criteria given in EIA notification and its amendments

Respected Sir,

It is requested to note that M/s Keshari Unipolypro LLP, proposed project want to manufacture different types of resin mentioned in Form-1 and for that unit have to obtain Environmental clearance from MoEF&CC.

In connection with above stated subject matter, it is noted that unit does not fall into small unit criteria as per the condition given in EIA notification, 2006 and their amendments. Also we have given condition and their compliance for your ready reference in following table:

Sr. No	Condition	Compliance
1	Water Consumption less than 25 Kl/day	Unit water consumption will be 23.95. Hence this condition complied.
2	Fuel Consumption less than 25 MT/day	Unit fuel consumption will be 11.87 MT/day Hence this condition complied.
3	Not covered in the category of MAH Units as per the MSIHC Rules,1989	Covered in the category of MAH Units as per the MSIHC Rules, 1989, schedule 2 Ethylene oxide Threshold Storage Quantity is more than 5 MT (i.e. 20 MT of Ethylene oxide) Hence this condition not complied.

As per above table condition no.3 is not complied, unit will store Ethylene oxide 20 MT which is more than 5 MT as per threshold storage quantity mentioned in MAH category of MSIHC rules, 1989.

As per above stated fact; we are giving undertaking that our unit is not falling into small unit criteria, However proposed project fall into category A of EIA notification, 2006, Hence unit have to obtain EC from MoEF&CC.

Thanking You.
Yours truly,

KESHARI UNIPOLYPRO LLP

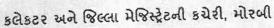
DESIGNATED PARTNER

KESHARI UNIPOLYPRO LLP.

704, Nilkanth Heights, Ramsetu Society, Ravapar, Morbi (Gujrat) 363 641.

E-mail: keshariunipolypro@gmail.com

Cell: +91 98255 1775



કલેકટર કચેરી, જિલ્લા સેવા સદન, શોભેશ્વર રોડ, મોરબી - ૩૬૩૬૪૧

शैन नंबर : २८२२-२४०७०१

ઇ-ଧିଖର : collector-mor@gujarat.gov.in

ગુજરાત જમીન મહેસૂલ અધિનિયમ-૧૮૭૯ ની કલમ-કપ ફેઠળ [બિનખેતી - બફુફેતુક ઉપયોગ]

हुइम् नं. 837/28/01/033/2021

AL. 01/07/2021

वयादी संधाः

(૧) અરજદારશ્રી કેશરી યુનિપોલીપો **એલએલપી** ૨૬ સંયાવદરડા, યાંયાવદરડા, <mark>માળીયા-363670 ની તાં.26/05/2021 ની ઓનલાઇન અરજી (ને.328</mark>01202101084) તથા કોંગદનામ

(ર) મુબઇ જમીન મહેસૂલ કાયદો ૧૮૭૯ ની કલમ - ૪૮, ૬૫, ૬૬ તથા ૬૭

(૩) ગુજરાત જમીન મહેસૂલ નિયમો, ૧૯૭૨ ના નિયમ ૮૧, ૧૦૦, ૧૦૧, ૧૦૨

(૪) તરકારશ્રીના મહેસૂલ વિભાગનાં ઠરાવ નં. બખપ/૧૦૦૬/૪૨૫/ક તા.૦૧/૦૭/૨૦૦૮

(૫) સરકારશ્રીના મહેસુલ વિભાગનાં પરિપત્ર ક્રમાંક: બખપ/૧૦૨૦૧૮/૩૨૭/ક તા.૦૮/૦૫/૨૦૧૮

(5) સરકારશ્રીના મહેસુલ વિભાગના ઠરાવ ક્રમાંક: એસ/ટીપી/૧૨૨૦૯/૭૬૯/૧૧/ફ.૧ તા.૩૧/૦૩/૨૦૧૧

(૭) ગરકારશ્રીના મહેસૂલ વિભાગનાં કરાવ ક્રમાંક: બખપ/૧૦૨૦૧૮/૪૨૫/ક તા.૦૯/૦૧/૨૦૧૯

(૯) સરકારમીના મહેસુલ વિભાગના પરિપત્ર ક્રમાંક: બખપ/૧૦૨૦૧૮/૪૨૫/ક તા.૧૨/૦૨/૨૦૧૯

(૯) નાયબ કલેક્ટર શ્રી (સ્ટેમ્પ ડ્યુટી) નો તા.24/06/2021 નો અભિપાય

(10) FOMS पोर्टल परनी हेस विजत

इडम -

્યારે લોઇલ કમ (૧) ની અરજી તથા સોગંદનામાં થી અરજદારશ્રી કેશરી યુનિપોલીપો એલએલપી એ મોજે યાંયાવદરડા તા. માળાંટા તિ. મોરબી ના સરવે/બ્લોક નં. 69pર ના ક્ષેત્રફળ 11,129.00 ચો.મી. ની જમીન અંગે ગુજરાત જમીન મઠેસ્લ મહિલ્યમ-૧૮૭૯ ની કલમ-૬૫ ફેઠળ બિનખેતીના હેતુ માટે પરવાનગી આપવા વિનંતી કરેલ છે.

ર સવાલવાળી જમીનના ગામ નમૂના નં. ૭/૧૨ માં કબજેદારોની વિગત નીચે મુજબ છે.

સરવે/બ્લોક નંબર ટી.પી. નંબર એક.પી. નંબર	માંગણીનું ક્ષેત્રફળ (ચી.મી.)	કબજેદારોના નામ (ખાતા નં. 596)	જમીનનો સત્તાપ્રકાર (૩/૧૨ મુજબ)
સરવે પ્લોક ને. : 69p? ખુકો સરવે પ્રત્યોક ને. :	11,129.00	કેશરી યુનિયોલીપ્રો એલ.એલ.પી.	જુની શરત (જુ.શ)
રી.પી. ને. : એફ.પી. ને.:			

3. વસુલ કરવામાં આવેલ કરવેરાની વિગત નીચે મુજબ છે.

ીકમાં ચલન ભર્યા તા.30/06/2021 ન.57000013551003530062165429

કરની વિગત	. HER	માંગણીનું ક્ષેત્રફળ (ચો.મી.)	દર રૂ. પ્રતિ ચો.મી.	કુલ રક્ષ્મ રૂ.
76 Sh	569-0035-00-800-01	11,129.00	8.00	89,032.00
દિશેષ ધારો	570-0035-00-101-01	11,129.00	0.15	1,669.00
લોકલ ફેડ	574-0029-00-103-01	11,129.00	0.30	3,339.00
સિકાલ ઉપકર	575-0045-00-108-01	11,129.00	0.08	835.00
માપણી શ્રી	577-0029-00-106-01	11,129.00	***	2,400.00
			કુલ રૂ.	97,275.00

8. ઉપયુંકત તમામ ફકીકતો ધ્યાને લઇ મોજે યાંચાવદરડા તા. માળીયા જિ. મોરબી ના સરવે/બ્લોક નં. 69pર ના ક્ષેત્રફળ 11.125.00 ચો.મી. ની જમીનને નીચે જણાવેલ શરતોને આધિન ગુજરાત જમીન મહેસૂલ અધિનિયમ-૧૮૭૯ ની કલમ-૬૫ હેઠળ બિનખેતી હેતું (બહુહેતુક ઉપયોગ) માટે પરવાનગી આપવા આથી હુકમ કરવામાં આવે છે. : 1551g

(૧) આ ફકમ મળ્યેથી બે માસમાં "એમ" નમૂનામાં સનદ પ્રાપ્ત શશે.

- (૨) જિલ્લા ઇન્સ્પેકટસ્ત્રી, જમીન રેકર્ડની કચેરીમાં માપણી ફ્રી જમા કરાવેલ છે. જેશી માપણી કરી / કરાવી આ ફ્રુંકમ આધારે તેમજ મજૂર થયેલ પ્લાન મુજબ દુરસ્તી પત્રક તૈયાર કરવાનું / કરાવવાનું રહેશે અને દુરસ્તી પત્રકનો મહેસૂંભી દક્ષ્તરે અમલ થયા બાદ જ પ્રત્યાળી બિનખેતીની જમીન / પ્લેટનું રજી. દસ્તાવેજથી થયેલ વેચાણ વ્યવકારના અમલ માટે નોંધ પાડવાની રહેશે.
- (૩) અરજદારે પૃતિ વર્ષે ખેતી સિવાયનો ધારો (વિશેષધારો) દર પૃતિ ચો.મી. ના રૂ. 0.15 પ્રમાણે રૂ. 1,669.00 તેમજ નિયમ પ્રમાણ લોકલ ફંડ તથા શિક્ષણ સેસ ભરવો પડશે જે અંગેનો દર વખતોવખત કેરફારને પાત્ર રહેશે.
- (૪) મારબી નગર નિયોજક કચેરી એ મંજૂર કરેલા પ્લાન મુજબ બાંધકામ કરવાનું રહેશે અને હુકમ થયા તારીખથી ત્રણ વર્ષમાં ્રાપાગામ પૂર્ણ કરવાનું રહેશે.
- (૫) સરકારશ્રીના મહેસૂલ વિભાગના કરાવ ને. બખપ/૧૦૯૩/૧૦૫૨/ક તા. ૧૩/૦૯/૧૯૯૩ માં કરાવ્યા મુજબ સહીયારા / કોમન પ્લોટ અને રસ્તાની જમીન સોસાયટીની માલિકીની અથવા સર્વે પ્લોટ ફોલ્ડરની સફીયારી માલિકીની ગણાશે તે ઉપર મુળ मालिक्षनी डोઇ ठडक रहेशे नहि.
- (૬) સરકારશ્રીના મફેસૂલ વિભાગના તા. 09/0૮/૧૯૯૧ ના પરિપત્ર ને. બખપ-૧૦૯૧/૧૭૫૬/ક ની જોગવાઇ મુજબ બિન અધિકૃત બાંવકામ બાબતે બાંધકામ નિયંત્રણ કરતી સંબંધિત મહાનગરપાલિકા / શહેરી વિસ્તાર સત્તા મંડળએ ધોરણસરનાં પગલો લેવાના
- (૭) સદર જમીનમાંથી પેટ્રોલીયમ / પાણીની કે અન્ય ક્રોઇપણ પ્રકારની પાઇપલાઇન પસાર થતી ફરો તો તે સંદર્ભે વિકાસ પરવાનગી આપનાર ઓદ્યોરિટીએ સંબંધિતોનું ના-વાંધા પ્રમાણપત્ર મેળવી વિકાસ પરવાનગી આપવાની રહેશે.
- (૮) સરકારશ્રીના મહેસૂલ વિભાગના તા.૧૨/૦૨/૨૦૧૯ ના પરિપત્ર ને.બખપ/૧૦૨૦૧૮/૪૨૫/ક મુજબની નીચેની શરતોનું પાલન हरवानं रहेशे.
 - જો અગાઉ ચોકકસ હેતુ માટે પ્રિમિયમ ભરપાઇ થયેલ હોય અને અન્ય હેતુ માટે વિકાસ પરવાનગી માંગેલ હોયં/ નકશા મંજૂર કરવાના થતા હોય તો વિકાસ પરવાનગી આપતાં પહેલા પ્રિમિયમ તફાવત ભરાયાની સંબંધિત સત્તામંડળે ખાતરી કરવાની રહેશે અને ત્યારબાદ જ વિકાસ પરવાનગી આપવાની રહેશે.
 - ્રુડીસીઆર મુજબ જે તે ફેતુ/ ઉપયોગ માટે પરવાનગી મળવાપાત્ર નહિં હોય તો તે ઉપયોગ કરી શકાશે નહિં.
 - 3. ગેતો ઝોનમાં જીડીસીઆર મુજબ જેટલુ બાંધકામ મળવાપાત્ર ફશે તેટલા જ ક્ષેત્રફળ માટે વિકાસ પરવાનગી આપવાની રહેશે.
 - ૪. બિનખેતી પરવાનગી મળ્યા બાદ જો ખાસ મંજૂરી વિના ધાર્મિક ઉપયોગ માટે બાંધકામ કરેલ હશે તો તે શરતભંગ ગણાશે અને તે બાંધકામ દૂર કરવાપાત્ર થશે.
- (૯) સરકારશ્રીનાં મહેસુલ વિભાગનાં તા. 0૧/૦૭/૨૦૦૮ ના કરાવ નં. બખપ/૧૦૦૬/૪૨૫/ક માં જણાવેલ નીચે મુજબની શરતોનું પાલન કરવાનું રહેશે.
 - ા જિલ્લા ઇન્સ્પેકટરશ્રી, જમીન રેકર્ડ દ્વારા ઇસ્યુ કરાયેલ માપણી શીટ કે જેના ઉપર મૂળ ટિપ્પણની ફદ પણ દર્શાવેલ ફોવી જોઇએ. રજૂ કરાયેલ પ્લાન તથા લે-આઉટ પ્લાન સક્ષમ કક્ષાએ મંજૂર કરાયેલ હોવી જોઇએ.
 - ર. બાંધકામ શરૂ કરતા પહેલા બાંધકામનાં નકશા સક્ષમ અધિકારી પાસે મંજૂર કરાવવાના રફેશે. પરંતુ અરજદાર બિનખેતી પરવાનગી મેળવ્યા વગર આવા બાંધકામની રજા ચિઠ્ઠી મેળવી શકશે નહિ.
 - 3. શહેરી વિસ્તાર જયાં ટાઉન પ્લાનિંગ સ્ક્રીમ મંજૂર થઇ ગઇ છે ત્યાં જી.ડી.સી.આર. અને ઝોનિંગના નિયમો અનુસાર બાંધકામ કરવાન રહેશે.
 - 🐒 મંજૂર થયેલ નકશા મુજબ આરોગ્ય અને સ્વાસ્થ્યની દ્રષ્ટિએ ગંદા પાણીનાં નિકાલની જોગવાઇ કરવાની રહેશે.
 - પ. અરજદારે રિબન કેવલયમેન્ટ રુલ્સ નીચે જે તે રસ્તાનો પકાર ધ્યાને લઇ રસ્તાના મધ્યબિંદુથી બાંધકામ વચ્ચે અંતર क्राणवेवान रहेशे अन्यथा अरुहारनी क्रवालहारी थशे.
 - 5. ફલોર, મિલ, સિનેમા/ ટુરિંગ સિનેમા/ શિચેટર માટે બિનખેતી પરવાનગીના કામે જિલ્લા મેજિસ્ટ્રેટની જરૂરી મેળવી આગળની કાર્યવાદી કરવાની રહેશે.
 - પેટ્રોલ, ડીઝલ, કેરોસીન, સી.એન.જી., એલ.પી.જી. પંપ નાંખવા માટે બિનખેતી પરવાનગીના કામે બાંધકામ શરૂ કરતાં પહેલા જિલ્લા મેજિસ્ટ્રેટની જરૂરી મંજૂરી મેળવી આગળની કાર્યવાહી કરવાની રહેશે.
 - ૮. ઇન્ડિયન એક્ષપ્લોઝિવ એકટ અન્વયે મેગેનિઝ, ફાયર વર્કસ, દારૂખાના માટે બિનખેતીની કાર્યવાહી કરતા પહેલા જિલ્લા મેજિસ્ટ્રેટની જરૂરી મંજૂરી મેળવી આગળની કાર્યવાહી કરવાની રહેશે.
 - હ. સવાલવાળી જમીન જો રેલવે હદની નજીક હોય તો રેલવેની હૃદથી નિયમ મુજબ જગ્યા છોડી બાંધકામ કરવાનું રહેશે.
 - ૧૦. સવાલવાળી જમીન ઉપરથી અથવા બાજુમાંથી વીજળી ગ્રિડના તાર/ કાઇટેન્શન પાવર અગર થાંભલા આવેલ કોય ત્યારે તે અન્વયે લાગુ પડતા નિયમોનું પાલન કરવા અને તે મુજબ બાંધકામ કરવાનું રહેશે.

- ા. બિનખેતી માંગવામાં આવી હોય તેવી જમીન જો એરોડ્રામ આસપાસ નિયમ મુજબની ત્રિજયામાં આવતી હોય ત્યારે બોપકામની ઉચાઇ તથા એરોડ્રામની દ્રષ્ટિએ જરૂરી એવુ ના-વાંધા પ્રમાણપત્ર સિવિલ એવિએશન ખાતા પાસેથી મેળવવાનું રક્શે અને સિવિલ એવિએશન ખાતાના નિયમોનું પાલન કરવાનું રહેશે.
- ૧૨. ઓ.એન.જી.સી. ના કુવાની નજીકમાં આવેલ જમીનના કિસ્સામાં અરજદારે સંબંધિત નિયમોનું પાલન કરવાનું રહેશે.
- 13. નર્મદા કેનાલ/ અન્ય સિંચાઇ કેનાલની નજીકમાં આવેલ જમીનની બાબતમાં અરજદારે સ્થિત બાંધકામ માટે જાળવવાના યતાં અંતર અંગેના નિયમોનું પાલન કરવાનું રહેશે.
- ૧૪, અરજદારે/ જયાં જરૂરી હોય ત્યાં કેન્દ્ર સરકાર કે રાજય સરકારના કાયદા નીચે રક્ષિત સ્મારક (Protected Monuments) ત્રીકે જાહેર કરેલ પ્રાયીન સ્મારકથી નિયમ મુજબનું અંતર જાળવવાની પ્રવર્તમાન જોગવાઇઓનું પાલન કરવાનું રહેશે.
- (૧૦) જો આ જમીન પર કોઇ બેંકા મંડ**ળીનો બોજો બાકી હોય તો**, તે ભરપાઇ ક**ર્યા સિવાય આ મિલકત કોઇપણ પ્રકારે વેચાણ ભેટ,** વસિયત, બાનાખત, **ગિરો કરી શકાશે નહિ અને કોઇપણ અન્યને પ્રત્યક્ષ કે પરોક્ષ રીતે માલિકી કે કબજો ભોગવઢો તબદીલ કરી** શકાશે નહિ.
- (૧૧) પ્રત્નવાળી જમીનમાં નગરપાલિકા/ મહાનગરપાલિકા/ શહેરી વિકાસ સત્તા મંડળ દ્વારા જે શરતોએ પરવાનગી આપવામાં આવશે તે
- (૧૯) આ જમીનમાં વરસાદી પાણીના ભુગર્ભ વહન/ સંયય માટે દર મકાન/ બહુમાળી મકાન દીઠ એકના દરે આ જમીનમાં ઉપર પરકોલેટીંગ બોરવેલની વ્યવસ્થા અયુક કરવાની રહેશે તથા વરસાદી પાણીના નિકાલની વ્યવસ્થા કરીને બાંધકામ કરવાનું રહેશે.
- (૧૩) પ્રકાવાળી જમીનમાં સ્થળે થયેલ બાંધકામ સ્થાનિક સ્વરાજની સંસ્થાના નિયમોનુસાર નહિ હોય તો સ્થાનિક સ્વરાજની સંસ્થા િયમોનુસાર કાર્યવાહી કરી શકશે. તેમાં આ હુકમથી બાઘ આવશે નહિ.
 - અરજદારે ઉપરોક્ત શરતોનું પાલન કરવાનું રહેશે. જો તેમાં નિષ્ફળ જશે તો શરતભંગ ગણી સક્ષમ અધિકારી કાયદેસરની કાર્યવાહી કરશે.
- (૧૪) ઉપરની કોઇપણ શરતનો ભંગ થયેથી જમીન મહેસુલ કાયદાની કલમ-૬૭ મુજબ શિક્ષાત્મક પગલા લેવામાં આવશે તેમજ બીજી કોઇપણ શિક્ષાને પાત્ર ફશે તો તેને બાધ આપ્યા સિવાય કે જે કરમાવવાનું યોગ્ય લાગે તે પ્રમાણે દંડ અથવા આકાર લઇ સદરફ જમીનનો કબજો કબજેદાર પાસે ચાલુ સ્કેવા દઇ શકાશે.
- ાયા ઉપરોક્ત શરતીમાં ગમે તે મજફૂર <mark>ફોચ તેમ છતાં, કલેકટરશ્રી સદરફુ ફુકમ વિરૂધ્ધ બાંધેલા અથવા વધારાના કોઇપણ મકાન</mark> અથવા ઇમલાને કલેકટરશ્રીએ, આ અ**ર્થે જે મુદત દરાવી ફોચ તે મુદત દરમિયાન તેવી રીતે ખસેડવામાં ન આવે કે સ્યવ્યા મુજબ** ફેરફાર ન કરવામાં આવે તો તેમ કરવામાં **જે ખર્ચ થાય તે કબજેદાર પાસેથી જમીન મહેસ્**લની બાકી તરીકે વસુલ કરવાને મુખત્યાર છે.

વધુમાં ઉપર્યુક્ત શરતોને આધીન અરજદાર દ્વારા રજુ થયેલ સોગંદનામાની વિગતોમાં તેઓ દ્વારા જાહેર કરેલી હકીકતોને આધારે સવાતવાળી જમીનના બિનખેતી ઉપયોગ માટે પરવાનગી આપવામાં આવે છે.

> (ર્જે. બી. પટેલ) કલેકટર, મોરબી

આર પી એ.ડી.

yia.

કેશર્ટ અનિપોલીપો એલએલપી

યાયાવદ રડા

યાયાવદરડા

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- 3. જિલ્લા ઇન્સ્પેક્ટરશ્રી જમીન રે**કર્ડ જિ. મોરબી**
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