Proceeding of 208th meeting of State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC) to be held on 02.11.2021 in the Conference Hall no. 2 at 11:00 AM, MGSIPA Complex, Sector-26, Chandigarh.

The following were present:

Sr. No.	Name of SEAC Member	Designation in SEAC
1.	Er. Yogesh Gupta	Chairman
2.	Sh. Pardeep Garg	Member Secretary
3.	Sh. K.L Malhotra	Member
4.	Sh. Anil Kumar Gupta	Member (Through VC)
5.	Dr. Preet Mohinder Singh Bedi	Member (Through VC)
6.	Sh. Satish Kumar Gupta	Member (Through VC)
7.	Dr. Pawan Krishan	Member (Through VC)
8.	Dr. Sunil Mittal	Member (Through VC)

Proceeding 208th meeting of SEAC held on 02.11.2021

Item No. 01: Confirmation of the proceedings of 207th meeting of State Level Expert Appraisal Committee held on 07.10.2021.

The proceedings of 207th meeting of State Level Expert Appraisal Committee held on 07.10.2021 were prepared and circulated to all the Members through email on 14.10.2021. No comments have been received from any of the Members. As such, SEAC confirmed the proceedings.

Item No. 02: Action taken on the proceedings of the 207th meeting of State Level Expert Appraisal Committee held on 07.10.2021.

The action taken on the decisions of 207th meeting of State Level Expert Appraisal Committee held on 07.10.2021 has been completed. SEAC noted the same.

Item no.208.01: Application for issuance of ToR for steel manufacturing unit namely M/s Belco Special Steels Pvt. Ltd at village Turan, Amloh Road, Mandi Gobindgarh, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab (Proposal No. SIA/PB/IND/66593/2021).

The Project Proponent has applied for issuance of ToR for preparation of EIA report for obtaining Environmental Clearance for manufacturing Alloys Steel Bars @ 1,80,000 TPA with 2 Induction Furnaces of capacity 15 TPH each and one rolling mill. The project is covered category-B schedule 3(a) as per EIA notification, dated 14.09.2006. The Project total area is 41,824.27 sqm. (10.33 acres or 4.18 Ha.) with project cost as Rs. 51.50 Cr.

The Project Proponent had already obtained consent to establish from Punjab Pollution Control Board vide letter no. CTE/Fresh/FGS/2020/14583058 dated 21.12.2020 valid upto 21.12.2021 for setting up of PNG based rolling mill under medium scale green category for manufacturing of Alloy/Non-alloy steel Bars @ 250 MTD.

The project proponent submitted the Form I, Pre-feasibility report and other additional documents on online portal. He has also deposited the requisite fee of Rs. 1,28,750/-through UTR No. N225211600853398 dated 13.08.2021. The Project Proponent has deposited 25% of the total fee prescribed for the Environmental Clearance being at ToR stage and the remaining 75% of the fee i.e. Rs. 3,86,250/- will be paid at the time of applying for Environmental Clearance. Project Proponent was raised EDS through Parivesh Portal on 17.08.2021 & 29.09.2021 and the reply is available online.

The project proponent submitted an undertaking that the project site does not cover under the Forest Conservation Act, 1980 or Punjab Land Preservation Act, 1900, Wildlife area under Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972. Further no litigation against the project is pending in any Court of Law and no construction activity relating to the project has been started. The project site neither fall in Eco-sensitive Zone nor in the boundary of critical polluted area. The project does not attract the General Condition and Specific Condition.

1.0 Deliberations during 208th meeting of SEAC held on 02.11.2021.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- 1. Sh. Jagjit Singh, General Manager, on behalf of Project Proponent.
- 2. Dr. Sandeep Garg, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco laboratories Pvt Ltd.
- 3. Ms. Priyanka, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco Laboratories Pvt Ltd.

Further, Punjab Pollution Control Board vide e-mail dated 26.08.2021 has been requested

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to send the latest construction status report. The contents of the report are given as under:

"In reference to above referred e-mail, it is intimated that the subject cited industry has applied for obtaining Environmental Clearance for establishing steel manufacturing unit of proposed production capacity Alloys Steel Bars @ 1,80,000 TPA Using Scrap and Ferro Alloys @ 1,96,560 TPA By installing 2 no. of induction furnaces of capacity 15 TPH each and 1 no. rolling mill and the Board has been asked to send the comments regarding construction status.

To check the construction status as asked by SEAC, the proposed project site was visited by A.E.E. of Regional Office, Fatehgarh Sahib on 26/08/2021 and has reported that the unit had obtained auto generated consent to establish (NOC) vide no. CTE/Fresh/ FGS/2020/14583058 dated 21/ 12/2020 valid up to 21.12.2021 for setting up of PNG based rolling mill under medium scale green category for manufacturing of Alloy/Non-alloy Steel Bars @ 250 MTD. But the industry has not applied for obtaining consent to operate for the said project. As per the representative of the industry, they have made the proposal for expansion of the project by including furnaces as per market demand and now they have applied for obtaining visit it was observed as under:

Sr.	Information sought by SEAC	Comments of the Board
no.		
1.	Comments regarding suitability of site.	The site of the industry falls in the industrial zone as per Master Plan of Mandi Gobindgarh (2010- 31). No specific siting guidelines have been framed by the Board for such type of units. Therefore, the site of the industry is suitable for the proposed project.
2.	Adequacy of pollution control equipment's.	<u>Air Pollution</u> - The industry has proposed to install 2 no. induction furnaces of capacity 15 TPH each and 1 no. PNG based rolling mill. It has proposed to install side suction hood, Spark arrestor, Bag house and ID fan as APCD for the proposed induction furnaces.
		<u>Water Pollution</u> – There will be no generation of trade effluent. However domestic effluent @ 16 KLD to be generated and the same will be treated in STP of 20 KLD capacity. The treated water will be used for plantation / Green area. <u>Hazardous waste</u> - The industry will generate
		hazardous waste of category 35.1 of Schedule-1

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		about 1.5 TPD and 5.1 about 0.2 KL/year, which will be disposed off to authorized recycler respectively as per Hazardous & Other Wastes (Management & Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016.
3.	Construction Status	The industry has not started any construction activity w.r.t proposed expansion project. However, the Industry is in process of establishing PNG based rolling mill unit for which it has obtained NOC vide no. CTE/Fresh/FGS/ 2020/14583058 dated 21/12/2020 valid up to 21/12/2021 as mentioned above. During visit, it was observed that it has constructed industrial shed and was in process of installation of rolling mill machinery.

The Project Proponent during the meeting informed the Committee that he has inadvertently mentioned the capacity of induction furnace as 15 TPH each which may be read as 18 TPH each without change in production capacity of 1,80,000 TPA.

SEAC was satisfied with the proposal of Project Proponent and allowed the said changes.

After detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to forward the case of SEIAA with the recommendation to issue Terms of Reference for manufacturing Alloys Steel Bars @ 1,80,000 TPA with 2 Induction Furnaces of capacity 18 TPH each and one Rolling Mill unit namely "M/s Belco Special Steels Pvt. Ltd" at village Turan, Amloh Road, Mandi Gobindgarh, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab, as per the details mentioned in the Form, EIA report, EMP & subsequent presentation /clarifications made by the Project Proponent and his Consultant subject to following additional condition:

Additional Condition

1. Since the approach to the project is from the strip forest, therefore the Project Proponent shall obtain necessary permission under Forest (Conservation) Act.

STANDARD TERMS OF REFERENCE

1) Executive Summary

Report in about 8-10 pages incorporating the following:

- (i) Project name and location (Village, Distt., State, Industrial Estate (if applicable)
- (ii) Products and capacities. If expansion proposal, then existing products with capacities and reference to earlier EC.
- (iii) Requirement of land, raw material, water, power, fuel, with source of supply (Quantitative)
- (iv) Process description in brief, specifically indicating the gaseous emission, liquid effluent and solid and hazardous wastes.
- (v) Measures for mitigating the impact on the environment and mode of discharge or disposal.
- (vi) Capital cost of the project, estimated time of completion
- (vii) Site selected for the project Nature of land Agricultural (single/double crop), barren, Govt./private land, status of is acquisition, nearby (in 2-3 km.) water body, population, within 10 km other industries, forest, eco-sensitive zones, accessibility, (note - in case of industrial estate this information may not be necessary)
- (viii) Baseline environmental data air quality, surface and groundwater quality, soil characteristic, flora and fauna, socio-economic condition of the nearby population Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk.
- (ix) Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk
- (x) Likely impact of the project on air, water, land, flora-fauna and nearby population
- (xi) Emergency preparedness plan in case of natural or in plant emergencies
- (xii) Issues raised during public hearing (if applicable) and response given
- (xiii) CSR/CER plan with proposed expenditure.
- (xiv) Occupational Health Measures
- (xv) Post Project monitoring plan
- (xvi) Synopsis of the project (as available on web site i.e. www.pbdecc.gov.in)

2) <u>Introduction</u>

(i) Details of the EIA Consultant including NABET accreditation

- (ii) Information about the project proponent
- (iii) Importance and benefits of the project

3) <u>Project Description</u>

- (i) Cost of project and time of completion.
- (ii) Products with capacities for the proposed project.
- (iii) If expansion project, details of existing products with capacities and whether adequate land is available for expansion, reference of earlier EC if any.
- (iv) List of raw materials required and their source along with mode of transportation.
- (v) Other chemicals and materials required with quantities and storage capacities.
- (vi) Details of Emission, effluents, hazardous waste generation and their management.
- (vii) Requirement of water (breakup for induction and rolling mill), power, with source of supply, status of approval, water balance diagram, man-power requirement (regular and contract).
- (viii) Process description along with major equipment and machineries, process flow sheet (quantitative) from raw material to products to be provided
- (ix) Hazard identification and details of proposed safety systems.
- (x) In case of Expansion/modernization proposals:
- a) Status of compliance of Consent to Operate for the ongoing /existing operation of the project from SPCB shall be attached with the EIA-EMP report.
- b) In case the existing project has not obtained environmental clearance, reasons for not taking EC under the provisions of the EIA Notification 1994 and/or EIA Notification 2006 shall be provided. Copies of Consent to Establish/No Objection Certificate and Consent to Operate (in case of units operating prior to EIA Notification 2006, CTE and CTO of FY 2005-2006) obtained from the SPCB shall be submitted. Further, compliance report to the conditions of consents from the SPCB shall be submitted.

4) Site Details

- (i) Location of the project site covering village, Taluka / Tehsil, District and State, Justification for selecting the site, whether other sites were considered. Copy of Master Plan indicating a land use pattern of the site is in conformity of proposals of Master Plan shall be attached with EIA report.
- (ii) A top sheet of the study area of radius of 10 km and site location on 1:50,000/1:25,000 scale on an A3/A2 sheet. (Including all eco-sensitive areas and environmentally sensitive places)
- (iii) Details w.r.t. option analysis for selection of site.
- (iv) Co-ordinates (lat-long) of all four corners of the site.
- (v) Google map-Earth downloaded of the project site
- (vi) Layout maps indicating existing unit as well as proposed unit indicating storage area of raw material, finished products, greenbelt area with marking of tree, Location of STP/ETP, Solid waste storage area, Parking space, Firefighting equipment layout, First aid room, Location of Tube wells, DG Sets & Transformers and any other utilities
- (vii) If located within an Industrial area/Estate/Complex, layout of Industrial Area indicating location of unit within the Industrial area/Estate.
- (viii) Photographs of the proposed and existing (if applicable) plant site. If existing, show photographs of plantation/greenbelt, in particular.
- (ix) Land use break-up of total land of the project site (identified and acquired), government/private - agricultural, forest, wasteland, water bodies, settlements, etc. shall be included. (not required for industrial area)
- (x) A list of major industries with name and type within study area (10 km radius) shall be incorporated. Land use details of the study area.
- (xi) Geological features and Geo-hydrological status of the study area shall be included.
- (xii) Details of Drainage of the project up to 5km radius of study area. If the site is within 1 km radius of any major river, peak and lean season river discharge as well as flood occurrence frequency based on peak rainfall data of the past 30 years. Details of Flood Level of the project site and maximum Flood Level of the river shall also be provided. (mega green field projects)

- (xiii) Status of acquisition of land. If acquisition is not complete, stage of the acquisition process and expected time of complete possession of the land.
- (xiv) R&R details in respect of land in line with state Government policy

5) Forest and wildlife related issues (if applicable):

- (i) Permission and approval for the use of forest land (forestry clearance), if any, and recommendations of the State Forest Department. (if applicable).
- (ii) Land use map based on High resolution satellite imagery (OPS) of the proposed site delineating the forestland (in case of projects involving forest land more than 40 ha).
- (iii) Status of Application submitted for obtaining the stage I forestry clearance along with latest status shall be submitted.
- (iv) The projects to be located within 10 km of the National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Migratory Corridors of Wild Animals, the project proponent shall submit the map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden showing these features vis-a-vis the project location and the recommendations or comments of the Chief Wildlife Warden-thereon.
- (v) Wildlife Conservation Plan duly authenticated by the Chief Wildlife Warden of the State Government for conservation of Schedule I fauna, if any exists in the study area.
- (vi) Copy of application submitted for clearance under the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972, to the Standing Committee of the National Board for Wildlife.

6) <u>Environmental Status</u>

- (i) Determination of atmospheric inversion level at the project site and site specific micro-meteorological data using temperature, relative humidity, hourly wind speed and direction and rainfall.
- (ii) AAQ data (except monsoon) at 8 locations for PM 10, PM2.5, S02, NOX, CO and other parameters relevant to the project shall be collected. The monitoring stations shall be based CPCB guidelines and take into account the pre dominant wind direction, population zone and sensitive receptors including reserved forests.
- (iii) Raw data of all AAQ measurement for 12 weeks of all stations as per frequency given in the NAQQM Notification of Nov. 2009 along with min., max., average

and 98% values for each of the AAQ parameters from data of all AAQ stations should be provided as an annexure to the EIA Report.

- (iv) Surface water quality of nearby River (100m upstream and downstream) and other surface drains at eight locations as per CPCB/MoEF& CC guidelines.
- (v) Whether the site falls near to polluted stretch of river identified by the CPCB/MoEF& CC.
- (vi) Groundwater monitoring at minimum at 8 locations shall be included.
- (vii) Noise levels monitoring at 8 locations within the study area.
- (viii) Soil Characteristic as per CPCB guidelines.
- (ix) Traffic feasibility / serviceability study for at least 5 days based on Indian Standard Codes. Further it shall also include the details of cross section of the road on which industry is located, vehicles movement w.r.t. the industry, traffic load of other vehicles on the road incorporating the haulage time for the vehicles for loading/unloading within the premises and parking requirement to avoid the traffic congestions on the link and adjoining roads. Traffic study shall be conducted considering the traffic of the industries located in the vicinity.
- (x) Detailed description of flora and fauna (terrestrial and aquatic) existing in the study area shall be given with special reference to rare, endemic and endangered species. If Schedule-I fauna are found within the study area, a Wildlife Conservation Plan shall be prepared and furnished.
- (xi) Socio-economic status of the study area.

7) Impact Assessment and Environment Management Plan

- (i) Assessment of ground level concentration of pollutants from the stack emission based on site-specific meteorological features. In case the project is located on a hilly terrain, the AQIP Modeling shall be done using inputs of the specific terrain characteristics for determining the potential impacts of the project on the AAQ. Cumulative impact of all sources of emissions (including transportation) on the AAQ of the area shall be well assessed. Details of the model used and the input data used for modeling shall also be provided. The air quality contours shall be plotted on a location map showing the location of project site, habitation nearby, sensitive receptors, if any.
- (ii) Water Quality modelling.

- (iii) Impact of the transport of the raw materials and end products on the surrounding environment shall be assessed and provided. In this regard, options for transport of raw materials and finished products and wastes (large quantities) by rail or rail-cum road transport or conveyor-cum-rail transport shall be examined.
- (iv) A note on treatment, recycling and reuse of wastewater from different plant operations, extent for different purposes shall be included. Complete scheme of effluent treatment. Characteristics of untreated and treated effluent to meet the prescribed standards of discharge under EPA Rules.
- (v) Details of stack emission and action plan for control of emissions to meet standards.
- (vi) Measures for fugitive emission control
- (vii) Details of hazardous waste generation and their storage, utilization and disposal. Copies of MOU regarding utilization of solid and hazardous waste shall also be included. EMP shall include the concept of waste-minimization, recycle/reuse/recover techniques, Energy conservation, and natural resource conservation.
- (viii) Proper utilization of fly ash shall be ensured as per Fly Ash Notification, 2009. A detailed plan of action shall be provided.
- (ix) Action plan for the green belt development in 33 % area with not less than 1,500 trees per hectares giving details of species, width of plantation, planting schedule, post plantation maintenance plan for 3 years shall be included. The green belt shall be around the boundary and a scheme for greening of the roads used for the project shall also be incorporated.
- (x) Action plan for rainwater harvesting measures at alternative sites shall be submitted to harvest rainwater from the roof tops and storm water drains to recharge the groundwater and also to use for the various activities to conserve freshwater and reduce the water requirement from other sources.
- (xi) Total capital cost and recurring cost/annum for environmental pollution control measures shall be included.
- (xii) Action plan for post-project environmental monitoring shall be submitted.
- (xiii) Onsite and Offsite Disaster (natural and Man-made) Preparedness and Emergency Management Plan including Risk Assessment and damage control.

Disaster management plan should be linked with the District Disaster Management Plan.

8) Occupational health

- (i) Details of existing Occupational & Safety Hazards. What are the exposure levels of above-mentioned hazards and whether they are within the Permissible Exposure Level (PEL)? If these are not within PEL, what measures the company has adopted to keep them within PEL so that the health of the workers can be preserved.
- (ii) Details of exposure specific health status evaluation of worker. If the workers' health is being evaluated by pre-designed format, chest x rays, Audiometry, Spirometry, Vision testing (Far & Near vision, colour vision and any other ocular defect) ECG, during pre-placement and periodical examinations give the details of the same. Details regarding last month analyzed data of above-mentioned parameters as per age, sex, duration of exposure and department wise.
- (iii) Annual report of the health status of workers with special reference to Occupational Health and Safety.
- (iv) Plan and fund allocation to ensure the occupational health & safety of all contract and casual workers.

9) <u>Corporate Environment Policy</u>

- (i) Does the company have a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be detailed in the EIA report.
- (ii) Does the Environment Policy prescribe for standard operating processes/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/violation of the environmental or forest norms/conditions? If so, it may be detailed in the EIA.
- (iii) What is the hierarchical system or Administrative order of the company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the environmental clearance conditions? Details of this system may be given.
- (iv) Does the company have a system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the company and / or shareholders or stakeholders at large? This reporting mechanism shall be detailed in the EIA report

(v) Details regarding infrastructure facilities such as sanitation, fuel, restroom, etc. to be provided to the labour force during construction as well as to the casual workers including truck drivers during the operation phase.

10) Enterprise Social Commitment (ESC)

- (i) To address the Public Hearing issues, 2.5% of the total project cost of (Rs. _____crores), amounting to Rs.____crores, shall be earmarked by the project proponent, towards Enterprise Social Commitment (ESC). Distinct ESC projects shall be carved out based on the local public hearing issues. Project estimate shall be prepared based on PWD schedule of rates for each distinct Item and schedule for time-bound action plan shall be prepared. These ESC projects as indicated by the project proponent shall be implemented along with the main project. Implementation of such program shall be ensured by constituting a Committee comprising of the project proponent, representatives of village Panchayat & District Administration. Action taken report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office. No free distribution/donations and or free camps shall be included in the above ESC budget.
- (ii) Any litigation pending against the project and/or any direction/order passed by any Court of Law against the project, if so, details thereof shall also be included. Has the unit received any notice under the Section 5 of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or relevant Sections of Air and Water Acts? If so, details thereof and compliance/ATR to the notice(s) and present status of the case.
- (iii) A tabular chart with index for points wise compliance of above TORs.

B. STANDARDISED SPECIFIC TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR EIA STUDIES FOR INDUCTION/ ARC FURNACES/CUPOLA FURNACES 5TPH OR MORE

- (i) Details of proposed layout clearly demarcating existing & proposed features of the project within the plant.
- (ii) Total no. of furnaces & details including capacity of each furnace.
- (iii) Detail of the mechanical shredder to reduce the size of the raw material.
- (iv) Complete process flow diagram describing each unit, its processes, and operations, along with material and energy inputs and outputs (material and energy balance).
- (v) Details on the design and manufacturing process for all the units.

- (vi) Details on environmentally sound technologies for recycling of hazardous materials, as per CPCB Guidelines, may be mentioned in case of handling scrap and other recycled materials.
- (vii) Details on the requirement of raw materials, its source, and storage at the plant.
- (viii) Details on the requirement of energy and water along with its source and authorization from the concerned department. Location of water intake and outfall points (with coordinates).
- (ix) Details on toxic metal content in the waste material and its composition and end-use (particularly of slag).
- (x) Details on toxic content (TCLP), composition and end-use of chrome slag. Details on the recovery of the Ferro chrome from the slag and its proper disposal.

C. ADDITIONAL SPECIFIC TORS DECIDED DURING MEETING OF SEAC

- 1. The project proponent shall submit complete proposal for the management of ash at the time of submission of EIA report for obtaining environmental clearance.
- 2. Public consultation is required for the projects as not located in notified industrial parks/estates.
- 3. Submit proof of ownership of land (existing owner) such as copy of latest Jamabandi (not more than one month old) and credible document showing status of land acquisition w.r.t. project site as prescribed in OM dated 07.10.2014 issued by MoEF)
- 4. Submit dully filled prescribed field data sheets and analysis reports along with exact location of sampling / monitoring point marked on the layout map. Also submit the status of approvals of Laboratories.
- Submit cost of the project duly certified by Chartered Engineer/ Approved valuer / Chartered Accountant. In the absence of above, the project proponent may submit self-certified detail of cost of the project mentioning the cost of Land, building, infrastructure and plant & machinery
- 6. Certificate from the concerned authority w.r.t the location of protected areas as notified under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 within 5 km radius from the boundary of the project site.
 - (i) Certificate from the Department of Town & Country Planning or concerned authorities to support the claim made by project proponent that the project site

is located in the industrial zone as per the provisions of Master Plan of Town/City in the jurisdiction of which the project site is located or the project proponent shall submit the Change of land use of the project site for total land area.

- Compliance of the siting criteria, standard operating practices, code of practice, and guidelines if any prescribed by the SPCB/CPCB/MoEF&CC for such type of units.
- 8. Necessary permissions from the Central Groundwater Authority (CGWA)/ State Groundwater Authority (SGWA)/concerned authority for the abstraction of groundwater for the existing requirements as well as for the expanded unit. In case of not allowing such permission by the concerned authority for the abstraction of additional groundwater for the expanded project, the project proponent shall propose alternative arrangements to meet out the additional water requirements. It shall be ensured that:
 - a) In the projects where groundwater is proposed as a water source, the project proponent shall apply to the Central Groundwater Authority (CGWA)/ State Groundwater Authority (SGWA), as the case may be, for obtaining No Objection Certificate (NOC) if applicable.
 - b) Approval /permission of the CGWA/SGWA shall be obtained before drawing groundwater for the project activities.
 - c) In the absence of approval, submit a copy of acknowledgment along with a set of application filed to CGWA /Competent Authority for obtaining permission for the abstraction of groundwater
 - 9. Minimize the water consumption in the steel plant complex by segregation of used water, practicing cascade use and by recycling treated water.
 - 10. STP for treatment of wastewater & re-utilization of the treated water for core/non-core activities so as to achieve the Zero Liquid Discharge Condition as per the III (iv) of OM dated 09/08/2018 issued by the MoEF&CC for such units.
 - 11. Reuse of cooling tower blow down, simultaneously ensuring the standards prescribed for such purge waters. If required, necessary arrangements shall be made to keep this waste stream within the parameters required for reuse.
 - 12. In case of any acid pickling activity, the spent acid/effluents generated from such activities shall be utilized through authorized re-processors for converting the same into useful by-products like FeSO₄ etc. An agreement to this effect shall be made with the authorized agencies.

- 13. Adequate area to be reserved and marked on the layout plan for the green belt as per the conditions laid down by the MoEF&CC as per the Standard EC Conditions prescribed for Induction/ Electric Arc Furnace & Rolling Mills circulated vide OM dated 09/08/2018.
- 14. Detailed study report along with calculation for reserving land for loading or unloading of raw material, products, slag, hazardous waste as well as for storage of these materials and the area to be reserved for parking incorporating the time required for loading and unloading of vehicles for respective activities and minimum/maximum period for which storage of the above material is required in the premises. The areas for the respective activities to be marked on the layout plan.
- 15. Action plan for the compliance of standard operating procedures and upgradation of suction and treatment arrangement for the secondary emissions as prescribed by the State Pollution Control Board or by CPCB/MoEF&CC.
- 16. Compliance of standard operating procedures and up-gradation of suction/treatment systems for the control of secondary emissions within the time frame prescribed by the State Pollution Control Board. Similar action is to be implemented in the proposed expansion project.
- 17. Whole of the vehicle movement area as well as the approach road to the gate /weighing bridge shall be paved with pucca/metalled / cement concrete road to control the dust emissions expected from the vehicle movement.
- 18. The vehicles to be used for loading/unloading purposes shall not be parked along the roadside so as to avoid the traffic congestion and dedicated parking place to be provided for the same.
- 19. Adopt green technologies to conserve the water and energy including shearing/cutting / bundling machines. Also, to provide abrasive resistant fire bricks in the crucibles to reduce the periodic maintenance & disposal of discarded fire bricks.
- 20. Use of natural gas (if available) as substitute fuel wherever possible in the existing industry/ for the expansion project.
- 21. Submit compliance w.r.t. condition no.II [(i) & (iii)] subtitled as "Air Quality Monitoring & Preservation" regarding continuous emission monitoring system and continuous ambient air quality monitoring as prescribed in the Standard EC Conditions for Induction/ Electric Arc Furnace & Rolling Mills issued by the MoEF&CC, New Delhi vide OM dated 09/08/2018.

- 22. Examine and submit the proposal for:
 - a) Recovery of iron from slag before disposing of it.
 - b) Identify the areas for utilization of slag in a scientific manner and explore its usage in cement/construction industry/manufacturing of pavers & tiles/road laying etc.
 - c) Recovery of precious metals like Zinc, lead and iron etc. from the APCD dust (Hazardous waste) through authorized re-processor.
- 23. Air Pollution Control Arrangement details shall be provided as below:

Plant	Pollu	Qty	Method used to	Number	Budge	Estimate	ed Post
/Unit	tant	gener	Control	of units	t	Control (Qty
	s	ated	/specifications	planned		Pollutant	t
			(attach Separate	&			
			Sheet to furnish	Capacit			
			Details)	у			
						Per	Per
						Unit	day

- 24. Submit compliance regarding the installation of Pulse jet bag filter with offline cleaning technology as APCD with the proposed induction furnace.
- 25. List the species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping

The following general points shall be noted:

- (i) The EIA document shall be printed on both sides, as for as possible.
- (ii) All documents shall be properly indexed, page numbered.
- (iii) Period/date of data collection shall be clearly indicated.
- (iv) The letter/application for environmental clearance shall quote the MOEF / SEIAA file No. and also attach a copy of the letter.
- (v) The copy of the letter received from the Ministry / SEIAA shall be also attached as an annexure to the final EIA-EMP Report.
- (vi) The index of the final EIA-EMP report must indicate the specific chapter and page no. of the EIA-EMP Report.

- (vii) While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the proponents and instructions for the consultants issued by MOEF vide notification dated 03.03.2016 which is available on the website of this Ministry shall also be followed.
- (viii) The consultants involved in the preparation of EIA-EMP report after accreditation with Quality Council of India (QCI) /National Accreditation Board of Education and Training (NABET) would need to include a certificate in this regard in the EIA-EMP reports prepared by them and data provided by other organization/Laboratories including their status of approvals etc. Name of the Consultant and the Accreditation details shall be posted on the EIA-EMP Report as well as on the cover of the Hard Copy of the Presentation material for EC presentation.

The Terms of Reference (ToR) prescribed by the State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC), Punjab should be considered for the preparation of EIA / EMP report for the project in addition to all the relevant information as per the Generic Structure of EIA given in Appendix III and IIIA in the EIA Notification, 2006.

Where the documents provided are in a language other than English, an English translation shall be provided. The draft EIA-EMP report shall be submitted to the State Pollution Control Board of the concerned State for the conduct of Public Hearing. The SPCB shall conduct the Public Hearing/public consultation, district-wise, as per the provisions of EIA notification,2006. The Public Hearing shall be chaired by an Officer, not below the rank of Additional District Magistrate. The issues raised in the Public Hearing and during the consultation process and the commitments made by the project proponent on the same shall be included separately in EIA-EMP Report in a separate chapter and summarized in a tabular chart with financial budget (capital and revenue) along with time-schedule of implementation for complying with the commitments made.

If any part of the data/information submitted by the project proponent is found to be false or misleading at any stage, then SEIAA & SEAC will not be responsible for the expenditure incurred on the project due to the issuance of this ToR or subsequent work carried out by the project proponent for conducting EIA study or for any other activity related to the project.

The 'Terms of Reference' (TORs) prescribed will be valid for a period of three years from its issuance. The final EIA report shall be submitted to the SEIAA, Punjab for obtaining environmental clearance.

"The Project Proponent shall submit proposal for management of ash being generated from the boiler at the time of submission of EIA report."

Item no.208.02: Application for Environmental Clearance under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 for the establishment of residential colony Project namely "Aadhaar Enclave" at Ram Tirath Road, village Wadala Bhittewad, District Amritsar, (Punjab) by M/s Aadhaar Developers, (SIA/PB/MIS/230381/2021).

The project proponent has submitted an application for obtaining Environment Clearance under EIA Notification, 2006 for the establishment of residential colony Project namely "Aadhaar Enclave" at Ram Tirath Road, village Wadala Bhittewad, District Amritsar, (Punjab) with proposed built up area as 50,501.52 Sqm and total land area 40,468.56 Sqm. The project cost Rs. 14.34 Cr. Project is covered under Activity 8(a) & Category 'B2' as per EIA notification-2006.

The project proponent submitted the Form I, 1A and other additional documents. They have also deposited the processing fee amounting to Rs. 101,010/- has been paid vide UTR No. IBKL210915889593 dated 15.09.2021, as verified by supporting staff SEIAA. PPCB was requested to send the latest construction status report of the project through e-mail on 05.10.2021.

Punjab Pollution Control Board vide letter no. 3077 dated 18.10.2021 informed that the subject cited site was visited by officer of this office on 18/10/2021 and observed as under:

- 1) The site falls on the left side of Ram Tirath Road while going from Amritsar.
- 2) On the opposite side of the entry of the proposed project lies a RMC plant by the name & style of M/s Shivam Infra Con. Also, adjacent to the RMC plant a petrol pump of M/s Indian Oil is situated.
- 3) A farm house is situated near the entry of the proposed colony on the north east side.
- 4) On the eastern side, the MC sewer flows along the proposed boundary of the colony leading to STP North which is situated on the southern side of the colony, but not adjacent to the boundary wall and more than 350 ft. away from the boundary wall.
- 5) On the north west side of the proposed colony lies a hot mix plant namely M/s Shiva Engineers & Developers. The colony needs to provide a buffer zone of 15 mts. towards the hot mix plant as specified in point no.9 of the letter issued vide no. 73 dated 12/01/2021 by STP, Amritsar.

6) No construction done at site and apart from the above-mentioned land marks the proposed colony is surrounded by agricultural land.

It is further submitted that consent to establish (NOC) under Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 & Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 has already been granted to the project proponent for the period of one year i.e. up to 16/08/2022 with suitable terms & conditions **and special condition that the colony will provide a buffer zone of 15 mts. towards the adjacent hot mix plant** and establish STP before the commencement of the colony.

1.0 Deliberations during 208th meeting of SEAC held on 02.11.2021.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- 1. Sh. Paramjit Singh, Partner, on behalf of Project Proponent.
- 2. Dr. Sandeep Garg, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco laboratories Pvt Ltd.
- 3. Ms. Priyanka, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco Laboratories Pvt Ltd.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of the Project Proponent to present salient features of the project which he presented as under:

S. No.	Description	Details
1.	Name & Location of the project	Affordable Residential colony (Plotted) project namely "Aadhaar Enclave" at Ram Tirath Road, village Wadala Bhittewad, Distt. Amritsar, Punjab by M/s Aadhaar Developers.
2.	Project/activity covered under item of scheduled to the EIA Notification,14.09.2006	The project falls under S.No. 8(a) - 'Building & Construction Project'.
3.	Copy of the Master plan duly marked with the project site	As per Proposed Land use Plan of Amritsar, project site falls within the Mixed landuse zone. Copy of landuse plan showing project location has been submitted. However, change in land use (CLU) has been obtained by Town & Country Planning, Amritsar vide Memo No. 73 STP (A)/ ADA dated 12.01.2021.
4.	Copy of duly signed Layout plan	Copy of approved layout plan is submitted along with the application.

5.	Pre-feasibility report as per Ministry of Environment & Forests, Circular dated 30.12.2010.		8(a) project. While, all the details is	
6.	Proof of ownership of land mentioning Khasra no. & ownership details (Latest Jamabandi or Registry)	-	• •	or 10 acres of land re been submitted.
7.	Details as per CLU certificate like Khasra no., Project area (Existing & after expansion)	Khasra Nos.	Area details (In Sqm)	Ownership/Lease
		48//18, 48//23, 52//3, 52//4, 52//7, 52//8, 52//13, 52//14, 52//17, 52//18, 52//23, 52//24, 69//3/1.	48,400 sq.yd. (10 acres)	M/s Aadhaar Developers
8.	Copy of Memorandum of Article & Association/partnership deed /undertaking of sole proprietorship/list of Directors and names of other persons responsible for managing the day-to-day affairs of the project.	M/s Aadhaar D partnership dee	•	Partnership firm and mitted.
9.	Proposed ToRs (based on the standard ToRs)	Not Applicable a	as project falls u	nder Schedule 8(a).
10.	Does it attract the general condition? If yes, please specify	No		

11.	approval/clearance under th Forest (Conservation)Act,1980	e (Conservation is in proce Reference l dated 13.08	on) Act, 1980 for ss for diversion DFO Amritsar let	under Forest which application of forest land. ter no. 4419-00	
12.	Does the project cover unde PLPA, 1900	er No			
13.	If the project falls within 10 km of eco-sensitive area/ National park/Wild Life Sanctuary. If yes, a. Name of eco-sensitive area/ National park/Wild Life Sanctuary and distance from the project site. b. Status of clearance from th National Board for Wild Life (NBWL)	park/ Wild Life Sanctuary falls within 10 km of the project site.			
14.	Classification/Land use pattern as per Master Plan	falls within th in land use	e mixed landuse zor (CLU) has been ol ing, Amritsar vide M	Amritsar, project site ne. However, change btained by Town & lemo No. 73 STP (A)/	
15.	Detail of various components				
	S.no. Description		Particulars	unit	
	S.no.Description1.Total Scheme Area (10 acres	40468.56	Sqm.	
	1.Fotal Scheme Area2.Net planned Area	10 46 65/	40091.23	Sqm.	
	2.Net planned Alea3.Total Built-up Area		50,501.52	Sqm.	
	4. Expected Population		1,300	Persons	
	5. Proposed Green Area		2,888.46	Sq.m.	
			2,000.10		
16.	 Breakup of Population given as under: 1. Total Plots-232 No. (General Plots- 208+ EWS-24) @ 5 persons/plot- 1160 persons. 2. Commercial- 12 booths @ 2 persons/booth-24 persons. 3. Visitor Population @ 10% of residential population – 116 persons. Total- 1300 persons 				
17.	Details of water consumption: 1. Residential population- 1160) nersons @ 13ª	I PCD- 156 6 KI D		
II					

	2. Floating population- 140 persons @ 45 LPCD- 6.3 KLD Total water requirement- 162.9 KLD say 163 KLD								
				equirement- 16 er requirement			l populatio	on and @	20 LPCD for
		floating population- 55 KLD. 4. Net fresh water requirement- 163 KLD-55 KLD= 108 KLD							
10				-				D	
18.		•		r Requirements	s &source ir	n Operation Ph	ase		
	-			Winter):	\A/++-	Turnet	Davias	Current	Outo
	Sr. No.	Seas	SON	Total Water Consumption (KLD)	Wastewate generation (KLD)	r Treated Wastewater generation (KLD)	Reuse for Flushing (KLD)	Green Area (KLD)	Onto Land for Irrigation (KLD)
	1.	Sum	imer	163	130	127	55	16	56
	2.	Wint	ter	163	130	127	55	05	67
	3.	Rain	ıy	163	130	127	55	02	70
	S.N		Descrip	ntion		Source of wa	ter		
	1.	10.	Domes			Borewell			
	2.			ig purposes		Treated wast	e water		
	3.		Green			Treated wast	e water		
- 20	application filed to CGWA /Competent Authority for obtaining permission for abstraction of ground water			r submitte r	on of grour d along with th	ne applicat	tion.	_	
20.	Specify block of project site as per CGWA norms (Notified/Non Notified)				Pulliad Wate (PWRDA).	Regulation		Development	
21.	Details of Wastewater generation, Treatment facility & its Disposal arrangements in Construction Phase			in septic	onstruction ph tank.	ase, waste	ewater w	<i>i</i> ill be treated	
22.					will be 13 of 150 K within pr c The det	Deration Phas 30 KLD which LD based on M oject premises ails of the I ter is as under	will be trea 1BBR tech s. preakup c	ated in p nology to	be installed

Proceeding 208th meeting of SEAC held on 02.11.2021

		Season	Flushing (KLD)	Green area (KLD)	Excess Disposal* (KLD)
		Summer	55	16	56
		Winter	55	5	67
		Monsoon	55	2	70
		L			of in adjoining
				-	davit in this
		regard has	-		the Project
		Proponent.		-	-
		-			
23.	Details of Rainwater recharging/ Harvesting (m ³ /hr) proposal & technology proposed to be adopted	rain water i abstraction	echarging pit	s so as to co er. 10 rain wa	y provisions of ompensate the oter recharging onceptual plan.
24.	Details of Solid waste generation (Qty), treatment facility and its disposal arrangement	kg/capita/day for floating) of waste shall be non-biodegra already been in the layo composted be kg. Recycla authorized re own cost to hazardous we vendors appen managed as	 for residenti of solid waste e duly segreg dable compor earmarked for ut plan. Bio y use of one M ble waste w cyclers. Inert w approved dur aste will be roved by PPCI 	al and @ 0.2 will be genera ated into biod nents. A sepa r segregation degradable v lechanical Cor will be recy waste will be o mping site. W handed over 3. Thus, solid of Solid Waste	kg/capita/day ated. The solid egradable and arate area has of solid waste vaste will be nposter of 250 rcled through disposed at our 'hile, domestic to authorized waste will be e Management
25.	Details of Hazardous Waste & E- Waste generation (Qty), Treatment facility and its disposal arrangement	Not applicat	le		
26.	Detail of DG sets	S. D No.	escription	Unit Pro	posed
		1. P	ower load	KVA 942	.5
			ts owners will	he responsib	le for providing
			ip within their	-	

27.	Air pollution control device details	Not applicable				
28.	& Saving	Use of CFLs is proposed in all common areas and the residents shall be educated about the huge savings in their electricity bills, if they use the LED.				
29.		Expenditure on typical Environmental Measures (Durin Construction Phase):				sures (During
		S. No	Environmental Protection Measures	Capital Cost (Rs. Lakhs)	Co	ecurring ost/annum Rs. Lakhs)
		1.	Construction	97	11	
		2.	Operation	-	14	.5
		S. No		Capita Cost (in Lakh		Recurring Cost (in Lakhs per Annum)
		1.	Air Pollution Control	10		1
		2.	Water Pollution Control/ STP	30		2
		3.	Noise Pollution Control	2		0.5
		4.	Landscaping	8		1
		5.	Solid Waste Management	15		1.5
		6.	Rain water Recharging	15		2
		7.	Energy Conservation	8		1
		8.	Miscellaneous (Appointment of Consultants & Management	9		2

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•					
			of Environment		
			Cell)		
			Total	97	11
		Expenditu Operation	re on typical Envir Phase):	onmental	Measures (During
		S. No.	Title		Recurring Cost (in Lakhs per Annum)
		1.	Air Pollution Cor	itrol	0.5
		2.	Water Pollution STP	Control/	6
		3.	Noise Pollution (Control	0.5
		4.	Landscaping		2
		5.	Solid Waste Management		2
		6.	Rain water Rech	arging	0.5
		7.	Energy Conserva	ation	1
		8.	Miscellaneous (Appointment Consultants Management Environment Cel	of & of I)	2
			Total		14.5
	 a. Details of Corporate Environmental Responsibility (CER) indicating various activities to be undertaken as per the provision of OM dated 01.05.2018 b. Details of NOC from the village Sarpanch, Certificate 	-	e notification date MP, so allocation		

from the S concerned Departmer		
following: a) No. of t against norms. b) Percen	green belt shall include tree to be planted the requisite tage of the area eveloped.	 a) Trees required = @ 1 tree per 80 sq.m. of plot area = 40,468.56 / 80 = 506 trees will be planted Trees proposed = 510 trees b) Total proposed green area measures 2,888.46 sq.m. of the total plot area which will be area under parks as well as area under green strips within the project.

After detailed presentation by the EIA Coordinator of the Project Proponent, SEAC raised the following observations:

- 1. Submission of complete copy of application applied for obtaining approval of Forest Clearance under Forest (Conservation) Act.
- 2. The basis for estimating the population @ 5 persons / plot seems to be on lesser side and needs to be checked with respect to the guidelines notified by Department of Town & Country Planning, Punjab. Similarly, the water consumption @ 45 lpcd for floating population also needs to be checked with respect to the guidelines laid down by Punjab Govt./ Central Ground Water Authority/ National Building Code. The Project Proponent shall submit the revised calculations w.r.t. estimation of population & water consumption.
- 3. In case the water consumption increases with increase in population, then in that case, the Project Proponent shall submit the revised application to Punjab Water Regulatory Development Authority (PWRDA) for abstraction of ground water
- 4. The Project Proponent shall submit permission from MC, Amritsar for connecting their sewer with MC sewer for disposal of excess treated waste water. Alternatively, in case Karnal Technology is used for disposal of excess treated waste water in adjoining land of 2 acres, then in that case the Project proponent shall submit an affidavit from the land owner that the said land shall not be used for any other purpose except for the Karnal Technology till the wastewater generated from the Project is connected to the MC Sewer.
- 5. The Project Proponent shall submit the details of capital cost and recurring cost earmarked for various components like Air Pollution Control, Water Pollution Control, Noise Pollution Control, Land scaping, Solid Waste Management, Rain Water Recharging etc. during the construction & operation phase in the Environment Management Plan (EMP).

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The Project Proponent agreed to provide the above said details. After detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to defer the case and place the case in the next meeting of the Committee subject to submission of reply to the above said observations.

Item No 208.03: Application for obtaining expansion in Environmental Clearance under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 for the expansion of a township project namely "Omaxe Chandigarh Extension" located at Kansala, Ranimajra, Dhodemajra, Rasoolpur, Salamatpur, Raul, Bharonjian, Ghandouli, Bhagat Majra, Saini Majra, Bansepur, paintpur, chahar majra, sanglan, in Mullanpur (LPA),Punjab, by M/s Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Pvt. Ltd. (Proposal No. SIA/PB/MIS/62162/2014).

Earlier the project proponent was granted Environmental Clearance for the expansion of a township project namely "Chandigarh Extension" located at Kansala, Ranimajra, Dhodemajra, Rasoolpur in Mullanpur (LPA). The said EC was granted for total plot area 592.463 acres and total built up area 289325 sqm.

Now the project proponent has submitted an application for obtaining expansion in Environmental Clearance for the expansion of the earlier project. After expansion, the land area will be 805.611 acres and built up area will increase by 1884325 sqm and the total built up area will become 2145325 sqm.

The ToR to the project were issued by the MoEF&CC vide letter no. 21-94/2020-IA.III dated 10.12.2020. The project proponent submitted the Form I, IA and EIA report, other additional documents. They have also deposited the processing fee amounting to Rs. 2,61,000/- through NEFT no. 010206201499/1 Dated 02.06.2020 and Rs. 18,84,325/- vide NEFT No. 0119062114507/0 dated 19.06.2021. Thus, the total fee comes out to be Rs. 21,45,325/- which is adequate as per notification dated 27.06.2019 against the total builtup area of 2145325 sqm. MoEF&CC vide letter no. 5-704/2014 (IRO)/790 dated 16.11.2020 has sent the certified compliance report of the conditions of the previous Environment Clearance which was granted to the Project Proponent.

1.0 Deliberations during 204th meeting of SEAC held on 20.07.2021.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- 1. Mr. Mukesh Bhati, AVP, on behalf of the Project Proponent.
- 2. Mr. Deepak Gupta, Environmental Advisor on behalf of the Project Proponent.
- 3. Sh. Sandeep Singh, FAE, M/s CPTL, Mohali, Environmental Consultant.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of the Project Proponent to present salient features of the project which he presented as under:

Sr. no.	Item	Details
1.	Online Proposal No.	SIA/PB/MIS/62162/2014 TOR issued by MoEF& CC on Delhi on 10th December 2020
2.	Name and Location of the project	"Omaxe Chandigarh Extension" located at Kansala, Ranimajra, Dhodemajra, Rasoolpur, Salamatpur, Raul, Bharonjian, Ghandouli, Bhagat Majra, Saini Majra, Bansepur, paintpur, chahar majra, sanglan, in Mullanpur (LPA),Punjab.
3.	Project/activity covered under item of scheduled to the EIA Notification, 14.09.2006	8 B (Expansion)
4.	Whether the project is in critical polluted area or not.	None
5.	If the project involves diversion of forest land. If yes, a) Extent of the forest land. b) Status of the forest clearance.	CLU already obtained.
6.	 a) Is the project covered under PLPA,1900, if No but located near to PLPA area then the project proponent is required to submit NOC from the concerned DFO to the effect that project area does not fall under the provision of PLPA Act, 1900. b) Is the project covered under PLPA, 1900, if yes then Status of the NOC w.r.t PLPA,1900. 	No
7.	If the project falls within 10 km of ecosensitive	No

	arrangements of waste have been installed to treat the wastewater generated from									
15.		 Treated waste water will be used in the construction (STP installed within project) The permission from the PWRDA has been applied. Recirculation of treated water. Treatment & Disposal At present 3 STPs of capacity 1000KLD, 100KLD and 50KL				s been applied.				
14.	Source	of Water		• Gr	ounc	l water (tul	be well)		
	3	Rainy	157	79	134	67	2312		142	
	2	Winter	157		134		2312		512	
	No.	Summer	(KL 157		(KL 134		(KLD 2312)	(KL 156	
13.	Sr.	p of Water R Season	Tot	al Water	Fre	sh water	Flush	ning	Gre	
	source Phase	in Construe	ction	met by S		th in the p				
12.	operation Water	onal) Requirement	ts &	20-30 KLI)					
11.		ion (when	fully	124915 p	ersor	าร				
				Green a	rea		Sqm			237550 Sqm.
				Built-up area		289325 5	Sqm	Acres 1884325		2145325 Sqm
				Land		592.463	Acres 213.			805.611 Acres
				Descript	ion	OLD	1 0 0 1	Additi	on	Total
	Area an	d Green are	а				"Table	• A"		
10.	Total P	lot area, Bui								
9.	-	the project		550 Cr.						
8.		ation/Land as per Ma		Residentia	al, m	ix land use	as per	CLU si	ubmi	tted.
	clearan	Status Ice from Nati for Wild).		No						
	Nationa Sanctu from th	al park/Wild ary and dist ne project sit	Life ance e.	NO						
	Life Sar	ational park/ nctuary. If ye Name sitive		No						

	water in Construction Phase	the current population. The wastewater generated during the construction will be treated in the same STPs.								
16.	Disposal Arrangement of Waste water in Operation Phase	t Total =12623 KLD waste water will be generated, which					the ILD At ave			
	Sr. Season For No. Flus pur		Flushing purposes		Green Area sqm (KLD)		MC Sewer if any (KLD)			
		1. 2. 3.	Summ Winte Rainy		2312 2312 2312		1565 512 142		8746 9799 10169	
17.	Rain water recharging detail	1699723 m3/year rain water will be collected and 80 no. or recharging pits will be provided to recharge the rooftop rainwater of buildings after treatment through oil & Grease traps.					top			
18.	Solid waste generation and its disposal	EarlierAdditionalTotalMSW302351788548120Kg/dayKg/dayKg/dayKg/daya)48120 kg/dayKg/dayKg/dayKg/dayb) Solid wastes will be appropriately segregated (at source, by providing bins) into recyclable, Bio-degradableBio-degradableComponents, and non- biodegradable.Bio-degradableBio-degradable								
19.	Hazardous Waste & EWaste									
20.	Energy Requirements & Saving	 a) 30 MW from PSPCL. b) 6x 240 KVA, 4x500 KVA Energy Saving measures: Solar Light 500 No = 3750 KWHD Common area (5000) light bulbs(60W) replaced with LED 15 W = 2700 KWHD Energy Saving @2200 KWH annually with 100 liters solar heated water use/day Energy Saved for use of 8000 lit hot water/day 8000 x2200/100 = 176000 KWH/year = 482 KWHD Total Energy saved/day = 6932 KWHD 								

21.	Environment Management Plan along with Budgetary break up phase wise and	During construction phase GM will be responsible and during operation phase, GM Will be responsible for implementation of the EMP.				
	responsibility to implement	Description Construction	Capital Cost (Rs) 1022 lac	recuring Cost (Rs) 18.50		
		Operation		53.0		
22.	Certified Compliance report from regional office of MoEF& CC	Submitted				

SEAC raised following observations to the Project Proponent to which he replied as under:

Sr. no.	Observation	Reply
1.	The Project Proponent shall submit compliance of the observations made by the MoEF while sending the certified compliance report.	The Project Proponent agreed to the same.
2.	As per the condition of the earlier Environmental Clearance granted to the Project Proponent, the Environmental Clearance was subject to final order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in the matter of Goa foundation Vs. Union of India in writ petition (Civil) no. 460 of 2004 as may be applicable to this project and decisions of any competent Court, to the extent applicable. The Project Proponent is required to submit proper reply to this condition.	The Project Proponent sought some time to submit reply to the same.
3.	The Project Proponent shall submit details w.r.t. No. of Towers to be constructed, No. of stories in each tower, details of flats on each floor such as 3BHK/4BHK etc., the basis of estimating the population, calculation of water requirement and wastewater generation with treatment and disposal arrangements.	The Project Proponent agreed to the same.

4.	The project proponent shall submit the detailed plan for the collection, segregation, treatment and disposal of Municipal Solid Waste in compliance of Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016.	
5.	The Project Proponent shall mark the location of the STPs in the layout plan as proposed by him.	The Project Proponent agreed to the same.

SEAC also observed that the Hon'ble NGT has recently passed order on 02.07.2021 in OA no. 980/2019 in which the project proponent is one of the respondents. SEAC observed that the matter requires in depth deliberations.

After detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to defer the case till the next meeting of SEAC subject to submission of reply by the Project Proponent. The latest Hon'ble NGT order dated 02.07.2021 shall be circulated to all the members of SEAC through e-mail so that the said order can be deliberated in depth in the next meeting.

Now, the Project Proponent vide letter dated 30.07.2021 has submitted the point wise reply of the observations raised by the SEAC.

Further, the latest Hon'ble NGT order dated 02.07.2021 was circulated to all the members of SEAC vide e-mail dated 27.07.2021.

The operative part of the said order is given as under:

"We request the committee to look into the issue in respect of village Kansala and give a further supplementary report on the subject as far as possible within two months by email at <u>judicial-ngt@gov.in</u> preferably in the form of searchable PDF/OCR Support PDF and not in the form of image PDF. It will be open to the concerned stakeholder to put forward their respective view point before the committee by way of written representation and/or personal appearance which may be duly considered by the committee. The report of the committee may be placed on the website of the State PCB for being accessed by all the stakeholders for their response to the report before the next date. List for further consideration on 27.10.2021."

Recently, a representation has been received on 7.08.2021 from Sh. Sandeep Singh S/o Sukhpal Singh R/o Village Gandhon Kalan, VPO Rangilpur, Tehsil & District Rupnagar, Punjab, wherein it was informed as under:

1. That the Project Proponent added around 60 acres of land in the area for which earlier Environment Clearance was obtained and started construction of seven different projects in newly added land. Out of 7 projects, excavation was completed in 1 project, plotted development (Roads, sewerage etc.) completed in 2 projects, external structure development completed in 2 projects and external structure upto 9th floor completed in 2 projects.

- 2. The complainant has highlighted that the STP installed by the Project Proponent for treating the wastewater from the present population (1500 residential apartments) is not operational and untreated wastewater is discharged into the River Siswan.
- 3. The Project Proponent has installed 2 no. RMC plants at villages Bharounjian and village Ranimajra without obtaining statutory approval from Punjab Pollution Control Board.
- 4. The Project Proponent has also not taken adequate measures for storage of construction material lying at the site in compliance of Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016. The Project Proponent has not obtained separate Environment Clearance for the project namely "The Lake" without obtaining separate Environment Clearance, as the same was not included in the Environment Clearance application of the "Chandigarh Extension".
- 5. The complainant has requested not to grant expansion in the Environment Clearance to M/s Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Pvt. Ltd and initiate action under the provision of EIA Notification 14.09.2006 due to aforesaid violation.

2.0 Deliberations during 205th meeting of SEAC held on 21.08.2021.

Member Secretary, SEAC apprised the Committee that the above said representation/ complaint dated 7.08.21 was also addressed to Principal Secretary, Department of Science, Technology & Environment, Punjab besides Chairman, SEIAA, Chairman, SEAC and Chairman, PPCB. Further, the Department of Science, Technology & Environment is in the process of constituting a Committee to verify the facts of the complaint.

After deliberations, SEAC decided to defer the case and will be considered after receipt of report of the Committee.

3.0 Deliberations during 208th meeting of SEAC held on 02.11.2021.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- 1. Mr. Mukesh Bhati, AVP, on behalf of the Project Proponent
- 2. Mr.Deepak Gupta, Environmental Advisor, on behalf of the Project Proponent.
- 3. Mr. Sital Singh, M/s CPTL, Mohali, Environmental Consultant

The Committee was informed that after receiving the first representation from Sh. Sandeep Singh through Advocate Sh. S.S. Sehgal on 07.08.21, another representation

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dated 27.08.21 was received from Sh. Sandeep Singh through Advocate Sh. S.S. Sehgal through email on 31.08.21, wherein it was submitted that the builder has developed a total of 6,48,510 sq.m. built up area as against the permitted 2,89,325 sqm. of built-up area to be developed in 592.463 acres. The built up area of 6,48,510 sqm includes a huge group housing project namely, "The Lake" measuring 3,04,049 sqm alone, with details as under:

Sr.	Name of Project	Location in the Omaxe Township	Total Built up area
No.			(Sqm.)
1.	The Lake	Village Bharounjian	3,04,049.154
2.	Silver Birch	Village Ranimajra & Kansala	1,19,644
3.	Ambrossia	Village Ranimajra & Kansala	35,347
4.	Cassia	Village Ranimajra & Kansala	92,290
5.	Celestia Grand Floors	Village Ranimajra & Kansala	17,352
6.	Celestia Royal Floors	Village Ranimajra & Kansala	58,023
7.	Mullberry Villas	Village Kansala	21,806
		Total Built up Area	6,48,511.154

Further, "The Lake" Group Housing Project consist of 1344 flats with built up area of 3,04,049 sqm. which is not a part of the 2,89,325 sqm for which EC was granted on 25.03.2015. Further, it was submitted that the Group Housing Project namely, "The Lake" in complete violation of EIA Notification, 2006 and requested that the construction going on at the site is without Environmental Clearance and prayed that the sale purchase of flats/ units may kindly be stopped and the builder may be directed not to handover possession of dwelling units during the pendency of this application.

On the above said representations/ complaints made by Sh. Sandeep Singh on dated 07.08.21 & 27.08.21, the Govt. of Punjab, Department of Science, Technology & Environment vide Memo No. 10/552/2021-STE(5)/298 dated 31.08.21 and Memo No. 10/552/2021-STE(5)/248021 dated 14.09.21 has constituted a Committee of Senior Environmental Engineer and Environmental Engineer, PPCB to inquire into the matter.

The above said Committee submitted its report to Govt. of Punjab, Department of Science, Technology & Environment vide letter No. 5433 dated 23.09.21. The Committee visited the site on 08.09.21 and intimated that the project proponent has carried out development activities beyond the approved drawing no. 3269 CTP (PB)-MPM-131 dated 10.06.14 on the basis of which environmental clearance was granted with details of newly added 7 projects are as under:

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Sr. No.	Name of the Project	Construction Status as stated by the complainant	Reference No. marked by the Complainant in the layout Plan	Construction Status as verified during visit on 08.09.21	Status as per drawing no. 3269 CTP (Pb)-MPM- 131 dated 10.06.2014 on the basis of which environmental clearance was granted.
1.	Beacon Street (Commercial)	Excavation completed	1	Excavation to a depth of about 3 meter to 4 meter was found done. No excavation/ construction activity was observed under progress at the site. The site was surrounded by wild growth of plants.	Site area not mentioned in the above drawing.
2.	Stilt + 4 (Salamatpur)	External Structure Development Completed	2	Construction of 4 Blocks (Stilt +4) was under progress	Site area not mentioned in the above drawing.
3.	Resort A	High rise construction and development. External structure upto 9 floors.	3	Construction regarding group housing was under progress at site	Site area not mentioned in the above drawing.
4.	Resort-B	High rise construction and development. External structure upto 9 floors.	4	Construction regarding group housing was under progress at site	Site area not mentioned in the above drawing.
5.	Stilt + 4 (Ranimajra)	External Structure Development Completed	5	Construction regarding group housing was under progress at site	Site area not mentioned in the above drawing.
6.	Plotted Phase-2 Area	Excavation completed. Plotted development (Roads,	6	The site was found levelled. Sewer line was found laid and roads were found constructed. No other civil	Site area not mentioned in the above drawing.

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		sewerage etc.) completed. Construction of external structure upto 2 floors on same plots started		construction was observed under progress.	
7	Paintpur Plotted area	Excavation completed. Plotted development (Roads, sewerage etc.) completed and construction started on same plots.	7	The site was found levelled. But, sewer line was found laid in some parts. One small stretch of RCC road and one small stretch of another road (upto sub-base/ loose stone metal laid on the sub-base) was observed laid.	Site area not mentioned in the above drawing.

The Committee concluded as under:

- 1. The project proponent has carried out development activities beyond the approved drawing No. 3269 CTP (PB)-MPM-131 dated 10.06.14 on the basis of which Environmental Clearance was granted.
- 2. Both the STPs of 500 KLD and 100 KLD were in operation during the visit. A part of the untreated effluent and the STP of 500 KLD was being discharged into Siswan drain through an overflowing terminal manhole of the sewer line. The effluent from STP of 10 KLD was not found being discharged into any drain.
- 3. The project proponent has not obtained consents to operate for the existing two RMC Plants
- 4. The project proponent is required to take adequate measures for the management of C&D waste at site and has not obtained authorization under the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016.
- 5. Construction in the project namely, "The Lake" was under progress. Though this project is marked as Group Housing in 25.012 acres in Part-D of the layout Plan approved vide no. 3269 CTP (PB) MPM -131 dated 10.06.14 but clarification from SEIAA / SEAC is required as to whether the built up area of this project is included or not in the EC granted to the project proponent vide no. SEIAA/2015/1878 dated 25.03.15.

6. For further verification of the built up area of the project w.r.t. the approved drawings/ environmental clearance granted, may be got verified from the Chief Town Planner, Punjab/ the authorities of GMADA.

Besides above two representations/ complaints, the applicant (Sh. Sandeep Singh) also filed an application before the National Green Tribunal (NGT) for challenging the legality of construction raised by M/s. Omaxe Chandigarh Extension Developers Pvt. Ltd. by way of project, "The Lake" at village Kansal, Ranimajra, Dhode Majra, Rasoolpur in Mullanpur (LPA), Distt. Mohali and also legality of other construction by the same project proponent in projects- Ambrossia, Celestial Grand Floors, Celestial Royal Floors, Cassia Floors, Mulberry Villas, Silver Birch Floors and on the newly added 7 parcels of land.

The NGT after hearing the Counsel of the applicant vide order dated 13.09.21 in O.A. No. 222/2021 (IA No. 166/2021) constituted a five members joint Committee comprising MoEF&CC, CPCB, SEIAA, Punjab, Punjab State PCB and District Magistrate, Mohali. Further, CPCB and State PCB will be Nodal Agency for coordination and compliance. The Joint Committee may meet within 15 days. It may undertake visit to the site and interact with the stakeholders, including the PP. The Committee will be free to consult any other expert/ institution and may give its reports within 2 months. The Committee may also give status on quantity of sewage and solid waste being generated and system to be or being followed for their management as per consent and authorization granted. Further, sources of water and the permissions granted may also be indicated.

The matter list for further consideration on 04.01.22.

The NGT in IA No. 166/2021 seeking interim relief indicated that NGT are not inclined to consider at this stage, without verification of facts in terms of the above order. However, the applicant is at liberty to make any appropriate prayer to the statutory authorities who, on verification of facts, may take such remedial measures as may be found necessary to give effect to law, in exercise of their statutory powers. IA No. 166/2021 stands disposed of accordingly.

PPCB vide letter No. 3460-64 dated 27.10.21 informed that the meeting of the Joint Committee constituted by NGT has been scheduled to be held on 29.10.2021 at District Administrative Complex, SAS Nagar.

In view of the position explained above, the Committee after detailed deliberations decided to defer the case to the next meeting of SEAC.

Item No.208.04: Application of Environmental Clearance for Residential Project namely "Absolute Residency" located at Village Chappar Chiri, H.B. No. 195, Tehsil Mohali, Distt. S.A.S Nagar, Punjab by M/s Absolute Builders and Promoters (Proposal No. SIA/PB/MIS/211389/2021).

The project proponent has filed an application for obtaining Environment Clearance under EIA Notification, 2006 for the establishment of a Group housing Residential Project namely "Absolute Residency" located at Village Chappar Chiri, H.B. No. 195, Tehsil Mohali, Distt. S.A.S Nagar, Punjab with proposed built up area as 23,860.54 sq.m. Project is covered under Activity 8(a) & Category 'B2' as per EIA notification-2006.

The project proponent submitted the Form I, 1A and other additional documents. They have also deposited the processing fee amounting to Rs. 47,722/- has been paid vide DD No. 4716936 dated 04.05.2021, as verified by the supporting staff SEIAA. PPCB was requested to send the latest construction status report of the project through e-mail on 13.05.2021.

1.0 Deliberations during 206th meeting of SEAC held on 18.09.2021

The meeting was attended by the following:

- 1. Mr. Harvinder Singh, on behalf of the Project Proponent.
- 2. Dr. Sandeep Garg, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco laboratories Pvt Ltd.
- 3. Ms. Priyanka, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco Laboratories Pvt Ltd.

SEAC observed that Punjab Pollution Control Board vide letter no. 3012 dated 04.06.2021 has sent the latest construction status report of the site and the relevant contents of the report are reproduced as under:

"It is intimated that M/s Absolute Builders and Promoters has applied for obtaining Environmental Clearance for establishment of Residential Project in the name "Absolute Residency" at village Chappar Chiri, H.B.No. 195, Tehsil Mohali, District SAS Nagar, Punjab. Accordingly, the proposed site was visited by the officer of the Board on 14.05.2021 & contacted Sh. Harvinder Singh Partner, as per the site shown by the Project Proponent, the point-wise status report of the project namely "Absolute Residency" at village Chappar Chiri, Tehsil Mohali is as under:

1. The Project Proponent informed that project site is in 2.2875 acres. No site development work has been started at site. An old partially broken boundary wall was there around the 3 sides of the area and one old room was available within

the plot. The representative informed that the room and partial boundary wall was available at site when he has purchased the plot and no modification has been made by him. From the physical appearance also, it appears that the construction is old and not recently done. To the North side of the plot is village Chapar Chiri Kalan, to the south side is posh city apartments, to the east side is village chapar Chiri Kalan and to the west side is Gurudwara.

- 2. At the backside of the plot, 20-25 houses of village Chapar Chiri Kalan are there. On the left side of the plot 20-25 flats have been newly constructed in the Posh City apartments. The Gurudwara is located within 500m on the front side of the plot. DPS School is located at a distance of more than 500m from the plot.
- 3. As per the boundary limits site shown by the Project Proponent during the visit, there is no MAH industry/cement plant/grinding unit/rice sheller/saila plant/stone crushing/screening cum washing unit/hot mix plant/ brick kiln within a radius of 500m from the boundary of the proposed site of the project. No air polluting industries is located within a radius of 500m from the boundary of the project is conforming to the siting guidelines laid down by the Govt. of Punjab, Department of Science Technology and Environment vide order dated 25.07.2008 as amended on 30.10.2009."

SEAC observed that the Project Proponent had not started any construction activity related to the project.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of the Project Proponent to present salient features of the project which he presented as under:

S.no.	Description	Details
1.	Name & Location of the project	Residential Project namely "Absolute Residency" located at Village Chappar Chiri Kalan, H.B.No. 195, Tehsil Mohali, Distt. S.A.S Nagar, Punjab by M/s Absolute Builders and Promoters
2.	Project/activity covered under item of scheduled to the EIA Notification,14.09.2006	The project falls under S.No. 8(a) - 'Building & Construction Project' as the built-up area of the project is 23,860.54 sq.m.
3.	Copy of the Master plan duly marked with the project site	Project site falls within the Residential zone as per Master Plan of SAS Nagar.
4.	Copy of duly signed Layout plan	Copy of conceptual layout plan is attached along with the application.
5.	Article &	M/s Absolute Builders and Promoters is a Partnership firm having three partners; partnership deed is attached along with the application.

	persons				
		ts-184 No. @ 5 perso Population @ 10% o	ons/flat- 920 persons. If residential population and 2	persons/shop (92+6)=98	
15.	Breakup of	Population given as u	nder:		
	2.	Proposed Built Up Ar	rea	23,860.54 Sq.m.	
	1.	Plot Area (2.25 acres		9,290.90 Sq.m.	
	S.no.	Description		Particulars	
14.		ous components			
13.	Processing (Amount/N	EFT no./dated)	The processing fees for application@ Rs. 2/sq.m. i.e. sq.m. i.e. Rs. 47,722/- H of Society of Mission Tandru Demand draft No. 4716936 d	total built-up area * Rs. 2 has been paid in favour ust Punjab in the form of	
12.	Cost of the p	-	Total estimated project construction is Rs. 33.08 Croi	-	
11.	Classification per Master	•	As per Master Plan of S.A. within the residential zone.	S Nagar, project site falls	
	National Sanctuar the proje b. Status o	eco-sensitive area/ park/Wild Life y and distance from ect site. f clearance from the pard for Wild Life			
10.	If the project of eco-sens park/Wild Li	ct falls within 10 km itive area/ National fe Sanctuary. If yes,	No Eco-sensitive area/ National park/ Wild Life Sanctuary falls within 10 km of the project site.		
9.		roject cover under	No. Undertaking in this rega	rd has been submitted.	
8.	Whether th approval/cl	· · · _ · · · · ·	No. Undertaking in this regard	d has been submitted.	
7.	Does it attr		No		
6.	Proposed T standard To		Not Applicable as project falls	s under Schedule 8(a).	
	responsible day-to-day project.	e for managing the affairs of the			

16.	Deta	ails of	water	consumption:						
	1. Residential population- 920 persons @ 135 LPCD- 124.2 KLD									
			-	ulation- 98 pers	-					
				equirement- 12				-		
				er requirement				l nonula	tion and @	20 I PCD for
			-	lation- 43 KLD.			colucitud	i popula		
						- 42				
17		Net fresh water requirement- 129 KLD-43 KLD= 86 KLD Breakup of Water Requirements & source in Operation Phase								
17.				Winter):	s &source II	n Opei	ration Ph	ase		
	Sr.	Sea		Total Water	Wastewate	r Tre	ated	Reuse	Green	Onto
	No.	Jea	5011	Consumption	generation		stewater	for	Area	Land for
				(KLD)	(KLD)		neration	Flushin		Irrigation
				()	()	(KL		(KLD)		(KLD)
	1.	Sum	mer	129	111	109		43	4	62
	2.	Win	ter	129	111	109)	43	1	65
	3.	Rair	ıy	129	111	109)	43	1	65
	S.N	lo.	Descri	ption		Sour	ce of wat	ter		
	1.		Domes	stic		Bore	wells			
	2.		Flushir	ng purposes		Treat	ted waste	ewater		
	3.		Green			Treated wastewater				
					<u>.</u>				6 514/51	
18.				wledgement o					from PWR	DA regarding
		icatio				on of	ground v	vater.		
	-	npete		Authority fo						
		ining		rmission fo	r					
	abst	ractio	on of gr	ound water						
10	Det	.:	- 6							l h a tuanta d
19.	Deta		of Trop				tion pha	se, was	tewater wil	l be treated
				tment facility 8		ank.				
				rangements ir	ו					
20			tion Pha		Direct					
20.	Deta		of	Wastewate	-	•		-		er generation
	-		-	tment facility 8						proposed STP
				rangements ir					chnology to	b be installed
				e and if waste		-	premises		c	
				sposed in MC				-	of the	utilization of
				o mention the		ter is	as under		,	
				rom competent	t Season		Flushin	•	ireen	Excess
	authority				(KLD)	a	rea (KLD)	Disposal*		
					_					(KLD)
					Summer		43	4		62
					Winter		43	1		65
					Monsoor	า	43	1		65
					The exce	ss tre	ated wa	ste wat	ter is dispo	osed of to
					nearby ag	gricultu	ural land	measur	ring 8 kana	l owned by

		the Proje The	the Project proponent by using Karnal Technology. The						
21.	recharging/Harvesting (m ³ /hr)	rain wate abstractie	Ground water recharging will be done by provision of rain water recharging pits so as to compensate the abstraction of ground water. 3 rain water recharging pits are proposed. Details are given in Conceptual plan						
22.	Details of Solid waste generation (Qty), treatment facility and its disposal arrangement	During Operation Phase, about 388 kg/day (@ 0.40 kg/capita/day for residential and @ 0.2 kg/capita/day for floating) of solid waste will be generated. The solid waste shall be duly segregated into biodegradable, non-biodegradable and non-hazardous waste components as per SWM Rules, 2016. Biodegradable waste will be composted by use of 1 Mechanical Composter of 200 kg.							
23.	Details of Hazardous Waste & E- Waste generation (Qty), Treatment facility and its disposal arrangement	Used oil from DG set will be generated which will be sold to authorized vendor. E-waste generated from the project will be handled as per E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 & its amendments.							
24.	Detail of DG sets	S. No.	[Description	Unit	Proposed			
		1.	Po	wer load	KW	2,000			
		2.	D.(G sets		2 DGs of 500 KVA capacity each			
25.	Energy Requirements & Saving	LEDs have been proposed to be used instead of CFLs. 11 KW (for 184 flats) of energy will be saved by using LEDs. Also, solar panels have been proposed on the roof top of blocks.							
26.	Details of Environmental Management Plan	Sr.No	No Environmental Protection Measures		Capital Cost Rs. Lakh	Recurring Cost Rs. Lakh			
		1.		Construction Phase	98	8.5			
		2.		Operational Phase	-	12.5			

27.	 c. Details of Corporate Environmental Responsibility (CER) indicating various activities to be undertaken as per the provision of OM dated 01.05.2018 d. Details of NOC from the village Sarpanch, Certificate from the School Principal & concerned Govt. Departments etc. 	As per notification dated 30.09.2020, CER is now a part of EMP, so allocation of funds under CER is not required.
28.	Details of green belt development shall include following: c) No. of tree to be planted against the requisite norms. d) Percentage of the area to be developed. e)	 c) Trees required = @ 1 tree per 80 sq.m. of plot area = 9,290.90 / 80 = 116 trees will be planted. Trees proposed = 120 trees d) Total proposed green area measures 642.13 sq.m. of the total plot area will be area under parks within the project.

SEAC raised following observations to the Project Proponent to which he replied as under:

Sr.	Observation	Reply to the Project Proponent			
no.					
1.	The Project Proponent has proposed to dispose of the treated waste water for onto land for plantation (Karnal Technology). The site of Karnal Technology is located at a distance of about 900 m from the project site. The committee suggested the Project Proponent to explore various water conservation measures so to as to reduce the fresh water requirement in the project and shall also explore various options to recycle the treated waste water within the project for various activities to the maximum extent possible.	5 1 5			

After deliberations, SEAC decided to defer the matter and place the case in the next meeting, subject to submission of the reply by the Project Proponent.

1.0 Deliberations during 208th meeting of SEAC held on 02.11.2021.

The meeting was attended by the following:

- 1. Mr. Harvinder Singh, Partner, on behalf of the Project Proponent.
- 2. Dr. Sandeep Garg, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco laboratories Pvt Ltd.
- 3. Ms. Priyanka, EIA Coordinator, M/s Eco Laboratories Pvt Ltd.

The Committee was informed that the Project Proponent has now submitted the reply of the ADS raised through Parivesh Portal with details as under:

Sr.	Observation	Reply to the Project Proponent
no.		
1.	The Project Proponent has proposed to dispose of the treated waste water for onto land for plantation (Karnal Technology). The site of Karnal Technology is located at a distance of about 900 m from the project site. The committee suggested the Project Proponent to explore various water conservation measures so to as to reduce the fresh water requirement in the project and shall also explore various options to recycle the treated waste water within the project for various activities to the maximum extent possible.	As per Committee's suggestion, water efficient fixtures will be used in the project. Total water requirement has been estimated as 82 KLD by considering criteria @ 86 lpcd for residential population of 920 persons and @ 30 lpcd for floating population of 98 persons. Similarly, flushing water requirement has been estimated as 20 KLD by considering criteria @ 21 LPCD for residential population of 920 persons and @ 9 LPCD for floating population of 920 persons. The net fresh water requirement has been estimated as 62 KLD i.e 82 KLD-20 KLD. Revised water demand calculations and waste water generated will be treated in proposed STP of 100 KLD. Treated wastewater will be reused for flushing, green area and excess will be disposed of onto adjoining land of 2178 sq. mt. (0.45 acre) reserved for Karnal Technology. Land documents in the form of jamabandi along with affidavit from adjoining land owner was provided. While layout plan showing location of project w.r.t. adjoining land was also provided.

The Committee after going through the above said reply has made the following observations:

- 1. The Project Proponent shall provide the basis of water requirement considered for residential & floating population and flushing water requirements by using water efficient fixtures.
- 2. The Project Proponent shall submit complete scheme for treatment and disposal of wastewater by using Karnal Technology along with the drawing.
- 3. The Project Proponent shall submit an affidavit from the land owner that the adjoining land of 2178 sqm (0.45 acres) shall not be used for any other purpose except for the Karnal Technology till the wastewater generated from the project is connected to the MC sewer.
- 4. The Project Proponent shall submit the details of capital as well recurring cost for carrying out the various activities in construction & operation phase in the Environment Management Plan.

After detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to defer the matter and place the case in the next meeting, subject to submission of reply by the Project Proponent.

Item No.208.05: Application for expansion of Environmental Clearance under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 for the establishment of group housing Project namely "Royal Residency" at village Dad & Thakkarwal, District Ludhiana, (Punjab) by M/s Omaxe Ltd, (SIA/PB/MIS/66039/2021).

The project proponent has filed an application for obtaining expansion of Environment Clearance under EIA Notification, 2006 for the establishment of a Building & Construction project "Royal Residency" at village Dad & Thakkarwal, District Ludhiana, (Punjab) by with proposed built-up area as 600581 Sqm and total project area 260481 Sqm. The project cost is Rs. 950 Cr. Project is covered under Activity 8(b) & Category 'B2' as per EIA notification-2006.

The project proponent submitted the Form I, 1A and other additional documents. They have also deposited the processing fee amounting to Rs. 3,00,147/- has been paid vide NEFT No. N1862106530003442107051546410001 dated 05.07.2021. PPCB was requested to send the latest construction status report of the project through e-mail on 03.09.2021.

1.0 Deliberations during 208th meeting of SEAC held on 02.11.2021

The meeting was attended by the following:

- 1. Sh. Mukesh Bhati, AVP, on behalf of Project Proponent.
- 2. Sh. Sital Singh, EIA Coordinator, M/s CPTL, Mohali.
- 3. Mr. Deepak Gupta, Environmental Advisor.

Punjab Pollution Control Board vide letter no. 21024 dated 23.09.2021 has sent the latest construction status report and the contents of the same are given as under:

"In reference to above email, it is submitted that the subject cited project had earlier obtained Environment Clearance vide no. SEIAA/2015/3692 dated 26.06.2015, for expansion of Group Housing project namely "Royal Residency", village Dad & Thakarwal, Ludhiana by M/s Omaxe Ltd. for total project area of 56.720 acres having built up area of 3,00,434 Sqm. It is further informed that the project has also obtained Consent to Operate under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution), Act 1981, which are valid upto 31.03.2022.

The site of the subject cited project was visited by officers of the Board on 21.09.2021 and Mr. Vinay, AGM (Construction) of the project site was contacted. It was observed that the project proponent has already constructed 1330 flats and work regarding 300 more flats was undergoing in the existing premise. As per the documents submitted by the project proponent, it has proposed to add additional land in 3 separate pockets adjoining

to the project having total area of 7.628 acres. The total project area after expansion shall be 64.348 acres.

As per the site and boundary limits shown by the project proponent, it has not started any construction work for the proposed expansion. Further, the additional land is lying vacant and no physical structure has been provided in this area. There is no drain, river, eco-sensitive structure within the 500m radius of the project. However, there is one marriage palace, one school and one high tension wire within 500m radius of the project site.

As per the boundary limits of site shown by the representative of the promoter company during the visit, there is no MAH industry/cement plant/grinding unit/ rice sheller/saila plan/ stone crushing/ screening cum washing unit/ hot mix plant/ brick kiln within a radius of 500m from the boundary of the proposed site of the project. **Therefore, the site of the project is conforming to the siting guidelines laid down by the Govt. of Punjab, Department of Science Technology and Environment vide order dated 25.07.2008 as amended on 30.10.2009.**

The project proponent has not submitted any proposal regarding pollution control measures along with disposal arrangement to be adopted in the project as such no comments can be given in this regard."

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of the Project Proponent to present salient features of the project which he presented as under:

Sr. No.	Item	Details
1.	Name and Location of the project	Project Name "Royal Residency" located at Village Dad & Thakarwal, Pakhowal road, Ludhiana.
2.	Project/activity covered under item of scheduled to the EIA Notification, 14.09.2006	8 B
3.	Whether the project is in critical polluted area or not.	No
4.	If the project involves diversion of forest land. If yes, extent of the forest land.	No
5.	a) Is the project covered under PLPA,1900, if no but located near to	No

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	PLPA area then the project proponent is required to submit NOC from the concerned DFO to the effect that project area does not fall under the provision of PLPA Act, 1900.b) Is the project covered under PLPA, 1900, if yes then Status of the NOC w.r.t PLPA,1900.				
6.	If the project falls within 10 km of Eco sensitive area/ National Park/Wild Life Sanctuary. If yes, Name of Eco sensitive area/ National Park/Wild Life Sanctuary and distance from the project site. Status of clearance from National Board for Wild Life (NBWL).	No			
7.	Classification/Land use pattern as per Master Plan	CLU attached			
8.	Cost of the project	950 Cr.			
9.	Total Plot area, Built up Area and				
	Green area	Description	Old (Sqm)	New (Sqm)	Total (Sqm)
		Land	229602	30878	260481
		Built up Area	300434	300147	600581
		Green Area	58168	7320	65488
			I	I	<u> </u>
10.	Population (when fully operational)	Total Populati	on - 198	77 persor	าร
11.	Details of water consumption	Total Domes 1755 KLD	tic Wate	er Requi	irement=
		Total Flushing 559 KLD	ı water R	equireme	ent =

12.		er Requi truction F		source in	20-25 KLD septic tank further the treated waste water will be used for green area			
13.		k up of W er): -	later Requiren	nents & sour	rce in Operatio	on Phase (Summe	er, Rainy,
	Sr. No.	Season	Total Domestic Water Requirement (KLD)	Wastewater generation (KLD)	Treated Wastewater generation (KLD)	Reuse for Flushing (KLD)	Green Area (KLD)	Disposal into Sewer (KLD) 5-(6+7)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	1.	Summer	1755	1404	1404	559	360	485
	2.	Winter	1755	1404	1404	559	162	683
	3.	Rainy	1755	1404	1404	559	97	748
14.	Sour	ce of Wat	er		Ground Water (Main Source) Recycling of treated effluent from STP.			
15.	Treatment & Disposal arrangements of waste water in Construction Phase			STP installed (10 KLD)				
16.	Disposal Arrangement of Waste water in Operation Phase			Total Wastewater Generation =1404 KLD, for which 1550 KLD capacity STP is proposed to be installed				
17.	Rain water recharging detail			114858 m3, collected and will be provid rainwater of through oil &	l/or 60 no. ded to rec buildings	of rech harge t safter	arging pits he rooftop	
18.	Solid waste generation and its disposal			 6394 kg/day a) Solid wastes will be appropriately segregated (at source by providing bins) into recyclable, Bio-degradable Components, and non-biodegradable. b) A Mechanical Composter of 2000 kg capacity is proposed for the treatment of Municipal Solid Waste (Organic). 				
19.	Haza	rdous Wa	aste & E-waste	9	1) Cat 5.1 Qt 2) Any other			

		Used oil from registered recy disposed of (Management)	clers and E as per	-waste will be the E-waste
20.	Energy Requirements & Saving	a) 15 MW from b) 2x240, 2x 12 (silent DG sets) Energy Saving Solar Light 30 I Common area LED = 135 KW Total Energy sa	25 KVA & 1) measures: No (250) lights VHD	- = 74 KWHD replaced with
21.	Environment Management Plan along with Budgetary break up phase wise and responsibility to implement	During constru- responsible and Director will implementation Description Construction Operation	d during op be res	eration phase, ponsible for
22.	CER activities along with budgetary break up and responsibility to implement	·	ized for CE	

S.	Observation	Reply	y			
No 1.	Whether the layout plan for proposed expansion has been approved by Town & Country Planning, Punjab			onent informe on conceptual p		e proposed
2.	Breakup of the total project area and built-up area for which the EC was granted on dated	Sr. No.	Description	As per EC Approval on 26.06.15 (Acres)	After Expansion (Acres)	Difference (Acres)
	26.06.15 and proposed	1.	Land Area	56.72	64.348	7.628
	in the expansion project.	2.	Breakup of Lar	nd Area		
		(i)	Group Housing + Roads	32.879	40.339	7.628
		(ii)	EWS	3.005	1.875	-1.13
		(iii)	Commercial	1.623	1.625	0.002
		(iv)	Primary Schools	2.25	1.50	-0.75
		(v)	Community Centre	1.54	1.54	0
		(vi)	Green Area	14.62	16.183	1.563
		(vii)	Electricity Sub-Station	0.441	0.821	0.38
		(viii)	STP	0.23	0.308	0.078
		(ix)	UGT	0.132	0.157	0.025
			Total	56.72	64.348	7.628
3.	Details of estimation of population	pe ii) EW	rsons	2269 DUs @ cres, 80 DUs) persons		
		iii) Cor	nmercial			
		,		L st Floor- 6187 so	qm@1 person	/6 sqm=1031
		b)	2 nd & 3 rd Floor a 308 persons	and Mumty- 308	8 sqm@1 per	rson/10 sqm=
		c)	Booths- 4 no.) 2 persons/boot	th= 8 persons	6
		iv) Flo per	ating pop sons/acre=643		64.348	acres@100

			Population (11345+750+1 377 persons	1031+308+8+6	6435)
4.	Details of estimation of domestic water	Α. Γ	omestic Water Requiremer	nt	
	requirement as well as	i) Gı	roup Housing – 2269 DUs (@ 135 lpcd = 1	532 KLD
	flushing requirement	ii) EV	VS- 750 DUs@ 135 lpcd =	101 KLD	
		iii) Co	ommercial- Total Populatior	า 1339	
		b	 Permanent Population (109 KLD Floating Population (90%) KLD 	= 1205 persons	
		C) Booths – 8 persons @ 45	pcd = 1 KLD	
		iv)Flo	oating population- 6435 pe	rsons@15 lpcd	= 97 KLD
		Total (153	Domestic 2+101+6+18+1+97) = 17		Consumption
		B. F	lushing Water Requirement	t	
		i) Gi	oup Housing- 11345 perso	ns@ 45 lpcd=	511 KLD
		ii) EV	VS- 750 persons@ 45 lpcd	=34 KLD	
		iii) Co	ommercial		
) Permanent Population- 134) Floating Population- 1205		
		Total KLD	Flushing water requirement	nt (511+34+2+	-12) = 559
5.	Disposal of excess treated wastewater	Project Proponent informed that GLADA has given permission for sewer connection for disposing of the excess treated wastewater as per letter no. 4422 dated 15.7.21.			
6.	Component wise details of Environment Management Plan (EMP)	Sr. no	Description	Capital Cost (Rs. in Lacs)	Recurring cost (Rs. in Lacs)
			struction Phase	1	<u> </u>
		1.	Medical Cum First Aid	0.50	1.0
		2.	Toilets for sanitation	3.0	1.0
		3.	Wind breaking curtains	25.0	3.0

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4.	Sprinklers for suppression of dust	3.0	3.5
5.	STP (1550 KLD capacity)	250.00	
6.	Solid Waste segregation & disposal (Mechanical Composter 2000 Kg)	70.00	
7.	Green Belt including grass coverage (3500 trees)	30.00	
8.	RWHP (60 RWHP)	45.00	
9.	Ambient Air Monitoring - every 3 months		3.50
10	Ground water monitoring - every month		2.40
11	Noise Level Monitoring - every month		1.50
	Total	426.50	15.90
Оре	eration Phase		
1.	Sewage Treatment Plant		8.0
2.	Solid Waste segregation & disposal		2.5
3.	Green Belt including grass coverage		5.0
4.	RWHP		2.0
5.	Ambient Air Monitoring - every 3 months		3.5
6.	Noise Level Monitoring - every 3 months		1.0
7.	Treated Effluent		1.0
8.	Ground Water Monitoring - every month		2.0
	Total		25
		5+750) = 12	2095 @ 0.4 kg
		308+8+6435	5) = 7782 @ 0.2
Tota	al = 6394 kg/day.		
estimation &	5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 11 11 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 11 10 11 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 11 11 11 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	of dust 5. STP (1550 KLD capacity) 6. Solid Waste segregation & disposal (Mechanical Composter 2000 Kg) 7. Green Belt including grass coverage (3500 trees) 8. RWHP (60 RWHP) 9. Ambient Air Monitoring - every 3 months 10 Ground water monitoring - every month 11 Noise Level Monitoring - every month 12 Solid Waste segregation & disposal 13. Green Belt including grass coverage 14. RWHP 5. Ambient Air Monitoring - every month 13. Green Belt including grass coverage 4. RWHP 5. Ambient Air Monitoring - every 3 months 6. Noise Level Monitoring - every 3 months 7. Treated Effluent Monitoring - every 3 months 7. Treated Effluent Monitoring - every Month 8. Ground Water Monitoring - every month 14. RWHP 5. Ambient Air Monitoring - every 3 months 7. Treated Effluent Monitoring - every 4 months 7. Treated Effluent Monitoring - every month 9. Ground Water Monitoring - every month	of dust 250.00 5. STP (1550 KLD capacity) 250.00 6. Solid Waste segregation & disposal (Mechanical Composter 2000 Kg) 70.00 7. Green Belt including grass coverage (3500 trees) 30.00 8. RWHP (60 RWHP) 45.00 9. Ambient Air Monitoring - every 3 months 10 Ground water monitoring - every month 11 Noise Level Monitoring - every month 11 Noise Level Monitoring - every month 2. Solid Waste segregation & 2. Solid Waste segregation & 2. Solid Waste segregation & 3. Green Belt including grass coverage 3. Green Belt including grass coverage 4. RWHP 5. Ambient Air Monitoring - every 3 months 6. Noise Level Monitoring - every 3 months 7. Treated Effluent monitoring - every 3 months 7. Treated Effluent monitoring - every month 8. Groun

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		Composition of Municipal Solid Waste:		
		1	Bio-degradable (@25%)	1599 kg
		2	Recyclable (@50%)	3197 kg
		3	Inert/e-waste/miscellaneous (@25%)	1598 kg
		be i (Two) Kg Mechanical composter for Bio-degrada nstalled, e-waste will be given to autho o areas marked on the plan 0.371 acre an ISW collection & segregation)	rized recycler
8.	Certified Compliance Report by Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change, Govt. of India	by № has	Project Proponent informed that the obser IoEF, GoI vide File No. 5-263/2010/773 da been duly replied by M/s. Omaxe vid RR/2020-4 dated 11.11.20.	ated 10.11.20

SEAC was satisfied with the reply and the presentation of the Project Proponent and took a copy of the same on record.

SEAC decided to categorize the project under Activity 8 (b); Category B-2 as per the conceptual plan. After detailed deliberation, Committee decided to award 'Silver Grading' to the project proposal and forward the application of the project proponent to SEIAA with the recommendations to grant Environmental Clearance for Expansion of the group housing residential project namely "Royal Residency" by with proposed built up area as 600581 Sqm and total project area 260481 Sqm, at village Dad & Thakkarwal, District Ludhiana, (Punjab) by M/s Omaxe Ltd, as per the details mentioned in the Form 1, 1A, EMP & subsequent presentation /clarifications made by the project proponent and his consultant with, proposed measures and subject to the following conditions: -

Additional Condition:

1. The approval is based on the conceptual plan/drawings submitted with the application. In case, there is variation in built up area/green area/ any other details in the drawings approved by the competent authority, the Project Proponent shall obtain the revised Environmental Clearance.

I. Statutory compliance:

i) The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of

work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building bye laws.

- ii) The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment, etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening, etc.
- iii) The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.
- iv) The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
- v) The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the concerned State Pollution Control Board / Committee.
- vi) The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground water/ surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
- vii) A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
- viii) All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- ix) The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, Construction & Demolition Waste Rules, 2016 and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- x) The project proponent shall follow the ECBC/ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly.
- xi) The project site shall confirm to the suitability as prescribed under the provisions laid down under the master plan of respective city/ town. For that, the project proponent shall either to submit the NOC/ land use conformity certificate from Deptt. of Town and Country Planning or other concerned Authority under whom jurisdiction, the site falls.
- xii) Besides above, the project proponent shall also comply with siting criteria / guidelines, standard operating practices, code of practice and guidelines if any prescribed by the SPCB/CPCB/MoEF&CC for such type of projects.
- xiii) The project proponent shall get the layout plans approved from the Competent Authority for the activities / establishments to be set up at project site in consonance of the project proposal for which this environment clearance is applied.

II. Air quality monitoring and preservation

- i) Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
- ii) A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.
- iii) The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common /criterion parameters relevant-to the main pollutants released (e.g. PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
- iv) Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of backup power should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use of low sulphur diesel. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with State Pollution Control Board.
- v) Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous dust/ wind breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 m height or 1/3rd of the building height and maximum upto 10 m). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murram and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
- vi) No Excavation of soil shall be carried out without adequate dust mitigation measures in place.
- vii) No loose soil or sand or construction & demolition waste or any other construction material that causes dust shall be left uncovered.
- viii) No uncovered vehicles carrying construction material and waste shall be permitted
- ix) All the topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in horticulture / landscape development within the project site.
- x) Grinding and Cutting of building material in open area shall be prohibited. Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
- xi) Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
- xii) All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site within earmarked area and road side storage of construction material and waste shall be prohibited.

All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.

- xiii) The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection) prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
- xiv) The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. Low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
- xv) For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
- xvi) Roads leading to or at construction site must be paved and blacktopped (i.e. metallic road)
- xvii) Dust Mitigation measures shall be displayed prominently at the construction site for easy public viewing.
- xviii) Construction and Demolition Waste Processing and Disposal site shall be identified and required dust mitigation measure be notified at the site.

III. Water quality monitoring and preservation

- i) The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water.
- No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.
- iii) Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible.Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
- iv) The total water requirement for the project will be 1755 KL/day, out of which fresh water demand of 1196 KL /day shall be met through own tube well and remaining 559 KL/day through recycling of treated wastewater from STP of capacity 1550 KL/day. Total fresh water use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details.
- v) a) The total wastewater generation from the project will be 1404 KL/day, which will be treated in STP of capacity 1550 KL/day on MBBR Technology within the premises. As proposed, reuse of treated wastewater shall be as under: -

Sr. No.	Season	For Flushing purposes (KLD)	Green Area (KLD)	Sewer (KLD)
1.	Summer	559	360	485
2.	Winter	559	162	683
3.	Monsoon	559	97	748

- b) Storage tank of adequate capacity shall be provided for the storage of treated wastewater and all efforts shall be made to supply the same for construction purposes.
- c) During construction phase, the project proponent shall ensure that the waste water being generated from the labour quarters/toilets shall be treated and disposed in environment friendly manner. The project proponent shall also exercise the option of modular bio-toilets or will provide proper and adequately design septic tanks for the treatment of such waste water and treated effluents shall be utilized for green area/plantation.
- vi) The project proponent shall ensure safe drinking water supply to the habitants. Adequate treatment facility for drinking water shall be provided, if required.
- vii) The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
- viii) A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
- ix) At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
- x) Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing etc. and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. shall be done.
- xi) The respective project proponent shall discourage the installation of R.O. plants in their projects in order to save the wastage in form of RO reject. However, in case the requirement of installing RO plant is utmost necessary then the rejected stream

from the RO shall be separated and shall be utilized by storing the same within the particular component or in a common place in the project premises.

- xii) The project proponent shall also adopt the new/innovating technologies like less water discharging taps (faucet with aerators)/urinals with electronic sensor system /water less urinals / twin flush cisterns/ sensor based alarming system for overhead water storage tanks and make it a part of the environmental management plans / building plans so as to reduce the water consumption/ground water abstraction in their Building Construction & Industrial projects.
- xiii) The project proponent will provide plumbing system for reuse of treated wastewater for flushing/other purposes etc. and colour coding of different pipe lines carrying water/wastewater from different sources / treated wastewater as follows:

Sr. No	Nature of the Stream	Color code
a)	Fresh water	Blue
b)	Untreated wastewater from Toilets/ urinal & from Kitchen	Black
c)	Untreated wastewater from Bathing/shower area, hand washing (Washbasin / sinks) and from Cloth Washing	Grey
d)	Reject water streams from RO plants & AC condensate (this is to be implemented wherever centralized AC system and common RO has been proposed in the Project). Further, in case of individual houses/establishment this proposal may also be implemented wherever possible.	White
e)	Treated wastewater (for reuse only for plantation purposes) from the STP treating black water	Green
f)	Treated wastewater (for reuse for flushing purposes or any other activity except plantation) from the STP treating grey water	Green with strips
g)	Storm water	Orange

- xiv) Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- xv) The CGWA provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. A rain water harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of plot area and storage capacity of minimum one day of total fresh water requirement shall be provided. In areas where ground water recharge is not feasible, the rain water should be harvested and stored for reuse. As per the proposal submitted by the project proponent, 17 no. rain water recharge pits have already been proposed for ground water

recharging as per the CGWB norms. The ground water shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.

- xvi) All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.
- xvii) No ground water shall be used during construction phase of the project. Only treated sewage/wastewater shall be used. A proper record in this regard should be maintained and available at site.
- xviii) Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.
- xix) The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
- xx) Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment. STP shall be installed in a phased manner viz a viz in the module system designed in such a way so as to efficiently treat the wastewater with an increase in its quantity due to rise in occupancy. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/reused for flushing and gardening. No treated water shall be disposed of into the municipal storm water drain.
- xxi) No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains. Onsite sewage treatment of capacity of treating 100% waste water to be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall be reused on-site for landscape, flushing, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.
- xxii) Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- xxiii) Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

IV. Noise monitoring and prevention

i) Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential area/commercial area/industrial area/silence zone both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and

Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/SPCB.

- ii) Noise level survey shall be carried as per the prescribed guidelines and report in this regard shall be submitted to Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of sixmonthly compliance report.
- iii) Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, ear plugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.

V. Energy Conservation measures

- i) Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC.
- ii) Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
- iii) Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased. day lighting design and thermal mass etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof Uvalues shall be as per ECBC specifications.
- iv) Energy conservation measures like installation of LEDs for the lighting the area outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.
- v) Solar, wind or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher.
- vi) Solar power by utilizing at least 30% of the roof top area shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher.

VI. Waste Management

i) A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid waste, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from project shall be obtained.

- ii) Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighbouring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- iii) Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
- iv) Organic waste compost/ Vermiculture pit/ Organic Waste Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.3 kg /person/day must be installed for treatment and disposal of the waste.
- v) All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie up must be done with the authorized recyclers.
- vi) Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- vii) Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials.
- viii) Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016. Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- ix) Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.
- x) Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.

VII. Green Cover

- No tree can be felled/transplant unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted).
- ii) At least single line plantation all around the boundary of the project as proposed shall be provided. The open spaces inside the plot should be suitably landscaped

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and covered with vegetation of indigenous species/variety. The project proponent shall ensure planting of 2498 trees in the project area at the identified location, as per proposal submitted, with plants of native species preferably having broad leaves. The size of the plant thus planted should not be less than 3 ft and each plant shall be protected with a fence and properly maintained. The project proponent shall make adequate provisions of funds to ensure maintenance of the plants for a further period of three years. The plants shall be protected and maintained by the project proponent or Residents Welfare Association, as the case may be, even after three years. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping. The plantation should be provided as per SEIAA guidelines

- iii) Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned local Authority, compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1: 10 (i.e. planting of 10 trees for every 1 tree that is cut) shall be done and maintained. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted). Area for green belt development shall be provided as per the details provided in the project document.
- iv) Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.
- v) The project proponent shall not use any chemical fertilizer /pesticides /insecticides and shall use only Herbal pesticides/insecticides and organic manure in the green area.
- vi) The green belt along the periphery of the plot shall achieve attenuation factor conforming to the day and night noise standards prescribed for commercial land use.

VIII. Transport

- A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.
 - a) Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - b) Traffic calming measures.
 - c) Proper design of entry and exit points.

- d) Parking norms as per local regulation.
- ii) Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards be operated only during non-peak hours.
- iii) A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./ competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.
- iv) Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking should be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized.

IX. Human health issues

- i) All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.
- ii) For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
- iii) Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, creche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- iv) Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis.
- v) A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

X. Environment Management Plan

i) The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements / deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.

- ii) A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will directly to the head of the organization.
- iii) Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with the responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by competent authority. The year-wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate accounts and not to be diverted for any other purpose. The project proponent shall spend the minimum amount of Rs. 426.50 Lacs towards the capital cost and Rs. 15.90 Lacs/annum towards recurring cost in the construction phase of the project including the environmental monitoring cost and shall spend the minimum amount of Rs. 25 Lacs/annum towards the recurring cost in operation phase of the project including the environmental monitoring cost. The entire cost of the environmental management plan will continue to be borne by the project proponent until the responsibility of the environmental management plan is transferred to the occupier/person society under proper MOU under intimation to SEIAA, Punjab. Year-wise progress of implementation of the action plan shall be reported to the Ministry/Regional Office along with the Six-monthly Compliance Report.

XI. Validity

i) This environmental clearance will be valid for a period of seven years from the date of its issue or till the completion of the project, whichever is earlier.

XII. Miscellaneous

- i) The project proponent before allowing any occupancy shall obtain completion and occupancy certificate from the Competent Authority and submit a copy of the same to the SEIAA, Punjab.
- ii) The project proponent shall comply with the conditions of CLU, if obtained.
- iii) The project proponent shall prominently advertise it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language

within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEF&CC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.

- iv) The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
- v) The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
- vi) The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at Environment Clearance portal.
- vii) The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
- viii) The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
- ix) The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
- x) The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitment made during Public Hearing and also that during their presentation to the Expert Appraisal Committee.
- xi) No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC).
- xii) Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- xiii) The SEIAA/Ministry may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
- xiv) The SEIAA/ Ministry reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.
- xv) The Regional Office of this Ministry and Punjab Pollution Control Baord shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full

cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data/ information/monitoring reports.

- xvi) The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.
- xvii) Any appeal against this EC shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

Item no.208.06: Application for Environmental Clearance under EIA notification dated 14.09.2006 for the establishment of commercial Project namely "London Street" at Bahadurgarh, District Patiala, (Punjab) by M/s Metro Developers and Builders, (SIA/PB/MIS/227267/2021).

The project proponent has filed an application for obtaining Environment Clearance under EIA Notification, 2006 for the establishment of commercial Project namely "London Street" at Bahadurgarh, District Patiala, (Punjab) with proposed built up area as 38396 Sqm and total project area 16026.12 Sqm (3.96 Acres). The project cost Rs. 50 Cr. Project is covered under Activity 8(a) & Category 'B2' as per EIA notification-2006.

The project proponent submitted the Form I, 1A and other additional documents. They have also deposited the processing fee amounting to Rs. 76,792/- has been paid vide UBIN No. 0319220100 dated 30.08.2021. PPCB was requested to send the latest construction status report of the project through e-mail on 03.09.2021.

1.0 Deliberations during 208th meeting of SEAC held on 02.11.2021

The meeting was attended by the following:

- 1. Sh. Surinder Bansal, Partner, on behalf of Project Proponent.
- 2. Sh. Sital Singh, EIA Coordinator, M/s CPTL, Mohali.
- 3. Mr. Deepak Gupta, Environmental Advisor.

Punjab Pollution Control Board vide letter no. 6006 dated 25.10.2021 has informed that the site of the proposed project was visited by officer of the Board on 13/10/2021 and the contents of the same are given as under:

Sr.	Points	Status
no		
1.	Construction status of the proposed project	The project proponent has constructed boundary wall on three sides of the plot. Further, an office is being constructed with the help of goods containers and steel structure on temporary basis.
2.	Status of physical structures within 500 m radius of the site including the	There is Commando Training Centre, Bahadurgarh on the opposite side of the
	status of the site Including the status	Road. There is one Reliance Store on the

	of industries, drain, river, eco- sensitives structure, if any	left side a commercial complex on the right side, while facing the proposed site. The area seems to be commercial as per the appearance. There is no drain/river/ eco-sensitive structure within 500 mtr. From the periphery of the proposed site as measured through google map.
3.	Whether the site is meeting the prescribed criteria for setting up of such type of projects	Physical appearance of the site indicates it as a commercial area. There is no air polluting industry within 100 mtr of the project site & no MAH industrial within 250 mtr of the said site. Further, no industrial unit such as Rice Mills, Saila Plant, Brick kilns, Cement grinding unit, Stone crisher, Hot Mix Plant Pyrolysis Plant etc. (for which siting guidelines have been framed by the Board) was observed within 500 mtr from the project site. As such the proposed site was found complying with notification no 3/6/30/STE (4)/2274 dated 25//07/2008. However, the project proponent has not submitted any required land use of the site, which is required to be clarified from the Depth. Of Town and country Planning, Punjab. Therefore, suitability of the site may be considered only after obtaining classification of land use from the concerned authority as per master Plan of Patiala.

SEAC allowed the Environmental Consultant of the Project Proponent to present salient features of the project which he presented as under:

Sr.	Item	Details
no		
• 1.	Online Proposal No.	SIA/PB/MIS/227267/2021
2.	Name and Location of the project	"London Street" located at Bahadurgarh, Patiala.
3.	Project/activity covered under item of scheduled to the EIA Notification, 14.09.2006	8 a (Fresh EC)
4.	Whether the project is in critical polluted area or not.	No
5.	If the project involves diversion of forest land. If yes,a) Extent of the forest land.b) Status of the forest clearance	No
6.	 a) Is the project covered under PLPA, 1900, if No but located near to PLPA area then the project proponent is required to submit NOC from the concerned DFO to the effect that project area does not fall under the provision of PLPA Act, 1900. b) Is the project covered under PLPA, 1900, if yes then Status of the NOC w.r.t PLPA, 1900. 	No
7.	If the project falls within 10 km of ecosensitive area/	No

	 National park/Wild Life Sanctuary. If yes, a) Name of ecosensitive area/ National park/Wild Life Sanctuary and distance from the project site. 	No			
	b) Status of clearance from National Board for Wild Life (NBWL).				
8.	Classification/Land use pattern as per Master Plan	Commercial			
9.	Cost of the project	50 Crore			
10.	Total Plot area, Built up Area and Green area				
		Land	16026.12 Sqm		
		Built-up area	38396 Sqm		
		Green Area	1505 Sqm		
11.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4085 Persons			
	operational)	Built up area of Ground person / 6 sqm = 2260	l & First Floor = 13562 sqm @ 1 persons		
		Built up area of rest of the floors = 18256 sqm @ 1 person/ 10 sqm = 1825 persons			
		Permanent Population (10%) – 409 persons			
		Floating Population (90%)- 3676 persons			
12.		6-10 KLD			
	source in Construction Phase	Treated waste water of during construction pha	STP Patiala Heights will be used se.		

13.	Break up of Water Requirements & source in Operation Phase (Summer, Rainy, Winter):							
	Permanent Population – 409 persons @ 45 lpcd = 18 KLD							
	Float	ing Popula	ation – 3676 p	persons @	15 lpcd =	55 KLD		
	Total Water Requirement – 73 KLD							
	Sr. No	Season	Total Water Consumptio n (KLD)	Wastewat r generatio (KLD)	Wastew	vate for Flushir	Green Area requiremen t (KLD)	Reuse of Wastewate r for Green Area (KLD)
	1.	Summer	73	58	52	51	9	1
	2.	Winter	73	58	52	51	3	1
	3.	Rainy	73	58	52	51	1	1
			ce of Water Ground water (applied to PWRDA for grant of permission for abstraction ground water).					
TO1	пра	THEIN	A DISDOS	isposal Septic Tank of capacity 10 KLD water Green area				
	arran		of waste wate	Green	area	. <i>.</i>		
	arran in Co Dispo	igements instructior osal Arra e water	of waste wate Phase	Green of Total n be tro instal Sr.	area waste wa eated in t	ter genera the STP of project pr	tion =58 KLD capacity 60 emises. Green	KLD to b
	arran in Co Dispo Wast	igements instructior osal Arra e water	of waste wate n Phase angement	Green of Total n be tro instal	area waste wa eated in t led in the	ter genera the STP of project pr	tion =58 KLD capacity 60 emises.	KLD to b
	arran in Co Dispo Wast	igements instructior osal Arra e water	of waste wate n Phase angement	Green of Total n be tro instal Sr.	area waste wa eated in t led in the	ter genera the STP of project pr For Flushing	tion =58 KLD capacity 60 emises. Green Area	KLD to b
	arran in Co Dispo Wast	igements instructior osal Arra e water	of waste wate n Phase angement	er Green of Total n be tro instal Sr. No.	area waste wa eated in t led in the Season	ter genera the STP of project pr For Flushing (KLD)	tion =58 KLD capacity 60 emises. Green Area (KLD)	MC Sewer (KLD)
	arran in Co Dispo Wast	igements instructior osal Arra e water	of waste wate n Phase angement	er Green of Total n be tro instal Sr. No. 1.	area waste wa eated in t led in the Season Summer	ter genera the STP of project pr For Flushing (KLD) 51	tion =58 KLD capacity 60 emises. Green Area (KLD) 9	MC Sewer (KLD)
16.	arran in Co Dispo Wast Phase	igements instruction osal Arra e water e	of waste wate n Phase angement	er Green of Total be tre instal Sr. No. 1. 2. 3. 8337 r pits ar roofto	area waste wa eated in t led in the Season Summer Winter Rainy m3/year ra nd 4 no. R	ter genera the STP of project pr For Flushing (KLD) 51 51 51 51 in water will	tion =58 KLD capacity 60 emises. Green Area (KLD) 9 3	MC Sewer (KLD) in rechargin recharge th

19.	Hazardous Waste & EWaste	1) Cat 5.1 Qty 25 ltr.				
		2) Any other Ca	ategory			
		Used oil from DG sets will be sold to registered recyclers and E-waste will be disposed off as per the E-waste (Management) Amendment Rules, 2018.				
20.	Energy Requirements &	a) 3400 KW fro	m PSPCL.			
	Saving	b) 2x 500 KVA,	1x125 KVA (DG	Set)		
		Saving measur	es:			
		Solar Light 10 No = 15 KWHD Common area (150) lights replaced with LED= 81 KWHD Total Energy saved/day 15+81= 96 KWHD				
21.	Environment Management Plan along with Budgetary break up phase wise and responsibility to implement	During construction phase General Manager will be responsible and during operation phase, General Manager Will be responsible for implementation of the EMP.				
		Description	Capital Cost (Rs)	Recuring Cost (Rs)		
		Construction	53.50 lac	10.90		
		Operation		16.90		
22.	CER activities along with budgetary break up and responsibility to implement the same.	N/A		·		

SEAC raised the following observations to the Project Proponent:

Sr.	Observation	Reply
no.		
1.	Submission of details of Change of Land Use (CLU) as pointed out by PPCB in his report	The Project Proponent informed that Change of Land Use has been permitted by Department of Town & Country Planning, Punjab vide Memo No. 6406 CTP (Pb) SP-432-P dated 22.10.21 for 3.96 acres.

2.	Whether the layout Plan for the proposed commercial project has been approved by Deptt. of Town & Country Planning Punjab	The Project Proponent informed that the Project is based on the conceptual plan.			
3.	Details of components to	Showroom No.	Size		No.
	be constructed in the	1	48'-0"x11'-3	"	1
	proposed project	2 to 4	48'-0"x11'-4	"	3
	alongwith floor-wise	5 to 33	48'-0"x12'-0	"	29
	detail of FAR &Non-FAR	34	48'-0"x13'-1	/2″	1
	Area	35	16'-1"x66'-0	"	1
		36	15'-7(1/2")	x66′-0″	1
		37 to 44	15'-3"x66'-0	"	8
		45	15'-7(1/2")	x66′-0″	1
		46	16'-1"x66'-0		1
		47	15'-5(1/2")		1
		48 to 58 15'-1"x70'-0"		11	
		59 to 70	15'-0"x70'-0		12
		71 to 73	15'-1"x70'-0		3
			o. of Showro	1	
		Floors	FAR	Non-	Total
			area	FAR	Built up
			(sqm)	(sqm)	area (sqm)
		Ground floor	6781		
		1 st floor	6781		
		2 nd floor	6781		
		3 rd floor	6781		
		4 th floor	4694		<u> </u>
		Basement		6578	
		Total Built-u Are	•	6578	38396
4.	Details of management of biodegradable waste	The Project Proponent informed that a mechanical composter (200 Kg/day) will be provided for the treatment of biodegradable waste.			

SEAC was satisfied with the reply and the presentation of the Project Proponent and took a copy of the same on record.

After detailed deliberations, SEAC decided to award **'Silver Grading'** to the project proposal and to forward the application of the project proponent to SEIAA with the recommendations to grant Environmental Clearance for the establishment of commercial Project namely "London Street" at Bahadurgarh, District Patiala, (Punjab) with proposed built up area as 38396 Sqm and total project area 16026.12 Sqm (3.96 acres), as per the details mentioned in the Form 1, 1A, EMP & subsequent presentation /clarifications made by the project proponent and his consultant with, proposed measures and subject to the following conditions: -

Additional Condition:

1. The approval is based on the conceptual plan/drawings submitted with the application. In case, there is variation in built up area/green area/ any other details in the drawings approved by the competent authority, the Project Proponent shall obtain the revised Environmental Clearance.

I. Statutory compliance:

- The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building bye laws.
- ii) The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment, etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening, etc.
- iii) The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.
- iv) The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
- v) The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the concerned State Pollution Control Board / Committee.

- vi) The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground water/ surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
- vii) A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
- viii) All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- ix) The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, E-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, Construction & Demolition Waste Rules, 2016 and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- x) The project proponent shall follow the ECBC/ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly.
- xi) The project site shall confirm to the suitability as prescribed under the provisions laid down under the master plan of respective city/ town. For that, the project proponent shall either to submit the NOC/ land use conformity certificate from Deptt. of Town and Country Planning or other concerned Authority under whom jurisdiction, the site falls.
- xii) Besides above, the project proponent shall also comply with siting criteria / guidelines, standard operating practices, code of practice and guidelines if any prescribed by the SPCB/CPCB/MoEF&CC for such type of projects.
- xiii) The project proponent shall get the layout plans approved from the Competent Authority for the activities / establishments to be set up at project site in consonance of the project proposal for which this environment clearance is applied.

II. Air quality monitoring and preservation

- i) Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
- ii) A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.
- iii) The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common /criterion parameters relevant-to the main pollutants released (e.g. PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
- iv) Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of backup power should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act,

1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use of low sulphur diesel. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with State Pollution Control Board.

- v) Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous dust/ wind breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 m height or 1/3rd of the building height and maximum upto 10 m). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murram and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
- vi) No Excavation of soil shall be carried out without adequate dust mitigation measures in place.
- vii) No loose soil or sand or construction & demolition waste or any other construction material that causes dust shall be left uncovered.
- viii) No uncovered vehicles carrying construction material and waste shall be permitted
- ix) All the topsoil excavated during construction activities should be stored for use in horticulture / landscape development within the project site.
- x) Grinding and Cutting of building material in open area shall be prohibited. Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
- xi) Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
- All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site within earmarked area and road side storage of construction material and waste shall be prohibited. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.
- xiii) The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection) prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
- xiv) The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. Low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
- xv) For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.

- xvi) Roads leading to or at construction site must be paved and blacktopped (i.e. metallic road)
- xvii) Dust Mitigation measures shall be displayed prominently at the construction site for easy public viewing.
- xviii) Construction and Demolition Waste Processing and Disposal site shall be identified and required dust mitigation measure be notified at the site.

III. Water quality monitoring and preservation

- i) The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water.
- ii) No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.
- iii) Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
- iv) The total water requirement for the project will be 73 KL/day, out of which fresh water demand of 22 KL /day shall be met through own tube well and remaining 51 Kl/day through recycling of treated wastewater from STP of capacity 60 KL/day. Total fresh water use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details.
- v) a) The total wastewater generation from the project will be 52 KL/day, which will be treated in STP of capacity 60 KL/day on SBR technology within the project premises. As proposed, reuse of treated wastewater shall be as under: -

Sr. No.	Season	For Flushing purposes (KLD)	Green Area (KLD)	Sewer (KLD)
1.	Summer	51	1	
2.	Winter	51	1	
3.	Monsoon	51	1	

d) Storage tank of adequate capacity shall be provided for the storage of treated wastewater and all efforts shall be made to supply the same for construction purposes.

- e) During construction phase, the project proponent shall ensure that the waste water being generated from the labour quarters/toilets shall be treated and disposed in environment friendly manner. The project proponent shall also exercise the option of modular bio-toilets or will provide proper and adequately design septic tanks for the treatment of such waste water and treated effluents shall be utilized for green area/plantation.
- vi) The project proponent shall ensure safe drinking water supply to the habitants. Adequate treatment facility for drinking water shall be provided, if required.
- vii) The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
- viii) A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
- ix) At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
- x) Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing etc. and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. shall be done.
- xi) The respective project proponent shall discourage the installation of R.O. plants in their projects in order to save the wastage in form of RO reject. However, in case the requirement of installing RO plant is utmost necessary then the rejected stream from the RO shall be separated and shall be utilized by storing the same within the particular component or in a common place in the project premises.
- xii) The project proponent shall also adopt the new/innovating technologies like less water discharging taps (faucet with aerators)/urinals with electronic sensor system /water less urinals / twin flush cisterns/ sensor based alarming system for overhead water storage tanks and make it a part of the environmental management plans / building plans so as to reduce the water consumption/ground water abstraction in their Building Construction & Industrial projects.
- xiii) The project proponent will provide plumbing system for reuse of treated wastewater for flushing/other purposes etc. and colour coding of different pipe lines carrying water/wastewater from different sources / treated wastewater as follows:

Sr.	Nature of the Stream	Color code
No	Funda suchas	Dhua
a)	Fresh water	Blue
b)	Untreated wastewater from Toilets/ urinal & from Kitchen	Black
c)	Untreated wastewater from Bathing/shower area, hand washing (Washbasin / sinks) and from Cloth Washing	Grey
d)	Reject water streams from RO plants & AC condensate (this is to be implemented wherever centralized AC system and common RO has been proposed in the Project). Further, in case of individual houses/establishment this proposal may also be implemented wherever possible.	White
e)	Treated wastewater (for reuse only for plantation purposes) from the STP treating black water	Green
f)	Treated wastewater (for reuse for flushing purposes or any other activity except plantation) from the STP treating grey water	Green with strips
g)	Storm water	Orange

- xiv) Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- xv) The CGWA provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. A rain water harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of plot area and storage capacity of minimum one day of total fresh water requirement shall be provided. In areas where ground water recharge is not feasible, the rain water should be harvested and stored for reuse. As per the proposal submitted by the project proponent, 4 no. rain water recharge pits have already been proposed for ground water recharging as per the CGWB norms. The ground water shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.
- xvi) All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.
- xvii) No ground water shall be used during construction phase of the project. Only treated sewage/wastewater shall be used. A proper record in this regard should be maintained and available at site.
- xviii) Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.
- xix) The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project

proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.

- xx) Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment. STP shall be installed in a phased manner viz a viz in the module system designed in such a way so as to efficiently treat the wastewater with an increase in its quantity due to rise in occupancy. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/reused for flushing and gardening. No treated water shall be disposed of into the municipal storm water drain.
- xxi) No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains. Onsite sewage treatment of capacity of treating 100% waste water to be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall be reused on-site for landscape, flushing, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.
- xxii) Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- xxiii) Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

IV. Noise monitoring and prevention

- i) Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential area/commercial area/industrial area/silence zone both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB/SPCB.
- ii) Noise level survey shall be carried as per the prescribed guidelines and report in this regard shall be submitted to Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of sixmonthly compliance report.
- iii) Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, ear plugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.

V. Energy Conservation measures

- i) Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC.
- ii) Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
- iii) Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased. day lighting design and thermal mass etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof Uvalues shall be as per ECBC specifications.
- iv) Energy conservation measures like installation of LEDs for the lighting the area outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.
- v) Solar, wind or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher.
- vi) Solar power by utilizing at least 30% of the roof top area shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher.

VI. Waste Management

- i) A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid waste, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from project shall be obtained.
- ii) Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighbouring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- iii) Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
- iv) Organic waste compost/ Vermiculture pit/ Organic Waste Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.3 kg /person/day must be installed for treatment and disposal of the waste.
- v) All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie up must be done with the authorized recyclers.

- vi) Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- vii) Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials.
- viii) Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016. Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- ix) Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.
- x) Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.

VII. Green Cover

- i) No tree can be felled/transplant unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted).
- ii) At least single line plantation all around the boundary of the project as proposed shall be provided. The open spaces inside the plot should be suitably landscaped and covered with vegetation of indigenous species/variety. The project proponent shall ensure planting of 200 trees (@1 tree/80 Sqm of Total Land Area) in the project area at the identified location, as per proposal submitted, with plants of native species preferably having broad leaves. The size of the plant thus planted should not be less than 3 ft and each plant shall be protected with a fence and properly maintained. The project proponent shall make adequate provisions of funds to ensure maintenance of the plants for a further period of three years. The plants shall be protected and maintained by the project proponent or Residents Welfare Association, as the case may be, even after three years. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping. The plantation should be provided as per SEIAA guidelines

- iii) Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned local Authority, compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1: 10 (i.e. planting of 10 trees for every 1 tree that is cut) shall be done and maintained. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted). Area for green belt development shall be provided as per the details provided in the project document.
- iv) Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.
- v) The project proponent shall not use any chemical fertilizer /pesticides /insecticides and shall use only Herbal pesticides/insecticides and organic manure in the green area.
- vi) The green belt along the periphery of the plot shall achieve attenuation factor conforming to the day and night noise standards prescribed for commercial land use.

VIII. Transport

- A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.
 - e) Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - f) Traffic calming measures.
 - g) Proper design of entry and exit points.
 - h) Parking norms as per local regulation.
- ii) Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards be operated only during non-peak hours.
- iii) A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State

Urban Development department and the P.W.D./ competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.

iv) Traffic congestion near the entry and exit points from the roads adjoining the proposed project site must be avoided. Parking should be fully internalized and no public space should be utilized.

IX. Human health issues

- i) All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.
- ii) For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
- iii) Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, creche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- iv) Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis.
- v) A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

X. Environment Management Plan

- i) The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements / deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.
- ii) A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will directly to the head of the organization.
- iii) Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with the responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved

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by competent authority. The year-wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate accounts and not to be diverted for any other purpose. The project proponent shall spend the minimum amount of Rs. 53.50 Lacs towards the capital cost and Rs. 10.90 Lacs/annum towards recurring cost in the construction phase of the project including the environmental monitoring cost and shall spend the minimum amount of Rs. 16.90 Lacs/annum towards the recurring cost in operation phase of the project including the environmental monitoring cost. The entire cost of the environmental management plan will continue to be borne by the project proponent until the responsibility of the environmental management plan is transferred to the occupier/person society under proper MOU under intimation to SEIAA, Punjab. Year-wise progress of implementation of the action plan shall be reported to the Ministry/Regional Office along with the Six-monthly Compliance Report.

XI. Validity

i) This environmental clearance will be valid for a period of seven years from the date of its issue or till the completion of the project, whichever is earlier.

XII. Miscellaneous

- i) The project proponent before allowing any occupancy shall obtain completion and occupancy certificate from the Competent Authority and submit a copy of the same to the SEIAA, Punjab.
- ii) The project proponent shall comply with the conditions of CLU, if obtained.
- iii) The project proponent shall prominently advertise it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEF&CC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.
- iv) The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
- v) The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
- vi) The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at Environment Clearance portal.

- vii) The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
- viii) The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
- ix) The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
- x) The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitment made during Public Hearing and also that during their presentation to the Expert Appraisal Committee.
- xi) No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC).
- xii) Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- xiii) The SEIAA/Ministry may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
- xiv) The SEIAA/ Ministry reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.
- xv) The Regional Office of this Ministry and Punjab Pollution Control Baord shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data/ information/monitoring reports.
- xvi) The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.
- xvii) Any appeal against this EC shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.