Proceedings of 221st meeting of State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC) held on 27.05.2022 (Friday) at 11:30 AM in the Conference Hall no. 3 MGSIPA Complex, Sector-26, Chandigarh.

The following were present:

Sr.	Name of SEAC Member	Designation in SEAC
No.		
	F. Versch C. etc.	
1.	Er. Yogesh Gupta	Chairman
2.	Sh. Pardeep Garg	Member Secretary
3.	Sh. Parminder Singh Bhogal	Member
4.	Sh. Anil Kumar Gupta	Member
5.	Sh. Satish Kumar Gupta	Member
6.	Dr. Pawan Krishan	Member
7.	Dr. Sunil Mittal	Member
8.	Sh. Preet Mohinder Singh Bedi	Member (Through VC)

Item No. 01: Confirmation of the proceedings of 220th meeting of State Level Expert Appraisal Committee held on 16.05.2022.

The proceedings of 220th meeting of State Level Expert Appraisal Committee held on 16.05.2022 were prepared and circulated through email on 20.05.2022. No Comments has been received from any of the Members. Therefore, SEAC confirmed the same.

Item No. 02: Action taken on the proceedings of the 220th meeting of State Level Expert Appraisal Committee held on 16.05.2022.

The action taken on the decisions of 220th meeting of State Level Expert Appraisal Committee held on 16.05.2022 has been completed. SEAC noted the same.

Item No. 221.01: Application for amendment in Environmental Clearance under EIA Notification dated 14.09.2006 of "Industrial Park" at Village Wazirabad, Tehsil Sirhind, Distt- Fatehgarh Sahib, (Punjab) by Punjab Small Industries & Export Corporation Limited (PSIEC) (Proposal No. SIA/PB/NCP/272399/2022).

Punjab Small Industries & Export Corporation Limited was granted Environmental Clearance under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 vide letter SEIAA/MS/2021/4041 dated 04.05.2021 for setting up new Pharmaceutical Park (Bulk drugs & APIs and Formulations) at Village Wazirabad, Distt- Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab. The said Environment Clearance was granted for the setting up of new pharmaceutical park for the manufacturing of Bulk drug & APIs and formulation with capacity of 2000 TPD at Village Wazirabad, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab. Out of total scheme area of 130.32 acres, industrial plots were to be developed in the total land area of 67.93 acres. The area and details of the industrial plots is as under:

Sr.	Category of Plot	Number of plots	Area in Acres
No.			
1	43.75 acres plot for Anchor unit	1	43.75
2	2.5 acres and above plots	1	2.50
3	1.0 acres and above plots	6	7.18
4	2500 Sq. yards and above plots	23	12.09
5	500 Sq. yards and above plots	21	2.41
	Total	52	67.93

PSIEC has submitted an application for obtaining amendment in the Environment Clearance. In the said application, PSIEC informed that at the time of conceptualization of the said Industrial Park, it was envisaged that apart from Anchor Unit most of the industries to be established in the Industrial Park shall be engaged in the manufacturing of API/Intermediates/formulations. However due to some unavoidable reasons, PSIEC could not find a suitable Anchor Unit in Pharma sector. Some National/Multinational Corporate houses were approaching the State Government for allotment of industrial land for manufacturing other sector products like man-made fiber, animal feed, etc.

Accordingly, PSIEC revised its layout plan. As per the said layout plan, out of total scheme area of 131.95 acres, industrial plots are to be developed in the total land area of 103.85 acres with details as under:

Sr.	Category of Plot	Number of plots	Area in Acres
No.			
1	80-acre Plot	1	80
2	15-acre Plot	1	14.85
3	6- acre Plot	1	06.00
4	3-acre Plot	1	03.00
5	Total area under industrial Plots	04	103.85

The Project Proponent undertake that the information given in the application are true to the best of his knowledge & belief and no facts have been concealed thereof. Further, he is aware that in case, if any information submitted was found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at their risk and cost.

Deliberations during 221st meeting of SEAC held on 27.05.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Sh. Rajeev Garg, Environmental Consultant of PSIEC.
- (ii) Sh. Sital Singh, Environmental Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.
- (iii) Sh. Sandeep Singh, Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of Project Proponent to present the salient features of the project. Thereafter, Environmental Consultant presented the case seeking amendment in Environmental Clearance as under: -

S. No	Description	Earlier EC	After Amendment
1.	Total Project Cost (In Crores)	Total Project Cost: Rs. 153.7 Crores	Total Project Cost: Rs.141.40 Crores
2.	Plot Area Details	Total Plot Area: 130.32 acres Sr. Land use Area No. (in Ac.)	Total Plot Area:131.95acresSr.Land useAreaGreenGreenNo.(in Ac.)areaareain Ac.in %

		1	Industrial	plots		67.93			ndustrial	Plots	103.8	5 34.27	33%
		2	Commerc			6.00		1					
		3	Public bu	ilding		4.00		2	Commerci	al Use	02.3	5 0.705	30%
		4	Elec. Subs	-		8.00		3 F	Public buil	ding	3.75	1.875	50%
		5	Water wo			2.63			Elec. Subs		8.10		33%
		6	CETP/STP			3.65			Nater wo Office	rks/Site	01.3	0 0.65	50%
									Disposal V	Vorks	01.2	5 0.625	50%
		7	Green/Op			20.06		-	Common	Wasta	01 5	0 0.75	50%
		8		Waste Materia		1.00		7	Material/	waste	01.5	5 0.75	50%
		9	Road/Ras			17.05			Hazardous				07.50
				Total		130.32		8 F	Road/Rast Total	a		5 2.70 5 44.245	27.5%
												~34%	
3.	Details of	Sr.	Detail	Technolog	-	oacity of		Sr.	Details	Tech. to		Capacit	y
	technology proposed for	No	S	y to be		posed hnolo		No		adopted			
	control of			adopted		nnoio		1	CETP	Not Rec		NA	
	emissions &	1	CETP	ZLD	gy	1.5 MLD		2	STP	SBR/ N	IBBK	0.05 MLI	
	effluents	2	STP	SBR/MBBR		0.5 MLD		3	APCD	To bo	prov	ided by	
	generated	3	APCD	To be pro				5	AFCD	individ	•		, the
	from project		/ 1 00	individua			!	Note	: Individi				their
									ETPs wit				
4.	Manpower	3000)					1000		/			
	requirement												
5.	Details of	The	individua	al industries	cha	ll provide	+	Tho	individu	indu	ctrioc	chall r	vrovido
5.	Emissions			appropriate p					uate &			•	
	Emissions			r proposed p				-	ems acco		-		
		-	PCB/PPCE			•		-	РСВ/РРС	-	-		-
		Sr.	Source of	Nos	Cur	nulative			tion loa				
			Emission			acity		-	ficantly l		the pre	vious pi	oposal
			Liiiission	EC	Car	Jucity		at th	e time of	EC.			
		1.	Boilers	52	13	5 TPH		C -	Source	*Мах	. Nos.	Cumu	ativa
		2.	DG Sets	59	227	'00 KVA		No.		after		Capac	
		۷.	De Sets	55	227				Emissio		ndmen	-	
									n				
								1.	Boilers	10		50TP	Н
								2.	DG	15		15000)KVA
									Sets				
										as per	revise	ed layo	out &
								pros	pective ir	ivestors.			
6.	Breakup of												
	Water	C	Mator	0	, , ,	Source of	1	Sr	Water	0.	antity	Sour	ce of
	Requirement		Water Requirem	Quantity		Source of Water			vvater Requirer		antity	Wate	
	s& its source	1	Fresh Wa			ajbaha		1	Fresh \		2.48	Rajba	
	in Operation	1	Demand	MLD		anal.		-	Demar		MLD	Canal	
	Phase:		Demanu				Ľ			· '			

		2	Recyc	led	1.40	Treated		2	Recyc	led	0.87		Treated
			Water		-	Waste Water		2	Wate		MLD		Waste Water
			Tota		3.40				Total		3.35 N		Traste Trater
				-	MLD								
6.	Waste water	Parti s	icular	w w	Effluent Ti disposal fa	reatment & acility		Parti	culars	WW Gen.		Effluent Treatment & disposal facility	
	generation &its			Gen				Dom	estic	0.147 MLD	-	-	or unit will own STP and
	disposal Arrangem ent	Dor	nestic		D will be installed within the project premises and entire treated and treated					STP of 0.05 MLD will ed by PSIEC ated waste I be used in area/ ire.			
		Indu	ustrial	MLD	with MEE a in cooling industrial maintain			Indu Tota	strial I	0.780 MLD 0.927 MLD	requir All the shall i ETP v Discha Techn	e inc nsta /ith arge	provided. lividual units all their own Zero Liquid (ZLD)
		Tota	I	1.88 MLD	Zero Liqui	d Discharge hology willbe for the					<u> </u>		
7.	Details of Hazardous	Sr. No.	Partic	ulars	Quantity	Treatment/ disposal		Sr. No.	Partic	ulars	Quan	tity	Treatment/ disposal
	Waste	1.	waste	rdous e (ETP e from)	6 TPD (180TPM)	Sent to the TSDF, Nimbua.		1.	Hazar waste sludge Indivie units)	e (ETP e from dual	2 TPI (60 TF		Sent to the TSDF, Nimbua.
		for st the Mana indivi arran sludg provi	orage provi ageme idual i agemer ge/ oth	& dispo sions nt Rule ndustrie nt for si ner haza of Ha	osal of ETP of Hazar es), 2016. es shall also torage & di ordous wast	arrangement sludge as per dous Waste Further the make proper isposal of ETP tes as per the Management		arran sludg provi	ndividu gemer e/ oth	ual ind it for er haz of	storage ardous	& di wast ardc	make proper isposal of ETP tes as per the bus Waste
17	Solid Waste	Sr. No	Partic	ulars	Total	Treatment/ disposal		No	Particu			disp	ntment/ osal
	generatio n and its modeof disposal:	1		icipal Waste	600 Kg/ day	Authorize d MSW landfill		1	Munio Solid Waste	Ċ	0.		norized V landfill

		 2 STP Sludge (Biological Treatment 3 Rice Husk/ CoalAsh 	300 Kg/ day 120 MT/ Month	To be used as manure. As per the PPCB guidelines.	2	STP Sludge (Biological treatment Rice Husk/ Biomass Ash		To be used manure. As per PPCB guidelines.	as the
18	Energy requirements & savings:	 (i) Energy requi Total estimate load will be 29.01 MW. (ii) Energy Sa 	oposed project	 (i) Energy requirement Total estimate load of the proposed project will be 30.38 MW (33.75 MVA). (ii) Energy Saving 					
		 a)Solar panels of days) will be instroads with internative An amount of allocated for S budget to save b)Individual indupert be asked heaters for prosame in the induced for same in the induced same same in the induced same same in the induced same in the induced same same in the induced same same same same same same same same	stalled on 2 rval of 15m Rs. 3 C olar street the electri ustries in d to insta e-heating a	4 m, 18 m wide on both sides. Fores will be lights in EMP c energy. the Industrial Il solar water and utilize the	b)	days) will be wide roads. allocated for to save the e	e installe Adequato Solar lig lectric er dustries install	in the Park wi solar w	l8 m ll be tem,

During meeting, PSIEC presented the water balance for the entire project before the Committee and as per the said water balance, total water demand for the industrial estate shall be 4390 KLD out of which 3303 KLD shall be for the Anchor unit going to be developed in 80 acres of plot area and remaining 1087 KLD shall be required for the remaining units and common facilities/utilities with details as under:

Sr. No.	Plot Sizes (Acres)	Approx. Manpower	Estimate	d Water Dem KLD	nand in	Estimated Wastewater Generation in KLD		Wastewater Generation in		Wastewater Generation in		Wastewater Generation in		Wastewater Generation in		Wastewater Generation in		Wastewater Generation in		Type of water treatment	Utilizatio treated v water in	vaste	Green Area in acres
			Domestic	Industrial	Green belt	Dom.	Trade		Recycle	Green area													
1	80	3000	130	2585	588	105	630	STP & ETP based on Tertiary Treatment and Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD)	300	385	26.4												
2	14.85	500	25	300	109	20*	80	ETP based on Tertiary	70	10	4.9												

								Treatment and Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD)			
3	6	300	15	200	44	11*	45	ETP based on Tertiary Treatment and Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD)	40	5	1.98
4	3	200	10	150	22	7*	25	ETP based on Tertiary Treatment and Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD)	20	5	1
5	Remai ning area (28.1 acre)	100	5	0	207	4*	0	Common STP of 50 KLD by PSIEC	0	4	9.3

*PSIEC will provide common STP of 50 KLD capacity and treated waste water shall be used for plantation in the green area of 9.3 acres.

The Environmental Consultant of the PSIEC informed that the total scheme area has been slightly increased from 130.32 acres to 131.95 acres due to certain errors in the revenue records. Further, it was informed that the individual Plot owners shall provide 33% green area. Further, 15-meter green belt shall be provided all along the boundary wall along with 15-meter green belt on both sides of the Choe/drain passing through the project area. The Anchor unit of 80 acres shall provide ETP for the treatment of trade effluent based on Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD) Technology and also provide independent STP for the treatment of domestic effluent. The domestic effluent after treatment shall be used for the green belt. Further, the remaining 3 Plot owners of 15 acres, 6 acres & 3 acres shall provide independent ETPs based on ZLD Technology for the treatment of trade effluent. The PSIEC shall provide Common STP for the treatment of domestic effluent being generated by these 3 Plot owners. It was also informed that PSIEC shall provide the operation & maintenance for the common STP initially for a period of 10 years and thereafter, the operation & maintenance this common STP shall be handed over to the Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) formulated by these units.

After detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to forward the case to SEIAA with recommendations to consider the proposal for grant of amendment in Environmental Clearance subject to the conditions as per earlier Environmental Clearance and following special conditions:

Special Conditions:

- 1. PSIEC shall impose the following conditions in the allotment letter of the individual plot owners:
 - (i) That the individual Plot owner shall obtain Environmental Clearance under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006, if applicable, as per schedule appended with EIA notification dated 14.09.2006.
 - (ii) That no treated/untreated wastewater shall be discharged into the choe/drain passing through the project site.
 - (iii) That the individual plot owners shall provide the Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP) & Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) based on ZLD Technology, as applicable, at a location which shall be at farthest distance from the Choe/drain.
 - (iv) That the individual Plot owners shall mandatorily provide minimum 33% of the green area by planting trees of 6 ft height of native species including 15-meter width green belt along the outer boundary wall, as per the plan approved by PSIEC.
- 2. That PSIEC shall provide common STP of adequate capacity for the treatment of domestic effluent being generated from the 15 acres, 6 acres & 3 acres Plots and other areas/buildings such as commercial, public building, disposal works etc., Further, the responsibility for operation & maintenance of this common STP shall lies with PSIEC.
- 3. PSIEC shall ensure the compliance of conditions mentioned in the allotment letter of individual Plot owners and in case of any violation of these conditions, PSIEC shall take strict action as per the provisions of law.

Item No. 221.02: Application for Environment Clearance under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 for the establishment of new API Bulk Drug Pharmaceutical manufacturing unit by "M/s Akums Lifesciences Limited at village Chhachrauli, Tehsil Dera Bassi, District SAS Nagar, Punjab, (Proposal No. SIA/PB/IND3/247434/2021).

The industry was granted Environmental Clearance under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 for manufacturing of the following API Bulk Drugs. The said Environmental Clearance was issued by MoEF&CC vide letter No. J-11011/988/2008-IA II (I) dated 14.09.2011 in the name of M/s Parabolic Drugs Limited.

Sr.	Products Name	(Quantity) Kg/Month	(Quantity)Kg/day
No.			
1.	Carvidelol	5000	200
2.	Efavirenz	4000	160
3.	Lacidipine	1000	40
4.	Paroxetine	5000	200
5.	Ropinirole	1000	40
6.	Rosiglitazone	2000	80
7.	Telmisartan	4000	160
8.	Valsartan	6000	240
9.	Venlafaxine	5000	200
Tota	l	33000	1320

The industry was earlier granted Environmental Clearance in the name of M/s Parabolic Drugs Limited and machinery was installed by said industry within the validity period of Environmental Clearance. Further, Consent to Operate under the provisions of Water Act 1974 & Air Act 1981 was granted to industry for the manufacturing of 7 APIs products. Later on, due to financial constraints, insolvency proceedings were commenced against the industry M/s Parabolic Drugs Limited by NCLT and Mr. Sanjay Kumar was appointed as Insolvency Resolution Professional (IRP) in the matter of the said industry by Hon'ble NCLT Chandigarh. Thereafter, resolution plan was submitted and the same was approved. The industry has changed its name in the year 2021 from M/s Parabolic Drugs Limited to M/s Akums Lifesciences Limited.

The industry was granted Consent to Operate under the provision of Water Act 1974 & Air Act 1981 in the name of M/s Akums Lifesciences Limited, Village Chhachrauli, Tehsil Dera Bassi, District SAS Nagar which is valid up to 31.03.2022 for the manufacturing of API drugs i.e. Carvidelol @ 60000 kg/year, Efavirenz @ 48000 kg/year, Lacidipine @ 12000 kg/year, Paroxetine

@ 60000 kg/year, Ropinirole @ 12000 kg/year, Rosiglitazone @ 24000 kg/year, Telmisartan @ 48000 kg/year.

The industry has submitted afresh application in the name of M/s Akums Lifesciences Limited for the increase in the production capacity of the following APIs products. The industry has submitted Form-1 along with documents as per the checklist approved by SEIAA. The details pertaining to the products for which Environmental Clearance was granted and proposed No. of products which are to be manufactured are as under:

Sr.		EC accorded			Proposed	Total after
No.	Name of Products	In Kg/month	In Kg/day	ТРА	(TPA)	expansion (TPA)
1.	Carvidelol	5000	200	60	-60	0
2.	Efavirenz	4000	160	48	-48	0
3.	Lacidipine	1000	40	12	-12	0
4.	Paroxetine	5000	200	60	-55	5
5.	Ropinirole	1000	40	12	-12	0
6.	Rosiglitazone maleate	2000	80	24	-24	0
7.	Telmisartan	4000	160	48	-48	0
8.	Valsartan	6000	240	72	-72	0
9.	Venlafaxine	5000	200	60	-60	0
10.	Losartan Potassium	-	-	-	20	20
11.	Atorvastatin Calcium	-	-	-	24	24
12.	Chloroxazone	-	-	-	15	15
13.	Citicholine Sodium	-	-	-	36	36
14.	Metaprol Succinate	-	-	-	25	25
15.	Olmesartan Medoximil	-	-	-	5	5
16.	Dapoxetine HCL	-	-	-	5	5
17.	L-Carnitine	-	-	-	5	5
18.	Piracetam	-	-	-	30	30
19.	Pantaprazole Sodium	-	-	-	60	60
20.	Leviteracetam	-	-	-	5	5
21.	n-acetyl Cysteine	-	-	-	5	5

12	12
12	
12	12
10	10
60	60
1	1
1	1
1	1
1	1
4	4
4	4
1	1
1	1
1	1
10	10
1	1
6	6
3	3
24	24
18	18
3	3
	60 1 1 1 1 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 10 1 6 3 24 18

The cost of expansion for the industrial project Rs. 50 Crores. The industry has deposited Rs. 5 lacs vide UTR No. N355211761043119 dated 21.12.2021. The adequacy of the fee deposited by the Project Proponent has been checked and verified by supporting staff SEIAA.

The Project Proponent undertake that the information given in the application are true to the best of his knowledge & belief and no facts have been concealed thereof. Further, he is aware that in case, if any information submitted was found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at their risk and cost.

The Project is covered under Schedule 5(f) & Category 'B2' as per EIA Notification, 2006. in light of O.M dated 27.03.2020, 15.10.2020, & 16.07.2021. In the latest OM dated 16.07.2021, it has been mentioned as under:

"All proposals for projects or activities in respect of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (API), received from 16th July, 2021 to 31st December, 2021, shall be appraised, as Category 'B2' projects, provided that any subsequent amendment or expansion or change in product mix, after the 31st December, 2021, shall be considered as per the provisions in force at that time."

Since, the project has applied for obtaining Environmental Clearance on 28.12.2021, the project can be considered as B2 category project.

Furthermore, PPCB was requested to send the latest construction status report of the project through e-mail on 25.02.2022. Punjab Pollution Control Board vide letter no. 2070 dated 29.03.2022 has sent the latest construction status report with details as under:

"It is intimated that vide email dated 25.2.2022, SEIAA has sought the report w.r.t. Construction status, status of physical structures within 500 m radius of the site and compliance regarding siting criteria for this project.

The project has submitted that the industry was granted Environmental clearance by MoEF vide file no. J-11011/988/2008- IA II (I) dated 14/09/2011 for 9 API products. However, industry is presently manufacturing only 7 API products. Now, Industry is further planning to increase the production capacity by adding 32 APIs and by (decreasing the production capacity as compared to earlier granted EC) of one existing products of Paroxetine. The comparison details of exiting as well as proposed APIs product are as per the EC applied by the industry.

Sr.	Report of point sought by	Remarks
No.	SEIAA	
<i>A</i> .	Construction status of the proposed project. Please send the clear-cut report as to whether construction/new machinery for the proposed project has been started/ installed for the project except securing the land.	No construction has been started by the industry at the expansion site.

The site of the industry was visited by the AEE of this office on 22/03/2022 and the pointwise is as under:

D	Charters of above and attractions	1 The following write and leasted within 500 m
В.	Status of physical structures	1. The following units are located within 500 m
	within 500 m radius of the site	radius of the unit:
	including the status of	2. No rice sheller/ stone crusher/ hot mix plant/ brick
	industries, drain, river eco-	kiln exist within 500 mtr from the proposed site.
	sensitive structure if any.	3. There is no jaggery, petroleum outlet exist within
		100 mtr of the site.
		5
		4. There is one perennial chose passing adjoining the
		industry.
		5. There is no drain/ nallah/ choe exist within 500
		mtr of the site.
		6. There is no eco-sensitive structure within 500 mtr
		of the site.
С.	Whether the sites meeting the	The govt. has not framed any specific guidelines for
	prescribed criteria for setting	setting of such type of units. However, the proposed
	up of such type of projects.	site is complying with the general sitting guidelines
	Please send the clear-cut	framed by the Government of Punjab for such project.
	recommendation.	It is further submitted that the industry has already
		obtained Change of Land Use (CLU) issued by the CTP
		vide letter5 dated 30/09/2009 for an area of 22.92-
		acre land of industrial purpose at village Chhalchrauli
		Derabassi, Distt. SAS Nager.
		שנו משמשון שושנו. שאש מעפרי

It is further intimated that the Board is continuously receiving the complaints against the industry regarding the pollution caused by it in the vicinity to degrade the environment. Accordingly, the industry has been served notice under the relevant Environment Laws for taking further action in the matter."

Deliberations during 218th meeting of SEAC held on 11.04.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Mr. Luxmipati Shriram, Vice President of M/s Akums Lifesciences Limited.
- (ii) Mr. Sandeep Garg, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco laboratories Pvt Ltd.
- (iii) Mrs. Simranjit Kaur, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco laboratories Pvt. Ltd.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of the Project Proponent to present the salient features of the project. He, thereafter, presented the case as under:

1	1.	Name of the M/s Akum Lifesciences Limited			
		project:			Village Chhachrauli, Tehsil Derabassi, Distt. Mohali, Punjab

2.	Whether the project falls in the critical polluted area notified by MoEF&CC /CPCB. (Yes/No) If no and the proposed project site lies in the same or neighbouring district of critically polluted area, then details the distance of project site from the boundary of critically polluted area verified by the regional office of SPCB. (Submitted/Not submitted)	No, the industry does not fall in the critically polluted area notified by MoEF&CC /CPCB. The nearest critically polluted area is Ludhiana which is not within the district or neighboring district.
3.	Project area involves forest land, (Yes/No), If yes, then details of the extent of area involved and copy of permission & approval for the use of forest land	No, a self-declaration to the effect that the clearance is not required under the provisions of the Forest Conservation Act 1980 submitted. Further, the Project Proponent also undertakes that the project is not covered under the PLPA 1900.
4.	If the project falls within 10 km of eco-sensitive area/ National park/Wild Life Sanctuary. If yes,	 i. Khol Hi-Raitan Wild Life Sanctuary situated at distance of 22 Km from the location of the proposed project. ii. The MoEF&CC vide notification dated 24.10.2016 declared eco-sensitive zone varies from zero to 925 m around the boundary of Khol Hi-Raitan Wild Life Sanctuary comprising an area of 1320 hectares approximately.

	a. Name of eco-sensitive area/ National park/Wild Life Sanctuary and distance from the project site. b. Status of clearance from the National Board for Wild Life (NBWL)	iii. The industry is located outside the eco-sensitive zone of Khol Hi-Raitan Wild Life Sanctuary.A self-declaration to the effect that the project does not require the clearance under the provisions of Wild Life (Protection) Act 1972 submitted.						
5.	Total Project Cost (In Crores): Total project cost breakup at current price level duly certified by Chartered Engineer/ Approved valuer or Chartered Accountant	expan	otal Project Cost (In Cronsion is Rs. 190.87 crores; otal project cost breakup i Description Cost of Land & Building Building Plant & Machinery Total		out s give Exis	of which, exi en below: ting In Crores) 92 5	sting cost is Rs	
6.	Details of technology proposed for control of	The dunder	etails of the Air Po : Source	lluting Fuel	mach	ninery along Capacity	with APCD afte	er expansion is as
	emissions & effluents generated from project	1.	Boiler	Rice ⊢	lusk	5 Ton		ne separator ey of height
	μομεί	2.	Boiler	Rice ⊢	lusk	5 Ton	Multi Cyclo with Chimn 30m	ne separator ey of height
		3.	Incinerator	HSD		1200 LPD		vith chimney m above roof
		4.	DG Set 1500 KVA	HSD		1*1500 KVA	Chimney heig acoustic encl	ght of 10m and osure.

		5.	Pilo	ot plant	For treatment process/fugitive emissions	9	Packed bed scrubber with stack height of 3m above roof level.	
		6.		inufacturing ck A	For treatment process/fugitive emissions	9	Packed bed scrubber with stack height of 9m above rooflevel.	
		7.		inufacturing ck B	For treatment process/fugitive emissions	9	Packed bed scrubber with stack height of 9m above roof level.	
		8.	Pro	ocess stack	For treatment process/fugitive emissions		Scrubber with stack height of 3m above roof level.	
		9.		ocess stack	For treatment process/fugitive emissions		Scrubber with stack height of 3m above roof level.	
7.	Plot Area Details	requi	The total area of the industry is 23.6 acres and for experimentary required. The land use planning is given below:				for expansion, no new land is	
		S. No).	Details			Area	
		1.		Total Land A	еа		95,506 sq.m. (23.6 acres)	
		2.		Administratio	on Block (Block A)		942 sq. m.	
		3.		Block B			621 sq. m.	
		4.		Block C1 & C			1725 sq. m.	
		5.		Warehouse (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1496 sq. m.	
		6.			very Plant (Block E)		1565 sq. m.	
		7.		Utility (Block	•		875 sq. m.	
		8.		ETP Area (Blo	•		1290 sq. m.	
		9.		Security/OH			152 sq. m.	
		10. 11.		Engineering Boiler House			630 sq. m. 291 sq. m.	
		12			and DG Area		640 sq. m.	
		12		66 KVA Subs			576 sq. m.	
		14		DM Water Sy			105 sq. m.	
		15		Green Area	ystem		31,906 sq. m.	
8.	Type of project				wn in the Master Pl	an Lalr	ru, the site of the unit falls in	
	land as per	•					tween the Punjab State Govt.	
	master plan				-	mentioned that the company		
	(Industrial/						nal land of 27.5 killa, 1 biswa	
	Agriculture/ Any		-			Rs. 10	3 crore over a period of five	
	other), If non	years	fron	n 14.12.2006.				
	industrial land							
	then the details							
	of Land Use							

	Certificate / permissibility Certificate from Competent Authority (DTP/CTP) intimating land use pattern of the project site as per proposals of Master Plan of the area. (Submitted/Not	
9.	Submitted) Whether any litigation pending against the project or any direction/order passed by SPCB/ Court of Law against the project, if so, details there of shall also be included.	There is no litigation pending against the industry. Undertaking regarding the same submitted.
10.	Details water consumption, wastewater generation & its treatment	 i. The total water demand of the industry shall be 726 KLD, out of which fresh water demand of 534 KLD shall be met through existing 1 no. of borewell and remaining 192 KLD shall be met through treated wastewater. ii. Out of total quantity of 534 KLD of fresh water demand, 330 KLD shall be utilized for meeting cooling water makeup, 55 KLD for boiler, 120 KLD into the process 11 KLD for floor washing and 18 KLD domestic purpose. iii. The total wastewater in the form of HTDS shall be 72 KLD and LTDS shall be 48 KLD. The total quantity of effluent generated from cooling tower, boiler blow down and floor washing shall be 21 KLD, 15 KLD & 11 KLD respectively. iv. The entire quantity of 95 KLD of effluent generated from the industry except HTDS effluent shall be treated in the ETP of capacity 125 KLD. v. The treated wastewater generated from ETP shall be further treated in RO of capacity 125 KLD, out of which 10 KLD of RO permeate shall be utilized back in the process and other utilities. Furthermore, the HTDS effluent of 72 KLD shall be treated in MEE of capacity 130 KLD. The MEE

		vi.	Condensate reject of quantity 72 KLD along with steam condensate quantity 20 KLD shall be utilized back in the process and other utilitie vi. In the summer season, out of total quantity of 192 KLD of tre wastewater, 17 KLD shall be utilized for meeting cooling water den and remaining 175 KLD shall be utilized for gardening purpose in an of @ 31,906 sqm, whereas in winter season, 135 KLD shall be utilize meeting cooling water demand and remaining 57 KLD shall be utilize gardening purpose whereas in rainy season, 176 KLD shall be utilize meeting cooling water demand and remaining 16 KLD shall be utilize gardening purpose							
		 Domestic wastewater treatment: I. The total domestic wastewater generation shall be 15 KLD which shall be treated separately in STP of capacity 30 KLD. The treated wastewater shal be sent to RO for further treatment. II. The industry shall not discharge any treated wastewater outside the premises and shall utilized entire quantity of treated wastewater within the premises of the unit. Hence the proposal of the industry is based on Zero Liquid Discharge. 								
11.	Hazardous/Non -Hazardous Waste Generation details & their	Sr. No	Name of Waste	Categor Y	Waste Generat Existing (as per HW authorization)	ion Total (After expansion)	Mode of Disposal			
	storage, utilization and its disposal. Copy of Agreement clearly mentioning the Quantity	1	Incinerator Ash	37.2	3.12 T/annum	6 T/ annum	Storage & thereafter disposal through CSTDF, Ramky Enviro Engineers Ltd.			
		2	ETP Sludge	35.3	0.975 T/annum	18 T/ annum	Storage & thereafter disposal through CSTDF, Ramky Enviro Engineers Ltd.			
		3	Spent Oil	5.1	0.78 T/annum	2.4 KL /annum	Storage & thereafter			

					Golden
					Petro
4	Empty Barrels/ containers/ drums	33.1	780 No./ year	1200 No./ annum	Storage & thereafter disposal through authorized reprocessor / recycler
5	Distillation Residue	20.3	109.2 T/annum	109.2 T /annum	Storage & thereafter captive Incineration
6	MEE Salt	37.3	30 T/annum	48 T/ annum	Storage & thereafter disposal through CSTDF, Ramky Enviro Engineers Ltd.
7	Spent Carbon	28.3	0.39 T/annum	6 T/ annum	Storage & thereafter captive Incineration
8	Spent catalyst	28.2	0.9 T/annum	2.4 T/ annum	Recycling
9	Filter Cloths & Pads	36.2	0.195 T/annum	3.6 T/ annum	Storage & thereafter captive Incineration
10	Off. Specificatio n	28.4	1.3 T/annum	2.4 T /annum	Storage & thereafter captive Incineration
11	Spent solvent	28.5	98.15 T/annum	98.15 T/annum	Recycling and recovery
12	Process residue	28.1	109.9 T/annum	109.9 T/ annum	Incineration
i.			generated shall dous Waste Mar		-
ii.	LOI has been	done with	M/s Ramky Envi ludge and salts fr	ro Engineers	Ltd for disposal

		iii.	The spent oi Petro. Copy		•			vend	lor i.e. M/s Golden
12.	Solid Waste generation and its mode of disposal	 i. Presently, Recyclable paper waste of about 100 kg/month is being generated from the unit and after expansion, about 125 kg/month will be generated from the unit. This waste is being sold to the local kabadis. ii. Canteen waste of approx. 20 kg/day is being generated which is being currently picked by the vendor for cattle feeding. Further, overall, 40 kg/day will be generated for which company is planning to install Mechanical Composter of 50 kg. 							
13.	Rain Water utilization proposal		will be adop idwater.	ted in	the nearb	oy villa	age for rair	n wa	ater recharging of
14.	Blockwise details of no. of trees to be planted in proposed greenbelt area(1500 Trees to be planted @ 10000 Sqm area):	Total 31,906 sq.m. of green area has been provided within the industry.							
15.	Energy	a. Th	e details of th	e ener	gy are give	n belo	w:		
	requirements & savings:	S. No.	Description	Unit	Existing		Proposed		Total
	Energy saving measures to be	1.	Power load	KW	2523				2523
	adopted within industry:	2.	D.G sets	KVA	1×500 + 1>	×250	Replaceme of both sets w 1500 kva		1 × 1500
16.	EMP Budget		ergy conserva		easures are	e bein	g taken at th	ne pr	oject site.
10.	EMP Budget details	a. Eiv	1P budget deta Details	ans:		Capi	tal Cost	Re	curring Cost
	Details of Environment	No.					Lacs		
	Management Cell (EMC)	(i)	APCD			25		6	
	responsible for	(ii)	STP			25 2		10	
	implementation of EMP	(iii)	MEE upgrada	ation		325		25	
		(iv)	OCEMS			-		1	

		(v)	Green belt development with maintenance plan for 3 years	35	6		
		(vi)	Rain Water Harvesting	10	0.5		
		(vii)	Environment Monitoring	Nil	8		
		(viii)	Solid Waste Management	40	15		
		(ix)	Energy Conservation	25	2.5		
		(x)	Disaster and Risk Management	-	10		
		(xi)	Any other	-	-		
		Tota		485	88.5		
		b. Mr. Lakshmipathy Sriram, Vice President (Operations) of M/s Akums Lifesciences Ltd., is responsible for implementation of Environment Management Plan. Rs. 485 Lakhs has been planned to be reserved for EMP for expansion project as capital cost. While, Rs. 88.5 Lakhs/annum has been planned to be reserved for EMP as recurring cost.					
17.	Details of the activities proposed to be covered under CER		a part of EMP. However, Rs. 2 ies for pond adoption in nearby		reserved for CER under		

During meeting, the Committee observed that the project attracts the provisions of Activity 5(f) of the Schedule appended with the EIA notification dated 14.09.2006. As per the said provisions, the General & Specific conditions are applicable to the project. The Committee asked the Project Proponent to submit the compliance of General & Specific conditions in an annotated form so as enable the Committee to decide the competency of the Authority for the appraisal of the case. The Project Proponent agreed to provide the details.

Thereafter, the Committee perused the status report furnished by Punjab Pollution Control Board, wherein it has been mentioned that Punjab Pollution Control Board is continuously receiving the complaints against the industry regarding the pollution caused by it in the vicinity to degrade the environment. The Committee asked the Project Proponent regarding the context of the complaints filed by complainants and submit the relevant documents pertaining to the complaint. The Project Proponent apprised the Committee that Punjab Pollution Control Board has issued Show Cause Notice to the industry for violation of the provisions of Air Act 1981 stating that one of the parameters i.e Silica was outside the permissible limit. Further, it was informed that the Project Proponent shall submit the details of reply submitted to PPCB and PPCB will also be requested to provide the details of the complaints received against the industry along with the action taken by the Board against the complaints.

The Committee observed that the multi cyclone separators and scrubber proposed with rice husk fired boilers of 5-ton capacity each and incinerator may not be sufficient to achieve the prescribed standard of suspended particulate matter. The Committee suggested the Project Proponent shall provide multi cyclone separator followed by bag filter (offline) to achieve the prescribed standard of suspended particulate matter and shall provide two stages scrubbing with incinerator. The Project Proponent agreed to the same.

The Committee further asked the Project Proponent to provide the details of source of process emission/fugitive emissions being generated from pilot plant, manufacturing block A & B and process stacks. The Project Proponent agreed to provide the details.

The Committee further perused the details of the disposal of hazardous waste generation and observed that the hazardous waste of category 33.1 i.e. empty barrels/containers/drums shall be disposed through authorized re-processor/recycler. Further, the hazardous waste of category 28.5 i.e. spent solvent shall be recycled & recovered. After perusal, the Committee observed that no details pertaining to authorized agencies to whom the said quantity of waste shall be given has been specified by the Project Proponent. The Committee asked the Project Proponent to submit the details of the authorized agencies to whom the aforementioned hazardous waste shall be given for carrying out recycling & recovery. The Project Proponent agreed to the same.

After detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to defer the case till the receipt of reply of the below mentioned observations.

- 1. The Project Proponent shall submit the pointwise compliance of the General & Specific conditions as appended in the EIA Notification dated 14.09.2006.
- 2. The Project Proponent shall submit the details of reply submitted to PPCB for the show cause notice issued to the industry.
- 3. The Project Proponent shall provide multi cyclone separator followed by pulse jet bag filter (offline) with rice husk fired boilers of 5-ton capacity each to achieve the prescribed standard of suspended particulate matter and shall provide two stages scrubbing system with incinerator.
- 4. The Project Proponent shall submit the details of source of process emission/fugitive emission being employed in Pilot Plant, Manufacturing Block A & B and process stacks where packed bed scrubber/scrubber are proposed to control the emissions.
- 5. The Project Proponent shall submit the details of the authorized agencies to whom the hazardous waste shall be given for carrying out recycling and recovery.
- 6. The Project Proponent shall submit NOC for carrying out the rain water harvesting in the village pond.
- 7. The Project Proponent shall submit the revised water balance for the existing and proposed unit.
- 8. The Project Proponent shall also revise the Environment Management Plan after incorporating the above said details.

In compliance to the decision taken by the Committee, Punjab Pollution Control Board vide letter no. 81 dated 13.04.2022 was requested to furnish the details of the complaint received against the industry along with the Action Taken by the Board against these complaints. The report of Punjab Pollution Control Board is awaited.

Deliberations during 221st meeting of SEAC held on 27.05.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Mr. Luxmipati Shriram, Vice President of M/s Akums Lifesciences Limited.
- (ii) Mr. Sandeep Garg, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco laboratories Pvt Ltd.
- (iii) Mrs. Simranjit Kaur, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco laboratories Pvt. Ltd.

Sr.	Observations	Reply
No.		
1.	The Project Proponent shall submit the pointwise compliance of the General & Specific conditions as	Point wise compliance of general and specific conditions submitted, as under: 1. No protected area under the Wild Life (Protection) Act,
	appended in the EIA Notification dated 14.09.2006.	1972 (53 of 1972) falls within 5 km of project location.2. No critically polluted area falls within 5 km of project location.
		 No eco-sensitive area falls within 5 km of project location. Punjab-Haryana Boundary is situated at a distance of approx. 400 m from the project location. As per MoEF&CC notification dated 27th March, 2020 and further extension notification dated 16th July, 2021; In view of the COVID-19 pandemic and the requirement to expedite drug
		manufacturing, all proposals for projects or activities in respect of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients shall be appraised as Category 'B2' projects.
5.	The Project Proponent shall submit the details of reply submitted to PPCB for the show cause notice issued to the industry.	Submitted.

The Project Proponent presented the ADS reply of the aforementioned observations as under:

6.	The Project Proponent shall provide multi cyclone separator followed by pulse jet bag filter (offline) with rice husk fired boilers of 5-ton capacity each to achieve the prescribed standard of suspended particulate matter and shall provide two stages scrubbing system with incinerator.	jet bag fired I scrubb	taking to the effec g filter (offline) wi poilers of 5 TPF ing system will be	ill be installed capacity e provided as	d as APCD w ach. Furthe	ith rice husk r, to stages inerator.
7.	The Project Proponent shall	SI.	Description	Fugitive	Existing	Proposed
	submit the details of source	No.		emissions	APCD	APCD
	of process emission /fugitive	1.	Pilot plant	Acid mist	Packed	-
	emission being employed in			as HCL and	bed	
	Pilot Plant, Manufacturing			VOCs from	scrubber	
	Block A & B and process			use of	with	
	stacks where packed bed scrubber /scrubber are			ethanol,	stack ht.	
	scrubber /scrubber are proposed to control the			etc. will be	of 3 m	
	emissions.			generated	above	
		2	Manufacturing	as fugitive emissions	roof. Packed	_
		2.	Manufacturing	emissions		-
			Block A		bed scrubber	
					with	
					stack ht.	
					of 9 m	
					above	
					roof.	
		3.	Manufacturing		Packed	-
			Block B		bed	
					scrubber	
					with	
					stack ht.	
					of 9 m	
					above	
					roof.	
		4.	Process Stack		-	Scrubber
						with stack
						ht. of 3 m

						above
						roof.
		5.	Process Stack		-	Scrubber
						with stack
						ht. of 3 m
						above
						roof.
8.	The Project Proponent shall	Hazar	dous waste agreer	nent has be	en done fo	r spent carbon,
	submit the details of the	off spe	ecification product	s, distillatio	n residue, c	hemical sludge,
	authorized agencies to whom	filter i	medium, incinerat	or ash and	fuel gas cl	eaning residue
	the hazardous waste shall be	and p	rocess residue for	the dispos	al through	CSTDF, Ramky
	given for carrying out	Enviro	Engineers Ltd. W	hile, spent o	oil will be g	iven to Golden
	recycling and recovery.	Petro	and empty barre	ls/container	rs/drums w	vill be given to
		M/s S	urya Chemicals. Re	evised hazar	dous waste	agreements in
		this re	gard submitted.			
9.	The Project Proponent shall	A rec	uest letter from	i Smt. Ritu	u Rani, Sa	irpanch, Gram
	submit NOC for carrying out	Panchayat, Village Jaula Kalan, Block Dera Bassi, District SA				
	the rain water harvesting in	Nagar submitted. In the request letter, the Sarpanch of the				
	the village pond.	-	e requested the i	-	-	
			ies related to pone	-		
10	The Project Proponent shall		balance for the ex		•	
	submit the revised water		omparison of the			nd waste water
	balance for the existing and	-	ation has been tab			
	proposed unit.	Sr.	Description	Q	uantity	Revised
		No.				Quantity
		1	Total water dema		73 KLD	567 KLD
		2	Fresh Water dem		55 KLD	375 KLD
		3	HTDS effluent		2.188 KLD	72 KLD
		4	LTDS effluent	34	1.792 KLD	48 KLD
11	The Project Proponent shall				Capital	Recurring
	also revise the Environment	Sr.	Details		Cost	Cost
	Management Plan after	No.			(Rs. Lakhs)	(Rs. Lakhs/ annum)
	incorporating the above said details.				Lakiisj	annunny
	uetans.	1.	APCD (Boiler & Ir	ncinerator)	55	10
		2.	STP of 30 KLD ca	pacity	35	10
		3.	MEE upgradatior KLD	n to 130	325	50

10.	Management CER Activities (Pond Rejuvenation) Total	30 Rs. 555	- Rs. 142 Lakhs/
10	Disaster and Risk	-	10
9.	Energy Conservation (Solar Panel of 1 MW)	25	2.5
8.	Solid Waste Management (Composter of 50 kg and hazardous waste)	40	15
7.	Environment Monitoring	Nil	8
6.	Rain Water Harvesting	10	0.5
5.	Green belt development with maintenance plan for 3 years	35	35
4.	OCEMS	-	1

During meeting, the Committee perused the earlier observations and the reply submitted by the Project Proponent. The Committee observed that Punjab Pollution Control Board vide letter no. 81 dated 13.04.2022 was requested to furnish the details of the complaint received against the industry along with Action Taken by the Board against these complaints. However, the Action Taken report is yet to be received from PPCB.

The Committee decided to again write to Punjab Pollution Control Board for submitting their Action Taken report on the complaints received against the industry within 15 days, failing which, the application proposal of the Project Proponent shall be appraised based on the record available with the Committee.

After deliberations, SEAC decided to defer case till the receipt of the Action Taken report from Punjab Pollution Control Board.

Item No 221.03: Application for obtaining expansion in Environmental Clearance under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 for the expansion of a Housing project namely "Lok Awas" located at Sectors 74A, SAS Nagar, Punjab, by M/s Vera Developers Private Limited (Proposal No. SIA/PB/MIS/72657/2020).

Earlier the project proponent was granted Environmental Clearance vide SEIAA/2020/1484 dated 03.03.2020, for the Housing project namely "Lok Awas" located at Sector 74A, SAS Nagar, Punjab. The said EC was granted for construction of 1348 No. of flats. The plot area of the project was 101208 sqm and total built up area as 117940 sqm. The project was covered under activity 8 (a) and category B2 of EIA notification dated 14.09.2006.

The project proponent has submitted an application for obtaining expansion in Environmental Clearance for the construction of total no. of 6200 flats by increasing the land area from 101208 sqm to 146583 sqm and built up area from 117940 sqm to 579799.51 sqm. The Project is now covered under activity 8 (b) and category B1 of the schedule appended with the EIA notification dated 14.09.2006.

The Project Proponent was issued ToR by the MoEF&CC vide letter no. 21-92/2020-IA.III dated 09.12.2020.

The project proponent has submitted the Form 1, conceptual layout plan along with EIA report incorporated with the compliance of the Terms of References and other additional documents. The Project Proponent has also deposited the processing fee as per Govt. of Punjab notification dated 27.06.2019, amounting to Rs. 5,75,188/- through RTGS with reference no. HDFCR52022022398968540 dated 23.02.2022, as checked and verified by supporting staff SEIAA.

The Project Proponent undertake that the information given in the application are true to the best of his knowledge & belief and no facts have been concealed thereof. Further, he is aware that in case, if any information submitted was found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at their risk and cost.

PPCB vide letter no. 901 dated 31.01.2022 has submitted certified compliance report of the conditions of the previous Environment Clearance granted to the Project Proponent.

Punjab Pollution Control Board vide letter no. 1945 dated 22.03.2022 has sent the latest construction status report with details as under:

"Vide above referred e-mail dated 9/3/2022, it has been informed that M/s Vera Developers Pvt. Ltd. has submitted an application for obtaining Expansion in the Environmental Clearance for the group housing project namely "Lok Awas" at Section 74 -A, SAS Nagar and has requested to send the report on the following points:

- 1) Construction status of the proposed project. Please send the clear-cut report as to whether construction has been started for the expansion part of the project except securing the land.
- 2) Status of physical structures with 500 m radius of the site including the status of industries, drain, river, eco-sensitive structure etc.
- 3) Whether the site is meeting the prescribed criteria for setting up of such type of projects. Please sent clear-cut recommendations in this regard.

The proposed site of project was visited by officer of the Board on 14/3/2022 and the point wise reply of the comments sought by SEIAA are given as under:

SR.	Tower No.	Structure of construction
No		
1	B-1	PCC Laid, Raft Foundation under progress
2	B-2	Basement Complete, Stilt Roof slab under progress
3	В-3	Basement Roof Slab work under progress
4	C-1	Basement Roof Slab work completed
5	C-2	Excavation work completed
6	С-3	Basement Complete, Stilt Roof slab completed, 1 st
		floor work under progress
7	C-4	Basement + Stilt + 9 floors structure work
		completed
8	C-5	Basement + Stilt Complete
9	С-6	Excavation and PCC work completed
10	С-7А	Excavation work completed
11	С-8А	Excavation work completed

2) No construction work has been started in the extension part where Environmental Clearance is yet to be obtained, only one RMC batching plant has been set up at this site with inbuilt dust collector and excavation work has completed in location of tower C-7A & C-8A. The project proponent has provided silos for storage and transport of the cement and fly ash in the weighing chambers for making concrete. The Project proponent has provided water sprinklers to control dust emissions near the RMC site. One no. borewell has been done for extraction of groundwater for use in batching plant and water meter has been provided. The project proponent is using the RMC from this plant as well as procuring the RMC from outside also.

3 With the expansion, the site of the project will just touch the boundary of the site of Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facility M/s Rainbow Environments Pvt. Ltd., Balyali, Mohali. No. MAH industry/cement plant/ grinding unit/ rice sheller/ saila plant/ stone crushing/ screening cum washing unit/ hot mix plant/ brick kiln within a radius of 500 m from the boundary of the proposed site of the project. One Air polluting industry M/s Rainbow Environments Pvt. Ltd., Balyali, Mohali is located adjoining to the proposed site of the expansion part (Tower No. C3A & C3B). Therefore, the site of the project is not conforming to the sitting guidelines laid down by the Govt. of Punjab, Department of Science and Technology and Environment vide order dated 25/07/2008 as amended on 30/10/2009.

It is further intimated that the proposed site is situated within the jurisdiction M.C, Mohali/ GMADA. However, the STP installed by GMADA authorities is not adequate to cater the quantity of additional effluent of this project. However, the upgradation of existing STP installed by GMADA authorities is yet to be made."

Deliberations during 218th meeting of SEAC held on 11.04.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Mrs. Rajni Mehra, CEO, M/s Vera Developers Private Limited.
- (ii) Sh. Sital Singh, Environmental Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.
- (iii) Sh. Deepak Gupta, Environmental Advisor of the Project Proponent.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of Project Proponent to present the salient features of the project. Thereafter, Environmental Consultant presented the case as under:-

Sr. No	Description	Details					
1	Basic Details						
1.1	Name of Project & Project Proponent:	"Lok Awas" & M/s Vera Developers Private Limited					
1.2	Proposal:	Expansion of th	e residential	group housing	project		
1.3	Location of Project:	Sectors 74A, SA	S Nagar				
1.4	Details of Land area & Built	Description	Existing	Proposed	Total		
	up area:	Land area 101208 sqm 45375 sqm 146583					
		Built up area	117940 sqm	461859.51	579799.51		
				sqm	sqm		

1.5	Category under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006	Activity 8 (b) and Category B1
1.6	Cost of the project	562 Crore including cost of land as Rs. 29.33 Crore and Cost of Construction as Rs. 532.67 Crore.
2.	Site Suitability Characteristic	CS
2.1	Whether project is suitable as per the provisions of Master Plan:	Submitted
2.2	Whether supporting document submitted in favour of statement at 2.1, details thereof: (CLU/building plan approval status)	A copy of permission for Change of Land Use for total land area of 25 acres (101175 sq.m) in the name of M/s Vera Developers Private Limited obtained from STP, Department of Town & Country Planning, Punjab vide memo no. 1369-STP (S)/55-11 (GR) dated 15.06.2018.
3	Forest, Wildlife and Green A	rea
3.1	Whether the project required clearance under the provisions of Forest Conservations Act 1980 or not:	No, a self-declaration to the effect that no land covered under the Forest Conservation Act 1980 is involved in the project submitted.
3.2	Whether the project required clearance under the provisions of Punjab Land Preservation Act (PLPA) 1900.	No, a self-declaration in this regard submitted by the Project Proponent.
3.3	Whether project required clearance under the provisions of Wildlife Protection Act 1972 or not:	No, a self-declaration in this regard submitted by the Project Proponent.
3.4	Whether the project is located within the 10 Km radius of the Critically Polluted Area.	No, the site of the project located in Sector 74A, SAS Nagar
3.5	Whether the project falls within the influence of Eco- Sensitive Zone or not.	No, a self-declaration to the effect that the project does not fall under the Eco-sensitive zone submitted. Distance of the site of the project from Sukhna Wildlife Sanctuary was checked by this office and same was approximately 12km.
3.6	Green area requirement and proposed No. of trees:	 As per earlier Environmental Clearance accorded to the project, the green area proposed was 5673 sqm. 38011 sqm has been proposed to be developed as green area. 25% of the area shall be developed as per green

							ees proposed to be
				plante	ed are 1850 trees	•	
4.	Configu	ration	& Population	on			
4.1	Configu			•••			
	The det	ails of t	he building	blocks along	g with the area, n	o. of unit/floc	or and total no. of
		uced as under:					
	POCK ET	BLO CK	TYPE	AREA (SQ.MT.)	NO. OF UNIT/FLOOR	NO. OF FLOORS	TOTAL NO. OF UNITS
		A1	3+3	93.6	4	25	100
		A2	3+3	93.6	4	25	100
		A3	3+3	93.6	4	25	100
		A3/1	3+3	93.6	4	25	100
		A3/2	3+3	93.6	4	25	100
	Α	P1	3+3	93.6	4	25	100
		P2	3+3	93.6	4	25	100
		A4	2+2	68.9	12	25	300
		A5	2+2	68.9	12	25	300
		A6	2+2	68.9	10	25	250
		A7	2+2	68.9	10	25	250
		A8	2+2	68.9	12	25	300
			TOTAL N	O. OF UNITS	IN POCKET A	[2100
		D1	2.2	<u> </u>	0	25	200
		B1	2+2	68.9	8	25	200
		B2	2+2	68.9	8	25	200
	В	B3	2+2	68.9	8	25	200
		B4	2+2	68.9	8	25	200
		B5	1+1	44.7	8	25	200
		B7	2+2	68.9	4	25	100 1100
			IUIALN	O. OF UNITS	IN POCKET B		1100
		C4	2+1	57.5	8	25	200
		C5	2+1	57.5	8	25	200
		C6	2+1	57.5	4	25	100
		C3A	2+1	57.5	8	25	200
	с	C3B	1+1	44.7	16	25	400
		C3	2+2	68.9	8	25	200
		C2	2+2	68.9	8	25	200
		C9	2+2	68.9	8	25	200

	1-35	20' X 80'	6.096 X 24.384	35	B+G+2	105
D	SCO' S	SIZE IN SFT	SIZE IN SQM	NO. OF SCO'S	NO. OF FLOORS	TOTAL NO. OF SCO'S
	GRA	ND TOTAL I	NO. OF UNITS	IN MASTER LAYO	JT	6200
		TOTAL N	NO. OF UNITS	IN POCKET C		3000
	C12	2+2	68.9	4	25	100
	C11	2+2	68.9	8	25	200
	C8	1+1	57.5	8	25	200
	C7	1+1	57.5	8	25	200
	C8A	1+1	57.5	8	25	200
	C7A	1+1	57.5	8	25	200
	C1	2+2	68.9	8	25	200

Land area classification:

DESCRIPTION	AREA (II	NSOM)	ARE/ ACR	•	PERCENTAGE (%)	
LOK Awas Scheme Area	LOK Awas Scheme Area					(70)
Less for Area under Revenue Ro	ads	-477	5.39			
Total Area of Scheme (In Acres)		14658	32.96	36.	21	
Area Under Sector Roads (In Acr	es)	8336	5.71	2.0)6	5.69%
Area Under Internal Roads inclue parking	ling surface	6187	7.03	15.	29	42.21%
RG Area (Organised) (In Acres)		239	28	5.91		16.32%
RG Area (Un Organised) (In Acre	5)	140	83	3.48		9.61%
Total Residential Area (In Acres I EWS)	Excluding	3004	4.75	7.4	12	20.49%
Area Under EWS (In Acres)		2038	8.59	0.50		1.38%
Area Under Commercial (In Acre	s)	5344	.09	1.32		3.64%
Area Under Substation (In Acres		930	.79	0.2	23	0.64%
			36.	21	100%	
Population details Points		As pe	r earlie	r EC	As per	r fresh proposal
	No. o Flats	f 1348 perso perso		@ 5 6740		lats @ 5 persons= persons

		No. of	05 shops @ 2	35 @ 15 person/SCO=		
		Shops	persons/shop= 10 persons	525 persons		
		Total	6750	31525		
5	Water					
5.1	Total fresh water requirement:	2814 KLD				
5.2	Source:	Ground wat	er			
5.3	Whether Permission obtained for abstraction/supply of the fresh water from the Competent Authority (Y/N) Details thereof	Acknowledgement of the application submitted to PWRDA				
5.4	Comparison of the total	Points	As per earlier EC	As per fresh proposal		
	water requirement as per the earlier Environmental Clearance and afresh proposal	Total Wat requireme		= lpcd= 4185 KLD		
5.5	Total wastewater generation:	3368 KLD				
5.6	Comparison of the total	Points	As per earlier EC	As per fresh proposal		
	waste water generation as per the earlier Environmental clearance & fresh proposal	Total wastewate generation		4209x 0.8= 3368 KLD		
5.7	Treatment methodology: (STP capacity, technology & components)	 STP of capacity 4900 KLD based on SBR shall be installed in modules of 500 KLD, 1000 KLD, 2000 KLD & 1400 KLD as per the increasing occupancy at project site. The components of the STP to be installed shall be collection tank, SBR reactors, clear water sump, Dual media filter & sludge drying beds. 				
		Points	As per earlier EC	As per fresh proposal		
		Proposal STP	of 1100 KLD capacity	4900 KLD capacity		
5.8	Treated wastewater for flushing purpose:	1395 KLD (3	1000 persons X 45 lpcc	1)		
5.9	Treated wastewater for	Summer- 26	54 KLD			
	green area in summer,	Winter- 86 I	KLD			
	winter and rainy season:	Rainy- 24 KL	.D			

5.1 0		ation/Dis s treated	posal of wastewater.						
5.1	Cumu	ulative De	tails:						
1	Sr. No.	Seasons	Total water Requirement	Total wastewater generated	Treated wastewater	Flushing water requirement	Green area requirement	Into sewer	
	1.	Summer	4209	3368	3368	1395	264	1709	
	2.	Winter	4209	3368	3368	1395	86	1887	
	3.	Rainy	4209	3368	3368	1395	24	1949	
5.1 2	Rain propo	water har osal:	vesting				f top, green a estimated as		
6	Air			-					
6.1		ls of Air P inery:	olluting		DG sets of capacity 2x1010 KVA, 4x500 KVA and 4x240 KVA has been proposed to be installed.				
6.2	conta	sures to b ain particu sion/Air P			stack height of the air poll	•	provided for	proper	
7	Wast	e Manag	ement						
7.1	Total		•	12505 Kg/da	ау				
		e generat							
7.2		her dec				en earmarke	d as MSW	in the	
			arked for the	conceptual	plan				
		-	of the dry and						
		componer e or not?	nt of the solid						
7.2			agement and		Mechanical C	omnoster of	canacity 300	Kø/hour	
,.2		sal of soli	0		Two no. of Mechanical Composter of capacity 300 Kg/hour each shall be installed.				
	-	hanical							
	•		mpost pits)						
L	· · · r		1	1					

7.3	Details of management of	Used oil@200-500 lt/annum shall be generated and the						
	Hazardous Waste.		same shall be sold out to authorized recyclers/vendors.					
8	Energy Saving & EMP							
8.1	Power Consumption:	2400	0 KW					
8.2	Energy saving measures:	Savin	g measures:					
		• S	olar Light 20 No = 30 KWH	łD				
			ommon area (700) lights	•				
			Energy saved/day 30+37					
8.3	Details of activities under		g construction phase G	-				
	Environment Management	opera	onsible for implementa ation phase Director		responsible for			
	Plan:	-	ementation of EMP.	shall be	responsible for			
			letails of the activities to b	oe undertaken	under the rubric of			
			MP is as under:					
		Sr.	Description	Capital Cost	-			
		no		(Rs. in Lacs)	(Rs. in Lacs)			
		Con	struction Phase					
		1.	Medical Cum First Aid	1.50	1.5			
		2.	Toilets for Sanitation System	8.0	3.0			
		3.	Wind breaking curtains	15.0	4.0			
		4.	Sprinklers for suppression of dust	3.0	15.0			
		5.	Sewage Treatment Plant	850.0				
		6.	Solid Waste Segregation & Disposal	20.0				
		7.	Green Belt including grass coverage	80.0				
		8.	RWHP	35.0				
		9.	Ambient Air Monitoring (Every Month)		3.0			
		10.	Drinking Water (Every Month)		3.0			
		11.	Noise Level Monitoring (Every Month)		1.0			
			Total	1012.5	30.5			
		Ope	ration Phase					
		1.	Sewage Treatment Plant		12.0			
		2.	Solid Waste segregation & Disposal		25.0			

3.	Green Belt including grass coverage	 30.0
4.	RWHP	 4.0
5.	Ambient Air Monitoring (Every 3 Months)	 2.0
6.	Drinking Water (Every Month)	 3.0
7.	Noise Level Monitoring (Every 3 Months)	 0.50
8.	Treated Effluent Monitoring (6 Months)	 0.50
Tota		 77

During meeting, the Committee perused the status report furnished by Punjab Pollution Control Board wherein it has been mentioned that the Air polluting industry i.e M/s Rainbow Environments Pvt. Ltd., Balyali, Mohali is located adjoining to the proposed site of the expansion part (Tower No. C3A & C3B). Therefore, the site of the project is not conforming to the siting guidelines laid down by the Govt. of Punjab, Department of Science and Technology and Environment vide order dated 25/07/2008 as amended on 30/10/2009.

In this regard, the Project Proponent apprised the Committee that the proposed land area of the project is 36.21 acres out of which permission for Change of Land Use for total land area of 25 acres (101175 Sqm) has been granted by Senior Town Planner, Department of Town & Country Planning, Punjab vide memo no. 1369-STP (S)/55-11 (GR) dated 15.06.2018. Further, application has been submitted for obtaining CLU for remaining land area of 11.21 acres. He further informed that the site of project falls in sector 74A, SAS Nagar, which as per the Master Plan of SAS Nagar falls in residential zone. The Project Proponent submitted a copy of Master Plan of SAS Nagar indicating the location of the project site falls in the residential zone. The Committee asked the Project Proponent to either submit the permission for Change of Land Use for the additional land area of 11.21 acres or certificate for Land Use Classification of the additional land area of 11.21 acres.

The Project Proponent informed the Committee that configuration of each building block proposed to be constructed is (Basement +Stilt + 25 floors). The Committee asked the Project Proponent as to whether she has obtained the structural stability certificate for the proposed project or not. The Project Proponent apprised the Committee that she has already obtained the said certificate which has been duly authenticated by Sh. Maqsud E Nazar, M-Tech Structures having registration no. as AM/089710/0. A copy of Structural Stability certificate has been taken on record by the Committee.

The Committee observed that the project aims to generate more than 12 Ton MSW per day including dry and wet waste as such a dedicated area is required to be provided for management of solid waste. The Project Proponent is required to submit the solid waste

management layout plan earmarking with dedicated area for carrying out solid waste management. The activities for SWM Management shall include installation of Mechanical Composter for the treatment of wet waste, sorting of dry waste and maturation & drying of the wet waste after composter.

After deliberations, SEAC decided to defer the case till the reply of below mentioned observations.

- 1. The Project Proponent shall submit the permission for Change of Land Use for the additional land area of 11.21 acres or Certificate for Land Use Classification of the additional land area of 11.21 acres from the District Town Planner, SAS Nagar for establishment of residential complex.
- 2. The Project Proponent shall submit the detailed solid waste management plan for the collection, treatment and disposal of 12 ton of waste per day including wet waste, dry waste, inert waste, recyclable and non-recyclable waste. Further, it will mark the required dedicated space in the layout plan for the management of solid waste.
- 3. The Project Proponent shall submit the clear configuration as 1/2/3 BHK to be constructed instead of 1+1, 2+2, 3+3. Similarly, the No. of floors of SCOs needs to be clearly mentioned instead of B+G+2.
- 4. The Project Proponent shall submit the detailed rain water harvesting proposal by indicating no. of pits to be constructed for recharging of ground water.
- 5. The Project Proponent shall check the population estimated for No. of Shops.
- 6. The Project Proponent shall use water efficient fixtures and revise the water balance accordingly.
- 7. The Project Proponent shall submit the details of components of land area, built up area, No. of blocks, No. of Floors, No. of Units in each floor for the existing project for which the EC was granted and for the proposed expansion project.
- 8. The Project Proponent shall provide the reply for not conforming the siting guidelines laid down by Govt. of Punjab, Department of Science Technology & Environment vide order dated 25.07.2008 as amended on 30.10.2009.

Deliberations during 221st meeting of SEAC held on 27.05.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Mrs. Rajni Mehra, CEO, M/s Vera Developers Private Limited.
- (ii) Sh. Sital Singh, Environmental Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.
- (iii) Sh. Deepak Gupta, Environmental Advisor of the Project Proponent.

The Project Proponent presented reply of the observations raised through Parivesh Portal as under:

Sr.no.	Observations	Reply
1	The Project Proponent shall submit the permission for Change of Land Use for the additional land area of 11.21 acres or Certificate for Land Use Classificationof the additional land area of 11.21 acres from the District Town Planner, SAS Nagar for establishment of residential complex.	Application for obtaining permission for Change of Land Use has been filed. Further, as per the Mater Plan of SAS Nagar, the site of the project falls in residential zone. But as the land use classification can't be authenticated by DTP or competent authority, the URL of the master plan with Khasra Numbers on it by PUDA is mentioned below. Further, the copy of the land area, wherein the project shall be established submitted. (URL https://puda.punjab.gov.in/?q=revenue- master-plan
2	The Project Proponent shall submit the detailed solid waste management plan for the collection, treatmentand disposal of 12 ton of waste per day including wet waste, dry waste, inert waste, recyclable and non- recyclable waste. Further, it will mark the required dedicated space in the layout plan for the management of solid waste.	 1000 sq. yards of the land area shall be kept formanagement and disposal of the solid waste. The solid waste management layout plan by earmarking dedicated area for carrying out tecomposting and sorting of dry fraction of waste submitted. 2 No mechanical composter of capacity 250 Kg per/hr shall be installed to convert the wet component of solid waste to compost andthereafter the said compost shall be utilized in the plantation area. The dry fraction of the waste shall be segregated into different fractions including paper, plastic, metal, glass, rags and inert. All these fractions of dry waste shall be stored in partition under shed area. The recyclable component of dry fraction shall be given to

		the authorized recyclers and inert waste
		shallbe sent to sanitary landfill site.
3	The Project Proponent shall submit the clear configuration as 1/2/3 BHK to be constructed instead of 1+1, 2+2, 3+3. Similarly, the No. of floors of SCOs needs to be clearly mentioned instead of B+G+2.	The details pertaining to the configuration has been rectified and elaborated as desired in the conceptual plan. A copy of the corrected conceptual plan submitted. As per the revised conceptual plan, the Project Proponent has proposed to construct 2100 number of dwelling units under Pocket-A of type 3 BHK & 2 BHK, 1100 number of dwelling units under Pocket-B as 2 BHK & 1 BHK and 3000 number of dwelling units under Pocket-C as 2 BHK & 1 BHK. Further, the total number of 105 SCOs shall be constructed on the pattern of (Basement + Ground + 2).
4	The Project Proponent shall submit the detailed rain water harvesting proposal by indicating no. of pits to be constructed for recharging of ground water.	40 rain water harvesting each having volume of 56 KL shall be constructed for collecting the rain water and recharging the groundwater. The schematic diagram of the rainwater harvesting pit to be constructed submitted.
5	The Project Proponent shall check the populationestimated for No. of Shops.	There will be total 105 SCO/shops which shall be constructed on the pattern of G+2 as such the population has been considered for 5 person per shop. The total population shall be 525 for shops.
6	The Project Proponent shall use water efficient fixtures and revise the water balance accordingly.	 The efficient fixtures shall be provided and revised water balance submitted. As per the revised water balance, the total water demand of the project shall be 2690 KLD out of which fresh water demand of 2039 KLD shall be met through ground water and remaining 651 KLD shall be met through recycling. The wastewater generation shall be 2152 KLD which shall be treated in the STP. Out of 2152 KLD of treated wastewater, in summer season 209 KLD shall be utilized in the green area of 38011 sqm, 651 KLD shall be utilized for flushing purpose and remaining 1292 KLD shall be discharge into sewer. Whereas in Winter season, 68 KLD shall be utilized in the green area of 310 KLD shall be utilized in the green area of 310 KLD shall be discharge into sewer. Whereas in Winter season, 68 KLD shall be utilized in the green area of 310 KLD shall be utilized in the green area of 310 KLD shall be discharge into sewer. Whereas in Winter season, 68 KLD shall be utilized in the green area 651 KLD

7	The Project Proponent shall submit the details	remaining 14 sewer and in utilized in th utilized for f 1482 KLD sh The details o	lized for flushing 433 KLD shall be d n rainy season 19 ne green area, 651 flushing purpose an all be discharge int of the land area, bu	ischarge into KLD shall be KLD shall be nd remaining to sewer. uilt up area of	
	of components of land area, built up area, No. of blocks, No. of Floors, No. of Units in each floor for the existing project for which the EC was granted and for the proposed expansion project.		components to be vhich are as under: As per previous EC		
	project.	Total land area in Sqm Built up area in sqm	101208 117940	146583 579799.51	
		No. of Blocks No. of floors	9 25	33 and 1 for shop 25	
		No. of Flats No. of Shops	1348 0	6200 35 (G+2)=105	
8	The Project Proponent shall provide the reply for not conforming the siting guidelines laid down by Govt. of Punjab, Department of Science Technology & Environment vide order dated 25.07.2008 as amended on 30.10.2009.	The site of the project falls in residential zone as such the project is permissible for the establishment of the residential housing project. Further, the application fo obtaining permission for change of land use submitted and same is likely to be issued shortly.			

During meeting, the Committee asked the Project Proponent to submit the latest status of the permission for Change of Land Use for the additional land area of of 11.21 acres. The Project Proponent apprised the Committee that the application has been filed with the Competent Authority and the permission is still awaited. The Project Proponent presented the notified Master Plan of SAS Nagar and shown that the site of the proposed housing project falls in the residential zone as per Master Plan, SAS Nagar.

The Committee observed that as per the latest construction status report submitted by PPCB vide letter no. 1945 dated 22.03.2022, the site of the project will just touch the boundary of the site of Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment facility (CBMWTF) namely M/s Rainbow Environments Private Limited, Balyali, Mohali. The Committee asked the Project Proponent to provide 15 m width green belt towards the CBMWTF and submit the approved layout plan showing the location of the 15m width green belt towards boundary of Village Balyali and the Group Housing Project. In this regard, the Project Proponent has submitted the approved layout plan of Group Housing

Project by earmarking the green belt of 15m towards CBMWTF (M/s Rainbow Environments) and boundary of Village Balyali. The Committee took a copy of the approved layout plan on record.

After detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to award **'Silver Grading'** to the project proposal and to forward the application of the project proponent to SEIAA with the recommendation to grant Environmental Clearance for the expansion of a Housing project namely "Lok Awas" located at Sectors 74A, SAS Nagar, Punjab, subject to the following conditions and special condition as under:

I. Special Condition:

1. The Project Proponent shall obtain Change of Land Use from the Competent Authority for the additional land area of 11.21 acres before starting construction activity at the said piece of land

II. Statutory compliances:

- i) The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearances/ permissions from all relevant agencies including the town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building bye laws.
- The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for the structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment, etc. as per the National Building Code including protection measures from lightning, etc.
- iii) The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purposes is involved in the project.
- iv) The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
- v) The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the Punjab Pollution Control Board.
- vi) The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for the abstraction of groundwater/ surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
- vii) A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
- viii) All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from the Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, and Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.

- ix) The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, Construction & Demolition Waste Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- x) The project proponent shall follow the ECBC/ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly.
- xi) The project site shall conform to the suitability as prescribed under the provisions laid down under the master plan of the respective city/ town. For that, the project proponent shall submit the NOC/ land use conformity certificate from Deptt. of Town and Country Planning or other concerned Authority under whose jurisdiction, the site falls.
- xii) Besides the above, the project proponent shall also comply with siting criteria/guidelines, standard operating practices, code of practice, and guidelines if any prescribed by the SPCB/CPCB/MoEF&CC for such types of projects.
- xiii) The project proponent shall construct the buildings as per the layout plan approved from the Competent Authority and in consonance of the project proposal for which this environment clearance is being granted.

III. Air quality monitoring and preservation

- Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
- ii) A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in the ambient air quality at the site.
- iii) The project proponent shall install a system to undertake Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common /criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g., PM10 and PM2.5) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
- iv) Diesel power generating sets proposed as a source of backup power should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use of low sulphur diesel would be the preferred option. The location of the DG sets may be decided in consultation with Punjab Pollution Control Board.
- v) Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke and other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, and continuous dust/ wind-breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 m height or 1/3rd of the building height and maximum up to 10 m). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be

provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murram and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.

- vi) No Excavation of soil shall be carried out without adequate dust mitigation measures in place.
- vii) No loose soil or sand or construction and demolition waste or any other construction material that causes dust shall be left uncovered.
- viii) No uncovered vehicles carrying construction material and waste shall be permitted.
- ix) All the topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in horticulture/landscape development within the project site.
- x) Grinding and cutting of building material in open areas shall be prohibited. A wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
- xi) Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
- xii) All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site within the earmarked area and roadside storage of construction material and waste shall be prohibited. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.
- xiii) The diesel generator sets to be used during the construction phase shall be low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to the norms and regulations prescribed under air and noise emission standards.
- xiv) The gaseous emissions from the DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate noise pollution. Low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
- xv) For indoor air quality, the ventilation provisions as per the National Building Code of India shall be complied with.
- xvi) Roads leading to or at the construction site must be paved and blacktopped (i.e., metallic roads should be built and used).
- xvii) Dust Mitigation measures shall be displayed prominently at the construction site for easy public viewing.
- xviii) Construction and Demolition Waste Processing and Disposal site shall be identified and required dust mitigation measures will be notified at the site

IV. Water quality monitoring and preservation

- i) The natural drainage system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water.
- ii) No construction shall be allowed which obstructs the natural drainage through the site, in wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rainwater.
- iii) Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as far as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
- iv) The total water requirement for the project shall be 4209 KLD, out of which 2814 KLD shall be met through own tube well. Total freshwater use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details and other relevant details as under:

Sr. No.	Seasons	Total water Requirement	Total wastewater generated	Treated wastewater	Flushing water requirement	Green area requirement	Into sewer
1.	Summer	4209	3368	3368	1395	264	1709
2.	Winter	4209	3368	3368	1395	86	1887
3.	Rainy	4209	3368	3368	1395	24	1949

- b) Storage tank of adequate capacity shall be provided for the storage of treated wastewater and all efforts shall be made to supply the same for construction purposes.
- c) During the construction phase, the project proponent shall ensure that the wastewater generated from the labour quarters/toilets shall be treated and disposed of in an environment-friendly manner. The project proponent shall also exercise the option of modular bio-toilets or will provide proper and adequately designed septic tanks for the treatment of such wastewater and treated effluents shall be utilized for green area/plantation.
- v) The project proponent shall ensure a safe drinking water supply to the habitants. Adequate treatment facility for drinking water shall be provided, if required.
- vi) The quantity of freshwater usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC and SEIAA along with six-monthly monitoring reports.
- vii) A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration, and the balance of water

available. This should be specified separately for groundwater and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.

- viii) At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape, etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
- ix) Dual pipe plumbing shall be installed for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing, etc. and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, air conditioning etc.
- x) Installation of R.O. plants in the project will be discouraged in order to reduce water wastage in form of RO reject. However, in case the requirement of installing RO plant is unavoidable, the rejected stream from the RO shall be separated and shall be utilized by storing the same within the particular component or in a common place in the project premises.
- xi) The project proponent shall also adopt the new/innovative technologies like low water discharging taps (faucet with aerators) /urinals with electronic sensor system /waterless urinals/twin flush cisterns/ sensor-based alarm system for overhead water storage tanks and make them a part of the environmental management plans/building plans so as to reduce the water consumption/groundwater abstraction.
- xii) The project proponent will provide plumbing system for reuse of treated wastewater for flushing/other purposes etc. and will colour code the different pipelines carrying water/wastewater from different sources / treated wastewater as follows:

Sr. No	Nature of the Stream	Color code
a)	Fresh water	Blue
b)	Untreated wastewater from Toilets/ urinal and from Kitchen	Black
c)	Untreated wastewater from Bathing/shower area, hand washing (Washbasin / sinks) and from Cloth Washing	Grey
d)	Reject water streams from RO plants and AC condensate (this is to be implemented wherever centralized AC system and common RO has been proposed in the Project). Further, in case of individual houses/establishment this proposal may also be implemented wherever possible.	White
e)	Treated wastewater (for reuse only for plantation purposes) from the STP treating black water	Green

f)	Treated wastewater (for reuse for flushing purposes or any other activity except plantation) from the STP treating greywater	Green with strips
g)	Stormwater	Orange

- xiii) Water demand during construction should be reduced by the use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents, and adopting other best practices.
- xiv) The CGWA provisions on rainwater harvesting should be followed. A rainwater harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of the plot area and a storage capacity of a minimum of one day of the total freshwater requirement shall be provided. In areas where groundwater recharge is not feasible, the rainwater should be harvested and stored for reuse. As per the proposal submitted by the project proponent, 40 no. recharging pits will be provided for groundwater recharging as per the CGWB norms. The groundwater shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.
- xv) All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifers.
- xvi) No groundwater shall be used during the construction phase of the project. Only treated sewage/wastewater shall be used. A proper record in this regard should be maintained and should be available at the site.
- xvii) Any groundwater dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any groundwater abstraction or dewatering.
- xviii) The quantity of freshwater usage, water recycling, and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC, and SEIAA along with six-monthly Monitoring reports.
- xix) Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment by providing ultra-filtration Technology. STP shall be installed in a phased manner viz a viz in the module system designed in such a way so as to efficiently treat the wastewater with an increase in its quantity due to rise in occupancy. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/reused for flushing and gardening. No treated water shall be disposed of into the municipal stormwater drain.
- xx) No sewage or untreated effluent would be discharged through stormwater drains. Onsite sewage treatment with a capacity to treat 100% wastewater will be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent

expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry / SEIAA before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated wastewater shall be reused on-site for landscape, flushing, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by the Ministry of Environment, Forest, and Climate Change. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.

- xxi) Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- xxii) Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed of as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

V. Noise monitoring and prevention

- Ambient noise levels shall conform to the commercial area both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during the construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce noise levels during the construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/SPCB.
- ii) A noise level survey shall be carried out as per the prescribed guidelines and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of a sixmonthly compliance report.
- iii) Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, earplugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.

VI. Energy Conservation measures

- i) Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC.
- ii) Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
- iii) Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased daylighting design and thermal mass, etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof U-values shall be as per ECBC specifications.

- Energy conservation measures like the installation of LEDs for lighting the area outside the building should be an integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.
- v) Solar, wind, or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher.
- vi) At least 30% of the rooftop area shall be used for generating Solar power for lighting in the apartments so as to reduce the power load on the grid. A separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher.

VII. Waste Management

- i) A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid waste, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from the project shall be obtained.
- ii) Disposal of muck during the construction phase should not create any adverse effect on the neighbouring communities and should be safely disposed of taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of the competent authority.
- iii) Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating the segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
- iv) Organic waste compost/ Vermiculture pit/ Organic Waste Converter/Mechanical Composter within the premises must be installed for treatment and disposal of the solid waste.
- v) All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie-up must be done with the authorized recyclers.
- vi) Any hazardous waste generated during the construction phase, shall be disposed of as per applicable rules and norms with the necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- vii) Use of environment-friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environmentally friendly materials.

- viii) Fly ash should be used as a building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016. Ready-mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- ix) Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.
- x) Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed of or sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.

VIII. Green Cover

- No naturally growing tree should be felled/transplanted unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department.
- ii) At least a single line plantation all around the boundary of the project as proposed shall be provided. The open spaces inside the plot should be suitably landscaped and covered with vegetation of indigenous species/variety. The project proponent shall ensure the planting of 1850 trees in the project area at the identified location, as the per proposal submitted, with plants of native species preferably having broad leaves. The size of the plant thus planted should not be less than 6 ft and each plant shall be protected with a fence and properly maintained. The project proponent shall make adequate provisions of funds to ensure maintenance of the plants for a further period of three years and thereafter, protected throughout the entire lifetime of the Project. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves, and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping. The plantation should be undertaken as per SEIAA guidelines.
- iii) The Project Proponent shall develop a green belt with native tree species (having canopy type structure and especially trees, and not grass) before the completion of the project. The greenbelt shall inter alia cover the entire periphery of the unit provided that the number of trees to be planted should not be less than one tree per 80 sqm of the total land area. The canopy trees shall also be planted around the parking area to provide shade to the parked vehicles.
- iv) Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned local Authority, a compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1: 10 (i.e. planting of 10 saplings of the same species for every tree that is cut) shall be done and the newly planted saplings will be

maintained for at least 5 years. Green belt development shall be undertaken as per the details provided in the project document.

- v) Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during the plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.
- vi) The project proponent shall not use any chemical fertilizer /pesticides /insecticides and shall use only Herbal pesticides/insecticides and organic manure in the green area.
- vii) The green belt along the periphery of the plot shall achieve an attenuation factor conforming to the day and night noise standards prescribed for commercial land use.
- viii) The project proponent shall submit the progress of developing the green belt in the sixmonthly compliance report.

IX. Transport

- A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.
 - a) Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - b) Traffic calming measures.
 - c) Proper design of entry and exit points.
 - d) Parking norms as per local regulations.
- Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a valid pollution check certificate, conform to applicable air and noise emission standards, and should be operated only during non-peak hours.
- iii) A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 km radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on the cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies within this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./ competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.

iv) Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking should be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized.

X. Human health issues

- i) All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris, or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust masks.
- ii) For indoor air quality, the ventilation provisions as per the National Building Code of India should be followed.
- iii) An emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard Identification and Risk Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, and medical health care, creche, etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- iv) Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done regularly.
- v) A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

XI. Environment Management Plan

- i) The company shall have a well-laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe standard operating procedures to balances have proper checks and and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violations of the environmental / forest/wildlife norms/conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements / deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stakeholders. A copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of the six-monthly report.
- ii) A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company headquarters level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will report directly to the head of the organization.
- iii) An action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with the responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by the competent authority. The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) of the proposed project as per the details given in Table below:

Sr. no	Description	Capital Cost (Rs. in Lacs)	Recurring cost (Rs. in Lacs)
Cons	truction Phase		
1.	Medical Cum First Aid	1.50	1.5
2.	Toilets for Sanitation System	8.0	3.0
3.	Wind breaking curtains	15.0	4.0
4.	Sprinklers for suppression of dust	3.0	15.0
5.	Sewage Treatment Plant	850.0	
6.	Solid Waste Segregation & Disposal	20.0	
7.	Green Belt including grass coverage		
8.	RWHP	35.0	
9.	Ambient Air Monitoring (Every Month)	3.0	
10.	Drinking Water (Every Month)		3.0
11.	Noise Level Monitoring (Every Month)		1.0
	Total	1012.5	30.5
Ope	ation Phase		
1.	Sewage Treatment Plant		12.0
2.	Solid Waste segregation & Disposal		25.0
3.	Green Belt including grass coverage		30.0
4.	RWHP		4.0
5.	Ambient Air Monitoring (Every 3 Months)		2.0
6.	Drinking Water (Every Month)		3.0
7.	Noise Level Monitoring (Every 3 Months)		0.50
8.	Treated Effluent Monitoring (6 Months)		0.50
Tota	 		77

XII. Validity

This environmental clearance will be valid for a period of 10 (ten) years from the date of its issue as per MoEF & CC, GoI notification No. S.O. 1807 (E) dated 12.04.2022 or till the completion of the project, whichever is earlier.

XIII. Miscellaneous

i) The project proponent shall obtain a completion and occupancy certificate from the Competent Authority and submit a copy of the same to the SEIAA, Punjab before allowing any occupancy.

- ii) The project proponent shall comply with the conditions of CLU, if obtained.
- iii) The project proponent shall prominently advertise in at least two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEF&CC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.
- iv) The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn have to publicly display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
- v) The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on a half-yearly basis.
- vi) The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at the Environment Clearance portal and submit a copy of the same to SEIAA.
- vii) The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put the same on the website of the company.
- viii) The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as SEIAA Punjab, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
- ix) The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
- The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitments made during public hearing and also those made to SEIAA / SEAC during their presentation.
- xi) No further expansion or modifications in the project shall be carried out other than those permitted in this EC without prior approval of SEIAA. In case of deviation or alterations in the project proposal from those submitted to the Ministry/SEIAA for clearance, a fresh reference shall be made to the Ministry/SEIAA, as applicable, to assess the adequacy of conditions imposed and to add additional environmental protection measures required, if any.

- xii) The Regional Office, MoEF&CC, Chandigarh, Punjab Pollution Control Board and SEIAA/ SEAC members nominated for the purpose shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer(s) entrusted with this monitoring by furnishing the requisite data/ information/monitoring reports.
- xiii) This Environmental Clearance is granted subject to final outcome of pending related cases in the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, Hon'ble High Courts, Hon'ble NGT and any other Court of Law as may be applicable to this project.

XIV. Additional Conditions

- The approval is based on the conceptual plan/drawings submitted with the application. In case, there is variation in built-up area/green area/ any other details in the drawings approved by the competent authority, the Project Proponent shall obtain the revised Environmental Clearance.
- ii) The Project Proponent shall ensure that the natural drainage channels in the project site including streams, drains, choes, creeks, rivulets, etc. are not disturbed so that the natural flow of rainwater, etc is not impeded or disrupted in any manner.
- iii) Authorization from Punjab Pollution Control Board shall be obtained as applicable under the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules 2016 as amended from time to time.
- iv) The Bio-Medical wastes shall be managed in accordance with the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules 2016 as amended from time to time.
- v) The solid waste other than Bio-Medical Waste & Hazardous Waste (dry as well as wet garbage) generated should be properly collected and segregated before disposal to Municipal Authorities in accordance with the Municipal Solid Waste (Management & Handling) Rules, 2000. No municipal waste should be disposed off outside the premises in contravention of relevant rules and by-laws. Adequate measures should be taken to prevent any malodour in and around the Project premises.
- vi) In the event that the project proponent decides to abandon/close the Project at any stage, he shall submit an application in the prescribed form along with requisite documents through Parivesh to SEIAA for surrendering the Environmental Clearance as per the procedure prescribed in OM dated 29.03.2022 issued by the MoEF&CC. The project proponent shall be accountable for adherence/compliance of the EC conditions till such time as the project is finally closed by SEIAA, based upon the certified closure report of Integrated Regional Offices (IROs) of MoEF&CC, Chandigarh/PPCB.

vii) This Environmental Clearance is liable to be revoked without any further notice to the Project Proponent in case of failure to comply with condition (vi) above.

Item no. 221.04: Application for Environmental Clearance under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 for the establishment of residential housing Project namely "AGI Sky Villas" in the revenue estate of Village Dad, Pakhowal Road, Tehsil & District Ludhiana, (Punjab) by M/s AGI Infra Limited, (Proposal No. SIA/PB/MIS/270773/2022).

The project proponent has submitted an application for obtaining Environmental Clearance under EIA Notification dated 14.09.2006 for the establishment of residential housing Project namely "AGI Sky Villas" in the revenue estate of Village Dad, Pakhowal Road, Tehsil & District Ludhiana, (Punjab). The total land area of the project is 49800.2 sqm having built-up area of 1,48,406.26 Sqm. The Project is covered under Activity 8(a) & Category 'B2' as per EIA notification-2006.

The project proponent submitted the Form I, 1A and other additional documents along with processing fee amounting to Rs. 2,96,812/- vide RTGS No. PUNBR52022042611940355 dated 26.04.2022, as verified by the supporting staff SEIAA.

The Project Proponent undertake that the information given in the application are true to the best of his knowledge & belief and no facts have been concealed thereof. Further, he is aware that in case, if any information submitted was found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at their risk and cost.

Punjab Pollution Control Board vide letter no. 2847 dated 13.05.2022 has sent the latest construction status report with details as under:

"In regard to above, it is intimated that the site of the subject citied project was visited by officer of the Board on 12.05.2022 and it was observed that the front side of the project is opposite another construction project i.e. Centra Green and the project is surrounded by various commercial and residential establishment on the other 03 sides.

There were 02 existing marriage palaces/ banquets hall i.e. M/s Riviera Resort and Arcadian Villa in the land, where the project is proposed to be developed. The Riviera Resort has obtained consent to operate under the Water Act, 1974 and Air Act, 1974, upto 30.09.2022 and Acadian villa has also obtained consent to operate under the Water Act, 1974 & under the Air Act, 1981, upto 30.09.2022. The project proponent has demolished the building of Arcadian villa and demolition work of Rivirea Resort is underway. The project proponent has not started any new construction activity in the proposed site and is currently carrying out demolition of the existing structure.

There is no MAH industry within a radius of 250 m from the boundary of the proposed site of the project. It was observed that there is no industry such as rice sheller/ saila plant/brick kiln/stone crushing / screening cum washing unit/hot mix plant/ cement unit etc. & drain., river and eco-sensitive structure within a radius of 500 m. There is no air polluting industry within a radius of 100 m from the boundary of the project.

The project proponent has obtained CLU from chief Administrator GLADA, Ludhiana issued vide memo no. 321 dated 16.03.2022, for Residential Purpose (Group Hosuing) for land measuring 12.306 acres at village Dad, Handfast No. 279, Tehsil & District Ludhiana. Therefore, the site of the project is conforming to the siting guidelines and down by the Govt. of Punjab Department of Science Technology and Environment vide order dated 25/07/2008 as amended on 30/10/2009."

Deliberations during 221st meeting of SEAC held on 27.05.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Sh. Balwinder Singh Sandha, Chief Financial Officer, M/s AGI Infra Limited.
- (ii) Sh. Sital Singh, Environmental Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.
- (iii) Sh. Sandeep Singh, Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of Project Proponent to present the salient features of the project. Thereafter, Environmental Consultant presented the case as under: -

Sr.	Description	Details						
No.								
1	Basic Details							
1.1	Name of Project &	Reside	Residential Project "AGI Sky Villas" by M/s AGI Infra Private Limited					
	Project Proponent:							
1.2	Proposal:	SIA/PB	/MIS/270773/2022					
1.3	Location of Industry:	Village	Village- Dad, Pakhowal road, Tehsil & District- Ludhiana, Punjab					
1.4	Details of Land area	Total P	Total Plot area – 49800 sqm (12.306 acre)					
	& Built up area:	Built u	Built up area- 1,48,406 sqm					
1.5	Category under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006	8 (a)						
1.6	Cost of the project	Rs. 197	7.5 Crores					
		Sr. No.	Description	Total Cost in Crore				
		1.	Land	4.25				
		2.	Building and Plant & Machinery	148				
		3.	Approvals	9.20				
		4.	Others	10.30				
			Total Cost	197.50 Crore				
2.	Site Suitability Charac	teristics						

2.1	Whether site of the industry is suitable as per the provisions of Master Plan: Whether supporting document submitted in favour of statement at 2.1, details thereof: (CLU/building plan approval status)	 Requisite permissions for the establishment of residential housing project has been obtained from the Competent Authority. The details are mentioned at 2.2. 1. A copy of permission for Change of Land Use for total land area of 12.306 acres (49802.38 sq.m) in the name of M/s AGI Infra Limited issued by Greater Ludhiana Area Development Authority, Ludhiana, Punjab vide Memo no 321 dated 16.03.2022 submitted. 2. A copy of layout plan of the scheme area of 12.306 acres approved by Senior Town Planner, Ludhiana vide letter no. 559.STP(L)/BA1 dated 24.03.2022 for the construction for 448 dwelling units submitted. 3. A copy of licence issued by GLADA vide no. 02/2022 dated 30.03.2022 granted under Punjab Apartment & Property Regulation Act, 1995 to M/s AGI Infra Limited through its Managing Director Sh. Sukhdev Singh for developing land as group housing project "AGI Sky Villas", Village Dad, Tehsil & District Ludhiana for the total land area of 12.306 acre submitted.
3	Forest, Wildlife and Gr	een Area
3.1	Whether the industry	No, a self-declaration to the effect that no land covered under the Forest
	required clearance under the provisions of Forest Conservation Act 1980 or not:	Conservation Act 1980 is involved in the project submitted.
3.2	Whether the industry required clearance under the provisions of Punjab Land Preservation Act (PLPA) 1900:	No, a self-declaration to the effect that the project does not require the clearance under the provisions of Punjab Land Preservation Act (PLPA) 1900 submitted.
3.3	Whether industry required clearance under the provisions of Wildlife Protection Act 1972 or not:	No wildlife sanctuary is involved in the vicinity or study area of the project site. Thus, the industry does not require clearance under the provisions of Wildlife Protection Act 1972. A self-declaration in this regard submitted.
3.5	Whether the industry falls within the influence of Eco- Sensitive Zone or not. (Specify the distance from the nearest Eco sensitive zone)	The project is not located in any notified eco-sensitive zone.

3.6	GreenareaTotal green area: 12526 sqmrequirementandProposed number of trees- 624									
	propo trees:		No. of							
4.	Config	gura	tion & Popul	ation						
4.1	Proposal & Configuration									
	-		-		of Flats is give	en below:				
	Sr. No.	Na	me of Tower	No. of	Flats	Configuration	No	o. of Floors	Total Covered area in sqm	
	1.	То	wer-A	30		5 BHK	15		122954.44	
	2.		wer-B	180		3 BHK	15		354021.00	
	3.	То	wer-C							
	4.		wer-D	84		4 BHK	14		232477.08	
	5.		wer-E							
	6.		wer-F	28		4 BHK	14		75097.85	
	7.		wer-G							
	8.	3. Tower-H		126		4 BHK	14		346054.14	
	9.	То	wer-l							
			Total	448 Fl	ats					
	SR	Area & Built up area detai SR. NO.			S: PARTICULARS			AREA (m²)		
	1		Net Plot Are	а				2	19800.2	
		TOTAL BUILT UP A			EA DETAILS			m ²		
	1		FAR Area							
		No. of Flats 30 (5BHK			()				11423	
			No. of Flats	238 (4BHK)					60724	
			No. of Flats	180 (3BHK)					32889	
			School					812		
			Community	Centre					775	
	2		Non-FAR Ar	еа						
			Basement A	rea					17179	
			Balconies/Te						24604	
					otal			1,4	18,406m ²	
4.2		1	n details	1					1	
	Sr.	De	scription		Number of	Population	Wat		Water	
	No.				units		requirement (in Ltrs)		requirement in KLD	
	1	4 B	8HK-30 8HK-238 8HK-180		448 @ 5 persons/flat	2240 persons	86 lpcd		193 KLD	
	2		ating Populati	ion -		400 persons	15 lp	ocd	06 KLD	
	3		nool/Commun			500 Persons	45 lp		22 KLD	
			ntre	,			- 1			

	4	Maintenance Sta	aff		5) Persons	45 lpc	d 02	KLD	
		Total			3	190 Persons		223	3 KLD	
5	Water	•								
5.1	Total requir	fresh water ement:	Fresh w	vater de	emand- 176	KLD				
5.2	Source	e:	Tubewe	ell						
5.3	obtain abstra the fro the Autho	ner Permission led for ction/supply of esh water from Competent rity (Y/N) s thereof		Acknowledgement of the application submitted to PWRDA for abstraction of ground water @ 176 KLD submitted.						
5.4	Total requir domes	water ement for stic purpose:	223 KLI							
5.4.1	Total genero	wastewater ation:	178 KLC)						
5.4.2	domes waste (STP co techno	dology for		STP of capacity 250 KLD based on MBBR Technology shall be installed for the treatment of the domestic effluent.						
5.5	Details of trea waste green summ	s of utilization		ing etc v er-69 KLI -23 KLD	within the p D	ly used for tr roject premi	-	tation, landsc	aping, parks	
5.6		sal of excess d wastewater.	Summer-62 KLD Winter-108 KLD Rainy- 125 KLD A copy of letter issued by GLADA vide no. 269 dated 12.05.2022 submitted, wherein it has been mentioned that the Project Proponent is required to obtain NOC from MC Ludhiana and other concerned Departments before issuance of the permission of discharging treated waste water into sewer.							
5.8	Cumu	ative Details:	·							
	Sr. No.	Total water Requirement	Total waste gener	ewater	Treated wastewat	Flushing er water require		Green area requirement	Into sewer	
	1	223 KLD	178 K		178 KLD	47 KLD		69 KLD	62 KLD	

5.9	Rain water harvesting proposal:	9 No. pits to be provided.					
6	Air						
6.1	Details of Air Polluting machinery:	DG Set	DG Set capacity of 400 KVA shall be installed.				
6.2	Measures to be adopted to contain particulate emission/Air Pollution		DG Set shall be equipped with canopy and stack of adequate height to contain the particulate emissions.				
7	Waste Management						
7.1	Total quantity of solid waste generation	1151 kį	1151 kg/day				
7.2	Details of management and disposal of solid waste (Mechanical Composter/Compost pits)	The solid waste shall be segregated and treated through vermi- composting. Further, non-biodegradable waste will be segregated and stored into isolated place. The biodegradable waste shall be used as manure after treatment and the non-biodegradable waste shall be given to the authorized recycler.					
7.5	Details of management of Hazardous Waste.	Used oil @ 500 ltr/annum shall be generated which shall be given to the authorized recycler.					
8	Energy Saving & EMP						
8.1	Power Consumption:	1489 K	W				
8.2	Energy saving measures:	 Saving on light points by using 30 W LED instead of 40 W tubes @ 25% = 150 KW By using solar energy for outer Lighting Savers @ 50% = 75 KW Total Saving = 225 KW 					
8.3	Details of activities	Constructional Phase					
	under Environment Management Plan:	SR. NO.	PARTICULARS	APPROX. CAPITAL COST (LAC)	APPROX. RECURRING COST (LAC)	ITEMS COVERED	
		1.	Medical Cum First Aid	1.0	0.5	First aid medical facility with first aid kit	
		2.	Toilets for workers	1.0	0.5	Toilets with septic tank	
		3.	Wind breaking curtains	4.0	0.5	Wind breaking walls at vulnerable areas	

	รเ	prinklers for uppression of ust	2.0	0.5	Sprinklers, Pipeline
	То	tal Cost	Rs 8.0	Rs 2.0	
0	peration	al Phase			
	SR. NO.	PARTICULARS	APPROX. CAPITAL COST (LAC)	APPROX. RECURRING COST (LAC)	ITEMS COVERED
	1.	Sewage Treatment Plant	60.0	5.0	STP
	2.	Solid Waste segregation & disposal	10.0	2.0	Colored Bins at appropriate Locations
	3.	Green Belt including Lawns coverage		6.5 (for 3 years)	Plantation and landscaping
	т	otal Cost	Rs 76.5	Rs 13.5	

After detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to award **'Silver Grading'** to the project proposal and to forward the application of the project proponent to SEIAA with the recommendation to grant Environmental Clearance for the establishment of residential housing Project namely "AGI Sky Villas" in the revenue estate of Village Dad, Pakhowal Road, Tehsil & District Ludhiana, (Punjab) by M/s AGI Infra Limited, subject to the following conditions.

I. Special Condition:

1. The Project Proponent shall obtain NOC from MC Ludhiana and other concerned Departments before discharging of treated waste water into sewer, as stipulated by GLADA vide letter no. 269 dated 12.05.2022.

II. Statutory compliances:

i) The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearances/ permissions from all relevant agencies including the town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building bye laws.

- The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for the structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment, etc. as per the National Building Code including protection measures from lightning, etc.
- iii) The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purposes is involved in the project.
- iv) The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
- v) The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the Punjab Pollution Control Board.
- vi) The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for the abstraction of groundwater/ surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
- vii) A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
- viii) All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from the Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, and Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- ix) The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, Construction & Demolition Waste Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- x) The project proponent shall follow the ECBC/ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly.
- xi) The project site shall conform to the suitability as prescribed under the provisions laid down under the master plan of the respective city/ town. For that, the project proponent shall submit the NOC/ land use conformity certificate from Deptt. of Town and Country Planning or other concerned Authority under whose jurisdiction, the site falls.
- xii) Besides the above, the project proponent shall also comply with siting criteria/guidelines, standard operating practices, code of practice, and guidelines if any prescribed by the SPCB/CPCB/MoEF&CC for such types of projects.
- xiii) The project proponent shall construct the buildings as per the layout plan approved from the Competent Authority and in consonance of the project proposal for which this environment clearance is being granted.

III. Air quality monitoring and preservation

- Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
- ii) A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in the ambient air quality at the site.
- iii) The project proponent shall install a system to undertake Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common /criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g., PM10 and PM2.5) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
- iv) Diesel power generating sets proposed as a source of backup power should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use of low sulphur diesel would be the preferred option. The location of the DG sets may be decided in consultation with Punjab Pollution Control Board.
- v) Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke and other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, and continuous dust/ wind-breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 m height or 1/3rd of the building height and maximum up to 10 m). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murram and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
- vi) No Excavation of soil shall be carried out without adequate dust mitigation measures in place.
- vii) No loose soil or sand or construction and demolition waste or any other construction material that causes dust shall be left uncovered.
- viii) No uncovered vehicles carrying construction material and waste shall be permitted.
- ix) All the topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in horticulture/landscape development within the project site.
- x) Grinding and cutting of building material in open areas shall be prohibited. A wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
- xi) Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
- xii) All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site within the earmarked area and roadside storage of construction material and waste shall be prohibited. All

demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.

- xiii) The diesel generator sets to be used during the construction phase shall be low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to the norms and regulations prescribed under air and noise emission standards.
- xiv) The gaseous emissions from the DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate noise pollution. Low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
- xv) For indoor air quality, the ventilation provisions as per the National Building Code of India shall be complied with.
- xvi) Roads leading to or at the construction site must be paved and blacktopped (i.e., metallic roads should be built and used).
- xvii) Dust Mitigation measures shall be displayed prominently at the construction site for easy public viewing.
- xviii) Construction and Demolition Waste Processing and Disposal site shall be identified and required dust mitigation measures will be notified at the site

IV. Water quality monitoring and preservation

- i) The natural drainage system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water.
- ii) No construction shall be allowed which obstructs the natural drainage through the site, in wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rainwater.
- iii) Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as far as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
- iv) The total domestic water requirement for the project shall be 223 KLD, out of which 176 KLD shall be met through own tube well. Total freshwater use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details and other relevant details as under:

Sr.	Total water	Total	Treated	Flushing	Green area	Into
No.	Requirement	wastewater	wastewater	water	requirement	sewer
		generated		requirement		

1	223 KLD	178 KLD	178 KLD	47 KLD	69 KLD	62
						KLD

- b) Storage tank of adequate capacity shall be provided for the storage of treated wastewater and all efforts shall be made to supply the same for construction purposes.
- c) During the construction phase, the project proponent shall ensure that the wastewater generated from the labour quarters/toilets shall be treated and disposed of in an environment-friendly manner. The project proponent shall also exercise the option of modular bio-toilets or will provide proper and adequately designed septic tanks for the treatment of such wastewater and treated effluents shall be utilized for green area/plantation.
- v) The project proponent shall ensure a safe drinking water supply to the habitants. Adequate treatment facility for drinking water shall be provided, if required.
- vi) The quantity of freshwater usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC and SEIAA along with six-monthly monitoring reports.
- vii) A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration, and the balance of water available. This should be specified separately for groundwater and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
- viii) At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious.
 Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape, etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
- ix) Dual pipe plumbing shall be installed for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing, etc. and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, air conditioning etc.
- x) Installation of R.O. plants in the project will be discouraged in order to reduce water wastage in form of RO reject. However, in case the requirement of installing RO plant is unavoidable, the rejected stream from the RO shall be separated and shall be utilized by storing the same within the particular component or in a common place in the project premises.
- xi) The project proponent shall also adopt the new/innovative technologies like low water discharging taps (faucet with aerators) /urinals with electronic sensor system /waterless urinals/twin flush cisterns/ sensor-based alarm system for overhead water storage tanks

and make them a part of the environmental management plans/building plans so as to reduce the water consumption/groundwater abstraction.

xii) The project proponent will provide plumbing system for reuse of treated wastewater for flushing/other purposes etc. and will colour code the different pipelines carrying water/wastewater from different sources / treated wastewater as follows:

Sr. No	Nature of the Stream	Color code
a)	Fresh water	Blue
b)	Untreated wastewater from Toilets/ urinal and from Kitchen	Black
c)	Untreated wastewater from Bathing/shower area, hand washing (Washbasin / sinks) and from Cloth Washing	Grey
d)	Reject water streams from RO plants and AC condensate (this is to be implemented wherever centralized AC system and common RO has been proposed in the Project). Further, in case of individual houses/establishment this proposal may also be implemented wherever possible.	White
e)	Treated wastewater (for reuse only for plantation purposes) from the STP treating black water	Green
f)	Treated wastewater (for reuse for flushing purposes or any other activity except plantation) from the STP treating greywater	Green with strips
g)	Stormwater	Orange

xiii) Water demand during construction should be reduced by the use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents, and adopting other best practices.

- xiv) The CGWA provisions on rainwater harvesting should be followed. A rainwater harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of the plot area and a storage capacity of a minimum of one day of the total freshwater requirement shall be provided. In areas where groundwater recharge is not feasible, the rainwater should be harvested and stored for reuse. As per the proposal submitted by the project proponent, 09 no. recharging pits will be provided for groundwater recharging as per the CGWB norms. The groundwater shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.
- xv) All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifers.

- xvi) No groundwater shall be used during the construction phase of the project. Only treated sewage/wastewater shall be used. A proper record in this regard should be maintained and should be available at the site.
- xvii) Any groundwater dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any groundwater abstraction or dewatering.
- xviii) The quantity of freshwater usage, water recycling, and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC, and SEIAA along with six-monthly Monitoring reports.
- xix) Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment by providing ultra-filtration Technology. STP shall be installed in a phased manner viz a viz in the module system designed in such a way so as to efficiently treat the wastewater with an increase in its quantity due to rise in occupancy. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/reused for flushing and gardening. No treated water shall be disposed of into the municipal stormwater drain.
- xx) No sewage or untreated effluent would be discharged through stormwater drains. Onsite sewage treatment with a capacity to treat 100% wastewater will be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry / SEIAA before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated wastewater shall be reused on-site for landscape, flushing, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by the Ministry of Environment, Forest, and Climate Change. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.
- xxi) Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- xxii) Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed of as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

V. Noise monitoring and prevention

 Ambient noise levels shall conform to the commercial area both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during the construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce noise levels during the construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/SPCB.

- ii) A noise level survey shall be carried out as per the prescribed guidelines and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of a sixmonthly compliance report.
- Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, earplugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.

VI. Energy Conservation measures

- i) Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC.
- ii) Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
- iii) Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased daylighting design and thermal mass, etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof U-values shall be as per ECBC specifications.
- iv) Energy conservation measures like the installation of LEDs for lighting the area outside the building should be an integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.
- v) Solar, wind, or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher.
- vi) At least 30% of the rooftop area shall be used for generating Solar power for lighting in the apartments so as to reduce the power load on the grid. A separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher.

VII. Waste Management

i) A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid waste, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from the project shall be obtained.

- ii) Disposal of muck during the construction phase should not create any adverse effect on the neighbouring communities and should be safely disposed of taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of the competent authority.
- iii) Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating the segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
- iv) Organic waste compost/ Vermiculture pit/ Organic Waste Converter/Mechanical Composter within the premises must be installed for treatment and disposal of the solid waste.
- v) All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie-up must be done with the authorized recyclers.
- vi) Any hazardous waste generated during the construction phase, shall be disposed of as per applicable rules and norms with the necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- vii) Use of environment-friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environmentally friendly materials.
- viii) Fly ash should be used as a building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016. Ready-mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- ix) Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.
- x) Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed of or sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.

VIII. Green Cover

i) No naturally growing tree should be felled/transplanted unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department.

- ii) At least a single line plantation all around the boundary of the project as proposed shall be provided. The open spaces inside the plot should be suitably landscaped and covered with vegetation of indigenous species/variety. The project proponent shall ensure the planting of 624 trees in the project area at the identified location, as the per proposal submitted, with plants of native species preferably having broad leaves. The size of the plant thus planted should not be less than 6 ft and each plant shall be protected with a fence and properly maintained. The project proponent shall make adequate provisions of funds to ensure maintenance of the plants for a further period of three years and thereafter, protected throughout the entire lifetime of the Project. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves, and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping. The plantation should be undertaken as per SEIAA guidelines.
- iii) The Project Proponent shall develop a green belt with native tree species (having canopy type structure and especially trees, and not grass) before the completion of the project. The greenbelt shall inter alia cover the entire periphery of the unit provided that the number of trees to be planted should not be less than one tree per 80 sqm of the total land area. The canopy trees shall also be planted around the parking area to provide shade to the parked vehicles.
- iv) Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned local Authority, a compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1: 10 (i.e. planting of 10 saplings of the same species for every tree that is cut) shall be done and the newly planted saplings will be maintained for at least 5 years. Green belt development shall be undertaken as per the details provided in the project document.
- v) Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during the plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.
- vi) The project proponent shall not use any chemical fertilizer /pesticides /insecticides and shall use only Herbal pesticides/insecticides and organic manure in the green area.
- vii) The green belt along the periphery of the plot shall achieve an attenuation factor conforming to the day and night noise standards prescribed for commercial land use.
- viii) The project proponent shall submit the progress of developing the green belt in the sixmonthly compliance report.

IX. Transport

i) A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should

be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.

- a) Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
- b) Traffic calming measures.
- c) Proper design of entry and exit points.
- d) Parking norms as per local regulations.
- ii) Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a valid pollution check certificate, conform to applicable air and noise emission standards, and should be operated only during non-peak hours.
- iii) A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 km radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on the cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies within this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./ competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.
- iv) Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking should be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized.

X. Human health issues

- i) All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris, or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust masks.
- ii) For indoor air quality, the ventilation provisions as per the National Building Code of India should be followed.
- iii) An emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard Identification and Risk Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, and medical health care, creche, etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.

- iv) Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done regularly.
- v) A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

XI. Environment Management Plan

- i) The company shall have a well-laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe standard operating procedures to balances focus have proper checks and and to bring into any infringements/deviation/violations of the environmental / forest/wildlife norms/conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements / deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stakeholders. A copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of the six-monthly report.
- ii) A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company headquarters level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will report directly to the head of the organization.
- iii) An action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with the responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by the competent authority. The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) of the proposed project as per the details given in Table below:

SR. NO.	PARTICULARS	APPROX. CAPITAL COST (LAC)	APPROX. RECURRING COST (LAC)	ITEMS COVERED
1.	Medical Cum First Aid	1.0	0.5	First aid medical facility with first aid kit
2.	Toilets for workers	1.0	0.5	Toilets with septic tank
3.	Wind breaking curtains	4.0	0.5	Wind breaking walls at vulnerable areas
4.	Sprinklers for suppression of dust	2.0	0.5	Sprinklers, Pipeline
	Total Cost	Rs 8.0	Rs 2.0	

Constructional Phase

Operational Phase

SR. NO.	PARTICULARS	APPROX. CAPITAL COST (LAC)	APPROX. RECURRING COST (LAC)	ITEMS COVERED
1.	Sewage Treatment Plant	60.0	5.0	STP
2.	Solid Waste segregation & disposal	10.0	2.0	Colored Bins at appropriate Locations
3.	Green Belt including Lawns coverage	6.5	6.5 (for 3 years)	Plantation and landscaping
	Total Cost	Rs 76.5	Rs 13.5	

XII. Validity

i. This environmental clearance will be valid for a period of 10 (ten) years from the date of its issue as per MoEF & CC, GoI notification No. S.O. 1807 (E) dated 12.04.2022 or till the completion of the project, whichever is earlier.

XIII. Miscellaneous

- i) The project proponent shall obtain a completion and occupancy certificate from the Competent Authority and submit a copy of the same to the SEIAA, Punjab before allowing any occupancy.
- ii) The project proponent shall comply with the conditions of CLU, if obtained.
- iii) The project proponent shall prominently advertise in at least two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEF&CC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.
- iv) The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn have to publicly display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.

- v) The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on a half-yearly basis.
- vi) The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at the Environment Clearance portal and submit a copy of the same to SEIAA.
- vii) The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put the same on the website of the company.
- viii) The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as SEIAA Punjab, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
- ix) The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
- The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitments made during public hearing and also those made to SEIAA / SEAC during their presentation.
- xi) No further expansion or modifications in the project shall be carried out other than those permitted in this EC without prior approval of SEIAA. In case of deviation or alterations in the project proposal from those submitted to the Ministry/SEIAA for clearance, a fresh reference shall be made to the Ministry/SEIAA, as applicable, to assess the adequacy of conditions imposed and to add additional environmental protection measures required, if any.
- xii) The Regional Office, MoEF&CC, Chandigarh, Punjab Pollution Control Board and SEIAA/ SEAC members nominated for the purpose shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer(s) entrusted with this monitoring by furnishing the requisite data/ information/monitoring reports.
- xiii) This Environmental Clearance is granted subject to final outcome of pending related cases in the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, Hon'ble High Courts, Hon'ble NGT and any other Court of Law as may be applicable to this project.

XIV. Additional Conditions

- i) The approval is based on the conceptual plan/drawings submitted with the application. In case, there is variation in built-up area/green area/ any other details in the drawings approved by the competent authority, the Project Proponent shall obtain the revised Environmental Clearance.
- ii) The Project Proponent shall ensure that the natural drainage channels in the project site including streams, drains, choes, creeks, rivulets, etc. are not disturbed so that the natural flow of rainwater, etc is not impeded or disrupted in any manner.
- iii) Authorization from Punjab Pollution Control Board shall be obtained as applicable under the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules 2016 as amended from time to time.
- iv) The Bio-Medical wastes shall be managed in accordance with the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules 2016 as amended from time to time.
- v) The solid waste other than Bio-Medical Waste & Hazardous Waste (dry as well as wet garbage) generated should be properly collected and segregated before disposal to Municipal Authorities in accordance with the Municipal Solid Waste (Management & Handling) Rules, 2000. No municipal waste should be disposed off outside the premises in contravention of relevant rules and by-laws. Adequate measures should be taken to prevent any malodour in and around the Project premises.
- vi) In the event that the project proponent decides to abandon/close the Project at any stage, he shall submit an application in the prescribed form along with requisite documents through Parivesh to SEIAA for surrendering the Environmental Clearance as per the procedure prescribed in OM dated 29.03.2022 issued by the MoEF&CC. The project proponent shall be accountable for adherence/compliance of the EC conditions till such time as the project is finally closed by SEIAA, based upon the certified closure report of Integrated Regional Offices (IROs) of MoEF&CC, Chandigarh/PPCB.
- vii) This Environmental Clearance is liable to be revoked without any further notice to the Project Proponent in case of failure to comply with condition (vi) above.

Item No. 221.05: Application for issuance of TORs for proposed steel Manufacturing Unit located at G.T Road, Sirhind side, Mandi Gobindarh, Tehsil Amloh, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab by M/s Kuber Casting Private Limited. (Proposal No. SIA/PB/IND/76458/2022).

The industry namely M/s Kuber Casting Private Limited is engaged in the manufacturing of steel ingots/billets, Angles, Channels, Rounds, Square, TMT bars, Flats & Patra @ 29400 TPA. The industry was granted Consent to Operate under the provisions of the Water Act 1974 & Air Act 1981 for the manufacturing of 84 MTD of steel ingots, which is valid up to 04.05.2022.

The industry has proposed for carrying out expansion by increase in the manufacturing of steel ingots/billets, Angles, Channels, Rounds, Square, TMT bars, Flats & Patra from 29,400 TPA to 84,000 TPA. Since, the production capacity of the industry exceeds 30,000 TPA, as such the industry attracts the provisions of the activity 3(a) of the schedule appended with the EIA notification dated 14.09.2006.

The industry has applied for issuance of TORs for manufacturing of 84000 TPA of steel ingots/billets, Angles, Channels, Rounds, Square, TMT bars, Flats & Patra. The industry has proposed to manufacture the aforementioned products by replacing the existing Induction Furnace of 7 TPH capacity with new induction Furnace of capacity 20 TPH, LRF of 20 TPH Concast.

The Project Proponent undertake that the information given in the application are true to the best of his knowledge & belief and no facts have been concealed thereof. Further, he is aware that in case, if any information submitted was found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at their risk and cost.

The project proponent submitted the Form I, prefeasibility report and other additional documents through online portal. The cost of the project is Rs. 13.06 Cr. The Project Proponent has deposited Rs.50,000/- (25% of the total fee i.e., Rs. 150,000/-) vide NEFT No. SBIN222118100947 dated 28.04.2022 as checked & verified by the supporting staff of SEIAA.

Deliberations during 221st meeting of SEAC held on 27.05.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Sh. Jasbir Singh, General Manager, M/s Kuber Casting.
- (ii) Sh. Sital Singh, Environmental Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.
- (iii) Sh. Sandeep Singh, Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of Project Proponent to present the salient features of the project. Thereafter, Environmental Consultant presented the case as under: -

Sr. No.	Description	Details
1.	Online Proposal No.	SIA/PB/IND/76458/2022
2.	Name and Location of the project	M/s Kuber Casting Pvt. Ltd. located at GT road, Sirhind
		side, Backside Modern Steel, Mandi Gobindgarh
		Tehsil- Amloh, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab.
3.	Nature of project (Fresh EC/EC for	Fresh (TOR)
	Expansion/New)	
4.	a) Category	(a) B1
	b) Activity	(b) Metallurgical Industries (ferrous & nonferrous) (8),
	(As per schedule appended to EIA	Schedule 3(a) as per EIA notification-2006.
	Notification, 2006 as amended time	
	to time.)	
5.	Whether project falls within 5km	No critically polluted area falls within 5km of the
	from the boundary of critically	boundary of the project.
	polluted area (Yes/No)	
6.	Undertaking to effect that project is	No, a self-declaration to the effect that the project
	neither located near to PLPA area	does not require the clearance under the provisions of
	nor fall in the PLPA area	Punjab Land Preservation Act (PLPA) 1900 submitted.
7.	Whether the industry required	No, a self-declaration to the effect that no land
	clearance under the provisions of	covered under the Forest Conservation Act 1980 is
	Forest Conservation Act 1980 or not:	involved in the project submitted.
8.	Whether industry required clearance	No wildlife sanctuary is involved in the vicinity or study
	under the provisions of Wildlife	area of the project site. Thus, the industry does not
	Protection Act 1972 or not:	require clearance under the provisions of Wildlife
		Protection Act 1972. A self-declaration in this regard
		submitted.
9.	Whether the industry falls within the	The project is not located in any notified eco-sensitive
	influence of Eco-Sensitive Zone or	zone.
	not. (Specify the distance from the	
	nearest Eco sensitive zone)	
10.	Classification/Land use pattern as	The industry falls in the industrial zone as per the
	per Master Plan	Master Plan of Mandi Gobindgarh.
11.	Manpower (Existing & After	Existing - 80
	expansion)	Proposed – 40
		Total- 120

	S. No.	Details	Ex	isting Land		posed	Tota		afte	
					Ade	ditional Land	Ехра	Insion		
	1.	Plot Area (in sqm)	15	631 sqm	Nil		1	15631 sqn	n	
13.	Raw Ma	terial requirement a	as per	following for	nat:					
	S. No.	Raw Material	Exi	sting (TPA)		Proposed (TPA)		After		
								Expans (TPA)	ion	
	1.	MS Scrap, CI, Sponge Iron Ferro Alloys		31,000		57,500		88,5	500	
14.	Producti	on Capacity as per fo	ollowii	ng format:						
	S. No.	Product name		Existing (TP	A)	Proposed (TP/	4)	After Expansi (TPA)	on	
	1.	Steel Ingots/bille	ets,	29,400		54,600		84,0	000	
		Angles, Channels Rounds, Square, Bars, Flats, Patra	TMT	(Steel ingo	ts)		- ,			
15.	Details o	of major productive	machi	inery/plant						
15.	Details o	Particulars	machi	Existing	Pro	oposed	Afte	er Expans	ion	
15.		Particulars Induction Furnad		Existing 1X7TPH (to	Pro	pposed 1X20 TPH	Afte	er Expans		
15.	S. No.	Particulars		Existing	Pro	-	Afte		H	
15.	S. No.	Particulars Induction Furnad rolling mill Laddle refining		Existing 1X7TPH (to be replaced)	Pro	1X20 TPH	Afte	1X20 TP	H H	
15.	S. No. 1. 2. 3.	Particulars Induction Furnace rolling mill Laddle refining Furnace (LRF)	ce,	Existing 1X7TPH (to be replaced) Nil Nil	Pro	1X20 TPH 1X20 TPH	Afte	1X20 TP	H H	
	S. No. 1. 2. 3.	ParticularsInduction Furnationrolling millLaddle refiningFurnace (LRF)Concast	ce, ource:	Existing 1X7TPH (to be replaced) Nil Nil	Pro	1X20 TPH 1X20 TPH 01 No.	ater	1X20 TP 1X20 TP 01 No.	H	
	S. No. 1. 2. 3. Water R	Particulars Induction Furnace rolling mill Laddle refining Furnace (LRF) Concast equirements & its se	ce, ource:	Existing 1X7TPH (to be replaced) Nil Nil	Pro	1X20 TPH 1X20 TPH 01 No. 0posed w	ater	1X20 TP 1X20 TP 01 No.	H H water (KLD)	
	S. No. 1. 2. 3. Water Ro S. No.	Particulars Induction Furnace rolling mill Laddle refining Furnace (LRF) Concast equirements & its set Description Domestic	ce, ource:	Existing 1X7TPH (to be replaced) Nil Nil ting water and (KLD)	Pro	1X20 TPH 1X20 TPH 01 No. 0posed wa mand (KLD)	ater	1X20 TP 1X20 TP 01 No. Total M demand (H H water [KLD]	
	S. No. 1. 2. 3. Water Ro S. No. 1.	Particulars Induction Furnace rolling mill Laddle refining Furnace (LRF) Concast equirements & its set Description Domestic water demand Cooling (makeup)	ource:	Existing 1X7TPH (to be replaced) Nil Nil ting water and (KLD) 3.6 KLD	Pro	1X20 TPH 1X20 TPH 01 No. oposed wa mand (KLD) 2.0 KLD	ater	1X20 TP 1X20 TP 01 No. Total M demand (5.6 Ki	H water (KLD) _D	

	Sr. No.	Details	Existii Quant (KLD)	-	Expecto expans (KLD)			Details of existing & proposed Effluent Control Device
	i)	Industrial Effluent	Nil		Nil			
	ii)	Domestic Effluent	2.8		4.5		;	Will be treated in STP of 10KLD and Treated water will be reused in plantation.
18.	Detail	s of Emission	s (After e	xpan	sion)			
	Sr. No.	Source	Capacity (TPH)	1	Chimney Height (m)			of existing & proposed Air on Control Device
	i)	Induction Furnace	1X20 TP	H,	30			uction Hood, Spark Arrestor, Bag ID Fan (Offline cleaning pulsejet er)
19.	Detail	s of Hazardo	us waste	and it	s disposal	(Afte	er expan	sion)
	Sr. No.	Hazardous	Waste	Cate	egory	(Т (А	uantity PA) .fter .pansion	Disposal arrangement
			Cleaning (APCD	Cate 35.1		(Т (А	PA) Ifter Infter	
	No.	Gas Residue	Cleaning (APCD ilter			(T (A ex 1.	PA) Ifter Infter) Sent to TSDF site/Madhav Alloys Used as Lubricant within the
20.	No.	Gas Residue dust)- Bag fi	Cleaning (APCD ilter /annum)	35.1 5.1		(T (A ex 1. 0. kl,	PA) fter (pansion 0 0 04 /annum) Sent to TSDF site/Madhav Alloys Used as Lubricant within the industry/sent to authorized
20.	No.	Gas Residue dust)- Bag fi Used Oil (kl,	Cleaning (APCD ilter /annum) tion and i e Qua	35.1 5.1 ts disj	oosal (After	(T (A ex 1. 0. kl,	PA) fter (pansion 0 04 /annum pansion)) Sent to TSDF site/Madhav Alloys Used as Lubricant within the industry/sent to authorized
20.	No. 1. 2. Solid v Sr.	Gas Residue dust)- Bag fi Used Oil (kl, vaste generat	Cleaning (APCD ilter /annum) tion and i e Qua	35.1 5.1 ts disj	oosal (After (TPD)	(T (A ex 1. 0. kl, Dis Giv	PA) fter (pansion 0 04 /annum pansion) sposal ar) Sent to TSDF site/Madhav Alloys Used as Lubricant within the industry/sent to authorized recyclers. rangement cer locking tiles manufacturing plan

The Committee observed that the industry falls in the industrial zone as per the Master Plan of Mandi Gobindgarh. After detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to categorize the project under

Activity 3(a); B-1 with public consultation as required for the project. The Committee recommended the case to SEIAA to approve the Terms of Reference for proposed steel Manufacturing Unit located at G.T Road, Sirhind side, Mandi Gobindarh, Tehsil Amloh, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab for preparing Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) report for the proposed project and recommended to SEIAA to issue the following TORs:

STANDARD TERMS OF REFERENCE

I) <u>Executive Summary</u>

Report in about 8-10 pages incorporating the following:

- i) Introduction of the Project and Promoter Company.
- ii) Products and capacities. If expansion proposal, then existing products with capacities and reference to earlier EC.
- iii) Requirement of land, raw material, water, power, fuel, with source of supply (Quantitative)
- iv) Process description in brief, specifically indicating the gaseous emission, liquid effluent and solid and hazardous wastes.
- v) Measures for mitigating the impact on the environment and mode of discharge or disposal.
- vi) Capital cost of the project, estimated time of completion
- vii) Site selected for the project Nature of land Agricultural (single/double crop), barren, Govt./private land, status of is acquisition, nearby (in 2-3 km.) water body, population, within 10 km other industries, forest, eco-sensitive zones, accessibility, (note - in case of industrial estate this information may not be necessary)
- viii) Baseline environmental data air quality, surface and groundwater quality, soil characteristic, flora and fauna, socio-economic condition of the nearby population Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk.
- ix) Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk
- x) Likely impact of the project on air, water, land, flora-fauna and nearby population
- xi) Emergency preparedness plan in case of natural or in plant emergencies
- xii) Issues raised during public hearing (if applicable) and response given

- xiii) CSR/CER plan with proposed expenditure.
- xiv) Occupational Health Measures
- xv) Post Project monitoring plan
- xvi) Synopsis of the project (Available on https://decc.punjab.gov.in/)

II) <u>Introduction</u>

- i) Details of the EIA Consultant including NABET accreditation
- ii) Information about the project proponent
- iii) Importance and benefits of the project

III) Project Description

- i) Cost of project and time of completion.
- ii) Products with capacities for the proposed project.
- iii) If expansion project, details of existing products with capacities and whether adequate land is available for expansion, reference of earlier EC if any.
- iv) List of raw materials required and their source along with mode of transportation.
- v) Other chemicals and materials required with quantities and storage capacities.
- vi) Details of Emission, effluents, hazardous waste generation and their management.
- vii) Requirement of water (breakup for induction and rolling mill), power, with source of supply, status of approval, water balance diagram, man-power requirement (regular and contract).
- viii) Process description along with major equipment and machineries, process flow sheet (quantitative) from raw material to products to be provided
- ix) Hazard identification and details of proposed safety systems.
- x) In case of Expansion/modernization proposals:
- a) Status of compliance of Consent to Operate for the ongoing /existing operation of the project from SPCB shall be attached with the EIA-EMP report.
- b) In case the existing project has not obtained environmental clearance, reasons for not taking EC under the provisions of the EIA Notification 1994 and/or EIA Notification 2006 shall be provided. Copies of Consent to Establish/No Objection Certificate and Consent to Operate (in case of units operating prior to EIA

Notification 2006, CTE and CTO of FY 2005-2006) obtained from the SPCB shall be submitted. Further, compliance report to the conditions of consents from the SPCB shall be submitted.

IV) <u>Site Details</u>

- Location of the project site covering village, Taluka / Tehsil, District and State, Justification for selecting the site, whether other sites were considered. Copy of Master Plan indicating a land use pattern of the site is in conformity of proposals of Master Plan shall be attached with EIA report.
- ii) A top sheet of the study area of radius of 10 km and site location on 1:50,000/1:25,000 scale on an A3/A2 sheet. (Including all eco-sensitive areas and environmentally sensitive places)
- iii) Details w.r.t. option analysis for selection of site.
- iv) Co-ordinates (lat-long) of all four corners of the site.
- v) Google map-Earth downloaded of the project site
- vi) Layout maps indicating existing unit as well as proposed unit indicating storage area of raw material, finished products, greenbelt area with marking of tree, Location of STP/ETP, Solid waste storage area, Parking space, Firefighting equipment layout, First aid room, Location of Tube wells, DG Sets & Transformers and any other utilities
- vii) If located within an Industrial area/Estate/Complex, layout of Industrial Area indicating location of unit within the Industrial area/Estate.
- viii) Photographs of the proposed and existing (if applicable) plant site. If existing, show photographs of plantation/greenbelt, in particular.
- ix) Land use break-up of total land of the project site (identified and acquired), government/private - agricultural, forest, wasteland, water bodies, settlements, etc. shall be included. (not required for industrial area)
- A list of major industries with name and type within study area (10 km radius) shall be incorporated. Land use details of the study area.
- xi) Geological features and Geo-hydrological status of the study area shall be included.
- Details of Drainage of the project up to 5km radius of study area. If the site is within 1 km radius of any major river, peak and lean season river discharge as well as flood occurrence frequency based on peak rainfall data of the past 30 years. Details of

Flood Level of the project site and maximum Flood Level of the river shall also be provided. (mega green field projects)

- xiii) Status of acquisition of land. If acquisition is not complete, stage of the acquisition process and expected time of complete possession of the land.
- xiv) R&R details in respect of land in line with state Government policy

V) Forest and wildlife related issues (if applicable):

- i) Permission and approval for the use of forest land (forestry clearance), if any, and recommendations of the State Forest Department. (If applicable).
- ii) Land use map based on High resolution satellite imagery (OPS) of the proposed site delineating the forestland (in case of projects involving forest land more than 40 ha).
- iii) Status of Application submitted for obtaining the stage I forestry clearance along with latest status shall be submitted.
- iv) The projects to be located within 10 km of the National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Migratory Corridors of Wild Animals, the project proponent shall submit the map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden showing these features vis-a-vis the project location and the recommendations or comments of the Chief Wildlife Warden-thereon.
- v) Wildlife Conservation Plan duly authenticated by the Chief Wildlife Warden of the State Government for conservation of Schedule I fauna, if any exists in the study area.
- vi) Copy of application submitted for clearance under the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972, to the Standing Committee of the National Board for Wildlife.
- vii) In case, no diversion of Forest land, Eco Sensitive area/ National park/Wild Life Sanctuary within 10 Km then the project proponent will submit the NOC from the concerned territorial / wildlife DFO's that no Forest/PLPA/Wildlife areas are involved, at the time of submission of EIA report

VI) <u>Environmental Status</u>

- Determination of atmospheric inversion level at the project site and site specific micrometeorological data using temperature, relative humidity, hourly wind speed and direction and rainfall.
- ii) AAQ data (except monsoon) at 8 locations for PM 10, PM2.5, S02, NOX, CO and other parameters relevant to the project shall be collected. The monitoring stations shall be based CPCB guidelines and take into account the pre dominant wind direction, population zone and sensitive receptors including reserved forests.

- iii) Raw data of all AAQ measurement for 12 weeks of all stations as per frequency given in the NAQQM Notification of Nov. 2009 along with - min., max., average and 98% values for each of the AAQ parameters from data of all AAQ stations should be provided as an annexure to the EIA Report.
- iv) Surface water quality of nearby River (100m upstream and downstream) and other surface drains at eight locations as per CPCB/MoEF& CC guidelines.
- v) Whether the site falls near to polluted stretch of river identified by the CPCB/MoEF& CC.
- vi) Groundwater monitoring at minimum at 8 locations shall be included.
- vii) Noise levels monitoring at 8 locations within the study area.
- viii) Soil Characteristic as per CPCB guidelines.
- ix) Traffic feasibility / serviceability study for at least 5 days based on Indian Standard Codes. Further it shall also include the details of cross section of the road on which industry is located, vehicles movement w.r.t. the industry, traffic load of other vehicles on the road incorporating the haulage time for the vehicles for loading/unloading within the premises and parking requirement to avoid the traffic congestions on the link and adjoining roads. Traffic study shall be conducted considering the traffic of the industries located in the vicinity.
- x) Detailed description of flora and fauna (terrestrial and aquatic) existing in the study area shall be given with special reference to rare, endemic and endangered species. If Schedule-I fauna are found within the study area, a Wildlife Conservation Plan shall be prepared and furnished.
- xi) Socio-economic status of the study area.
- xii) Baseline data should not be older than 3 years.

VII) Impact Assessment and Environment Management Plan

i) Assessment of ground level concentration of pollutants from the stack emission based on site-specific meteorological features. In case the project is located on a hilly terrain, the AQIP Modeling shall be done using inputs of the specific terrain characteristics for determining the potential impacts of the project on the AAQ. Cumulative impact of all sources of emissions (including transportation) on the AAQ of the area shall be well assessed. Details of the model used and the input data used for modeling shall also be provided. The air quality contours shall be plotted on a location map showing the location of project site, habitation nearby, sensitive receptors, if any.

- ii) Water Quality modelling.
- iii) Impact of the transport of the raw materials and end products on the surrounding environment shall be assessed and provided. In this regard, options for transport of raw materials and finished products and wastes (large quantities) by rail or rail-cum road transport or conveyor-cum-rail transport shall be examined.
- iv) A note on treatment, recycling and reuse of wastewater from different plant operations, extent for different purposes shall be included. Complete scheme of effluent treatment. Characteristics of untreated and treated effluent to meet the prescribed standards of discharge under EPA Rules.
- v) Details of stack emission and action plan for control of emissions to meet standards.
- vi) Measures for fugitive emission control
- vii) Details of hazardous waste generation and their storage, utilization and disposal. Copies of MOU regarding utilization of solid and hazardous waste shall also be included. EMP shall include the concept of waste-minimization, recycle/reuse/recover techniques, Energy conservation, and natural resource conservation.
- viii) Proper utilization of fly ash shall be ensured as per Fly Ash Notification, 2009. A detailed plan of action shall be provided.
- ix) Action plan for the green belt development in 33 % area with not less than 1,500 trees per hectares giving details of species, width of plantation, planting schedule, post plantation maintenance plan for 3 years shall be included. The green belt shall be around the boundary and a scheme for greening of the roads used for the project shall also be incorporated.
- x) Action plan for rainwater harvesting measures at alternative sites shall be submitted to harvest rainwater from the roof tops and storm water drains to recharge the groundwater and also to use for the various activities to conserve freshwater and reduce the water requirement from other sources.
- xi) Total capital cost and recurring cost/annum for environmental pollution control measures shall be included.
- xii) Action plan for post-project environmental monitoring shall be submitted.
- xiii) Onsite and Offsite Disaster (natural and Man-made) Preparedness and Emergency Management Plan including Risk Assessment and damage control. Disaster management plan should be linked with the District Disaster Management Plan.

VIII) Occupational health

- i) Details of existing Occupational & Safety Hazards. What are the exposure levels of above-mentioned hazards and whether they are within the Permissible Exposure Level (PEL)? If these are not within PEL, what measures the company has adopted to keep them within PEL so that the health of the workers can be preserved.
- ii) Details of exposure specific health status evaluation of worker. If the workers' health is being evaluated by pre-designed format, chest x rays, Audiometry, Spirometry, Vision testing (Far & Near vision, colour vision and any other ocular defect) ECG, during pre-placement and periodical examinations give the details of the same. Details regarding last month analysed data of above-mentioned parameters as per age, sex, duration of exposure and department wise.
- iii) Annual report of the health status of workers with special reference to Occupational Health and Safety.
- iv) Plan and fund allocation to ensure the occupational health & safety of all contract and casual workers.

IX) <u>Corporate Environment Policy</u>

- i) Does the company have a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be detailed in the EIA report.
- ii) Does the Environment Policy prescribe for standard operating processes/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/violation of the environmental or forest norms/conditions? If so, it may be detailed in the EIA.
- iii) What is the hierarchical system or Administrative order of the company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the environmental clearance conditions? Details of this system may be given.
- iv) Does the company have a system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the company and / or shareholders or stakeholders at large? This reporting mechanism shall be detailed in the EIA report
- v) Details regarding infrastructure facilities such as sanitation, fuel, restroom, etc. to be provided to the labour force during construction as well as to the casual workers including truck drivers during the operation phase.

X) Enterprise Social Commitment (ESC)

 The project proponent shall propose activities in lieu of Corporate Environmental Responsibility (CER) in the Environmental Management Plan as per the provisions of OM dated 25.02.2021 issued by the MoEF&CC.

- ii) Any litigation pending against the project and/or any direction/order passed by any Court of Law against the project, if so, details thereof shall also be included. Has the unit received any notice under the Section 5 of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or relevant Sections of Air and Water Acts? If so, details thereof and compliance/ATR to the notice(s) and present status of the case.
- iii) A tabular chart with index for points wise compliance of above TORs.

XI) <u>STANDARDISED SPECIFIC TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR EIA STUDIES FOR INDUCTION/ ARC</u> <u>FURNACES/CUPOLA FURNACES 5TPH OR MORE</u>

- i) Details of proposed layout clearly demarcating existing & proposed features of the project within the plant.
- ii) Total no. of furnaces & details including capacity of each furnace.
- iii) Detail of the mechanical shredder to reduce the size of the raw material.
- iv) Complete process flow diagram describing each unit, its processes, and operations, along with material and energy inputs and outputs (material and energy balance).
- v) Details on the design and manufacturing process for all the units.
- vi) Details on environmentally sound technologies for recycling of hazardous materials, as per CPCB Guidelines, may be mentioned in case of handling scrap and other ·recycled materials.
- vii) Details on the requirement of raw materials, its source, and storage at the plant.
- viii) Details on the requirement of energy and water along with its source and authorization from the concerned department. Location of water intake and outfall points (with coordinates).
- ix) Details on toxic metal content in the waste material and its composition and end-use (particularly of slag).
- x) Details on toxic content (TCLP), composition and end-use of chrome slag. Details on the recovery of the Ferro chrome from the slag and its proper disposal.

XII) ADDITIONAL SPECIFIC TORS DECIDED DURING MEETING OF SEAC AND SEIAA

- i) Public consultation is required for the project as it is not located in a notified industrial park/estate.
- ii) The project proponent shall submit complete proposal for the management of ash at the time of submission of EIA report for obtaining environmental clearance

- Submit proof of ownership of land (existing owner) such as copy of latest Jamabandi (not more than one month old) and credible document showing status of land acquisition w.r.t. project site (as prescribed in OM dated 07.10.2014 issued by MoEF)
- iv) Submit dully filled prescribed field data sheets and analysis reports along with exact location of sampling / monitoring point marked on the layout map. Also submit the status of approvals of Laboratories.
- v) Submit cost of the project duly certified by Chartered Engineer/ Approved valuer / Chartered Accountant. In the absence of above, the project proponent may submit selfcertified detail of cost of the project mentioning the cost of Land, building, infrastructure and plant and machinery.
- vi) Certificate from the concerned authority w.r.t the location of protected areas as notified under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 within 5 km radius from the boundary of the project site.
- vii) Certificate from the Department of Town & Country Planning or concerned authorities to support the claim made by project proponent that the project site is located in the industrial zone as per the provisions of Master Plan of Town/City in the jurisdiction of which the project site is located or the project proponent shall submit the Change of land use of the project site for total land area.
- viii) Compliance of the siting criteria, standard operating practices, code of practice, and guidelines if any prescribed by the SPCB/CPCB/MoEF&CC for such type of units.
- ix) Necessary permissions from the Central Groundwater Authority (CGWA)/ State Groundwater Authority (SGWA)/concerned authority for the abstraction of groundwater for the existing requirements as well as for the expanded unit. In case of not allowing such permission by the concerned authority for the abstraction of additional groundwater for the expanded project, the project proponent shall propose alternative arrangements to meet out the additional water requirements. It shall be ensured that:
 - a) In the projects where groundwater is proposed as a water source, the project proponent shall apply to the Central Groundwater Authority (CGWA)/ State Groundwater Authority (SGWA), as the case may be, for obtaining No Objection Certificate (NOC) if applicable.
 - b) Approval /permission of the CGWA/SGWA shall be obtained before drawing groundwater for the project activities.

- c) In the absence of approval, submit a copy of acknowledgment along with a set of application filed to CGWA /Competent Authority for obtaining permission for the abstraction of groundwater
- x) Minimize the water consumption in the steel plant complex by segregation of used water, practicing cascade use and by recycling treated water.
- xi) STP for treatment of wastewater & re-utilization of the treated water for core/noncore activities so as to achieve the Zero Liquid Discharge Condition as per the III (iv) of OM dated 09/08/2018 issued by the MoEF&CC for such units.
- xii) Reuse of cooling tower blow down, simultaneously ensuring the standards prescribed for such purge waters. If required, necessary arrangements shall be made to keep this waste stream within the parameters required for reuse.
- xiii) In case of any acid pickling activity, the spent acid/effluents generated from such activities shall be utilized through authorized re-processors for converting the same into useful by-products like FeSO₄ etc. An agreement to this effect shall be made with the authorized agencies.
- xiv) Adequate area to be reserved and marked on the layout plan for the green belt as per the conditions laid down by the MoEF&CC as per the Standard EC Conditions prescribed for Induction/ Electric Arc Furnace & Rolling Mills circulated vide OM dated 09/08/2018.
- xv) Detailed study report along with calculation for reserving land for loading or unloading of raw material, products, slag, hazardous waste as well as for storage of these materials and the area to be reserved for parking incorporating the time required for loading and unloading of vehicles for respective activities and minimum/maximum period for which storage of the above material is required in the premises. The areas for the respective activities to be marked on the layout plan.
- xvi) Action plan for the compliance of standard operating procedures and up-gradation of suction and treatment arrangement for the secondary emissions as prescribed by the State Pollution Control Board or by CPCB/MoEF&CC.
- xvii) Compliance of standard operating procedures and up-gradation of suction/treatment systems for the control of secondary emissions within the time frame prescribed by the State Pollution Control Board. Similar action is to be implemented in the proposed expansion project.

- xviii) Whole of the vehicle movement area as well as the approach road to the gate /weighing bridge shall be paved with pucca/metalled / cement concrete road to control the dust emissions expected from the vehicle movement.
- xix) The vehicles to be used for loading/unloading purposes shall not be parked along the roadside so as to avoid the traffic congestion and dedicated parking place to be provided for the same.
- xx) Adopt green technologies to conserve the water and energy including shearing/cutting / bundling machines. Also, to provide abrasive resistant fire bricks in the crucibles to reduce the periodic maintenance & disposal of discarded fire bricks.
- xxi) Use of natural gas (if available) as substitute fuel wherever possible in the existing industry/ for the expansion project.
- xxii) Submit compliance w.r.t. condition no.II [(i) & (iii)] subtitled as "Air Quality Monitoring & Preservation" regarding continuous emission monitoring system and continuous ambient air quality monitoring as prescribed in the Standard EC Conditions for Induction/ Electric Arc Furnace & Rolling Mills issued by the MoEF&CC, New Delhi vide OM dated 09/08/2018.
- xxiii) Examine and submit the proposal for:
 - a) Recovery of iron from slag before disposing of it.
 - b) Identify the areas for utilization of slag in a scientific manner and explore its usage in cement/construction industry/manufacturing of pavers & tiles/road laying etc.
 - c) Recovery of precious metals like Zinc, lead and iron etc. from the APCD dust (Hazardous waste) through authorized re-processor.
- xxiv) Air Pollution Control Arrangement details shall be provided as below:

Plant	Pollu	Qty	Method used to	Number	Budget	Estimate	d Post
/Unit	tants	gener	Control	of units		Control Qty	
		ated	/specifications	planned		Pollutant	
			(attach Separate	&			
			Sheet to furnish	Capacity			
			Details)				
						Per	Per
						Unit	day

- xxv) Submit compliance regarding the installation of Pulse jet bag filter with offline cleaning technology as APCD with the proposed induction furnace.
- xxvi) List the species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping.
- xxvii) The project proponent shall collect the baseline data for three months (except monsoon season) as per MOEF&CC office memorandum dated 29.08.2017. For this, monitoring data of M/s Devbhoomi Casting Pvt. Ltd. falls within the buffer zone of the project collected during the period from 1st October 2021 to 31st December, 2021 may be utilized. Besides this, one-month additional study shall be undertaken at the project site from 15th January 2022 to 15th February, 2022.

XIII) <u>General Guidelines:</u>

- (i) The EIA document shall be printed on both sides.
- (ii) All documents shall be properly indexed, page numbered.
- (iii) Period/date of data collection shall be clearly indicated.
- (iv) The letter/application for environmental clearance shall quote the SEIAA file No. and also attach a copy of the letter.
- (v) The copy of the letter received from SEIAA shall be also attached as an annexure to the final EIA-EMP Report.
- (vi) The index of the final EIA-EMP report must indicate the specific chapter and page no. of the EIA-EMP Report.

Item No.221.06: Application for Environmental clearance under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 for chemical unit for manufacturing of Formaldehyde @ 200 TPD & Resin/Glue @ 300 TPD by M/s Bansal & Bansal Organics located at Plot no.- A-5, Industrial Focal Point, Raikot, District Ludhiana, Punjab (Proposal No. SIA/PB/IND3/76857 /2022).

The industry has proposed to establish chemical manufacturing unit for carrying out the manufacturing of Formaldehyde @ 200 TPD & Resin/Glue @ 300 TPD in the name of M/s Bansal & Bansal Organics.

The industrial activity is covered under activity 5(f) and category B1 of the schedule appended with the EIA notification dated 14.09.2006. The General & Specific conditions are applicable to the said category and as per the application proposal the interstate boundary of Himachal Pradesh is located at a distance of 165 km from the project site. Further, the project does not lie in any of the protected area notified under Wildlife Protection Act 1972 and Eco-sensitive area within the purview of the project. The site of the industry is located at a distance of 19 km from critically polluted area of Ludhiana. As such, despite of applicability of General Conditions, the same does not satisfy.

The industry was issued Terms of Reference by MoEF&CC vide letter no. SEIAA/PB/IND/2022/ToR/02 dated 12.01.2022. Now, the industry has submitted EIA report after incorporating the compliance of Terms of Reference issued by the SEIAA.

The Cost of project is Rs. 6.30 Crores and the industry has already been deposited Rs. 15,750/- on dated 05.01.2022 and remaining processing fee of Rs. 47,250/- vide UTR No. N127221948507822 dated 07.05.2022. The adequacy of fee deposited by the Project Proponent has been checked and verified by the supporting staff of SEIAA.

The Project Proponent undertake that the information given in the application are true to the best of his knowledge & belief and no facts have been concealed thereof. Further, he is aware that in case, if any information submitted was found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at their risk and cost.

Punjab Pollution Control Board vide letter no. 3105 dated 20.05.2022 has sent the latest construction status report with details as under:

"In regard to above, it is intimated that the site for the subject cited project was visited by officer of the Board on 18.05.2022 and it was observed that the plot is totally vacant and no boundary wall have been provided. The site falls in industrial Focal Point, Ralkot and is surrounded by other industrial establishments like M/s Vivachem Intermediates Pvt. Ltd., Industrial Focal Point, Raikot, Ludhiana, which is an API unit M/s Spreco Recycling (E-waste Recycler) etc. There is no drain river, eco-sensitive structure within the 500 meters radius of the site. It is further submitted that the industry has submitted copy of allotment letter issued by PSIEC, Chandigarh vide its letter no. 28326 dated 20.12.2021, mentioning that the proposed site measuring 5000 sq. yard falls under Industrial Focal Point, Raikot for 99 years on lease for manufacturing of Formaldehyde, Urea Formaldehyde. The industry is being developed in Industrial Focal Point, Raikot and the site is suitable for establishment of such units."

Deliberations during 221st meeting of SEAC held on 27.05.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Sh. Nishant Gupta, Manager, M/s Bansal & Bansal Organics.
- (ii) Sh. Rajiv Garg, Environmental Consultant
- (iii) Sh. Sital Singh, Environmental Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.
- (iv) Sh. Sandeep Singh, Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of Project Proponent to present the salient features of the project. Thereafter, Environmental Consultant presented the case as under: -

Sr. No	Description	Details
1	Basic Details	
1.1	Name of Industry & Project Proponent:	Industry Name: M/s Bansal & Bansal Organics Proponent: Mr. Mukesh Gupta (General Manager)
1.2	Proposal:	SIA/PB/IND3/76857/2022
1.3	Location of Industry:	Plot-No A-5, Industrial Focal Point, Raikot, District Ludhiana, Punjab.
1.4	Details of Land area & built-up area:	5000 sqyards (4180 m ²)
1.5	Category under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006	Category-B1
1.6	Cost of the project	Rs. 6.3 crores
1.7	Compliance of Public Hearing Proceedings	The unit is being established in notified industrial Focal Point developed by PSIEC (State Govt. Undertaking). As per the OM dated 27.04.2018 issued by MoEF&CC, relevant portion of the same is as under:
		<i>"The exemption for public consultation under EIA notification to the project or activities located within the industrial estates or parks if applicable as under:</i>
		1. Which were notified by the Central Govt. or the State/UT Govt. prior to the said notification coming into force on 14.09.2006."
		Layout plan for mini growth centre at Raikot, District Ludhiana, wherein the proposed industry is to be established submitted. The layout plan mentions drawing no. PSIEC/G.M/PLG/LP-32/2021 dated 23.01.1999. The drawing was revised on 29.11.2019

			followe	d by 22.12.2020 and 28.01.20)21.		
2.	Site Suitability Chara	acteristics					
2.1	Whether site of the i as per the provisions	ndustry is suitable	Allotment letter issued by PSIEC submitted, details are at column no. 2.2.				
2.2	Whether supporting submitted in favour 2.1, details thereof: (CLU/building plan a	document of statement at	Allotment letter issued by PSIEC vide no PSIEC/ESTATE/25399 Dated: -11.02.2021 for transferring of plot no. A-5, Industrial Focal Point Raikot, measuring 5000 sqyard in the name of M/s Bansal & Bansal Organics for the manufacturing of Formaldehyde, Urea Formaldehyde submitted.				
3	Forest, Wildlife and	Green Area					
3.1		dustry required ne provisions of	No, self	declaration in this regard sul	bmitted.		
3.2	Whether the in- clearance under the Punjab Land Preserve 1900:	•	No, self	declaration in this regard sul	bmitted.		
3.3	Whether industry re under the provisi Protection Act 1972	ons of Wildlife	No, self-declaration in this regard submitted.				
3.4	Distance of the in Critically Polluted Ar	•	The site of the project falls in the Ludhiana, however, the distance of the project not specified.				
3.5	Whether the industri influence of Eco-Sen (Specify the distance Eco sensitive zone)	sitive Zone or not.	The industry is not located in any notified eco-sensitive zone.				
3.6		quirement and es:	Approx. 1480 sqm (35% of total land), 96 trees will be planted.				
3.7	Distance from the area	critically polluted	The site of the project falls at a distance of 19 km from the critically polluted area of Ludhiana.				
4.	Raw Material & Pro	duct details					
4.1	Raw Material						
	PRODUCT	NAME OF RAW MA	TERIAL	QUANTITY	SOURCES		
				(Kg/Ton. of Product)			
	Formaldehyde	Methanol		460	Local market		
		Water		500	Ground water		
	Melamine Formaldehyde	Melamine		305	Local market		
		Formaldehyde		705	In-house mfg.		
		Caustic		5	Local market		

Phenol Formaldehyde	Phenol	500	Local market
, containençae	Formaldehyde	565	In-house mfg.
	Caustic	5	Local market
Urea Formaldehyde	Urea	305	Local market
	Formaldehyde	705	In-house mfg.
	Acetic Acid	5	Local market
	Caustic	5	Local market

Major Equipments and Machineries

S. No.	Machines& Equipment
1.	Heat Exchangers
2.	Evaporator with steam coil and air Sparser
3.	Evaporator Filter
4.	Super Heater Separator with connection Band
5.	Vapour Filter Jacket
6.	Baby Boiler of 600 Kg capacity
7	Methanol Separator
8.	Reactors Dome
9.	Reactor Tubular
10.	Non-Boiler Condensers
11.	Non-Boiler Separators
12.	Condenser with sump
13.	Mixing Vessel
14	Steam Separator
15.	Process Water tank
16.	Process water filter/RO System
17.	Absorption column
18.	Circulation Tower
19.	Valves & pipelines
20.	Silver (as catalyst)
21.	Rotameters
22.	Rotatory Twin lobe Air Blower
23.	Cooling Towers
24	Laboratory Suitable for testing of Formaldehyde
	Methanol as per standard
25	Effluent Treatment Plant/Air Pollution Control Systems
	ation details 18 employees
Water	
Total	resh water requirement: 145 KLD,

5.2	Source:		PSIEC Water s	supply and own Tube well.		
5.3	Whether Permission obta abstraction/supply of the fr from the Competent Author Details thereof		-	ment of the application for abstraction of und water filed with PWRDA submitted.		
5.4	Total water requirement for purpose:	r domestic	2.5 KLD			
5.4.1		astewater	2.0 KLD			
5.4.2	Treatment methodology for wastewater: (STP capacity, technology & components)	domestic	15KLD capaci treatment of t	i ty ETP-cum STP will be provided for the effluent.		
5.5	Total water requirement for purpose:	industrial	130.5 KLD			
5.5.1	Total effluent generation:		8 KLD			
5.5.2	Treatment methodology for wastewater:	industrial	-	ity ETP-cum STP will be provided for		
5.6	Details of utilization of treat wastewater into green area summer, winter and rainy se	in	treatment of the same. Summer: 8.5 KLD, Winter: 2.8 KLD,			
5.7	Utilization/Disposal of exces		Rainy: 0.8 KLD, None, the industry will be work on ZERO Liquid discharge concept.			
5.8	Cumulative Details:					
	Use	Water Con (KLD)	sumption	Waste-water generation (KLD)		
	D.M. Water (for Process)		110	5		
	Cooling Water (Make Up Water)		15	2		
	Boiler		5.5	1		
	Domestic Use		2.5	2.0		
	Green Area	•	 recycled and D fresh) 			
	Total	-	Fresh water & D recycled)	10		
5.9	Rain water harvesting propo		1 no. pond h adopted at N water and NC	naving surface area 1.5 acres has been Village Gobindgarh to recharge ground DC from Smt. Kiranjeet Kaur Sarpanch of ndgarh, Tehsil Raikot, obtained and		
6	Air		•			
6.1	Details of Air Polluting mach	inery:	 Boiler-0.6 T D.G. sets – 2 			

			Fugitive emissions from manufacturing process						
6.2	Measures to be adopted to contain particulate emission/Air Pollution			Boiler : Cyclone separator will be provided as APCD.					
								ed with cano	opy and a
				of adequ	ate h	neight a	as per n	orms.	
				Fugitive emissions from manufacturing process: Wet					
			Scrubber will be installed						
7	Waste Mana							<u> </u>	
7.2	APCD dust ge management	eneration & its	APCL) dust will	be s	ent to	authori	sed recycler	
7.3	Solid waste generation & its			Category Type		e of Color Disposal Total			
	management (Mechanical			0-7	Was			Method	Waste
	Composter/C	Compost pits)							(Kg/day)
			Bio		Orga	anic	Green	Compostin	
				adable	Was		Green	compositi	g0.5
			Non-		Recv	yclable	Blue	Recycler	5.5
			Biode					,	
				iodegradable Waste				1.4	
7.4				Total		14	14		
8	management		will be given to authorised recyclers. 30 kg/month ETP Sludge will be generated which will be disposed of to TSDF Nimbua, Dera Bassi.						
8.1	Power Consumption:			Description Requi			rement		
				Power Requirement 20		200 K	00 KW		
				Source Punja		b State Power Corporation ed, Punjab			
8.2	Energy saving measures:			LEDs with tube lights will be used which shall save 20 KW of energy.					
8.3	Details of activities proposed under Env		l vironment Management Plan:						
	Sr. No.	Details	Capital Cost			Recurring Cost			
				(In Lacs)			(In Lacs/annum)		
	1.	APCD		3		0.5			
	3.	ETP		10			1.5		
	4.	OCEMS Green belt developme		0			0		
	5.								

	6.	Rain Water Harvesting	8	0.3
	7.	Environment Monitoring	0.2	0.20
	8.	Solid Waste Management	0.70	0.20
	9.	Energy Conservation	0.5	0.2
	10	Disaster and Risk Management	3	1.5
	11.	Miscellaneous	1.6	0.1
	Total		32.00	5.00

After detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to award **'Silver Grading'** to the project proposal under category B1, Activity 5 (f) and to forward the application to SEIAA with the recommendations to grant Environmental Clearance for chemical unit for manufacturing of Formaldehyde @ 200 TPD & Resin/Glue @ 300 TPD by M/s Bansal & Bansal Organics located at Plot no.- A-5, Industrial Focal Point, Raikot, District Ludhiana, Punjab, subject to the following special condition & other conditions as under:

I. Special Condition:

1. That the Project Proponent shall mark the area for the storage and handling of hazardous chemicals and hazardous waste.

II. Statutory compliance

- i. The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.
- ii. The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
- iii. The project proponent shall prepare a Site-Specific Conservation Plan & Wildlife Management Plan and approved by the Chief Wildlife Warden. The recommendations of the approved Site-Specific Conservation Plan / Wildlife Management Plan shall be implemented in consultation with the State Forest Department. The implementation report shall be furnished along with the six-monthly compliance report. (in case of the presence of schedule-I species in the study area)
- iv. The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission from the Central Ground Water Authority/ competent authority concerned, in case of drawl of ground water and also in case of drawl of surface water required for the project. In case of non- grant of

permission by CGWA for ground water abstraction, the industry shall make alternative arrangements by using surface water or treated city sewage effluent after obtaining permission from competent authority.

- v. The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish/Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the Punjab State pollution Control Board/ Committee.
- vi. The project proponent shall obtain authorization under the Hazardous and other Waste Management Rules, 2016 as amended from time to time.
- vii. The project proponent shall comply with the siting criteria, standard operating practices, code of practice and guidelines if any prescribed by the SPCB/CPCB/MoEF&CC for such type of units.
- viii. The project proponent shall comply with the CLU conditions imposed by competent authority, if any
- ix. The Company shall strictly comply with the rules and guidelines under Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals (MSIHC) Rules, 1989 as amended time to time. All transportation of Hazardous Chemicals shall be as per the Motor Vehicle Act (MVA), 1989.

III. Air quality monitoring and preservation

- i. The project proponent shall install 24x7 continuous emission monitoring system at process stacks to monitor stack emission with respect to standards prescribed in Environment (Protection) Rules 1986 and connected to SPCB and CPCB online servers and calibrate these systems from time to time according to equipment supplier specification through labs recognised under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or NABL accredited laboratories.
- ii. The project proponent shall monitor fugitive emissions in the plant premises at least once in every quarter through labs recognised under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or NABL accredited laboratories.
- iii. The project proponent shall install a system to carryout Continuous Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common/criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g., PM10 and PM2.5 in reference to PM emission, and SO₂ and NO_x in reference to SO₂ and NO_x emissions) within and outside the plant area (at least at four locations one for small units) within and three outside the plant area at an angle of 120°each), covering upwind and downwind directions.

- iv. To control source and the fugitive emissions, suitable pollution control devices shall be installed to meet the prescribed norms and/or the NAAQS. Sulphur content should not exceed 0.5% in the coal for use in coal fired boilers to control particulate emissions within permissible limits (as applicable). The gaseous emissions shall be dispersed through stack of adequate height as per CPCB/SPCB guidelines.
- v. Storage of raw materials, coal etc shall be either stored in silos or in covered areas to prevent dust pollution and other fugitive emissions.
- vi. National Emission Standards for Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. 608(E) dated 21st July, 2010 and amended from time to time shall be followed.
- vii. The National Ambient Air Quality Emission Standards issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. No. 826(E) dated 16th November, 2009 shall be complied with
- viii. The DG sets shall be equipped with suitable pollution control devices and the adequate stack height so that the emissions are in conformity with the extant regulations and the guidelines in this regard.
- ix. Ambient air & noise levels should conform to prescribed standards both during day and night. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air quality, noise especially during worst noise generating activities, water quality and soil should be periodically monitored during construction phase as well as operation & entire life phase as per the MoEF&CC guidelines, maintain the record for the same and all the mitigation measures should be taken to bring down the levels within the prescribed standards.

IV. Water quality monitoring and preservation

- i. The project proponent shall provide online continuous monitoring of effluent, the unit shall install web camera with night vision capability and flow meters in the channel/drain carrying effluent within the premises.
- ii. The total wastewater generated from the unit shall not exceed 2.5 KLD and the said quantity shall be treated in the ETP cum STP.
- iii. The effluent discharge shall conform to the standards prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, or as specified by the State Pollution Control Board while granting Consent under the Air/Water Act, whichever is more stringent.
- iv. Total fresh water requirement shall not exceed the quantity of 145 KLD as proposed in the proposal application. Prior permission shall be obtained from the concerned regulatory authority/CGWA in this regard.

- v. Process effluent/any wastewater shall not be allowed to mix with storm water. The storm water from the premises shall be collected and discharged through a separate conveyance system.
- vi. The Company shall store the rainwater from the roof tops of the buildings and utilize the same for different industrial operations within the plant.
- vii. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of ready mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices.
- viii. Provide electromagnetic flow meter at intake of water supply at the borewell for abstraction of ground water if any, outlet of the ETP/STP and any pipeline to be used for re-using the treated wastewater back into the system and for horticulture purpose/green belt etc.
- ix. A proper record regarding groundwater abstraction, water consumption, its reuse and disposal shall be maintained on daily basis and shall maintain a record of readings of each such meter on daily basis.
- x. Fixtures for showers, toilet flushing and drinking should be of low flow either by use of aerators or pressure reducing devices or sensor-based control.
- xi. Separation of drinking water supply, treated sewage supply and treated permeate line leading back to the process water should be done by the use of different colors.

V. Noise monitoring and prevention

- i. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to DG set for controlling the noise pollution.
- ii. The overall noise levels in and around the plant area shall be kept well within the standards by providing noise control measures including acoustic hoods, silencers, enclosures etc. on all sources of noise generation.
- iii. The ambient noise levels should conform to the standards prescribed under EPA Rules, 1986 viz. 75 dB(A) during day time and 70 dB(A) during night time

VI. Energy Conservation measures

- i. The energy sources for lighting purposes shall preferably be LED based.
- ii. The project proponent shall make efforts to ensure the reduction of overall power demand which may be met by solar system including the provision of solar water heating or through any other innovative environment friendly techniques.

VII. Waste management

- i. All the topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in horticulture / landscape development within the project site.
- ii. Disposal of muck during construction phase should not create any adverse effect on the neighbouring communities and be disposed of after taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people with the approval of competent authority. The project proponent will comply with the provisions of Construction & Demolition Waste Rules, 2016. Dust, smoke & debris prevention measures such as wheel washing, screens, barricading and debris chute shall be installed at the site during construction including plastic / tarpaulin sheet covers for trucks bringing in sand & material at the site.
- iii. Construction spoils, including bituminous material and other hazardous material, must not be allowed to contaminate watercourses. The dump sites for such material must be secured, so that they should not leach into the groundwater.
- iv. Hazardous chemicals shall be stored in tanks, tank farms, drums, carboys etc. Flame arresters shall be provided on tank farm and the solvent transfer through pumps.
- v. Process organic residue and spent carbon, if any, shall be sent to cement industries. ETP sludge, process inorganic & evaporation salt shall be disposed of to the TSDF.
- vi. The Project proponent shall abide by the provisions of Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 (amended from time to time), if applicable.
- vii. The company shall undertake waste minimization measures as below:
 - a. Metering and control of quantities of active ingredients to minimize waste.
 - b. Reuse of by-products from the process as raw materials or as raw material substitutes in other processes.
 - c. Use of automated filling to minimize spillage.
 - d. Use of Close Feed system into batch reactors.
 - e. Venting equipment through vapour recovery system.
 - f. Use of high-pressure hoses for equipment clearing to reduce wastewater generation

VIII. Green Belt

- i. The green belt shall be developed in more than 33% of the total project area, mainly along the plant periphery, in downward wind direction, and along road sides etc. Total 96 trees to be planted without accounting the shrubs and protect the same with tree guard made of concrete.
- ii. The Project Proponent shall develop green belt in 33% of the total land area with native tree species (having canopy type structure and especially trees, and not grass) before the completion of the project. The greenbelt shall inter alia cover the entire periphery of the

unit provided that the number of trees to be planted should not be less than one tree per 80 sqm of the total project area. The canopy trees shall also be planted around the parking area to provide shade to the parked vehicles.

- iii. The project proponent shall plant tall saplings having height not less than 6 ft. The proponent shall make adequate provision of funds for raising the plantation and subsequent maintenance for three years in the Environment Management Plan.
- i. The project proponent shall submit the progress of developing the green belt in the sixmonthly compliance report.

IX. Safety, Public hearing and Human health issues

- i. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.
- ii. The unit shall make the arrangement for protection of possible fire hazards during manufacturing process in material handling. Firefighting system shall be as per the norms.
- iii. The PP shall provide Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) as per the norms of Factory Act.
- iv. Training shall be imparted to all employees on safety and health aspects of chemicals handling. Pre-employment and routine periodical medical examinations for all employees shall be undertaken on regular basis. Training to all employees on handling of chemicals shall be imparted.
- v. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, creche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- vi. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis and records maintained as per the Factories Act.
- vii. There shall be adequate space inside the plant premises earmarked for parking of vehicles for raw materials and finished products, and no parking to be allowed outside on public places.
- viii. A first aid room will be provided in the project both during construction and operation phase of the project.

X Validity of Environmental Clearance.

- i. This environmental clearance will be valid for a period of seven years from the date of its issue or till the completion of the project, whichever is earlier.
- XI Environmental Management Plan

- i. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements / deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders. A copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.
- ii. A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of a senior Executive, who will report directly to the head of the organization.
- iii. Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with the responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by the competent authority. The year-wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate accounts and will not be diverted for any other purpose. The project proponent shall spend the minimum amount of Rs. 32.0 Lacs towards the capital cost and Rs. 5 Lacs/annum towards recurring cost in the construction & operation phase of the project including the environmental monitoring cost as per the details given below:

Sr. No.	Details	Capital Cost (In Lacs)	Recurring Cost (In Lacs/annum)
1.	APCD	3	0.5
3.	ETP	10	1.5
4.	OCEMS	0	0
5.	Green belt development with maintenance plan for 3 years	5	0.5
6.	Rain Water Harvesting	8	0.3
7.	Environment Monitoring	0.2	0.20
8.	Solid Waste Management	0.70	0.20
9.	Energy Conservation	0.5	0.2
10	Disaster and Risk Management	3	1.5
11.	Miscellaneous	1.6	0.1
Total		32.00	5.00

The entire cost of the environmental management plan will continue to be borne by the project proponent for the lifetime of the Project. Year-wise progress of implementation of the action plan shall be reported to the Ministry/Regional Office along with the Sixmonthly Compliance Report.

iv. Self-environmental audit shall be conducted annually. Every three years third party environmental audit shall be carried out.

XII. Miscellaneous

- i. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department etc. shall be obtained, by project proponent from the competent authorities including Punjab Pollution Control Board and from other statutory bodies as applicable.
- ii. In the case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, the project would require a fresh appraisal by State Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Punjab.
- iii. The environmental safeguards contained in the application of the promoter / mentioned during the presentation before State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority/State Expert Appraisal Committee should be implemented in letter and spirit.
- iv. The project proponent shall make public the environmental clearance granted for their project along with the environmental conditions and safeguards at their cost by prominently advertising it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days and in addition this shall also be displayed in the project proponent's website permanently.
- v. The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
- vi. The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
- vii. The project proponent shall monitor the criteria pollutants level namely; PM10, S02, NOx (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sectoral parameters, indicated for the projects and display the same at a convenient location for disclosure to the public and put on the website of the company.

- viii. The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal.
- ix. The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
- x. The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office of the Ministry and PPCB, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production/ operation by the project.
- xi. The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
- xii. The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA /EMP report, commitment made during Public Hearing and also that during their presentation to the SEAC and SEIAA.
- xiii. No further expansion or modifications in the project shall be carried out other than those permitted in this EC without prior approval of SEIAA. In case of deviation or alterations in the project proposal from those submitted to the Ministry/SEIAA for clearance, a fresh reference shall be made to the Ministry/SEIAA, as applicable, to assess the adequacy of conditions imposed and to add additional environmental protection measures required, if any.
- xiv. The Regional Office, MoEF&CC, Chandigarh, Punjab Pollution Control Board and SEIAA/ SEAC members nominated for the purpose shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer(s) entrusted with this monitoring by furnishing the requisite data/ information/monitoring reports.

XIII. ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS:

i. The Environmental Clearance is granted to the project subject to the condition that industry shall obtain change of land use/building plan approval for the industrial purposes and submit a copy of the same to SEIAA. In case, CLU/building plan approval has been rejected for industrial use for any reason, SEIAA will not be responsible for the cost incurred on the project.

- ii. To achieve the Zero Liquid Discharge, waste water generated from different industrial operations should be properly collected, treated to the prescribed standards and then recycled or reused for the identified uses.
- iii. The Project Proponent shall install online monitoring system at inlet as well as at the outlet of ETP for monitoring various environmental parameters.
- iv. The project proponent shall make necessary arrangements for the recovery and reuse of steam condensate resulting from the indirect steam applications and shall not allow to discharge such effluents into drain.
- v. The project proponent shall provide advanced scrubbing systems with proper neutralizing media to handle the acidic/alkaline emissions from storage, handling & processing activities. Wherever required, packed bed scrubbers will also be provided. The suction and scrubbing systems shall also be designed to handle the inherent odours from such units.
- vi. The project proponent shall provide the Air Pollution Control Devices as proposed by the PPCB to control the emissions generated from the boiler within the prescribed parameter.
- vii. The project proponent shall practice rainwater harvesting to maximum possible extent. For this the Project Proponent shall adopt nearest village pond for carrying out rain water harvesting.
- viii. The Project Proponent shall ensure that the natural drainage channels in the project site including streams, drains, choes, creeks, rivulets etc. are not disturbed so that the natural flow of rain water etc is not impeded or disrupted in any manner.

Item No. 221.07: Application for issuance of TORs for proposed steel Manufacturing Unit located at Village Ambey Majra, Mandi Gobindarh, Tehsil Amloh, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab by M/s K.L Alloys Private Limited. (Proposal No. SIA/PB/IND/76347/2022).

The industry namely M/s K.L Alloys Private Limited is engaged in the manufacturing of steel ingots/billets, MS Round, Bars & Flats @ 28,700 TPA. The industry was granted Consent to Operate under the provisions of the Water Act 1974 & Air Act 1981 for the manufacturing of 82 MTD of steel ingots/billets which is valid up to 30.09.2023.

Now, the industry has proposed for carrying out expansion by increase in the manufacturing of steel ingots/billets, MS Round, Bars & Flats @ 28,700 TPA to 1,57,500. Since, the production capacity of the industry exceeds 30,000 TPA, as such the industry attracts the provisions of the activity 3(a) of the schedule appended with the EIA notification dated 14.09.2006.

The industry has applied for issuance of TORs for setting up of steel Manufacturing Unit located at Village Ambey Majra, Mandi Gobindarh, Tehsil Amloh, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab. The industry has proposed to manufacture 1,57,500 TPA of Steel Ingots/billets, MS Rounds, Bars, Flats by replacing existing induction Furnace of 7 TPH capacity with 2 new Induction Furnace having capacity 15 TPH each.

The Project Proponent undertake that the information given in the application are true to the best of his knowledge & belief and no facts have been concealed thereof. Further, he is aware that in case, if any information submitted was found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at their risk and cost.

The industry submitted the Form I, prefeasibility report and other additional documents through online portal. The cost of the project is Rs. 30.34 Cr. The industry has deposited Rs.72,300/- vide NEFT no. AXSK221170017155 dated 27.04.2022 & Rs. 3550/- vide NEFT no. AXSK221170017789 dated 27.04.2022 (Rs. 2,27,550/- 75% remaining fee will be deposited at the EC time), as checked & verified by the supporting staff of SEIAA.

Deliberations during 221st meeting of SEAC held on 27.05.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Sh. Manish Dhingra, Director, M/s K.L Alloys Private Limited.
- (ii) Sh. Sital Singh, Environmental Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.
- (iii) Sh. Sandeep Singh, Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of Project Proponent to present the salient features of the project. Thereafter, Environmental Consultant presented the case as under: -

Sr.	Description	Details
No.		
1.	Online Proposal No.	SIA/PB/IND/76347/2022
2.	Name and Location of the	M/s K.L. Alloys Pvt. Ltd. located at Village- Ambey Majra, Mandi
	project	Gobindgarh Tehsil- Amloh, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab.
3.	Nature of project (Fresh	Fresh (ToR)
	EC/EC for Expansion/New)	
4.	a) Category	(a) B1
	b) Activity	(b) Metallurgical Industries (ferrous & non-ferrous) (8), Schedule
	(As per schedule appended	3(a) as per EIA notification-2006.
	to EIA Notification, 2006 as	
-	amended time to time.)	
5.	Whether project falls within 5km from the boundary of	No
	critically polluted area	
	(Yes/No)	
6.	Undertaking to reflect that	No, a self-declaration to the effect that the project does not
•	project is neither located	require the clearance under the provisions of Punjab Land
	near to PLPA area nor fall in	Preservation Act (PLPA) 1900 submitted
	the PLPA area	
7.	Whether the industry	No, a self-declaration to the effect that no land covered under the
	required clearance under	Forest Conservation Act 1980 is involved in the project submitted.
	the provisions of Forest	
	Conservation Act 1980 or	
	not:	
8.	Whether industry required clearance under the	No wildlife sanctuary is involved in the vicinity or study area of the project site. Thus, the industry does not require clearance under
	provisions of Wildlife	the provisions of Wildlife Protection Act 1972. A self-declaration
	Protection Act 1972 or not:	in this regard submitted.
9.	Whether the industry falls	The project is not located in any notified eco-sensitive zone.
5.	within the influence of Eco-	
	Sensitive Zone or not.	
	(Specify the distance from	
	the nearest Eco sensitive	
	zone)	
10.	Classification/Land use	The industry falls in the industrial zone as per the Master Plan of
	pattern as per Master Plan	Mandi Gobindgarh.
11.	Details of land	Total Land – 10589.89 m ²
12.	Manpower (Existing & After	Existing - 80
	expansion)	Proposed – 160
		Total- 240

	S. No.	Details		Exist	ting Land		posed litional Land	Total Expa	l land nsion	afte
	1.	Plot Area	(in sqm)	1058	39.19	Nil		1	.0589.19	
L4.	Raw M	aterial requi	rement as p	er follo	wing format	:				
	S. No.	Raw M	aterial	Existi	ing (TPA)	Proposed (TPA)			After Expan (TPA)	sion
	1. MS Scrap, Ferro Alloys			30,800		1,44,025		1,74,825		
L5.	Produc	tion Capacit [,]	, as per follo	owing f	ormat:					
	S. No.	Produc	t name	I	Existing (TPA)		Proposed (TPA)		After Expansion (TPA)	
	1.		igot/Billets, s, TMT Bars,		28,700		1,28,800		1,57	7,500
L6.	Details of major productive machinery/plant									
	S. No. Partice		lars	Existing		Pro	posed	After Expansion		
	1.	1. Induction Furnace, rolling mill			1X7TPH (Upgraded)		2X15 TPH		2X15 TPH	
	2.		Rolling mill		18 Ton/hr		Nil		18 Ton/	′hr
	3.	Concas			01 No.		Nil		01 No	
L7.		Requiremen		ce:						
	S. No.	Descrip	otion		Existing water demand (KLD)		r Proposed water demand (KLD)		Total demand	water (KLD)
	1.	Domes deman		water	3.6 KLI	D	7.2 KLD		10.8 KLD	
	2.	Cooling	; (makeup w	/ater)	8.0 KLI	D	6.0 KLD		14.0 KLD	
		Tot	al		24.5 KL	D	13.2 KLD		24.8	KLD
18.	Details	of Emissions	(After expa	ansion)						
	Sr. No.	Source	Capacity (TPH)		nimney eight n)		Details of existing & proposed Air Pollutio Control Device			ollutior
	i)	Induction Furnace	2X15 TPH,	-			e Suction Hood, ise, ID Fan (Offline r)	•		

	Sr. No.	Hazardous Was	azardous Waste Cate		Quantity (TPA) (After expansion)	Disposal arrangement Sent to TSDF site/Madhav Alloys		
	1.	Residue (APCD dust)- Bag filter		35.1	0.8			
	2.			5.1	0.02 kl/annum	Used as Lubricant within the industry/sent to authorized recyclers.		
20.	Solid v	vaste generation	and its	disposal(After	expansion)			
	Sr. No.	Solid Waste		itity (TPD) r Expansion)	Disposal arra	ngement		
	(i)	Slag	30		The slag generated shall be disposed of to the manufacturer of the concrete blocks, pavers and tiles.			
21.	Energy	/ Requirements (/	After e	xpansion)	10,000 KW			

The Committee observed that the industry falls in the industrial zone as per the Master Plan of Mandi Gobindgarh. After detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to categorize the project under Activity 3(a); B-1 with public consultation as required for the project. The Committee recommended the case to SEIAA to approve the Terms of Reference for proposed steel Manufacturing Unit located at Village Ambey Majra, Mandi Gobindarh, Tehsil Amloh, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab for preparing Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) report for the proposed project and recommended to SEIAA to issue the following TORs:

STANDARD TERMS OF REFERENCE

I) <u>Executive Summary</u>

Report in about 8-10 pages incorporating the following:

- i) Introduction of the Project and Promoter Company.
- ii) Products and capacities. If expansion proposal, then existing products with capacities and reference to earlier EC.
- iii) Requirement of land, raw material, water, power, fuel, with source of supply (Quantitative)

- iv) Process description in brief, specifically indicating the gaseous emission, liquid effluent and solid and hazardous wastes.
- v) Measures for mitigating the impact on the environment and mode of discharge or disposal.
- vi) Capital cost of the project, estimated time of completion
- vii) Site selected for the project Nature of land Agricultural (single/double crop), barren, Govt./private land, status of is acquisition, nearby (in 2-3 km.) water body, population, within 10 km other industries, forest, eco-sensitive zones, accessibility, (note - in case of industrial estate this information may not be necessary)
- viii) Baseline environmental data air quality, surface and groundwater quality, soil characteristic, flora and fauna, socio-economic condition of the nearby population Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk.
- ix) Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk
- x) Likely impact of the project on air, water, land, flora-fauna and nearby population
- xi) Emergency preparedness plan in case of natural or in plant emergencies
- xii) Issues raised during public hearing (if applicable) and response given
- xiii) CSR/CER plan with proposed expenditure.
- xiv) Occupational Health Measures
- xv) Post Project monitoring plan
- xvi) Synopsis of the project (Available on <u>https://decc.punjab.gov.in/</u>)

II) <u>Introduction</u>

- i) Details of the EIA Consultant including NABET accreditation
- ii) Information about the project proponent
- iii) Importance and benefits of the project

III) <u>Project Description</u>

- i) Cost of project and time of completion.
- ii) Products with capacities for the proposed project.

- iii) If expansion project, details of existing products with capacities and whether adequate land is available for expansion, reference of earlier EC if any.
- iv) List of raw materials required and their source along with mode of transportation.
- v) Other chemicals and materials required with quantities and storage capacities.
- vi) Details of Emission, effluents, hazardous waste generation and their management.
- vii) Requirement of water (breakup for induction and rolling mill), power, with source of supply, status of approval, water balance diagram, man-power requirement (regular and contract).
- viii) Process description along with major equipment and machineries, process flow sheet (quantitative) from raw material to products to be provided
- ix) Hazard identification and details of proposed safety systems.
- x) In case of Expansion/modernization proposals:
- a) Status of compliance of Consent to Operate for the ongoing /existing operation of the project from SPCB shall be attached with the EIA-EMP report.
- b) In case the existing project has not obtained environmental clearance, reasons for not taking EC under the provisions of the EIA Notification 1994 and/or EIA Notification 2006 shall be provided. Copies of Consent to Establish/No Objection Certificate and Consent to Operate (in case of units operating prior to EIA Notification 2006, CTE and CTO of FY 2005-2006) obtained from the SPCB shall be submitted. Further, compliance report to the conditions of consents from the SPCB shall be submitted.

IV) Site Details

- Location of the project site covering village, Taluka / Tehsil, District and State, Justification for selecting the site, whether other sites were considered. Copy of Master Plan indicating a land use pattern of the site is in conformity of proposals of Master Plan shall be attached with EIA report.
- ii) A top sheet of the study area of radius of 10 km and site location on 1:50,000/1:25,000 scale on an A3/A2 sheet. (Including all eco-sensitive areas and environmentally sensitive places)
- iii) Details w.r.t. option analysis for selection of site.
- iv) Co-ordinates (lat-long) of all four corners of the site.
- v) Google map-Earth downloaded of the project site

- vi) Layout maps indicating existing unit as well as proposed unit indicating storage area of raw material, finished products, greenbelt area with marking of tree, Location of STP/ETP, Solid waste storage area, Parking space, Firefighting equipment layout, First aid room, Location of Tube wells, DG Sets & Transformers and any other utilities
- vii) If located within an Industrial area/Estate/Complex, layout of Industrial Area indicating location of unit within the Industrial area/Estate.
- viii) Photographs of the proposed and existing (if applicable) plant site. If existing, show photographs of plantation/greenbelt, in particular.
- ix) Land use break-up of total land of the project site (identified and acquired), government/private - agricultural, forest, wasteland, water bodies, settlements, etc. shall be included. (not required for industrial area)
- A list of major industries with name and type within study area (10 km radius) shall be incorporated. Land use details of the study area.
- xi) Geological features and Geo-hydrological status of the study area shall be included.
- xii) Details of Drainage of the project up to 5km radius of study area. If the site is within 1 km radius of any major river, peak and lean season river discharge as well as flood occurrence frequency based on peak rainfall data of the past 30 years. Details of Flood Level of the project site and maximum Flood Level of the river shall also be provided. (mega green field projects)
- xiii) Status of acquisition of land. If acquisition is not complete, stage of the acquisition process and expected time of complete possession of the land.
- xiv) R&R details in respect of land in line with state Government policy

V) Forest and wildlife related issues (if applicable):

- i) Permission and approval for the use of forest land (forestry clearance), if any, and recommendations of the State Forest Department. (If applicable).
- ii) Land use map based on High resolution satellite imagery (OPS) of the proposed site delineating the forestland (in case of projects involving forest land more than 40 ha).
- iii) Status of Application submitted for obtaining the stage I forestry clearance along with latest status shall be submitted.
- iv) The projects to be located within 10 km of the National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Migratory Corridors of Wild Animals, the project proponent shall submit the map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden showing these features vis-a-vis the

project location and the recommendations or comments of the Chief Wildlife Warden-thereon.

- v) Wildlife Conservation Plan duly authenticated by the Chief Wildlife Warden of the State Government for conservation of Schedule I fauna, if any exists in the study area.
- vi) Copy of application submitted for clearance under the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972, to the Standing Committee of the National Board for Wildlife.
- vii) In case, no diversion of Forest land, Eco Sensitive area/ National park/Wild Life Sanctuary within 10 Km then the project proponent will submit the NOC from the concerned territorial / wildlife DFO's that no Forest/PLPA/Wildlife areas are involved, at the time of submission of EIA report

VI) <u>Environmental Status</u>

- i) Determination of atmospheric inversion level at the project site and site specific micrometeorological data using temperature, relative humidity, hourly wind speed and direction and rainfall.
- AAQ data (except monsoon) at 8 locations for PM 10, PM2.5, S02, NOX, CO and other parameters relevant to the project shall be collected. The monitoring stations shall be based CPCB guidelines and take into account the pre dominant wind direction, population zone and sensitive receptors including reserved forests.
- iii) Raw data of all AAQ measurement for 12 weeks of all stations as per frequency given in the NAQQM Notification of Nov. 2009 along with - min., max., average and 98% values for each of the AAQ parameters from data of all AAQ stations should be provided as an annexure to the EIA Report.
- iv) Surface water quality of nearby River (100m upstream and downstream) and other surface drains at eight locations as per CPCB/MoEF& CC guidelines.
- v) Whether the site falls near to polluted stretch of river identified by the CPCB/MoEF& CC.
- vi) Groundwater monitoring at minimum at 8 locations shall be included.
- vii) Noise levels monitoring at 8 locations within the study area.
- viii) Soil Characteristic as per CPCB guidelines.
- ix) Traffic feasibility / serviceability study for at least 5 days based on Indian Standard Codes. Further it shall also include the details of cross section of the road on which industry is located, vehicles movement w.r.t. the industry, traffic load of other vehicles on the road incorporating the haulage time for the vehicles for loading/unloading

within the premises and parking requirement to avoid the traffic congestions on the link and adjoining roads. Traffic study shall be conducted considering the traffic of the industries located in the vicinity.

- x) Detailed description of flora and fauna (terrestrial and aquatic) existing in the study area shall be given with special reference to rare, endemic and endangered species. If Schedule-I fauna are found within the study area, a Wildlife Conservation Plan shall be prepared and furnished.
- xi) Socio-economic status of the study area.
- xii) Baseline data should not be older than 3 years.

VII) Impact Assessment and Environment Management Plan

- i) Assessment of ground level concentration of pollutants from the stack emission based on site-specific meteorological features. In case the project is located on a hilly terrain, the AQIP Modeling shall be done using inputs of the specific terrain characteristics for determining the potential impacts of the project on the AAQ. Cumulative impact of all sources of emissions (including transportation) on the AAQ of the area shall be well assessed. Details of the model used and the input data used for modeling shall also be provided. The air quality contours shall be plotted on a location map showing the location of project site, habitation nearby, sensitive receptors, if any.
- ii) Water Quality modelling.
- iii) Impact of the transport of the raw materials and end products on the surrounding environment shall be assessed and provided. In this regard, options for transport of raw materials and finished products and wastes (large quantities) by rail or rail-cum road transport or conveyor-cum-rail transport shall be examined.
- iv) A note on treatment, recycling and reuse of wastewater from different plant operations, extent for different purposes shall be included. Complete scheme of effluent treatment. Characteristics of untreated and treated effluent to meet the prescribed standards of discharge under EPA Rules.
- v) Details of stack emission and action plan for control of emissions to meet standards.
- vi) Measures for fugitive emission control
- vii) Details of hazardous waste generation and their storage, utilization and disposal. Copies of MOU regarding utilization of solid and hazardous waste shall also be included. EMP shall include the concept of waste-minimization, recycle/reuse/recover techniques, Energy conservation, and natural resource conservation.

- viii) Proper utilization of fly ash shall be ensured as per Fly Ash Notification, 2009. A detailed plan of action shall be provided.
- ix) Action plan for the green belt development in 33 % area with not less than 1,500 trees per hectares giving details of species, width of plantation, planting schedule, post plantation maintenance plan for 3 years shall be included. The green belt shall be around the boundary and a scheme for greening of the roads used for the project shall also be incorporated.
- x) Action plan for rainwater harvesting measures at alternative sites shall be submitted to harvest rainwater from the roof tops and storm water drains to recharge the groundwater and also to use for the various activities to conserve freshwater and reduce the water requirement from other sources.
- xi) Total capital cost and recurring cost/annum for environmental pollution control measures shall be included.
- xii) Action plan for post-project environmental monitoring shall be submitted.
- xiii) Onsite and Offsite Disaster (natural and Man-made) Preparedness and Emergency Management Plan including Risk Assessment and damage control. Disaster management plan should be linked with the District Disaster Management Plan.

VIII) Occupational health

- i) Details of existing Occupational & Safety Hazards. What are the exposure levels of above-mentioned hazards and whether they are within the Permissible Exposure Level (PEL)? If these are not within PEL, what measures the company has adopted to keep them within PEL so that the health of the workers can be preserved.
- ii) Details of exposure specific health status evaluation of worker. If the workers' health is being evaluated by pre-designed format, chest x rays, Audiometry, Spirometry, Vision testing (Far & Near vision, colour vision and any other ocular defect) ECG, during pre-placement and periodical examinations give the details of the same. Details regarding last month analysed data of above-mentioned parameters as per age, sex, duration of exposure and department wise.
- iii) Annual report of the health status of workers with special reference to Occupational Health and Safety.
- iv) Plan and fund allocation to ensure the occupational health & safety of all contract and casual workers.

IX) <u>Corporate Environment Policy</u>

- i) Does the company have a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be detailed in the EIA report.
- ii) Does the Environment Policy prescribe for standard operating processes/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/violation of the environmental or forest norms/conditions? If so, it may be detailed in the EIA.
- iii) What is the hierarchical system or Administrative order of the company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the environmental clearance conditions? Details of this system may be given.
- iv) Does the company have a system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the company and / or shareholders or stakeholders at large? This reporting mechanism shall be detailed in the EIA report
- v) Details regarding infrastructure facilities such as sanitation, fuel, restroom, etc. to be provided to the labour force during construction as well as to the casual workers including truck drivers during the operation phase.

X) Enterprise Social Commitment (ESC)

- The project proponent shall propose activities in lieu of Corporate Environmental Responsibility (CER) in the Environmental Management Plan as per the provisions of OM dated 25.02.2021 issued by the MoEF&CC.
- ii) Any litigation pending against the project and/or any direction/order passed by any Court of Law against the project, if so, details thereof shall also be included. Has the unit received any notice under the Section 5 of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or relevant Sections of Air and Water Acts? If so, details thereof and compliance/ATR to the notice(s) and present status of the case.
- iii) A tabular chart with index for points wise compliance of above TORs.

XI) <u>STANDARDISED SPECIFIC TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR EIA STUDIES FOR INDUCTION/ ARC</u> <u>FURNACES/CUPOLA FURNACES 5TPH OR MORE</u>

- i) Details of proposed layout clearly demarcating existing & proposed features of the project within the plant.
- ii) Total no. of furnaces & details including capacity of each furnace.
- iii) Detail of the mechanical shredder to reduce the size of the raw material.
- iv) Complete process flow diagram describing each unit, its processes, and operations, along with material and energy inputs and outputs (material and energy balance).
- v) Details on the design and manufacturing process for all the units.

- vi) Details on environmentally sound technologies for recycling of hazardous materials, as per CPCB Guidelines, may be mentioned in case of handling scrap and other ·recycled materials.
- vii) Details on the requirement of raw materials, its source, and storage at the plant.
- viii) Details on the requirement of energy and water along with its source and authorization from the concerned department. Location of water intake and outfall points (with coordinates).
- ix) Details on toxic metal content in the waste material and its composition and end-use (particularly of slag).
- x) Details on toxic content (TCLP), composition and end-use of chrome slag. Details on the recovery of the Ferro chrome from the slag and its proper disposal.

XII) ADDITIONAL SPECIFIC TORS DECIDED DURING MEETING OF SEAC AND SEIAA

- i) Public consultation is required for the project as it is not located in a notified industrial park/estate.
- ii) The project proponent shall submit complete proposal for the management of ash at the time of submission of EIA report for obtaining environmental clearance
- Submit proof of ownership of land (existing owner) such as copy of latest Jamabandi (not more than one month old) and credible document showing status of land acquisition w.r.t. project site (as prescribed in OM dated 07.10.2014 issued by MoEF)
- iv) Submit dully filled prescribed field data sheets and analysis reports along with exact location of sampling / monitoring point marked on the layout map. Also submit the status of approvals of Laboratories.
- v) Submit cost of the project duly certified by Chartered Engineer/ Approved valuer / Chartered Accountant. In the absence of above, the project proponent may submit selfcertified detail of cost of the project mentioning the cost of Land, building, infrastructure and plant and machinery.
- vi) Certificate from the concerned authority w.r.t the location of protected areas as notified under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 within 5 km radius from the boundary of the project site.
- vii) Certificate from the Department of Town & Country Planning or concerned authorities to support the claim made by project proponent that the project site is located in the industrial zone as per the provisions of Master Plan of Town/City in the jurisdiction of

which the project site is located or the project proponent shall submit the Change of land use of the project site for total land area.

- viii) Compliance of the siting criteria, standard operating practices, code of practice, and guidelines if any prescribed by the SPCB/CPCB/MoEF&CC for such type of units.
- ix) Necessary permissions from the Central Groundwater Authority (CGWA)/ State Groundwater Authority (SGWA)/concerned authority for the abstraction of groundwater for the existing requirements as well as for the expanded unit. In case of not allowing such permission by the concerned authority for the abstraction of additional groundwater for the expanded project, the project proponent shall propose alternative arrangements to meet out the additional water requirements. It shall be ensured that:
 - a) In the projects where groundwater is proposed as a water source, the project proponent shall apply to the Central Groundwater Authority (CGWA)/ State Groundwater Authority (SGWA), as the case may be, for obtaining No Objection Certificate (NOC) if applicable.
 - b) Approval /permission of the CGWA/SGWA shall be obtained before drawing groundwater for the project activities.
 - c) In the absence of approval, submit a copy of acknowledgment along with a set of application filed to CGWA /Competent Authority for obtaining permission for the abstraction of groundwater
 - x) Minimize the water consumption in the steel plant complex by segregation of used water, practicing cascade use and by recycling treated water.
 - xi) STP for treatment of wastewater & re-utilization of the treated water for core/noncore activities so as to achieve the Zero Liquid Discharge Condition as per the III (iv) of OM dated 09/08/2018 issued by the MoEF&CC for such units.
 - xii) Reuse of cooling tower blow down, simultaneously ensuring the standards prescribed for such purge waters. If required, necessary arrangements shall be made to keep this waste stream within the parameters required for reuse.
 - xiii) In case of any acid pickling activity, the spent acid/effluents generated from such activities shall be utilized through authorized re-processors for converting the same into useful by-products like FeSO₄ etc. An agreement to this effect shall be made with the authorized agencies.
 - xiv) Adequate area to be reserved and marked on the layout plan for the green belt as per the conditions laid down by the MoEF&CC as per the Standard EC Conditions

prescribed for Induction/ Electric Arc Furnace & Rolling Mills circulated vide OM dated 09/08/2018.

- xv) Detailed study report along with calculation for reserving land for loading or unloading of raw material, products, slag, hazardous waste as well as for storage of these materials and the area to be reserved for parking incorporating the time required for loading and unloading of vehicles for respective activities and minimum/maximum period for which storage of the above material is required in the premises. The areas for the respective activities to be marked on the layout plan.
- xvi) Action plan for the compliance of standard operating procedures and up-gradation of suction and treatment arrangement for the secondary emissions as prescribed by the State Pollution Control Board or by CPCB/MoEF&CC.
- xvii) Compliance of standard operating procedures and up-gradation of suction/treatment systems for the control of secondary emissions within the time frame prescribed by the State Pollution Control Board. Similar action is to be implemented in the proposed expansion project.
- xviii) Whole of the vehicle movement area as well as the approach road to the gate /weighing bridge shall be paved with pucca/metalled / cement concrete road to control the dust emissions expected from the vehicle movement.
- xix) The vehicles to be used for loading/unloading purposes shall not be parked along the roadside so as to avoid the traffic congestion and dedicated parking place to be provided for the same.
- xx) Adopt green technologies to conserve the water and energy including shearing/cutting / bundling machines. Also, to provide abrasive resistant fire bricks in the crucibles to reduce the periodic maintenance & disposal of discarded fire bricks.
- xxi) Use of natural gas (if available) as substitute fuel wherever possible in the existing industry/ for the expansion project.
- xxii) Submit compliance w.r.t. condition no.II [(i) & (iii)] subtitled as "Air Quality Monitoring & Preservation" regarding continuous emission monitoring system and continuous ambient air quality monitoring as prescribed in the Standard EC Conditions for Induction/ Electric Arc Furnace & Rolling Mills issued by the MoEF&CC, New Delhi vide OM dated 09/08/2018.
- xxiii) Examine and submit the proposal for:
 - a) Recovery of iron from slag before disposing of it.

- b) Identify the areas for utilization of slag in a scientific manner and explore its usage in cement/construction industry/manufacturing of pavers & tiles/road laying etc.
- c) Recovery of precious metals like Zinc, lead and iron etc. from the APCD dust (Hazardous waste) through authorized re-processor.
- xxiv) Air Pollution Control Arrangement details shall be provided as below:

Plant	Pollu	Qty	Method used to	Number	Budget	Estimate	d Post
/Unit	tants	gener	Control	of units		Control Qty	
		ated	/specifications	planned		Pollutant	
			(attach Separate	&			
			Sheet to furnish	Capacity			
			Details)				
						Per	Per
						Unit	day

- xxv) Submit compliance regarding the installation of Pulse jet bag filter with offline cleaning technology as APCD with the proposed induction furnace.
- xxvi) List the species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping.
- xxvii) The project proponent shall collect the baseline data for three months (except monsoon season) as per MOEF&CC office memorandum dated 29.08.2017. For this, monitoring data of M/s Devbhoomi Casting Pvt. Ltd. falls within the buffer zone of the project collected during the period from 1st October 2021 to 31st December, 2021 may be utilized. Besides this, one-month additional study shall be undertaken at the project site from 15th January 2022 to 15th February, 2022.

XIII) <u>General Guidelines:</u>

- (i) The EIA document shall be printed on both sides.
- (ii) All documents shall be properly indexed, page numbered.
- (iii) Period/date of data collection shall be clearly indicated.
- (iv) The letter/application for environmental clearance shall quote the SEIAA file No. and also attach a copy of the letter.

- (v) The copy of the letter received from SEIAA shall be also attached as an annexure to the final EIA-EMP Report.
- (vi) The index of the final EIA-EMP report must indicate the specific chapter and page no. of the EIA-EMP Report.

Item No. 221.08: Application for extension in the validity of Environmental clearance granted under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 to M/s Kay Ell Dee Metaliks Pvt. Ltd., for production of Steel Ingots- 84000TPA and TMT Bars- 35000TPA capacity at Village- Ambey Majra, Tehsil- Mandi Gobindgarh, District-Fatehgarh Sahib (Proposal No. SIA/PB/IND/270409/2022).

The industry was granted Environmental Clearance by MoEF&CC under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 for establishment of Steel Unit for manufacturing of Steel Ingots @ 84000TPA and TMT Bars @ 35000TPA at Village- Ambey Majra, Tehsil- Mandi Gobindgarh, District- Fatehgarh Sahib vide no. zk-11011/414/2009-IA-II (I) dated 22 June 2011 which is valid up to 21.06.2018. Thereafter, the Project Proponent was granted extension in validity of Environment Clearance vide letter no. SEIAA/2018/932 dated 16.07.2018, up to 15.07.2021.

The industry has submitted an application for extension in validity of the Environmental Clearance and submitted Form-6, compliance of the earlier Environmental Clearance granted to the industry and analysis reports. The cost of the project is Rs. 19.95 Cr. The industry has deposited Rs. 1,99,500/- vide NEFT No.- N132221955746442 dated 12.05.2022 as checked & verified by the supporting staff of SEIAA.

The Project Proponent undertake that the information given in the application are true to the best of his knowledge & belief and no facts have been concealed thereof. Further, he is aware that in case, if any information submitted was found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at their risk and cost.

As per the notification dated 18.01.2021 issued by MoEF&CC, the period from 1st April, 2020 to the 31st March, 2021 shall not be considered for the purpose of calculation of the period of validity of Prior Environmental Clearance. The relevant para of the office circular is as under:

"9A. Notwithstanding anything contained in this notification, the period from the 1st April, 2020 to the 31st March, 2021 shall not be considered for the purpose of calculation of the period of validity of Prior Environmental Clearances granted under the provisions of this notification in view of outbreak of Corona Virus (COVID-19) and subsequent lockdowns (total or partial) declared for its control, however, all activities undertaken during this period in respect of the Environmental Clearance granted shall be treated as valid."

In compliance to the above said notification, the period from the 1st April, 2020 to the 31st March, 2021 has not been taken into account while calculating prior Environmental Clearance, as such, the Environmental Clearance granted to the industry is still valid up to 15.07.2022.

Deliberations during 221st meeting of SEAC held on 27.05.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Munish Dhingra, Director, M/s Kay Ell Dee Metaliks Pvt. Ltd.
- (ii) Sh. Sital Singh, Environmental Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.
- (iii) Sh. Sandeep Singh, Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.

The Committee observed that the Project Proponent was earlier granted Environmental Clearance on 22 June 2011 which is valid up to 21.06.2018. Thereafter, the Project Proponent was granted extension in validity of Environment Clearance on 16.07.2018 up to 15.07.2021. Even after the span of 11 years, the project proponent failed to implement the project in accordance with the Environmental Clearance granted to the Project Proponent. The Project Proponent apprised the Committee that the Project could not be completed due to delay in getting the statutory approvals from different Departments. He further, apprised that now he has got the approval from PSPCL regarding power supply of 15000 KW & also enhanced the credit limit from the Bank and will be able to complete the entire project within the time frame of the extension sought under Environmental Clearance. He therefore requested the Committee to again extend the validity of Environmental Clearance.

After deliberations, SEAC decided to forward the application to SEIAA with the recommendation to grant extension in validity of Environmental Clearance.

Item no. 221.09: Application for Environmental Clearance under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 for the establishment of residential housing Project at Village Ramgarh Bhudda, Tehsil & District, SAS, Mohali, (Punjab) by M/s Suman Divine Homes, (Proposal No. SIA/PB/MIS/271700/2022).

The project proponent has submitted an application for obtaining Environmental Clearance under EIA Notification dated 14.09.2006 for the establishment of residential housing Project at Village Ramgarh Bhudda, Tehsil & District, SAS, Mohali, (Punjab). The total land area of the project is 8049 sqm having built-up area of 21,785 Sqm. The Project is covered under Activity 8(a) & Category 'B2' of the schedule appended with the EIA notification dated 14.09.2006. The total cost project is Rs. 23.22 Crore.

The project proponent submitted the Form I, 1A and other additional documents along with processing fee amounting to Rs. 43,570/- vide RTGS No. MAHBH22127086208 dated 07.05.2022, as verified by the supporting staff SEIAA.

The Project Proponent undertake that the information given in the application are true to the best of his knowledge & belief and no facts have been concealed thereof. Further, he is aware that in case, if any information submitted was found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at their risk and cost.

PPCB was requested to send the latest construction status report of the project through e-mail on 13.05.2022. The construction status report is awaited.

Deliberations during 221st meeting of SEAC held on 27.05.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Sh. Sital Singh, Environmental Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.
- (ii) Sh. Sandeep Singh, Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of Project Proponent to present the salient features of the project. Thereafter, Environmental Consultant presented the case as under: -

Sr.	Description	Details
No.		
1	Basic Details	
1.1	Name of Project &	M/s Suman Divine Homes and Sh. Deepak Gandhi, Partner
	Project Proponent:	
1.2	Proposal:	SIA/PB/MIS/271700/2022

1.3	Location of Industry:	Village- Ramgarh Bhudda, Tehsil Dera Bassi, District- SAS Nagar, Punjab
1.4	Details of Land area & Built up area:	Total land area – 8049 sqm Area under road widening- 204 sqm Net Plot area – 7845 sqm Built up area- 21,785 sqm
1.5	Category under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006	B2
1.6	Cost of the project	Rs. 23.22 Crores
2.	Site Suitability Charac	teristics
2.1	Whether site of the industry is suitable as per the provisions of Master Plan:	The project falls in the residential zone as per the Master Plan of Zirakpur.
2.2	Whether supporting document submitted in favour of statement at 2.1, details thereof: (CLU/building plan approval status)	A copy of permission for Change of Land Use for total land area measuring 09 bigha, 12 Biswa, 11 Biswasi (9627.5 Sqyard) falling in the Village Ramgarh Bhudda, Zirakpur in the name of M/s Suman Divine Homes obtained from Additional Deputy Commissioner, (Urban Development), SAS Nagar, Punjab vide memo no. S1/CLU/ADC(UD)/S.A.S. Nagar/2022/196 dated 21.01.2022.
3	Forest, Wildlife and G	reen Area
3.1	Whether the industry required clearance under the provisions of Forest Conservation Act 1980 or not:	No, a self-declaration to the effect that no land covered under the Forest Conservation Act 1980 is involved in the project submitted.
3.2	Whether the industry required clearance under the provisions of Punjab Land Preservation Act (PLPA) 1900:	No, a self-declaration to the effect that the project does not require the clearance under the provisions of Punjab Land Preservation Act (PLPA) 1900 submitted.
3.3	Whether industry required clearance under the provisions of Wildlife Protection Act 1972 or not:	No wildlife sanctuary is involved in the vicinity or study area of the project site. Thus, the industry does not require clearance under the provisions of Wildlife Protection Act 1972. A self-declaration in this regard submitted.

3.4	the in Sensit not. <i>distan</i>	try flue ive (S) ice	the I falls within ence of Eco- Zone or <i>Decify the</i> from the co sensitive	Not applicable						
3.5	Green)	area	Green area 2115.82 sqm						
	requir propo trees:	sed	ent and I	Proposed number o	•					
4.	Config	gura	ation & Popula	tion						
4.1	Propo	sal	& Configuratio	n						
	SR NO			PARTICULA	ARS			4	AREA (m²)	
	1		Net Plot Area						7845	
				UP AREA DETAILS	m²					
	1		FAR Area	ı (Basement area + B		16346.91 5438.09				
	Total Block		se Details:						21,785m ²	
	Sr. No.		ame of the ock	Number of Flats	Type of Flat Numb		ber of Floors		Area in Sqft.	
	1.		ock A	96	3 ВНК	12	12		58536.344	
	2.	Bl	ock A1	36	3 BHK	12 12			45174.156	
	3.	Bl	ock B	48	3 ВНК				59461.194	
	4	E١	VS	18	1 BHK	9			9941.082	
	5.	Cl	ub	01		G+1			2844.0	
			Total	198 Flats					175956.77	
4.2	Popul	atio	on details:							
	Sr. No.		Description	Number of units	Population	Water require	ement		tal ater requirement KLD	
	1.		3 BHK- 180 1 BHK-18	198 @ 5 Persons/unit	990 Persons	86 lpc	d	85	5.14	
	2.				150 Persons 15 lp		15 lpcd 2.2			
	11	1			1140 Persons			87	.39	
5	Wate				1140 P CI 30113			07	105	

5.1	Total requir	wa	ater 8	7 KLD					
5.2	Total		ater 7	3 KLD					
5.2	Source	2:	Т	Tubewell					
5.3	obtain abstra of the from t Autho	ner Permiss ned ction/supp e fresh wa the Compet rity (Y/N) s thereof	for w ly ater	cknowledgeme vater filed with		cation for abstr itted.	action of 73 KLI	D of ground	
5.4		ement stic purpose	for	3 KLD					
5.4.1	Total gener	wastewo ation:	ater 6	9.6 KLD					
5.4.2	domes waste (STP c techno	dology for	STP of 100 KLD will be installed and the treated waste water will be used for for plantation, landscaping, parks & flushing etc						
5.6	Detail of trea waste green summ	s of utilizati ated water into area in er, winter a	8 S V	reated water w a flushing etc w ummer- 11.0 K Vinter-3.6 KLD ainy- 1 KLD	ithin the proje	ed for tree plan ct premises	tation, landsca	ping, parks	
5.7	rainy season: Utilization/Disposal of excess treated wastewater.			ummer- 44.6 K Vinter-52 KLD ainy- 54.6 KLD copy of permis	LD ssion for discha	r from STP shal rge of excess tr le certificate n	eated waste wa	ter into MC	
5.8	Cumu	lative Detai							
	Sr. No.	Total wat Requirem		Total wastewater generated	Treated wastewater	Flushing water requirement	Green area requirement	Into sewer	
	1.	87 KLD		69.6 KLD	69.6 KLD	14.0 KLD	11.0 KLD	44.6 KLD	

5.9	Rain water harvesting proposal:	2 No. RWH pits will be provided for carrying out rain water harvesting.						
6	Air							
6.1	Details of Air Polluting machinery:	D.G. se	t of capacity 50	0 K\	/A shall be in:	stalled.		
6.2	Measures to be adopted to contain particulate emission/Air Pollution	Canopy	Canopy equipped DG set with adequate height will be installed.					
7	Waste Management							
7.1	Total quantity of solid waste generation	460 kg/	460 kg/day					
7.2	Details of management and disposal of solid waste (Mechanical Composter/Compost pits)	The solid waste will be processed in accordance with the Municipal Solid Wastes (Management and Handling) Rules, 2000 and amended Rules 2016.						
7.5	Details of management of Hazardous Waste.	Used o recycle		be g	enerated whi	ich will be given t	to the authorized	
8	Energy Saving & EMP							
8.1	Power Consumption:	125 KW	I					
8.2	Energy saving measures:	LEDs w	ill be used for sa	avin	g energy			
8.3	Details of activities	For Cor	nstructional Pha	ise				
	under Environment Management Plan:	SR. NO.	PARTICULARS		APPROX. CAPITAL COST (LAC)	APPROX. RECURRING COST (LAC)	ITEMS COVERED	
		1.	Medical Cur First Aid	m	1.0	0.5	First aid medical facility with first aid kit	
		2.	Toilets for workers		1.0	0.5	Toilets with septic tank	

	Wind breaking curtains	2.0	0.5	Wind breaking walls at vulnerable areas
s	Sprinklers for Suppression of Just	2.0	0.5	Sprinklers, Pipeline
T	otal Cost	Rs 6.0	Rs 2.0	
For Opera	ational Phase			
SR. NO.	PARTICULARS	APPROX. CAPITAL COST (Rs LAC)	APPROX. RECURRING COST (Rs LAC)	ITEMS COVERED
1.	Sewage Treatment Plant	20.0	5.0	STP
2.	Solid Waste segregation & disposal	5.0	1.5	Colored Bins at appropriate Locations
3.	Green Belt including Lawns coverage	1.0	1.0 (for 3 years)	Plantation and landscaping
Total		26.0	7.5	

The Committee observed that the construction status report is awaited from the Punjab Pollution Control Board. It is therefore, decided by the Committee to defer the case till the receipt of the construction status report from Punjab Pollution Control Board.

Item no. 221.10 Application for environment clearance under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 for establishment of group housing project namely "Amritsar One" located at Shubham Enclave besides NH-1, Amritsar Punjab by M/s ATM Estate Pvt. Ltd. (Proposal no. SIA/PB/MIS/243835/2021).

The project was granted environment clearance vide MoEF&CC letter no. 21-42/2010-IA.III dated 20.04.2011 for the establishment of group housing project namely "**Amritsar One**" located at Shubham Enclave besides NH-1, Amritsar Punjab. The total land area of the project was 3.27 hectares with built up area of 51,383.45 sqm.

The Project Proponent mentioned in the proposal that the construction work pertaining to the following towers has been started in the mid of year 2011 and the construction continued till 2017 in accordance with the earlier Environment Clearance granted to the promoter company. The tower wise status of construction activity carried out till date is as under:

Tower Name	Type of DU	Total No. of Buildings in each Tower	Total No. of Slabs in each Building	Total No. of Slabs	Slab Work Completed	Pending Slab	Remarks
Tower 1	Type A	2	9	18	0	18	Construction pending
Tower 2	Type A & Type B	4	10	40	30	10	Partly construction pending
Tower 3	Type C & Type G (Duplex Penthouse)	2	11	22	22	0	Construction completed
Tower 4	Type D & Type H (Duplex Penthouse)	1	11	11	11	0	Construction completed
Tower 5	Type L (EWS)	1	8	8	0	8	Construction pending
-	Туре Е	2	3	6	6	0	Construction completed
Club	-	1	2	2	0	2	Construction pending

The Project Proponent also mentioned in the application that at the time of the earlier Environmental Clearance granted to the Promoter Company, the Non-FAR area was not taken into account in the total built-up area of the project. The Office Circular issued by MoEF&CC vide no. 19-127/2011-IA-III dated 02.04.2012 stated that the built-up area is the covered area on all the floors put together including basement (s) and other service areas which are proposed in the building/construction project. The Environmental Clearance was granted to the promoter company prior to the issuance of the said circular as such it may be possible that earlier the Non-FAR area has not been taken into account while calculating total built up area.

The project proponent has applied fresh proposal after including FAR & Non-FAR area as 65,343.18 sqm. The project is covered under activity 8 (a) and category B (2) of the schedule appended with the EIA notification dated 14.09.2006. The Project proponent has submitted the Form-1 and additional documents. The project proponent has deposited processing fee of Rs.27,920/- through UTR no. BARBX21337449434 dated 04.12.2021 and Rs. 1,02,768/- vide UTR No. BARBV22094566633 dated 04.04.2022, as checked and verified by the supporting staff of SEIAA.

The Project Proponent undertake that the information given in the application are true to the best of his knowledge & belief and no facts have been concealed thereof. Further, he is aware that in case, if any information submitted was found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at their risk and cost.

Punjab Pollution Control Board through e-mail dated 05.05.2022 has sent the latest construction status report with details as under:

"It is intimated that Housing project namely "Amritsar One" located at Shubham Enclave besides NH-1, Amritsar, Punjab email dated 13.04.2022 received in this office. Accordingly, the site was visited by officer of this office on 04.05.2022 and the following points observed as under: -

- **1.** The project is constructed in plot area of 32,685.28 sq.m. **65% construction activities has** been done within the project as per earlier granted environmental clearance. Further, no construction activity is being carried out presently.
- 2. As per the boundary limits site shown by the Project Proponent during the visit, Maple Leaf Towers, Shubham Enclave & Sri Guru Teg Bahardur College are located on West side;NH-1 is located at a distance of approx. 300 m on the southern side &a distributary is flowing at a distance of approx. 200 m in Eastern side of the project.
- 3. The project proponent has already obtained CLU vide No. MTP/1588 dated 27.07.2018 issued by Municipal Town Planner, Amritsar and the site is suitable for setting up of such type of projects."

Deliberations during 221st meeting of SEAC held on 27.05.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Sh. Kapil Sachdeva, Director, M/s ATM Estates Pvt. Ltd.
- (ii) Mr. Sandeep Garg, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco laboratories Pvt Ltd.
- (iii) Mrs. Simranjit Kaur, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco laboratories Pvt. Ltd.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of the Project Proponent to present the salient features of the project. He, thereafter, presented the case as under:

Sr.	Description	Details
No.		
1	Basic Details	
1.1	Name of Project &	Group Housing project namely "Amritsar One" at Shubham Enclave,
	Project Proponent:	Besides NH-1, Amritsar, Punjab by M/s ATM Estates Pvt. Ltd.
1.2	Proposal:	SIA/PB/MIS/243835/2021
1.3	Location of Project:	Shubham Enclave, Besides NH-1, Amritsar, Punjab.
1.4	Details of Land area	Site area: 32,685.28 sq.m. (3.27 ha)
	& Built up area:	Built up area: 65,343.18 sq. m
1.5	Category under EIA	The project falls under activity 8(a) - 'Building & Construction Project'
	notification dated	Category B2 as the built-up area of project is 65,343.18 sq. m.
	14.09.2006	
1.6	Cost of the project	Rs. 137.46 Crores
2.	Site Suitability Charac	teristics
2.1	Whether project is	The project falls under residential zone as per the Master Plan of Amritsar.
	suitable as per the	Copy of Master Plan showing project location is enclosed along with
	provisions of Master	application.
	Plan:	
2.2	Whether supporting	A copy of letter issued by the Municipal Town Planner, Municipal
	document submitted	Corporation, Amritsar vide no. MTP/1588 dated 27.07.2018, wherein it
	in favour of	has been mentioned that the CLU for the group housing project "ATM
	statement at 2.1,	Estate Private Limited" has been approved vide Commissioner order
	details thereof:	dated 12.10.2010 submitted.
	(CLU/building plan	
	approval status)	
3	Forest, Wildlife and G	reen Area
3.1	Whether the project	No forest land is involved in the project. A self-declaration in this regard
	required clearance	submitted.
	under the provisions	
	of Forest	
	Conservations Act	
	1980 or not:	
3.2	Whether the project	Not submitted any details in this regard.
	required clearance	
	under the provisions	
	of Punjab Land	

	Preservation Act (PLPA), 1900.					
3.3	Whether proj required clearan under the provisio of Wild Protection Act 19 or not:	 Thus, Wildlife Clearance is not required. A self-declaration in this rega submitted. 				
3.5	Whether the proj falls within influence of E Sensitive Zone not.	the co-				
3.6		area Total green area: 5,350.989 sq. m (@ 16.37%) and Proposed trees to be planted: 425 nos. of				
4.	Configuration & P	Population				
				ding The sead	Convetion dat	
		its including EWS fla	ts and club build	-	-	Built-up
	484 residential fla Tower Name	Type of DU	No. of DUs	FAR (in sq.m.)	Non-FAR (in sq.m.)	
	Tower			FAR	Non-FAR	Built-up Area
	Tower Name	Type of DU	No. of DUs	FAR (in sq.m.)	Non-FAR (in sq.m.)	Built-up Area (in sq.m.)
	Tower Name Tower 1	Type of DU Type A Type A &	No. of DUs 63 72 + 72 =	FAR (in sq.m.) 6208.402	Non-FAR (in sq.m.) 2209.386	Built-up Area (in sq.m.) 8417.788
	Tower NameTower 1Tower 2	Type of DU Type A Type A & Type B Type C & Type G (Duplex	No. of DUs 63 72 + 72 = 144	FAR (in sq.m.) 6208.402 14842.79	Non-FAR (in sq.m.) 2209.386 4630.152	Built-up Area (in sq.m.) 8417.788 19472.94
	Tower NameTower 1Tower 2Tower 3	Type of DU Type A & Type A & Type B Type C & Type G (Duplex Penthouse) Type D & Type H (Duplex	No. of DUs 63 72 + 72 = 144 64 + 8 = 72	FAR (in sq.m.) 6208.402 14842.79 9117.766	Non-FAR (in sq.m.) 2209.386 4630.152 3167.333	Built-up Area (in sq.m.) 8417.788 19472.94 12285.1
	Tower NameTower 1Tower 2Tower 3Tower 4	Type of DU Type A Type A & Type B Type C & Type G (Duplex Penthouse) Type D & Type H (Duplex Penthouse)	No. of DUs 63 72 + 72 = 144 64 + 8 = 72 32 + 4 = 36	FAR (in sq.m.) 6208.402 14842.79 9117.766 5033.231	Non-FAR (in sq.m.) 2209.386 4630.152 3167.333 1815.439	Built-up Area (in sq.m.) 8417.788 19472.94 12285.1 6848.67
	Tower NameTower 1Tower 2Tower 3Tower 4Tower 5	Type of DU Type A Type A & Type B Type C & Type G (Duplex Penthouse) Type D & Type H (Duplex Penthouse) Type H (Duplex Penthouse) Type L (EWS)	No. of DUs 63 72 + 72 = 144 64 + 8 = 72 32 + 4 = 36 49	FAR (in sq.m.) 6208.402 14842.79 9117.766 5033.231 1513.883	Non-FAR (in sq.m.) 2209.386 4630.152 3167.333 1815.439 100.5809	Built-up Area (in sq.m.) 8417.788 19472.94 12285.1 6848.67 1614.464

5.1		fresh water ement:	220 KLD							
5.2	Sourc		Borewell							
5.3	obtair abstra of th from Autho	her Permission hed for action/supply e fresh water the Competent rity (Y/N) s thereof	Acknowledgement of the application for abstraction of 220 KLD groun water from PWRDA has been submitted.							
5.4	Total gener	wastewater ation:	266 KLD	266 KLD						
5.5	(STP techn	odology: capacity,	300 KLD capa	300 KLD capacity based on MBBR technology followed by UF Plant.						
5.6		ed wastewater shing purpose:	113 KLD	113 KLD						
5.7	for g summ	ed wastewater reen area in er, winter and season:	Proposal for utilizing the below mentioned quantity of treated wastewater for development of green area of 5350.989 sqm. Summer: 29 KLD Winter: 10 KLD							
5.8	Monsoon: 3 KLDUtilization/Disposal of excess treated wastewater.Proposal for discharging the below mentioned excess quantity of tre wastewater into sewer.wastewater.Summer: 119 KLD Winter: 138 KLD Monsoon: 145 KLD The Project Proponent has submitted a copy of permission letter is by Municipal Town Planner, Amritsar vide letter dated 09.09.2 wherein it has been mentioned that the Project Proponent has to dep the sewerage sharing charges before connecting the sewer of proposed site with MC Sewer, Amritsar. The Department has no object for connection of sewer after deposition of requisite fee.					letter issued 09.09.2010, as to deposit ewer of the				
5.9	.9 Cumulative Details:									
	Sr. No.	Total water Requirement	Total wastewater generated	Treated wastewater	Flushing water requirement	Green area requirement	Into sewer			
	1.	333 KLD	266 KLD	261 KLD	113 KLD	Summer: 29 KLD Winter: 10 KLD Monsoon: 3 KLD	Summer: 119 KLD Winter: 138 KLD Monsoon: 145 KLD			

5.10	Rain water harvesting proposal:	Total 6 nos. of Rain water recharging pits are proposed for rain water recharging within the project premises. Out of which, 3 has already been constructed within the project premises.					
6	Air	constructed within the project premises.					
6.1	Details of Air Polluting machinery:	Total 2 nos. of DG set of capacity 500 KVA & 125 KVA have been proposed for power back up.					
6.2	Measures to be adopted to contain particulate emission/Air Pollution	DG sets will be equipped with acoustic enclosure to minimize noise generation and adequate stack height for proper dispersion.					
7	Waste Management						
7.1	Total quantity of solid waste generation	1,028 kg/day (2420 X 0.4 Kg/capita/day= 968 kg/day & 302 X 0.2 kg/capita/day= 60.4 kg/day					
7.2	Details of management and disposal of solid waste (Mechanical Composter/Compost pits)	During Operation Phase, about 1,028 kg/day @ 0.4 kg/capita/day for residential & @ 0.2 kg/capita/day for floating/visitors) of solid waste will be generated. The solid waste shall be duly segregated into biodegradable and non-biodegradable components. Biodegradable waste will be managed by installation of Mechanical Composter of capacity 500 kg and manure generated will be utilized within the project for landscaping. Inert waste will be disposed at our own cost to approved dumping site or disposal site of MC, Amritsar. While, domestic hazardous waste will be handed over to authorized vendors approved by PPCB.					
7.5	Details of management of Hazardous Waste.	Hazardous waste in the form of used oil from DG set will be generated which will be sold to authorized vendors as per The Hazardous & Other Wastes (Management & Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and its amendments.					
8	Energy Saving & EMP						
8.1	Power Consumption:	Total power requirement for the project will be 2,750 KW.					
8.2	Energy saving measures:	Solar panels have been proposed on the roof top of the building. The project will generate 250 KW of power generation.					
8.3	Details of activities under Environment Management Plan.	Mr. Kapil Sachdeva (Director) of responsible for implementation of ESI.DetailsNo.1.1.During phase2.During Operation phase					
		Expenditure on typical Environmental Measures in the remaining construction Phase					
		Description	Capital Rs. Lakhs	Recurring Cost Rs. Lakhs/annum			

	Waste Water Management (STP of 300 KLD, MBBR-UF)	50	3
	Air & Noise Pollution Management: (Tarpaulin sheets, Acoustics enclosures for DG sets).	10	1
	Landscaping	10	1
	Rainwater Recharging (3 pits)	10	1
	Environmental Monitoring	4	4
	Solid Waste Management (including mechanical composter of size 500 kg)	30	2
	Energy Conservation Measures (Solar lighting, CFL & solar panel system)	150	1
	TOTAL	264 Lakhs	13 Lakhs
F	penditure on typical Environmental N	ring Operation Phase	
	Description	Recurring Cost (Rs. In Lakhs/annum)	
	Waste water Management (STP of 3 MBBR-UF)	5	
	Air & Noise Pollution Management (Tarpaulin sheets, Acoustics enclosu DG sets).		
	Landscaping	3	
	Rainwater Recharging (6 pits)	1.5	
	Environmental Monitoring	4	
	Solid Waste Management (including	3	
	mechanical composter of size 500 kg		
			2

The Committee noted that the project was granted Environmental Clearance for construction of group housing project in the total land area of 3.27 ha. having built up area of 51383.45 sqm in the year 2011 and now, the Project Proponent has again come for obtaining Environmental Clearance in the year 2022 after span of 11 years. The Committee asked the Project Proponent to explain the reasons for non-completion of the project till date.

The Project Proponent apprised the Committee that due to financial constrains, the project could not be completed in time and at present only structural work pertaining to the project has been completed. The Committee noted the same.

Thereafter, the Committee perused the construction status report submitted by the Project Proponent wherein, it has been mentioned that 65 % of the construction activity has been completed at site. The Committee asked the Project Proponent to submit the compliance pertaining to development of green area within the project and show the number of trees planted at site so far. The Project Proponent apprised the Committee that he has not planted any of the tree. The Committee asked the Project Proponent to submit concrete and definite plan for development of green area, installation of STP and construction of rain water harvesting pits. In this regard, the Project Proponent has submitted an undertaking vide letter dated 27.05.2022 to the effect that 50% of green cover shall be developed within the project premises by 30.09.2022 and the construction pertaining to STP shall be completed by 30.09.2023 and 3 number of rain water harvesting pits shall be constructed by 30.09.2023. The SEAC took the undertaking submitted by the promoter company on record.

The Committee was satisfied with the presentation and reply given by the Project Proponent and after detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to award **'Silver Grading'** to the project proposal and to forward the application of the project proponent to SEIAA with the recommendation to grant Environmental Clearance for establishment of group housing project namely "Amritsar One" located at Shubham Enclave besides NH-1, Amritsar Punjab by M/s ATM Estate Pvt. Ltd., subject to the following conditions.

I. Statutory compliances:

- i) The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearances/ permissions from all relevant agencies including the town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building bye laws.
- The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for the structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment, etc. as per the National Building Code including protection measures from lightning, etc.
- iii) The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purposes is involved in the project.
- iv) The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.

- v) The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the Punjab Pollution Control Board.
- vi) The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for the abstraction of groundwater/ surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
- vii) A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
- viii) All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from the Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, and Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- ix) The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, Construction & Demolition Waste Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- x) The project proponent shall follow the ECBC/ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly.
- xi) The project site shall conform to the suitability as prescribed under the provisions laid down under the master plan of the respective city/ town. For that, the project proponent shall submit the NOC/ land use conformity certificate from Deptt. of Town and Country Planning or other concerned Authority under whose jurisdiction, the site falls.
- xii) Besides the above, the project proponent shall also comply with siting criteria/guidelines, standard operating practices, code of practice, and guidelines if any prescribed by the SPCB/CPCB/MoEF&CC for such types of projects.
- xiii) The project proponent shall construct the buildings as per the layout plan approved from the Competent Authority and in consonance of the project proposal for which this environment clearance is being granted.

II. Air quality monitoring and preservation

- Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
- ii) A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in the ambient air quality at the site.

- iii) The project proponent shall install a system to undertake Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common /criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g., PM10 and PM2.5) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
- iv) Diesel power generating sets proposed as a source of backup power should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use of low sulphur diesel would be the preferred option. The location of the DG sets may be decided in consultation with Punjab Pollution Control Board.
- v) Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke and other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, and continuous dust/ wind-breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 m height or 1/3rd of the building height and maximum up to 10 m). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murram and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
- vi) No Excavation of soil shall be carried out without adequate dust mitigation measures in place.
- vii) No loose soil or sand or construction and demolition waste or any other construction material that causes dust shall be left uncovered.
- viii) No uncovered vehicles carrying construction material and waste shall be permitted.
- ix) All the topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in horticulture/landscape development within the project site.
- x) Grinding and cutting of building material in open areas shall be prohibited. A wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
- xi) Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
- xii) All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site within the earmarked area and roadside storage of construction material and waste shall be prohibited. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.
- xiii) The diesel generator sets to be used during the construction phase shall be low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to the norms and regulations prescribed under air and noise emission standards.
- xiv) The gaseous emissions from the DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate

noise pollution. Low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.

- xv) For indoor air quality, the ventilation provisions as per the National Building Code of India shall be complied with.
- xvi) Roads leading to or at the construction site must be paved and blacktopped (i.e., metallic roads should be built and used).
- xvii) Dust Mitigation measures shall be displayed prominently at the construction site for easy public viewing.
- xviii) Construction and Demolition Waste Processing and Disposal site shall be identified and required dust mitigation measures will be notified at the site

III. Water quality monitoring and preservation

- i) The natural drainage system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water.
- ii) No construction shall be allowed which obstructs the natural drainage through the site, in wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rainwater.
- iii) Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as far as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
- iv) The total water requirement for the project shall be 333 KLD, out of which 220 KLD shall be met through own tube well. Total freshwater use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details and other relevant details as under:

Sr. No.	Total water Requirement	Total wastewater generated	Treated wastewater	Flushing water requirement	Green area requirement	Into sewer
1.	333 KLD	266 KLD	261 KLD	113 KLD	Summer: 29 KLD Winter: 10 KLD Monsoon: 3 KLD	Summer: 119 KLD Winter: 138 KLD Monsoon: 145 KLD

a) Storage tank of adequate capacity shall be provided for the storage of treated wastewater and all efforts shall be made to supply the same for construction purposes.

- b) During the construction phase, the project proponent shall ensure that the wastewater generated from the labour quarters/toilets shall be treated and disposed of in an environment-friendly manner. The project proponent shall also exercise the option of modular bio-toilets or will provide proper and adequately designed septic tanks for the treatment of such wastewater and treated effluents shall be utilized for green area/plantation.
- v) The project proponent shall ensure a safe drinking water supply to the habitants. Adequate treatment facility for drinking water shall be provided, if required.
- vi) The quantity of freshwater usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC and SEIAA along with six-monthly monitoring reports.
- vii) A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration, and the balance of water available. This should be specified separately for groundwater and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
- viii) At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious.
 Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape, etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
- ix) Dual pipe plumbing shall be installed for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing, etc. and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, air conditioning etc.
- x) Installation of R.O. plants in the project will be discouraged in order to reduce water wastage in form of RO reject. However, in case the requirement of installing RO plant is unavoidable, the rejected stream from the RO shall be separated and shall be utilized by storing the same within the particular component or in a common place in the project premises.
- xi) The project proponent shall also adopt the new/innovative technologies like low water discharging taps (faucet with aerators) /urinals with electronic sensor system /waterless urinals/twin flush cisterns/ sensor-based alarm system for overhead water storage tanks and make them a part of the environmental management plans/building plans so as to reduce the water consumption/groundwater abstraction.

xii) The project proponent will provide plumbing system for reuse of treated wastewater for flushing/other purposes etc. and will colour code the different pipelines carrying water/wastewater from different sources / treated wastewater as follows:

Sr. No	Nature of the Stream	Color code
a)	Fresh water	Blue
b)	Untreated wastewater from Toilets/ urinal and from Kitchen	Black
c)	Untreated wastewater from Bathing/shower area, hand washing (Washbasin / sinks) and from Cloth Washing	Grey
d)	Reject water streams from RO plants and AC condensate (this is to be implemented wherever centralized AC system and common RO has been proposed in the Project). Further, in case of individual houses/establishment this proposal may also be implemented wherever possible.	White
e)	Treated wastewater (for reuse only for plantation purposes) from the STP treating black water	Green
f)	Treated wastewater (for reuse for flushing purposes or any other activity except plantation) from the STP treating greywater	Green with strips
g)	Stormwater	Orange

- xiii) Water demand during construction should be reduced by the use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents, and adopting other best practices.
- xiv) The CGWA provisions on rainwater harvesting should be followed. A rainwater harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of the plot area and a storage capacity of a minimum of one day of the total freshwater requirement shall be provided. In areas where groundwater recharge is not feasible, the rainwater should be harvested and stored for reuse. As per the proposal submitted by the project proponent, 06 no. recharging pits will be provided for groundwater recharging as per the CGWB norms. The groundwater shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.
- xv) All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifers.
- xvi) No groundwater shall be used during the construction phase of the project. Only treated sewage/wastewater shall be used. A proper record in this regard should be maintained and should be available at the site.

- xvii) Any groundwater dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any groundwater abstraction or dewatering.
- xviii) The quantity of freshwater usage, water recycling, and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC, and SEIAA along with six-monthly Monitoring reports.
- xix) Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment by providing ultra-filtration Technology. STP shall be installed in a phased manner viz a viz in the module system designed in such a way so as to efficiently treat the wastewater with an increase in its quantity due to rise in occupancy. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/reused for flushing and gardening. No treated water shall be disposed of into the municipal stormwater drain.
- xx) No sewage or untreated effluent would be discharged through stormwater drains. Onsite sewage treatment with a capacity to treat 100% wastewater will be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry / SEIAA before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated wastewater shall be reused on-site for landscape, flushing, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by the Ministry of Environment, Forest, and Climate Change. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.
- xxi) Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- xxii) Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed of as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

IV. Noise monitoring and prevention

 Ambient noise levels shall conform to the commercial area both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during the construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce noise levels during the construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/SPCB.

- ii) A noise level survey shall be carried out as per the prescribed guidelines and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of a sixmonthly compliance report.
- iii) Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, earplugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.

V. Energy Conservation measures

- i) Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC.
- ii) Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
- iii) Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased daylighting design and thermal mass, etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof U-values shall be as per ECBC specifications.
- iv) Energy conservation measures like the installation of LEDs for lighting the area outside the building should be an integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.
- v) Solar, wind, or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher.
- vi) At least 30% of the rooftop area shall be used for generating Solar power for lighting in the apartments so as to reduce the power load on the grid. A separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher.

VI. Waste Management

- i) A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid waste, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from the project shall be obtained.
- ii) Disposal of muck during the construction phase should not create any adverse effect on the neighbouring communities and should be safely disposed of taking the necessary

precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of the competent authority.

- Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating the segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
- iv) Organic waste compost/ Vermiculture pit/ Organic Waste Converter/Mechanical Composter within the premises must be installed for treatment and disposal of the solid waste.
- v) All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie-up must be done with the authorized recyclers.
- vi) Any hazardous waste generated during the construction phase, shall be disposed of as per applicable rules and norms with the necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- vii) Use of environment-friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environmentally friendly materials.
- viii) Fly ash should be used as a building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly
 Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th
 January, 2016. Ready-mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- ix) Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.
- x) Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed of or sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.

VII. Green Cover

- i) No naturally growing tree should be felled/transplanted unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department.
- At least a single line plantation all around the boundary of the project as proposed shall be provided. The open spaces inside the plot should be suitably landscaped and covered with vegetation of indigenous species/variety. The project proponent shall ensure the

planting of 425 trees in the project area at the identified location, as the per proposal submitted, with plants of native species preferably having broad leaves. The size of the plant thus planted should not be less than 6 ft and each plant shall be protected with a fence and properly maintained. The project proponent shall make adequate provisions of funds to ensure maintenance of the plants for a further period of three years and thereafter, protected throughout the entire lifetime of the Project. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves, and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping. The plantation should be undertaken as per SEIAA guidelines.

- iii) The Project Proponent shall develop a green belt with native tree species (having canopy type structure and especially trees, and not grass) before the completion of the project. The greenbelt shall inter alia cover the entire periphery of the unit provided that the number of trees to be planted should not be less than one tree per 80 sqm of the total land area. The canopy trees shall also be planted around the parking area to provide shade to the parked vehicles.
- iv) Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned local Authority, a compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1: 10 (i.e. planting of 10 saplings of the same species for every tree that is cut) shall be done and the newly planted saplings will be maintained for at least 5 years. Green belt development shall be undertaken as per the details provided in the project document.
- v) Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during the plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.
- vi) The project proponent shall not use any chemical fertilizer /pesticides /insecticides and shall use only Herbal pesticides/insecticides and organic manure in the green area.
- vii) The green belt along the periphery of the plot shall achieve an attenuation factor conforming to the day and night noise standards prescribed for commercial land use.
- viii) The project proponent shall submit the progress of developing the green belt in the sixmonthly compliance report.

VIII. Transport

i) A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.

- a) Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
- b) Traffic calming measures.
- c) Proper design of entry and exit points.
- d) Parking norms as per local regulations.
- ii) Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a valid pollution check certificate, conform to applicable air and noise emission standards, and should be operated only during non-peak hours.
- iii) A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 km radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on the cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies within this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./ competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.
- iv) Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking should be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized.

IX. Human health issues

- i) All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris, or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust masks.
- ii) For indoor air quality, the ventilation provisions as per the National Building Code of India should be followed.
- iii) An emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard Identification and Risk Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, and medical health care, creche, etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- iv) Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done regularly.

v) A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

X. Environment Management Plan

- i) The company shall have a well-laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe standard operating procedures to proper checks balances and into focus have and to bring any infringements/deviation/violations of the environmental / forest/wildlife norms/conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements / deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stakeholders. A copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of the six-monthly report.
- ii) A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company headquarters level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will report directly to the head of the organization.
- iii) An action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with the responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by the competent authority. The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) of the proposed project as per the details given in Table below:

Sr. No.	Description	Capital Rs. Lakhs	Recurring Cost Rs. Lakhs/annum
1.	Waste Water Management (STP of 300 KLD, MBBR-UF)	50	3
2.	Air & Noise Pollution Management: (Tarpaulin sheets, Acoustics enclosures for DG sets).	10	1
3.	Landscaping	10	1
4.	Rainwater Recharging (3 pits)	10	1
5.	Environmental Monitoring	4	4
6.	Solid Waste Management (including mechanical composter of size 500 kg)	30	2
7.	Energy Conservation Measures (Solar lighting, CFL & solar panel system)	150	1
	TOTAL	264 Lakhs	13 Lakhs

Construction Phase:

Operation Phase

Sr. No.	Description	Recurring Cost (Rs. In Lakhs/annum)
1.	Waste water Management (STP of 300 KLD, MBBR-UF)	5
2.	Air & Noise Pollution Management (Tarpaulin sheets, Acoustics enclosures for DG sets).	0.5
3.	Landscaping	3
4.	Rainwater Recharging (6 pits)	1.5
5.	Environmental Monitoring	4
6.	Solid Waste Management (including mechanical composter of size 500 kg)	3
7.	Miscellaneous	2
	TOTAL	Rs. 19 Lakhs

XI. Validity

i. This environmental clearance will be valid for a period of 10 (ten) years from the date of its issue as per MoEF & CC, GoI notification No. S.O. 1807 (E) dated 12.04.2022 or till the completion of the project, whichever is earlier.

XII. Miscellaneous

- i) The project proponent shall obtain a completion and occupancy certificate from the Competent Authority and submit a copy of the same to the SEIAA, Punjab before allowing any occupancy.
- ii) The project proponent shall comply with the conditions of CLU, if obtained.
- iii) The project proponent shall prominently advertise in at least two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEF&CC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.
- iv) The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn have to publicly display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.

- v) The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on a half-yearly basis.
- vi) The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at the Environment Clearance portal and submit a copy of the same to SEIAA.
- vii) The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put the same on the website of the company.
- viii) The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as SEIAA Punjab, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
- ix) The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
- The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitments made during public hearing and also those made to SEIAA / SEAC during their presentation.
- xi) No further expansion or modifications in the project shall be carried out other than those permitted in this EC without prior approval of SEIAA. In case of deviation or alterations in the project proposal from those submitted to the Ministry/SEIAA for clearance, a fresh reference shall be made to the Ministry/SEIAA, as applicable, to assess the adequacy of conditions imposed and to add additional environmental protection measures required, if any.
- xii) The Regional Office, MoEF&CC, Chandigarh, Punjab Pollution Control Board and SEIAA/ SEAC members nominated for the purpose shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer(s) entrusted with this monitoring by furnishing the requisite data/ information/monitoring reports.
- xiii) This Environmental Clearance is granted subject to final outcome of pending related cases in the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, Hon'ble High Courts, Hon'ble NGT and any other Court of Law as may be applicable to this project.

XIII. Additional Conditions

- i) The approval is based on the conceptual plan/drawings submitted with the application. In case, there is variation in built-up area/green area/ any other details in the drawings approved by the competent authority, the Project Proponent shall obtain the revised Environmental Clearance.
- ii) The Project Proponent shall ensure that the natural drainage channels in the project site including streams, drains, choes, creeks, rivulets, etc. are not disturbed so that the natural flow of rainwater, etc is not impeded or disrupted in any manner.
- iii) Authorization from Punjab Pollution Control Board shall be obtained as applicable under the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules 2016 as amended from time to time.
- iv) The Bio-Medical wastes shall be managed in accordance with the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules 2016 as amended from time to time.
- v) The solid waste other than Bio-Medical Waste & Hazardous Waste (dry as well as wet garbage) generated should be properly collected and segregated before disposal to Municipal Authorities in accordance with the Municipal Solid Waste (Management & Handling) Rules, 2000. No municipal waste should be disposed off outside the premises in contravention of relevant rules and by-laws. Adequate measures should be taken to prevent any malodour in and around the Project premises.
- vi) In the event that the project proponent decides to abandon/close the Project at any stage, he shall submit an application in the prescribed form along with requisite documents through Parivesh to SEIAA for surrendering the Environmental Clearance as per the procedure prescribed in OM dated 29.03.2022 issued by the MoEF&CC. The project proponent shall be accountable for adherence/compliance of the EC conditions till such time as the project is finally closed by SEIAA, based upon the certified closure report of Integrated Regional Offices (IROs) of MoEF&CC, Chandigarh/PPCB.
- vii) This Environmental Clearance is liable to be revoked without any further notice to the Project Proponent in case of failure to comply with condition (vi) above.

Item No.221.11: Application for TOR for Expansion of existing Steel Manufacturing Unit Namely M/s P.P Castings located at Village Kumbh, Amloh Road, Mandi Gobindgarh, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab (Proposal No. SIA/PB/IND/76783/2022).

The industry has applied for issuance of TOR for expansion of the existing Steel Manufacturing Unit Namely M/s P.P Castings for increasing the production capacity to 300 TPD of Billets/ Ingots or Strips/ Patra with 2 IF's of capacity 10 TPH each & rolling mill located at Village Kumbh, Amloh Road, Mandi Gobindgarh, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab.

The industry was granted Consent to Operate under the provisions of the Water Act 1974 & Air Act 1981 for the manufacturing of 84 MTD of steel ingots which is valid up to 30.09.2023. The Project is covered under Schedule 3(a) & Category 'B1' as per EIA Notification, 2006.

The industry has submitted the Form I, Pre-feasibility report and other additional documents on online portal. The cost of project is Rs. 19.8713 Crore. The industry has deposited fees Rs. 49,545/- (25%) vide NEFT No. PUNBH2126606278 dated 06.05.2022 as verified by the supporting staff of SEIAA.

The Project Proponent undertake that the information given in the application are true to the best of his knowledge & belief and no facts have been concealed thereof. Further, he is aware that in case, if any information submitted was found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at their risk and cost.

Deliberations during 221st meeting of SEAC held on 27.05.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Sh. Vijay Data, Partner, M/s P.P Casting.
- (ii) Mr. Sandeep Garg, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco laboratories Pvt Ltd.
- (iii) Mrs. Simranjit Kaur, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco laboratories Pvt. Ltd.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of the Project Proponent to present the salient features of the project. He, thereafter, presented the case as under:

S.	Description	Details
No.		
1	Basic Details	
1.1	Name of Industry & Project	M/s P.P Castings
	Proponent:	Project Proponent: Mr. Vijay Data S/o Sh. Shiv Charan Data
		(Partner)
1.2	Proposal:	SIA/PB/IND/76783/2022

1.3	Location of Industry:	Village Kumbh, Amloh Road, Mandi (Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab	Gobindgarh, District
1.4	Details of Land area & Built up area:	The breakup of the project area is given belo	ow:
	area.	S. Description	Area (in sq.m.)
		1. Total area of the plot	18,736.78
		2. Area left for road widening	961.53
		3. Net area of the project	17,775.25
		(a) Shed covered area	5,035.31
		(b) Office Block covered area	228.53
		(c) Stores, Canteen, Toilet block & Security room, etc covered area	250.37
		(d) Plantation area	5,871.43
		(e) Road area	3,298.04
		(f) Parking area	1,092.62
		(g) Other Utility area	1,998.95
		Total area	18,736.78 sq.m. (4.63 acres)
1.5	Category under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006	3(a): Metallurgical Industries (ferrous & non	ferrous).
1.6	Cost of the project	Existing project cost: Rs. 15.50 Crores	
		Proposed Cost: Rs. 4.31 Crores	
		Total Cost after expansion: Rs. 19.81 Crores.	
1.7	Compliance of Public Hearing Proceedings	To be submitted with final EIA report.	
2.	Site Suitability Characteristics		
2.1	Whether site of the industry is suitable as per the provisions of Master Plan:	Yes, the site of the industry falls within the I Master Plan of Mandi Gobindgarh.	ndustrial Zone as per
2.2	Whethersupportingdocumentsubmittedinfavour of statement at 2.1,details thereof:(CLU/building plan approvalstatus)	Master Plan showing project location has the report. Further, a copy of letter issued dated 31.01.2022 regarding land use classifi- been mentioned that the site of the industry zone as per the notified Master Plan of submitted.	by DTP vide no. 127 cation, wherein it has falls in the industrial
3	Forest, Wildlife and Green Are		
3.1	Whether the industry required clearance under the provisions of Forest Conservation Act 1980 or not:	No clearance is required under the pr (Conservation) Act 1980. A self-declarat submitted.	

3.2	requir	ner the indused and the second s	the	ne				
	•	ions of Punjab La vation Act (PLPA) 19						
3.3	cleara provis	ner industry requi nce under ions of Wild tion Act 1972 or not	the llife t:	No wildlife sanctuary falls within the 10 km radius of the project. Bir Bhadson Wildlife Sanctuary is located at a distance of 12.5 km from the project site. Therefore, no clearance is required under the provisions of Wildlife Protection Act 1972. A self- declaration in this regard submitted.				
3.4		ce of the industry fr itically Polluted Area		Nearest Critical of approx. 46 ki	•			na located at a distance
3.5	within Sensiti the dis Eco se	ner the industry f the influence of E ive Zone or not. (Spe stance from the near nsitive zone)	co- cify rest	location.				
3.6		area requirement a sed No. of trees:		Green area of 5,871.43 sq.m. (@ 31.3%) has been proposed within the project premises.				
			A	Approx. 881 no. of trees shall be planted.				
4.	-	Naterial & Products:						
4.1		naterial details:	<u>т</u>		1			
	Sr. No.	Raw Material	Exist	ing	Prop	osed		otal after expansion
	1	Scrap & Ferro Alloys	89 T	PD	231	TPD	32	20 TPD
	Produ	cts Details:						
	Sr. No.	Product Name	Existi	ng	Prop	osed	То	otal after expansion
	1	Billets/Ingots or Strips/Patra	84 TP	TPD 216		TPD	300 TPD	
	Machi	nery Details:						
	Sr. No.	Equipment's/Mac	hinery	Existing		Proposed	Tota	I
	1.	Induction Furnace		1 (7 TPH capa	acity)	1 (10 TPH)	with 10 T	TPH to be replaced 10 TPH and one new PH shall be installed expansion)
	2.	Rolling Mill		1			1	
4.2	Popula	ation details	ĩ	No. of existing workers = 30 workers No. of additional workers to be hired = 50 workers Total No. of workers after expansion = 80 workers				

		No workers residing within the project premises.
5	Water	
5.1	Total fresh water requirement:	Existing scheme:
		Total water requirement for the existing project is 12 KLD. Out of this, 10 KLD is the make-up water demand for cooling purpose & 2 KLD is domestic water demand. Proposed scheme:
		After expansion, the total water requirement of the project will be 72 KLD which will be met through existing borewells. Out of this, 36 KLD will be make-up water demand for cooling purpose, 4 KLD will be the domestic water demand & 32 KLD will be green area water demand for green area of 5,871.43 sq.m.
5.2	Source:	Ground water (2 No. borewells)
5.3	WhetherPermissionobtainedforabstraction/supplyofthefreshwaterfromthetheCompetent Authority (Y/N)Details thereof	No, permission will be obtained from PWRDA for abstraction of ground water and copy of the same will be submitted with EIA report.
5.4	Total water requirement for	Domestic water requirement for the existing unit is 2 KLD and
	domestic purpose:	after expansion the requirement will be 4 KLD.
5.4.1	Total wastewater generation:	Approx. 1.6 KLD of domestic wastewater is being generated from the unit. After expansion, 3.2 KLD of domestic wastewater will be generated.
5.4.2	Treatment methodology for domestic wastewater: (STP capacity, technology & components)	Approx. 1.6 KLD of domestic effluent is being generated from the existing project which is being treated in septic tank provided within the project premises. After expansion, the quantity of domestic effluent is estimated to be 3.2 KLD which will be treated in proposed STP of capacity 5 KLD to be installed within project premises. Treated water will be reused for horticulture purpose.
5.5	Total water requirement for industrial purpose:	Make-up water demand for cooling purpose for the existing unit is 10 KLD. After expansion, 36 KLD will be make-up water demand for cooling purpose.
5.5.1	Total effluent generation:	No industrial effluent is being generated and even after expansion, no industrial effluent will be generated.
5.5.2	Treatment methodology for industrial wastewater: (ETP capacity, technology & components)	Not applicable, as no industrial effluent will be generated.

		onorticated	met	reated was	stewater will i	be reused	for horticulture	purpose.
waste	ewater into	green area in	S.	Season	Flushing	Green	Cooling	МС
sumn	ner, winter	r and rainy	No.		purposes	area sq.r	n purpose	Sewer
seaso	n:				(KLD)	(KLD)	(KLD)	(KLD)
			1.	Summer	-	3	-	-
			2.	Winter	-	3	-	-
			3.	Monsoon	-	3	-	-
5.7 Utiliz	ation/Dispo	sal of excess	Not a	applicable,	as treated w	vater will	be reused for I	norticulture
treat	ed wastewa	ter.	purpo	ose within	project premi	ses.		
5.8 Cumi	Iative Detai	ils:						
То	tal water	Total	Т	reated	Treate	ed	Green area	Into
Red	quirement	wastewater	was	stewater	wastewate	r reuse	requirement	sewer
		generated						
	72 KLD	3.2 KLD		3 KLD	3 KLD (Reu		32 KLD	0
	mestic				horticulture	purpose)	(for Summer	
	ater						season @ 5.5	
	mand 4						lt/sq.m./day)	
KL							n, sq, aay)	
	ake-up							
	ater							
	mand for							
со	oling							
ρι	rpose 36							
KL	D							
• Gr	een area							
w	ater							
de	mand 32							
KL	D							
5.9 Rain	water	harvesting	No ra	in water r	echarging pit	s has bee	n proposed with	in project
prop	osal:	-					g will be done o	
			proje	ct premise	s by adopting	g pond. N	OC will be obta	ined from
			Sarpa	nch of the	Village regar	ding pond	adoption and co	opy of the
			same	along with	n detailed rai	n water re	echarging propo	sal will be
			subm	itted with	EIA report.			
6. Air								
6.1 Detai	ls of Aiı	r Polluting	Sour	ce of air p	ollution are gi	iven belov	v:	
mach	inery:	_	S.	M	achinery		Description	
			No				-	
			4	د برام مرا				
			1.	Induct	ion Furnaces		2 × 10 TPH	
			2.	1	DG sets	1	l25 KVA & 350 K	VA

6.2	cor	easures to be ntain iission/Air Poll	particulate i	The details of measures are giv	the sources of pollution and its mitigation en below:
	5. 0.	Source	Capacity	Chimney Height	APCD
1	L.	Induction Furnaces	2 × 10 TPH	30 m each	Side Suction Hood followed by Pulse Jet Bag Filter of capacity 50,000 CMH on each IF
2	2.	DG Sets	125 KVA & 350 KVA	0 3 m & 5 m	Canopy shall be provided

The Committee observed that the industry falls in the industrial zone as per the Master Plan of Mandi Gobindgarh. After detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to categorize the project under Activity 3(a); B-1 with public consultation as required for the project. The Committee recommended the case to SEIAA to approve the Terms of Reference for Expansion of existing Steel Manufacturing Unit Namely M/s P.P Castings located at Village Kumbh, Amloh Road, Mandi Gobindgarh, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab for preparing Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) report for the proposed project and recommended to SEIAA to issue the following TORs:

STANDARD TERMS OF REFERENCE

I) <u>Executive Summary</u>

Report in about 8-10 pages incorporating the following:

- i) Introduction of the Project and Promoter Company.
- ii) Products and capacities. If expansion proposal, then existing products with capacities and reference to earlier EC.
- iii) Requirement of land, raw material, water, power, fuel, with source of supply (Quantitative)
- iv) Process description in brief, specifically indicating the gaseous emission, liquid effluent and solid and hazardous wastes.
- v) Measures for mitigating the impact on the environment and mode of discharge or disposal.
- vi) Capital cost of the project, estimated time of completion
- vii) Site selected for the project Nature of land Agricultural (single/double crop), barren, Govt./private land, status of is acquisition, nearby (in 2-3 km.) water body,

population, within 10 km other industries, forest, eco-sensitive zones, accessibility, (note - in case of industrial estate this information may not be necessary)

- viii) Baseline environmental data air quality, surface and groundwater quality, soil characteristic, flora and fauna, socio-economic condition of the nearby population Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk.
- ix) Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk
- x) Likely impact of the project on air, water, land, flora-fauna and nearby population
- xi) Emergency preparedness plan in case of natural or in plant emergencies
- xii) Issues raised during public hearing (if applicable) and response given
- xiii) CSR/CER plan with proposed expenditure.
- xiv) Occupational Health Measures
- xv) Post Project monitoring plan
- xvi) Synopsis of the project (Available on https://decc.punjab.gov.in/)

II) <u>Introduction</u>

- i) Details of the EIA Consultant including NABET accreditation
- ii) Information about the project proponent
- iii) Importance and benefits of the project

III) <u>Project Description</u>

- i) Cost of project and time of completion.
- ii) Products with capacities for the proposed project.
- iii) If expansion project, details of existing products with capacities and whether adequate land is available for expansion, reference of earlier EC if any.
- iv) List of raw materials required and their source along with mode of transportation.
- v) Other chemicals and materials required with quantities and storage capacities.
- vi) Details of Emission, effluents, hazardous waste generation and their management.

- vii) Requirement of water (breakup for induction and rolling mill), power, with source of supply, status of approval, water balance diagram, man-power requirement (regular and contract).
- viii) Process description along with major equipment and machineries, process flow sheet (quantitative) from raw material to products to be provided
- ix) Hazard identification and details of proposed safety systems.
- x) In case of Expansion/modernization proposals:
- a) Status of compliance of Consent to Operate for the ongoing /existing operation of the project from SPCB shall be attached with the EIA-EMP report.
- b) In case the existing project has not obtained environmental clearance, reasons for not taking EC under the provisions of the EIA Notification 1994 and/or EIA Notification 2006 shall be provided. Copies of Consent to Establish/No Objection Certificate and Consent to Operate (in case of units operating prior to EIA Notification 2006, CTE and CTO of FY 2005-2006) obtained from the SPCB shall be submitted. Further, compliance report to the conditions of consents from the SPCB shall be submitted.

IV) Site Details

- Location of the project site covering village, Taluka / Tehsil, District and State, Justification for selecting the site, whether other sites were considered. Copy of Master Plan indicating a land use pattern of the site is in conformity of proposals of Master Plan shall be attached with EIA report.
- ii) A top sheet of the study area of radius of 10 km and site location on 1:50,000/1:25,000 scale on an A3/A2 sheet. (Including all eco-sensitive areas and environmentally sensitive places)
- iii) Details w.r.t. option analysis for selection of site.
- iv) Co-ordinates (lat-long) of all four corners of the site.
- v) Google map-Earth downloaded of the project site
- vi) Layout maps indicating existing unit as well as proposed unit indicating storage area of raw material, finished products, greenbelt area with marking of tree, Location of STP/ETP, Solid waste storage area, Parking space, Firefighting equipment layout, First aid room, Location of Tube wells, DG Sets & Transformers and any other utilities
- vii) If located within an Industrial area/Estate/Complex, layout of Industrial Area indicating location of unit within the Industrial area/Estate.

- viii) Photographs of the proposed and existing (if applicable) plant site. If existing, show photographs of plantation/greenbelt, in particular.
- ix) Land use break-up of total land of the project site (identified and acquired), government/private - agricultural, forest, wasteland, water bodies, settlements, etc. shall be included. (not required for industrial area)
- A list of major industries with name and type within study area (10 km radius) shall be incorporated. Land use details of the study area.
- xi) Geological features and Geo-hydrological status of the study area shall be included.
- xii) Details of Drainage of the project up to 5km radius of study area. If the site is within 1 km radius of any major river, peak and lean season river discharge as well as flood occurrence frequency based on peak rainfall data of the past 30 years. Details of Flood Level of the project site and maximum Flood Level of the river shall also be provided. (mega green field projects)
- xiii) Status of acquisition of land. If acquisition is not complete, stage of the acquisition process and expected time of complete possession of the land.
- xiv) R&R details in respect of land in line with state Government policy

V) Forest and wildlife related issues (if applicable):

- i) Permission and approval for the use of forest land (forestry clearance), if any, and recommendations of the State Forest Department. (If applicable).
- ii) Land use map based on High resolution satellite imagery (OPS) of the proposed site delineating the forestland (in case of projects involving forest land more than 40 ha).
- iii) Status of Application submitted for obtaining the stage I forestry clearance along with latest status shall be submitted.
- iv) The projects to be located within 10 km of the National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Migratory Corridors of Wild Animals, the project proponent shall submit the map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden showing these features vis-a-vis the project location and the recommendations or comments of the Chief Wildlife Warden-thereon.
- v) Wildlife Conservation Plan duly authenticated by the Chief Wildlife Warden of the State Government for conservation of Schedule I fauna, if any exists in the study area.
- vi) Copy of application submitted for clearance under the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972, to the Standing Committee of the National Board for Wildlife.

vii) In case, no diversion of Forest land, Eco Sensitive area/ National park/Wild Life Sanctuary within 10 Km then the project proponent will submit the NOC from the concerned territorial / wildlife DFO's that no Forest/PLPA/Wildlife areas are involved, at the time of submission of EIA report

VI) <u>Environmental Status</u>

- i) Determination of atmospheric inversion level at the project site and site specific micrometeorological data using temperature, relative humidity, hourly wind speed and direction and rainfall.
- ii) AAQ data (except monsoon) at 8 locations for PM 10, PM2.5, S02, NOX, CO and other parameters relevant to the project shall be collected. The monitoring stations shall be based CPCB guidelines and take into account the pre dominant wind direction, population zone and sensitive receptors including reserved forests.
- iii) Raw data of all AAQ measurement for 12 weeks of all stations as per frequency given in the NAQQM Notification of Nov. 2009 along with - min., max., average and 98% values for each of the AAQ parameters from data of all AAQ stations should be provided as an annexure to the EIA Report.
- iv) Surface water quality of nearby River (100m upstream and downstream) and other surface drains at eight locations as per CPCB/MoEF& CC guidelines.
- v) Whether the site falls near to polluted stretch of river identified by the CPCB/MoEF& CC.
- vi) Groundwater monitoring at minimum at 8 locations shall be included.
- vii) Noise levels monitoring at 8 locations within the study area.
- viii) Soil Characteristic as per CPCB guidelines.
- ix) Traffic feasibility / serviceability study for at least 5 days based on Indian Standard Codes. Further it shall also include the details of cross section of the road on which industry is located, vehicles movement w.r.t. the industry, traffic load of other vehicles on the road incorporating the haulage time for the vehicles for loading/unloading within the premises and parking requirement to avoid the traffic congestions on the link and adjoining roads. Traffic study shall be conducted considering the traffic of the industries located in the vicinity.
- x) Detailed description of flora and fauna (terrestrial and aquatic) existing in the study area shall be given with special reference to rare, endemic and endangered species. If Schedule-I fauna are found within the study area, a Wildlife Conservation Plan shall be prepared and furnished.

- xi) Socio-economic status of the study area.
- xii) Baseline data should not be older than 3 years.

VII) Impact Assessment and Environment Management Plan

- i) Assessment of ground level concentration of pollutants from the stack emission based on site-specific meteorological features. In case the project is located on a hilly terrain, the AQIP Modeling shall be done using inputs of the specific terrain characteristics for determining the potential impacts of the project on the AAQ. Cumulative impact of all sources of emissions (including transportation) on the AAQ of the area shall be well assessed. Details of the model used and the input data used for modeling shall also be provided. The air quality contours shall be plotted on a location map showing the location of project site, habitation nearby, sensitive receptors, if any.
- ii) Water Quality modelling.
- iii) Impact of the transport of the raw materials and end products on the surrounding environment shall be assessed and provided. In this regard, options for transport of raw materials and finished products and wastes (large quantities) by rail or rail-cum road transport or conveyor-cum-rail transport shall be examined.
- iv) A note on treatment, recycling and reuse of wastewater from different plant operations, extent for different purposes shall be included. Complete scheme of effluent treatment. Characteristics of untreated and treated effluent to meet the prescribed standards of discharge under EPA Rules.
- v) Details of stack emission and action plan for control of emissions to meet standards.
- vi) Measures for fugitive emission control
- vii) Details of hazardous waste generation and their storage, utilization and disposal. Copies of MOU regarding utilization of solid and hazardous waste shall also be included. EMP shall include the concept of waste-minimization, recycle/reuse/recover techniques, Energy conservation, and natural resource conservation.
- viii) Proper utilization of fly ash shall be ensured as per Fly Ash Notification, 2009. A detailed plan of action shall be provided.
- ix) Action plan for the green belt development in 33 % area with not less than 1,500 trees per hectares giving details of species, width of plantation, planting schedule, post plantation maintenance plan for 3 years shall be included. The green belt shall be around the boundary and a scheme for greening of the roads used for the project shall also be incorporated.

- x) Action plan for rainwater harvesting measures at alternative sites shall be submitted to harvest rainwater from the roof tops and storm water drains to recharge the groundwater and also to use for the various activities to conserve freshwater and reduce the water requirement from other sources.
- xi) Total capital cost and recurring cost/annum for environmental pollution control measures shall be included.
- xii) Action plan for post-project environmental monitoring shall be submitted.
- xiii) Onsite and Offsite Disaster (natural and Man-made) Preparedness and Emergency Management Plan including Risk Assessment and damage control. Disaster management plan should be linked with the District Disaster Management Plan.

VIII) Occupational health

- i) Details of existing Occupational & Safety Hazards. What are the exposure levels of above-mentioned hazards and whether they are within the Permissible Exposure Level (PEL)? If these are not within PEL, what measures the company has adopted to keep them within PEL so that the health of the workers can be preserved.
- ii) Details of exposure specific health status evaluation of worker. If the workers' health is being evaluated by pre-designed format, chest x rays, Audiometry, Spirometry, Vision testing (Far & Near vision, colour vision and any other ocular defect) ECG, during pre-placement and periodical examinations give the details of the same. Details regarding last month analysed data of above-mentioned parameters as per age, sex, duration of exposure and department wise.
- iii) Annual report of the health status of workers with special reference to Occupational Health and Safety.
- iv) Plan and fund allocation to ensure the occupational health & safety of all contract and casual workers.

IX) <u>Corporate Environment Policy</u>

- i) Does the company have a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be detailed in the EIA report.
- ii) Does the Environment Policy prescribe for standard operating processes/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/violation of the environmental or forest norms/conditions? If so, it may be detailed in the EIA.

- iii) What is the hierarchical system or Administrative order of the company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the environmental clearance conditions? Details of this system may be given.
- iv) Does the company have a system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the company and / or shareholders or stakeholders at large? This reporting mechanism shall be detailed in the EIA report
- v) Details regarding infrastructure facilities such as sanitation, fuel, restroom, etc. to be provided to the labour force during construction as well as to the casual workers including truck drivers during the operation phase.

X) <u>Enterprise Social Commitment (ESC)</u>

- The project proponent shall propose activities in lieu of Corporate Environmental Responsibility (CER) in the Environmental Management Plan as per the provisions of OM dated 25.02.2021 issued by the MoEF&CC.
- ii) Any litigation pending against the project and/or any direction/order passed by any Court of Law against the project, if so, details thereof shall also be included. Has the unit received any notice under the Section 5 of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or relevant Sections of Air and Water Acts? If so, details thereof and compliance/ATR to the notice(s) and present status of the case.
- iii) A tabular chart with index for points wise compliance of above TORs.

XI) <u>STANDARDISED SPECIFIC TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR EIA STUDIES FOR INDUCTION/ ARC</u> <u>FURNACES/CUPOLA FURNACES 5TPH OR MORE</u>

- i) Details of proposed layout clearly demarcating existing & proposed features of the project within the plant.
- ii) Total no. of furnaces & details including capacity of each furnace.
- iii) Detail of the mechanical shredder to reduce the size of the raw material.
- iv) Complete process flow diagram describing each unit, its processes, and operations, along with material and energy inputs and outputs (material and energy balance).
- v) Details on the design and manufacturing process for all the units.
- vi) Details on environmentally sound technologies for recycling of hazardous materials, as per CPCB Guidelines, may be mentioned in case of handling scrap and other ·recycled materials.
- vii) Details on the requirement of raw materials, its source, and storage at the plant.

- viii) Details on the requirement of energy and water along with its source and authorization from the concerned department. Location of water intake and outfall points (with coordinates).
- ix) Details on toxic metal content in the waste material and its composition and end-use (particularly of slag).
- x) Details on toxic content (TCLP), composition and end-use of chrome slag. Details on the recovery of the Ferro chrome from the slag and its proper disposal.

XII) ADDITIONAL SPECIFIC TORS DECIDED DURING MEETING OF SEAC AND SEIAA

- i) Public consultation is required for the project as it is not located in a notified industrial park/estate.
- ii) The project proponent shall submit complete proposal for the management of ash at the time of submission of EIA report for obtaining environmental clearance
- Submit proof of ownership of land (existing owner) such as copy of latest Jamabandi (not more than one month old) and credible document showing status of land acquisition w.r.t. project site (as prescribed in OM dated 07.10.2014 issued by MoEF)
- iv) Submit dully filled prescribed field data sheets and analysis reports along with exact location of sampling / monitoring point marked on the layout map. Also submit the status of approvals of Laboratories.
- v) Submit cost of the project duly certified by Chartered Engineer/ Approved valuer / Chartered Accountant. In the absence of above, the project proponent may submit selfcertified detail of cost of the project mentioning the cost of Land, building, infrastructure and plant and machinery.
- vi) Certificate from the concerned authority w.r.t the location of protected areas as notified under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 within 5 km radius from the boundary of the project site.
- vii) Certificate from the Department of Town & Country Planning or concerned authorities to support the claim made by project proponent that the project site is located in the industrial zone as per the provisions of Master Plan of Town/City in the jurisdiction of which the project site is located or the project proponent shall submit the Change of land use of the project site for total land area.
- viii) Compliance of the siting criteria, standard operating practices, code of practice, and guidelines if any prescribed by the SPCB/CPCB/MoEF&CC for such type of units.

- ix) Necessary permissions from the Central Groundwater Authority (CGWA)/ State Groundwater Authority (SGWA)/concerned authority for the abstraction of groundwater for the existing requirements as well as for the expanded unit. In case of not allowing such permission by the concerned authority for the abstraction of additional groundwater for the expanded project, the project proponent shall propose alternative arrangements to meet out the additional water requirements. It shall be ensured that:
 - a) In the projects where groundwater is proposed as a water source, the project proponent shall apply to the Central Groundwater Authority (CGWA)/ State Groundwater Authority (SGWA), as the case may be, for obtaining No Objection Certificate (NOC) if applicable.
 - b) Approval /permission of the CGWA/SGWA shall be obtained before drawing groundwater for the project activities.
 - c) In the absence of approval, submit a copy of acknowledgment along with a set of application filed to CGWA /Competent Authority for obtaining permission for the abstraction of groundwater
 - x) Minimize the water consumption in the steel plant complex by segregation of used water, practicing cascade use and by recycling treated water.
 - xi) STP for treatment of wastewater & re-utilization of the treated water for core/noncore activities so as to achieve the Zero Liquid Discharge Condition as per the III (iv) of OM dated 09/08/2018 issued by the MoEF&CC for such units.
 - xii) Reuse of cooling tower blow down, simultaneously ensuring the standards prescribed for such purge waters. If required, necessary arrangements shall be made to keep this waste stream within the parameters required for reuse.
 - xiii) In case of any acid pickling activity, the spent acid/effluents generated from such activities shall be utilized through authorized re-processors for converting the same into useful by-products like FeSO₄ etc. An agreement to this effect shall be made with the authorized agencies.
 - xiv) Adequate area to be reserved and marked on the layout plan for the green belt as per the conditions laid down by the MoEF&CC as per the Standard EC Conditions prescribed for Induction/ Electric Arc Furnace & Rolling Mills circulated vide OM dated 09/08/2018.
 - xv) Detailed study report along with calculation for reserving land for loading or unloading of raw material, products, slag, hazardous waste as well as for storage of these materials and the area to be reserved for parking incorporating the time

required for loading and unloading of vehicles for respective activities and minimum/maximum period for which storage of the above material is required in the premises. The areas for the respective activities to be marked on the layout plan.

- xvi) Action plan for the compliance of standard operating procedures and up-gradation of suction and treatment arrangement for the secondary emissions as prescribed by the State Pollution Control Board or by CPCB/MoEF&CC.
- xvii) Compliance of standard operating procedures and up-gradation of suction/treatment systems for the control of secondary emissions within the time frame prescribed by the State Pollution Control Board. Similar action is to be implemented in the proposed expansion project.
- xviii) Whole of the vehicle movement area as well as the approach road to the gate /weighing bridge shall be paved with pucca/metalled / cement concrete road to control the dust emissions expected from the vehicle movement.
- xix) The vehicles to be used for loading/unloading purposes shall not be parked along the roadside so as to avoid the traffic congestion and dedicated parking place to be provided for the same.
- xx) Adopt green technologies to conserve the water and energy including shearing/cutting / bundling machines. Also, to provide abrasive resistant fire bricks in the crucibles to reduce the periodic maintenance & disposal of discarded fire bricks.
- xxi) Use of natural gas (if available) as substitute fuel wherever possible in the existing industry/ for the expansion project.
- xxii) Submit compliance w.r.t. condition no.II [(i) & (iii)] subtitled as "Air Quality Monitoring & Preservation" regarding continuous emission monitoring system and continuous ambient air quality monitoring as prescribed in the Standard EC Conditions for Induction/ Electric Arc Furnace & Rolling Mills issued by the MoEF&CC, New Delhi vide OM dated 09/08/2018.
- xxiii) Examine and submit the proposal for:
 - a) Recovery of iron from slag before disposing of it.
 - b) Identify the areas for utilization of slag in a scientific manner and explore its usage in cement/construction industry/manufacturing of pavers & tiles/road laying etc.
 - c) Recovery of precious metals like Zinc, lead and iron etc. from the APCD dust (Hazardous waste) through authorized re-processor.

Plant	Pollu	Qty	Method used to	Number	Budget	Estimate	d Post
/Unit	tants	gener	Control	of units		Control C	Qty
		ated	/specifications	planned		Pollutant	:
			(attach Separate	&			
			Sheet to furnish	Capacity			
			Details)				
						Per	Per
						Unit	day

xxiv) Air Pollution Control Arrangement details shall be provided as below:

- xxv) Submit compliance regarding the installation of Pulse jet bag filter with offline cleaning technology as APCD with the proposed induction furnace.
- xxvi) List the species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping.
- xxvii) The project proponent shall collect the baseline data for three months (except monsoon season) as per MOEF&CC office memorandum dated 29.08.2017. For this, monitoring data of M/s Devbhoomi Casting Pvt. Ltd. falls within the buffer zone of the project collected during the period from 1st October 2021 to 31st December, 2021 may be utilized. Besides this, one-month additional study shall be undertaken at the project site from 15th January 2022 to 15th February, 2022.

XIII) <u>General Guidelines:</u>

- (i) The EIA document shall be printed on both sides.
- (ii) All documents shall be properly indexed, page numbered.
- (iii) Period/date of data collection shall be clearly indicated.
- (iv) The letter/application for environmental clearance shall quote the SEIAA file No. and also attach a copy of the letter.
- (v) The copy of the letter received from SEIAA shall be also attached as an annexure to the final EIA-EMP Report.
- (vi) The index of the final EIA-EMP report must indicate the specific chapter and page no. of the EIA-EMP Report.

Item No. 221.12: Application for amendment in Environmental Clearance under EIA Notification dated 14.09.2006 of "City of Dream 115" at Kharar, District SAS Nagar by M/s GK Residency Private Limited (Proposal No. SIA/PB/MIS/268583/2022).

The Project Proponent was granted Environmental Clearance vide letter number DECC/SEIAA/MS/2019/336 dated 02.04.2019 under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 for the establishment of residential group housing project in the land area of 5.02 acres having built up area 41054 sqm. The Environmental Clearance was granted for the construction of 412 number of flats and 10 number of shops.

The Project Proponent has filed an application for amendment in Environmental Clearance and submitted Form-4 along with the revised layout plan approved by Municipal Engineer, Municipal Council, Kharar and copy of compliance report of the conditions imposed in the earlier Environmental Clearance granted. As per the revised layout plan, the total number of flats to be constructed shall be 414 and 10 number of shops having built up area of 41174 sqm.

The Project Proponent undertake that the information given in the application are true to the best of his knowledge & belief and no facts have been concealed thereof. Further, he is aware that in case, if any information submitted was found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any to the project will be revoked at their risk and cost.

Deliberations during 221st meeting of SEAC held on 27.05.2022.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- (i) Mr. Vikas Sharma, Legal Advisor.
- (ii) Mr. Deepak Gupta, Environmental Advisor.
- (iii) Sh. Sital Singh, Environmental Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.
- (iv) Sh. Sandeep Singh, Consultant, M/s. Chandigarh Pollution Testing Laboratory.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of Project Proponent to present the salient features of the project seeking amendment in Environmental Clearance. Thereafter, Environmental Consultant presented the environmental parameters as per earlier and present proposal as under:

Sr.	Description	As per earlier EC	As per amendment proposal
No.			
1.	Number of Flats	412	414
2.	Built up area	41054 sqm	41174 sqm
3.	Population	2060 persons	2090 Persons
4.	Domestic water requirement	279 KLD	280 KLD

5. Flushing requirement	64 KLD	93 KLD
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After deliberations, SEAC decided to forward the case to SEIAA with the recommendation to grant amendment in Environmental Clearance issued earlier vide letter No. DECC/SEIAA/MS/2019/336 dated 02.04.2019.