# Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change Impact Assessment Division (Industry-1 Sector)

Date of zero draft MoM sent to Chairman: 7/07/2021 Approval by Chairman: 10/07/2021 Uploading on PARIVESH: 11/07/2021

Summary record of the Thirty Ninth (39<sup>th</sup>) meeting of Re-Constituted Expert Appraisal Committee (REAC) held on 30<sup>th</sup> June - 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2021 for environment appraisal of Industry-1 sector projects constituted under the provisions of Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) notification, 2006.

The Thirty Ninth meeting of the Expert Appraisal Committee (EAC) for Industry-1 Sector constituted as per the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for Environment Appraisal of Industry 1 Sector Projects was held on 30th June- 1st July, 2021 in the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC) through video conferencing in view of the ongoing Corona Virus Disease (Covid-19) issue. The list of EAC attendees is as follows:

S.	Name	Position	30/06/2021	01/07/2021
No.				
1.	Dr. Chhavi Nath Pandey	Chairman	Present	Present
2.	Dr. M.K. Gupta,	Member	Present	Present
	Director, CPPRI.			
3.	Dr. Siddharth Singh,	Member	Present	Present
4.	Dr. Jagdish Kishwan	Member	Present	Present
5.	Dr. Tejaswini Ananth	Member	Absent	Absent
	Kumar			
6.	Dr. G.V. Subramanyam	Member	Present	Present
7.	Shri. Ashok Upadhyaya	Ashok Upadhyaya Member F		Present
8.	Shri. Rajendra Prasad	Member	Present	Present
	Sharma			
9.	Dr. Sanjay Deshmukh	Member	Absent	Absent
10.	Prof. S.K. Singh	Member	Present	Present
11.	Dr. R. Gopichandran	Member	Absent	Absent
12.	Shri Jagannadha Rao	Member	Present	Present
	Avasarala			
13.	Shri. J.S. Kamyotra	Member	Present	Present
Offic	ials from MoEF&CC			
14.	Shri. Sundar Ramanathan	Member	Present	Present
		Secretary		
15.	Dr. Mahendra Phulwaria	Scientist 'C'	Present	Present

After welcoming the Committee Members, discussion on each of the agenda items was taken up. The minutes of 38<sup>th</sup> meeting held during 15-16<sup>th</sup> June, 2021 were confirmed by the EAC as already uploaded on PARIVESH except the following:

#### **ITEM NO 38.9**

#### **Minutes uploaded on PARIVESH:**

- 38.9 Expansion of the existing **0.052** MTPA Sponge Iron to **0.16** MTPA Sponge Iron, 2x9 MVA Arc Furnace for manufacturing of Ferro Alloys of 30,000 TPA (Fe-Mn, Si-Mn, Fe-Si & Pig Iron combined), Iron Ore Sinter Plant of 80,000 TPA, **2x20** TPH Iron ore washery of 2,40,000 TPA and 20 MW Power Plant [ WHRB **10** MW & AFBC **10** MW] by M/s. Maithan Steel & Power Limited located at PO Bonra, PS Neturia, Purulia District, West Bengal [Online Proposal No. IA/WB/IND/70780/2017; MoEF&CC File No. IA-J-11011/554/2017-IA.II(I)]— Reconsideration for grant of Environment Clearance based on ADS reply—regarding.
- 38.9.7 The unit configuration and capacity of existing and proposed unit are given as below:

Sl.	Name	Existing	Proposed	Final	Final Production
No		configuration	Configuration	configuration	Capacity In TPA
1.	DRI Kilns	2x100 TPD	1x350 TPD	2x100 TPD	1,81,500 Sponge
				1x350 TPD	Iron
2.	Power (DRI	Nil	12MW	12 MW	12 MW
	WHRB)				
3.	Power(AFBC)	Nil	8.0MW	8.0 MW	8.0 MW
4.	Ferro Alloys	NIL	2x9 MVA	2x9 MVA	30,000 (Fe-Mn, Si-
	Plant				Mn, Fe-Si & Pig
					Iron combined)
5.	Iron Ore	NIL	250 TPD	250 TPD	As required.
	Sinter Plant				
6.	Iron Washery	NIL	1x40 TPH	1x40 TPH	2,06,000

38.9.9 The water requirement for the project is estimated as 72,515m³/day, out of which1800m³/day of fresh water requirement will be obtained from the Surface water and the remaining requirement of 54,515m³ /day will be met from the treated recycled water. The permission for drawl of groundwater / surface water is obtained from Damodar River at confluence of Maithan and PanchetRiver vide Lr. No. MRO/water Tariff/183 dated 26/03/2019

# To be Read as:

- 38.9 Expansion of the existing 0.064 MTPA Sponge Iron to 0.17 MTPA Sponge Iron, 2x9 MVA Arc Furnace for manufacturing of Ferro Alloys of 30,000 TPA (Fe-Mn, Si-Mn, Fe-Si & Pig Iron combined), Iron Ore Sinter Plant of 80,000 TPA, 1x40 TPH Iron ore washery of 2,40,000 TPA and 20 MW Power Plant [ WHRB 12 MW & AFBC 8 MW] by M/s. Maithan Steel & Power Limited located at PO Bonra, PS Neturia, Purulia District, West Bengal Environment Clearance regardin
- 38.9.7 The unit configuration and capacity of existing and proposed unit are given as below:

Sl.	Name	Existing	Proposed	Final	Final Production
No		configuration	Configuration	configuration	Capacity In TPA
1.	DRI Kilns	2x100 TPD	1x350 TPD	2x100 TPD	176,000 Sponge
				1x350 TPD	Iron
2.	Power (DRI	Nil	12MW	12 MW	12 MW
	WHRB)				
3.	Power	Nil	8.0MW	8.0 MW	8.0 MW
	(AFBC)				
4.	Ferro Alloys	NIL	2x9 MVA	2x9 MVA	30,000 (Fe-Mn, Si-
	Plant				Mn, Fe-Si & Pig
					Iron combined)
5.	Iron Ore	NIL	250 TPD	250 TPD	80,000
	Sinter Plant				
6.	Iron Washery	NIL	1x40 TPH	1x40 TPH	2,06,000

38.9.9 The fresh water requirement for the project is estimated as 1800 m<sup>3</sup>/day which will be obtained from the Damodar River. The permission for drawl of water from Damodar River at confluence of Maithan and Panchet River has been obtained from DVC vide Lr. No. MRO/water Tariff/183 dated 26/03/2019.

# 30th June, 2021

- 39.1 Change in Configuration of the Existing 1.26 MTPA Integrated Steel Plant of M/s. Tata Steel Long Products Limited at Adityapur Industrial Area, Village Gamharia, Saraikela-Kharsawan, Jharkhand [Online Proposal No. IA/JH/IND/207765/2021; MoEF&CC File No. J-11011/611/2010-IA.II(I)] Environment Clearance under para 7(ii) of EIA, 2006 regarding.
- 39.1.1 M/s. Tata Steel Long Products Limited has made an online application vide proposal no. IA/JH/IND/207765/2021 dated 14/06/2021 along with copy of EIA/EMP report and Form 2 seeking Environment Clearance (EC) under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the project mentioned above. The proposed project activity is listed at schedule no. 3(a) Metallurgical industries (ferrous & nonferrous) under Category "A" of the schedule of the EIA Notification, 2006 and appraised at Central level.

# **Details submitted by Project proponent**

39.1.2 The 1.26 MTPA Integrated Steel Plant project was originally accorded environmental clearance vide letter no. J-11011/611/2010-IA-II (I) dated 25/10/2011 in the name M/s. Usha Martin Limited. The unit is located at located in Village Gamharia, Saraikela- Kharsawan, Jharkhand. In April 2019, M/s. Tata Steel Long Products Limited (TSLPL) had acquired 1.26 MTPA Integrated Steel Plant of M/s Usha Martin Limited at Adityapur Industrial Area, Village Jhurkuli, Tehsil Gamharia, District Saraikela Kharsawan in Jharkhand. In June 2019, EC for the 1.26 MTPA Integrated Steel Plant of M/s Usha Martin Limited was transferred in the name of M/s Tata Sponge Iron Limited which was later changed to Tata Steel Long Products Limited on 18/02/2020. Presently, the Consent to Operate for the existing plant was accorded by Jharkhand State Pollution Control Board on 03/05/2020 with a validity up to valid up to 31/03/2022 for Mini Blast Furnace, Steel Melting Shop & Rolling Mill. With

respect to the remaining facilities CTO renewal was accorded on 31/12/2020 with a validity up to 31/12/2025.

39.1.3 Implementation status of the existing Environmental Clearance.

S	<b>Facilities</b>	Units	As per EC dated		
No			25.10.2011	Status as on date	
1.	Coke Ovens	2 batteries, 96 ovens	0.5 MTPA	0.5 MTPA	0.5 MTPA
2.	Sinter Plant	80 m <sup>2</sup> Straight grate	0.6 MTPA	0.95 MTPA*	<b>0.6 MTPA</b>
3.	Iron Ore	-	2.7 MTPA	2.7 MTPA	2.7 MTPA
	Washing Plant				
4.	Pellet Plant	168 m <sup>2</sup> Grate Kiln	1.2 MTPA	1.2 MTPA	1.2 MTPA
		technology			
5.	Blast Furnace	280 m <sup>3</sup> & 380 m <sup>3</sup>	0.65 MTPA	0.65 MTPA	0.65 MTPA
6.	DRI Kilns	5 Kiln of 350 TPD		0.625 MTPA	5x350 TPD
		each (OSIL & Lurgi			
		technology)			
7.	Steel Melt		1.2 MTPA	1.2 MTPA	1.2 MTPA
	Shop (EAF)	70MT - 1 no			
8.	Continuous	2x3 + 1x2 + 1x4	1.2 MTPA	1.2 MTPA	-
	Casting	Strand Billet Caster			
9.	Rolling Mill	WRM - 5.5 to 25.4	1.2 MTPA	1.2 MTPA	1.2 MTPA
		(DMH mill)			
		Bloom Mill - 68-160			
		mm dia 63-200 mm			
		RCS			
		Bar Mill - 28 – 68 mm			
10.	Power Plant	dia55 RCS	130 MW	130 MW	130 MW
10.	rower Plant	-		Coal Based- 64	130 101 00
			94MW	MW	
				Waste heat-	
			36MW	66MW	
11.	Oxygen Plant	Lease, operate and		220 TPD	_
11.	Oxygon i min	maintenance contract	220 1112	220 1112	-
		basis by Praxair			
12.	Nitrogen	<u> </u>	-	39 TPD	-
	Facility				
13.	Producer	For Pellet Plant- 3	-	3x3000 Nm <sup>3</sup> /hr	-
	<b>Gas Plants</b>	Nos			

Note \* - Production of Sinter was above the sanctioned and consented capacity 0.60 MTPA since 2011-12.

# 39.1.4 Present proposal under para 7(ii)

After acquiring and transfer of EC from erstwhile Usha Martin Limited, TSLPL observed that there are some deviations in EC from unit capacities which were already installed & in operations and also facilities which were installed, but not appearing in the EC, viz. Nitrogen Plant and Producer Gas Plant. In addition, the water requirement and land requirement as mentioned in EC dated 25/10/2011 needs correction. In order to regularise the EC in line with the existing plant configuration and infrastructural facilities, TSLPL sought for fresh EC under para 7(ii) and amendment in EC. The overall production of the plant has not exceeded its capacity of 1.26 MTPA as per EC. Hence, the present proposal envisages following:

Sl. No.	Description as per EC dated 25/10/2011	Description as per Proposal
1	Sinter plant – 0.6 MTPA	Sinter plant – 0.95 MTPA (installed capacity)
2		Nitrogen Facility – 39 TPD (existing facility)
3	87 MW – [27 MW from waste gases from 3 DRI plants and 2 X 30 MW coal based power plants] (Total Power generation: 130 MW)	87 MW – [27 MW from waste gases from 3 DRI plants, 30 MW coal based power plants and 30 MW based on Waste Heat Recovery Boilers of Coke Oven] (existing facility) (Total Power generation: 130 MW)
4	The total plant area is 79.0 ha out of which 10.35 ha will be earmarked for the proposed expansion.	The total plant area is 151.16 ha
5	The major raw materials required for the proposed pellet plant will be7,500 Nm <sup>3</sup> /hr of Blast Furnace gas (BFG)	The major raw materials required for the proposed pellet plant will be 9,000 Nm <sup>3</sup> /hr of Producer Gas (PG) through existing and in operation Producer gas plants
6	The water requirement for existing plant is 7,600 m <sup>3</sup> /d and for proposed expansion is 3,440 m <sup>3</sup> /d, which would be sourced from Subarnarekha Multipurpose Project	The water requirement for existing plant is 21900 m <sup>3</sup> /d. For the proposed expansion, 4,230 m <sup>3</sup> /d of makeup water is required,

39.1.5 The details of the raw material requirement for the existing project along with its source and mode of transportation is given as below:

	Raw Material	Quantity required p		r annum	Source	Distance	Mode of
		Existing	Expansion	Total		from site (Kms)	Transportation
1.	Coking coal	740000	0	740000	Open Market	1	Road, Rail
2.	PG Feed coal	48000	0	48000	Open Market	-	Road, Rail
3.	EAF Electrode	3384	0	3384	Open Market	-	Road, Rail
4.	Coal (Power Generation)	611600	0	611600	Open Market	1	Rail
5.	PCI	176850	0	176850	Open Market	-	Road, Rail
6.	Scrap	180000	0	180000	Open Market	1	Road, Rail
7.	Fluxes for SMS	152156	0	152156	Open Market	1	Road, Rail
8.	Flux for DRI	50000	0	50000	Open Market	-	Rail
9.	Iron ore fines (Sinter grade)	807500	0	807500	Open Market	1	Road, Rail
10.	Fluxes for Sinter	197787	0	197787	Open Market	-	Road, Rail
11.	Coal for Sinter	30400	0	30400	Open Market	-	Road, Rail
12.	Coal for DRI	587500	0	587500	Open Market	-	Road, Rail
13.	Iron ore fines (Pellet)	1380000	0	1380000	Open Market	-	Road, Rail
14.	Iron ore	1342936	0	1342936	Open Market	-	Rail
15.	Fluxes for MBF	50471	0	50471	Open Market	-	Road, Rail

- 39.1.6 The water requirement for the project is estimated as 22,230 m³/day which is being sourced from Subarnarekha River and around 7,200 m³/day of waste water is also being recycled and used in Plant process. The permission for drawl of raw water is obtained from Water Resources department, Govt. of Jharkhand vide receipt no. 6f0ba868e66492ae47e0 dated 12/02/2021.
- 39.1.7 The power requirement for the project is estimated as 180MW, out of which 130MW will be generated in the Captive Power Plant and balance shall be obtained from Jharkhand State Electricity Board (JSEB).

39.1.8 Baseline Environmental Studies (From post project monitoring data)

ies (1 foil post project monitoring data)
March 2020 to Feb 2021
$PM_{2.5} = 111 \mu g/m^3$
$PM_{10} = 302 \mu g/m^3$
$SO_2 = 30 \ \mu g/m^3$
$NO_x = 20 \mu g/m^3$
All Plant units are already in operation. The contribution from
existing units is reflected on AAQ.
pH: 6.7 to 6.8, Total Hardness: 34 to 52 mg/l, Chlorides: 15 to
28 mg/l, Fluoride: 0.2 to 0.4 mg/l. Heavy metals are within the
limits.
Not monitored
48.9 to 71.2 dB for the day time and 41.5 to 66.1 dB for the
Night time.
Not carried out.
Elephant is present in 10 Km Study Area.

39.1.9 The details of solid and hazardous waste generation along with its mode of treatment/disposal is furnished as below:

S	Type of Waste	Source	<b>Quantity generated</b>	<b>Mode of Treatment</b>
No			(TPA)	/ Disposal
1	Non Hazardous	End cut	23901	Reused/Sold
2	Non Hazardous	Mill Scale	6343	Reused / Sold
3	Non Hazardous	Fes Dust	8320	Reused
4	Non Hazardous	Tundish skull	14858	Reused / Sold
5	Non Hazardous	Flue Dust	31466	Reused
6	Non Hazardous	GCP sludge		Reused
7	Non Hazardous	DE dust (MBF)		Reused
8	Non Hazardous	Pig Iron	634	Reused / Sold
9	Non Hazardous	Pooled Iron	2400	Sold
10	Non Hazardous	Laddle skull	3585	Sold
11	Non Hazardous	PCM runner skull		Sold
12	Non Hazardous	Char	70798	Reused / Sold
13	Non Hazardous	DE Dust (DRI)	31466	Sold

S	Type of Waste	Source	Quantity generated	<b>Mode of Treatment</b>
No			(TPA)	/ Disposal
14	Non Hazardous	DSC Dust	3933	Sold
15	Non Hazardous	Mixed waste	7200	Sold / Disposed
16	Non Hazardous	PG ash	3761	Disposed
17	Non Hazardous	Fly Ash	140056	Disposed
18	Non Hazardous	WHRB Ash	24449	Disposed
19	Non Hazardous	Bed Ash	31675	Reused / Disposed
20	Non Hazardous	EAF /LF Slag	165308	Reused / Sold /
				Disposed
21	Non Hazardous	MBF Slag	240000	Sold
22	Hazardous	Used/Waste oil	4	Sold
23	Hazardous	E waste	15	Sold
24	Hazardous	Glass wool	3	Sold
25	Hazardous	Coal Tar	1034	Sold

# 39.1.10 Public Consultation:

Public Hearing for the project was exempted as per section (iii), stage (3), Para (i) (b) of the EIA notification 2006 due to the project being located in Notified Adityapur Industrial Area.

- 39.1.11 The annual recurring cost towards the environmental protection measures is Rs 9.4 Crores.
- 39.1.12 Existing Greenbelt cover is 31.98 ha (21%). Further Greenbelt will be developed in 18.05 ha which is about 12% of the total project area. A 2m 20m wide greenbelt, consisting of at least 3 tiers around plant boundary will be developed as greenbelt and green cover as per CPCB/ MoEF&CC, New Delhi guidelines. Local and native species will be planted with a density of 2500 trees per hectare. Total no. of 30000 saplings will be planted and nurtured in 18.05 hectares in 2 years.

# 39.1.13 Summary of court case as furnished below:

Following cases related to environmental pollution, which were filed during the period of erstwhile M/s. Usha Martin Limited, are pending before Sub Divisional Magistrate (SDM) Saraikela related to the project-

1. Misc. case No.93 of 2012 - Environment protection forum & Others Vs. Usha Martin Limited

**Status of case:** Directions have been given by SDM to the local pollution control board and the Police Station to verify the status of allegation in the complaint and submit the report. The verification / investigation report is awaited in the matter. The case is currently pending before SDM, Saraikela

Misc. case No.130 of 2015 - State Vs. M/s. Usha Martin Limited.
 Status of case: Directions have been given by District Transport Officer to verify the status of allegation in the complaint and submit the report. The verification / investigation report is awaited in the matter. The case is currently pending before SDM, Saraikela.

39.1.14 Name of the EIA consultant: M/s. MECON Limited [S. No. 49, List of ACOs with their

Certificate no. NABET/EIA/2023/RA 0195 and valid up to 09/02/2023; Rev. 11, June 09, 2021].

# **Certified Compliance report from Regional Office**

The Status of compliance of earlier EC was obtained from Regional Office, Ranchi vide letter 39.1.15 no. 103-314/11/EPE dated 04/12/2020 in the name of M/s. Tata Sponge Iron Limited. The Action taken report regarding the partially/non-complied condition was submitted to Regional officer MoEF&CC, Ranchi vide letter no. TSLP/EMD/EC-Comp/12/2020/01 dated 18/12/2020. The details of the observations made by RO in the report dated 04/12/2020 along

with its present status as furnished by the PP is given as below:

Sl	Non-Compliances details	Observation of RO		Condition no.		Response by PP
			EC Date			
		· • • ·		c	1	
1.	Efforts shall be made to mitigate RSPM levels in the ambient air and a time bound action plan shall be submitted. On-line ambient air quality monitoring and continuous stack monitoring facilities for all the stacks shall be provided.	At the project site it was observed that raw material stock yards neither covered with tarpaulin nor wind barrier to prevent dust pollution in the project site, (photos 1 &2). The iron ore, iron ore fine, sinters and coal materials were being haphazardly dumped. The height of the iron ore and coal dumps were observed to be excessive exceeding the slope limit, (photo -3). Project proponent should have dumps in benching pattern. Most part of the road is yet to be cemented as result its create dust pollution and the local population residing inside the industry premises is suffering dust pollution due to these materials dumping area during the windy period, (photo -4).	25/10/ 2011	(i)		All raw material yards are equipped with fixed type water sprinkling system to suppress the fugitive dust and major raw materials are being conveyed to respective department after proper wetting. However most of the raw material yards live and in continuous operational. Yards are maintained in such a way to stock material for maximum 15 days and continuous evacuation & conveying of raw material is done on regular basis. As directed by the ministry, the slope and stacking of raw material heaps would be done in a safe and organized manner.  All high elevated yards including Slag dump yards are very old and are fully weathered and stabilized. The material in the yard is a property of erstwhile owner company (M/S Usha Martin Limited) and they are already in the process of liquidating the heap on daily basis (@ of around 1000 MT/day). We expect the total heap to be cleared in next few months.  Concrete Road construction under infrastructure project is taken on priority. In FY'20 around 560 meters of new RCC roads has been laid. In forthcoming years (FY'21 and FY'22) additional stretch of around 1057 meters and 3361 meters respectively has been targeted. Meanwhile we are taking utmost care for reduction of vehicular fugitive emission and all unpaved haul roads are being regularly watered through mobile and fixed water sprinklers to suppress road dust. All paved roads are cleaned through mechanical road sweepers to maintain
2.	In-plant control measures like bag filters, de-dusting and dust suppression system shall be provided to control fugitive emissions from all the vulnerable sources. Dust extraction and suppression	It was also observed having huge concentration of suspended fine dust particles arises all around the project site due to sudden wind blowing, which may affect the	25/10/ 2011	(v)	-	the roads clean.  All dust prone areas including haul roads are regularly watered through mobile water tanker. Raw Material Handing Areas are provided with fixed type water sprinklers (rain gun). Apart from this, plan has been made to convert all haul roads into RCC road. Around

Sl	Non-Compliances details	Observation of RO	Condition no.		10.	Response by PP
•		(abridged)	EC Date			
	system shall be provided at all the transfer points, coal handling plant and coke sorting plant of coke oven plant. Bag filters shall be provided to hoods and dust collectors to coal and coke handling to control dust emissions. Water sprinkling system shall be provided to control secondary fugitive dust emissions generated during screening, loading, unloading, handling and storage of raw materials etc.	respiratory system and eyes of workers and also visitors. Project proponent should take proper precautionary measures on this condition.		c	1	560 meter of haul road has been converted into RCC road and action plan has made to convert all haul roads into RCC road in the future. To reduce fugitive emission in raw material circuits, existing systems are regularly strengthened. Images of 2 new projects installed recently at Sinter Plant and CPP for control of fugitive emission are attached for kind reference as annexure-1
3.	Total requirement of the water for the proposed expansion shall not exceed 3,440m³/day. All the treated wastewater shall be recycled for dust suppression and green belt development. Domestic wastewater shall be treated in septic tank followed by soak pit and used for green belt development. Zero effluent discharge shall be strictly followed and no wastewater shall be discharged outside the premises.	At present project proponent is being using river water for this project. A copy of water withdrawal permission along with water tankers log book signed by authorized signatory must be submitted to this IRO, Ranchi. Project proponent should have provided adequate measuring arrangement at the inlet point of water uptake and at the discharge point for the measurement of water utilized in different categories and monitoring daily water consumption in a time bound manner.	25/10/ 2011	(viii)	-	Copy of water withdrawal permission is attached as Annexure- 2. Water tanker log book is attached as Annexure-3. Water flow meter with totalizer has been installed at the water uptake point near Subarnarekha river. The photograph of water flow meter installed at water uptake point is attached as Annexure- 4 Flow meters are installed at all required locations and monitoring of water consumed under different categories is done on daily basis. Pictures of flow meters installed at different locations within the plant are attached as Annexure- 4.
4.	As proposed, green belt shall be developed in 33% of plant area within and around the project site to mitigate the impact of fugitive emissions as per the CPCB guidelines in consultation with local DFO.	Some tree plantation has been done in the project site, which is inadequate as per the stipulation. There is scope for development of green belt in most of the areas of the project which have been undertaken.	25/10/ 2011	(xi)	-	Tree plantation is an on-going activity and new saplings are planted each year. As a special drive under 'Go Green' project, 22488 new saplings were planted in the last few years. Continuous effort is being taken to increase the green belt. The plantation record with photos are attached as Annexure-5
5.	Risk and Disaster Management Plan along with the mitigation measures shall be prepared and a copy submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office at Bhubaneswar, SPCB and CPCB within 3 months of issue of environment clearance letter.	A copy of risk & disaster management plan has not been received by MOEFCC Integrated Regional Office Ranchi as on date.	25/10/ 2011	(xiii)	-	The copy of risk and disaster management plan is attached as Annexure-6
6.	At least 5 % of the total cost of the project shall be earmarked towards the Enterprise Social Commitment based on locals need and item-wise details along with time	Project proponent should have furnished the details of Enterprise Social Commitment based on locals need and item-wise details along with time bound action plan.	25/10/ 2011	(xiv)	-	The Enterprise Social Commitment based on locals need and item wise details along with time bound action plan is attached as Annexure- 7

Sl	Non-Compliances details	Observation of RO	Cor	ndition n	10.	Response by PP
•	Tion compliances actuals	(abridged)	EC Date			response by 11
·		(u.z.rugeu)	Lo Duite	c	l	
	bound action plan should be prepared and submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office at Bhubaneswar. Implementation of such program should be ensured accordingly in a time bound manner. The action plan shall include major items like school, vocational training etc.					
7.	The project authorities shall strictly comply with the rules and regulations under Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules, 1989 as amended in October, 1994 and January, 2000. Authorization from the JPCB shall be obtained for collection, treatment, storage, and disposal of hazardous wastes.	A signed copy of disposal of hazardous wastes, solid waste management and disposal scheme ensuring storage and segregation of biodegradable and non-biodegradable wastes has not been submitted to RO, Ranchi.	25/10/ 2011	-	(v)	All generated hazardous wastes are being disposed to authorize disposal facility only. Scan copy of manifest is attached as Annexure-8 Solid waste generated within the plant is segregated and most of the waste are recycled back in process. Solid waste like mill scale, scarp, FES dust, GCP dust are used in sintering process. Blast furnace slag is sold to open market. (Used by major cement industry). Metal is recovered from slag of arc furnace and reused in furnace. Details showing disposal scheme is enclosed as Annexure-9
8.	A separate Environmental Management Cell equipped with full-fledged laboratory facilities shall be set up to carry out the environmental management and monitoring functions.	Project proponent should submit the details of personnel along with their qualification associated with the environment management cell (separate lists for personnel exclusive and others). A signed copy of Corporate Environment responsibility has not yet submitted.	25/10/ 2011	-	(xi)	Details of personnel along with their qualification associated with the environment management cell are attached as Annexure-10. Corporate Environment Policy is attached as Annexure-10.
9.	As proposed, Rs. 50 Crores and Rs. 2.5 Crores shall be earmarked towards total capital cost and recurring cost/annum for environmental pollution control measures and judiciously used to implement the conditions stipulated by the Ministry of Environment and Forests as well as the State Government. A time bound implementation schedule shall be submitted to the Ministry and its Regional Office at Bhubaneswar to implement all the conditions stipulated herein. The funds so provided shall not be diverted for any other purpose.	The year wise and activity wise expenditure incurred for environmental protection measures has not been furnished to IRO, Ranchi as yet. Project proponent should have submitted the details of environmental audit report to this IRO, Ranchi.	25/10/ 2011		(xii)	The year wise and activity wise expenditure incurred for environmental protection measures is attached as Annexure-11 Environmental audit report (Form-V) attached as Annexure-12.

- 39.1.16 During the course of meeting, project proponent has requested EAC to consider the following points:
  - i. Usha Martin was taken over by Tata Sponge/Tata Steel Long Products Limited in 2019
  - ii. Once the new Project Proponent observed deviations, they came upfront for resolution and seeking fresh EC
  - iii. EC capacity is of 1.26 MTPA which has never been crossed and currently operating at 0.6 MTPA capacity.
  - iv. Closing any facility would lead to closure of the entire plant leading to unemployment.

# **Observations of the Committee**

- 39.1.17 The Committee noted the following:
  - i. PP has increased the capacity of Sinter Plant from 0.6 MTPA to 0.95 MTPA since 2010-11, added 39 TPD nitrogen Plant and 3x3000 Nm³/hr Producer Gas Plant without any EC or information to MoEF&CC. Thus, Project proponent has exceeded the Sinter Plant production beyond 0.6 MTPA since 2010-11 without obtaining requisite EC from MoEF&CC and consent from JSPCB.
  - ii. Total plant area as per EC dated 25/10/2011 was 79 ha as against the present area of 151.16 ha today. This was never intimated to MoEF&CC.
  - iii. The actual water consumption is 22230 KLD as against 11040 KLD of water consumption stated in the EC dated 25/10/2011.
  - iv. The 30 MW coal fired power plant has been converted to gas firing without any information to MoEFCC. Thus, CPP configuration has been changed without any amendment to EC.
  - v. As per the EC, BF gas was to be used as fuel in the Existing Pellet Plant. Till 2014, the pellet plant was running on BF gas presumably, thereafter, PP has switched over to Producer gas as fuel without any amendment to EC or information to MoEF&CC.
  - vi. Emissions of SO<sub>2</sub>, NOx and PM from the plant shall increase due to use of additional 48000 TPA of coal for Producer Gas Plant and increase in sinter capacity from 0.6 to 0.95 MTPA. The additional Sulphur input and related emissions were not considered in EIA report prepared for EC of 2011.
  - vii. There would be increase in Noise due to installation of Nitrogen Plant.
  - viii. During past 10 years the plant has developed only 21% greenbelt as against the requirement of 33%.
  - ix. Fly ash utilization has not reached 100 % as required under Flyash Rules of 1999. The wet ash is being ponded.
  - x. Certified compliance report of RO dated 04/12/2020 indicates several non-compliances with respect to the prescribed conditions stated in the EC dated 25/10/2011.
  - xi. There are two cases bearing number # 93 of 2012 and #130 of 2015 are pending before the Saraikela District Court as on date pertaining to environment pollution.
  - xii. PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> level in the ambient air are reported to be 302 μg/m<sup>3</sup> and 111 μg/m<sup>3</sup> which is exceeding the National Ambient Air Quality Standards, 2009.
  - xiii. Unit has never undergone public hearing process as per the procedure stated in the EIA notification, 2006.

#### **Recommendations of the Committee**

- 39.1.18 In view of the foregoing and after detailed deliberations, the committee recommended the following:
  - i. The instant proposal is a violation case under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006 in view of the observations mentioned at para no. 39.1.17.
  - ii. The present proposal does not qualify to be recommended under para 7(ii) of the EIA notification, 2006.
  - iii. The EAC recommended to return the proposal in its present form.
  - iv. The project proponent is free to apply for seeking fresh Terms of Reference under the provisions of EIA, 2006.
  - v. The MoEF&CC may initiate appropriate legal action against the project proponent by invoking relevant provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 in view of the observations listed at para 39.1.17 above.
- Expansion of Iron and Steel Plant (2,60,000-12,60,000 MTPA) and installation of Captive Power Plant (87 MW) of **M/s. Tata Steel Long Products Limited** at Adityapur Industrial Area, Village & Tehsil Gamhoria, District Saraikela, Kharsawan, Jamshedpur, Jharkhand [Online Proposal No. IA/JH/IND/200437/2021; MoEF&CC File No. J-11011/611/2010-IA.II(I)] **Amendment in Environment Clearance** regarding.
- 39.2.1 M/s. Tata Steel Long Products Limited has made an online application vide proposal no. IA/JH/IND/200437/2021 dated 14/06/2021 along with Form 4 and sought for Amendment / Clarification in Environmental Clearance accorded by the Ministry vide letter no. J-11011/611/2010-IA-II (I) dated 25<sup>th</sup> Oct, 2011.

# Details submitted by the project proponent

- 39.2.2 The existing project was accorded environmental clearance vide lr. no. F. No. J-11011/611/2010-IA-II (I) dated 25/10/2011 issued to M/s. Usha Martin Limited. EC was transfer to M/s. Tata Sponge Iron Limited dated 19/06/2019 and further Transfer to M/s. Tata Steel Long Products Limited dated 18/02/2020.
- 39.2.3 Reason for the amendment:
  - i. The total plant area of the existing Integrated Steel plant including the facilities such as SMS, Blast Furnace, Mills, Storage yards etc. is 151.16 ha. The same is inadvertently mentioned as 79.0 ha in the EC letters dated 11.10.2007 (J-11011/681/2007-IA II (I)) and EC dated 25.10.2011 (J-11011/611/2010-IA-II (I)) which is to be amended to the actual plant area of 151.16 ha.
  - ii. The total quantity of fresh water required for the existing plant is 22,230 m³/day. However, in the EIA report for expansion from 0.26 MTPA to 1.2 MTPA, the same was inadvertently indicated as 11040 m³/day which was also reflected in EC letter dated 25/10/2011. As such the mentioned quantity is very less as per standard industry practices. For an old establishment such as TSLPL Gamharia, fresh water requirement is 22,230m³/day. For the same, permission for drawl of 5 MGD (22730 m³/day) fresh water has been obtained from Water Resource Department, Govt. of Jharkhand.
- 39.2.4 Details of configuration of existing EC dated 25/10/2011 and EC amendment sought:

S No	Plant facility	Existing configuration	Proposed configuration	Final configuration after amendment	Remarks
1.	Pellet Plant	168 m <sup>2</sup> Grate Kiln technology = 1.2 MTPA		168 m <sup>2</sup> Grate Kiln technology = 1.2 MTPA	
2.	Rolling Mill	WRM + Blooming Mill = 1.2 MTPA		WRM + Blooming Mill = 1.2 MTPA	No change
3.	Sinter Plant	80m <sup>2</sup> Straight grate = 0.6 MTPA		80m <sup>2</sup> Straight grate = 0.95 MTPA	Separate application submitted for increase in capacity.
4.	Iron Ore Washing Plant	2.7 MTPA		2.7 MTPA	No Change
5.	Coke Ovens	2 batteries, 96 ovens = 0.5 MTPA		2 batteries, 96 ovens = 0.5 MTPA	No Change
6.	Nitrogen Plant		39 TPD	39 TPD	Separate application submitted for Nitrogen Plant installation
7.	DRI Kilns	5 rotary Kiln of 350TPD each = 0.625 MTPA		5 rotary Kiln of 350TPD each = 0.625 MTPA	No Change
8.	Continuous Casting	2x3 + 1x2 + 1x4 Strand Billet Caster = 1.2 MTPA		2x3 + 1x2 + 1x4 Strand Billet Caster = 1.2 MTPA	No Change
9.	Blast Furnace	$280 \text{ m}^3 + 380 \text{ m}^3 = 0.65 \text{ MTPA}$		$280 \text{ m}^3 + 380 \text{ m}^3 = 0.65$ MTPA	No Change
10.	Steel Melt Shop (EAF)	40MT - 2 nos 70MT - 1 no = 1.2 MTPA		40MT - 2 nos 70MT - 1 no = 1.2 MTPA	No Change
11.	Power Plant	25+30+30 MW (Coal) + 30 MW (WHR) +15 MW Mix =130 MW		25+30+30 MW (Coal) + 30 MW (WHR) +15 MW Mix =130 MW	submitted for change in configuration
12.	Oxygen Plant	220 TPD		220 TPD	No Change

39.2.5 Any other amendment required In approved EC dated 25/10/2011:

S	Reference of	Description as per	Description as per	Remarks
No	Approved EC	Approved EC	Proposal.	
1.	Clause 6, Water	Total requirement =	Total requirement =	mentioned in the EIA
	requirement	$11,040 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$	$22,230 \text{ m}^{3}/\text{day}$	as 11040 m <sup>3</sup> /day
2.	Clause 2, Total	Total plant area 79.0	Total plant area	Wrongly mentioned
	Plant Area	ha	151.16 ha	in the EIA as 79.0 ha.

# 39.2.6 Summary of court case as furnished below:

Following cases related to environmental pollution, which were filed during the period of erstwhile Usha Martin Limited, are pending before Sub Divisional Magistrate (SDM) Saraikela related to the project-

 Misc. case No.93 of 2012 - Environment protection forum & Others Vs. Usha Martin Limited

**Status of case:** Directions have been given by SDM to the local pollution control board and the Police Station to verify the status of allegation in the complaint and submit the report. The verification / investigation report is awaited in the matter. The case is currently pending before SDM, Saraikela

2. Misc. case No.130 of 2015 - State Vs. Usha Martin Limited.

**Status of case:** Directions have been given by District Transport Officer to verify the status of allegation in the complaint and submit the report. The verification / investigation report is awaited in the matter. The case is currently pending before SDM, Saraikela.

- 39.2.7 Name of the EIA consultant: M/s. MECON Limited [S. No. 49, List of ACOs with their Certificate no. NABET/EIA/2023/RA 0195 and valid up to 09/02/2023; Rev. 11, June 09, 2021].
- 39.2.8 Instant EC amendment proposal is linked with item 39.1. In view of this, the observations and recommendations referred in para no. 39.1.18 & 39.1.19 may be referred in.
- Proposed expansion in production from 30,000 TPA of MS Ingots to 1,20,000 TPA of MS Ingots/ Billets; from 48,000 TPA to 1,20,000 TPA of Twisted and ribbed bars by **M/s. Prime Gold International Limited** located at S.F. Nos. 284/2B, 289/2A2, 289/2A3, 290/1B, 289/2C, 283/3, 284/1B2, 289/2B3, 282/1B, 283/4, 290/1A, 285/1C, 284/1B1, 289/2B1, 289/2B2, 282/2A at Kalugondapalli Village Denkanikotta Taluk, Krishnagiri **District, Tamil Nadu** [Online Proposal No. IA/TN/IND/166064/2019; MoEF&CC File No. J-11011/78/2019-IA.II(I)] **Environment Clearance** regarding.
- 39.3.1 M/s. Prime Gold International Limited has made an online application vide proposal no. IA/TN/IND/166064/2019 dated 18/06/2021 along with copy of EIA/EMP report and Form 1, seeking Environment Clearance (EC) under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the project mentioned above. The proposed project activity is listed at schedule no.3 under Category "B" of the schedule of the EIA Notification, 2006 and attracts general condition due to existence of interstate boundary within 5km radial distance of the site, hence, the project has been appraised at the Central level as Category 'A'.

# **Details submitted by Project proponent**

39.3.2 The details of the ToR are furnished as below:

Date application	of	Consideration	Details	Date of accord
12/03/2019		5 <sup>th</sup> meeting of EAC held on 27-29 <sup>th</sup> March, 2019	Terms of Reference	08/05/2019

39.3.3 The project of M/s. Prime Gold International Limited located at Kalugondapalli Village Denkanikotta Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tamil Nadu is for proposed expansion in production from 30,000 TPA of MS Ingots to 1,20,000 TPA of MS Ingots/ Billets and from 48,000 TPA to 1,20,000 TPA of Twisted and ribbed bars.

## 39.3.4 Environmental Site Settings:

S No	Particulars	Details	Remarks
a	Total land	7.98 Hectare	Owned by Self
b	Land acquisition details as per MoEF & CC O.M. dated 7/10/2014	No land acquisition required as the land is owned by the company	
С	Existence of habitation & involvement of R&R, if any.	NIL	

S No	Particulars	Details	Remarks
d	Latitude and Longitude of the	12°38'52.13"N	
	project site	77°44'56.04"E	
e	Elevation of the project site	Highest – 951 MSL; Lowest – 938 MSL.	
f	Involvement of Forest land if	Nil	
	any.		
g	Water body exists within the	Project site: Nil	
	project site as well as study	Study area:	
	area	Nearest water body is	
		Mathukur Lake (1.48 km)	
h	Existence of ESZ/ESA/national	Nil	
	park/wildlife sanctuary/biosphere		
	reserve/tiger reserve/elephant		
	reserve etc. if any		

39.3.5 The existing project was operating on NOC obtaining from Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board. Existing project of 30,000 TPA of MS Ingots and 48,000 TPA of Steel Bars and Rods was established in year of 2005 and does not comes under preview of EIA, Notification, 2006. Consent to Operate renewal is accord dated 22/05/2021 and valid up to 31/03/2023.

39.3.6 The unit configuration and capacity of existing and proposed project is given as below:

S No	Product	Existing	Proposed	Total After
		Capacity (TPA)	Capacity (TPA)	<b>Expansion (TPA)</b>
1	Twisted and Ribbed Bars	48,000	72,000	1,20,000
2	MS Ingots/Billets	30,000	90,000	1,20,000

S.No.	Equipment	Existing/New	Total After expansion
1	Induction Furnace	1 No. − 4.2 Tonnes	1 No. 4.2 T & 1 No.12.5 T
2	Reheating Furnace (Fuel is Furnace Oil)	1 No. – 6.67 Tonnes	1 No 16.67 T
3	Continuous Casting Machine	Nil	1 No. 16.67 T

39.3.7 The details of the raw material requirement for the proposed project along with its source and mode of transportation is given as below:

S.	Raw Material	Existing	Proposed	Total	Source	Mode of
No.		C	onsumption			Transport
		For M	IS Ingots/ M	S Billets		
1	MS Scraps	25800	70200	96000	Local	By Road
2	Sponge Iron	6300	27300	33600	Local/Import	By Road
3	Ferro Alloys	390	1170	1560	Local	By Road
	Details of I	Raw Material	for Rolling n	nill unit MS	Ingots/Billets	(TPA)
4	MS Ingots/	30000	90000	120000	In-house	-
	Billets					
5	M.S.	-	9600	9600		By Road
	Billets/Ingots				Purchased	

S.	Raw Material	Existing	Proposed	Total	Source	Mode of	
No.		Consumption				Transport	
Note: 9600 TPA M.S. Billets/M.S Billets will be procured from the local market after the							
propos	proposed expansion						

- 39.3.8 The water requirement for the project is estimated as 160 m³/day, out of which 25 m³/day of fresh water requirement will be obtained from the local body and the remaining requirement of 135 m³/day will be met from the recycled water. The permission for drawl of groundwater/ surface water is obtained from Local body Kalugondapalli 1st Grade Panchayat by N. Krishna President, Dated: 29.10.2014.
- 39.3.9 The power requirement for the project is estimated as 13000 KVA and will be obtained from the Tamil Nadu Generation and Distribution Corporation (TANGEDCO).
- 39.3.10 Baseline Environmental Studies:

Dasenne Environmental Studies.	
Period	1 <sup>st</sup> April, 2019 to 30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2019
AAQ parameters at 8 locations	$PM_{2.5} = 21.40 \text{ to } 48.65  \mu\text{g/m}^3$
	$PM_{10} = 35.07 \text{ to } 72.84  \mu\text{g/m}^3$
	$SO_2 = 8.7 \text{ to } 16.50  \mu\text{g/m}^3$
	$NO_x = 9.13 \text{ to } 36.10  \mu\text{g/m}^3$
AAQ modelling	$PM_{10} = 4.52 \mu g/m^3$
	$PM_{2.5} = 2.04 \ \mu g/m^3$
	$SO_2 = 1.02 \mu\text{g/m}^3$
	$NO_x = 2.89 \ \mu g/m^3$
Ground water quality at 8 locations	pH: 6.9 to 7.6, Total Hardness: 612 to 710 mg/l,
	Chlorides: 188 to 264 mg/l, Fluoride: 0.2 to 1.2
	mg/l. Heavy metals are within the limits.
Surface water quality at 8 locations	pH: 7.6 to 8.0, DO: 4.8 to 12.6 mg/l, BOD: 3.2
	mg/l to 15.1, COD: 40.2 mg/l to 65.2 mg/l.
Noise levels	51.2 to 72.0 dBA for the day time and 40.9 To 62.1
	dBA for the Night time.
Traffic assessment study findings	1
Flora and fauna Presence of	NA
schedule I fauna if any. If yes,	
status of site specific wildlife	
conservation plan	

39.3.11 The details of solid and hazardous waste generation along with its mode of treatment/disposal is furnished as below:

Waste Quantity in TPA			
Type of Waste Existing		Total after	Treatment/ disposal
		expansion	
	Solid V	Waste- Non-H	Iazardous
Slag	1500	6000	will be handing over to cement bricks
			manufacturers
Waste Scrap	3300	5400	Disposed to Authorized recycler
Mill Scale	-	655	Disposed to Authorized recycler

STP Sludge		-	0.5	Used as manure
Domestic	Biodegradable	7.392	10.35	Used as manure
Solid	Non-	4.928	6.9	Disposed to Authorized recycler
waste	Biodegradable			
	Hazardous Waste Generation:			
Solar pan residue		0.015	0.030	Approved TSDF facility
Waste Oil (Lt/Annum)		20	40	To be sent to Authorized Re-processors
				/ Recyclers
Used Lead Acid		2	4	To be returned to manufacturers /
Batteries				dealers on buy back basis

# 39.3.12 Public Consultation:

Details of advertisement	05/01/2020: Indian Express and Dhinamani newspapers		
Date of public consultation	06/02/2020		
Venue	Sri Raja Rajeswari Kalyana Mantapam, Mathagondapall Village, Denkanikottai Taluk, Krishnagiri District, Tami Nadu.		
Presiding Officer	<ol> <li>Tmt. S. Shanthi – District Revenur Officer, Krishnagiri District, Krishnagiri</li> <li>Thiru. S. Palanisamy – District Environmental Engineer, Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board, Hosur</li> </ol>		
Major issues raised	<ul> <li>i. Employment to local people.</li> <li>ii. Disposal of Solid waste and effluent in nearby water bodies</li> <li>iii. Air pollution and chimney height.</li> <li>iv. Plantation issue in the industry and nearby area.</li> <li>v. Road construction &amp; public transportation nearby villages</li> </ul>		

Action plan as per MoEF&CC O.M. dated 30/9/2020

S No	Minutes		Reply
1	Thiru. Shiva Shankar has stated that presently the	i.	We will dispose the solid waste in
	agricultural activities are being decreased to 10 percent, no		a safe manner as mentioned in
	employment opportunity to the nearby public;		Chapter— 2 of EIA Report.
	i. All the companies are disposing their solid wastes	ii.	We will provide the effective Air
	generated from their industrial activities into the nearby		pollution control measures such as
	Ponds, Lakes and Drains, etc., and also blocked the rain		Bag Filter, Wet Scrubber to control
	water path connected into the nearby water bodies.		the smoke arise from the chimneys.
	ii. Smoke arises from the Chimneys of all the companies	iii.	We will dispose the Sewage
	during the morning 6.00 AM to 8.00 AM which is causing		generated through Sewage
	the health effects.		Treatment Plant and effluent
	iii. Also, all the companies are discharging the effluent into the		through Solar Evaporation Pan.
	nearby water bodies which is also causing health effects	iv.	We will provide the Chimney as per
	and no water in the nearby lakes and ponds due to blocking		the norms prescribed by the Board.
	the water flows towards nearby lake/water bodies.	v.	The number of trees mentioned is
	iv. Whether the specified height of the chimney is available or		the proposed one. We will plant the
	not?		trees as proposed.
	v. The number of trees mentioned in the presentation is not	vi.	Reverse Osmosis is not needed in
	available in the unit.		the proposed unit. Sewage
	vi. Reverse Osmosis system is not available in the unit, no		treatment plant proposed is more

S No	Minutes	Reply
	proper road has been provided as mentioned in the presentation.	than enough to treat the sewage.
2	Thiru. P. Nagaraj, Kalugondaplli village has expressed his views that the agricultural activities are going down due to the lower rain fall. But, growth of industries helps the common public in getting multi sources of income for their livelihood like increase in employment, development of commercial activities, and people started earning money by supplying materials and giving services to the industries.	Positive comments and no specific comments to offer.
3	Thiru N. Krishna, Ex-Panchayat President, Kalugondapali Village, he expressed that there may be a benefit and cause due to the development of industries, but our village people are being benefited. If anyone find issues in the industries regarding pollution etc., let we approach the industry to support and resolve the issues. He said, in general the growth of industries are good to the society.	We ensure that we will support the nearby village people through our CSR activities.
4	Thiru. Ramesh, Kalugondapalli Village has welcomed the proposed expansion activity of M/s. Prime Gold International Ltd. Due to the industrial growth the public and Panchayat are getting good revenue and employments to the local public. He also added that there is no objection to expand the industrial activity and requested the officials of the respective government departments/ statutory body to follow and monitor the industries and help the public in solving the common issues.	We will comply with the conditions given by the Statutory bodies.
5	Thiru. Ravi, Ex-District Chairman, Thally Block has said that we are happy about the expansion activity of the company due to which improves our livelihood and to help for population growth which leads more houses, shops, commercial activity and good employment. He requested that all the industries should support and help in getting common facilities to the public such as local employment, water pumps, road facility, temple and also help to the school children.	Already we have given employment to local persons even though we will give preference to local persons, the companies is already involving themselves in supporting the school students, repairing roads, and other common facilities, etc. He added that the local public may approach the company towards any grievances and want of support regarding the betterment of common facilities.
6	Thiru. Venkatachalapathy, Belagondapalli Village has welcomed the expansion activity of the company and he requested to give employment to the local persons. Further, he stated that M/s. Prime Gold International Ltd., and all other steel manufacturing industries located nearby the villages should take the necessary preventive measures regarding impact of environmental pollution and other social activities at par with the unit of M/s. Indus TMT Industries Pvt. Ltd. He requested to consult with local public for doing any social activities, these industries engaging 90 percent of the employees from north Indian and hence requested to give opportunity in employment to the local public.	We will support the local people after consultation with them. We will give employment opportunities to the local people as much as possible.
7	Thiru. Srinivsan, Ex-President has also welcomed the expansion activity of the company and asked the company to support the common facility of the village people and plant more trees, take necessary preventive measures to control the pollution at par with M/s. Indus TMT Industries Pvt. Ltd.	We will support the local people With the common facilities through our CSR activities.

S No	Minutes	Reply
8	Smt. Sarala, Project Officer of Vidya Nikethan NGO said that they are serving the children in getting good education in the area of Karnataka and Tamil Nadu. She also expressed that they are running a school consist of 40 children as early learning centre for children education. The unit of M/s. Prime Gold International Ltd is extending their support in providing good nutrition food to the children on regular basis every day and they have invited them to help any sort of development activities of the poor village children. She welcomed the expansion project of the company on behalf of the Vidya Nikethan NGO.	We will also support in the future.
9	Thiru. B.V. Reddy, Sakthi Rural Environmental Supporter, NGO, Bellary has welcomed the management of Prime Gold International Ltd. And expressed that the unit of M/s. Prime Gold International Ltd is doing well, and functioning the unit for the last many years before and there is no issues from the unit to the nearby public and villages. The unit has continuously supported the society in the welfare of common facilities. He also submitted his recommendation letter to the TNPCB for the necessary Environmental Clearance to be issued from MoEFCC, New Delhi.	
10	Thiru.Suresh, Kappakal Village has informed that they are finding problem in public road which was damaged, he requested all the companies in the surrounding area to help and lay the good road to their village.	We have already discussed with the concerned local body authority towards laying the public roads. We also assure that we are ready to support for laying roads up to our possible level in coordination with other industries.
11	Thiru.Prasanth, Upparapalli Village has made his suggestion and requested the DEE, TNPCB, Hosur to develop the more trees in the nearby villages, bank of the water bodies like lake, pond etc., apart from planting tree in the factory premises.	We will develop more trees in the nearby villages through our CSR funds.
12	Thiru. Harish, Uliveeranapalli Village has expressed his views that there are many industries located in and around his village, but the companies are not supporting their common facilities. Also, he added that there is no public transportation to the nearby Kappakal village and hence he requested to provide one electrical or battery operated vehicle with the help of other industries. He also requested the concerned department/ authority to monitor and take necessary action to control the air pollution from the industries in the area.	We will provide the common facilities in all possible ways. Also we will comply with the Air pollution Standards as prescribed by the Board.

39.3.13 The capital cost of the project is Rs. 35 Crores and the capital cost for environmental protection measures is proposed as Rs. 0.7 Crores. The annual recurring cost towards the environmental protection measures is proposed as Rs. 0.15 Cores. The employment generation from the expansion project is 30 Nos. The details of cost for environmental protection measures is as follows:

S.	<b>Description of Item</b>	<b>Capital Cost</b>	<b>Recurring Cost in</b>
No.		in Lakhs	Lakhs
1.	Air Pollution Control measures	40.0	5.0
2.	Water Pollution Control measures	10.0	2.5

S.	Description of Item	Capital Cost	<b>Recurring Cost in</b>
No.		in Lakhs	Lakhs
3.	Environmental & Safety Management and	10.0	5.0
	Environmental Monitoring		
4.	Green Belt	10.0	2.5
	Total	70.0	15.0

- 39.3.14 Greenbelt will be developed in 2.68 ha which is about 33.58 % of the total project area. A 3m wide greenbelt, consisting of at least 3 tiers around plant boundary will be developed as greenbelt and green cover as per CPCB/MoEF & CC, New Delhi guidelines. Local and native species will be planted with a density of 2500 trees per hectare. Total no. of 4700 saplings will be planted and nurtured in 2.68 hectares in 2 years.
- 39.3.15 It has been reported by PP that, there is no violation under EIA Notification, 2006/court case/show cause/direction related to the project under consideration.
- 39.3.16 Name of the EIA consultant: M/s. Pridhvi Envirotech (P) Ltd [S. No. 133, List of ACOs with their Certificate no. NABET/EIA/1922/RA0132 valid up to 03-06-2022 Rev. 11, June 09, 2021].

# Certified compliance report from Regional Office

39.3.17 No report has been furnished by the proponent although EDS has been raised by the Ministry.

#### **Observations of the Committee**

- 39.3.18 The Committee observed the following:
  - i. 7.98 ha land is available for installation of the plant. 2.68 ha (33 %) of this land shall be allocated for GB development. Presently there is only 10 % green belt.
  - ii. PH was represented by a consultant called Pollucare Engineers while EIA is prepared by Pridhvi Consultants.
  - iii. Compliance to the existing CTO conditions from Regional Office of TNPCB has not been submitted as required under compliance to the generic ToR no. xi.
  - iv. Recent water withdrawal permission from Gram panchayat has not been submitted.
  - v. The annexures stated in the reply of EDS points of MoEF&CC are not available in the Annexures uploaded on PARIVESH.
  - vi. EIA Report:
    - a. Cover page of EIA report is not as per O.M. of Aug, 2009.
    - b. There are eleven chapters in the report. While chapter 1 mentions twelve and the table of content says eleven.
    - c. Chapter wise contents are not as per the format given in Appendix III of EIA Notification 2006.
    - d. There is no declaration by PP on 2<sup>nd</sup> Page of the report as per OM mentioned above.
    - e. Signature of the team involved in EIA are scanned.
    - f. EIA has been prepared by Pridhvi Consultant but PH was conducted by Pollucare.

- g. Analysis report of water both Ground and Surface and that of soil presented in the executive summary is not complete.
- h. Action plan to address the issues raised during public hearing as per MoEF&CC O.M. dated 30/09/2020 has not been furnished.
- i. PH proceedings have been given in Annexure and are not available in EIA report under section 7.1.
- j. The report mentions use of bag filters only to control PM emissions, and not wet scrubbers, yet the section 2.8.1.2 indicates the wet scrubber diagram.
- k. Interpretation of base line data for physical parameters, environment baseline and socioeconomic environment has not been done.
- 1. Chapter 4 is a generic text book presentation without any quantification of impacts and mitigation measures. Data from Chapter 2 and 3 have not been used to quantify the impacts except the AAQ data used in modelling.
- m. Section 7.6, supposed to be Social Impact Assessment is written in one page only.
- n. Table 8.1 has not been drawn from PH proceedings or from SIA.
- o. Chapter 9 as per EIA notification 2006 has not been included in the report.
- p. Figure 9.4, Environment Cell is not for Environment Personnel it is for production line.
- q. TOR point 9 pertaining to Corporate Environment Policy has not been complied.
- r. The Chapter on "Summary and Conclusion" is not as per Appendix III of EIA Notification 2006. It is presented in half a page.

#### **Recommendations of the Committee**

- 39.3.19 In view of the foregoing and after detailed deliberations, the committee recommended the following:
  - i. Proposal recommended to be returned in its present form to address the shortcomings enumerated at para 39.3.18.
  - ii. Show Cause Notice (SCN) may be issued to the consultant has EIA report with the several technical deficiencies as enumerated above.
- 39.4 Proposed Expansion of Sponge Iron /Sponge Pellets (2 Nos. of Kiln), Billets/Ingots (2 Nos. of Furnace), TMT bars & Channel/Angle (Rolling & Section Mill), CPP (2 MW) and Waste Heat Recovery Boiler (4 MW) Manufacturing Unit in existing premises by M/s. Nilkanth Concast Private Limited located at Survey no. 221, Village Vadala, Taluka Mundra, District Kutch, Gujarat [Online Proposal No. IA/GJ/IND/114302/2008, File No. J-11011/85/2008-IA.II(I)] Reconsideration for grant of Environment Clearance based on ADS reply regarding.
- 39.4.1 M/s. Nilkanth Concast Private Limited has made an online application vide proposal no. IA/GJ/IND/114302/2008 dated 12/09/2019 along with copy of EIA/EMP report and Form—2 seeking Environment Clearance (EC) under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the project mentioned above.

- 39.4.2 The proposal was considered by EAC (Industry-I) in its 12<sup>th</sup> meeting held on 21-23<sup>rd</sup> October, 2019 and deferred for want of additional information.
- 39.4.3 PP has submitted ADS reply on 12/06/2021 and the proposal was listed for re-consideration by the EAC.
- 39.4.4 PP vide email dated 29/06/2021 expressed their inability to participate in the meeting due to medical reasons and requested to consider the same in the next hearing.
- 39.4.5 It was apprised to the EAC to consider the proposal in the absence of proponent and their EIA consultant based on the records made available by them as per the Ministry's O.M. dated 18/11/2020 pertaining to streamlining the process of grant of Environment Clearance. However, the EAC opined that proposal shall be considered in presence of proponent only as they have requested for deferment of the proposal.
- 39.4.6 EAC noted that they are in receipt of public representation vide email dated 29/06/2021 against the proposed expansion project. EAC was of the considered view to seek the comments of the proponent on said representation.

#### **Recommendations of the Committee**

- 39.4.7 In view of the foregoing and after detailed deliberations, the Committee recommended that Ministry may forward a copy of the public representation to proponent to provide their comments and clarifications along with their ADS reply. Accordingly, the proposal to be returned in present form.
- 39.5 Expansion of Steel Plant New Induction Furnace with Rolling Mill (Hot Charging) (Structural Steel & Rolled products 3,00,000 TPA), Rolling Mill (Structural Steel & Rolled products 1,20,000 TPA to 2,40,000 TPA) & Wire Drawing (60,000 TPA to 1,20,000 TPA) by M/s. Hira Steels Limited located at Rawabhata Industrial Area, Tehsil & District: Raipur, Chhattisgarh [Online Proposal No. IA/CG/IND/213977/2021, File No. J-11011/210/2020-IAII(I)] Amendment in Environment Clearance regarding.
- 39.5.1 M/s. Hira Steels Limited has made an online application vide proposal no. IA/CG/IND/213977/2021 dated 11/06/2021 along with Form 4 and sought for amendment in Environment Clearance accorded by the Ministry vide letter no. J-11011/210/2020-IA-II (I) dated 01/12/2020.

# Details submitted by the project proponent

- 39.5.2 The existing project was accorded environmental clearance vide lr. no. F. No. J-11011/210/2020-IA-II (I) on 01/12/2020 for Expansion of Steel Plant New Induction Furnace with Rolling Mill (Hot Charging) (Structural Steel & Rolled products 3,00,000 TPA), Rolling Mill (Structural Steel & Rolled products 1,20,000 TPA to 2,40,000 TPA) & Wire Drawing (60,000 TPA to 1,20,000 TPA) located at Rawabhata Industrial Area, Tehsil & District: Raipur, Chhattisgarh.
- 39.5.3 The EC was accorded for the following products:

S.No.	Unit	Existing	<b>Proposed Expansion</b>	After
		(TPA)	(TPA)	Expansion
				(TPA)
1.	Rolling Mill	1,20,000	1,20,000	2,40,000
2.	Wire Drawing	60,000	60,000	1,20,000
3.	Induction Furnaces with		3,00,000	3,00,000
	Rolling Mill		(6 x 15 T & 1 x 10 T)	
	(through Hot Charging)			

39.5.4 The project proponent has sought for amendment in specific condition no. ii of EC dated 01/12/2020:

Reference of	Description as per	Proposed EC	Remarks
Approved EC	Approved EC	amendment	
Specific	90% hot charging	90% hot charging shall	Requested to retain the
Condition - ii	shall be practiced in	be practiced in the plant	existing gasifier and
	the plant and	and balance 10% shall	permission to continue
	balance 10% shall	be through RH Furnace	the operation PGP
	be through RH	which shall operate on	beyond Dec, 2022 as
	Furnace which	LDO. Existing gasifier	there is no generation
	shall operate on	shall continue to	of Phenolic water and
	LDO. Gasifier shall	operate.	Tar from existing hot
	be phased out latest		Gasifier and will have
	by December, 2022		additional operational
			cost impact of Rs.
			1500/-(Rupees One
			Thousand Five
			hundred Only) per ton
			of finished product.

# 39.5.5 Reason for the amendment:

There is no generation of Phenolic Water and Tar from existing hot gasifier and replacement of existing hot gasifier by LDO Burner will have additional operational cost impact of Rs.1500/- (Rupees One Thousand Five Hundred Only) per ton of finished product. Therefore, replacement of Gasifier by LDO Burner is economically not feasible.

- 39.5.6 Project proponent has not proposed configuration and capacity change in existing EC dated 01/12/2020.
- 39.5.7 It has been reported by PP that, there is no violation under EIA Notification, 2006/court case/show cause/direction related to the project under consideration.

#### **Observations of the Committee**

- 39.5.8 The Committee noted the following:
  - i. EC was granted on 1.12.2020.
  - ii. The Specific Condition (ii) that requires amendment reads as "90% hot charging shall be practiced in the plant and balance 10% shall be through Reheating Furnace which shall operate on LDO. Gasifier plant shall be phased out latest by Dec 2022."

- iii. Reason for amendment "There is no generation of phenolic water and tar from existing hot gasifier and replacement of existing hot gasifier by LDO will have additional burden of Rs 1500 per ton of finished product. Therefore, the replacement of gasifier by LDO is economically not feasible."
- iv. During meeting of the EAC held on  $15^{th} 17^{th}$  March, 2021 the following was submitted- "there is no generation of phenolic waste water and tar from Producer Gas Plant. 90% hot charging and remaining 10% shall be practiced in proposed Rolling Mill with Hot Charging. An undertaking was submitted to the Ministry on 29/10/2020 is for the proposed project".
- v. The Committee, after detailed deliberations, recommended that the PP should submit documentary evidence inter-alia any documentary evidence for technological upgradation of existing PGP leading to non-generation of phenolic waste water and tar. Therefore, for want of sufficient documentary evidence, the proposal was returned in its present form to address the aforesaid issue.
- vi. PP has now proposed that the existing mill (120000TPA) along with expanded capacity of 120000 TPA (total 240000TPA) shall operate on gasifier and new facility of 300000 TPA shall be hot charged 90 % and balance 10 % shall be rolled through existing reheating furnace operating on gasifier. It is also being proposed that phenolic water generated from water seal shall be injected into ash zone of gasifier for burning and cooling of ash.
- vii. Producer Gas Plant with capacity of 2x5000 Nm³/hr that is said to be sufficient to roll 240000 TPA of existing and proposed Rolling. Additional rolling of 30000 TPA shall also be rolled using gas from existing Producer Gas Plant.

#### **Recommendations of the Committee**

- 39.5.9 In view of the foregoing and after deliberations, the Committee recommended for amendment in the specific condition ii of the EC dated 1/12/2020 as mentioned at para 39.5.4 subject to stipulation following additional specific conditions:
  - i. Producer gas generated in existing Producer Gas Plant shall be used in existing mill modified to roll 240000 TPA finished product and rolling of 30000TPA from new facility of 300000 TPA envisaged under the expansion project.
  - ii. No additional capacity shall be added to the existing producer gas plant.
  - iii. Phenolic water generated from seals and condensate tanks shall be injected in ash zone of gasifier for burning and cooling of ash. Records shall be kept for such injection for verification by Regional Office of the MoEF&CC.
  - iv. Online monitoring for Total Organic Carbon (TOC) shall be installed on the reheating furnace chimney.
- 39.6 Proposed 2.4MTPA Pellet Plant over an area of 57.005 acre by M/s. Narbheram Power and Steel Private Limited at Village- Tanto, Tehsil- Barbil, District- Keonjhar, Odisha [Online Proposal No. IA/OR/IND/202021/2021; file no: IA-J-11011/241/2021-IA-II(I)] Prescribing for Terms of Reference—regarding.
- 39.6.1 M/s. Narbheram Power and Steel Private Limited has made an application online vide proposal no. IA/OR/IND/202021/2021, dated 12/06/2021 along with the application in

prescribed format (Form-I), copy of pre-feasibility report as per the EIA Notification, 2006 for the project mentioned above. The proposed project activity is listed at S. No. 3(a) Metallurgical industries (ferrous & nonferrous) under Category "A" of the schedule of the EIA Notification, 2006.

# **Details submitted by Project proponent**

39.6.2 The project of M/s. Narbheram Power and Steel Private Limited located at Village- Tanto, Tehsil- Barbil, District– Keonjhar, Odisha is for Proposed 2.4MTPA Pellet Plant over an area of 57.005 acre.

39.6.3 Environmental site settings:

S No	Particulars	Details	Remarks
i.	Total land	Total land: 23.069 ha.	Land use will change
		(Forest land: 19.148 ha + Non-	from existing to
		Forest land: 3.921 ha.)	Industrial Use
ii.	Existence of habitation	There is no existence of habitants	-
	&involvement of R&R,	identified within the plant	
	if any.	boundary.	
iii.	Latitude and Longitude	Latitude: 22°02'27.04200" to	-
	of the project site	22°02'57.25608"	
		Longitude: 85°21'47.77812" to	
		85°22'16.14540"	
iv.	Elevation of the project	492-514 meters above MSL	-
	site		
v.		Forest Land: 47.315 Acre	FC application
	land if any		submitted
			(Proposal No. FP/OR/
			IND/125237/2021)
vi.		Project Area: Nil	Water Requirement
	within the project site		for the project will be
	as well as study area	Study Area:	met from Baitarani
		Kundra Nala- 4.40 km (SE)	River.
		Karo River- 6.00 km (NNW)	
		Sona Nadi- 6.97km (E)	
		Bolani reservoir- 7.35 km (NNE)	
		Jhikra Waterfall- 7.60 km (NW)	
<u> </u>	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Baitarani River – 9.95 km (SE)	
vii.		No, none within a 10 km radius.	-
	national park/ wildlife		
	sanctuary/ biosphere		
	reserve/tiger reserve/		
	elephant reserve etc. if		
	any within the study		
	area		

39.6.4 The unit configuration and capacity of proposed project is given as below:

S	Facility	Configuration	Production (TPA)
No			

i.	Iron Ore Pellet Plant	2x 1.2 MTPA	2.4 MTPA (2400000 TPA)
ii.	Producer Gas Plant	2 x 25,000 Nm <sup>3</sup> /hr	50,000 Nm <sup>3</sup> /hr

39.6.5 The details of the raw material requirement for the proposed project along with its source and mode of transportation is given as below:

S.	Raw Material	Quantity	Source	Distance	Mode of
No.		Required (TPA)		from Site (Kms)	Transport
i.	Iron ore fines	26,92,800	Roida II Mines and other	02	Road
			Iron Ore mines in the Joda/		
			Barbil area		
ii.	Bentonite	19,800	Local traders of Bhuj,	1900	Rail
			Gujarat product		
iii.	Limestone/	47,520	Local Market/ Sundargarh,	185	Road
	Dolomite		Odisha		
iv.	Coke /	47,520	Open Market	280	Road/Rail
	Coal Fines				
v.	Fuel for	1,25,400	Open Market	280	Road/Rail
	Gasifier – Coal				

- 39.6.6 The water requirement for the project is estimated as 7,368 m³/day, out of which 4800 m³/day of fresh water requirement will be obtained from the Baitarani River and the remaining requirement of 2,568m³/day will be met from the recycling of the process water. The permission for drawl of surface water is obtained from recommended by IPICOL (Industrial Promotion and Investment Corporation of Odisha Limited) to DWR (Department of Water Resources) vide Lr. No CGM/SLNA/NPSL/327/20/1462 dated 11.06.2021.
- 39.6.7 The power requirement for the project is estimated as 18MW. Power required for the plant operation shall be sourced from the State grid- OPTCL.
- 39.6.8 The capital cost is Rs. 350 Crores. The capital cost for Environmental protection measures is proposed to be around Rs. 30 Crores. The employment generation from the proposed project is 258.

39.6.9 Proposed Terms of Reference (Baseline data collection period: March, 2021 to May, 2021):

Attributes	Parameters	S	Remarks	
		No. of	Frequency	
		stations	-	
A. Air				
a. Meteorological	Temperature, Humidity	1	Continuous	
parameters	Rainfall, Wind Speed, Wind		recording of	
	Direction, Cloud Cover		hourly micro-	
			meteorological	
			parameters for	

Attributes	Parameters	S	ampling	Remarks	
		No. of	Frequency		
		stations			
b. AAQ	Particulate Matter as PM <sub>10</sub> ,		Twice in a		
parameters	Particulate Matter as PM <sub>2.5</sub> ,		Week on 24 hrs		
	Sulphur dioxide as SO <sub>2</sub> , Oxide		basis for three		
	of Nitrogen as NO <sub>x</sub> , Carbon		Months		
D.M.	Monoxide as CO,	0	<b>C</b> .:		
B. Noise	Leq. Day Time	8	Continuous		
	Leq. Night Time		monitoring for 24 hours at		
			24 hours at each location,		
			Once during		
			the study		
			period		
C. Water			period		
Surface water	Color, pH, Dissolved Oxygen	8	Once during	(Middle	
quality	(min), Turbidity, Chloride		the study	Month of	
parameters	(max), Total Dissolved Solids,		period	Base line	
	Oil & Grease (max), BOD (3)			Monitoring)	
	days at 27°C (max), Chemical				
	Oxygen Demand (COD),				
	Arsenic as As, Lead as Pb,				
	Cadmium as Cd (max), Hexa				
	Chromium as Cr <sup>+6</sup> , Copper as				
	Cu (max), Zinc as Zn(max),				
	Selenium as Se (max),				
	Cyanide as CN (max),				
	Fluoride as F (max), Sulphates				
	(SO <sub>4</sub> ) (max), Phenolic				
	Compounds as C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH				
	(max), Iron as Fe (max),				
	Nitrate as NO <sub>3</sub> (max), Anionic				
	Detergents (max), Total Coli form				
Ground water	Color, Odour, Taste,	8	Once during	(Middle	
quality	Turbidity, pH, Total Hardness		the study	Month of	
parameters	(as CaCO <sub>3</sub> ), Iron (as Fe),		period	Base line	
T · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Chloride (as Cl), Residual Free		r	Monitoring)	
	Chlorine, Total Dissolved			8,	
	Solids as TDS, Calcium as Ca,				
	Magnesium as Mg, Copper as				
	Cu, Manganese as Mn,				
	Sulphate as SO <sub>4</sub> , Nitrate as				
	NO <sub>3</sub> , Fluoride as F, Phenolic				
	Compounds as C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH,				
	Mercury as Hg, Cadmium as				
	Cd, Selenium as Se, Arsenic as				

Attributes	Parameters	S	ampling	Remarks
		No. of stations	Frequency	
	As, Cyanide as Cn, Lead as Pb, Zinc as Zn, Total Chromium as Cr, Mineral Oil, Alkalinity, Aluminium as Al, Boron, Total Coliform as TC			
D. Land a. Soil quality b. Land use	Conductivity, pH, Texture, Sand, Silt, Clay, Bulk, Density, Exchangeable Calcium, Exchangeable Sodium, Exchangeable Magnesium, Available Potassium, Available Phosphorus, Available Nitrogen, Organic Matter, Organic Carbon, Water Soluble Chloride, Water Soluble Sulphate, Sodium Absorption Residue, Aluminium, Iron, Manganese, Boron, Zinc, Chromium,	6	Once during the study period	
<ul><li>E. Biological</li><li>a. Aquatic</li><li>b. Terrestrial</li></ul>	Biological study including study of flora and fauna within 10km radius area has been carried out.	10 km radius study area	Primary survey during study period. Secondary data collection from Forest department	
F. Socio- economic parameters	Need based survey and socio- economic survey (selected samples) have been carried out.	10 km radius study area	Primary survey during study period. Secondary data collection from Govt. offices, Village Panchayats, Census of India records	

- 39.6.10 It has been reported by PP that, there is no violation under EIA Notification, 2006/court case/show cause/direction related to the project under consideration.
- 39.6.11 Name of the EIA Consultant: M/s. Visiontek Consultancy Services Private Limited. [S. No. 95, Certificate No. QCI/NABET/ENV/ACO/21/1771, Valid Up to 09/06/2021; Rev. 11, June 09, 2021].

#### **Observations of the Committee**

# 39.6.12 The EAC noted the following:

- i. Out of 57.005 acres of land, 47.315 acres is forest land. Application for FC is under process. PP has not optimized the land requirement to reduce of the extent of forest land involvement.
- ii. There is a village (Jhadagaon) within 400 meters and also a temple of Shiva 1.6 Km away.
- iii. There are three villages adjacent to Easter boundary of the proposed plant.
- iv. Tanta Air Strip is only 200 meters in eastern side of the project site.
- v. Revisit of layout of the plant is required
  - a. Optimize the area requirement with specific emphasis on reducing Forest land.
  - b. Layout plan be designed to keep the polluting units at maximum distance away from villages.
  - c. Transfer of iron ore from mines to plant by closed conveyor.

#### **Recommendations of the Committee**

- 39.6.13 In view of the foregoing and after detailed deliberations, the Committee recommended to return the proposal in its present from to address the shortcomings enumerated at para 39.6.12.
- 39.7 Proposed 1.0 Million Ton Per Annum (Finished Steel) along with 153MW (108MW WHRB based & 45MW Coal and Dolochar mix based) Captive Power Plant by M/s. Rashmi Forgings India Private Limited at Mouja—Chakganesh (J.L. No. 225), Malipur (J.L. No. 226) & Baradiha (J.L. No. 227), P.S. —Kharagpur(Local), Dist. Paschim Medinipur, West Bengal setting [Online Proposal No. IA/WB/IND/214920/2021; file no: IA-J-11011/242/2021-IA-II(I)] Prescribing for Terms of Reference—regarding.
- 39.7.1 M/s. Rashmi Forgings India Private Limited has made an application online vide proposal no. IA/WB/IND/211972/2021 dated 26/05/2021 along with the application in prescribed format (Form-I), copy of pre-feasibility report as per the EIA Notification, 2006 for the project mentioned above. The proposed project activity is listed at S. No. 3(a) Metallurgical industries (ferrous & nonferrous) under Category "A" of the schedule of the EIA Notification, 2006.
- 39.7.2 The proposal was listed for consideration before the EAC in its meeting held on 31/05/2021 to 01/06/2021. However, the project proponent requested the EAC and Ministry to withdraw their proposal as they would like to modify their proposal. In this regard, project proponent also sent an email to the Ministry as well as EAC members on 24/05/2021. In view of this, the Committee recommended for accepting the withdrawal of the instant proposal.
- 39.7.3 The proponent again submitted a revised application vide proposal no. IA/WB/IND/214920/2021 on 11/06/2021. The proposal was listed for consideration before the EAC. The proponent again requested for withdrawal of the proposal vide email dated 28/06/2021.
- 39.7.4 The Committee noted that instant proposal has been withdrawn for making corrections in PFR. It was noted that PP has made the proposal and withdrawn the same twice so far. EAC

was of the opinion that PP does not have a clarity of what they want and by applying for TOR again and again they are wasting Committee's time. After deliberations, the Committee recommended that warning letter may be issued to the proponent to submit the proposals only after fulfilling the technical requirements envisaged by the proponent.

39.8 Review and prescribing of EC conditions for metallurgical sector: The Committee decided to consider the matter in the next EAC meeting.

# 1st July, 2021

- 39.9 Setting up of a Greenfield Integrated Steel Plant of 0.7 MTPA with Captive Power Plant of 70 MW by M/s. Spintech Tubes Private Limited (STPL) at Village Dhasal, Mamudpur & Bahadurpur, Tehsil Jamuria, District Paschim Bardhaman, West Bengal [Online Proposal No. IA/WB/IND/78705/2018; File No. J-11011/295/2018- IA.II (I)] Reconsideration for grant of Environment Clearance based on ADS reply regarding.
- 39.9.1 M/s. Spintech Tubes Private Limited has made an online application vide proposal no. IA/WB/IND/78705/2018 dated 29/04/2021 along with copy of EIA report and Form 2 seeking Environment Clearance (EC) under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the project mentioned above. The proposed project activity is listed at schedule no. 3(a) Metallurgical industries (ferrous & nonferrous) under Category "A" of the schedule of the EIA Notification, 2006 and appraised at Central Level.

# **Details submitted by Project proponent**

39.9.2 The details of the ToR are furnished as below:

Date of	Consideration	Details	Date of accord
application			
25/09/2018	➤ 36 <sup>th</sup> meeting of EAC held	Terms of	01/05/2019
	on 9 <sup>th</sup> October, 2018 and	Reference	
	> 5 <sup>th</sup> meeting of REAC held		
	on 27 <sup>th</sup> March, 2019		

39.9.3 The project of M/s. Spintech Tubes Private Limited located at Village Dhasal, Bahadurpur & Mamudpurvillages, Jamuria tehsil, Paschim Bardhaman district, West Bengal is for Setting up of a Greenfield Integrated Steel Plant of 0.7 MTPA with Captive Power Plant of 70 MW.

# 39.9.4 Environmental Site Settings

S No	<b>Particulars</b>	Details	Remarks
i)	Total land	97.16 ha	Land use – The
		[Private:83.01 ha	proposed site primarily
		Govt. :14.15 ha]	consists of Poor crop
			land 56.72 ha (58.4%)
		[Agriculture :19.53 ha	followed by medium
		Others: 77.63 ha	agricultural land 18.61
		Grazing land : Nil]	ha (19.2%), non-
			agricultural land 16.59
			ha (17.1%), water
			bodies 4.32 ha (4.4%) &

S No	Particulars	Details	Remarks
B 110	Turticulars	Details	agricultural land 0.92 ha
			(0.9%).
ii)	Land acquisition details as per MoEF&CC O.M. dated 7/10/2014	54.57 ha already purchased and balance land would be in possession by September 2021. Consent from the land owners have been obtained for the private	-
		land.	
iii)	Existence of habitation & involvement of R&R, if any	No habitation exist at the site and hence R&R is not applicable	-
iv)	Latitude and	SN Latitude Longitude	-
	Longitude of the project site	A 23°41'15" N 87°07'48" E B 23°41'16" N 87°08'02" E C 23°41'12" N 87°08'22" E D 23°40'47" N 87°08'14" E E 23°40'46" N 87°07'56" E F 23°40'38" N 87°07'59" E G 23°40'42" N 87°07'44" E	
>	E1		
v)	Elevation of the project site	106 m above MSL	-
vi)	Involvement of Forest land if any	Nil, no forest land involved	-
vii)	Water body exists within the project site as well as study area	Project site: 2 numbers of ponds and one seasonal nalla.  Study area: Ajay river - 7 km in South	The seasonal rainfed nallah passing through the plant site would not been disturbed or diverted. The existing two ponds within the project area would be desilted to enhance its storage capacity and has been considered as rain water harvesting ponds.
viii)	Existence of ESZ/ ESA/ national park/ wildlife sanctuary/ biosphere reserve/ tiger reserve/ elephant reserve etc. if any within the study area	Nil	-

39.9.5 The unit configuration and capacity of proposed project is given as below:

SN.	<b>Unit Name</b>	Configuration	Production,
1	Inon One Crinding	1.2 M/TDA	MTPA
1	Iron Ore Grinding Unit	1.2 MTPA	1.186
2	Pellet plant	1 x 1.13 MTPA	1.13
3	Sinter plant	$1 \times 60 \mathrm{m}^2$	0.62
4	•	3 x 500 TPD	0.495
	based)	3 X 3 3 3 1 1 2	0.132
5	Blast furnace	1 x 350 m <sup>3</sup>	0.367
6	Submerged Arc	1 x 12 MVA (FeCr), 1 x 12 MVA (FeMn, SiMn)	0.0466
	Furnace		
7	Chrome Ore	1 x 10 TPH	0.041
	Briquetting Plant		
8	Steelmaking Shop		0.729
	(SMS)	1 x 50 t LF 1 x 50 t LF	
9	Caster Shop	Billet Caster - 1 x 3 strand	0.712
		Billet/Bloom Caster - 1 x 3 strand	
10	Mill	Bar mill - 1x0.25 MTPA	0.699
		Wire Rod Mill - 1x0.25 MTPA	
		Wire drawing facility with 50% hot dip galvanizing -	
		0.03 MTPA	
		Structural Mill with hot dip galvanizing - 1x 0.2 MTPA	
11	Captive Power Plant	BF gas based - 10 MW	70 MW
		DR kiln off gas based WHRB - 37.5 MW	
		Char & Coal based AFBC/CFBC boiler – 22.5 MW	
12	Air Separation Plant	1 x 180 TPD	180 TPD

39.9.6 The details of the raw material requirement for the proposed project along with its source and mode of transportation is given as below:

S.	Raw Material	Quantity	Source	Distance	Mode of
No.	144 (1 1/14/01/14/	(TPA)	Source	from site	Transportation
110.		(1111)		(kms)	Trunsportation
1	Coke	219,920	Merchant cokery in	300	Rail-Road,
			India/abroad		Sea-Rail-Road
2	Anthracite	18,384	International market - Australia	300	Sea-Rail-Road
3	Non coking Coal	400,950	Domestic market - WB,	70	Rail-Road
	_		Jharkhand region		
4	Iron ore fines	1,597,228	Procured from the Joda-Barbil,	400	Rail-Road
			Koira, Sundargarh mines and		
			Jharkhand region		
5	PCI coal	36,750	International market - Australia	300	Sea-Rail-Road
6	Limestone	73,287	Purchased from mines in	700	Rail-Road
			Sundergarh district, Odisha or		
			quarries in Jukehi-Katni-Niwar		
			area in Central India		
7	Calcined lime	48,132	Rajasthan, MP	1400	Rail-Road
8	Dolomite	82,698	Purchased from mines in	600	Rail-Road
			Sundergarh district, Odisha &		
			Baradwar regions in		
			Chattisgarh		
9	Chrome Ore	37,106	Procured from the mines in	350	Rail-Road
	Fines		Sukinda regions, Odisha		

10	Chrome Ore	7,236	Procured from the mines in	350	Rail-Road
	lump		Sukinda regions, Odisha		
11	Manganese Ore	56,968	Procured from the mines of	900	Rail-Road
			Manganese Ore India Limited		
			in MP & Odisha		
12	Steam coal	143,416	Domestic (WB, Odisha,	70	Rail-Road
			Jharkhand region)		
13	Bentonite	11,724	Domestic (Rajasthan)	1400	Rail-Road
14	Quartzite	21,395	Procured from West Bengal,	180	Rail-Road
			Jharkhand, Odisha & Bihar		

- 39.9.7 The water requirement for the project is estimated as 8,256 m³/day, out of which 3,480 m³/day and 3,480 m³/day of fresh water requirement will be obtained from Ajay river and Asansol Municipal Corporation respectively and the remaining requirement of 1,296 m³/day will be met from the recycled effluent of the proposed project. The permission for drawl of groundwater/surface water are obtained from Asansol Municipal Corporation vide Lr. No. 1623–LA dated 26.07.2018 and Office of Geologist, SWID & Member Secretary vide Permit No. P2213064000030000001TSE & P221306400003000002TSE dated 10.03.2021.
- 39.9.8 The power requirement for the project is estimated as 141 MW, out of which 64 MW will be obtained from the Captive Power Plant and rest 77 MW will be sourced from Grid (India Power Corporation Limited).

# 39.9.9 Baseline Environmental Studies:

Period	March 2019 - June 2019			
AAQ parameters at 8	$PM_{2.5} = 52.0 \text{ to } 56.2  \mu\text{g/m}^3$			
locations	$PM_{10} = 86.1 \text{ to } 93.9 \mu g/m^3$			
	$SO_2 = 7.9 \text{ to } 18.4 \mu \text{g/m}^3$			
	$NO_x = 28.5 \text{ to } 45.4 \mu g/m^3$			
	$CO = <0.1 \text{ to } 0.6 \text{mg/m}^3$			
AAQ modeling	$PM_{10} = 0.1 - 7.4  \mu g/m^3$			
(Incremental GLC)	$SO_2 = 0.1 - 14.0 \mu\text{g/m}^3$			
	$NO_x = 0.1 - 14.8 \mu g/m^3$			
Ground water quality at	pH: 6 to 7.6,			
8 locations	Total Hardness: 162.7 to 493.3 mg/l,			
	Chlorides: 34.5 to 148.4 mg/l,			
	Fluoride: <0.1 mg/l.			
	Heavy metals are within the limits.			
Surface water quality at	pH: 6.9 to 7.8,			
8 locations	DO: 5.1 to 5.8 mg/l,			
	BOD: 6.0 to 20.0 mg/l,			
	COD:23.3 to 59.0 mg/l			
Noise levels	53.5 to 71.3 Leq dB (A) for the day time and			
	39.1 to 64.5 Leq dB (A) for the Night time			
Traffic assessment study	• Design capacity of Two Lane Roads: 15,000 PCU/day			
findings	• Present traffic load at Ranisayer More i.e. confluence point			
	of Dr. B. C. Roy Avenue and NH-2: 4,740 PCU/day.			
	• Additional traffic load due to the project: 1,258 PCU/day. •			
	Total traffic load in future due to project: 5,998 PCU/day			

	(which is still within the carrying capacity of two lane
	roads of 15,000 PCU/day)
Flora and fauna	There are no Schedule-1 species in the study area.

# 39.9.10 The details of solid and hazardous waste generation along with its mode of treatment/disposal is furnished as below:

SNo	Type of	Source	<b>Quantity generated</b>	Mode of Treatment / Disposal
	waste		(TPA)	
1	Char	DRI	89,100	Used to generate power in
				AFBC/CFBC boiler along with
				purchased steam coal
2	BF Slag	Blast Furnace	1,47,000	Granulation in Slag granulation
				plant and sell to cement
				manufacturers for production of
_				Slag cement
3	Steelmaking	SMS	1,59,318	Use in construction purposes
	Slag			mainly for filling of low-lying
				areas & road sub grade
	DE E	D1 · E	5.510	preparation, Brick manufacturing
4		Blast Furnace	5,513	Reuse in Agglomeration
_	Dusts	N #:11 -	0.220	Danas in a salamanatian
5		Mills	8,339	Reuse in agglomeration
6	•	Ferro alloy	39,769	Used for filing of low-lying area
	& SiMn and			after recovery of metallics, road
7	FeCr Slag	C4	2.645	construction
7	Caster scale		3,645	Reuse in agglomeration
8	Caster scrap		13,140	Recycle in induction furnace
9	Fly Ash	CPP	95,788	Sell to agencies for manufacture
1.0	D A 1	CDD	22.040	of pozzolona cement, bricks, etc
10	Bottom Ash	CPP	23,948	Would be stored in ash pond and
				used for road making/sale for
				brick manufacturing

# 39.9.11 Public Consultation:

Details of advertisement given	3 <sup>rd</sup> October, 2020		
Date of public consultation	4 <sup>th</sup> November, 2020		
Venue	Jamuria Town Hall, Dist Paschim Bardhaman, West Bengal		
Presiding Officer	Dr. Abhijit Shevale, IAS, Additional District Magistrate (General), Paschim Bardhaman		
Major issues raised	<ul> <li>i. Control measures for air pollution</li> <li>ii. Development of local roads</li> <li>iii. Development of schools</li> <li>iv. Local employment</li> <li>v. Community hall</li> <li>vi. Water pipeline</li> <li>vii. Development of hospitals</li> </ul>		

Action plan as per MoEF&CC O.M. dated 30/9/2020

Sl.	Issues	MoEF&CC O.M. dated 30/ Response of PP	Year – 1	Year – 2	Year – 3
No.	issues		2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
1.	Control	ESP and Bag Filter will be	Installed with	Installed with	Installed with
	measures of	installed to control the air	process unit	process unit	process unit
	air pollution	pollution level within the	equipment	equipment	equipment
		norms. In addition, dry fog			
		system and water sprinkler			
		will be installed.			
		Budget – Rs. 90 crores			
2.	Development	Village road will be repaired	Rs. 75 lakhs	Rs. 75 lakhs	-
	of local roads	and repairing work of	for 2 km	for 2 km	
		existing road of Hizalgoda	village road	village road	
		and Dhasna will be taken up	of Hizalgoda	of Hizalgoda	
		in consultation with the	and 3 km for	and 3 km for	
		District Administration.	Dhasna	Dhasna	
		Budget – Rs. 1.5 crore			
3.	Development	As suggested by ADM,	@Rs. 15	@Rs. 15 lakhs	@Rs. 15 lakhs
	of schools	STPL will contribute to the	lakhs for each	for each	for each
		plan prepared by local	village = Rs.	village = Rs.	village = Rs.
		administration for	45 lakhs	45 lakhs	45 lakhs
		Hizalgoda, Dhasna &	subject to	subject to	subject to
		Bahadurpur villages	approval of	approval of	approval of
		Budget – Rs. 1.35 crore	plan	plan	plan
4.	Good survival	PP will take care of survival	Rs. 50 lakhs	Rs. 50 lakhs	Rs. 50 lakhs
	rate of trees	rate of the planted trees.			
		Budget – Rs. 1.5 crore			
5.	Local	Local youth will be preferred			@Rs. 20
	employment	as per their knowledge and	lakhs for each	lakhs for each	lakhs for each
		skill. In addition, vocational		village for 3	village for 3
		training will be given for the	villages	villages	villages
		employment to local.	(Hizalgoda,	(Hizalgoda,	(Hizalgoda,
		Budget – Rs. 3.0 crore	Dhasal &	Dhasal &	Dhasal &
			Bahadurpur)	Bahadurpur)	Bahadurpur)
			= Rs. 1.2	= Rs. 1.2	= Rs. $0.6$
			crore	crore	crore
6.	Community	Requirement of community	Rs. 25 lakhs	-	-
	hall	hall at Dhasal village will be			
		taken up with the District	•		
		Administration.	through		
		Budget – Rs. 0.25 crore	DM/ADM		
7.	Safety due to	Trained driver will be	-	-	-
	vehicle	selected			
	movement				
8.		No ground water will be used		-	-
	ground water	for the proposed project.	EMP cost		
		TT D3371T '11 1			
	depletion	However, RWH will be			
	depletion	constructed and recharge			
	depletion	constructed and recharge ground water			
9.	Proper	constructed and recharge ground water  Waste water will be treated in		-	-
9.	-	constructed and recharge ground water  Waste water will be treated in		-	-

Sl.	Issues	Response of PP	Year – 1	Year – 2	Year – 3
No.		•	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
		plant.			
10.	Water	Drinking water will be	@Rs. 20	@Rs. 20	@Rs. 20
10.	pipeline	supplied through tankers for		lakh/village	lakh/village
	pipeinie	which a plan will be drawn in		for 2 villages	C
		_			
		consultation with District	` .	(Bahadurpur	(Bahadurpur
		Administration.	&	&	&
		Budget – Rs. 1.2 crore	Bijaynagar) =	Bijaynagar) =	Bijaynagar) =
			Rs. 40 lakhs	Rs. 40 lakhs	Rs. 40 lakhs
11.	Development	Health camp will be taken up		Rs. 40 lakhs	Rs. 40 lakhs
	of hospitals	in the villages at free of cost		for	for
		and requirement for	Bahadurpur	Bahadurpur	Bahadurpur
		development of hospital will	village	village	village
		be assessed by the District			
		Administration and the same			
		will be communicated by the			
		District Administration.			
		Budget – Rs. 1.2 crore			
12.	Noise	No impact of noise due to	Already		
	pollution	plant activity still greenbelt	~		
	_	will be developed along the			
		boundary			
	T	otal, lakhs	Rs. 395	Rs. 370	Rs. 235

#### Needs Assessment

Physical Activity	Year – 1	Year – 2	Year – 3
	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
	10 nos in Bahadurpur	15 nos in Bahadurpur	5 nos in Bahadurpur
	(Rs. 5 lakhs)	(Rs. 7.5 lakhs)	(Rs. 2.5 lakhs)
	10 nos in Chakdola	10 nos in Chakdola	10 nos in Chakdola
	(Rs. 5 lakhs)	(Rs. 5 lakhs)	(Rs. 5 lakhs)
Tubewell	20 nos in Bijaynagar	15 nos in Bijaynagar	15 nos in Bijaynagar
(110 nos.)	(Rs. 10 lakhs)	(Rs. 7.5 lakhs)	(Rs. 7.5 lakhs)
	5 nos in Bijipur	10 nos in Bijipur	5 nos in Bijipur
	(Rs. 2.5 lakhs)	(Rs. 5 lakhs)	(Rs. 2.5 lakhs)
	5 nos in Nimsa	10 nos in Nimsa	5 nos in Nimsa
	(Rs. 2.5 lakhs)	(Rs. 5 lakhs)	(Rs. 2.5 lakhs)
Installation of	2 schools in Shaldanga	1 school in Shaldanga	-
tubewell with RO in	and 1 in Chinchuria	and 1 in Chinchuria	
5 schools	(Rs. 60 lakhs)	(Rs. 40 lakhs)	
Installation of toilet	Bahadurpur and Dhasal	Bahadurpur, Bhuri and	Bahadurpur – 4 nos,
block with sanitary	villages – 2 nos in each	Dhasal villages – 2 nos	Dhasal and Bhuri
water facilities in	village	in each village	villages - 3 nos
Bahadurpur 8 nos,	(Rs. 40 lakhs)	(Rs. 60 lakhs)	(Rs. 100 lakhs)
Dhasal 7 nos and			
Bhuri – 5 nos			
Solar lighting	in Bijaynagar temple	-	-
facilities	(Rs. 15 lakhs)		
Providing books and	in Topsi village	-	-
shelves to the library	(Rs. 15 lakhs)		

Physical Activity	Year – 1	Year – 2	Year – 3	
	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	
Providing collection	to Topsi, Shaldanga &	-	-	
bins	Bhuri villages			
	(Rs. 5 lakhs)			
Installation of Solar	20 nos in each villages	10 nos in each villages	5 nos in each villages	
street light in	(Rs. 30 lakhs)	(Rs. 15 lakhs)	(Rs. 7.5 lakhs)	
Dhasna,Bahadurpur,		+	+	
and Shaldanga – 35		Maintenance charge	Maintenance charge	
nos in each villages		(Rs. 2.5 lakhs)	(Rs. 4.0 lakhs)	
Total	Rs. 190 lakhs	Rs. 147.50 lakhs	Rs. 131.50 lakhs	

39.9.12 The capital cost of the project is Rs. 3,200 crores and the capital cost for environmental protection measures including cost to address the public hearing issues and needs assessment is proposed as Rs. 239.69 crores. The annual recurring cost towards the environmental protection measures is proposed as Rs. 6 crores. The employment generation from the proposed project is 6850(Direct-1350, Indirect-5500). The detail of cost for environmental protection measures is as follows:

$\mathbf{S}$	Description of Item	(Rs. In crores)		
No		Capital Cost Recurring Cost		
1.	Water Conservation and Wastewater Treatment	80.00	1.80	
2.	Air Pollution Control Measure	90.00	2.03	
3.	Energy Conservation	9.00	0.25	
4.	Solid Waste management	22.00	0.30	
5.	Rainwater Harvesting	8.30	0.10	
6.	Greenbelt Development	1.00	0.02	
7. On-line Monitoring & Environmental Laboratory		14.70	1.50	
8.	Addressal of Public Consultation concerns	14.69	0.00	
	Total	239.69	6.00	

- 39.9.13 Greenbelt will be developed in 32.06 ha which is 33 % of the total project area. A 15-100 m wide greenbelt, consisting of at least 3 tiers around plant boundary will be developed as greenbelt and green cover as per CPCB/MoEFCC, New Delhi guidelines. Local and native species will be planted with a density of 2500 trees per hectare. Total no. of 80,300 saplings will be planted and nurtured in 32.06 hectares in 5 years.
- 39.9.14 It has been reported by PP that, there is no violation under EIA Notification, 2006/court case/show cause/direction related to the project under consideration.
- 39.9.15 Name of the EIA consultant: M/s. M. N. Dastur & Co. (P) Ltd. [S. No. 168, List of ACOs with their Certificate no. NABET/EIA/1821/RA0131, valid up to 09/09/2021; Rev. 11, June 09, 2021.
- 39.9.16 The proposal was considered by the EAC (Industry 1) in its 36<sup>th</sup> meeting held on 18-19<sup>th</sup> May, 2021. The observations and recommendations of EAC is given as below:

#### Observations of the Committee held on 18-19th May, 2021

39.9.17 The Committee noted the following:

- i. Coal Bed Methane or Producer gas shall be used as fuel in pellet plant. Producer Gas Plant details are not available in the EIA report.
- ii. Dry Blast Furnace gas cleaning has been proposed. Top Recovery Turbine (TRT) and BF Stove waste heat recovery are not proposed.
- iii. Action plan with the physical targets to address the issues raised during public hearing has not been submitted as per MoEF&CC O.M. dated 30/09/2020.
- iv. Post project PM10 and NOx concentrations in study area shall be more than 100/80 ug/m3 respectively at several stations. Control measures to reduce the same have not been elaborated.
- v. Raw material and final product will be transported by Road up to railway siding located at about 2.0 km from the project site and further it will be transported through railway. The carrying capacity of the railway siding facility has not been furnished in the EIA report.

#### Recommendations of the Committee held on 18-19th May, 2021

- 39.9.18 In view of the foregoing and after deliberations, the Committee deferred the consideration of the proposal and sought for the following additional information:
  - i. Scheme for usage of Coal Bed Methane (CBM) instead of Producer Gas as a fuel shall be furnished.
  - ii. Action plan for Hot Charging of billets up to 85-90 % shall be furnished. Balance rolling shall be done using Reheating Furnace operating on Light Diesel Oil (LDO).
  - iii. Action plan for Steel Melting Shop (SMS) slag crushing and processing to generate aggregate for construction and fine sand for use in cement and brick making shall be furnished.
  - iv. Revised action plan with physical targets to address the issues raised during public hearing as per MoEF&CC O.M. dated 30/09/2020 shall be submitted.
  - v. Scheme to achieve PM emissions < 30 mg/Nm³, SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions less than 100 mg/Nm³ respectively from CPP shall be furnished.
  - vi. Post project  $PM_{10}$  and  $NO_x$  concentrations in study area are predicted more than  $100/80~\mu g/m^3$  respectively at several stations. Control measures to reduce the same shall be submitted.
  - vii. Action plan for transportation of materials through railway siding shall be explored and submitted.
  - viii. PP shall submit confirmation on the following points:
    - PP shall install a state-of-the-art Waste Recycling Plant (WRP) to process various types of slags and wastes generated in the plant to recover and recycle metallics, fluxes, aggregates and boulders.
    - No ground water shall be abstracted.
    - Natural drainage system of the plant area shall not be disturbed.
    - FeCr slag shall be subjected to TCLP tests and only when Chromium level is within limit, it shall be used for construction otherwise it shall be sent to TSDF.
  - ix. Scheme for, control of Dioxins/Furan emissions from sinter plants, and mercury emissions from power plants shall be submitted.
  - x. PP shall provide details of specific water and power consumption post operation and energy conservation measures to be adopted in the steel plant.
- 39.9.19 The PP was submitted the ADS reply on 21/06/2021 raised during 36<sup>th</sup> meeting held on 18-19<sup>th</sup> May, 2021. Point wise reply of ADS submitted by PP are as given below:

S No	Additional detail sought	Reply of Project proponent
1.	Scheme for usage of Coal Bed Methane (CBM) instead of Producer Gas as a fuel shall be furnished.	STPL is committed to protect the environment as per their Environmental Policy. In the Section 2.6.2 of EIA report (April 2021) on page 2-13, it is mentioned that CBM/Producer Gas will be used as fuel. Producer gas is an alternate source of the fuel if there is a disruption in the supply of CBM. We confirmed that only during the non-availability of CBM, Producer gas will be used as fuel.
2.	Action plan for Hot Charging of billets up to 85-90 % shall be furnished. Balance rolling shall be done using Reheating Furnace operating on Light Diesel Oil (LDO).	The hot charging of billet will be performed for wire rod mill, bar mill and structural mill to a maximum extent of production. However, the production through structural mill may require temperature correction for which induction heating will be required
3.	Action plan for Steel Melting Shop (SMS) slag crushing and processing to generate aggregate for construction and fine sand for use in cement and brick making shall be furnished.	The EAF, IF & LF slags will be transported to slag storage area located towards south of plant (see Layout legend 29) where the slag will be stored and processed. The slag will be crushed, balled, screened and the ferrous material will be magnetically separated for recycle in the plant. The non-metallic part thus received will be sold to pavement block maker and cement manufacturer
4.	Revised action plan with physical targets to address the issues raised during public hearing as per MoEF&CC O.M. dated 30/09/2020 shall be submitted.	Revised action plan addressed to public hearing issues and need based assessment have been submitted.
5.	Scheme to achieve PM emissions < 30 mg/Nm³ , SO <sub>2</sub> and NOx emissions less than 100 mg/Nm³ respectively from CPP shall be furnished	The total power generation will be 70 MW out of which 10 MW from BF gas based, 37.5 MW from WHRB of DR kiln and 22.5 MW from char and coal based CFBC/AFBC boiler.  The fuels for the power generation are BF gas which is a clean gas and char/purchased coal. The flue gas generated in the process will be taken through cyclone separator where the coarse dust will get separated and then it will be passed through 4 fields ESP to achieve the design target of < 30 mg/Nm³ for PM.  The hydrated lime will be injected to tail gas to reduce the SO <sub>2</sub> level to below 100 mg/Nm³.  Ultra-low NOx burners and staged combustion with controlled excess air to reduce the NOx level to below 100 mg/Nm³ as per S.O. 3305 (E) dated 7th December, 2015.
6.	Post project $PM_{10}$ and $NO_x$ concentrations in study area are predicted more than $100/80$ $\mu g/m^3$ respectively at several stations. Control measures to reduce the same shall be submitted.	Control measures for PM <sub>10</sub> :  i. Pneumatic or covered truck transportation would be employed for the collected dusts from the dust catchers of various units.  ii. Plant roads would be black topped & kept dust free by using industrial vacuum cleaners and water sprinkling at regular intervals.

S No	Additional detail sought	Reply of Project proponent
		iii. Provision of wind barrier and water sprinkling
		system around stockpiles to reduce wind-borne
		fugitive dust emissions.  iv. All vehicles shall have Pollution Control
		Certificate with regular maintenance check and
		shall conform to latest Emission Standards
		v. Development of 33% greenbelt coverage within
		the project area
		vi. The existing peripheral road of the proposed
		project site would be maintain properly and industrial vacuum cleaning with water sprinkling
		would be carried out twice in a day to reduce the
		vehicular dust emission.
		vii. Initiative would be taken for roadside plantation to reduce the dust level.
		viii. Deployment of truck mounted industrial vacuum
		cleaner. The vacuum cleaning of the peripheral
		roads will be done thrice in a day.
		ix. Truck mounted water sprinkler. After vacuum cleaning of the roads, water will be sprinkled on
		the clean road to restrict further emission of
		fugitive dust.
		x. Initiative will be taken up for road side plantation
		with tall leafy trees xi. The peripheral roads will be repaired and
		maintained on a regular basis in collaboration with
		the District Administration.
		Control measure for NOx  a) Maintaining the optimum air fuel ratio
		b) Combustion will be controlled through PLC based
		control system
		c) Use of ultra-low NOx burner with staged
7	A stirm when from the many stations of	combustion in the furnace
7.	Action plan for transportation of materials through railway siding	Gagan Ferro Tech Limited (parent company of STPL) is in the vicinity of the proposed plant site. It is served by
	shall be explored and submitted.	a railway siding at Topsia for handling iron ore and
	•	another railway siding at Asansol for handling coke &
		coal. The same railway sidings are envisaged to cater to
		the requirement of the proposed plant.  Total 2.8 MTPA of raw material would be transported
		by road (NH-60) to the plant. Out of which 0.75 MTPA
		and 1.9 MTPA of coke & coal would be received at
		Asansol siding and Topsia siding respectively. The
		balance would be transported by road from the local
		market. Considering dumpers of 20 T capacity, it is estimated that 400 nos. dumpers would be required per
		day i.e.
		20 dumpers/hour.
		The total PCU in the study area is 4740/day and the
		projected traffic due to the proposed activity could be
		1258 PCU/day. Therefore, the total traffic in the area

S No	Additional detail sought	Reply of Project proponent
		will be 5998 PCU/day. As per IRC:64:1990 recommended design service volumes for Two Lane Roads is 15,000 PCU/day. Hence the existing roads are sufficient to handle the additional traffic of the proposed project.
8.	PP shall submit confirmation on the following points:	
	PP shall install a state-of-the- art Waste Recycling Plant (WRP) to process various types of slags and wastes generated in the plant to recover and recycle metallics, fluxes, aggregates and boulders.	STPL confirmed that a state-of-the-art Waste Recycling Plant (WRP) to process various types of slags and wastes generated in the plant to recover and recycle metallics, fluxes, aggregates and boulders would be installed.
	No ground water shall be abstracted	STPL confirmed that i) river bed water of Ajay river and ii) Asansol Municipal Corporation will be the source of water in the proposed project.
	Natural drainage system of the plant area shall not be disturbed.	STPL confirmed that the Natural drainage system of the plant area shall not be disturbed.
	• FeCr slag shall be subjected to TCLP tests and only when Chromium level is within limit, it shall be used for construction otherwise it shall be sent to TSDF.	STPL confirm the same.
9.	Scheme for, control of Dioxins/Furan emissions from sinter plants, and mercury emissions from power plants shall be submitted.	Dioxins/Furan are formed in the temperature region of 250 °C to 450 °C below the combustion zone in the bed. After that it was carried downward with the gas and condensed near to the bottom of the sinter bed. It also formed in the last wind boxes when the hot off-gases cooled. The quantity of Dioxins/Furan formation depends on presence of carbon and chlorine bearing material in the sinter bed.  Measures to reduce dioxins and furan emissions:  a) Stable and consistent operation of sinter strand. b) Continuous monitoring of parameters like state of dampers, suction, opacity of the gases, speed of the sinter strand to ensure the optimal running of the sinter plant. c) The oil content in the sinter feed for preparation of base mix will be controlled through regular measurement of oil content in the base mix and it will be maintained at <0.02%. Further addition of urea in the base mix will reduce formation of dioxins and furan up to 50%.
		Measures to reduce mercury emissions:  Mercury emissions would only occur in the coal-based power plant. Oxidised mercury shall be removed in the

S No	Additional detail sought	Reply of Project proponent
	, and the second	wet flue gas desulphurization system and particulate bound mercury will be removed in ESP. Moreover, the input coal to the power plant will be regularly monitored and the stack emission from coal-based power plant shall be monitored for mercury concentration in the flue
10.	PP shall provide details of specific water and power consumption post operation and energy conservation measures to be adopted in the steel plant.	shall be monitored for mercury concentration in the flue gas to ensure it is maintained within CPCB norms.  Specific water consumption = 3.39 m³/ton of steel  Specific power consumption = 1215.7 kWh/ton of steel  Energy Conservation during Construction Phase:  i. Efficient work scheduling and methods that minimise equipment idle time and double handling of material  ii. Throttling down and switching off construction equipment when not in use  iii. Switching off truck engines while they are waiting to access the site and while they are waiting to access the site and while they are waiting to be loaded and unloaded  iv. Switching off site office equipment and lights and using optimum lighting intensity for security and safety purposes  v. Careful design of temporary roads to reduce transportation distances  vi. Regular maintenance of equipment to ensure optimum operations and fuel efficiency  Energy Conservation during Operation Phase:  i. Design of buildings and terminal layout would aim
		to achieve the following energy efficiencies:  a) Employing renewable energy sources such as day lighting and passive solar heating; b) Designing roads on the site to reduce transportation distances.  ii. Waste Heat Recovery boiler with DRI (37.5 MW) will be installed to capture the sensible heat from waste heat.  iii. Blast furnace gas will be recovered through BF Stove Gas Recovery System and consumed in Sinter, Pellet plant etc  iv. Direct charging of hot billet from SMS in rolling mill.  v. Sinter Cooler waste heat recovery will be installed to recover the heat.  vi. Use of energy efficient electric motors complying IEE3 Standards.  vii. Maximum utilization of renewable energy resources. Installation of energy efficient lightings.  Use of energy saving light fittings.

39.9.20 Based on ADS reply made by PP, the Proposal was reconsidered by the EAC (Industry 1) in its 39<sup>th</sup> meeting held on 30<sup>th</sup> June, to 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2021. The observations and recommendations of EAC is given as below:

#### **Observations of the Committee**

- 39.9.21 The Committee observed following points have not been satisfactorily addressed.
  - i. Scheme for dioxin and Furan controls.
  - ii. Action plan to address the public hearing issues such as drinking water supply to villages and provision of dispensary to nearby villages etc has not been covered.
  - iii. No details are made available on wet FGD System proposed for control of mercury emissions from power plant.
  - iv. Project proponent as well as the consultant was unable to explain the site details with respect to location of village(s) on eastern side of the plant and the plant boundary in that direction.

#### **Recommendations of the Committee**

- 39.9.22 In view of the foregoing and after deliberations, the Committee deferred the consideration of the proposal and sought for following additional information:
  - i. Scheme for dioxin and Furan controls.
  - ii. Revised action plan to address all the public hearing issues inter-alia drinking water supply to villages and provision of dispensary to nearby villages etc.
  - iii. Details on wet FGD System proposed for control of mercury emissions from power plant.
  - iv. Site details with respect to location of village(s) on eastern side of the plant and the plant boundary in that direction. Features of 1 km area around the project site shall also be submitted.
- 39.10 Green field project for implementation of production facilities for MS Ingot/Billet (164160 TPA); Steel Rerolled products from Hot Charging Rolling Mills 160800 TPA; MS Wire drawing unit 157500 TPA; Ferro Alloys (silico manganese) 82000 TPA and/or Pig Iron 164000 TPA by M/s. N.R. Steel and Ferro Private Limited located at Plot No. 251, 252, 253 & 254, OP Jindal Industrial Park, Punjipathra, Village Tumidih, Tahsil Gharghoda, District Raigarh, Chhattisgarh [Online Proposal No. IA/CG/IND/180780/2020; File No. J-11011/200/2020-IA.II(I)] Environment Clearance—regarding.
- 39.10.1 M/s. N.R. Steel and Ferro Private Limited have made an online application vide proposal no. IA/CG/IND/180780/2020 dated 21/06/2021 along with copy of EIA report and Form 2 seeking Environment Clearance (EC) under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 for the project mentioned above. The proposed project activity is listed at schedule no. 3(a) Metallurgical industries (ferrous & nonferrous) under Category "A" of the schedule of the EIA Notification, 2006 and appraised at Central Level.

#### **Details submitted by Project proponent**

39.10.2 The details of the ToR are furnished as below:

Date of	Consideration	Details	Date of
application			accord
09/09/2020	Standard ToR Approved dated 19/09/2020	Standard ToR	19/09/2020

Date of	Consideration	Details	Date of
application			accord
31/10/2020	25 <sup>th</sup> meeting EAC (Industry	Amendment in TOR	16/12/2020
	– I) held on 25/11/2020	increase the capacity of	
		Ferro Alloys furnaces from	
		2x9 MVA to 4x 9 MVA	

39.10.3 The project of M/s. N.R. Steel and Ferro Private Limited is located at Plot No. 251, 252, 253 & 254, OP Jindal Industrial Park, Punjipathra, Village Tumidih, Tahsil - Gharghoda, District - Raigarh, Chhattisgarh is for Green field project for implementation of production facilities for MS Ingot/Billet (164160 TPA); Steel Rerolled products from Hot Charging Rolling Mills 160800 TPA; MS Wire drawing unit 157500 TPA; Ferro Alloys 82000 TPA and/or Pig Iron 164000 TPA.

39.10.4 Environmental Site Settings:

	Particulars	Detail	S		Rema	rks
i.	Total land		[Private Industrial trial park]	land on lease in	Firm of In alread	Letter tent is y ned for on from Jindal
ii.	Land acquisition details as per MoEF&CC O.M. dated 7/10/2014	on le Jindal Indus (CSII under Comp M/s.	Firm Letter of Intent for allotment of Land on lease is already obtained from OP Jindal Industrial park. Chhattisgarh State Industrial Development Corporation (CSIDC), a Government of Chhattisgarh undertaking (registered under the Companies Act, 1956), provided land to M/s. Jindal Steel & Power Ltd. for development of industrial estate on lease for 99 years commencing from			
iii.	Existence of Habitation & involvement of R&R, if any.		& R is involved in			
iv.	Latitude and Longitude of the project site	(a) (b) (c) (d)	Latitude 22 <sup>0</sup> 3'29.38 N 22 <sup>0</sup> 3'28.03 N 22 <sup>0</sup> 3'40.84 N 22 <sup>0</sup> 3'41.83 N	<b>Longitude</b> 83 <sup>0</sup> 19'52.51 E  83 <sup>0</sup> 19'45.59 E  83 <sup>0</sup> 19'43.25 E  83 <sup>0</sup> 19'50.16 E		
v.	Elevation of the Project site		ct site located at range (above MSL)	min. 294 m, max.		

S No	Particulars	Details	Remarks
vi.	Involvement of	No	
	Forest land if any.		
vii.	Water body exists	<b>Project site:</b>	
	within the project site as	None	
	well as study area	Study area:	
		• Kelo River – 7.7, E	
		• Kosam Nala – 2.4, NW	
		• Pajhar Nadi – 8.0 ENE	
		Khalmura Nala – 8.0,N	
		• Jam Nala – 3.3, SE	
		• Bhendra Nala – 9.7, NNE	
		Dewanmunda Nala – Adjacent, W	
		• Ranai Nala – 5.5, NEW	
		• Korapali Nala – 2.2, SW	
		• Chui Nala – 8.0, NE	
		• Barade Nala – 5.5, WSW	
		• Gardharasi Nala – 7.2, NENE	
		Bodojuri Nala – 2.1, SW	
		• Ratrot Nala – 7.2, SE	
		• Kesh Nala – 6.9, WNW	
		Banjari Nala – 3.8, E	
		• Kurket Nadi – 6.4, WNW	
		• Gerwani Nala – 4.1, S E	
		• Karanara Nala – 8.4, SE	
viii.	Existence of ESZ/ESA/	None	
	national park/ wildlife		
	sanctuary/ biosphere		
	reserve/ tiger reserve/		
	elephant Reserve etc .if		
	any within the study		
	area		

39.10.5 The unit configuration and capacity of proposed project is given as below:

Sl.	Process plant	Proposed	Proposed	Annual	Remarks
		capacity of plant	product name	capacity	
				(in TPA)	
1.	Induction Furnace	15 MT x 4 Nos.	Ms Ingot/	164160	No fossil fuel
	and CCM to	Induction	Billets		is required
	produce M.S.	Furnace			•
	Ingot/ Billet along	15 Ton LRF x 1			
	with CCM and 15	No.			
	Ton LRF				
2.	Hot charging	Approx. 450	Rerolled product	160800	Through fuel
	rolling mill	TPD	(wire rod, TMT		free process
			bar, structure		_
			steel etc)		

Sl.	Process plant	Proposed capacity of plant	Proposed product name	Annual capacity (in TPA)	Remarks
3.	Cold wire drawing unit	Approx. 450 TPD	M.S. wire	157500	Through fuel free process
4.	Submerged arc furnace	9 MVA x 4Nos.	Ferro alloys (Silico Manganese only)	82000	Metallurgy Coke/Carbon is required for reduction. no coal is required in process
		or			
		9 MVA x 4Nos.	Pig iron	164000	-do

39.10.6 The details of the raw material requirement for the proposed project along with its source and mode of transportation is given as below:

S.No.	Raw Material	Quantity (TPA)	Source	Distance from site (Kms)	Mode of Transportation
Induc	tion Furnace, CCM				
1.	Sponge Iron	140652.00	Local sponge iron plants in Raigarh	Within 50 kms	By Road through covered truck
2.	Pig Iron / CI Scrap	26721.00	JSPL/BSP/RSP and other steel plants or Self production	Within 50 kms	By Road through covered truck
3.	Melting Scrap	25600.00	Local industries and traders	Within 50 kms	By Road through covered truck
4.	Ferro Alloys	1728.00	Self-production as well as from Local Units		By Road through covered truck
5.	Aluminum	173.00	BALCO or from local sreap processing units	Within 150 kms	By Road through covered truck
6.	Ramming Mass	432.00	local refractory processing units	Within 300kms	By Road through covered truck
7.	Steel Sheet Former	44.00	Local suppliers and BSP or RSP	Within 300kms	-
8.	Furnace Oil for Laddle Preheating	503.00	Oil Companies like IOCL; HP; BPCL	Within 100 kms	By Road through Tanker
9.	Calcined Lime for Refining of Liquid Steel	7033.00	Local Lime Kilns	Within 100 kms	By Road through covered truck
10.	Flurospar and other additives for dephosphorization	1407.00	Local suppliers	Within 100 kms	By Road through covered truck
11.	Electrode for Arc Furnace	282.00	Graphite India and other suppliers	Within 100 kms	By Road through covered truck
Ferro	Alloys Plant through SAF				
12.	Mn Ore	168571.00	From OMC or MOIL	Within 500 kms	By Road through covered truck
13.	High Mn Slag	32109.00	Captive	-	Internally Available

S.No.	Raw Material	Quantity (TPA)	Source	Distance from site	Mode of Transportation
				(Kms)	
14.	Quartz	6422.00	Local mines	Within 100	By Road through
				kms	covered truck
15.	Coke/Coal/Charcoal	49200.00	Local suppliers	Within 50	By Road through
				kms	covered truck
16.	Dolomite	2409.00	Local mines	Within 50	By Road through
				kms	covered truck
17.	Electrode Paste	2409.00	Units located in	Within 500	By Road through
			Raipur; Korba and		covered truck
			other states too		
18.	M.S. Sheet Item.	803.00	Local suppliers and	Within 300	By Road through
			BSP or RSP	kms	covered truck
19.	Lancing Pipe and	1205.00	Units located in	Within 100	By Road through
	Cannaster Sheet		Raipur; and Durg	kms	covered truck
20.	Oxygen Gas	241.00	,	Within 100	By Road
				kms	
Pig Ir	on Plant through SAF				
21.	Iron Ore & Mill Scale	246000.00	Iron Ore from	Within 300	By Road through
			OMC mines. But	kms	covered truck
			mill scale will be		
			locally available		
			from rolling mills		
22.	Coke/Coal/Charcoal	98400.00	Local suppliers	Within 50	By Road through
			11	kms	covered truck
23.	Dolomite/Lime/Limestone	16400.00	Local Mines	Within 50	By Road through
				kms	covered truck
24.	Electrode Paste	2460.00	Units located in	Within 500	By Road through
	210011011011011	2.00.00	Raipur; Korba and	kms	covered truck
			other states too	111115	
25.	M.S. Item.	1148.00	Local suppliers and	Within 300	By Road through
23.	1.2.2.	1110.00	BSP or RSP	kms	covered truck
26.	Lancing Pipe	492.00	Units located in	Within 300	By Road through
20.	Laneing Tipe	772.00	Raipur; and Durg	kms	covered truck
			raipui, and Duig	KIIIO	covered truck

- 39.10.7 The water requirement for the project is estimated as 560 m³/day, out of which 18m³ /day will be used for domestic purposes. Water will be sourced from Ground water and collected rain water. (NOC obtained from CGWA for 453 m³/day abstraction of groundwater. The permission for balance 107 KLD requirement will also be obtained from CGWA). The permission for drawl of groundwater is obtained from CGWA vide NOC no. CGWA/NOC/IND/ORIG/2020/9722 dated 05/12/2020. The total yearly water requirement will be 560 KLD \* 360 days = 201600 KLA. The management decided to implement 10,000 KL Rain water collection Tank which will be enough to cater water requirement of 17 day, and in rainy day of 75 days water requirement will be met through it. Therefore, it is considered that about 85 days (48720 KLA) water requirement will be met through rain water and rain water collection, and balance 273 days water (152880 KLA) will be sourced from Ground Water. Zero discharge will be maintained.
- 39.10.8 The power requirement for the project is estimated as 50MW, which will be drawn from JSPL power supply network. To meet out the emergency backup on standby DG set (1500 kVA x 2 Nos.) shall be always kept in ready alert in order to have a higher safety level.
- 39.10.9 Baseline Environmental Studies:

Period	15 <sup>th</sup> March to 15 <sup>th</sup> June 2019
AAQ parameters at 8	$PM_{2.5} = 15.3 \text{ to } 29.8  \mu\text{g/m}^3$
locations	$PM_{10} = 42.4 \text{ to } 86.2  \mu\text{g/m}^3$
	$SO_2 = 5.0 \text{ to } 20.1 \mu\text{g/m}^3$
	$NO_2 = 14.1 \text{ to } 30 \text{ µg/m}^3$
	$CO = 0.264 \text{ to } 0.429 \text{ mg/m}^3$
AAQ modelling	$PM_{10}$ (incremental) =0.63 $\mu g/m^3$ , $PM_{10}$ (Resultant) = 86.83
(Incremental GLC)	$\mu g/m^3$
	$SO_2$ (incremental) =2.19 $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> , $SO_2$ (Resultant) = 21.89 $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup>
	$NO_x$ (incremental) =7.0 $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup> , $NO_x$ (Resultant) =37 $\mu$ g/m <sup>3</sup>
Groundwater quality at	pH: 6.67-7.92; Total Hardness: 100.58 - 181.15 mg/l, TDS:168-
8locations	342 mg/l, Fluoride: 0.1-0.32 mg/l. Heavy metals are within the
	limits.
Surface water quality at	pH:7.54-7.91;DO:6.3-6.4 mg/landBOD:from 1.22mg/l to 2.66
5 locations	mg/l; CODfrom3.88to 7.92mg/l
Noise levels	Noise levels at every station were within specified standards
	<b>Residential Area-</b> $46.1 \text{ dB(A)} - 51.7 \text{ dB(A)}$ during day time.
	38.7 dB(A) -41.9dB(A) during night time.
	<b>Commercial Area-</b> 51.9 dB(A) – 52.9 dB(A) during day time.
	41.6 dB(A) -43.8 dB(A) during night time.
	<b>Silence Zone-</b> 47.1 dB(A) – 48.6dB(A) during day time.
	37.2 dB(A) during night time.
	<b>Industrial Area-</b> $51.4 dB(A) - 61.7 dB(A)$ during day time.
	41.6 dB(A) -52.9 dB(A) during night time.
Traffic assessment	The LOS value from the proposed project may be "very good"
study findings	for highway which was earlier "very good". So the additional
	load on the carrying capacity of the concern roads is not likely
	to have any significant adverse effect.
Flora and fauna	Presence of Schedule- I species.
	Biological conservation plan has been submitted to Chief
	conservator Forest, govt. of Chhattisgarh dated 21.06.2021.

# 39.10.10 The details of solid and hazardous waste generation along with its mode of treatment/disposal is furnished as below:

S No	Type of Waste	Quantity generated	Mode of Treatment/ Disposal
1	Melting Scrap (i.e. Defective Billets, End Cutting, Miss Rolls etc)	8514 TPA	Reused in process/ sold to smaller units
2	Mill Scale from Induction Furnace	6786 TPA	Reused in process/ sold to other ferro Alloys or Sold to Pelletization unit.
3	Slag from Induction Furnace	25534 TPA	Sold to metal recovery units.
4	Refractory and Ramming Mass waste	216 TPA	Given to Recycler/ land back fill/ Brick making
5	Slag from Ferro Alloys Plant	82000 TPA	The slag from Ferro Silicon Plant shall be crushed and supplied preferably to

S No	Type of Waste	Quantity	Mode of	
		generated	Treatment/ Disposal	
			cement plant, while the slag from Ferro	
			Manganese Plant shall be supplied to	
			Ferro Silicon Plant. All the slag	
			materials are good for backfilling	
			material at construction site. Thus, it can	
			be also used for backfilling.	
6.	Waste Oil/Used Oil	5 KL/annum	Partly used for lubrication and will be	
	(Hazardous waste)		stored in covered HDPE Drums & will	
			be given to CECB approved	
			vendors/authorized recycler	

#### 39.10.11 Public Consultation:

I done Consultation.				
Details of advertisement	30/01/2021: Nai Duniya and Kelo Prawah (Hindi News			
given	paper)			
	31/01/2021The Times of India (English Newspaper)			
Date of public consultation	05/03/2021			
Venue	Banjari Temple open Ground at Village Taraimal, Tehsil:			
	Tamnar District- Raigarh (CG)			
Presiding Officer	Mr R.K. Katara (Additional District Collector, Raipur)			
	• Mr. S. K. Verma (Regional Officer) Chhattisgarh			
	Environment Conservation Board, Raipur.			
	Other officials of CECB & Revenue Department Govt.			
	of C.G			
Major issues raised	i. Labour wages increase			
	ii. Water facility			
	iii. Employment to locals			
	iv. Road development			
	v. Advertisement of public hearing			
	vi. Several disease and death due to pollution			
	vii. Regarding Impact of Air Pollution on Air Regime			
	viii. Regarding Impact of Water Pollution on Water			
	Regime and deepening and beautification of village			
	Pond			
	ix. Conversion of land from Agricultural to industrial			
	x. Regarding CER funds			
	xi. Regarding Venue of PH			
	xii. Regarding greenbelt development			
	xiii. Regarding socio economic report			
L				

### Action plan as per MoEF&CC O.M. dated 30/9/2020

S.N	Concerns raised during the PH	Physical activity and action plan	Tentative Budget, (Rs Lacs)	Target date for implementation of action plan
1		The project will be mainly use	Budget:	Timeframe: This
	Pollution on Air	electrical energy. Therefore,	Total Proposed EMP	investment will be made
	Regime	there will be insignificant	Cost:	along with the
	_	impact of PM contribution and	Capital: Rs 360 lakhs	implementation of the

S.N	Concerns raised during the PH	Physical activity and action plan	Tentative Budget, (Rs Lacs)	Target date for implementation of action plan
		gaseous concentration on air quality. Particulate Matter emission will be kept within 30 mg/Nm³ for which high efficiency bag filter will be provided and online stack monitoring system will also provide. Therefore there will be a negligible impact due to the proposed project.	Recurring: Rs. 70.0 lakhs During Construction Phase For Air regime Capital cost Rs. 80 Lakhs and Recurring Cost Rs. 12 Lakhs included in EMP Cost	Project. So it is likely to be implemented within 2 years from date of starting construction or before going into production whichever is earlier.
2	Impact of Water Pollution on Water Regime and deepening and beautification of village Pond	The water will be required for cooling purpose, and the cooling will be done in closed circuit cooling system. Waste water will be treated and regularly recirculated. All industrial effluent will be treated in ETP. Domestic effluent will be treated through STP and treated water will be utilized in greenbelt, slag quenching and dust suppression etc.  Zero discharge will be maintained. The source of water will be ground water. The site falls under safe zone as per CGWA, We have obtained NOC from CGWA. Rain water harvesting practice will be adopted as per norm, it is proposed to implement rain water harvesting structure of 100% capacity of runoff availability in plant premises. In addition will create rain water harvesting structures outside the plant.	Budget: Total Proposed EMP Cost: Capital: Rs 360 lakhs Recurring: Rs. 70.0 lakhs During Construction Phase For water environment (Water and Wastewater Management (STP, Sedimentation Tank, Oil Traps, etc.) and Rain Water Harvesting Structure Capital cost Rs. 20 Lakhs and Recurring Cost Rs. 5 Lakhs included in EMP Cost.	Timeframe: This investment will be made along with the implementation of the Project. So it is likely to be implemented within 2 years from date of starting construction or before going into production whichever is earlier.
3	Conversion of land from Agricultural to industrial	Proposed project is located in OP Jindal Industrial park which has diverted industrial land. Therefore, there will no loss to agriculture land due to our project.	Not required	Not required
4	Why Employment to Local people not given? Maximum manpower taken from outside i.e. Bengal and Odisha why not CG people?	The industry will be providing priority to local peoples.  Govt. of Chhattisgarh also has made it compulsory to give priority in employment to local people.	Generation – During Construction phase – 100	Time frame: 3 Years after receipt of EC

S.N	Concerns raised during the PH	Physical activity and action plan	Tentative Budget, (Rs Lacs)	Target date for implementation of action plan
	8		Development Capex: Rs. 180 Lakhs Provision of Rs. 30 Lakhs under the head of skill development program for local youth to facilitate local employment	
5	NOC from Gram Sabha	The proposed project is located in OP Jindal Industrial park which has diverted industrial land. The land was allotted by Govt. of CG for the same. Therefore, there is no need to obtain NOC from gram sabha for implementation of the project in approved industrial area.	Not required	Not required
6	Venue and delay in public Hearing		Not required	Not required
7	CER funds	Industry is proposed by a Company incorporated under Company Act 2013	Infrastructure Development to improve surrounding environment Capex: Rs. 180 Lakhs	within going into Commercial operation or receipt of Consent to operate

S.N	Concerns raised during the PH	Physical activity and action plan	Tentative Budget, (Rs Lacs)	Target date for implementation of action plan
		the District Administration guidelines as and when CER liability arises then according to the Companies Act 2013, That, in proposed green field project there will be a liability of Rs. 180 Lakhs under CER, for that we will place the proposal before the Hon'ble EAC for making expenses to improve surrounding environment in local school and other works on environment Education, Health		
		and improvement of Environment, the work approved by them. The same will be done according to the law along with the implementation of project.		
8	Proper information not provided to villages	Our company has applied to	Not required	Not required
9	Why this public	Translations of the complete EIA in the required quantity. In addition, public announcement "MUNADI" have also been made in concerned villages.  MHA guidelines for Corona have	Not required	Not required

S.N	Concerns raised during the PH	Physical activity and action plan	Tentative Budget, (Rs Lacs)	Target date for implementation of action plan
	hearing is conducted during this Corona period.	Corona have been duly enforced by the District Administration in		
10	Elephant Corridor present at 10 km radius or not? No plan is provided for conservation of Annex-I species like elephant wandering in study area.	The stray elephants are found have impacted a few villages.	Total Proposed EMP Cost: Capital: Rs 360 lakhs Recurring: Rs. 70.0 lakhs Budgetary provision made under Biological Conservation plan is Rs. 10 Lakhs Timeframe:This project will be implemented by the Wild Life division of State Forest Department. The company will deposit the amount approved by the Conservator wild life before starting the commercial production in the	
11	Old Baseline data taken and presented now in the month of march please cancel the Public Hearing	Anacon Laboratories Pvt. Ltd. had conducted the baseline for one of the steel project within Jindal Industrial Park along with 10 Km Study area surrounded to the project site during Pre Monsoon Season (15th March 2019 to 15th June 2019) accordingly, EIA study report was prepared and submitted to Public Hearing. Since, NR Steel and Ferro Pvt. Ltd. are also located within Jindal Industrial Park which is near to earlier studied project, thus the aforesaid baseline data for preparation of EIA study report was used. Whereas, additional monitoring data generated by the	The base line data is also collected post monsoon season October to December 2020 which has been also submitted to CECB with the EIA report	

S.N	Concerns raised during the PH	Physical activity and action plan	Tentative Budget, (Rs Lacs)	Target date for implementation of action plan
		Anacon Laboratories private limited. for the baseline monitoring during post monsoon season (October to December 2020) and submitted to CECB, Raigarh. The MoEFCC allows preparing the EIA on the basis of data collected within 3 years from the date of presentation.		
13	Regarding socio economic report not a thorough research done.	Socio economic study is well described in EIA report. It was prepared by the team based on the Publicly available data as well ground truth validation and interviews with important stake holders of the region.	Not required	Not required
14	Dust from the industry is maximum but no step taken by industry people to mitigate	In our plant there will not be any production of Sponge iron as well as there will be no power generation. Most of the process is electrically operated and PM emission level has also been proposed to be kept as less than 30 mg/NM <sup>3</sup> . So no impact is likely to be there.	Budget: Total Proposed EMP Cost: Capital: Rs 360 lakhs Recurring: Rs. 70.0 lakhs	Timeframe: Before commissioning of project
15.	Company is not having Ash Dyke	This question is not related to proposed project, no ash generation envisaged during project activities.	Not required	Not required
16.	What are solid waste disposal program	Solid Waste Management  ➤ 100% of waste water will be recycled and Zero discharge condition will be maintained.  ➤ The Induction furnace slag will be given to units for metal recovery or in case used internally for the same then the ground slag will be used to making bricks.  ➤ The waste water generated will be used in Slag quenching.  ➤ Defective Billets generated as waste will either be sold to smaller mills or will be reused in process.  ➤ The domestic sewage outflow from toilets will be treated in Sewage Treatment Plant and treated overflow will be used for green belt and dust suppression.	Budget: Total Proposed EMP Cost: Capital: Rs 360 lakhs Recurring: Rs. 70.0 lakhs Provision of Solid waste Management is made under EMP with Capital Cost Rs. 15 Lakhs and Rs. 4 Lakhs as recurring cost	Timeframe: During operation phase

S.N	Concerns raised during the PH	Physical activity and action plan	Tentative Budget, (Rs Lacs)	Target date for implementation of action plan
	during the 111	Disposal of waste to be carried		action plan
		out outside the plant premises are		
		as below:		
		1. The used oil and waste oil		
		estimated to be around 5		
		KL/year will be given to		
		authorized recycler having		
		authorization from competent		
		authority.		
		2. The lead acid battery or dry		
		battery will be given to		
		authorized recycler having		
		authorization from competent		
		authority.		
		3. E-waste generated from the		
		plant will be given to		
		authorized recycler having		
		authorization from competent		
		authority.		
		4. The refractory waste		
		generated from relining of		
		induction furnace will be		
		given to the refractory units		
		for recycling located in the		
		state of Chhattisgarh.		
		5. No waste will be dumped at		
		any location outside site		
		boundary.		
		6. Surplus construction material		
		shall be disposed on site as fill		
		material or sold as scrap, paint		
		containers etc shall be		
		returned to suppliers.		
		7. Record of all waste generated,		
		recycled, sold or disposed will		
		be maintained in a Waste		
		tracking Register		
	Green Belt	±	<b>Budget:</b>	Time frame: Continuous
	development.	The total plantation of about	Total Proposed EMP	activities from the
		4680 nos. will be carried out on	Cost:	inception of construction
		3.12 Ha. (39.01%) @ 1500	Capital : Rs 360	phase and will be
		trees/ha, some trees shall be	lakhs	completed within 3
		planted along approach road side	Recurring: Rs. 70.0	years.
		in proposed project area. It is	lakhs	Under CER (EMP for
		proposed to developed 3 - tier	Budgetary provision	Social and Infrastructure
		green belt will be planned within	for Greenbelt	development for
		the plant premises.	development Capital	Environment), Tree
		- <del>-</del>	Cost Rs. 12 Lakhs	plantations in 3 nos. of
			Recurring Cost Rs. 5	nearby villages approx.
			Lakhs.	2.00 ha of Land @ 1500
				trees / ha is also planned.
				Budgetary provision is of
	l .			
				Rs. 30 Lakhs. Timeframe

S.N	Concerns raised during the PH	Physical activity and action plan	Tentative Budget, (Rs Lacs)	Target date for implementation of action plan
	Road side dust to be controlled and made dust free. Traffic system should be improved to avoid accidents.	measures like water sprinkling using road tankers will be deployed to mitigate the dust nuisance.	Total Proposed EMP Cost: Capital: Rs 360 lakhs Recurring: Rs. 70.0 lakhs During Construction Phase For Air regime Capital cost Rs. 80 Lakhs and Recurring Cost Rs. 12 Lakhs included in EMP Cost	Timeframe: Shall be implemented within 2 years after grant of EC.

39.10.12 The capital cost of the project is Rs.11900 Lakhs and the capital cost for environmental protection measures is proposed as Rs. 360 Lakhs. The annual recurring cost towards the environmental protection measures is proposed as Rs 70 Lakhs. The proposed project will provide employment to 360 peoples as direct employment which includes 37 people as administrative staff and 323 people will be production staff whereas indirect employment to 500 persons will also be generated. The details of cost for environmental protection measures are as follows:

Sr.	Description of Item	Cost (Rs in	
No.		La	khs)
		Capital	Recurrin
			g
1.	Pollution Control during Construction Stage (Water sprinklers,	18	10
	etc.)		
2.	Air Pollution Control Measures Bag filters, dust extraction	80	12
	systems, online monitor, etc.		
3.	Water and Wastewater Management (STP, Sedimentation	20	5
	Tank, Oil Traps, etc.) and Rain Water Harvesting Structure		
4.	Solid waste Management	15	4

Sr.	Description of Item	Cost	(Rs in
No.		La	ıkhs)
		Capital	Recurrin
			g
5.	Noise Reduction Systems	10	4
6.	Occupational Health & Safety (Provision of PPE, Medical	25	5
	Examination)		
7.	Greenbelt Development (Plantation and maintenance) &	12	15
	Biological Conservation		
8.	Environmental Monitoring Program (Rs. 15 Lakhs as recur	ring Cos	st)
a.	Air Quality Monitoring	-	9.0
b.	Noise monitoring	-	1.5
c.	Water and waste water monitoring	-	3.0
d.	Soil quality monitoring and Solid and hazardous waste quality	-	1.5
9.	"EMP" for Social and Infrastructure development	180	
	Total	360	70

- 39.10.13 Greenbelt will be developed in 3.12 ha which is about 39.01% of the total project area. A wide greenbelt, consisting of at least 3 tiers around plant boundary will be developed as greenbelt and green cover as per CPCB/MoEF&CC, New Delhi guidelines. Local and native species will be planted with a density of 1500 trees per hectare. Total 4680 nos. of sapling of local native species will be planted. Greenbelt will be maintained with regular sprinkling of water. Taraimal RF is 0.2 km in South direction thus 30 M width greenbelt will be proposed towards periphery of South direction of project site.
- 39.10.14 It has been reported by PP that, there is no violation under EIA Notification, 2006/court case/show cause/direction related to the project under consideration.
- 39.10.15 Name of the EIA consultant: M/s. Anacon Laboratories Pvt. Ltd. Nagpur [S. No. 63 vides accreditation Certificate No: NABET/EIA/1922/RA 0150, valid up to 30/09/2022; Rev. 11, June 09, 2021].

#### **Observations by the Committee**

- 39.10.16 The Committee observed the following:
  - i. The Committee noted that the EIA/EMP report is in compliance of the ToR issued for the project, reflecting the present environmental concerns and the projected scenario for all the environmental components. The Committee has also found that the baseline data and incremental GLC due to the proposed project within NAAQ standards.
  - ii. The Committee also deliberated on the public hearing issues along with action plan submitted by the proponent to address the issues raised during the public hearing and found it satisfactory.

#### **Recommendations of the Committee**

39.10.17 In view of the foregoing and after deliberations the committee recommended the instant proposal for grant of Environment Clearance under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006 subject to the stipulation of specific conditions and general conditions as per the Ministry's

Office Memorandum No. 22-34/2018-III dated 9/8/2018 based on project specific requirements.

#### A. Specific conditions

- i. Particulate Matter emissions from all the stacks shall be less than 30mg/Nm<sup>3</sup>.
- ii. All roads shall be made Pucca and a vacuum cleaner shall be used to clean the roads.
- iii. Rain Water Harvesting shall be carried out as per the action plan submitted in the EIA report.
- iv. 100 % slag generated in the facility shall be utilized.
- v. All stockyards shall be having impervious flooring and shall be equipped with water spray system for dust suppression. Stock yards shall also have garland drains to trap the run off material.
- vi. Submerged Arc Furnace shall be equipped with the fourth hole fume extraction system.
- vii. Green Belt shall be developed in 39 % of total area with tree density of 2500 trees per ha. (or 1000 trees per acre) as committed by the project proponent.
- viii. No Ferro Chrome shall be manufactured without obtaining prior EC from MoEF&CC.
- ix. The Plant shall reuse/recycle the entire wastewater after treatment and no treated wastewater shall be discharged outside the plant premises.
- x. The recommendations of the approved Site-Specific Conservation Plan / Wildlife Management Plan shall be implemented in consultation with the State Forest Department. The implementation report shall be furnished along with the six-monthly compliance report.

#### **B.** General conditions

#### I. Statutory compliance:

i. The Environment Clearance (EC) granted to the project/ activity is strictly under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 and its amendments issued from time to time. It does not tantamount/ construe to approvals/ consent/ permissions etc., required to be obtained or standards/conditions to be followed under any other Acts/Rules/Subordinate legislations, etc., as may be applicable to the project.

#### II. Air quality monitoring and preservation

- i. The project proponent shall install 24x7 continuous emission monitoring system at process stacks to monitor stack emission as well as two Continuous Ambient Air Quality Station (CAAQS) for monitoring AAQ parameters with respect to standards prescribed in Environment (Protection) Rules 1986 as amended from time to time. The CEMS and CAAQMS shall be connected to SPCB and CPCB online servers and calibrate these systems from time to time according to equipment supplier specification through labs recognized under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or NABL accredited laboratories.
- ii. The project proponent shall monitor fugitive emissions in the plant premises at least once in every quarter through laboratories recognized under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or NABL accredited laboratories.
- iii. Appropriate Air Pollution Control (APC) system shall be provided for all the dust generating points including fugitive dust from all vulnerable sources, so as to comply prescribed stack emission and fugitive emission standards.

- iv. The project proponent shall provide leakage detection and mechanized bag cleaning facilities for better maintenance of bags.
- v. The project proponent shall ensure covered transportation and conveying of ore, coal and other raw material to prevent spillage and dust generation.
- vi. The project proponent shall provide primary and secondary fume extraction system at all heat treatment furnaces.
- vii. Wind shelter fence and chemical spraying shall be provided on the raw material stock piles.
- viii. Design the ventilation system for adequate air changes as per prevailing norms for all tunnels, motor houses, Oil Cellars.

#### III. Water quality monitoring and preservation

- i. The project proponent shall monitor regularly ground water quality at least twice a year (pre and post monsoon) at sufficient numbers of piezometers/sampling wells in the plant and adjacent areas through labs recognized under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and NABL accredited laboratories.
- ii. Garland drains and collection pits shall be provided for each stock pile to arrest the run-off in the event of heavy rains and to check the water pollution due to surface run off.
- iii. Sewage Treatment Plant shall be provided for treatment of domestic wastewater to meet the prescribed standards.
- iv. The project proponent shall provide the ETP for effluents of rolling mills to meet the standards prescribed in G.S.R 277 (E) 31st March 2012 (applicable to IF/EAF) as amended from time to time.

#### IV. Noise monitoring and prevention

i. Noise quality shall be monitored as per the prescribed Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000 and report in this regard shall be submitted to Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of six-monthly compliance report.

#### V. Energy Conservation measures

i. Energy conservation measures may be adopted such as adoption of solar energy and provision of LED lights etc., to minimize the energy consumption.

#### VI. Waste management

- i. Used refractories shall be recycled as far as possible.
- ii. Oily scum and metallic sludge recovered from rolling mills ETP shall be mixed, dried, and briquetted and reused melting Furnaces
- iii. Kitchen waste shall be composted or converted to biogas for further use.

#### VII. Green Belt

i. The project proponent shall prepare GHG emissions inventory for the plant and shall submit the programme for reduction of the same and also estimate carbon sequestration by the plantations.

#### VIII. Public hearing and Human health issues

i. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.

- ii. The project proponent shall carry out heat stress analysis for the workmen who work in high temperature work zone and provide Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) as per the norms of Factory Act.
- iii. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis and records maintained.

#### IX. Environment Management

- i. The project proponent shall comply with the provisions contained in this Ministry's OM vide F.No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 30/09/2020.
- ii. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approve by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements / deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.
- iii. A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will directly to the head of the organization.

#### X. Miscellaneous

- i. The project proponent shall make public the environmental clearance granted for their project along with the environmental conditions and safeguards at their cost by prominently advertising it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days and in addition this shall also be displayed in the project proponent's website permanently.
- ii. The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
- iii. The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
- iv. The project proponent shall monitor the criteria pollutants level namely; PM<sub>10</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NOx (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sectoral parameters, indicated for the projects and display the same at a convenient location for disclosure to the public and put on the website of the company.
- v. The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal.
- vi. The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
- vii. The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the

- project.
- viii. The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitment made during Public Hearing and also that during their presentation to the Expert Appraisal Committee.
  - ix. No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC).
  - x. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
  - xi. The Ministry may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
- xii. The Ministry reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.
- xiii. The Regional Office of this Ministry shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data / information/monitoring reports.
- xiv. Any appeal against this EC shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.
- 39.11 Expansion of Sponge Iron Production from 60,000 TPA to 1,20,000 TPA Along with Captive Power Plant of 15 MW, M S Billets Production of (1,35,000 TPA) by Installing 3 x 15 Ton Induction Furnace, and Re-Rolling Mill (60,000 TPA) by M/s. Satyam Iron & Steel Co. Private Limited at Plot No G-7, B-7/11 & G-7/A, Mangalpur Industrial Estate,PO & PS Raniganj, Distt. -Paschim Bardhaman, West Bengal [Online Proposal No. IA/WB/IND/210103/2018; File No. J- 11011/253/2020-IA.II(I)] Environment Clearance regarding.
- 39.11.1 M/s. Satyam Iron & Steel Company Private Limited has made an online application vide proposal no. IA/WB/IND/210103/2018 dated 22/06/2021 along with copy of EIA/EMP report and Form-2 seeking Environment Clearance (EC) under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006. The proposed project activity is listed at schedule no. 3(a) Metallurgical industries (ferrous & non-ferrous) under Category "A" of the schedule of the EIA Notification, 2006 and appraised at Central Level.

#### **Details submitted by Project proponent**

39.11.2 The details of the ToR are furnished as below:

Date	of	Consideration	Details	Date of accord
application				
06/10/2020		Standard ToR has been	Terms of Reference	26/10/2020
		granted vide File No. J-		
		11011/253/2020-IA.II(I)		

39.11.3 The project of M/s. Satyam Iron & Steel Co. Private Limited is located at Plot No G-7, B-7/11 & G-7/A, Mangalpur Industrial Estate, PO & PS –Raniganj, Distt. -Paschim Bardhaman, West Bengal is for Expansion of Sponge Iron Production from 60,000 TPA to 1,20,000 TPA Along with Captive Power Plant of 15 MW, M S Billets Production of (1,35,000 TPA) by Installing 3 x 15 Ton Induction Furnace, and Re-Rolling Mill (60,000 TPA).

39.11.4 Environmental Site Settings:

4 Enviro								
SNo	<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Details</b>						
1	Total Land	_	– 5.84 ha					
		Expansion – 2.46 ha						
		Total Land – 8.30 ha						
		Project Site falls within Mangalpur Industrial						
		Estate						
2	Land acquisition details as per			under the possess				
	MoEF&CC O.M dated 7/10/2014	M/s Saty	am Iron & Stee	l Co. Private Limi	ted			
3	Existence of habitation &	Nil						
	involvement of R&R, if any.	- 1						
4	Latitude and Longitude of the	L	atitude	Longitude				
	project site		23°36'42.43"N	87° 8'35.34"E				
			23°36'40.58"N	87° 8'37.48"E				
			23°36'44.77"N	87° 8'41.56"E				
			23°36'38.75"N	87° 8'47.52"E				
			23°36'34.79"N	87° 8'43.19"E				
		-	23°36'37.21"N	87° 8'39.71"E				
			23°36'35.92"N	87° 8'36.57"E				
		-	23°36'30.60"N	87° 8'36.54"E				
		-	23°36'30.97"N	87° 8'42.37"E				
			23°36'29.42"N	87° 8'41.69"E				
			23°36'29.12"N	87° 8'37.96"E				
			23°36'28.33"N	87° 8'37.45"E				
		<b>—</b>						
			23°36'28.92"N	87° 8'35.57"E				
5	Elevation of the project site		er above MSL					
0	Involvement of Forest land if	Nil						
7	Water body exists within the	Drainat 6	Sito Nil					
/	project site as well as study area	Study A	Site – Nil					
	project site as well as study area		r River – 4.0 km	SW				
			1  KeVer = 4.0  km $1  ke = 6.0  km = 8$					
8	Existence of ESZ /	Nil	0.0 KIII – D	, , , ,				
	ESA/national park /wildlife		ghati PF: 5.5 kr	n/ SSW				
	sanctuary /biosphere reserve	Sungajui	5.5.00 1 1 . 5.5 KI					
	/tiger reserve /elephant reserve							
	etc. if any within the study area							
	i i postili (a 100 mps) (		2.2					

39.11.5 The existing DRI kiln (2x100 TPD) for production of Sponge Iron was established based on the NOC accorded by West Bengal Pollution Control Board (WBPCB) on 7/8/2001 and 24/4/2003. In view of this, EC has not been obtained under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006. Consent to Operate renewal was issued by WBPCB on 22/04/2019. The validity of CTO is up to 30/04/2024.

39.11.6 Implementation status of the existing facility:

 	promonomical states of the emissing rating.							
S	Facilities	Units	As per CTO dated:-	Implementation	Production as			

No			22.04.2019	Status as on date	per CTO
1	2 x 100 TPD	DRI unit	Yes	Implemented	60,000 TPA
	Kiln			_	

39.11.7 The unit configuration and capacity of existing and proposed project is given as below:

Sponge Iron Production	ی	1 7 9	
	Existing	Expansion	Total Capacity
No of Rotary Kiln	02 No's	01 No's	
Capacity of Rotary Kiln	100 TPD	200 TPD	
Production capacity per day	200 Ton	200 Ton	1,20,000 TPA
No. of days operation per day	300	300	
Installed Capacity Per Annum	60,000 TPA	60,000 TPA	
<b>Billets Production</b>			
No of Induction Furnace		3 No.	
Melting Capacity of Induction Furnace		15 Ton Each	
No of Heat per Day	Nil	10	1,35,000 TPA
Production capacity per day		450 Ton	
No. of days operation per day		300	
Installed Capacity Per Annum		1,35,000 TPA	
Rolling Mill			
No of Re-heating Furnace		01 No	
Production capacity per day		200 Ton	
No. of days operation per day	Nil	300 Days	60,000 TPA
Installed Capacity Per Annum		60,000 TPA	
Captive Power Plant			
Power Plant		2 x 10 TPH-4MW	
➤ WHRB Boiler (03 No's)	Nil	1 x 22 TPH-4MW	15 MW
➤ AFBC Boiler (01 No's)		1 x 30 TPH-7MW	

39.11.8 The details of the raw material requirement for the proposed project along with its source and mode of transportation is given as below:

Raw Material Details for Sponge Iron (1,20,000 TPA)

S	Name	Quantity	Source	Transportation	Distance w.r.t
No		(TPA)			Project Site
1	Iron ore	1,80,000	Captive mines, purchase	Through Rail	Between 300 to
	lumps		from NMDC/ OMDC/	/Road	350 KMs
			other mines		
2	Coal	132,000	Purchase from CIL,	Through sea	Between 20 -
			Imported from SA	route/ rail route/	250 KMs.
				by road	
3	Dolomite	3,600	Local purchase	Road through	Between 20 -
				covered trucks	40 KMs
	Total	3,15,600			

Raw Material for Billets (1,35,000 TPA)

		( ) )	, ,		
S	Name	Quantity	Source	Transportation	Distance w.r.t
No		(TPA)			Plant

1	Sponge	1,20,000	In house	Internal Movement	Captive
	Iron				Consumption
2	Pig Iron	18,000	Local	Road through covered	Between 20
			Purchase	trucks	-40 KMs
3	Scrap	30,000	Local	Road through covered	Between 20
			Purchase	trucks	-40 KMs
	Total	1,68,000			

Raw Material for Rolling Mill (60,000 TPA)

Raw Material requirement	Quantity (TPA)	Source	Transportation	Distance w.r.t Plant
Billet	64,920 TPA	In-house	Internal	Captive
			Movement	Consumption
CBM Gas	24,00,000	Local	Through Pipelines	Between 02 – 03
(SM <sup>3</sup> /Annum)		Purchase	_	KMs

**Material Balance for Power Plant (AFBC Boiler – 30 Ton)** 

SNo	Input	Quantity	Output	Quantity
1	Coal Imported	10,500	Power	7 MW
2	Dolochar (In-house)	36,000	Ash	22,600 TPA
			Gases	23,900 TPA
	Total	46,500	Total	46,500

- 39.11.9 Total Water requirement will be 574 KLD and will be sourced from Asansol Durgapur Development Authority. Permission for the withdrawal of 300 KLD has been obtained vide Letter No-ADDA/DGP/ED/CN-65/03-04/924 dated 27/09/2004. For the remaining quantity of 274 KLD, PP applied for additional water supply to Asansol Durgapur Development Authority and the same is under process.
- 39.11.10 Existing power requirement is 0.60 MW and additionally 20.5 MW power will be required for the expansion project and 15 MW will be sourced from CPP and remaining will be from government supply. 2 x 500 KVA DG set will be installed to meet the power requirement during load shedding/emergency.

#### 39.11.11 Baseline Environmental Studies:

Period	Winter Season: 17/12/2019 to 16/03/2020 and Additional one		
	month Study: 01/10/2020 to 31/10/2020		
AAQ parameters at	$PM_{2.5} = 38.8 \text{ to } 49  \mu\text{g/m}^3$		
08 locations	$PM_{10} = 64.7 \text{ to } 86.0  \mu\text{g/m}^3$		
	$SO_2 = 6.5 \text{ to } 12.9  \mu\text{g/m}^3$		
	$NO_2 = 15.4 \text{ to } 30.0  \mu\text{g/m}^3$		
AAQ modelling	Incremental GLCs due to the expansion proposal:		
	$PM_{10} = 3.6 \mu g/m^3$		
	$SO_2 = 4.7 \mu g/m^3$		
	$NO_x = 3.2 \mu g/m^3$		
	$PM_{2.5} = 1.2 \mu g/m^3$		
Ground water quality	pH: 6.48 to 7.25, Total Hardness:240 to 300 mg/l, Chlorides: 125		

at 08 locations	to 145 mg/l, Fluoride:0.26 to 0.82 mg/l. Heavy metals are within
	the limits.
Surface water quality	pH: 7.19 to 7.89, DO: 3.1 to 6.6 mg/l, BOD: 3 to 7 mg/l and COD
at 7 locations	from 27 to 55 mg/l
Noise levels	49.30 to 73.0 dBA for the day time and 42.0 To 68.9 dBA For the
	Night time.
Traffic assessment	Existing Level of Service is A (Excellent) with 0.29 V/C ratio.
Study findings	Incremental Load due to proposed project will be 17 vehicles/
	hour. Level of Service after expansion will be remain B with 0.20
	V/C ratio.
Flora and fauna	No schedule I species present in study area.

# 39.11.12 The details of solid and hazardous waste generation along with its mode of treatment/disposal is furnished as below:

SNo	Name	Quantity,	Utilization
1	DRI Char	36,000	100% In power generation
2	Ash/Dust from DRI	15,000	In civil construction purpose and will be given to Brick manufacturers.
3	Kiln Accretion Slag	600	Will be utilized in road construction
4	SMS slag	24,000	Slag from SMS will be crushed and iron will be recovered & remaining non-magnetic material will be inert nature and will be used as sub base material in road construction/ used for brick manufacturing/ civil construction works like PCC and wall construction.
5	Mill scales from Rolling Mill	15,00	Will be given to Ferro alloy manufacturing units and used in IF.
6	End Cutting 3,420		Will be recycled to SMS unit
7	Ash from CPP	22,600	Ash will be collected in dry form and stored in silos. From silos it will be given to cement plants / brick manufacturers. MOU has been done.

## Hazardous waste generation, storage & disposal

**Waste Oil: 1.0 KL/ Annum:** This will be stored in covered HDPE drums in a designated area and will be given to WBPCB approved vendors.

#### 39.11.13 Public Consultation:

Details of advertisement given	04/12/2020		
Date of public consultation	05/01/2021		
Venue	Muralidhar Bhawan, Raniganj, WB		
Presiding Officer	Mr. Apratim Ghosh, Additional District Magistrate,		
	Paschim Bardhaman.		
Major issues raised	The issues raised during Public Hearing are:		
	Water Pollution problems		
	Employment generation		
	Medical and education facilities		

# Road Development

Action plan as per MoEF&CC O.M. dated 30/9/2020

S	S   Concerns raised   Physical activity &   Budget   Target for implementation of					
N			Budget	action plan		
	during public	action plan	INR (Lakh)			
0	hearing	D '1 d M !' 1	1551 11	1 <sup>st</sup> year	2 <sup>nd</sup> year	
1	_	Provide the Medical			5.5 Lakhs In	
	Infrastructure in	1 1	20 Bed - 4 Lakhs		Raniganj	
	Area	Government Hospital /	~	-	Health	
			3 Lakh	Health Centre	Centre	
		Raniganj, Ballavpur and Baktarnagar (Beds,				
		Oxygen Cylinder,				
		Oxygen Concentrator,				
		AC, Air Purifer)	2 Lakh			
		AC, All I ullici)	Sanitizer and			
			Mask – 1.5 lakh			
2	Repair of roads	2000 m road will be		The work will be		
	_	strengthened. This will		completed in		
		be done in consultation		first year		
	Brindabanpur	with the village		<b>y</b>		
		panchayat				
3	Providing		10.5 Lakhs	Training of 12	Training of	
	employment to	employable youths will		persons will be	_	
	local people		Stipend – 3.0	completed in 1st	will be	
		consultation with gram	Lakh	year	completed in	
		panchayat of village	(1000/- stipend		2 <sup>nd</sup> year	
		Mangalpur (25 Nos).	to 25 persons for			
		They will be trained in	1 year)			
		Raniganj ITI for trades				
			ITI Fee – 7.5			
		fitters, welders,				
		•	(30000/- yearly			
		construction work, etc.				
		Fees will be paid by PP.	_			
		After successful				
		completion of training,				
		the youths will be				
		offered employment in				
4	In factor of the	company	10 L alaba	DD will a amendata	DD:11	
4	Infrastructure	PP will make pucca		PP will complete		
	local Primary	kitchen with fume exhaust in 3 local			complete work in	
	Schools	schools providing mid-			Baktar Nagar	
	Sellools	day meals to students,		Brindabanpur	school in 2 <sup>nd</sup>	
			12 Computer –	schools	year	
		computers and colour	•	50110015	<i>J</i> 241	
		printers to the 3 schools				
		Mangalpur village	- 1.5 Lakhs			
		Baktarnagar village				
		ChakBrindabanpur				
		village				
					i i	

S	Concerns raised	Physical activity &	Budget	Target for implementation o action plan	
N	during public	action plan	INR (Lakh)		
0	hearing			1 <sup>st</sup> year	2 <sup>nd</sup> year
5	Development of	Make recharge shaft	Rs. 7.5 Lakhs	PP will complete	PP will
	rain water	type RWH structures in		the work in 2	complete the
	harvesting	3 villages		villages in first	work in
	structures	Mangalpur village		year	Baktarnagar
		Baktarnagar village			in 2 <sup>nd</sup> year
		ChakBrindabanpur			•
		village			

39.11.14 The capital cost of the project is Rs 171Cr and the capital cost for environmental protection measures is proposed as Rs 794.5Lakh. The annual recurring cost towards the environmental protection measures is proposed as Rs 177.5 Lakh. The total employment generation from the proposed project is 300 after expansion:

S. No	Activity	Capital Cost (Lakh)	Recurring expenses proposed/ annum (Lakh )
1	Pollution control during construction phase	10	
2	Air Emission Management (ESPs, Fume/Dust extraction systems with Bag filters, Chimneys, and Industrial Vacuum cleaner)	450	50
3	Green Belt development	7.50	7.50
4	Water Pollution Control Measures (STP,ETP, Garland Drains around stock pile with runoff treatment system,, separate storm water drains along plant boundary with sedimentation tanks, etc)	65	10
5	Occupational Health (OHC with doctor and paramedical staff, medicines, first aid, ambulance with basic equipment,)	24	15
6	Post Project Environmental Monitoring (CEMS (2 stacks), CAAQMS (1 inside plant), Manual Monitoring stations (3 outside plant), water and wastewater, Noise Meter	60	16
7	Raw materials storage yard (scientific make), Solid wastes storage facilities, utilization and disposal	8	4
8	Noise Mitigation measures.	5	1
9	Plant Safety and Risk mitigation measures	40	8
10	Rainwater Harvesting structures	15	4
11	Energy conservation Measures (Solar lights, water heating systems, LED lights, etc)	10	2
12	Development of EMD and Laboratory for routine environmental monitoring	120	60

S.	Activity	Capital	Recurring
No		Cost	expenses
		(Lakh)	proposed/
			annum (Lakh )
	Total	814.5	177.5

- 39.11.15 Total 2.74ha (existing + expansion) area is earmarked for green belt development along the plant boundary. 1,500 trees have been planted. Remaining 5,350 trees will be planted in 2021-2022.
- 39.11.16 It has been reported by PP that, there is no violation under EIA Notification, 2006/court case/show cause/direction related to the project under consideration.
- 39.11.17 Name of the EIA consultant: Grass Roots Research & Creation India (P) Ltd. [S No 162, List of ACOs with their Certificate no. QCI/NABET/EIA/ACO/21/1728 valid up to 09/08/2021 Rev. 11, June 09, 2021].

#### Certified compliance report from Regional Office

- 39.11.18 The Status of compliance of earlier EC was obtained from West Bengal Pollution Control Board (WBPCB) vide letter no. 265/WPBA/Red(BMW)/Cont(339)/2002 Part-II dated 07/04/2021. As per the WBPCB report, the existing CTO conditions are being complied by project proponent.
- 39.11.19 It was apprised to the EAC that Ministry was in public representation on 36/06/2021 alleging that the proponent has commenced the expansion project activity without obtaining the environment clearance.
- 39.11.20 During the course of meeting, PP has submitted written submissions on the following points:
  - i. Revised EMP cost as mentioned at para no. 39.11.4
  - ii. Revised plant layout by providing an additional entry/exit for raw material movement also shifted the parking towards south end.
  - iii. Revised material balance for the coal based power plant and committed to use the Indian coal for the CPP.
  - iv. Undertaking on affidavit has been submitted by the proponent stating that no construction activity has been commenced at the project site.

#### **Observations of the Committee**

- 39.11.21 The Committee observed the following:
  - i. The EAC found that the EIA/EMP report is in order reflecting the present environmental concerns and the projected scenario for all the environmental components arising out of the proposed project with respective mitigation measures. The EAC also noted that the baseline data reported and incremental GLC due to the proposed project were within NAAQ standards.
  - ii. The EAC also deliberated on the public hearing issues as well as action plan to address the issues raised during public hearing and found it satisfactory.
  - iii. The EAC noted that the written submissions made by the project proponent during the course of meeting are addressing the concerns of the Committee and acceded to the

same.

#### **Recommendations of the Committee**

39.11.22 In view of the foregoing and after detailed deliberations, the committee recommended the instant proposal for grant of Environment Clearance under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006 subject to the stipulation of specific conditions and general conditions as per the Ministry's Office Memorandum No. 22-34/2018-III dated 9/8/2018 based on project specific requirements.

#### A. Specific conditions

- i. Project proponent shall commence the activity at the site only after obtaining prior water withdrawal permission for additional 274 KLD water from Asansol Durgapur Development Authority. Ground water withdrawal is not permitted.
- ii. Green belt shall be developed in 33% percentage of the total area with a tree density of 2500 trees per hectare. This shall also include a 20 m wide green belt development along the plant boundary in the south towards the Mangalpur village located at 700 m away from plant boundary.
- iii. Particulate matter emission from all the stacks shall be less than 30 mg/Nm<sup>3</sup>.
- iv. Parking area for trucks/dumpers shall be provided within the unit.
- v. Indian coal shall be used in the Captive Power Plant as committed by project proponent.
- vi. Rain water harvesting shall be carried out as per the action submitted in the EIA report.
- vii. 100 % solid waste generated in the facility shall be utilized as committed by the project proponent. Storage of solid waste will not be allowed for more than 90 days.

#### **B.** General conditions

#### I. Statutory compliance:

i. The Environment Clearance (EC) granted to the project/ activity is strictly under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 and its amendments issued from time to time. It does not tantamount/ construe to approvals/ consent/ permissions etc., required to be obtained or standards/conditions to be followed under any other Acts/Rules/Subordinate legislations, etc., as may be applicable to the project.

#### II. Air quality monitoring and preservation

- i. The project proponent shall install 24x7 continuous emission monitoring system at process stacks to monitor stack emission as well as two Continuous Ambient Air Quality Station (CAAQS) for monitoring AAQ parameters with respect to standards prescribed in Environment (Protection) Rules 1986 as amended from time to time. The CEMS and CAAQMS shall be connected to SPCB and CPCB online servers and calibrate these systems from time to time according to equipment supplier specification through labs recognized under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or NABL accredited laboratories.
- ii. The project proponent shall monitor fugitive emissions in the plant premises at least once in every quarter through laboratories recognized under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or NABL accredited laboratories.
- iii. Appropriate Air Pollution Control (APC) system shall be provided for all the dust generating points including fugitive dust from all vulnerable sources, so as to comply prescribed stack emission and fugitive emission standards.

- iv. The project proponent shall provide leakage detection and mechanized bag cleaning facilities for better maintenance of bags.
- v. Recycle and reuse iron ore fines, coal and coke fines, lime fines and such other fines collected in the pollution control devices and vacuum cleaning devices in the process after briquetting/ agglomeration.
- vi. The project proponent shall ensure covered transportation and conveying of ore, coal and other raw material to prevent spillage and dust generation.
- vii. Plant internal roads shall be concreted and a vacuum cleaner shall be used to regularly clean the roads.
- viii. The project proponent shall provide primary and secondary fume extraction system at all melting furnaces.
- ix. Design the ventilation system for adequate air changes as per prevailing norms for all tunnels, motor houses, Oil Cellars.

#### III. Water quality monitoring and preservation

- i. The project proponent shall install 24x7 continuous effluent monitoring system with respect to standards prescribed in Environment (Protection) Rules 1986 (G.S.R 414 (E) dated 30th May 2008; G.S.R 277 (E) dated 31st March 2012 (applicable to IF/EAF); S.O. 3305 (E) dated 7th December 2015 (Thermal Power Plants) as amended from time to time and connected to SPCB and CPCB online servers and calibrate these system from time to time according to equipment supplier specification through labs recognised under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or NABL accredited laboratories.
- ii. The project proponent shall monitor regularly ground water quality at least twice a year (pre- and post-monsoon) at sufficient numbers of piezometers/sampling wells in the plant and adjacent areas through labs recognised under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and NABL accredited laboratories.
- iii. Sewage Treatment Plant shall be provided for treatment of domestic wastewater to meet the prescribed standards.
- iv. Garland drains and collection pits shall be provided for each stock pile to arrest the runoff in the event of heavy rains and to check the water pollution due to surface run off.

#### IV. Noise monitoring and prevention

i. Noise quality shall be monitored as per the prescribed Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000 and report in this regard shall be submitted to Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of six-monthly compliance report.

#### V. Energy Conservation measures

i. Energy conservation measures may be adopted such as adoption of solar energy and provision of LED lights etc., to minimize the energy consumption.

#### VI. Waste management

- i. Used refractories shall be recycled as far as possible.
- ii. Oily scum and metallic sludge recovered from rolling mills ETP shall be mixed, dried, and briquetted and reused in melting Furnaces.
- iii. Kitchen waste shall be composted or converted to biogas for further use.

#### VII. Green Belt

i. The project proponent shall prepare GHG emissions inventory for the plant and shall submit the programme for reduction of the same including carbon sequestration including plantation.

#### VIII. Public hearing and Human health issues

- i. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.
- ii. The project proponent shall carry out heat stress analysis for the workmen who work in high temperature work zone and provide Personal Protection Equipment (PPE).
- iii. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis and records maintained.

#### IX. Environment Management

- i. The project proponent shall comply with the provisions contained in this Ministry's OM vide F.No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 30/09/2020.
- ii. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approve by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements / deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.
- iii. A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will directly to the head of the organization.

#### X. Miscellaneous

- i. The project proponent shall make public the environmental clearance granted for their project along with the environmental conditions and safeguards at their cost by prominently advertising it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days and in addition this shall also be displayed in the project proponent's website permanently.
- ii. The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
- iii. The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
- iv. The project proponent shall monitor the criteria pollutants level namely; PM<sub>10</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NOx (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sectoral parameters, indicated for the projects and display the same at a convenient location for disclosure to the public and put on the website of the company.

- v. The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal.
- vi. The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
- vii. The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
- viii. The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitment made during Public Hearing and also that during their presentation to the Expert Appraisal Committee.
  - ix. No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC).
  - x. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
  - xi. The Ministry may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
- xii. The Ministry reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.
- xiii. The Regional Office of this Ministry shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data / information/monitoring reports.
- xiv. Any appeal against this EC shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.
- 39.12 Expansion of Iron Ore Pelletisation Plant (0.6 MTPA to 1.8 MTPA), Iron Ore Beneficiation Plant (3.0 MTPA), DRI Plant (0.6 MTPA), Pig Iron BF (0.6 MTPA), Sinter Plant (0.8 MTPA), SMS (1.2 MTPA), Rolling Mills (1.2 MTPA) & Captive Power Plant (125 MW) by M/s. Ardent Steel Limited at Village- Phuljhar, Block- Bansapal, Tehsil- Telkoi, District-Keonjhar, Odisha [Online proposal No. IA/OR/IND/18852/2013; MoEF&CC File No. J-11011/112/2013-IA-II(I)] Environment Clearance regarding
- 39.12.1 M/s. Ardent Steel Limited has made an online application vide proposal no. IA/OR/IND/18852/2013 dated 22/06/2021 along with copy of EIA/EMP report and Form-2 seeking Environment Clearance (EC) under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006. The proposed project activity is listed at schedule no. 3(a) Metallurgical industries (ferrous & non-ferrous) under Category "A" of the schedule of the EIA Notification, 2006 due to which it will be appraised at Central Level.
- 39.12.2 The Committee noted that as per the pre-feasibility submitted by the project proponent at the time of grant of ToR, the total land requirement for the project was 180.473 ha including forest land of 21.246 ha. Further, stated that application for Forest Clearance is yet to be submitted. The said proposal was considered by the EAC and ToR was accorded on

27/06/2018. As per the specific ToR no v, PP has submitted a letter dated 31/12/2020 of Divisional Forest Officer which stated that plot no 1817, 1815, 1757, 1795, 1798, 1770, 1567, 1571 & 1540 all in khata no. 153 in phuljhar village under Banspal tehsil are lying within the proposed expansion site. Hence, forest clearance would be required if the said nine plots are to be utilized for expansion of the plant. However, PP claimed that they have excluded the nine plots stated in the DFO letter and revised area for the expansion would be 174.832 ha. Further, PP stated that application for Forest Clearance has not been submitted.

#### **Observations of the Committee**

39.12.3 The Committee noted that as per the layout submitted by the proponent, the plot no 1817, 1815, 1757, 1795, 1798, 1770, 1567, 1571 & 1540 all in khata no. 153 in phuljhar village are located in patches within the expansion project site and exclusion of the said plots are not practically feasible as these plots are land locked in all four sides due to the proposed expansion project.

#### **Recommendations of the Committee**

- 39.12.4 In view of the foregoing and after detailed deliberations, the Committee recommended the proposal to be returned in its present form as application for stage 1 FC has not been made by the proponent and the EIA proposal is not in compliance with the prescribed ToRs.
- 39.13 Greenfield Project of Iron Ore Pelletization Plant (9, 00,000 TPA), Sponge Iron (2, 31,000 TPA), MS Billets (2, 04,000 MTPA), Rolling Mill (1, 98,000 TPA) with Captive Power Plant (24 MW) by M/s. Saar Steel & Power Private Limited located at Village- Kunkuni (Near ROB Railway Station), Tehsil- Kharsia, District-Raigarh, Chattisgarh [Online Proposal No. IA/CG/IND/215867/2021; File No. IA-J- 11011/257/2021-IA-II(I)] Prescribing for Terms of Reference—regarding.
- 39.13.1 M/s. Saar Steel & Power Private Limited has made an application online vide proposal no. IA/CG/IND/215867/2021 dated 19/06/2021 along with the application in prescribed format (Form-I), copy of pre-feasibility report and proposed ToRs for undertaking detailed EIA study as per the EIA Notification, 2006 for the project mentioned above. The proposed project activity is listed at S. No. 3 (a), Metallurgical industries (ferrous & Non-ferrous) & 1(d) Thermal Power Plants under Category "A" of the schedule of the EIA Notification, 2006 and being appraised at Central Level.

# **Details submitted by Project proponent**

39.13.2 The project of M/s. Saar Steel & Power Private Limited located at Village- Kunkuni (Near ROB Railway Station), Tehsil- Kharsia, District- Raigarh, Chattisgarh is for Greenfield Project of Iron Ore Pelletization Plant (9, 00,000 TPA), Sponge Iron (2, 31,000 TPA), MS Billets (2, 04,000 MTPA), Rolling Mill (1, 98,000 TPA) with Captive Power Plant (24 MW).

39.13.3 Environmental site settings:

SNo	Particulars	Details	Remarks		
1	Total land	Total Land –20.28 ha (including 0.05 ha	Land use is		
		of railway line)	agricultural		
		➤ 14.119 ha has been allotted by	and will be		
		Chhattisgarh State Industrial	converted for		
		_	industrial		

SNo	Particulars	Details	Remarks
2	Existence of habitation	<ul> <li>Development Corporation Ltd for industrial purpose.</li> <li>➤ 3.135 ha land is government land for which company have signed MoU with the government for the same.</li> <li>➤ 3.026 ha land is private land and will be diverted for industrial purpose.</li> <li>No R &amp; R involved in the project</li> </ul>	purpose.
	& involvement of R&R, if any.		
3	Latitude and Longitude of the project site	Latitude - 21°59'17.02"N Longitude - 83°10'31.69"E	
4	Elevation of the project site	AMSL – 233 m	
5	Involvement of Forest land if any.	No Forest land involved	
6	Water body exists within the project site as well as study area	Project site: Nil  Study Area:- Mand River- 2.8 km, NE Kurket River – 8.5 km, NE Rabo Dam – 12 km, North Kansa Dam-15.42 km, SW Reservoir – 2 km, SW DanturNala –adjacent to project site	
7	Existence of ESZ/ESA/ national park/ wildlife sanctuary/ biosphere reserve/ tiger Reserve / elephant reserve etc. if any within the study area	Nil Study Area: Rabo RF: Approx. 5.5 km, N Lotan RF: Approx. 11 km, NE Endu RF: Approx. 8.5 km, NNW Bargarh RF: Approx. 4.5 km, NW Dumapahari RF: Approx. 14.5 km, NNE Suhai RF: Approx. 13.3 km, NE Burha Pahar RF: Approx. 1.5 km WSW Basnajhar RF: Approx. 3.5 km, West Urdana RF: Approx. 14.5 km, East Rabo RF: Approx. 5.5 km, N	

39.13.4 The unit configuration and capacity of proposed project is given as below:

SNo	Facility	Configuration	<b>Total Capacity</b>
	Iron Ore Pellet Plant	2,727 TPD x	9,00,000 TPA
1		330 Days	
	<b>Sponge Iron Production</b>		

SNo	Facility	Configuration	<b>Total Capacity</b>						
	No of Rotary Kiln	02 No's	2,31,000 TPA						
	Capacity of Rotary Kiln	350 TPD							
2	Production capacity per day	700 Ton							
	No. of days operation per day	330							
	<b>Billets Production</b>								
	No of Induction Furnace	3 No.	2,04,000 TPA						
	Melting Capacity of IF	20 Ton Each							
	No of Heat per Day	10							
3	Production capacity per day	618 Ton							
	No. of days operation per day	330							
4	Rolling Mill								
	Production capacity per day	600 TPD	1,98,000 TPA						
	No. of days operation per day	330							
	Captive Power Plant								
5	WHRB Boiler (2 x 36 TPH)	16 MW	24 MW						
	CFBC Boiler (35 TPH)	8 MW							

39.13.5 The details of the raw material requirement for the proposed project along with its source and mode of transportation is given as below:

S No	Raw	Material	Quantity	Sources	Distance	Mode of	
			(TPA)		w.r.t Site	Transport	
1	For Iron Ore Pellet Plant - 9,00,000 TPA						
a	Iron Oro	e	11,48,400	In-house		Through covered	
	Concen	trate		Production		conveyers	
b	Bentoni	te	9,900	From local	600 km	By rail & road	
				traders, Bhuj,		(through covered	
				Gujarat		trucks)	
С	Lime	Stone/	4,950	Local Market	100 -600	By rail & road	
	Dolomi	te		/Sundergarh,	km	(through covered	
				Odisha		trucks)	
d	Anthrac	ite Coal	23400	IOCL,	700 km By rail & road		
				Paradeep		(through covered	
				_		trucks)	
e	Coal for Producer		29160	Local Mines	200-300	By rail & road	
	Gas				km		
2	For DRI Kilns (Sponge Iron) – 2,31,000 TPA						
a	Pellets (	(100%)	3,46,500	In-house		Through covered	
				Production		conveyers	
OR							
b	Iron Ore Fines		3,88,000	Barbil, Orissa	600 km	By rail & road	
				NMDC,		(through covered	
				Chhattisgarh		trucks)	
С	Coal	Indian	3,00,950	SECL	500 km	By rail & road	
				Chhattisgarh/		(through covered	
				MCL Odisha		trucks)	

S No	No Raw Material		Quantity	Sources	Distance	Mode of
			(TPA)		w.r.t Site	Transport
	Im	ported	1,94,460	Indonesia /	600 km	Through sea route,
				South Africa	(Vizag/	rail route & by
				/ Australia	Paradeep	road (through
					Port)	covered trucks)
d	Dolomite		11,575	Chhattisgarh	100 km	By road (through
						covered trucks)
3	<b>MS Billets</b>	(2,04,00	00 TPA)			
	Sponge Iro	n	2,06,040 In-house			Through covered
A						conveyers
В	Pig Iron/M	S Scrap	30,906	Chhattisgarh	100 km	By road (through
						covered trucks)
C	Ferro Alloy	7	10,302	Local	50-100 km	By road (through
						covered trucks)
4	Rolling Mi	ill (1,98,	000 TPA)			
a	Hot Billets	/	2,09,365	In-house and		
	Billets / Ingots			Local Market		
5	For AFBC Boiler		Power Generation 8 MW]			
a			50,400	SECL	500 km	By rail & road
				Chhattisgarh/		(through covered
				MCL Odisha		trucks)
OR						
b	Imported C	oal	33,600	Indonesia /	600 Kms.	Through sea route,
				South Africa	(from	rail route & by road
				/ Australia	Vizag/Para	(through covered
					deep Port)	trucks)
OR						
c	Dolochar	Doloc	41,580	In-house		through covered
	+ Indian	har				conveyors
	Coal	Indian	29,610	SECL	500 km	By rail & road
		Coal		Chhattisgarh/		(through covered
				MCL Odisha		trucks)
OR						
d	Dolochar	Doloc	41,580	In-house		through covered
	+	har				conveyors
	Imported	Impo	12,810	Indonesia /	600 Kms.	Through sea route,
	Coal	rted		South Africa	(from Vizag	rail route & by road
		Coal		/ Australia	/ Paradeep	(through covered
					Port)	trucks)
		1	<u> </u>	1	~/	

- 39.13.6 The water requirement for the project is estimated as 1,776.5KL/day. Source of the water will be ground water and permission will be obtained from the Competent Authority.
- 39.13.7 Power Requirement for the project is estimated that about 38 MW out of which 24 MW will be sourced from CPP and remaining will be sourced from Chhattisgarh State Electricity Board (CSEB).

39.13.8 The capital cost of the project is Rs.385 Crores and the capital cost for environmental protection measures is proposed as Rs.5.5 Crores. The employment generation from the proposed project is Admin Staff – 25, unskilled staff-95 and Production Staff – 180.

39.13.9 Proposed Terms of Reference (Baseline data Collection period: **December-2020 to February-2021**):

Attributes		Sampling		Remarks
A. Air		No of Stations	Frequency	
a. Meteorological parameters	Rainfall, Temperature, Relative humidity, wind speed	Project Site	Daily.	
b. AAQ Parameters	PM <sub>2.5</sub> , PM <sub>10</sub> , SO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub> & CO	08	Twice in a week	
B. Noise	Leq, dB(A)-Day Leq, dB(A)-Night	08	Once in study a period	
C. Water				
a. Surface water	Total Parameters -32	08	Once in a month	
b. Ground water quality parameters	Total Parameters -32	08	Once in a month	
D. Land				
a. Soil Quality	Total Parameters -20	04	Once in a Study Period	
b. Land Use	10 KM Buffer Area			
E. Biological a. Aquatic b. Terrestrial	10 KM Buffer Area	NA	Once in a Study Period	
F. Socio-economic parameters	10 KM buffer Area	NA	Once in a Study Period	

- 39.13.10It has been reported by PP that, there is no violation under EIA Notification, 2006/court case/show cause/direction related to the project under consideration.
- 39.13.11 Name of the EIA Consultant: M/s. Grass Roots Research and Creation India (P) Ltd [S. No. 162, Certificate No. QCI/NABET/EIA/ACO/21/1728, Valid Up to 09/08/2021; Rev. 11, June 09, 2021].

#### **Observations of the Committee**

- 39.13.12The EAC noted the following:
  - i. Land area available is 20.28 ha.
  - ii. 1776.5 KLD water shall be drawn from Ground water
  - iii. In North there is a railway line adjacent to boundary and on South is Kharsia road.
  - iv. Roberson Railway station is 0.5 km North East.
  - v. Mand River flows 2.8 km NE of site.
  - vi. Garland drains have been proposed all around plant boundary.
  - vii. Proposed layout does not permit uniform green belt around the lant boundary.

- viii. PGP with a capacity of 2x7000 Nm<sup>3</sup>/hr is proposed.
- ix. Baseline data collected during December-2020 to February-2021. The selection of base line monitoring locations has not been carried out as per the meteorological condition existing at the site and the guidelines issued by the CPCB from time to time. In light of this, the Committee has not acceded to the request of proponent regarding use of baseline data collected during December-2020 to February-2021 for EIA report preparation and opined that fresh baseline data shall be collected during post monsoon season of 2021.

#### Recommendations of the Committee

- 39.13.13 After deliberations, the Committee recommended the project proposal for prescribing following specific ToRs for undertaking detailed EIA and EMP study in addition to the generic ToR enclosed at Annexure-1 read with additional ToRs at Annexure-2:
  - i. Fresh base line data shall be collected for three months during post monsoon season of 2021 which shall be used for preparation of EIA report. The data collected shall be in conformity with the meteorological data and CPCB guidelines.
  - ii. The Plant shall submit action plan for reuse/ recycling of entire wastewater after treatment
  - iii. Action plan to limit the dust emission from all the stacks below 30 mg/Nm<sup>3</sup> shall be furnished.
  - iv. Action plan for fugitive emission control in the plant premises shall be provided.
  - v. Action plan for green belt development covering 33% of the plant area shall be submitted.
  - vi. Action plan for 100 % solid waste utilization shall be submitted.
  - vii. Action plan for rain water harvesting shall be submitted.
  - viii. Action plan for the stock piles with impervious floor, provision of garland drains and catch pits to trap run off material shall be submitted.
  - ix. Air Cooled condensers shall be used in Captive Power Plant.
  - x. Scheme for use of surface water shall be furnished for gradual phase out of ground water shall be submitted.

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# ANNEXURE -1

### GENERIC TERMS OF REFERENCE (ToR) IN RESPECT OF INDUSTRY SECTOR

## 1. Executive Summary

#### 2. **Introduction**

- i. Details of the EIA Consultant including NABET accreditation
- ii. Information about the project proponent
- iii. Importance and benefits of the project

# 3. **Project Description**

- i. Cost of project and time of completion.
- ii. Products with capacities for the proposed project.
- iii. If expansion project, details of existing products with capacities and whether adequate land is available for expansion, reference of earlier EC if any.
- iv. List of raw materials required and their source along with mode of transportation.
- v. Other chemicals and materials required with quantities and storage capacities
- vi. Details of Emission, effluents, hazardous waste generation and their management.
- vii. Requirement of water, power, with source of supply, status of approval, water balance diagram, man-power requirement (regular and contract)
- viii. The project proponent shall furnish the requisite documents from the competent authority in support of drawl of ground water and surface water and supply of electricity.
- ix. Process description along with major equipment and machineries, process flow sheet (Quantitative) from raw material to products to be provided
- x. Hazard identification and details of proposed safety systems.
- xi. Expansion/modernization proposals:
  - a. Copy of <u>all</u> the Environmental Clearance(s) including Amendments thereto obtained for the project from MoEF&CC/SEIAA shall be attached as an Annexure. A certified copy of the latest Monitoring Report of the Regional Office of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change as per circular dated 30<sup>th</sup> May, 2012 on the status of compliance of conditions stipulated in <u>all</u> the existing environmental clearances including Amendments shall be provided. In addition, status of compliance of Consent to Operate for the ongoing /existing operation of the project from SPCB/PCC shall be attached with the EIA-EMP report.
  - b. In case the existing project has not obtained environmental clearance, reasons for not taking EC under the provisions of the EIA Notification 1994 and/or EIA Notification 2006 shall be provided. Copies of Consent to Establish/No Objection Certificate and Consent to Operate (in case of units operating prior to EIA Notification 2006, CTE and CTO of FY 2005-2006) obtained from the SPCB shall be submitted. Further, compliance report to the conditions of consents from the SPCB shall be submitted.

#### 4. Site Details

i. Location of the project site covering village, Taluka/Tehsil, District and State, Justification for selecting the site, whether other sites were considered.

- ii. A toposheet of the study area of radius of 10km and site location on 1:50,000/1:25,000 scale on an A3/A2 sheet. (including all eco-sensitive areas and environmentally sensitive places)
- iii. Co-ordinates (lat-long) of all four corners of the site.
- iv. Google map-Earth downloaded of the project site.
- v. Layout maps indicating existing unit as well as proposed unit indicating storage area, plant area, greenbelt area, utilities etc. If located within an Industrial area/Estate/Complex, layout of Industrial Area indicating location of unit within the Industrial area/Estate.
- vi. Photographs of the proposed and existing (if applicable) plant site. If existing, show photographs of plantation/greenbelt, in particular.
- vii. Landuse break-up of total land of the project site (identified and acquired), government/private agricultural, forest, wasteland, water bodies, settlements, etc shall be included. (not required for industrial area)
- viii. A list of major industries with name and type within study area (10km radius) shall be incorporated. Land use details of the study area
- ix. Geological features and Geo-hydrological status of the study area shall be included.
- x. Details of Drainage of the project upto 5km radius of study area. If the site is within 1 km radius of any major river, peak and lean season river discharge as well as flood occurrence frequency based on peak rainfall data of the past 30 years. Details of Flood Level of the project site and maximum Flood Level of the river shall also be provided. (mega green field projects)
- xi. Status of acquisition of land. If acquisition is not complete, stage of the acquisition process and expected time of complete possession of the land.
- xii. R&R details in respect of land in line with state Government policy.

#### 5. Forest and wildlife related issues (if applicable):

- i. Permission and approval for the use of forest land (forestry clearance), if any, and recommendations of the State Forest Department. (if applicable).
- ii. Land use map based on High resolution satellite imagery (GPS) of the proposed site delineating the forestland (in case of projects involving forest land more than 40 ha).
- iii. Status of Application submitted for obtaining the stage I forestry clearance along with latest status shall be submitted.
- iv. The projects to be located within 10 km of the National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Migratory Corridors of Wild Animals, the project proponent shall submit the map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden showing these features vis-à-vis the project location and the recommendations or comments of the Chief Wildlife Warden-thereon.
- v. Wildlife Conservation Plan duly authenticated by the Chief Wildlife Warden of the State Government for conservation of Schedule I fauna, if any exists in the study area.
- vi. Copy of application submitted for clearance under the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972, to the Standing Committee of the National Board for Wildlife.

### 6. **Environmental Status**

- i. Determination of atmospheric inversion level at the project site and site-specific micro-meteorological data using temperature, relative humidity, hourly wind speed and direction and rainfall.
- ii. AAQ data (except monsoon) at 8 locations for PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>X</sub>, CO and other parameters relevant to the project shall be collected. The monitoring stations shall be based CPCB guidelines and take into account the pre-dominant wind direction, population zone and sensitive receptors including reserved forests.
- iii. Raw data of all AAQ measurement for 12 weeks of all stations as per frequency given in the NAQQM Notification of Nov. 2009 along with min., max., average and 98% values for each of the AAQ parameters from data of all AAQ stations should be provided as an annexure to the EIA Report.
- iv. Surface water quality of nearby River (60m upstream and downstream) and other surface drains at eight locations as per CPCB/MoEF&CC guidelines.
- v. Whether the site falls near to polluted stretch of river identified by the CPCB/MoEF&CC.
- vi. Ground water monitoring at minimum at 8 locations shall be included.
- vii. Noise levels monitoring at 8 locations within the study area.
- viii. Soil Characteristic as per CPCB guidelines.
- ix. Traffic study of the area, type of vehicles, frequency of vehicles for transportation of materials, additional traffic due to proposed project, parking arrangement etc.
- x. Detailed description of flora and fauna (terrestrial and aquatic) existing in the study area shall be given with special reference to rare, endemic and endangered species. If Schedule-I fauna are found within the study area, a Wildlife Conservation Plan shall be prepared and furnished.
- xi. Socio-economic status of the study area.

#### 7. Impact Assessment and Environment Management Plan

- i. Assessment of ground level concentration of pollutants from the stack emission based on site-specific meteorological features. In case the project is located on a hilly terrain, the AQIP Modelling shall be done using inputs of the specific terrain characteristics for determining the potential impacts of the project on the AAQ. Cumulative impact of all sources of emissions (including transportation) on the AAQ of the area shall be well assessed. Details of the model used and the input data used for modelling shall also be provided. The air quality contours shall be plotted on a location map showing the location of project site, habitation nearby, sensitive receptors, if any.
- ii. Water Quality modelling in case, if the effluent is proposed to be discharged in to the local drain, then Water Quality Modelling study should be conducted for the drain water taking into consideration the upstream and downstream quality of water of the drain.
- iii. Impact of the transport of the raw materials and end products on the surrounding environment shall be assessed and provided. In this regard, options for transport of raw materials and finished products and wastes (large quantities) by rail or rail-cum road transport or conveyor-cum-rail transport shall be examined.
- iv. A note on treatment of wastewater from different plant operations, extent recycled and reused for different purposes shall be included. Complete scheme

- of effluent treatment. Characteristics of untreated and treated effluent to meet the prescribed standards of discharge under E(P) Rules.
- v. Details of stack emission and action plan for control of emissions to meet standards.
- vi. Measures for fugitive emission control
- vii. Details of hazardous waste generation and their storage, utilization and disposal. Copies of MOU regarding utilization of solid and hazardous waste shall also be included. EMP shall include the concept of waste-minimization, recycle/reuse/recover techniques, Energy conservation, and natural resource conservation.
- viii. Proper utilization of fly ash shall be ensured as per Fly Ash Notification, 2009. A detailed plan of action shall be provided.
- ix. Action plan for the green belt development plan in 33 % area i.e. land with not less than 1,500 trees per ha. Giving details of species, width of plantation, planning schedule etc. shall be included. The green belt shall be around the project boundary and a scheme for greening of the roads used for the project shall also be incorporated.
- x. Action plan for rainwater harvesting measures at plant site shall be submitted to harvest rainwater from the roof tops and storm water drains to recharge the ground water and also to use for the various activities at the project site to conserve fresh water and reduce the water requirement from other sources.
- xi. Total capital cost and recurring cost/annum for environmental pollution control measures shall be included.
- xii. Action plan for post-project environmental monitoring shall be submitted.
- xiii. Onsite and Offsite Disaster (natural and Man-made) Preparedness and Emergency Management Plan including Risk Assessment and damage control. Disaster management plan should be linked with District Disaster Management Plan.

#### 8. Occupational health

- i. Details of existing Occupational & Safety Hazards. What are the exposure levels of above mentioned hazards and whether they are within Permissible Exposure level (PEL). If these are not within PEL, what measures the company has adopted to keep them within PEL so that health of the workers can be preserved,
- ii. Details of exposure specific health status evaluation of worker. If the workers' health is being evaluated by pre-designed format, chest x rays, Audiometry, Spirometry, Vision testing (Far & Near vision, colour vision and any other ocular defect) ECG, during pre-placement and periodical examinations give the details of the same. Details regarding last month analysed data of abovementioned parameters as per age, sex, duration of exposure and department wise.
- iii. Annual report of health status of workers with special reference to Occupational Health and Safety.
- iv. Plan and fund allocation to ensure the occupational health & safety of all contract and casual workers.

#### 9. **Corporate Environment Policy**

- i. Does the company have a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be detailed in the EIA report.
- ii. Does the Environment Policy prescribe for standard operating process / procedures to bring into focus any infringement / deviation / violation of the environmental or forest norms / conditions? If so, it may be detailed in the EIA.
- iii. What is the hierarchical system or Administrative order of the company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the environmental clearance conditions? Details of this system may be given.
- iv. Does the company have system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the company and / or shareholders or stakeholders at large? This reporting mechanism shall be detailed in the EIA report
- 10. Details regarding infrastructure facilities such as sanitation, fuel, restroom etc. to be provided to the labour force during construction as well as to the casual workers including truck drivers during operation phase.
- 11. To address the Public Hearing issues, provisions contained under Ministry's Office Memorandum vide F.No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 30/09/2020 shall be complied.
- 12. Any litigation pending against the project and/or any direction/order passed by any Court of Law against the project, if so, details thereof shall also be included. Has the unit received any notice under the Section 5 of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or relevant Sections of Air and Water Acts? If so, details thereof and compliance/ATR to the notice(s) and present status of the case.
- 13. A tabular chart with index for point wise compliance of above ToRs.
- 14. The ToRs prescribed shall be valid for a period of three years for submission of the EIA-EMP reports along with Public Hearing Proceedings (wherever stipulated).

#### The following general points shall be noted:

- i. All documents shall be properly indexed, page numbered.
- ii. Period/date of data collection shall be clearly indicated.
- iii. Authenticated English translation of all material in Regional languages shall be provided.
- iv. The letter/application for environmental clearance shall quote the MOEF&CC file No. and also attach a copy of the letter.
- v. The copy of the letter received from the Ministry shall be also attached as an annexure to the final EIA-EMP Report.
- vi. The index of the final EIA-EMP report must indicate the specific chapter and page no. of the EIA-EMP Report
- vii. While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the proponents and instructions for the consultants issued by MOEF&CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II (I) dated 4<sup>th</sup> August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry shall also be followed.
- viii. The consultants involved in the preparation of EIA-EMP report after accreditation with Quality Council of India (QCl)/National Accreditation Board of Education and Training (NABET) would need to include a certificate in this regard in the EIA-EMP reports prepared by them and data provided by other organization/Laboratories including their status of approvals etc. Name of the Consultant and the Accreditation

- details shall be posted on the EIA-EMP Report as well as on the cover of the Hard Copy of the Presentation material for EC presentation.
- ix. ToRs' prescribed by the Expert Appraisal Committee (Industry) shall be considered for preparation of EIA-EMP report for the project in addition to all the relevant information as per the 'Generic Structure of EIA' given in Appendix III and IIIA in the EIA Notification, 2006. Where the documents provided are in a language other than English, an English translation shall be provided. The draft EIA-EMP report shall be submitted to the State Pollution Control Board of the concerned State for conduct of Public Hearing. The SPCB shall conduct the Public Hearing/public consultation, district-wise, as per the provisions of EIA notification, 2006. The Public Hearing shall be chaired by an Officer not below the rank of Additional District Magistrate. The issues raised in the Public Hearing and during the consultation process and the commitments made by the project proponent on the same shall be included separately in EIA-EMP Report in a separate chapter and summarized in a tabular chart with financial budget (capital and revenue) along with time-schedule of implementation for complying with the commitments made. The final EIA report shall be submitted to the Ministry for obtaining environmental clearance.

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# **ANNEXURE-2**

## ADDITIONAL TORS FOR INTEGRATED STEEL PLANT

- 1. Iron ore/coal linkage documents along with the status of environmental clearance of iron ore and coal mines
- 2. Quantum of production of coal and iron ore from coal & iron ore mines and the projects they cater to. Mode of transportation to the plant and its impact
- 3. For Large ISPs, a 3-D view i.e. DEM (Digital Elevation Model) for the area in 10 km radius from the proposal site. MRL details of project site and RL of nearby sources of water shall be indicated.
- 4. Recent land-use map based on satellite imagery. High-resolution satellite image data having 1m-5m spatial resolution like quickbird, Ikonos, IRS P-6 pan sharpened etc. for the 10 Km radius area from proposed site. The same shall be used for land used/land-cover mapping of the area.
- 5. PM (PM<sub>10</sub> and P<sub>2.5</sub>) present in the ambient air must be analysed for source analysis natural dust/RSPM generated from plant operations (trace elements) of PM<sub>10</sub> to be carried over.
- 6. All stock piles will have to be on top of a stable liner to avoid leaching of materials to ground water.
- 7. Plan for the implementation of the recommendations made for the steel plants in the CREP guidelines.
- 8. Plan for slag utilization
- 9. Plan for utilization of energy in off gases (coke oven, blast furnace)
- 10. System of coke quenching adopted with justification.
- 11. Trace metals Mercury, arsenic and fluoride emissions in the raw material.
- 12. Trace metals in waste material especially slag.
- 13. Trace metals in water
- 14. Details of proposed layout clearly demarcating various units within the plant.
- 15. Complete process flow diagram describing each unit, its processes and operations, along with material and energy inputs and outputs (material and energy balance).
- 16. Details on design and manufacturing process for all the units.
- 17. Details on environmentally sound technologies for recycling of hazardous materials, as per CPCB Guidelines, may be mentioned in case of handling scrap and other recycled materials.
- 18. Details on requirement of energy and water along with its source and authorization from the concerned department. Location of water intake and outfall points (with coordinates).
- 19. Details on toxic metal content in the waste material and its composition and end use (particularly of slag).
- 20. Details on toxic content (TCLP), composition and end use of slag.

#### ADDITIONAL ToRs FOR PELLET PLANT

- 1. Iron ore/coal linkage documents along with the status of environmental clearance of iron ore and coal mines
- 2. Quantum of production of coal and iron ore from coal & iron ore mines and the projects they cater to. Mode of transportation to the plant and its impact
- 3. Recent land-use map based on satellite imagery. High-resolution satellite image data having 1m-5m spatial resolution like quickbird, Ikonos, IRS P-6 pan sharpened etc. for the 10 Km radius area from proposed site. The same shall be used for land used/land-cover mapping of the area.
- 4. PM(PM<sub>10</sub> and P<sub>2.5</sub>) present in the ambient air must be analysed for source analysis natural dust/RSPM generated from plant operations (trace elements) of PM<sub>10</sub> to be carried over.
- 5. All stock piles will have to be on top of a stable liner to avoid leaching of materials to ground water.
- 6. Plan for the implementation of the recommendations made for the steel plants in the CREP guidelines.
- 7. Plan for slag utilization
- 8. Plan for utilization of energy in off gases (coke oven, blast furnace)
- 9. System of coke quenching adopted with justification.
- 10. Trace metals Mercury, arsenic and fluoride emissions in the raw material.
- 11. Trace metals in waste material especially slag.
- 12. Trace metals in water

#### ADDITIONAL ToRs FOR CEMENT INDUSTRY

- 1. Limestone and coal linkage documents along with the status of environmental clearance of limestone and coal mines
- 2. Quantum of production of coal and limestone from coal & limestone mines and the projects they cater to;
- 3. Present land use shall be prepared based on satellite imagery. High-resolution satellite image data having 1m-5m spatial resolution like quickbird, Ikonos, IRS P-6 pan sharpened etc. for the 10 Km radius area from proposed site. The same shall be used for land used/land-cover mapping of the area.
- 4. If the raw materials used have trace elements, an environment management plan shall also be included.
- 5. Plan for the implementation of the recommendations made for the cement plants in the CREP guidelines must be prepared.
- 6. Energy consumption per ton of clinker and cement grinding
- 7. Provision of waste heat recovery boiler
- 8. Arrangement for co-processing of hazardous waste in cement plant.
- 9. Trace metals in waste material especially slag.

# ADDITIONAL TORS FOR PULP AND PAPER INDUSTRY

- i. A note on pulp washing system capable of handling wood pulp shall be included.
- ii. Manufacturing process details for the existing and proposed plant shall be included. Chapter on Pulping & Bleaching shall include: no black liquor spillage in the area of pulp mill; no use of elemental chlorine for bleaching in mill; installation of hypo preparation plant; no use of potcher washing and use of counter current or horizontal belt washers. Chapter on Chemical Recovery shall include: no spillage of foam in chemical recovery plant, no discharge of foul condensate generated from MEE directly to ETP; control of suspended particulate matter emissions from the stack of fluidized bed recovery boiler and ESP in lime kiln
- iii. Studies shall be conducted and a chapter shall be included to show that Soda pulping process can be employed for *Eucalyptus/Casuarina* to produce low kappa (bleachable) grade of pulp.
- iv. Commitment that only elemental Chlorine-free technology will be used for the manufacture of paper and existing plant without chemical recovery plant will be closed within 2 years of issue of environment clearance.
- v. A commitment that no extra chlorine base bleaching chemicals (more than being used now) will be employed and AOx will remain within limits as per CREP for used based mills. Plan for reduction of water consumption.

#### ADDITIONAL ToRs FOR LEATHER/SKIN/HIDE PROCESSING INDUSTRY

- 1. Justification for engaging a particular type of process (raw hide/skin into semi finishing or finished leather, semi-finished leather to finished leather, dry finishing operations, chrome/vegetable tanning, *etc.*).
- 2. Details regarding complete leather/ skin/ hide processing including the usage of sulphides, nitrogen compounds, chromium or other tanning agents, post-tanning chemicals, biocides, *etc.*, along with the material balance shall be provided.
- 3. In case of chrome tanning, details of the chrome recovery plant, management of shavings/solid waste including safe disposal.
- 4. Details on reuse of soak liquor / saline stream from membrane system, if applicable, to the extent possible in pickling activity after required treatment. Also, mention the salt recovery measures.

#### ADDITIONAL TORS FOR COKE OVEN PLANT

- 1. Justification for selecting recovery/non-recovery (beehive) type batteries with the proposed unit size.
- 2. Details of proposed layout clearly demarcating various facilities such as coal storages, coke making, by-product recovery area, etc within the plant.
- 3. Details of coke oven plant (recovery/non-recovery type) including coal handling, coke oven battery operations, coke handling and preparation.
- 4. Scheme for coal changing, charging emission centre, Coke quenching technology, pushing emission control.
- 5. Scheme for coke oven effluent treatment plant details including scheme for meeting cyanide standard.

# ADDITIONAL TORS FOR ASBESTOS MILLING AND ASBESTOS BASED PRODUCTS

- 1. Type of the project new/expansion/modernization
- 2. Type of fibres used (Asbestos and others) and preference of selection from technoenvironmental angle should be furnished
- 3. As asbestos is used in several products and as the level of precautions differ from milling to usage in cement products, friction products gasketing, textiles and also differ with the process used, it is necessary to give process description and reasons for the choice for selection of process
- 4. Technology adopted, flow chart, process description and layout marking areas of potential environmental impacts
- 5. National standards and codes of practice in the use of asbestos particular to the industry should be furnished
- 6. In case of newly introduced technology, it should include the consequences of any failure of equipment/ technology and the product on environmental status.
- 7. In case of expansion project asbestos fibre to be measured at slack emission and work zone area, besides base line air quality.
- 8. In case of green field project asbestos fibre to be measured at ambient air.

# ADDITIONAL ToRs FOR METALLURGICAL INDUSTRY (FERROUS AND NON-FERROUS)

- 1. Complete process flow diagram describing each unit, its processes and operations, along with material and energy inputs & outputs (material and energy balance).
- 2. Emission from sulphuric acid plant and sulphur muck management.
- 3. Details on installation of Continuous Emission Monitoring System with recording with proper calibration system
- 4. Details on toxic metals including fluoride emissions
- 5. Details on stack height.
- 6. Details on ash disposal and management
- 7. Complete process flow diagram describing process of lead/zinc/copper/ aluminium, etc.
- 8. Details on smelting, thermal refining, melting, slag fuming, and Waelz kiln operation
- 9. Details on Holding and de-gassing of molten metal from primary and secondary aluminium, materials pre-treatment, and from melting and smelting of secondary aluminium
- 10. Details on toxic metal content in the waste material and its composition and end use (particularly of slag).
- 11. Trace metals in waste material especially slag.
- 12. Plan for trace metal recovery
- 13. Trace metals in water

#### Executive summary of the report in about 8-10 pages incorporating the following:

- i. Project name and location (Village, Dist, State, Industrial Estate (if applicable)
- ii. Products and capacities. If expansion proposal, then existing products with capacities and reference to earlier EC.
- iii. Requirement of land, raw material, water, power, fuel, with source of supply (Quantitative)
- iv. Process description in brief, specifically indicating the gaseous emission, liquid effluent and solid and hazardous wastes. Materials balance shall be presented.
- v. Measures for mitigating the impact on the environment and mode of discharge or disposal.
- vi. Capital cost of the project, estimated time of completion
- vii. Site selected for the project Nature of land Agricultural (single/double crop), barren, Govt/private land, status of is acquisition, nearby (in 2-3 km.) water body, population, with in 10km other industries, forest, eco-sensitive zones, accessibility, (note in case of industrial estate this information may not be necessary)
- viii. Baseline environmental data air quality, surface and ground water quality, soil characteristic, flora and fauna, socio-economic condition of the nearby population
- ix. Identification of hazards in handling, processing and storage of hazardous material and safety system provided to mitigate the risk.
- x. Likely impact of the project on air, water, land, flora-fauna and nearby population
- xi. Emergency preparedness plan in case of natural or in plant emergencies
- xii. Issues raised during public hearing (if applicable) and response given
- xiii. CSR plan with proposed expenditure.
- xiv. Occupational Health Measures
- xv. Post project monitoring plan

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Email Sundar Ramanathan

#### Re: DRAFT MOM OF 39 EAC HELD DURING 30/06/2021 TO 1/07/2021

From: cnpandey@iitgn.ac.in Sat, Jul 10, 2021 09:47 PM

Subject: Re: DRAFT MOM OF 39 EAC HELD DURING 30/06/2021

TO 1/07/2021

To: Sundar Ramanathan < r.sundar@nic.in>

Dear Mr. Sundar,

Please find herewith the approved and finl MoM for 39th EAC meeting held on 30th June and 1st July, 2021. You are requested to take further necessary action for uploading this on Parivesh.

on Parivesh.
Thanking you,
With best wishes,
C. N. Pandey,
Chairman, EAC ( Industry I),
MoEFCC, GoI.