

**RIVER BED SAND (MINOR MINERAL) MINE**  
**APPLICANT - MUKESH SHARMA**  
**TEHSIL - PIDAWA, DISTRICT - JHALAWAR (RAJASTHAN)**

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To,

Date: 23.05.2018

**The Director- IA.II (M)**

**Ministry of Environment, Forests & Climate Change,  
Indira Paryavaran Bhawan, Aliganj, Jor Bagh Road,  
New Delhi-110003.**

**Sub:** Regarding Environmental Clearance of our proposed project "River Bed Sand (Minor Mineral) Mine" of lessee Mukesh Sharma situated near Village(s) of Tehsil –Pidawa, District – Jhalawar, Rajasthan for an area of 905.206 hectare.

**Ref:** Minutes of Meeting of 29<sup>th</sup> Meeting of Reconstituted Expert Appraisal Committee (Non- Coal Mining) held on 22<sup>nd</sup> March'2018 (Item No. 2.5)

**Respected Sir,**

With reference to above mentioned subject, kindly consider our point-wise reply, as below:

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Particular</b>	<b>Reply</b>
i.	DMG, State Government to submit demarcated river stretch through latitudes and longitudes (out of the total lease) where river sand/ bajri mining can be permitted based on available reserves and Original Ground Level (OGL) at each cross section in consultation with State Irrigation Department.	That the demarcated river stretch through latitudes and longitudes based on Original Ground Level (OGL) and reserves with each cross section duly authenticated by Office of Department of Mines & Geology, Jhalawar is enclosed as <b>Annexure - I</b> .
ii.	PP and Consultant to submit latitudes and longitudes of the identified cross section, duly authenticated by State Government, which shall be used for replenishment study in future for calculation of replenishment amount/ rate	That the latitudes and longitudes of cross section used for replenishment study have been done. Copy of duly authenticated map is enclosed as <b>Annexure - II</b> .
iii.	PP to give undertaking that only Scrapers shall be used for mining to ensure that the mining depth be maintained as 1.0 meters (max.) from Original Ground Level and No other heavy machinery like bucket excavators, JCB machines etc. shall be used	That the mining will be undertaken using Scrapers only and the mining depth will be maintained as 1.0 meter (max.) from Original Ground Level. Undertaking for the same by Project Proponent is enclosed as <b>Annexure-III</b> .

**RIVER BED SAND (MINOR MINERAL) MINE**  
**APPLICANT - MUKESH SHARMA**  
**TEHSIL - PIDAWA, DISTRICT - JHALAWAR (RAJASTHAN)**

	which may adversely impact the aquatic biota	
iv.	State Government of Rajasthan shall regulate the mining operations made by PP and submit report to MoEF&CC on quarterly basis. It shall also be ensured that leveled cross section is made before the onset of next rainfall season; and	The same has been communicated.
v.	State Government of Mines & Geology and PP are required to submit District Survey Report (DSR) in line with provisions made in Ministry's notification dated 15.01.2016.	Duly signed cover letter of District Survey Report from SME, Kota is enclosed as <b>Annexure - IV</b> .

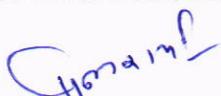
We have applied for extension for validity of the LOI, which is under active consideration. We request Receipt of submitted letter is enclosed as **Annexure-V**. Meanwhile, we request MoEF&CC to grant us EC subjected to validity of LOI. The time taken for completion of EC formalities has taken over 2 years.

In lieu of this, we request your good self to kindly consider our reply and accord us environment clearance at the earliest.

Thanking You,

Yours Faithfully,

For River Bed Sand Mine, Jhalawar



(Mukesh Sharma)

Applicant

राजस्थान-सरकार

## कार्यालय सहायक खनि अभियन्ता, खान एवं भू-विज्ञान विभाग, झालावाड़

कमरा नं. 156, भूतल पर, मिनि सचिवालय, झालावाड़ – 326001

Email – ame.jhalawar@rajasthan.gov.in

Tel No. 07432-232414

क्रमांक : सख्त/झाला/सीसी/2018-19/ 1626

दिनांक : 4/5/2018

प्रेषिति –

✓ श्रीमान सुरेन्द्र कुमार,  
 सलाहकार / वैज्ञानिक "जी"  
 भारत सरकार का वन, पर्यावरण एवं जलवायु परिवर्तन मन्त्रालय, (इम्पेक्ट असेसमेन्ट डिविजन)  
 तीसरी मन्जिल, वायु विंग, इन्द्रा पर्यावरण भवन, जोरबाग रोड,  
 अलीगंज, नई दिल्ली 110003

विषय :— Minutes of 29<sup>th</sup> EAC Meeting held during Dated March 22-23.2018 के  
 क्रम में चाही गई कमी/पूर्ति कार्यवाही सूचना बाबत।

प्रसंग :— आपका पत्र दिनांक 18.04.2018 के क्रम में।

महोदय,

उपरोक्त विषयान्तर्गत प्रासंगिक पत्र के सन्दर्भ में निवेदन है कि इस कार्यालय के अधिकार क्षेत्र में  
 आने वाले खनिज बजारी का एलओआई खनन पट्टा/क्षेत्र 905.206 हैक्टेयर, तहसील पिड़ावा जिला  
 झालावाड़ के संबंध में ई.सी. प्राप्ति हेतु चाहे गए अक्षांश व देशान्तर नक्शे एवं डिस्ट्रिक्ट सर्वे रिपोर्ट तैयार  
 करवा कर प्रमाणित कर इस पत्र के साथ संलग्न कर भिजवाई जा रही है, जिसका उक्त प्रासंगिक पत्र  
 का सन्दर्भ निम्न प्रकार से है –

(2.5).Mining of Bajri (Minor Mineral) with proposed production capacity of 2.8 Million TPA (ROM)  
 by Lessee Shri Mukesh Sharma, located at near revenue villages of Tehsil- Pidawa, District-  
 Jhalawar, Rajasthan (MLA: 905.206ha.) (F. No. J-11015/113/2016-IA-II(M); Minutes of EAC  
 meeting held during March 22-23, 2018 Page 12 of 75 Proposal No. IA/RJ/MIN/25369/2014)  
 (Consultant: Enkay Enviro Services Pvt. Ltd.)-Consideration of Environmental Clearance.

भवदीय

(मलिक उरतर)  
 सहायक खनि अभियन्ता,  
 झालावाड़

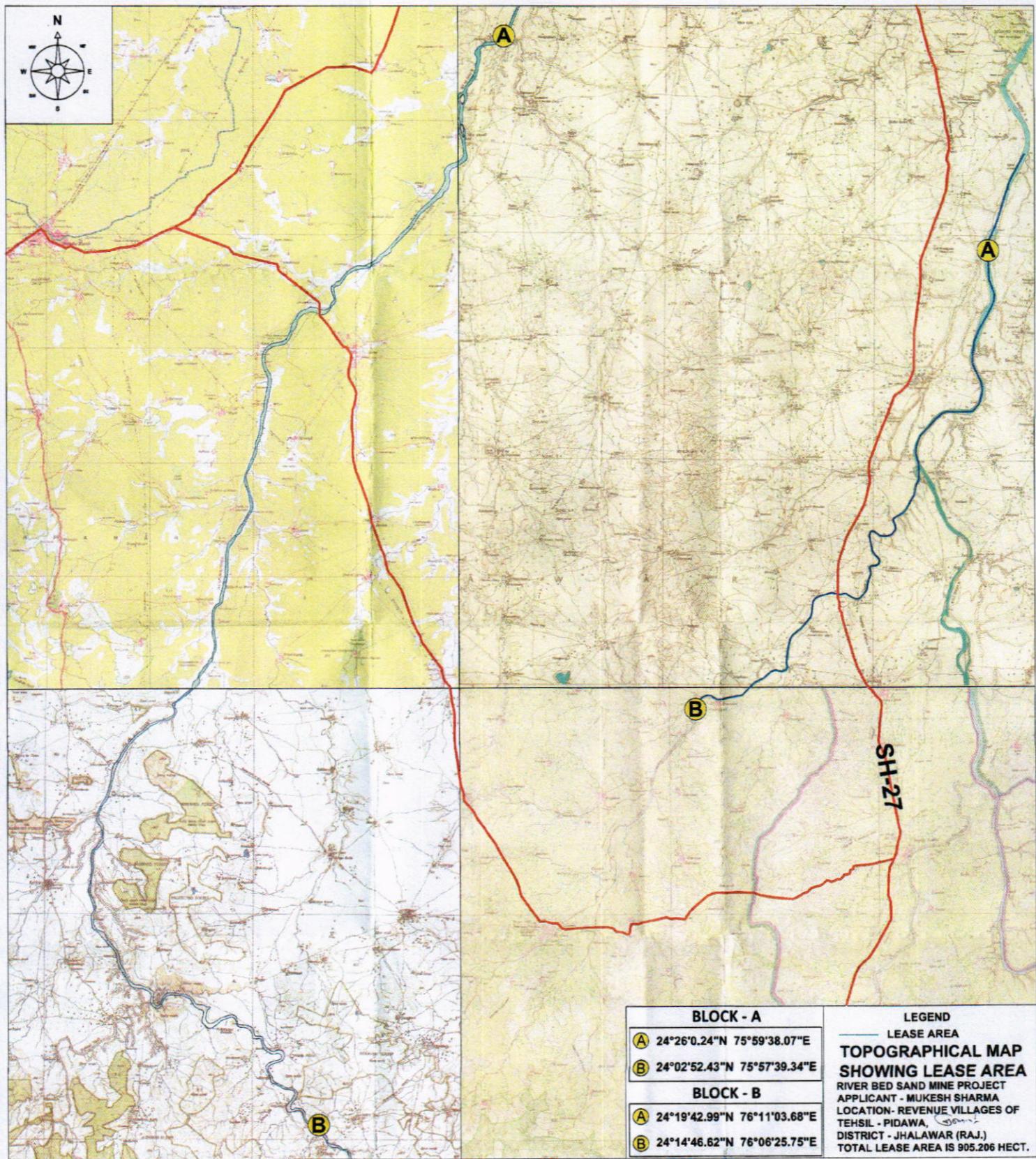
क्रमांक : सख्त/झाला/सीसी/2018-19/

दिनांक :

प्रतिलिपि –

- श्रीमान अतिरिक्त निदेशक (खान) महोदय, कोटा-जोन, कोटा।
- श्रीमान अधीक्षण खनि अभियन्ता महोदय, कोटा-वृत, कोटा।

(मलिक उरतर)  
 सहायक खनि अभियन्ता  
 झालावाड़



मेरा - यह के लक्षण तो को दूर दूर के लक्षण वाले लक्षण

प्रभावित

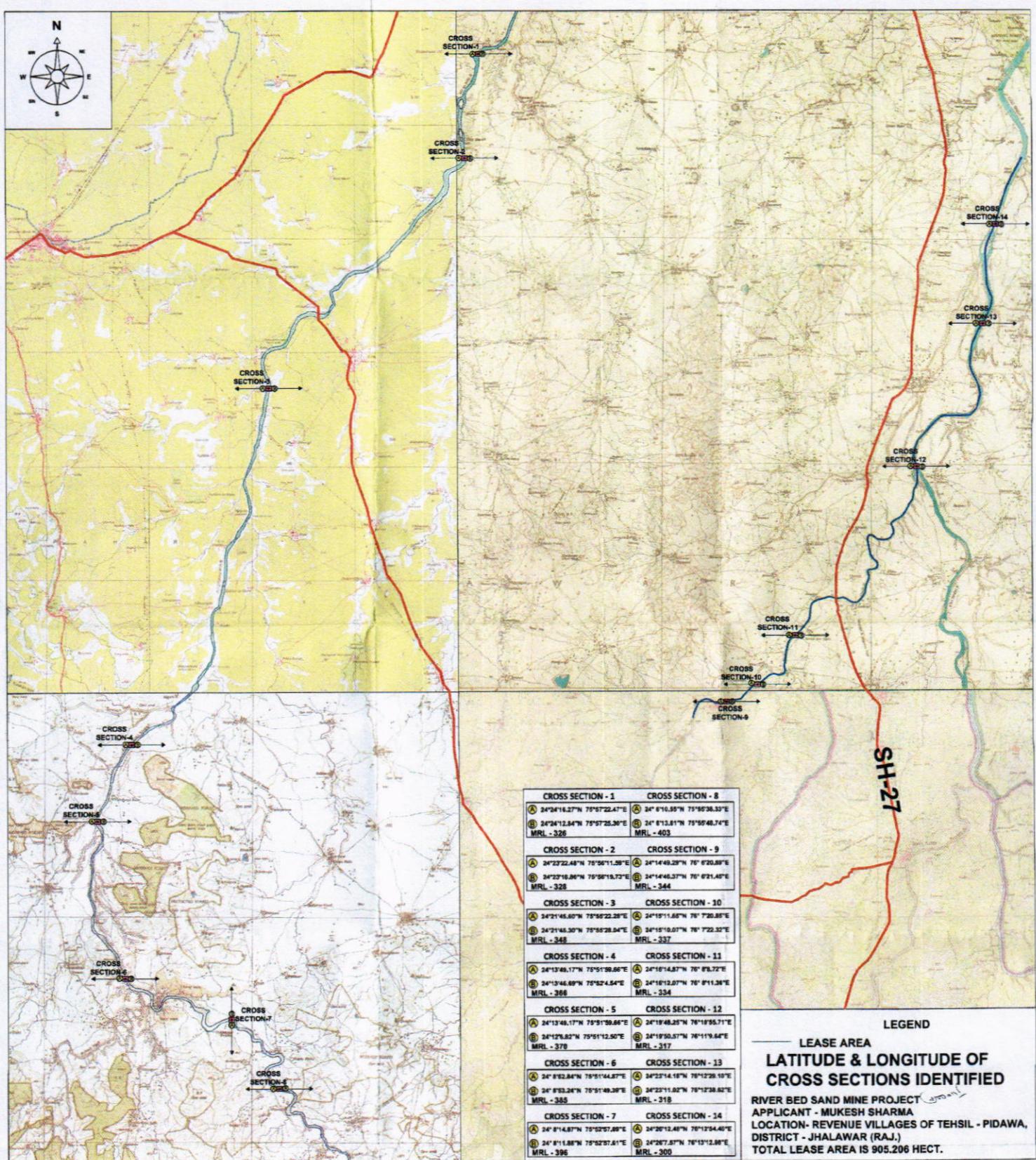
महाराष्ट्र अधिनियम  
संसदीय विभाग द्वारा अनुमति  
दिया गया वाले लक्षण

प्रभावित  
SMF 202

राजस्थान अधिनियम  
संसदीय विभाग द्वारा अनुमति  
दिया गया वाले लक्षण

प्रभावित  
D.M.

## ANNEXURE - II



पर्यावरण विभाग द्वारा दिए गए छापे के समान हैं।

प्रमाणित

पर्यावरण विभाग  
राजस्थान सरकार  
जल संसाधन विभाग  
जल संसाधन विभाग  
राजस्थान सरकार

प्रमाणित

पर्यावरण विभाग  
राजस्थान सरकार  
जल संसाधन विभाग  
जल संसाधन विभाग  
राजस्थान सरकार



प्रमाणित  
पर्यावरण विभाग  
राजस्थान सरकार  
जल संसाधन विभाग  
जल संसाधन विभाग  
राजस्थान सरकार



राजस्थान RAJASTHAN

AN 054173

UNDERTAKING

Mukesh Sharma S/o Suresh Chand Sharma, R/o Plot No. 7 Anandpuri colony, Kalvad Road Jhotwara, Jaipur Lessee/owner for River bed mining project of minor mineral sand (Bajri), Lease Area 905.206 Hect. ML No. 22/2013 located at revenue villages of Tehsil Pirawa of District-Jhalawar, State-Rajasthan, hereby undertakes that only scrapers will be used for mining and mining depth will be maintained as 1.0 meters (max.) from Original Ground Level and no other heavy machinery like bucket excavators, JCB machines etc. will be used which may adversely impact the aquatic biota.

Date : 04 May, 2018

मुकेश शर्मा  
सहायक खान अधिकारी  
जान एवं अंतिम विभाग  
झालावाड़

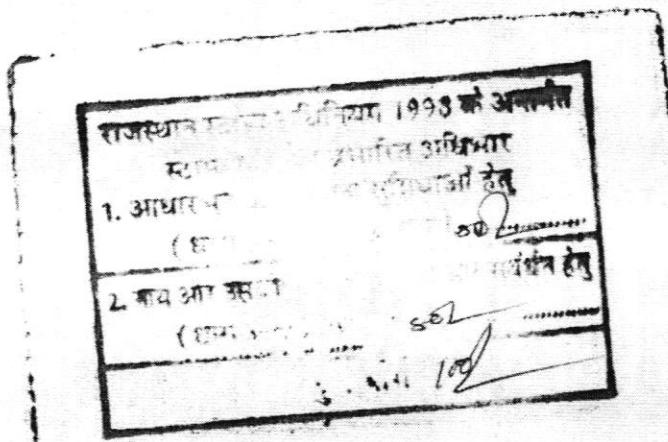
Lessee

(Mukesh Sharma)

ATTESTED

Zafar Mohd. Khan  
NOTARY  
Jhalawar Distt. (Raj.)  
8.5.18

95  
05/4/73  
5/5/18 बुकेश शर्मा 270 दुर्शन राजपुरी ब्रह्मापुर  
10081 निवासी झोटवाडा जम्मू (क्रान्ति)  
वार्षे श्रावण

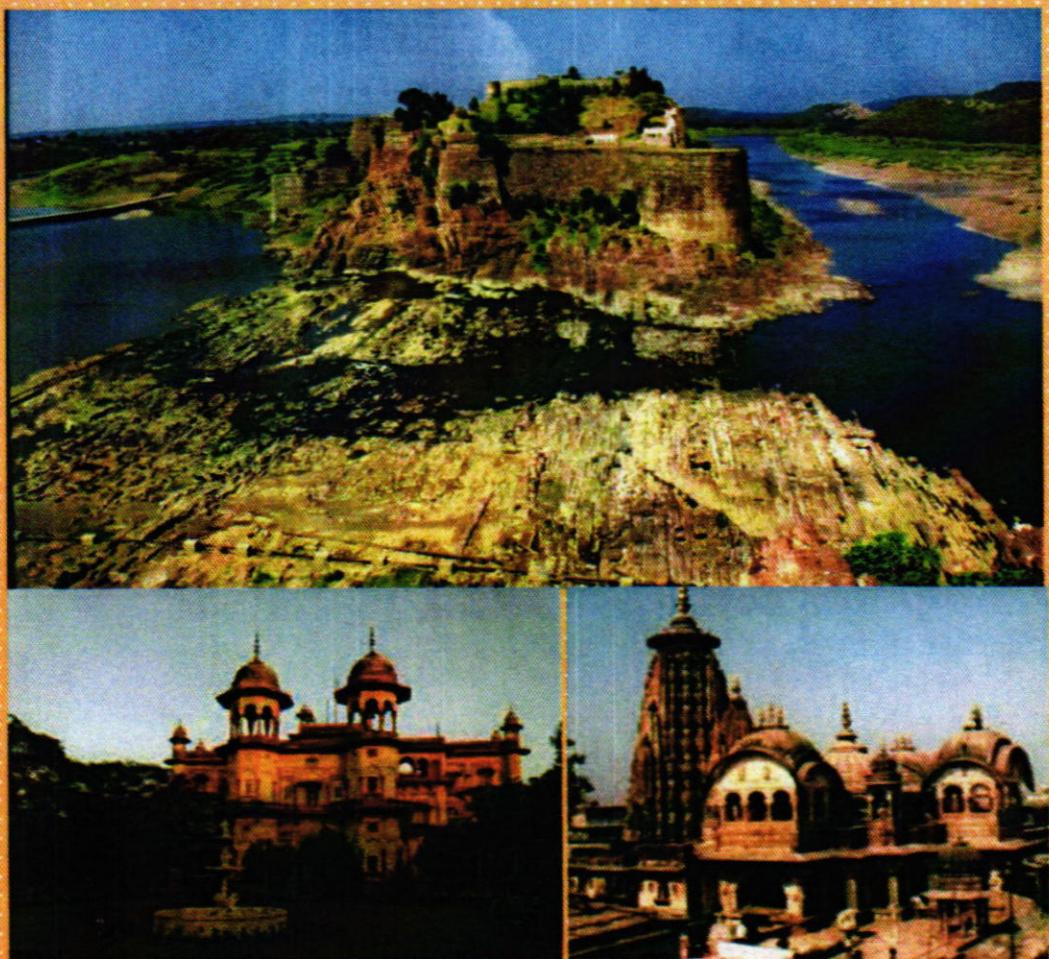


संग्रहीत  
दीनांक  
राष्ट्रीय देण्डर शालायन  
लाइसेन्स नं. 1/15

# DISTRICT SURVEY REPORT

## DISTRICT JHALAWAR, RAJASTHAN

AS PER NOTIFICATION NO. S.O. 141(E) NEW DELHI, THE 15TH JANUARY, 2016 OF MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE, GOVT. OF INDIA



Office of the Assistant Mining Engineer  
 Department of Mines and Geology, Jhalawar  
 GOVT. OF RAJASTHAN

....., Sep. 2016

डिस्ट्रिक्ट सर्वेरिपोर्ट फूल सं. १ से ५५ तक

प्रमाणित किया जाता है।

Page  
5  
S.M.F

काला हड्डी  
बहादुर राज अमियता  
ज्ञान एवं नृ विज्ञान विभाग  
मुख्यमंत्री

## **DISTRICT SURVEY REPORT, DISTRICT JHALAWAR**

The Ministry of Environment, Forests & Climate Change (MoEFCC), Government of India, made Environmental Clearance (EC) for mining of minerals mandatory through its Notification of 27th January, 1994 under the provisions of Environment Protection Act, 1986. Keeping in view the experience gained in environmental clearance process over a period of one decade, the MoEFCC came out with Environmental Impact Notification, SO 1533 (E), dated 14<sup>th</sup> September 2006. It has been made mandatory to obtain environmental clearance for different kinds of development projects as listed in Schedule-1 of the Notification.

Further, In pursuance to the order of Hon'ble Supreme Court dated the 27th February, 2012 in I.A. No.12- 13 of 2011 in Special Leave Petition (C) No.19628-19629 of 2009, in the matter of Deepak Kumar etc. Vs. State of Haryana and Others etc., prior environmental clearance has now become mandatory for mining of minor minerals irrespective of the area of mining lease; And also in view of the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal, order dated the 13th January, 2015 in the matter regarding sand mining has directed for making a policy on environmental clearance for mining leases in cluster for minor Minerals,

The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change in consultation with State governments has prepared Guidelines on Sustainable Sand Mining detailing the provisions on environmental clearance for cluster, creation of District Environment Impact Assessment Authority and proper monitoring of minor mineral mining using information technology and information technology enabled services to track the mined out material from source to destination.

District Survey Report will be a model and guiding document which is a compendium of available mineral resources, geographical set up, environmental and ecological set up of the district and replenishment of minerals and is based on data of various departments, published reports, journals and websites. The District Survey Report will form the basis for application for environmental clearance, preparation of reports and appraisal of projects. The Report will be updated once every five years. The main objective of the preparation of District Survey Report (as per the Sustainable Sand Mining Guideline) is to ensure the following -

- (i) Identification of areas of aggradations or deposition where mining can be allowed; and
- (ii) Identification of areas of erosion and proximity to infrastructural structures and installations where mining should be prohibited and calculation of annual rate of replenishment and allowing time for replenishment after mining in that area.
- (iii) Identification of mineral wealth in the district.

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## 1. Introduction:

The word Jhalawar, literally means "land of the Jhalas" this being the name of the ruling clan of the former state. Occupying an area of 6219 Sq. Kms. Jhalawar district lies in the south eastern corner of Rajasthan between Latitude 23°45'20" to 24°52'17" & Longitude 75°27'35" to 76°56'48". It is bounded in the north, north-east and north-west by Kota district and by Madhya Pradesh in the rest of the district. The district head quarter Jhalawar is situated on the National Highway No. 12 about 85 Kms. from Kota. The Rail head, Jhalawar Road on the Kota-Nagda section of the Western Railway, is about 27 Kms. away. Metalled roads link important places within the district and outside in the neighbouring Madhya Pradesh.

In the 2011 Indian census, Jhalawar had a population of 14,11,129. Males constitute 725143 in the population and females 685986. Jhalawar has an average literacy rate of 61.5% .The district is known for its Sand Stone, Lime Stone, Masonry Stone, Bentonite mineral wealth. A map showing the blocks of the district is presented as Figure-1.



**The general information of jhalawar district:  
Poplation (2011)**

S.No.	Tehsil	Population		Total Population
		Male	Female	
1.	Aklera	92070	86501	178571
2.	Asnawar	31428	29526	60954
3.	Gangdhar	85544	81942	167486
4.	Jhalrapatan	152171	143582	295753
5.	Khanpur	89958	83235	173193
6.	Manoharthana	73213	69862	143075
7.	Pachpahar	91844	87574	179418
8.	Pirawa	108915	103764	212679
<b>Total</b>		<b>725143</b>	<b>685986</b>	<b>1411129</b>

**Administractivre Structure**

Item	Unit	Description
1 Sub Division	number	8
2 Tehsil	number	8
3 Panchayat Samiti	number	8
4 No.of Village(Habitated)	number	1492
5 No.of Village(Unhabitated)	number	118
6 Total Cities	number	8
7 Gram Panchayat	number	252
8 No. of circles Inspector	number	61

**Tehsil wise villages, Patwar Boards, follows the position of inspector circles**

S.No.	Tehsil	No. of Circles Inspector	No. of Patwar	No. of Village	Population (2011)		
					SC	ST	Total
1	Aklera	06	36	269	23851	51529	75380
2	Asnawar	4	14	99	9596	21952	31548
3	Gangdhar	7	49	195	41173	758	41931
4	Jhalrapatan	14	53	299	45199	30925	76124
5	Khanpur	6	45	207	32211	28261	60472
6	Manoharthana	4	26	195	13256	29442	42698
7	Pachpahar	5	40	151	39026	5558	44584
8	Pirawa	15	60	220	39270	13804	53074



## Demographical Data of Jhalawar District:

क्र सं.	मद	ईकाई	विवरण
1	भोगोलिक क्षैत्रफल	वर्ग कि.मी.	6219
2	जनसंख्या (जनगणना 2011)	संख्या	1411129
	A. पुरुष	संख्या	725143
	B. स्त्री	संख्या	685986
3	जिले की कुल जनसंख्या	संख्या	1411129
	A. ग्रामीण जनसंख्या	संख्या	1181838
	B. शहरी जनसंख्या	संख्या	229291
4	जनसंख्या का घनत्व/प्रति वर्ग कि.मी.	संख्या	227
5	कुल साक्षरता	प्रतिशत	61.50
	A. पुरुष साक्षरता	प्रतिशत	75.75
	B. स्त्री साक्षरता	प्रतिशत	46.53
6	कुल जनसंख्या में शहरी जनसंख्या का प्रतिशत	प्रतिशत	16.26
7	लिंगानुपात (महिलाएँ) प्रति हजार पुरुष	संख्या	946
8	जनसंख्या की दस वर्षीय वृद्धि दर (2001–11)	प्रतिशत	19.55

### **Agriculture 2014–15**

क्र.सं.	मद	ईकाई	विवरण
1	कुल प्रतिवेदित क्षेत्रफल	हेक्टेयर	632235
2	वन क्षेत्र	हेक्टेयर	127328
3	कृषि हेतु अनुपलब्ध भूमि	हेक्टेयर	62863
4	स्थाई चारागाह एवं अन्य गोचर भूमि	हेक्टेयर	47435
5	वृक्षों के झुण्ड एवं बाग	हेक्टेयर	6054
6	कृषि अयोग्य, बंजड एवं पडत भूमि	हेक्टेयर	51993
7	वास्तविक बोया गया क्षेत्रफल	हेक्टेयर	336562
8	एक बार से अधिक बोया गया क्षेत्रफल	हेक्टेयर	277487
9	समस्त बोया गया क्षेत्रफल	हेक्टेयर	614049
10	सिंचाई हेतु उपयोगी पम्प सेट	संख्या	82868
11	सामान्य वर्षा	मि.मी.	919.6
12	वास्तविक वर्षा	मि.मी.	909.7
13	जोते का औसत आकार	हेक्टेयर	1.98

### **Industry 2014–15**

क्र.संख्या	मद	ईकाई	विवरण
1	फैक्ट्री एक्ट अन्तर्गत पंजीकृत कारखाने	संख्या	57
2	पंजीकृत कारखानों में कार्यरत श्रमिक	संख्या	6834
3	उद्योग विभाग के अन्तर्गत पंजीकृत लघु उद्योग	संख्या	1753
4	वृहद एवं मध्यम उद्योग	संख्या	1
5	वृहद एवं मध्यम उद्योगों में कार्यरत श्रमिक	संख्या	3594
6	औद्योगिक क्षेत्र	संख्या	10

## 2. Overview of Mining Activity in the District:

Though no major metallic minerals of economic importance is found in the district except small occurrences of copper, the district is endowed mainly with building stones ( Flaggylimestone and sandstone, masonry stone) and industrial minerals like bentonite, highgrade limestone, laterite, cement grade limestone, chertagate, lithomeric clays etc. Minor indications of calcite and gypsum have also been found in the district.

Quarrying of building stone mainly sandstone is the major activity. Good quality flaggy limestone ( Kotastone ) has also been discovered near Aroliya, Biriyaakheri, Jhinhni, Nandiyakheri, Pioliya, Paroliya, Runji etc and mining of this stone has already commenced near Aroliya, Biriyaakheri, Jhinhni, Nandiyakheri, Pioliya, Paroliya, Runji. Exploration by means of drilling in the area is in progress. Recently, department has delineated few plots for mining leases of flaggy limestone near Aroliya, Biriyaakheri, Jhinhni, Nandiyakheri, Pioliya, Paroliya, Runji.

There is no major mineral based industry in the district. However, number of stone polishing units based on limestone and sand stone have been set up and are increasing day by day. There is ample scope of expansion of stone polishing and cutting industry when the Aroliya, Biriyaakheri, Jhinhni, Nandiyakheri, Pioliya, Paroliya, Runji limestone belt is put to mining.

There are large reserves of bentonite deposits of type-2 grade which after activation can be utilized in oil refining and foundry industries.. In Jhalawar district, mining activity is not as promising as in other parts of the state. Small quarries of sandstone, limestone ( burning ), splitable limestone and masonry stone are running in the district..

**The table exhibits the mineral based industries in the district:**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Mineral based industries</b>	<b>Numbers of plants established</b>
1.	Lime Stone	504 cutting and polishing plant
2.	Masonry Stone	28 stone gitty crusher units
3.	Sand stone	40 cutting and polishing plant

### 3. The list of Mining leases in the District with location, area and period of validity:

Office Of The Assistant Mining Engineer, Jhalawar									
ML List Full Detail 05-09-2016									
S. No.	ML No	Name and Address	Mineral Name	Near Village	Tehsil	District	Area In Hect.	Period Date	
1	031/02	Chhitar Lal/ Puri Lal Meghwal R/o Ditty Kheri Tehsil Jhalrapatan	Bentonite	Chandiakheri,	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	29.07.03	28.07.23
2	013/02	Manish/ Gopal Ram Dhaka, R/o 276 Guru Jameshwar Nagar, Queens Road. Jaipur.	Bentonite	Chandiakheri,	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	09.04.02	08.04.22
3	029/12	Pinnacle Mining & Minerals, Jhalawar	Bentonite	Chandiakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	03.05.13	02.05.43
4	006/13	Satya Narayan Patidar/ KaluRam Patidar Dityakheri Tehsil Jhalrapatan	Bentonite	Nahardi	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	26.08.13	25.08.43
5	036/04	Sunil Patidar/Satya Narain Patidar R/o Ditya Kheri Dist. Jhalawar	Bentonite	Jarel	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	21.01.09	20.01.29
6	001/10	Vimala Dhaka/ GR Dhaka 276 Guru Jameshwar Nagar, Queens Road, Jaipur.	Bentonite	Chandiakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	19.01.11	18.01.31
7	021/03	Dasha Banu w/o Gaffur Mohammad	Lime Stone Burning	Kishanpura	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	17.04.06	16.04.26
8	005/13	Abdul Mujeeb/Peer Khan Jhalawar	Lime Stone Dimensional	Neravad	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	21.06.13	20.06.43
9	043/96	Abdul Muzib /Peer Khan Near TopKhana Masjid, Jhalawar	Lime Stone Dimensional	Aroliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4.9998	15.12.99	14.12.19

10	064/10	Abhay Kumar/Gyan Chand Jain, J Patan	Lime Stone Dimensional	Nandiakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar		20.10.10	19.10.30
11	022/96	Amit Upadhyay / Jaswant Bhai Upadhyay Bazar No. 6 Ramganjmandi	Lime Stone Dimensional	Aroliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4.5	17.09.20 04	16.09.20 24
12	112/96	Arif Ahmad/ Sakhi Ahmad R/o Bajar No.- 4, Ramganjmandi	Lime Stone Dimensional	Jhjhni	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	5	18.04.19 98	17.04.20 18
13	026/12	Arpita Minerals Runji C/o Mohd. Sakhi 1679 Kota Road, Suket	Lime Stone Dimensional	Runji	PachPahad	Jhalawar	4	04.01.13	03.01.43
14	027/12	Arpita Minerals Runji C/o Mohd. Sakhi 1679 Kota Road, Suket	Lime Stone Dimensional	Runji	PachPahad	Jhalawar	4	04.01.13	03.01.43
15	063/10	Ashok Kumar /Sampat Raj Jain Shanti Nath ji ki Gali Jhalrapatan	Lime Stone Dimensional	Nandiakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	25.04.20 11	24.04.20 31
16	426/08	Banas Minerals Pvt. Ltd. Jhalawar	Lime Stone Dimensional	Runji	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4.0001	02.07.20 08	01.07.20 28
17	035/10	Banas Minerals Pvt. Ltd. Jhalawar	Lime Stone Dimensional	Runji	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4	29.06.10	28.06.30
18	040/10	Banas Minerals Pvt. Ltd. Jhalawar	Lime Stone Dimensional	Runji	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4	29.06.10	28.06.30
19	018/12	Banas Minerals Pvt. Ltd. Jhalawar	Lime Stone Dimensional	Runji	PachPahad	Jhalawar	4	23.01.20 13	22-01-43
20	017/12	Banas Minerals Pvt. Ltd. Jhalawar	Lime Stone Dimensional	Runji	PachPahad	Jhalawar	4	23-01-13	22-01-43
21	005/09	Banas Stone Enterprises Partner Sh. Abbas Ali Khan Housing Board Colony Jhalawar	Lime Stone Dimensional	Biryakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	02.06.20 09	01.06.20 29

22	022/01	Banas Stone Prop. Sh. Khurshid Khan Police Line Chauraha, Jhalawar	Lime Stone Dimensional	Biryakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	05.11.20 01	04.11.20 21
23	056/10	Fair Deal Channels Pvt. Ltd. PA Mukesh Khandelwal	Lime Stone Dimensional	Biryakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	06.04.20 11	05.04.20 41
24	025/13	Govind Ram Modi	Lime Stone Dimensional	Aroliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4	15.05.20 15	14.05.20 45
25	018/94	Hari Om/ Kalash Chand R/o 186- B, Talwandi Kota,	Lime Stone Dimensional	Aroliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4.9998	07.04. 1995	06.04. 2015
26	037/11	Hazre Stone Piplia Tehsil Pachpahad	Lime Stone Dimensional	Pipliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4	26.12.11	25.12.31
27	002/11	Khalil Ahmed / Jamil Ahmed Pathan, Kota	Lime Stone Dimensional	Aroliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4	23.05.11	22.05.41
28	046/10	Laiek Ahmed/Sakhi Ahmed Ramganjmandi	Lime Stone Dimensional	Nandiyakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	13.10.11	12.10.41
29	109/96	Laxmi Industries, Asha Tea Suppliers Kota Agrsen Market Kota.	Lime Stone Dimensional	Aroliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	5	03.03.98	02.03.18
30	053/96	Modi flooring Co. Prop. RamRatan Modi Morak Station	Lime Stone Dimensional	Aroliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	5	14.03.20 02	13.03.20 22
31	421/08	Mohd Shahid/Abdul RashidSuket Dist Kota	Lime Stone Dimensional	Runji	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4	07.08.20 08	06.08.20 28
32	015/06	Mohd Tosif/ Mohd Sakhi Suket	Lime Stone Dimensional	Runji	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	5	29.05.20 06	28.05.20 26
33	028/09	Mohd.Aalam/Abdul Rashid Suket R/o Khalli Mohalla Suket Dist Kota	Lime Stone Dimensional	Runji	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4	12.05.10	11.05.30

34	420/08	<b>Mohd.Aalam/Abdul Rashid Suket R/o Khalli Mohalla Suket Dist Kota</b>	Lime Stone Dimensional	Runji	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4	07.08.20 08	06.08.20 28
35	025/96	<b>Patidar Minerals Prop. Sh. Ram Patidar Mama Bhanja Chauraha Jhalawar</b>	Lime Stone Dimensional	Pipliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	5	04.09.20 04	03.09.20 24
36	018/09	<b>Pradip Kumar Jain s/o Sardar Singh Jain Near of Kuti Sant Kabir Jhalrapatan</b>	Lime Stone Dimensional	Nandakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	25.01.20 10	24.01.20 30
37	053/10	<b>Pradip Kumar Jain s/o Sardar Singh Jain Near of Kuti Sant Kabir Jhalrapatan</b>	Lime Stone Dimensional	Nandakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	02.12.20 10	01.12.20 30
38	010/09	<b>Pukhraj Jain / Laxmi Chand Jain Vipul Apartment Godam Ki Talai Jhalawar</b>	Lime Stone Dimensional	Parolia	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	3.9999	17.08.20 09	16.08.20 29
39	012/13	<b>Pukhraj Jain / Laxmi Chand Jain Vipul Apartment Godam Ki Talai Jhalawar</b>	Lime Stone Dimensional	Parolia	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	22.07.13	21.07.43
40	016/13	<b>Rahat Ali /Rafat Ali Bhawani mandi road mama bhanja jhalawar</b>	Lime Stone Dimensional	Sankhli Khera	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	22.10.20 13	21.01.20 43
41	246/08	<b>Rahul Jain /LC Jain Vipul Apartment Godam Ki Talai Jhalawar</b>	Lime Stone Dimensional	Parolia	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	3.9999	12.03.20 09	11.03.20 29
42	010/13	<b>Rahul Jain /LC Jain Vipul Apartment Godam Ki Talai Jhalawar</b>	Lime Stone Dimensional	Parolia	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	22.07.13	21.07.43
43	028/13	<b>Ram Ratan Modi</b>	Lime Stone Dimensional	Aroliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4	15.05.20 15	14.05.20 45
44	010/95	<b>Razashah Khan/ Mubarak Shah Khan, Housing Board Colony Jhalawar</b>	Lime Stone Dimensional	Nandakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	03.09.19 96	02.09.20 16
45	024/96	<b>Ritesh / Jaswant Bhai Upadhyay, Bazar No. 6 Ramganjmandi</b>	Lime Stone Dimensional	Pipliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4.82	06.12.19 97	05.12.20 17

46	025/12	Salaf Minerals Runji C/o Vijay Kumar Saklecha ,28 Pipali Chauraha Jhalrapatan	Lime Stone Dimensional	Runji	Pach Pahad	Jhalawar	4	04.01.13	03.01.43
47	024/12	Salaf Minerals Runji C/o Vijay Kumar Saklecha ,28 Pipali Chauraha Jhalrapatan	Lime Stone Dimensional	Runji	Pach Pahad	Jhalawar	4	04.01.13	03.01.43
48	045/10	Salman Aarif/ Aarif Ahmed R. Mandi	Lime Stone Dimensional	Nandiakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	29.11.10	28.11.30
49	042/96	Shafi Ullah Khan/ Hikamatullah Khan Godam Ki Talai Jhalawar	Lime Stone Dimensional	Aroliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4.6178	15.12.99	14.12.19
50	108/86	Shakil Mohd. Bhanwar Singh/Sawaisingh Aamer	Lime Stone Dimensional	Aroliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	5	11.01.95	10.01.20 25
51	015/12	Shrikrishna Earth Moovers and Minerals Prop Shaym Patidar Petrol Pump Mama Bhanja Chauraha Jhalawar	Lime Stone Dimensional	Sankhli Khera	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	21-01-13	20-01-43
52	047/10	SilverStone Nandiyakheri Part. Shanti Kumar Jhalrapatan	Lime Stone Dimensional	Nandiakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	20.10.10	19.10.30
53	097/89	Suresh Gurjer	Lime Stone Dimensional	Aroliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	5.73	22.07.19 89	21.07.20 19
54	036/11	Virendra Mehta /Abhay Mehta Chopria Bazar Jhalrapatan	Lime Stone Dimensional	Nandiakheri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4	01.02.12	31.01.42
55	014/94	Vishnu Modi /RamRatan Modi Morak Station Tehsil Ranganjmandi	Lime Stone Dimensional	Aroliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	5.0221	28.02.19 96	27.02.20 16
56	026/11	Vishnu Modi /RamRatan Modi Morak Station Tehsil Ranganjmandi	Lime Stone Dimensional	Aroliya	Pachpahar	Jhalawar	4	03.10.20 11	02.10.20 41

57	002/06	Arti Chaudhry / Satnarayan Chaudhry Bhuramal H Jat Petrol Pump Aklera	Masonry Stone	Uni	Aklera	Jhalawar	1	28.03.20 07	27.03.20 27
58	004/12	Banesheari Stone Crusher, Borda	Masonry Stone	Borda	Khanpur	Jhalawar	1	09.05.13	08.05.43
59	001/07	Devendra Nyati / Ghanshyam Das Nyati Manohar Thana	Masonry Stone	Rihchdi	M. Thana	Jhalawar	1	01.11.20 07	31.10.20 27
60	002/07	Devendra Nyati / Ghanshyam Das Nyati Manohar Thana	Masonry Stone	Rihchdi	M. Thana	Jhalawar	1	01.11.20 07	31.10.20 27
61	224/90	Devendra Patidar/Balmukund Patidar Ramganj Mandi	Masonry Stone	Mishroli	Panchpahar	Jhalawar	1	12.02.19 92	11.02.20 22
62	223/90	Devendra Patidar/Balmukund Patidar Ramganj Mandi	Masonry Stone	Mishroli	Panchpahar	Jhalawar	0.9397	12.02.19 92	11.02.20 22
63	222/90	Harish Chand/ Kalyan Prasad R/o Asnawar Tehsil Jhalrapatan,	Masonry Stone	Mishroli	Panchpahar	Jhalawar	1	12.02.19 92	11.02.20 22
64	028/06	Hukum Singh/Man singh R/o Bhagwatipura Tehsil Gangdhar	Masonry Stone	Sarod	Panchpahar	Jhalawar	1	24.07.20 07	23.07.20 27
65	027/06	Hukum Singh/Man singh R/o Bhagwatipura Tehsil Pachpahad	Masonry Stone	Sarod	Panchpahar	Jhalawar	1	24.07.20 07	23.04.20 27
66	020/12	Kailash /Roognath R/o Girdharpura Tehsil Jhalrapatan Dist. Jhalawar	Masonry Stone	Mishroli	Panchpah ar	Jhalawar	1	20.08.13	19.08.43
67	054/10	Nageshwar Stone Crusher Guradiya Kalan	Masonry Stone	Guradiya kalan	Panchpahar	Jhalawar	1	14.07.11	13.07.41
68	023/12	RadheyShyam Patidar/ Satya Narayan patidar Azad Chowk, Mishroli Tehs.	Masonry Stone	Mishroli	Panchpah ar	Jhalawar	1	21.08.13	20.08.43

		<b>Pachpahad Dist. Jhalawar</b>						
69	071/10	<b>RamGopal Patidar/Dwarka Lal Patidar Mishroli</b>	Masonry Stone	Mishroli	Panchpahar	Jhalawar	1	26.05.11 25.05.41
70	055/10	<b>Ranjeet Const. Pirawa</b>	Masonry Stone	Balda	Pirawa	Jhalawar	1	04.05.11 03.05.41
71	032/07	<b>Sachin Malhotra/Anil Malhotra , Bakani</b>	Masonry Stone	Berkheda Khurd	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	19.12.20 07 18.12.20 27
72	033/07	<b>Sachin Malhotra/Anil Malhotra , Bakani</b>	Masonry Stone	Berkheda Khurd	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	19.12.20 07 18.12.20 27
73	015/05	<b>Satyanarayan Chaudhry / Magnaram Chaudhry, Petrol Pump Aklera</b>	Masonry Stone	Uni	Aklera	Jhalawar	1.5	25.10.20 05 24.10.20 25
74	008/06	<b>Snehlata Arya / Balchand Arya Lata Kunj Near Bus Stand BhawaniMandi</b>	Masonry Stone	Mishroli	Panchpahar	Jhalawar	1	15.01.20 07 14.01.20 27
75	001/06	<b>Suresh Kr Goyal Sarafa Bazar Aklera</b>	Masonry Stone	Uni	Aklera	Jhalawar	1	28.03.20 07 27.03.20 27
76	059/98	<b>Ab. Aziz/ Hazi Usman Khan R/o Ramjanpura, Aklera, Jhalawar.</b>	Sand Stone	Poli	Aklera	Jhalawar	0.5592	07.10.19 99 06.10.20 19
77	171/96	<b>Abdul Hafiz/ Bashir Mohd. R/o Jail Road Jhalawar,</b>	Sand Stone	Raipur	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.72	05.12.19 97 04.12.20 17
78	115/92	<b>Abdul Hamid/ Chand Khan R/o Rinchwa Tehsil Jhalrapatan</b>	Sand Stone	Motyadungri	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.72	20.08.19 92 19.08.19 22
79	029/99	<b>Akhil Sharma / Rajaesh Sharma Rinchhawa Teshil Jhalrapatan</b>	Sand Stone	Bilva	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.72	06.04.20 00 05.04.20 20

80	053/97	Anil Ramdiya/Kanti Lalji Kalal Aditya Nagar Morak Tehsil Ranganjmandi	Sand Stone	Poli	Aklera	Jhalawar	1.0004	19.02.20 00	18.02.20 20
81	136/91	Bhupenra Singh/ Indra Singh R/o Mama Bhanja Jhalawar,	Sand Stone	Kotra	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.6766	10.10.19 92	19.10.20 18
82	024/04	Chetan Patidar/Vishnu Patidar Subhash Colony Jhalawar	Sand Stone	Bhelta	Aklera	Jhalawar	2	10.03.20 06	09.03.20 26
83	098/92	Chhagan Lal / Badri Lal Gujar C/o K.T.C Jhalrapatan, Jhalawar.	Sand Stone	Poli	Aklera	Jhalawar	0.5895	18.09.19 92	17.09.20 22
84	034/03	Chhotekhan / Ganikhan, Neembari Jhalrapatan	Sand Stone	Modi Bakani	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	08.06.20 04	07.06.20 24
85	018/99	Dinesh Pareta/Kanhaiya Lal Pareta Morak	Sand Stone	Poli	Aklera	Jhalawar	1.41	01.11.20 01	31.10.20 21
86	130/92	Geeta W/o Puri Lal Meghwal R/o Girdhar Pura Tehsil Jhalrapatan	Sand Stone	Bagdar	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	17.02.19 93	16.02.20 23
87	282/04	Jagdishchandra / Daulat Ram Sharma Surajpole Road Jhalrapatan	Sand Stone	Bagdar	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	12.09.20 08	11.09.20 28
88	010/03	Jagdishchandra / Ramlal Ahir, Jhalawar	Sand Stone	Garda	Aklera	Jhalawar	1.0001	10.06.20 04	09.06.20 24
89	014/09	Kalyan Prasad/Ram Narayan Suman Asnavar Tehsil Jhalrapatan	Sand Stone	Mahesar	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	23.11.20 11	22.11.20 41
90	048/04	Leela Patidar / Vishnu Patidar, Jhalawar	Sand Stone	Kotra	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1.0584	30.12.20 05	29.12.20 25
91	131/91	Mohammd Umar Hayat / Mohd. Umar Daraz Neembari Jhalrapatan	Sand Stone	Bagdar	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.72	29.09.19 92	28.09.20 22

92	077/08	<b>Mohd. Salim / Ab. Rahman, Patwar Ghar ke Peechhe Suket Tehsil Ramganjmandi</b>	Sand Stone	Luhario ki Dhani	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1.1613	19.02.20 09	18.02.20 29
93	147/90	<b>Nahru Kurashi/ Haroon Kurashi, Surajpole Gate Jhalrapatan</b>	Sand Stone	Bhanwrasa	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.603	27.09.19 91	26.09.20 21
94	022/97	<b>Nakora Crusher Engineering R/o Ralayti Tehsil Jharapatan, Distt. JHR.</b>	Sand Stone	Kalmandi khurd	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	2.1092	06.11.99	05.11.20 19
95	028/98	<b>Naresh Parea/Kanhaiya Lal Parea Morak</b>	Sand Stone	Poli	Aklera	Jhalawar	0.72	01.05.19 99	30.04.20 19
96	068/93	<b>Nasiruddin/ Shafiuuddin R/o Ramjanpura By Pass Aklera, Jhalawar.</b>	Sand Stone	Poli	Aklera	Jhalawar	1.105	08.02.19 94	07.02.20 24
97	020/92	<b>Punam Bawa W/o Subhash Baraigi R/o Bus Stand Jhalrapatan</b>	Sand Stone	Bagdar	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.72	28.09.19 92	27.09.20 22
98	018/06	<b>Puri Lal/ Kalu Ram Meena R/o Banjara Mohalla Aklera, Jhalawar.</b>	Sand Stone	Poli	Aklera	Jhalawar	1.1613	24.04.20 07	23.04.20 27
99	085/97	<b>R.R.Minerals Partner Ashfak Mohd. Neembari Gate, Jhalrapatan</b>	Sand Stone	Bagdar	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.72	05.11.19 98	04.11.20 18
100	088/93	<b>Radha Kanwar/Bharat Singh Jhalawar</b>	Sand Stone	Raipur	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.72	07.02.19 94	06.02.20 14
101	072/95	<b>Ramesh Chand S/o Shiv Shankar R/o Silawat Mohalla Jhalrapatan</b>	Sand Stone	Govindpura	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.72	02.03.19 96	01.03.20 16
102	113/92	<b>Razak Mohd./Shafiq Mohd, R/o Dhanoda Via Asnawar Post Asnawar Tehsil Jhalrapatan,</b>	Sand Stone	Jatamari	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.72	20.04.19 93	19.04.20 23

103	067/97	Razashah Khan/ Mubarak Shah Khan, Housing Board Colony Jhalawar	Sand Stone	Semli	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.72	20.08.19 98	19.08.20 18
104	034/02	Rohit Modi/RamSharan Modi Talwandi Kota	Sand Stone	Garda	Aklera	Jhalawar	1.0001	10.06.20 04	09.06.20 24
105	033/02	Rohit Modi/RamSharan Modi Talwandi Kota	Sand Stone	Garda	Aklera	Jhalawar	1.0001	10.06.20 04	09.06.20 24
106	058/98	Ruchika Dangi/Surendra Dangi Jhalrapatan	Sand Stone	Bhanwrasa	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.72	26.09.19 99	25.09.20 19
107	001/03	Sanjay Agrawal/KC Agrawal Forest road Jhalawar	Sand Stone	Junapani	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1.32	21.05.20 04	20.05.20 24
108	069/92	Seema Kumari W/o Suresh Chand/ R/o Silawat Mohalla Jhalrapatan	Sand Stone	Bagdar	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	4.6452	26.10.19 92	25.10.20 22
109	042/95	Shakti Stone Crusher	Sand Stone	Raipur	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.72	27.11.19 95	26.11.20 15
110	077/95	Shree Lal Lodha/Prabhu Lal Lodha 23 Gajwara, Mandir Chok	Sand Stone	Poli	Aklera	Jhalawar	1.1613	06.09.19 96	05.09.20 16
111	005/99	Shree Lal Lodha/Prabhu Lal Lodha 23 Gajwara, Mandir Chok	Sand Stone	Poli	Aklera	Jhalawar	0.72	29.12.19 99	28.12.20 19
112	011/07	Teekam Chand/Prahlad Prajapat Out Side Surajpole Jhalrapatan	Sand Stone	Mahesar	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	1	16.10.20 07	15.10.20 27
113	056/95	Urvashi Jain/ Bipin Jain 41 KRISHNA COLONY Ramganjmandi	Sand Stone	Poli	Aklera	Jhalawar	0.72	15.06.19 96	16.04.20 16
114	135/90	Uttam Chand/ Panna Lal Jain R/o Taraj Tehsil Khanpur, Jhalawar.	Sand Stone	Poli	Aklera	Jhalawar	0.5424	13.08.19 91	12.08.20 21

115	122/80	Ashok Kumar /Phool Chand R/o Bajar No. 1 Ranganjmandi	Sand Stone	Naharsinghi	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	0.72	03.08.20 04	02.08.20 24
116	037/91	Dara Singh/ Sardar Singh R/o Modak Tehlisl R. Mandi, Distt. Kota.	Sand Stone	Kotra	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	19.475 2	16.10.20 07	15.10.20 27
117	036/91	Guru Bhege Singh/ Sardar Singh R/o Modak Tehlisl R. Mandi,	Sand Stone	Bilonia	Jhalrapatan	Jhalawar	19.87	16.10.20 07	15.10.20 27
118	033/12	Indrajeet Singh Jhala	Bajari		Gangdha r	Jhalawar	1695.0 6	LOI	LOI
119	034/12	Indrajeet Singh Jhala	Bajari		Jhalrapat an	Jhalawar	1179.8 4	LOI	LOI

**4. Details of Royalty or Revenue received in last three years and production:**

**MINOR MINERALS**

**FINANCIAL YEAR 2013-14**

Sr. No.	Name of Mineral	Revenue collection in Lac Re.	Production in M.T.
1	BENTONITE	8.42	7626
2	MASONARY STONE	33.57	88388
3	SAND STONE	33.93	15243
4	LIME STONE DIMENSIONAL	132.71	1365902
5	LIME STONE BURNING	0.53	0

**FINANCIAL YEAR 2014-15**

Sr. No.	Name of Mineral	Revenue collection in Lac Re.	Production in M.T.
1	BENTONITE	15.48	15952
2	MASONARY STONE	50.69	199444
3	SAND STONE	37.04	37533
4	LIME STONE DIMENSIONAL	124.64	1225745
5	LIME STONE BURNING	0.35	0

**FINANCIAL YEAR 2015-16**

Sr. No.	Name of Mineral	Revenue collection in Lac Re.	Production in M.T.
1	BENTONITE	8.17	5766
2	MASONARY STONE	69.32	180765
3	SAND STONE	25.35	26589
4	LIME STONE DIMENSIONAL	230.45	1406447
5	LIME STONE BURNING	0.35	0

**5. Details of Production of Sand or Bajri or Minor Minerals in last three years:**

**BAJRI OR SAND MINERALS**

**FINANCIAL YEAR 2013-14**

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Financial year</b>	<b>Production of Sand Or Bajri in Cum</b>	<b>Revenue in Rupees Lac</b>
1.	<b>2013-14</b>	129.06	515190
2.	<b>2014-15</b>	162.24	561003
3.	<b>2015-16</b>	681264	170.32

## 6. Process of Deposition of Sediments in the Rivers of the district:

### Process -

Sediment is a naturally occurring material that is broken down by processes of weathering and erosion, and is subsequently transported by the action of wind, water and/or by the force of gravity acting on the particles. Sediments are most often transported by water. Sediment is transported based on the strength of the flow that carries it and its own size, volume, density, and shape. Stronger flows will increase the lift and drag on the particle, causing it to rise, while larger or denser particles will be more likely to fall through the flow.

If the upwards velocity approximately equal to the settling velocity, sediment will be transported downstream entirely as suspended load. If the upwards velocity is much less than the settling velocity, but still high enough for the sediment to move, it will move along the bed as bed load by rolling, sliding, and saltating (jumping up into the flow, being transported a short distance then settling again). If the upwards velocity is higher than the settling velocity, the sediment will be

Transported high in the flow as wash load. As there are generally a range of different particle sizes in the flow, it is common for material of different sizes to move through all areas of the flow for given stream conditions. Sand mining is critical to infrastructure development around the globe. Sand is an essential minor mineral used extensively across the country as a useful construction constituent and variety of other uses in sports, agriculture, glass making (a form of sand with high silica content) etc. The rivers are the most important source of Sand. It acts as source of transportation and deposition of sand and Bajri etc. The various factors governing the occurrence and deposition of sand is country rock i.e. geological disposition, climate, rainfall, water load physical parameters of river and velocity of water current.

## ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

S. No.	Particulars	Details	
1	Name of Project	Mine (Minor Mineral)	
2	Location	Villages of Tehsil Jhalrapatan of District – Jhalawar (Raj.)	Villages of Tehsil Ganjdhar of District – jhalawar(Raj.)
3	Lease Area	1695.06 hact.	
4	Land Type	Gair Mumkin Nadi Nallah	
5	Latitude & Longitude	24°41'24.96" to 24°12'49.56" 75°59'34.8" to 76°14'45.78"	23°48'24.40" to 24°01'32.91" 75°31'16.10" to 76°34'0.88"
6	Lowest & Highest Elevation	Lowest 295m RL Highest 338m RL	
7	Geological Reserves	54233568 MT	-
8	Mineable Reserves	48280968 MT	-
9	Targeted Production	750000 per annum	-
10	Type of Mining	Open cast manual	
11	End Use of Product	For local Infrastructure development	

# **HYDROLOGY, HYDROGEOLOGY AND WATER RESOURCES**

## **Geomorphology :**

The district lies at the edge of Malwa plateau, an area of low hills and shallow plains.

The district falls in following 5 physical division

1. The Muknadhara Range
2. The hills of Dag
3. The plateau region with low rounded hills
4. Central plains of Pachpahar and Jhalrapatan
5. The plain of Khanpur between two arms of Mukandhara

The whole of south Jhalawar has characteristics of the Malwa plateau, an area of rounded bare hills interspersed by plain. The Jhalawar plain stretches in a wide belt from Bhawani Mandi in the west almost up to Asnawar in the east and is bounded in the northern, eastern and southern sides by the Mukandhara hills. Geomorphologically, the district is divided into various units as described in Table 1.

Origin	Land Forms	Occurrence in the District
Fluvial	Valley Fill	Scattered in the entire district, more concentrated in south, west and central.
	Ravine	Along rivers Parwan, Ahu, Kalisindh and their tributaries.
Denudational origin	Pediment	In small patches mainly in west, north, east and central
	Burried pediment	Main concentration in northern, central, western and south in central part.
Hill Structural Plateau	Structural hill dissected plateau	Scattered in central and prominent in south west.

## **DRAINAGE**

The rivers and streams of the entire district belong to the Chambal system. Except in the Gandhar tehsil, the general flow is from south to north. The rivers of Jhalawar may be divided into two groups : the western group and eastern group. The western rivers are Ahu, Piplaj, Kyasri, Kantli, Rawa, Kalisindh and Chandrabhaga. The eastern rivers are Parwan, Andheri, Newaj, Ghar and Ujar. There are artificial lakes Kadila and Mansarovar. Generally speaking rivers have deep bed with the result the water level is below that of the surrounding area. Drainage density in most part of the district varies from 0.5 to 0.7 km/km<sup>2</sup>. Drainage density is from 0.7 to more than 1 km/km<sup>2</sup> in the southeastern and southwestern part of the district. In the north central part of the district, it is low and ranges between 0.3 to 0.5 km/km<sup>2</sup>.

## **Hydrogeology**

Occurrence of ground water in the district is mainly controlled by the topographic and structural features present in the geological formations. Ground water occurs mainly under unconfined to semi-confined conditions in saturated zone of rock

formation. Its occurrence is controlled by topography, physiography and structural features of the geological formations. Movement of ground water in hard rock areas is governed by size, openness, interconnection and continuity of structurally weak planes while in unconsolidated rocks ground water movement takes place through pore spaces between grains. Water bearing properties of different aquifers are described below.

### **Ground water in Vindhyan Super Group:**

Vindhyan sandstones and shales mainly occur in northern part of the district. Sandstones (mostly of Bhander group) are the most widely distributed litho-units in the Vindhyan terrain of the district. Generally the sandstones and shales occur as alternatelayers. The sandstone layers are low dipping, fine grained, compact and hard whereas shales are flaky in nature. Under favourable conditions, the contact of two formations yields water. Within sandstone large dia. open wells are most feasible abstraction structures and yield of wells ranges from 50 to 200 cu.m/ day. Specific capacity ranges from 20 to 200 litre/min/meter.

Ground water within Vindhyan shales occurs under water table conditions in the weathered zone and in fractures formed due to splintery nature of the shales. Large diameter dug wells tapping shales yield only in the range of 20 to 80 cum/day. Dug wells at a stretch can run for 1 to 2 hours only. Horizontal boring in the dug wells also does not yield promising results.

### **Ground water in Alluvium**

Alluvial aquifer with limited thickness occurs along river courses like Ahu and Chhoti Kalisindh. Apart from this in some depressions also alluvium of limited thickness forms aquifer. It is comprised of sand, silt and gravel. Along river courses, pebbles are also found. Depth of open wells is maximum upto 18 meter and yield ranges from 100 to 200 cubic meter per day.

### **Ground water in Deccan Traps:**

The thickness of basalt ranges from a few meter to more than 200meter. Generally in Dag

block, thickness of basalt is more than 200 meter. Ground water in weathered basalt occurs under water table condition. Thickness of weathering in basalt ranges up to a maximum o f 20 meter. Large diameter wells are mainly feasible with an average yield of 100 to 120 cubic meter. Ground water in compact basalt occurs under water table condition in the joints and fractures. Yield of open wells ranges from 20 to 200 cubic meter per day. In vesicular basalt, ground water occurs in the vesicles, joints, fissures and

cracks. Yield of open wells varies from 40 to 280 cubic meter per day. Vesicular basalts are soft in comparison to compact basalts. In amygdaloidal basalt, ground water occurs in cavities, fissures, cracks and joints. Yield of open wells ranges from a few to 330 cubic meter per day.

### **SEDIMENTATION YIELD and PRODUCTION**

The Universal Soil Loss Equation (USLE) is a widely used mathematical model to compute sedimentation yield from a river bed. Soil erosion within watersheds results in

sedimentation which gets deposited along the river course. The rainfall energy interacts with terrain parameters and results in water induced soil erosion. It comprises of sequential actions viz. detachment of particles from soil mass, transportation of soil particles. The parameters like soil characteristics, terrain slope length & steepness, land-use/land-cover and land management practices are considered as given below in the empirical equation (Source: Auckland Regional Council Landfacts S-05, "Estimating Sedimentation Yield Using Universal Soil Loss Equation (USLE)".

$$A = R \times K \times LS \times C \times P \times SD \times SE$$

Where,

A= Sedimentation Yield, (tons/annum)

R=Rainfall Erosion Index, (J/ha)

K=Soil Erodibility Factor (tons/unit of R)

LS=Slope Length and Steepness Factor

C=Ground Cover Factor

P=Roughness Factor

SD= Sediment Delivery Ratio

SE=Sediment Control Efficiency

## **Basis for Calculation of Sedimentation Yield for Proposed Project Site:**

Using USLE, Year-wise Sedimentation Yield is calculated. All the parameters for the USLE and Sedimentation Yield is given below in Table.

Parameters for the USLE and Sedimentation Yield
<u>Parameters</u>
Rainfall Erosion Index, (J/ha)
Soil Erodibility Factor (tons/unit of R)
Slope Length and Steepness Factor
Ground Cover Factor
Roughness Factor
Study Area (ha)
Time (Years)
Sediment Delivery Ratio

Sediment Control Efficiency

Sedimentation Yield, (tons/annum)

Drainage Area(ha)

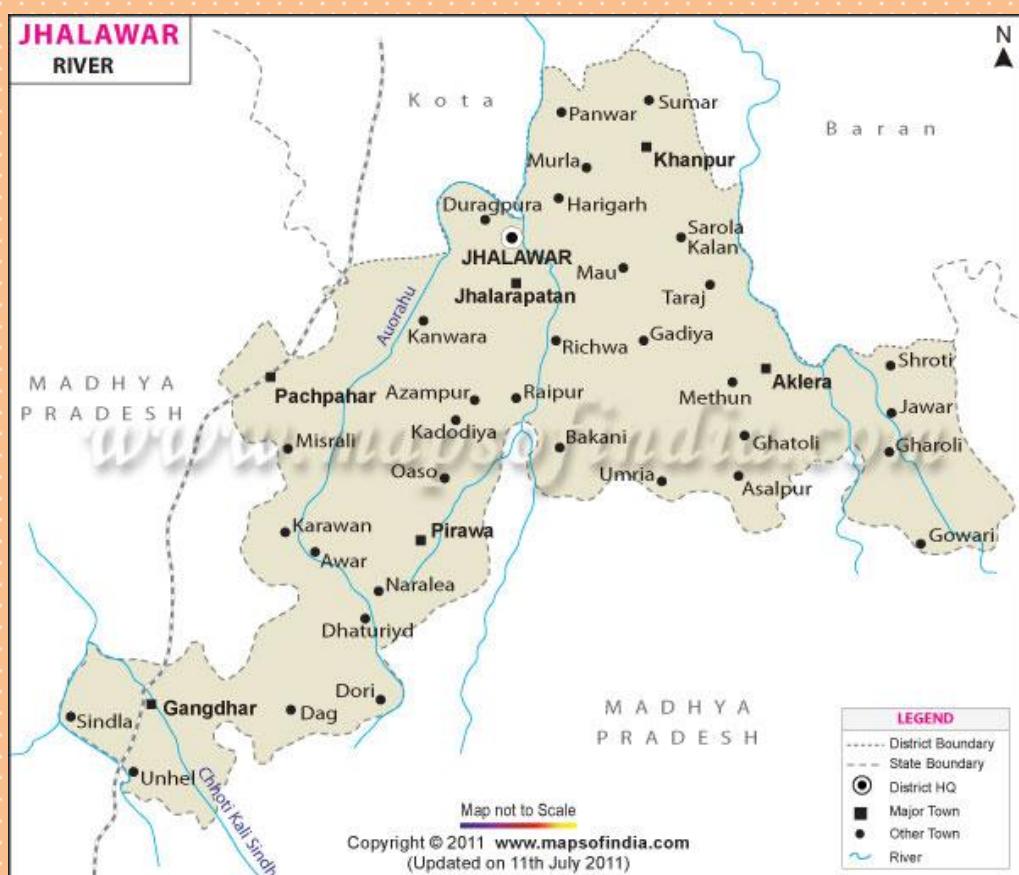
Lease Area (ha)

Sedimentation Yield for the Site

After extraction of the mineral from the Reserve, the remaining Reserve as well as sediment replenishment of that year will be available for extraction every next year.

As

the sediment control efficiency will gradually increase every year due to increase in mining activity, the sedimentation yields will also increase every year depended on velocity and yield of river water flow.

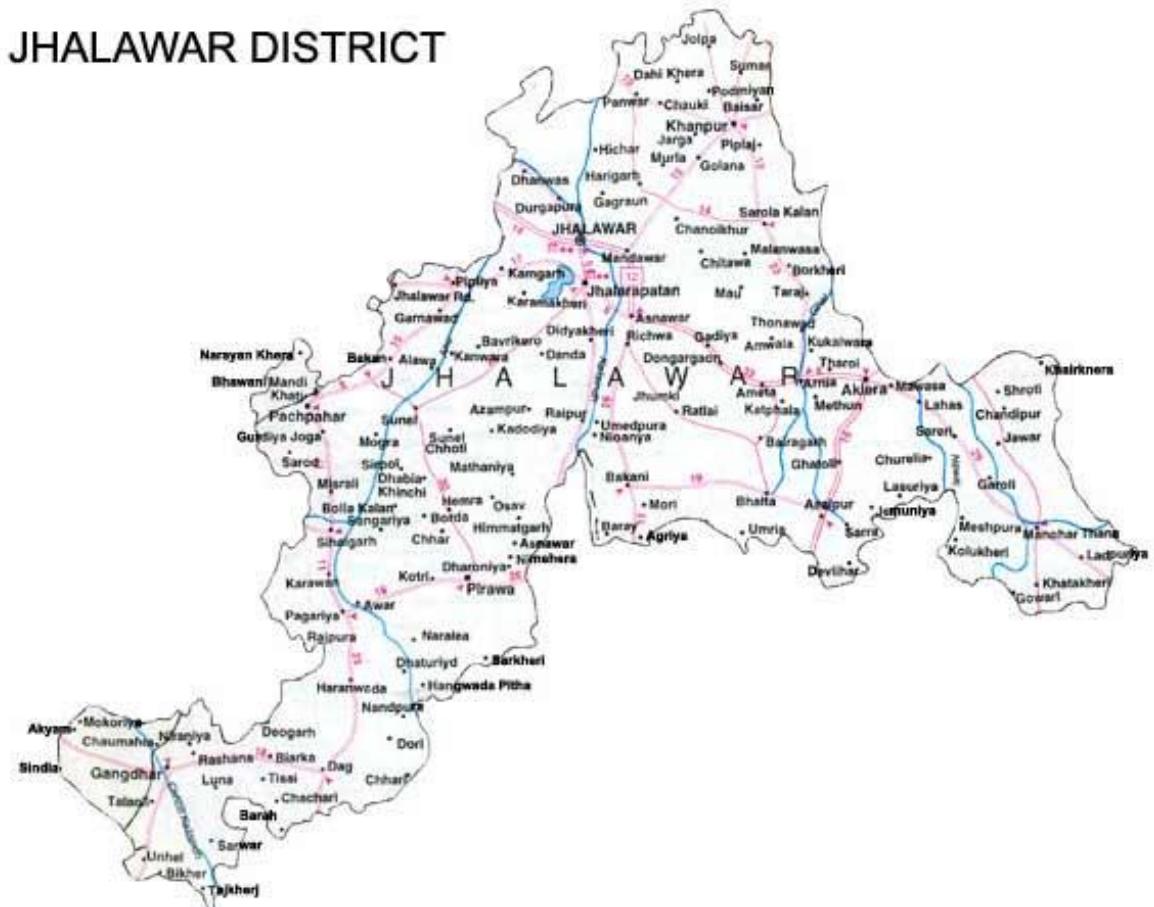


A map showing the route of rivers of the district is presented as



## 7. General Profile of the District :

### JHALAWAR DISTRICT



Jhalawar district is one of the 33 districts of Rajasthan state in western India. The district is bounded on the northwest by Kota district, on the northeast by Baran district, on the east by Guna district of Madhya Pradesh state, on the south by Rajgarh and Shajapur districts of Madhya Pradesh state and on the west by Ratlam, Mandsaur and Nimach districts of Madhya Pradesh state. The district occupies an area of 6219 km<sup>2</sup>. The district is part of Kota division. The historical city of Jhalawar is the administrative headquarters of the district. The territory of the present district belonged to the princely state of Jhalawar till India's independence in 1947. This princely state was carved out from another princely state of Kota on April 8, 1838 by a treaty between the British and the rulers of Kota state. The district lies in the Hadoti region in southeast Rajasthan, on the edge of Malwa Plateau. The Kali Sindh River flows northward through the center of the district. According to the 2011 census Jhalawar district has a population of 1411129. The district has a population density of 227 inhabitants per square kilometre (590/sq mi). Its population growth rate over the decade 2001-2011 was 19.55%. Jhalawar has a sex ratio of 946 females for every 1000 males, and a literacy rate of 61.50%. The district is divided into eight sub-divisions: Jhalawar, Aklera, Bhawani Mandi, Pirawa, Khanpur and Manohar Thana, Gangdhar & Asnawar.

A map showing the route of the district is presented as



## Topography

Jhalawar is located in the south east corner of Rajasthan at the edge of the Malwa plateau. The State of Madhya Pradesh borders Jhalawar on the south west and in the east of Jhalawar district, while to the north west, north and north east are Ramganj Mandi, Sangod tehsils of Kota district and north east are Atru and Chhipabarod tehsils of Baran district. To the north the Mukandara Range, running from north-west to east. From a rough boundary between the two district but Khanpur is beyond the main range. The district is situated between  $23^{\circ}45'20''$  and  $24^{\circ}52'17''$  north latitudes and  $75^{\circ}27'35''$  and  $76^{\circ}56'48''$  east longitudes.

Jhalawar district is an expanse of fertile plain having rich black-cotton soil. It is watered by several rivers, giving it a verdant look. The largest river flowing through the area is Kali Sindh which flows through the territory to join the Chambal,

Rajasthan's largest river. Other rivers include Ujaad, Ahu, Parvan, Chavli, etc. The Aravali hills, which are the most ancient folded mountain range in India, crosses the region, roughly dividing the plains of hadoti from the Malwa plateau. These hills and the surrounding areas were once thickly forested and teemed with wildlife.

Items	Statistics
<b>General Information</b>	
i)	Geographical Area
	6219 Sq. Km.
ii)	Sub Division/ Number of Tehsil/ Panchayat Samity Gram Panchayat Nagar Parishad Nagar Palika
	08 08 08 252 01 04
iii)	Population(2011)
iv)	Normal annual rainfall
v)	Temprature 40° to 50°C in summer Drops to 2° C in winter
<b>Geomorphology</b>	
<b>Major Drainage</b>	<b>Ahu River and Kalisindh river &amp; its tributaries</b>
<b>Land used(2014-15)</b>	
i) Forest area	127328 ha
ii) Posture land and other grass land	47435 ha
iii) Actual sown area	336562 ha
iv) more than once sowed area	277487 ha
v) Gross sown area	614049 ha
<b>Major soil type</b>	Black cotton soil, Lithosols and Regosols
<b>Irrigation by different sources (District Statistical record 2014-15)</b>	<b>No.</b> <b>Area irrigated (in hectors)</b>
	Dug wells
	147036
	Tube wells/bore wells
	51866
	Tanks/ponds
	215
	Canals
	6538
	Other sources
	2399
	Net irrigated area
	208054
<b>Principal Crops</b>	Soyabean, Pulses, Wheat, Jowar, Coriandar, Repeseed, Mustard, Maize, Garlic, Citrus Frute.
Pre dominant Geological formation	Basalt, Sandstone, shale (Deccan trap & Vindhyan Super Group) and Quaternary alluvium

<b>HYDROGEOLOGY</b>	
Major Water bearing formations	Younger Alluvium, Sandstone, shale & Basalt.
Depth to water level (Pre-monsoon, 2011) (mbgl)	8 to 16
Depth to water level (Post-monsoon, 2011) (mbgl)	5 to 12
<b>Efforts of artificial Recharge &amp; Rain Water Harvesting</b>	
Projects completed by CGWB (No. & Amount Spent)	Nil
Projects under technical guidance of CGWB (Numbers)	Nil
Major Ground water problems and issues	Over-exploitation of ground water resources in 5 out of 6 blocks. Being underlain by hard rock formations, the area has limited availability of ground water and faces water scarcity during summer months.

## **8. Physiography of District :**

The district lies at the edge of Malwa plateau, an area of low hills and shallow plains.

The district falls in following 5 physical division

1. The Mukandhara Range
2. The hills of Dag
3. The plateau region with low rounded hills
4. Central plains of Pachpahar and Jhalrapatan
5. The plain of Khanpur between two arms of Mukandhara

The whole of south Jhalawar has characteristics of the Malwa plateau, an area of rounded bare hills interspersed by plain. The Jhalawar plain stretches in a wide belt from Bhawani Mandi in the west almost up to Asnawar in the east and is bounded in the northern, eastern and southern sides by the Mukandhara hills.

**9. Rainfall (in mm) in Jhalawar District:**

<b>Tehsil</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>Avg.</b>
<b>Aklera</b>	532.30	1373.00	727.00	1792.00	902.00	1297.00	<b>1103.88</b>
<b>Asnawar</b>	601.00	1274.00	648.00	1429.00	979.00	1263.00	<b>1032.33</b>
<b>Gangdhar</b>	518.00	1277.00	1004.00	1406.00	458.00	1197.00	<b>976.67</b>
<b>Jhalrapatan</b>	476.60	1046.00	587.00	1425.00	915.00	1254.00	<b>950.60</b>
<b>Khanpur</b>	679.00	1303.00	532.00	1178.00	836.00	1175.00	<b>950.50</b>
<b>Manoharthana</b>	576.70	1430.50	819.00	1977.00	922.00	-	<b>1145.04</b>
<b>Pachpahar</b>	468.00	1015.00	898.20	1057.00	787.00	-	<b>845.04</b>
<b>Pirawa</b>	648.00	1052.00	974.00	1059.00	568.00	-	<b>560.20</b>

t

## 10. GEOLOGY & MINERAL RESOURCES OF JHALAWAR DISTRICT

The topography of the area is highly undulatory comprising continuous ridges and broad valleys of Vindhyan sandstones and shales, extensive wide plateau, flat topped conical and isolated hills and cultivated plains of Deccan Traps and the alluvial plains.

Geomorphologically, the district can be divided into four divisions.

1. The Mukundwara range in the central and north western part of the district.
2. Plains, hillocks and plateau of basaltic rock (Deccan trap) in the eastern, southern and western areas of the district.
3. Plains are well watered and agriculturally rich and,
4. Alluvium in dissected patches along river courses and stream Channels.

The principal rivers flowing through the district area Ahu, Kalisindh and parwan on the eastern side of the Dag plateau and Sirpa and Choti Kalisindh with its tributaries Chacharni & Kilor on the west. There are number of tributaries to these major rivers.

The rivers have dendritic to subdendritic pattern of drainage. The general ground level of the district is 340 mts. above MRL. The highest elevation is 528 mts. The district in general has a subtropical climate receiving moderate rainfall. The average rainfall in the district is 95 CM Temperature fluctuates between 10° C and 47° C.

The people depend on cultivation and some are engaged in the stone quarries and trade work. Both rabi and kharif crops are grown in the area. Wheat, Jwar, Gram, Dhania, Opium etc are the main crops of the area.

The Vindhyan and the Deccan trap terrain supports fairly thick vegetation with teak Babool, Mango, Mahua, Neem, Khair etc. The hill slopes covered with thm soil. patches support thin vegetation.

### Geology:

Jhalawar district comprises of rocks of Vindhyan super group and Deccan traps. About 60 % of the district is covered by Deccan trap flows.

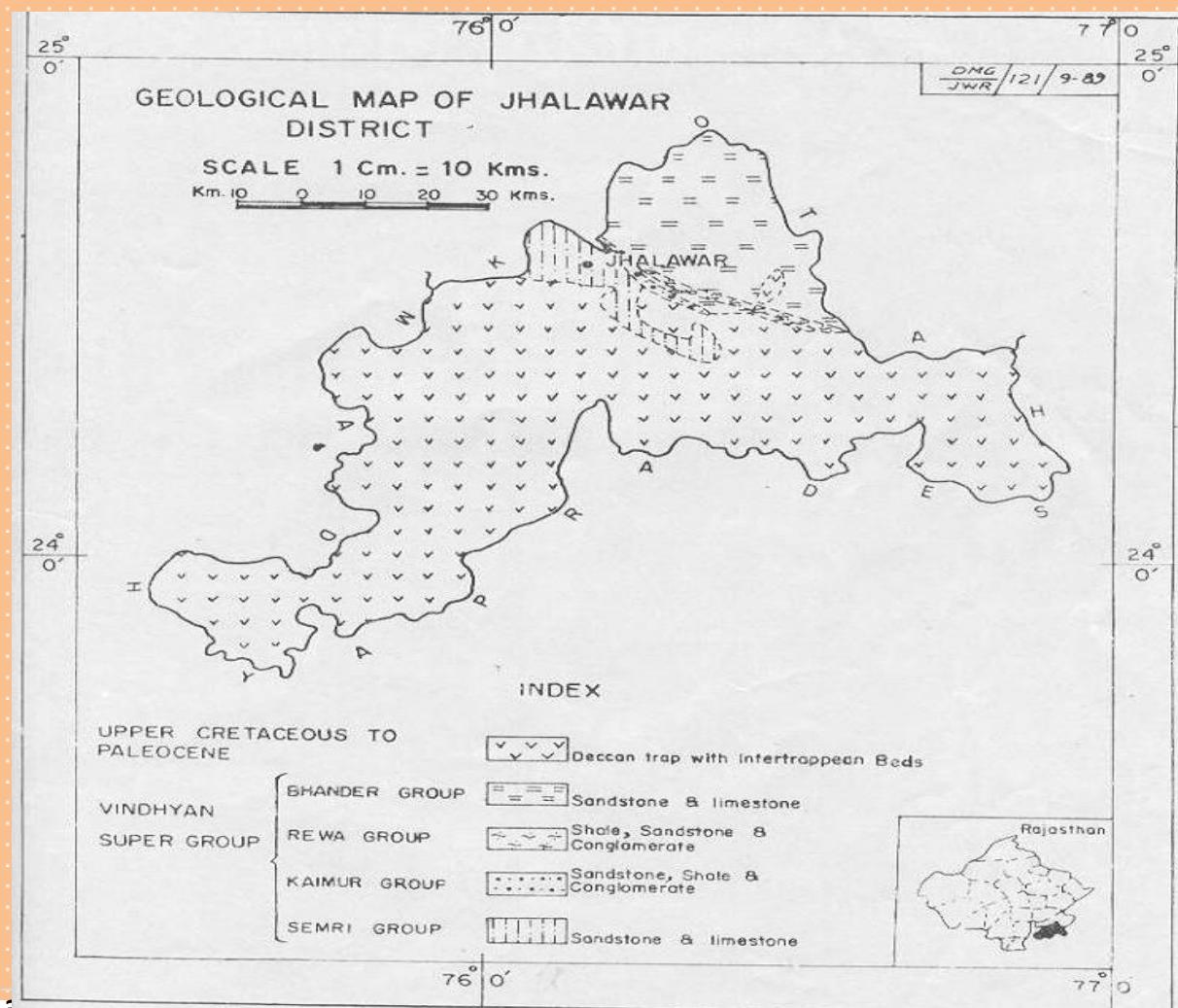
The pretrappean rock formations comprise Lower and Upper Vindhyan represented by Jhalrapatan sandstone, Suket Shales and limestone, Kaimur sandstone, Rewa shale, sandstone and conglomerates, Ganurgarh shales, Lower Bhander sandstone and limestone, Sirbhu shales and limestone.

The Vidhyan sandstone and shales form linear hills trending northwest to southeast and velleys. They are exposed around Jhalawar and to its north east and north west. These rocks have been overlain by twelve basaltic flows between 280 mts. to 481 mts. R. L.

Around Dag and Chaumahala areas, the flows have undergone widespread lateritisation. Both fossiliferous and infossiliferous intertrappean clay, chert limestone beds are also present.

The general stratigraphic succession of the district is as under

Recent		Alluvium and soil.
	Deccan traps.	Twelve basaltic flows ( 7 mts. to 45 mts thick ) with intertrappean beds,
	Sirbhu shales	Shales with siltstone, limestone intercalation.
	Bhander group	Lower Bhander Sandstone
		Sandstone with shale intercalations.
Upper Vindhyan		Bhander limestone
		Impure argillaceous stromatolitic limestone, intercalations.
		Ganurgarh shale
		Variegated shale.
Lower Vindhyan	Rewa group	Rewa sandstone
		Sandstone, grit and conglomerate with shale
		Rewa shale
		Brown, purple, green colour shales.
	Kaimur group	Kaimur sandstone
		Sandstone, grit and conglomerate.
Lower Vindhyan	Semri group	Suket shale
		Khaki brown, purple and grey colour shale.
		Suket limestone
		Limestone.
		Jhalrapatan sandstone
		Sandstone with intercalated shales.



## **Mineral Resources:**

### **A-Metallic Minerals:**

Due to absence of metamorphic rocks to which most of the metallic minerals are associated, no major metallic mineral of economic importance is found in Jhalawar district. However, small occurrences of copper are found around Jhalawar.

#### **I. Copper:**

There are few old workings of copper just 1 Km. north of Jhalawar town where Malachite

and Azurite are present in Jhalrapatan sandstone of Lower Vindhya.

Chalcopyrite was noted in a well cutting along shear and breccia zone. Selective samples from this well have shown good copper values. Surface indications, geophysical and geochemical prospecting by the department indicated encouraging results. However, further work is yet to be taken up.

### **B- None-metallic Minerals :**

#### **1. Bentonite:**

Bentonite is a variety of clay possessing inherent bleaching properties. It is of great

commercial importance specially in chemical industries, oil drilling, decolourising, vegetable oils, rubber industry, foundries etc.

There are various bentonite deposits in Jhalawar district but so far these have not been put to any industrial use because these are mainly non-swelling type and will necessarily require activation. Owing to poor infrastructural facilities and because of its low cost, no serious efforts have been made for its industrial utilization.

The department of Mines and Geology has carried out intensive survey to locate and prospect bentonite deposits in various parts of the district. There are large number of occurrences spread over in Pirawa, Pachpahar and Jhalrapatan tehsils.

1. Mathniya-Bhandar Tehsil Pirawa.
2. Khetakheda, Tehsil Pirawa.
3. Chandi kheri, Teh. Jhalrapatan
4. Karodiya-Quadir nagar-Chhoti sunel, Teh. Pirawa.
5. Azampur, Semlikham etc., Teh. Pirawa.
6. Low grade bentonites found in various parts of the district.

## **Mathniya-Bhandar :**

The mathniya deposit is found spread over an area of about 3.50 sq. Kms. around Mathniya,Bhandar and Naklang. This bentonite is best among all the deposits of Jhalawar. On the basis of pitting-trenching 0.8 million tonnes reserves have been calculated in Mathniya block and 0.47 million tonnes in Bhandar block. The chemical analysis and physical characteristic of the mineral are tabulated below:

SiO <sub>2</sub>	Varying	Between	36.02 to 49.76
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	"	"	5.47 to 13.46
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	"	"	8.30 to 11.66
CaO	"	"	1.40 to 13.72
MgO	"	"	2.01 to 6.04
LOI	"	"	22.50 to 24.36
Na <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>		"	0.29 to 0.81
K <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	"	"	0.10 to 0.41
Gel value :	Between	9.0 to 10.0	
Swelling Index:	..	7.0 to 22.0	
PH:	..	8.1 to 80.0	

The bentonite responds much to acid activation and can be utilised in chemical industries, decolorising vegetable oil, foundries, rubber,ceramics etc. after activation.

### **12. Khetakheda:**

The area has been investigated by pitting calcium trenching followed by drilling.

The based bentonite is found spread over an area of about 2 sq kms. A reserve of 13 million tonnes were calculated on the basis of drilling. Bentonite occurs at a depth of 0.50 to 14.70 mts. under an overburden of soil, traps and calcareous chert. Its thickness varies

from 0.25 to 5.95 mts. The swelling index varies from 1ata 21 and gel value from 7 to 11.

The bentonite is non swelling type and does not respond to acid activation but may respond to alkali activation to some extent. Moreover, in most of the bore holes, it was found at a depth of more than 5 mts. So the working of this deposit may not be economical presently.

### **Chandi Kheri:**

About 0.57 million tonnes of grey bentonite and 4.536 million tonnes of grey mixed with red bentonite found in area of 2.75 sq. kms. were proved by pitting trenching. It was found that these are calcium based non-swelling type requires pretreatment (activation) before marketing.

### **Karodiy a-QuadirnagarChhoti-Sunel :**

The grey bentonite mixed with red variety similar to that of Mathniya has been found near Karodiya, Quadir nagar, Chhoti-Sunel, Kundlapratap, Charelia Kesharpura etc. Extensive pitting trenching was carried out in Quadirnagar, Chhoti sunel area. The bentonite zone is found in all the hill slopes around these villages. The width of the zone varies from 5 to 10 mts. and thickness 2 to 5 mts. Reserves of more than 5 million tonnes are expected from these area.

### **Low Grade Bentonite:**

Huge deposits of reddish pink bentonite are widespread in Jhalawar district. It is poor in quality, important localities are :-

1. Near village Chauki, 20 M. T. of reserves are inferred.
2. Near Gurariya Joga, about 20 M. T. of poor grade bentonite are available.

In addition to the above occurrences red bentonite is found near Jhalawar road, Guraria Jhala, Pagariya, Semlikham Gurara etc. areas.

Though large deposits available in Jhalawar district, of bentonite are but no serious

efforts have been made so far for its industrial utilisation. However recently some parties have shown interest in these deposits and it is hoped that mining operations will start soon.

### **Limestone:**

#### **High Grade Limestone:**

There are number of intertrappean high grade limestone patches in Jhalawar district

having limited extent, both on surface as well as in depth. Most of the patches are associated with varying amount of chert ranging from 10% to as much as 70%. The limestone when manually separated from chert is of high grade containing more than 50 % CaO and can be utilized as sweetner in cement industry.

Aragonite is also found associated with high grade limestone. The thickness of the cherty limestone varies between 0.5 m. to 1.5 mts. only.

As a result of the investigations carried out by the department about 30 cherty limestone patches scattered in different parts of the district have been located near Jhalawar road, Jhinkriya, Kotri, Kishanpura, Karmakheri, Napaniya etc. The dimensions of these patches vary from 30 X 20 mt. to 1200 X 500 mts. but most of the patches have limited extent (about 200 X 200 m.) and contain about 50% of chert. However few patches are promising which have comparatively less amount of chert and have reasonably good extent. These are near Jhalawar road, Kotri-Gardhankheri, Jhinkriya and Kotrikhurd. After discarding chert manually, some bands of limestone have following variable chemical composition.

CaO : 47.32 to 54.04 %

SiO<sub>2</sub> : 0.82 to 11.66 %

MgO : 0.80 to 3.80 %

But the high grade limestone containing more than 50% CaO can only be available after selective mining which may not be more than 60% of the limestone part of the rock.

About 1.5 million tonnes of limestone may be available in these three areas.

Most of the mining leases are also actively operating in these localities. In addition to this, a reserve of about 1.00 million tonnes of limestone is also expected from rest of the occurrences.

From the above it may be said that the intertrappean limestone of Jhalawar are not of much importance because of their limited extent, erratic nature with cherty bands. Therefore the limestone after selective mining can only be utilised either as sweetner in cement industry or for making lime.

### **LOW Grade Limestone:**

The low grade limestone belonging to Suket shales of lower Vindhyan and Sirbhu shales of upper Vindhyan is widespread near Gagraun and Sarola kalan respectively. The limestone is generally of low grade siliceous, dolomitic and shaly contents.

#### **2.21 Gagraun Limestone:**

A limestone band having 8 Kms. strike length and 60 to 130 mts. width is exposed near Gagraun. Probable reserves of about 30 million tonnes of limestone may be available. But the limestone is intercalated with shaly limestone and shales. It is highly erratic in calcium carbonate percentage and only small cement grade limestone bands are available having thickness of less than a meter to maximum 4 mts.

## **Laterite :**

Laterite occurs as capping over Deccan trap hills in south western part of Jhalawar

district. Extensive deposits are found near Sarod, Mishroli, Kolvi, Gunavi, Binayaga, Kysara and around Dag, varying in thickness from less than a meter to over 10 mts. This rock was excavated locally due to its soft nature to build temples and caves during the Buddhist period such constructions are seen in Kolvi, Binayaga etc

One area near Sarod is taken on lease by Mis Manglam cement but presently there is no production.

Investigations are continued in the area to assess the laterite deposits.

## **5.00 Chert, Agate Chalcedony :**

The trap rocks are store-house of chalcedony chert, agate etc. In Jhalawar district occurrences of agate and associated crypto-crystalline silica products are found spread in many localities. They are found scattered in plains as well as in hill slopes.

Important occurrences are:-

1. Near village Nasirabad on Richwa-Bakani road.
2. Mundlya Kheri south of Jhalrapatan.
3. Diwallkhera, Borband, Donda, Semli Bhawani etc. Thesil Pirwa.
4. Mariavada Goverdhanpura, Khokhariya etc, between -Bhawanimandi and Dag.
5. Near Garnawad.
6. Near Ruparel

In addition to these areas such abrasive stones are found as scattered pieces almost in every locality of Deccan trap in Jhalawar distt. No regular mining is being done for these minerals but the mineral can be utilised in abrasive industry and some part of it having variegated colours is of Semi-precious nature.

## **6.00 Lithomeric Clays:**

The lithomeric clays associated with laterite cappings are found near Sarod, Dag, Gunavi etc. villages but the draw back with these clays is higher iron content which is not separable by washing and electromagnetic separation.

## **Building Stones:**

### **Flaggy Limestone**

#### **( Kotahstone )**

Flaggy limestone yielding slabs similar to that of Ramganjmandi has been located in Jhalawar district. Mining has already commenced near Aroliya, Paroliya, Biriya Kheri, Nandiyakehri, Jhinhni, Pipliya, Runji villages.

The limestone belonging to lower Vindhyan is found below Deccan traps at a depth of about 25 mts. Indications of similar limestone have been found in two scout bore holes, wells and handpump sections between Aroliya and Kishanpura near Mangal, Chandloi, Kishanpura, Piplod, Khanpuriya etc. villages at a depth of 15 to 25 mts. The entire area is covered with Deccan trap not much is known about the underlying limestone.

Initially a comprehensive scheme of exploration in 154 sq. kms. area between, Aroliya and Mangal was proposed. Recently, department has delineated few plots for mining leases in these areas. The flaggy limestone of greenish grey colour has been encountered between depth of 28 and 47 mts.

### **Flaggy Sandstone:**

Sandstone in the form of slabs and pillars are mined on large scale in Jhalawar district. There it is associated with two horizons with (i) Jhalrapatan sandstone of lower Vindhyan and (ii) Lower Bhandar sandstone of upper Vindhyan. The important mining areas are: Loharia-ki-Dhani, Manak chauk, Bagdhar, Bakaspura, Asnawar Bhanwrasa, Bhalta, etc. all belonging to Jhalrapatan sandstone. The Bhandar sandstone quarries exist near Ambala and Laxmipura.

### **Masonry Stones:**

There are huge deposits of sandstone in the district. The non flaggy sandstone is quarried and used as masonry stone at number of places around Jhalawar, Asnawar, Jhalrapatan etc. In most of the flaggy sandstone areas, masonry stone is found as overburden. In addition to this, trap rock, limestone, laterite etc. are also produced as masonry stone by local villagers.

## 11. Conclusion:

The mining of minor mineral plays an important role in Jhalawar district to generate employment, money transaction and to fulfill the requirement of employment in the district. The mining sector of the district gives employment to the thousands of people directly in mining areas and indirectly as transportation, industrialisation etc. Previously the mining of Limestone, sandstone & masonry stone was done in haphazard way as a labour intensive industry. Now a days mining of Limestone, sandstone & masonry stone is going on systematically, scientifically and in mechanized manner. Now reach upto the available deposits in the area with complete beneficiation of the mineral is possible. The waste generated is also utilized completely and in systematic manner up. The abundant and closed mines help as water reservoir and recharging the ground water.

The Limestone, Sand Stone and Masonry Stone Produced in the District area help in the Development of infrastructures in rural and urban areas to fulfill the demands of development locally and in the adjoining districts of Rajasthan. The deposits of mineral Bazari available in the rivers and nallas in district area replenished from time to time naturally. It fulfill the requirement of infrastructure development and masonry works at local level in rural and urban areas without harming river environmental systems.

The Limestone produced in the district area is also exported to so many other countries due to their attracting natural colours. The mines and Geology department and district administration with the help of other departments are well aware of health of mining labour, labour welfare, education and development of mining area.

## 12. References

1. Economic and Social analysis Year 2014-15(District Jhalawar),
2. District Atlas Jhalawar, Ground Water Department,
3. Jhalawar, Ground water information report.
4. Jhalawar Water resource department report.

यह डार्स्कोवरी के रिपोर्ट पुस्तक संख्या 1 से 44 तक  
के प्रमाणित किया जाता है।

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S.Y.F

कालारुद्रता  
सहायता खनि अभियन्ता  
ग्रान एवं विज्ञान विभाग  
ग्रानावाल

**MUKESH SHARMA  
RIVER BED SAND (MINOR MINERAL) MINE  
TEHSIL - PIDAWA, DISTRICT - JHALAWAR (RAJASTHAN)**

**ANNEXURE - V**

Date: 26.03.2018

To,  
The Principal Secretary  
Department of Mines, Secretariat  
Govt. of Rajasthan, Jaipur (Rajasthan)

*26/3/2018*

**Sub:- Request for Extension in validity of Letter of Intent (LOI) for our proposed project of "River Bed Sand (Minor Mineral) Mine" of applicant Mukesh Sharma, situated near revenue villages of Tehsil - Pidawa, District - Jhalawar, Rajasthan for an area of 905.206 hectare.**

**Reference:** 1) LOI Extension Letter vide no. P.9(7)Khan/Group-2/2013 dated 13.03.2018 **(Annexure-I)**  
2) Original LOI Letter vide no. P.9(7)Khan/Gr.-2/2013 dated 25.09.2013 **(Annexure-II)**

Sir,

With reference to above, we would like to submit that our project for Environment Clearance was considered (Agenda Item No. 2.5) in 29<sup>th</sup> Meeting of The Reconstituted Expert Appraisal Committee (Non-Coal Mining) on dated 22.03.2018 at Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change, New Delhi. Copy of agenda enclosed as **Annexure-III**.

Hon'ble EAC committee heard the proposal at length and have in principally agreed for sanction of Environment Clearance as all the statutory requirements were fulfilled and the same will accorded shortly.

We request your goodself to kindly extend the validity of Letter of Intent for Three Months as this will take minimum 45 days in issuance of EC as per procedure.

Thanking You,

Yours Faithfully,

**For River Bed Sand Mine, Jhalawar**

*(Signature)*  
**(Mukesh Sharma)**

**Applicant**

**Copy To: 1) Mining Engineer, Kota, DMG, Rajasthan  
2) AME, Jhalawar, DMG, Rajasthan**