

**STATE LEVEL EXPERT APPRAISAL COMMITTEE (SEAC), BIHAR**

2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, BELTRON Bhawan, Shastri Nagar, Patna – 800023.

Ref. No.- 241

Patna, Dated: - 15/12/2021.

**MINUTES OF 4<sup>th</sup> MEETING OF STATE LEVEL EXPERT APPRAISAL  
COMMITTEE (SEAC). BIHAR CONSTITUTED ON 12.08.2021**

VENUE: SEIAA Office

DATE: 04<sup>th</sup>December, 2021

**Minutes/Proceeding of the Meeting**

- 1. Opening Remarks of the Chairman:** The Chairman and Members extended warm welcome with each other and other participants of the meeting. Thereafter, the meeting was opened to start proceeding as per the agenda adopted for this meeting.
- 2. Confirmation of Minutes of 3<sup>rd</sup> Meeting (03/2021)** vide Ref. No. 197, dated 08.11.2021 of State Expert Appraisal Committee held on 30<sup>th</sup> October, 2021. The State Expert Appraisal Committee, hereinafter called the SEAC, was informed that no representation has been received regarding projects considered in meeting held on 30<sup>th</sup> October, 2021. Minutes of meeting of SEAC were confirmed.
- 3. Consideration of Proposals:** The SEAC considered proposals as per the agenda adopted for 4<sup>th</sup> meeting (04/2021) vide ref no. 211 and 216 dated- 25.11.2021 and 30.11.2021 resp. The key points of deliberations held were as follows.
- 4.** With regards to the proposals submitted for the real-estate/ apartment/ residential building projects, industry, etc. the Committee members did take stock of the land use plan of the project area, as per the Patna Master Plan. Further various issues, concerning the green area to residential flats ration, status of Waste Management and installation of alternative electric charging points etc. were thoroughly discussed.

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 1**

**Proposed Homi Bhabha Cancer Hospital & Research Centre at Village:-Rasulpur Saidpur Bazid, Tehsil:-Mushrahi, District:- Muzaffarpur, State:- Bihar, (Total Plot Area: 60,693.10 m<sup>2</sup>, Total Built-up Area: - 27,137.73 m<sup>2</sup>) – Reg. Environmental Clearance**

**(File No.: SIA/8(a)/1711/2021, Proposal No: SIA/BR/MIS/237189/2021)**

**Environment Consultant:** -Rian Enviro Private Limited (Certificate No. NABET/EIA/2124/IA0079).

Application along with filled up Form - I, Form - I (A) and Conceptual Plan in the prescribed format was submitted to SEIAA, Bihar on 15<sup>th</sup> November, 2021 for obtaining Environmental Clearance (EC).

The Project Proponent along with its environmental consultant Rian Enviro Private Limited), made a presentation on the key parameters and salient features of the project. Based on discussion, the Committee found their presentation and proposal satisfactory and acceptable, hence the Committee decided to recommend the proposed proposal for grant of Environmental Clearance subject to the following special conditions in addition to the standard conditions as **annexure 'A'**.

1. Put up signage to mark the silence zone within a 2 km radius of the proposed project. So, that noise pollution can be reduced.
2. Baseline data on radioactivity within 5 km of the project site shall be obtained and submit to SEIAA, Bihar and BSPCB, Patna.

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 2**

**Proposed Vardhman Institute of Medical Science (VIMS) at Mauza:-Dashratpur, Thana:-Pawapuri, District:-Nalanda, State:-Bihar; (Total Plot Area: 1,01,171 m<sup>2</sup>, Total Built-up Area: - 1,88,171 m<sup>2</sup>)– Reg. Environmental Clearance**

**(File No.: SIA/8(b)/688/2019, Proposal No: SIA/BR/MIS/69268/2019)**

**Environment Consultant:** - Rian Enviro Private Limited (Certificate No. NABET/EIA/2124/IA0079).



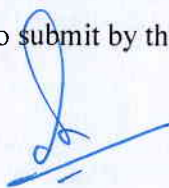
Application along with filled up Form - I, Form - I (A) and Conceptual Plan in the prescribed format was submitted to SEIAA, Bihar on 27.09.2013 for the prior EC. The SEAC observed that the project proponent has violated the EIA Notification, 2006 by undertaking the construction activities with obtaining the prior EC. In the light of recommendation made by SEAC, the SEIAA filed a complaint case under the EP Act in the court of CJM, Patna on 30.04.2015 (Complaint Case No. 98 of 2015). The CJM court, Patna convicted the project proponent on 22.12.2018.

In the light of above, the project proponent submitted an application along with filled up Form - I, Form - I (A) and Conceptual Plan in the prescribed format was submitted to SEIAA, Bihar on 14<sup>th</sup> May, 2019 for obtaining Terms of Reference (ToR). ToR has been issued by SEIAA, Bihar vide No. SIA/8(b)/688/19, dated 24.07.2019. Final EIA was submitted in the prescribed format was submitted to SEIAA, Bihar on 29<sup>th</sup> November, 2021 for obtaining Environmental Clearance (EC).

The Project Proponent along with its environmental consultant (Rian Enviro Private Limited), made a presentation on the key parameters and salient features of the project. The committee in details discussed project as violation case and resolved that the project can be considered to recommended for the EC as the court has already convicted for the violation of EP Act. However, the committee observed minor plagiarism in the EIA report for which consultant was warned to not to repeat the same in future. Committee was not happy with damage assessment report and proposed remediation and augmentation plan. Committee also observed ToR compliance report in the Tabular form in the EIA report. Therefore, committee recommended to resubmit the EIA report after revising the following component:

1. Revise the damage assessment report in accordance with CPCB calculation.
2. Revise the remediation plan and natural & community augmentation plan.
3. The compliance report of the Term of Reference is not in the proper tabular format in the EIA submitted by the proponent.

Committee also resolved to make a site visit to understand ecological and environmental damages caused by the project in view of development and operation of project without obtaining prior EC to evaluate revised damage assessment report and augmentation plan that has been asked to submit by the consultant before next meeting.



### **AGENDA ITEM NO. 3**

**Proposed Residential Building Project "IOB Galaxy" at Mauza:-Painal, Tehsil:-  
Bihta, District:-Patna, State:-Bihar, by M/s Ashirwad Engicon Private Limited; (Total  
Plot Area: 43,728.98 m<sup>2</sup>, Total Built-up Area: - 2,24,576.57 m<sup>2</sup>) – Reg.  
Environmental Clearance**

**(File No.: SIA/8(b)/1712/2021, Proposal No.: SIA/BR/MIS/240428/2021).**

**Environment Consultant: -PARAMARSH {Servicing Environment and Development  
(Certificate No. NABET/EIA/1821/RA0120)}.**

Application along with filled up Form - I, Form - I (A) and Conceptual Plan in the prescribed format was submitted to MoEF&CC, GoI on 27<sup>th</sup> July, 2021 for obtaining Terms of Reference (ToR). ToR has been issued by MoEF&CC vide F.No. 21-87/2021-IA-III dated 3<sup>rd</sup> August 2021. Final EIA was submitted in the prescribed format was submitted to SEIAA, Bihar on 29<sup>th</sup> November, 2021 for obtaining Environmental Clearance (EC) as an expansion project for which EC was granted by SEIAA, Bihar on 23.07.2020.

The Project Proponent along with its environmental consultant M/s. PARAMARSH (Servicing Environmental and Development), made a presentation on the key parameters and salient features of the project.

Based on discussion, the Committee sought the following revised information from the Project Proponent /Consultant: -

1. The Layout plan submitted shows that the width on road connecting main road just only 11-12 meters. In case of any disaster, evacuation for such large population (approx. 7500) will be very difficult. so that revised the layout plan.
2. Both Sides of each tower must be revised and allocated the same for community activities, open theater gardens etc.
3. Parking facilities must be according to current vehicle use practices.
4. Sufficient land space must be allocated for community interaction etc.
5. Resubmit revised EIA report showing table with regard to compliance of ToR.
6. Submit details of expansion proposed in tabular form for each component for which prior EC has been obtained on 23.07.2020.

7. Baseline environmental data for one complete season as per EIA guidance manual for Building & Construction and Area & Township development project of MoEF&CC in the revised EIA report.
8. It is also presumed that the proposed site must be visited with a team of the SEAC to check the varieties of the statements made by the proponent.

**Consideration of ToR Proposal**

**AGENDA ITEM NO. 4**

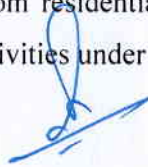
**Proposed Alaknanda Metals Private Limited (Expansion Project), Mauza:- Simlimurarpur, Village:-Kothia, P.S:-Didarganj, Tehsil:- Patna Rural, District:- Patna, State:- Bihar; with total production capacity for MS Billet of 1,35,360 MT/Annum, total production capacity for Induction Furnace of 1,35,360 MTPA, and TMT Bar & Structure of 1,80,000 MTPA – Reg. Terms of Reference (File No.: SIA/3(a)/1713/2021, Proposal No.:SIA/BR/IND/68833/2021).**

**Environment Consultant: -PARAMARSH {Servicing Environment and Development (Certificate No. NABET/EIA/1821/RA0120)}.**

Application along with filled up Form - I, Pre-feasibility Report and Environmental Management Plan in the prescribed format was submitted to SEIAA, Bihar on 29<sup>th</sup> November, 2021 for obtaining Terms of Reference (ToR).

The Project Proponent along with its environmental consultant M/s. PARAMARSH (Servicing Environmental and Development), made a presentation on the key parameters and salient features of the project. Based on discussion, the Committee found their presentation and proposal satisfactory and acceptable, hence the Committee decided to recommend the proposed proposal for grant of Terms of Reference subject to the following fulfillment of following condition in addition to the standard ToR conditions as **annexure 'B'**.

1. In the Patna Master plan the project falls within the residential zone. Submit the land conversion documents from residential zone to industrial purpose to use the proposed land for industrial activities under reference.



2. Obtain a no objection certificate from the competent authority regarding operation of proposed industry in the residential zone as proposed in the approved Master Plan of the Patna.

**LIST OF PARTICIPANTS IN 4<sup>th</sup> MEETING OF SEAC, BIHAR HELD ON 4<sup>th</sup> DECEMBER 2021**

S. No.	Name	Designation	Attendance on 04.12.2021
1	Dr. Gopal Sharma	Chairman	Present
2	Dr. Ramakar Jha	Member	Absent
3	Dr. Bibha Kumari	Member	Present
4	Dr. Anshumali	Member	Present through video link.
5	Dr. Aditya Mohanty	Member	Present through video link.
6	Shri Mokhtarul Haque	Member	Present
7	Shri Ranjan Kumar	Member	Present
8	Shri Ajit Samaiyar	Member	Absent
9	Shri S. Chandrasekar	Member Secretary	Present

**Signature(s) of Members Present**

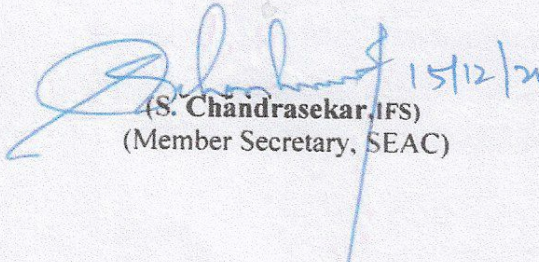
Sd/-  
(Dr. Aditya Mohanty)  
(Member, SEAC)

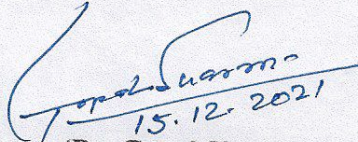
Sd/-  
(Dr. Bibha Kumari)  
(Member, SEAC)

Sd/-  
(Mokhtarul Haque)  
(Member, SEAC)

Sd/-  
(Dr. Anshumali)  
(Member, SEAC)

Sd/-  
(Ranjan Kumar)  
(Member SEAC)

  
(S. Chandrasekar, IFS)  
(Member Secretary, SEAC)

  
(Dr. Gopal Sharma)  
(Chairman, SEAC)

## Homi Bhabha Cancer Hospital & Research Centre, Muzaffarpur

### Annexure -A

#### I. Statutory compliance:

1. The Project Proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission including CTE and CTO from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
2. The Project Proponent will obtain CTE from the BSPCB before preparing site for construction; if applicable and CTO before giving occupancy.
3. The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment, etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening, etc.
4. All directions of the Airport Authority, Director of Explosives and Fire Department, etc. shall be complied with.
5. The Project Proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the Bihar State Pollution Control Board.
6. The Project Proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground water / surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
7. A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
8. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by Project Proponents from the respective competent authorities.
9. The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.

10. The Project Proponent shall follow the ECBC / ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power, GoI. strictly.
11. The facilities provided for collection, segregation, handling, on site storage & processing of solid waste such as chute system for multi-storey buildings, wet & dry bins, collection center & mechanical composter, etc. shall be properly maintained. The collected solid waste shall be segregated at site. The recyclable solid waste shall be sold out to the authorized vendors / recyclers for which a written tie-up must be done with the authorized vendors / recyclers.
12. Hazardous waste / E-waste should be disposed off as per Rules applicable and with the necessary approval of the Bihar State Pollution Control Board.
13. Solar power plant or other solar energy related equipment's shall be operated and maintained properly.
14. Provisions shall be made for the integration of solar water heating system.
15. Environmental Clearance conditions applicable for construction and operation phase which are in the interest of public at large must be displayed at prominent place which can be easily accessible to public along with address and contact number of authorities to whom violation of EC conditions can be reported.
16. Project site shall be adequately barricaded before the start of construction activity by erecting suitable windscreen upto, 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of the building height or 10 meters height whichever is more to prevent dispersion of dust particulate (fugitive emission) matter from the construction site.
17. Construction of appropriate civil structure and creation of other facilities shall be undertaken to provide benefit of the person suffering from disability in accordance with Hon'ble Supreme Court of India order dated 15<sup>th</sup> December 2017 in Writ Petition (Civil) 292 of 2006 with WP (Civil) 997 of 2013 (Disabled Rights Group & Anr. Vs Union of India & Ors).

## **II. Air quality monitoring and preservation**

1. Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.



2. Project proponent will install a continuous ambient air monitoring system (CAAQMS) having electronic display board in public domain in consultation with the SPCB to record parameters given in the Nation Ambient Air Quality Standard on continuous basis along with meteorological parameters. The collected data must be linked to the website of the SPCB/CPCB portal.
3. Project site shall be adequately barricaded before the start of construction activity by erecting suitable windscreen upto  $1/3^{\text{rd}}$  of the building height or upto 10 meters height whichever is more to prevent dispersion of particulate matter (fugitive emission) from the construction site. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. Plastic / tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing all loose construction material e.g sand, cement, murrum and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
4. A Management Plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.
5. Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of backup power should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets.
6. Dust, smoke& other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site.
7. All loose construction material e.g sand, soil, cement, stored on site shall be covered adequately so as to prevent dust pollution.
8. Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
9. Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
10. All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site (and not dumped on the roads or open spaces outside) before they are properly disposed. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules, 2016.

11. The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be low Sulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection), Act 1986 prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
12. The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
13. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India shall be implemented.

### **III. Water quality monitoring and preservation:**

1. The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water. No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wet land and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.
2. Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
3. Total fresh water use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details.
4. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the Project Proponent. The record shall be submitted to the SEIAA/ Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
5. A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.

6. At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape, etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
7. Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing, etc. and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning, etc. shall be done.
8. Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators, etc.) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
9. Separation of grey and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing system. In case of single stack system separate recirculation lines for flushing by giving dual plumbing system be done.
10. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
11. The local bye-law provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. If local byelaw provision is not available, adequate provision for storage and recharge should be followed as per the Ministry of Urban Development Model Building Byelaws, 2016. Rainwater harvesting recharge pits/storage tanks shall be provided for ground water recharging as per the CGWB norms.
12. A rain water harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of built-up area and storage capacity of minimum one day of total fresh water requirement shall be provided. In areas where ground water recharge is not feasible, the rain water should be harvested and stored for reuse. The ground water shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.
13. All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.
14. No ground water shall be used during construction phase of the project:



15. Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.
16. Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/re-used for flushing, AC make up water and gardening. As proposed, no treated water shall be disposed into municipal drain.
17. No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.
18. Onsite sewage treatment of capacity of treating 100% waste water to be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall be reused on site for landscape, flushing, cooling tower, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.
19. Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
20. Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.
21. Separate drainage system shall be developed for storm water so that end point discharge to nearest nallah / river is ensured to avoid water logging without any increase in the pollution load in receiving system.
22. Possibilities need to be explored to use STP waste water during construction phase. Fresh water shall be used only after exhausting the possibility of obtaining STP waste water located in municipal jurisdiction.



**IV. Noise monitoring and prevention:**

1. Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential area silence zone both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB / SPCB.
2. Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, ear plugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.
3. Project proponent will install a continuous noise monitoring system having an electronic display board in public domain in consultation with the SPCB to record noise level of the campus on continuous basis.

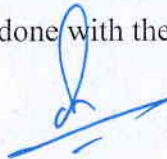
**V. Energy Conservation measures:**

1. Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC.
2. Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
3. Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased day lighting design and thermal mass etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof u-values shall be as per Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) specifications.
4. Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/ LED for the lighting the area outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.
5. Solar, wind or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-law's requirement, whichever is higher.

6. Solar power shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher. Residential buildings are also recommended to meet its hot water demand from solar water heaters, as far as possible.

**VI. Waste Management:**

1. A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid wastes, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the Municipal Solid Waste (M.S.W.) generated from project shall be obtained.
2. Proper composting / vermi-composting of municipal and biodegradable solid wastes shall be carried out. All municipal solid wastes shall be segregated, collected, transported, treated and disposed as per provisions of the Solid Wastes Management, 2016 (As amended).
3. All the top soil excavated during construction activities shall be stored for use in horticulture/landscape development within the project site.
4. Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
5. Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
6. Organic waste compost/ Vermiculture pit/ Organic Waste Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.3 kg /person/day must be installed.
7. All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie up must be done with the authorized recyclers.



8. Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the Bihar State Pollution Control Board.
9. Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials.
10. Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27<sup>th</sup> August, 2003 and 25<sup>th</sup> January, 2016, Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
11. Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.
12. Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.

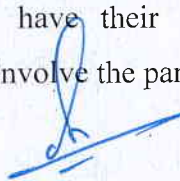
**VII. Green Cover:**

1. No tree should be felled unless exigencies demand. Wherever absolutely necessary, tree translocation shall be done with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained/translocated based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department. Plantations to be ensured in the ratio of species cut to species planted.
2. 16,920.03 sqm. (27.88%) of the total plot area shall be kept under green belt cover within the project site.
3. All the efforts shall be made not to fell any tree however if any tree need to be removed necessarily, it may be translocated with prior permission from concerned local Authority. In case of felling, plantations to be ensured in the ratio of species cut / removed to species planted. Area for green belt development shall be provided as per the details provided in the Project document.

4. Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and re-applied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.

#### **VIII. Transport:**

1. A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.
  - a) Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
  - b) Traffic calming measures.
  - c) Proper design of entry and exit points.
  - d) Parking norms as per local regulation.
  - e) Proper signages.
2. Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards be operated only during non-peak hours.
3. A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.





**IX. Human health issues:**

1. All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.
2. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
3. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.
4. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
5. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis.
6. A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

**X. Corporate Environment Responsibility:**

1. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms /conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements/deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.
2. A separate Environmental cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will directly the head of the organization.

3. Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by competent authority. The year wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and not to be diverted for any other purpose. Year wise progress of implementation of action plan shall be reported to the SEIAA/ Ministry, Regional Office along with the Six-Monthly Compliance Report.

#### **XI. Additional Conditions:**

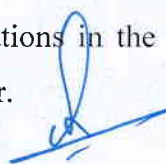
1. Plantation along the road as suggested in the meeting by increasing green belt and foot path.
2. Provide Waste water drain, rainwater drain and water supply pipe separately. Nothing should be drained outside the campus through underground pipes and nothing should be pumped to groundwater. All the sewage drains shall be covered.
3. Provide solar panels in 30% of total rooftop area (open terrace).
4. Provide Safety measures (Fire, disaster, flood, etc.), /medical facilities and arrangement for physically challenged persons.
5. Make provisions for electric vehicle charging point at each parking area, for both four wheelers and two wheelers.
6. All the building apartment block, green area and green building of the Campus must be as per RERA and Govt. of Indian Guidelines for residential apartments having high population load (more than 2000 people).

#### **XII. Miscellaneous:**

1. The Project Proponent shall prominently advertise it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded Environmental Clearance and the details of MoEF&CC/SEIAA, Bihar website where it is displayed.
2. The copies of the Environmental Clearance shall be submitted by the Project Proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in

addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.

3. All utility lines (electricity, telephone, cable, water supply, sewage, drainage, etc.) shall be laid below ground level. Ducts shall be provided along and across the roads to lay the utility lines. Major trunk (water/sewerage) lines are to be laid along the utility corridor.
4. Rest room facilities shall be provided for service population.
5. The Project Proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated Environmental Clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
6. The Project Proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitment made during their presentation to the State Expert Appraisal Committee.
7. The Project Proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated Environmental Conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal.
8. The Project Proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the Bihar State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
9. The Project Proponent shall inform the SEIAA, Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
10. The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the Bihar State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
11. No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the SEIAA, Bihar.



12. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this Environmental Clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
13. The Environmental Clearance granted on the basis of submitted layout plan of the proposed construction of buildings/establishments of industries, shall be provisional for a period of one year or till its approved by the competent authority whichever is earlier. Should there be any deviation / change in the layout plan (as contained in the project proposal on which Environmental Clearance is granted), the Project Proponent shall furnish a copy along with a request to SEIAA, Bihar to make necessary correction/revision in the Environmental Clearance accordingly. Any failure on part of the Project Proponent in doing so will be treated as a violation of Environmental Clearance condition.
14. The SEIAA may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
15. The SEIAA reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary which shall be implemented in a time bound manner.
16. The Regional Office of the MoEF&CC, GoI / SEIAA shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer(s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data / information/monitoring reports
17. Project Proponent shall erect a signboard on his project site and display information regarding name of the project, Environmental Clearance letter No., date and validity period of Environmental Clearance, and Environmental Clearance conditions which affect general public at large along with name of authority to which violation of Environmental Clearance conditions can be reported.
18. The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water(Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their

amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating o the subject matter.

19. Environmental Clearance shall remain valid for a maximum period of 7 years or completion of project whichever is earlier.
20. Any appeal against this Environmental Clearance shall lie with the Hon'ble National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.



## Annexure –B (Alaknanda Metals – ToR)

### 1. Executive Summary.

### 2. Introduction.

- i. Details of the EIA Consultant including NABET accreditation.
- ii. Information about the project proponent.
- iii. Importance and benefits of the project.

### 3. Project Description.

- i. Cost of project and time of completion.
- ii. Products with capacities for the proposed project.
- iii. Details of existing products with capacities and whether adequate land is available for expansion, reference of earlier EC if any.
- iv. List of raw materials required and their source along with mode of transportation.
- v. Other chemicals and materials required with quantities and storage capacities.
- vi. Details of Emission, effluents, solid waste, hazardous waste generation and their management.
- vii. Requirement of water, power, with source of supply, status of approval, water balance diagram, man-power requirement (regular and contractual).
- viii. Process description along with major equipments and machineries, process flow sheet (quantative) from raw material to products to be provided.
- ix. Production of a report / certificate from concerned authority enforcing Factory Act regarding suitability of existing unit / plant for proposed expansion mentioning whether existing plant is a satisfactory compliant of Factory Act.
- x. The proposal of the expansion of capacity to include thorough renovation / up-gradation of all existing infrastructure of the unit consisting development / construction of First aid center / dispensary room for workers, development of facilities (toilets / urinals / washing rooms, canteen etc.)
- xi. Hazard identification and details of proposed safety systems.



- xii. Submit a copy of application submitted to competent authority / agency with regard to supply of PNG gas pipe line.
- xiii. Expansion/modernization proposals:
  - a) Copy of all the Environmental Clearance(s) including Amendments there to obtained for the project from MoEF&CC/SEIAA shall be attached as an Annexure. A certified copy of the latest Monitoring Report of the Regional Office of the Ministry of Environment and Forests as per circular dated 30th May, 2012 on the status of compliance of conditions stipulated in all the existing Environmental Clearances including Amendments shall be provided. In addition, status of compliance of Consent to Operate for the ongoing existing operation of the project from SPCB shall be attached with the EIA-EMP report.
  - b) In case the existing project has not obtained Environmental Clearance, reasons for not taking EC under the provisions of the EIA Notification 1994 and/or EIA Notification, 2006 shall be provided. Copies of Consent to Establish/No Objection Certificate and Consent to Operate (in case of units operating prior to EIA Notification 2006, CTE and CTO of FY 2005-2006) obtained from the SPCB shall be submitted. Further, compliance report to the conditions of consents from the SPCB shall be submitted.

#### 4. Site Details.

- i. Location of the project site with description of surround covering village, Taluka/Tehsil, District and State, Justification for selecting the site, whether alternative sites were considered.
- ii. A toposheet of the study area of radius of 10 km and site location on 1:50,000/1:25,000 scale on an A<sub>3</sub>/A<sub>2</sub> sheet. (including all eco-sensitive areas and environmentally sensitive places).
- iii. Details w.r.t. option analysis for selection of site.
- iv. Co-ordinates (lat-long) of all four corners of the site.
- v. Google map-Earth downloaded of the project site.

- vi. Layout maps indicating existing unit as well as proposed unit indicating storage area, plant area, greenbelt area, utilities etc. If located within an Industrial area/Estate/Complex, layout of Industrial Area indicating location of unit within the Industrial area/Estate.
- vii. Photographs of the proposed and existing (if applicable) plant site. If existing, show photographs of plantation/greenbelt, in particular.
- viii. Land use break-up of total land of the project site (identified and acquired), government/private - agricultural, forest, wasteland, water bodies, settlements, etc shall be included. (not required for industrial area).
- ix. A list of major industries with name and type within study area (10km radius) shall be incorporated. Land use details of the study area.
- x. Geological features and Geo-hydrological status of the study area shall be included.
- xi. Details of Drainage of the project upto 5km radius of study area. If the site is within 1 km radius of any major river, peak and lean season river discharge as well as flood occurrence frequency based on peak rainfall data of the past 30 years. Details of Flood Level of the project site and maximum Flood Level of the river shall also be provided. (mega green field projects).
- xii. Status of acquisition of land. If acquisition is not complete, stage of the acquisition process and expected time of complete possession of the land.
- xiii. R&R details in respect of land in line with state Government policy.

## **5. Environmental Status**

- i. Determination of atmospheric inversion level at the project site and site-specific micro meteorological data using temperature, relative humidity, hourly wind speed and direction and rainfall.
- ii. Post monsoon AAQ data for 4 Week at 8 locations for PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, CO and other parameters relevant to the project shall be collected. The monitoring stations shall be based as per CPCB guidelines and take into account the pre-dominant wind direction, population zone and sensitive receptors.
- iii. The post monsoon collected AAQ data shall be compared with AAQ data collected by the same consultant for any nearby industry in last one year.

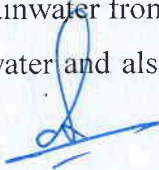


- iv. Surface water quality of nearby River (100 meter upstream and downstream of discharge point) and other surface drains at eight locations as per CPCB/MoEF&CC guidelines.
- v. Soft copy of geo-tagged site photographs of each locations used of collection of data for various environmental parameters for each monitoring dates shall be submitted separately in CD.
- vi. Whether the site falls near to polluted stretch of river identified by the CPCB/MoEF&CC, if yes give details.
- vii. Ground water monitoring at minimum at 8 locations shall be included.
- viii. Noise levels monitoring at 8 locations within the study area.
- ix. Soil Characteristic as per CPCB guidelines.
- x. Traffic study of the area, type of vehicles, frequency of vehicles for transportation of materials, additional traffic due to proposed project, parking arrangement etc.
- xi. A detailed report shall be submitted using suitable model used to predict increase in air pollutants due to increased traffic load due to proposed project.
- xii. Detailed description of flora and fauna (terrestrial, avifauna and aquatic) existing in the study area shall be given with special reference to rare, endemic and endangered species. If Schedule-I fauna are found within the study area, a Wildlife Conservation Plan shall be prepared and furnished.
- xiii. Socio-economic status of the study area.

#### **6. Impact and Environment Management Plan.**

- i. Assessment of ground level concentration of pollutants from the stack emission based on site-specific meteorological features. In case the project is located on a hilly terrain, the AQIP Modelling shall be done using inputs of the specific terrain characteristics for determining the potential impacts of the project on the AAQ. Cumulative impact of all sources of emissions (including transportation) on the AAQ of the area shall be assessed. Details of the model used and the input data used for modelling shall also be provided. The air quality contours shall be plotted on a location map showing the location of project site, habitation nearby, sensitive receptors, if any.

- ii. Water Quality modelling - in case of discharge in water body.
- iii. Ground water classification as per the Central Ground Water Authority and NOC from CGWB.
- iv. Impact of the transport of the raw materials and end products on the surrounding environment shall be assessed and provided. In this regard, options for transport of raw materials and finished products and wastes (large quantities) by rail or rail-cum road transport or conveyor-cum-rail transport shall be examined.
- v. A note on treatment of wastewater from different plant operations, extent recycled and reused for different purposes shall be included. Complete scheme of effluent treatment. Characteristics of untreated and treated effluent to meet the prescribed standards of discharge under E(P) Rules.
- vi. Details of stack emission and action plan for control of emissions to meet standards.
- vii. Measures for fugitive emission control.
- viii. Details of hazardous waste generation and their storage, utilization and management. Copies of MoU regarding utilization of solid and hazardous waste in cement plant shall also be included. EMP shall include the concept of waste-minimization, recycle/reuse/recover techniques, Energy conservation, and natural resource conservation.
- ix. Proper utilization of fly ash, shall be ensured as per Fly Ash Notification, 2009. A detailed plan of action shall be provided.
- x. Arrangement of land/alternative sites for green-belt development inside unit or in the proximity of unit.
- xi. Submit an action plan for the three tier plantation to develop a green belt development plan in 33 % area i.e. land with not less than 1,500 trees per ha. Giving details of species, width of plantation, planning schedule etc. shall be included. The green belt shall be around the project boundary and a scheme for greening of the roads used for the project shall also be incorporated.
- xii. Action plan for rainwater harvesting measures at plant site shall be submitted to harvest rainwater from the roof tops and storm water drains to recharge the ground water and also to use for the various activities at the



project site to conserve fresh water and reduce the water requirement from other sources.

- xiii. Total capital cost and recurring cost/annum for environmental pollution control measures shall be included.
- xiv. Action plan for post-project environmental monitoring shall be submitted.
- xv. Onsite and Offsite Disaster (natural and Man-made) Preparedness and Emergency Management Plan including Risk Assessment and damage control. Disaster management plan should be linked with District Disaster Management Plan.

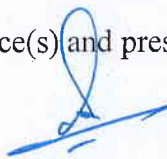
## **7. Occupational health**

- i. Plan and fund allocation to ensure the occupational health & safety of all contract and casual workers.
- ii. Details of exposure specific health status evaluation of worker. If the workers' health is being evaluated by pre designed format, chest x rays, Audiometry, Spirometry, Vision testing (Far & Near vision, colour vision and any other ocular defect) ECG, during pre placement and periodical examinations give the details of the same. Details regarding last month analyzed data of above mentioned parameters as per age, sex, duration of exposure and department wise.
- iii. Details of existing Occupational & Safety Hazards. What are the exposure levels of hazards and whether they are within Permissible Exposure level (PEL). If these are not within PEL, what measures the company has adopted to keep them within PEL so that health of the workers can be preserved,
- iv. Annual report of health status of workers with special reference to Occupational Health and Safety.
- v. Making provisions for all personal safety/security related gears (shoes /hats/ helmets/ jacket/ gloves, specks, ear plugs etc.) for all workers and enforcing use of the same.

## **8. Corporate Environment Policy**

- i. Does the company have a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be detailed in the EIA report.

- ii. The Project Proponent shall prepare report with the provisions contained in Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change OM Vide F. No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 1<sup>st</sup> May 2018, as applicable, regarding Corporate Environment Responsibilities.
  - iii. Does the Environment Policy prescribe for standard operating process / procedures to bring into focus any infringement / deviation / violation of the environmental or forest norms / conditions? If so, it may be detailed in the EIA.
  - iv. What is the hierarchical system or Administrative order of the company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the environmental clearance conditions? Details of this system may be given.
  - v. Does the company have system of reporting of non compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the company and / or shareholders or stakeholders at large? This reporting mechanism shall be detailed in the EIA report.
9. Details regarding infrastructure facilities such as sanitation, fuel, restroom etc. to be provided to the labour force during construction as well as to the casual workers including truck drivers during operation phase.
- 10. Enterprise Social Commitment (ESC)**
- i. Adequate funds (at least 2.5 % of the project cost) shall be earmarked towards the Enterprise Social Commitment based on Public Consultation issues and item-wise details along with time bound action plan shall be included. Socio-economic development activities need to be elaborated upon.
11. Any litigation pending against the project and/or any direction/order passed by any Court of Law against the project, if so, details thereof shall also be included. Has the unit received any notice under the Section 5 of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or relevant Sections of Air and Water Acts? If so, details thereof and compliance/ATR to the notice(s) and present status of the case.



## **SPECIFIC TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR EIA STUDIES FOR METALLURGICAL INDUSTRIES (FERROUS & NON FERROUS)**

1. Complete process flow diagram describing each unit, its processes and operations, along with material and energy inputs & outputs (material and energy balance).
2. Details on blast furnace/ open hearth furnace/ basic oxygen furnace/ladle refining, casting and rolling plants etc.
3. Details on installation/activation of capacity meters with recording with proper calibration system.
4. Details on toxic metals including mercury, arsenic and fluoride emissions.
5. Details on stack height requirement for integrated steel.
6. Details on ash disposal and management - Non-ferrous metal.
7. Complete process flow diagram describing production of lead/zinc/copper/ aluminium, etc.
8. Raw materials substitution or elimination.
9. Details on smelting, thermal refining, melting, slag fuming, and Waelz kiln operation.
10. Details on Holding and de-gassing of molten metal from primary and secondary aluminum, materials pre-treatment, and from melting and smelting of secondary aluminium.
11. Details on solvent recycling.
12. Details on precious metals recovery.
13. Details on composition, generation and utilization of waste/fuel gases from coke oven plant and their utilization.
14. Details on toxic metal content in the waste material and its composition and end use (particularly of slag).
15. Trace metals Mercury, arsenic and fluoride emissions in the raw material.
16. Trace metals in waste material especially slag.
17. Plan for trace metal recovery.
18. Trace metals in water.
19. A tabular chart with index for point wise compliance of above ToR.

