Application of Prior Environmental Clearance

For

Proposed 3.0 Million Tonnes Per Annum (MTPA)

Cement Grinding Unit

& 60 m3 / hr. Readymade Concrete Mixing (RMC) Unit

at

Village: Kudumalakunte, Taluka: Gowribidanur District: Chikballapur, Karnataka

Project Proponent:



Reliance Cement Company Private Limited Anil Dhirubhai Ambani Group (ADAG), Mumbai

Appendix- I

Form-1

(I) Basic Information

Sr. No.	ltem	Details
1	Name of the project	Cement Grinding and Ready Mix Concrete
		(RMC) Unit at Gowribidanur of M/s.
		Reliance Cement Company Pvt. Ltd (RCC)
2	Serial No. in the schedule	3 (b)
3	Proposed capacity/ area/ length/	Production Capacity
	tonnage to be handled/	Cement: 3.0 Million TPA (MTPA) &
	command area/ lease area/	Ready Mix Concrete: 60 m3 / hr.
	number of wells to be drilled	Total Plant Area: ~ 34.39 Ha Additional
		requirement of land for railway siding &
		alignment will be estimated after detailed
		railway survey.
		Project Cost : ~ 690 Crores
		Annexure 1 : Index map
		Annexure 2 : Study area map
		Annexure 3: Plant layout
4	New/Expansion/ Modernization	New project
5	Existing Capacity/ Area etc.	Not applicable
6	Category of Project i.e. 'A' or 'B'	Category – B (Stand alone Grinding Unit)
7	Does it attract the general	Yes. Andhra Pradesh Boundary is adjacent.
	condition? If yes, please specify.	
8	Does it attract the specific	No
	condition? If yes, please specify.	

Sr. No.	ltem	Details
9	Location	Gowribidanur Industrial Park, Phase- II of
		Karnataka Industrial Areas Development
		Board (KIADB – a part of Karnataka
		Commerce and Industries Department (Govt.
		of Karnataka) near Village: Kudumalakunte,
		Taluka: Gowribidanur, District: Chikballapur,
		Karnataka.
		Geographical Co-ordinates of Plant:
		Toposheet no. D 43 R 10 (1:50,000)
		Lat & Long :
		Point Coordinates
		A ► 13 ⁰ 42'47.06" N 77 ⁰ 30' 49.80" E
		B ► 13 ⁰ 42' 49.05" N
		77 ⁰ 30' 28.00" E C ► 13 ⁰ 41' 35.98" N
		77 ⁰ 30' 18.27" E
		D ► 13 ⁰ 41' 48.19" N 77 ⁰ 30' 40.56" E
		(Please refer Google map as Annexure – 4)
		Activity Location
		Cement Village : Kudumalakunte
		Grinding Taluka : Gowribidanur, Dist:
		Unit Chikballapur, Karnataka.
	Plot/Survey/Khasra No.	Land allotment letter enclosed as Annexure-
		5. Final survey no. will be included in draft
		EIA report after final allotment of land from
		KIADB.
	Village	Kudumalakunte
	Tehsil / Taluka	Taluka : Gowribidanur
	District	Chikballapur
	State	Karnataka
10	Nearest railway station/airport	Nearest railway station Viduraswattha is ~

Sr. No.	Item	Details
	along with distance in km.	3.3 km.
		Nearest airport Bangalore is at ~ 60 km.
11	Nearest Town, City, District	From Project Site:
	Headquarters along with	Nearest Town Gwaribianur is at ~ 9.5 km
	distance in kms.	Dist.HQ: Chikballapur is at ~ 43.7 km.
		Nearest city Bangalore is at ~ 82 km.
12	Village Panchayats, Zilla	i) KIADB, Bangalore
	Parishad, Municipal Corporation,	
	Local body (complete postal	ii) Chief Executive Officer,
	addresses with telephone nos. to	Chikballapur District.
	be given)	Ph.No : 08156-262002
		Fax No:08156-262002
		Mob No: 9480859000
		E-mail : ceo-ckbpur-ka@nic.in
		iii) Deputy Commissioner & District
		Magistrate,
		Chikballapur District.
		Ph.No : 08156-262001
		Fax No: 08156-262005
		Res No: 08156-250050
		Res Fax:08156-274800
		Mob No: 9480696350
		E-mail : deo.ckbpur@gmail.com,
		dc-ckbpur@nic.in
13	Name of the applicant	Mr. Harendra S. Patel
14	Registered Address	Reliance Cement Company Pvt. Ltd.
		H Block, 1st floor, Dhirubhai Ambani
		Knowledge City, Koparkhairane, Navi
		Mumbai – 400710.
15	Address for correspondence	

Sr. No.	ltem	Details
	Name	Mr. Harendra Patel
	Designation	Head (Business Development)
	Owner/Partner/CEO)	Reliance Cement Company Pvt. Ltd.
	Address	E Block, 2nd Floor, 3rd Wing, Dhirubhai
		Ambani Knowledge City, Koparkhairane,
		Navi Mumbai.
	Pin Code	400710
	E-mail	harendra.patel@relianceada.com
	Telephone No.	022 3038 4226
	Fax No.	022 3038 4399
16	Details of Alternative Sites	No alternative land is envisaged as the site is
	examined, if any. Location of	allotted by Karnataka Industrial Areas
	these sites should be shown on	Development Board (KIADB).
	a Toposheet.	
17	Interlinked Projects	Clinker for this grinding unit will be sourced
		from nearby integrated cement plants or
		purchased from Karnataka/ A.P.
18	Whether separate application of	Application submitted for proposed integrated
	interlinked project has been	cement plant at Sedam, Dist: Gulbarga,
	submitted	Karnataka and MOEF approved TOR.
19	If yes, date of submission	21.12.2011 vide letter RCC/MoEF/Kar/Cem
20	If no, reason	
21	Whether the proposal involves	No.
	approval/clearance under:	
	(a) The Forest (Conservation)	
	Act, 1980	
	(b) The Wildlife (Protection) Act,	
	1972	
	(c) The C.R.Z Notification, 1991	
22	Whether there is any	Industrial Entrepreneur Memorandum
	Government Order/Policy	(No.1251/SIA/IOM/2012 dated 29/05/2012)

Sr. No.	ltem	Details
	relevant/relating to the site	issued by Ministry of Commerce & Industry,
		Govt. of India. (Please refer Annexure – 6)
23	Forest land involved (hectares)	Nil.
24	Whether there is any litigation	Nil.
	pending against the project and/	
	or land in which the project is	
	propose to be set up	
	a) Name of the Court	
	b) Case No.	
	c) Orders/ directions of the	
	Court, if any and its relevance	
	with the proposed project.	

(II) Activity

Construction, operation or decommissioning of the Project involving actions, which will cause physical changes in the locality (topography, land use, changes in water bodies, etc.)

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist Confirmation	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
1.1	Permanent or temporary change in landuse, land cover or topography including increase in intensity of land use (with respect to local landuse plan)		Land requirement for the proposed plant is given below: Plant area : ~ 20 Ha Road &Rail yard : ~ 7 Ha Plantation area : ~ 5.15 Ha other infra : ~ 2.24 Ha Total plot area : 34.39 HA** **(The areas indicated above are approximate which will be finalised after detailed engineering stage)

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist Confirmation	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
1.2	Clearance of existing land, vegetation and building?	No	
1.3	Creation of new land uses	NO	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1.4	Pre-construction investigations e.g. bore houses, soil testing.	Yes	The soil testing / investigation studies will be carried out before commencement of constructional activities.
1.5	Construction works?	Yes	Necessary construction work for a cement grinding unit will be carried out after obtaining statutory clearances.
1.6	Demolition Works?	No	
1.7	Temporary sites used for construction works or housing of construction workers?	Yes	A temporary housing facility within the allotted land will be provided to construction workers during construction phase only.
1.8	Above ground buildings, structures or earthworks including linear structures, cut and fill or excavations		Limited excavation work will be carried out for construction of the civil structures. Some amount of levelling / grading through cut and fill is required to make the land suitable for construction. Above ground structures include main plant, service buildings, storage etc.
1.9	Underground works including mining or tunnelling?	No	
1.10	Reclamation works?	No	

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist Confirmation	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
1.11	Dredging?	No	
1.12	Offshore structures?	No	
1.12	Production and	Yes	3.0 MTPA Cement & 60 m3 / hour RMC unit.
1.13		165	Process description is enclosed as
	manufacturing Process?		Annexure – 7.
4.4.4		Vee	
1.14	Facilities for storage of	res	Temporary Storage Facilities will be provided
	goods or materials?		within the plant premises during construction
			period.
			The raw materials will be stored in adequate
			capacity in covered shed. Clinker and final
4.45			product will be stored in RCC silos.
1.15	Facilities for treatment	Yes	During construction phase:
	or disposal of solid		Solid waste: Waste generated during the
	waste or liquid		construction phase like construction debris
	effluents?		waste etc will be reused in levelling.
			Liquid effluents: The domestic effluent
			which will be generated during construction
			phase will be disposed off in common
			municipal sewerage treatment plant
			developed by KIADB, however a properly
			designed soaked pits with septic tank will be
			proposed
			During operation phase:
			Solid waste:
			► Dust collected from air pollution control
			equipment will be 100% recycled & reused in

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate
	Confirmation		quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with
			source of information data
			cement manufacturing.
			► Waste like used batteries will be sold to
			authorized recyclers.
			Liquid effluent: Domestic effluent will
			disposed in properly designed soak pit, used
			Oil and waste oil will be sold to authorised
			vendor.
1.16	Facilities for long term	No	
	housing of operational		
	workers?		
1.17	New road, rail or sea	Yes	Manpower and material during construction &
	traffic during		operations will be transported through the
	construction and		existing road network as well as new rail
	operation?		siding will be established from nearest rail
			head during operation phase.
1.18	New road, rail, air,	Yes	The site is connected through existing road
	waterborne or other		network for transporting equipment,
	transport infrastructure		machineries during construction period; the
	including new or		Rail siding will be established to transport
	altered routes and		raw materials like clinker, gypsum, fly ash
	stations, ports, airports		and finished products etc in operational
	etc.?		period.
1.19	Closure or diversion of	No	
	existing transport		
	routes or infrastructure		
	leading to changes in		
	traffic movements?		

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist Confirmation	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
1.20	New or diverted transmission lines or pipelines?	Yes	New transmission lines for power requirement / water pipeline will be established after required permission.
1.21	Impoundment, damming, culverting, realignment or other changes to the hydrology of watercourses or aquifers?	No	
1.22	Stream crossings	No	
1.23	Abstraction or transfers of water from ground or surface waters?	Yes	The water required for the proposed plant operations will be 690 KLD which will be provided by KIADB.
1.24	Changes in water bodies or the land surface affecting drainage or run-off	No	
1.25	Transport of personnel or materials for construction, operation or decommissioning?	Yes	During construction phase of plant, the manpower and the material for construction will be sourced from the surrounding areas.
1.26	Long-term dismantling or decommissioning or restoration works?	NO	Not envisaged

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate
	Confirmation		quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with
			source of information data
1.27	Ongoing activity during	No	Nil.
	decommissioning		
	which could have an		
	impact on the		
	environment?		
1.28	Influx of people to an	Yes	Proposed Manpower requirement:
	area in either		During Construction:
	temporarily or		Approx. direct employment of 25 employees
	permanently?		& indirect employment of 400 employees
			preferably state
			During Operation:
			Approx. 182 employees preferably from state
			subject to skill and training will be imparted
			during the job period.
1.29	Introduction of alien	No	Not envisaged.
	species?		
1.30	Loss of native species	No	Not envisaged.
	or genetic diversity?		
1.31	Any other actions?	No	Not envisaged.
2.0	Use of Natural Resour	ces for co	nstruction or operation of Project (such as
	land, water, materials	or energy	, especially any resources which are non-
	renewable or in short s	supply).	
2.1	Land specially	NO	Land allotted by KIADB
	undeveloped or		
	agricultural land (ha)		
2.2	Water (expected	Yes	Water will be provided by KIADB. Water

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist Confirmation	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
	source & competing users) unit KLD		requirement will be 690 KLD
2.3	Minerals (MT)	No	Not applicable.
2.4	Construction material – stone, aggregates, and/soil (expected source-MT)	Yes	Construction material such as sand, steel, aggregates etc will be used during construction. However, the quantification of these materials will be done during detailed engineering stage. These materials will be sourced from nearby areas. Quantities will be ascertained after detailed engineering.
2.5	Forests and timber (source-MT)	No	
2.6	Energy including electricity and fuels (source, competing users) Unit: fuel (MT), energy (MW)	Yes	 During construction phase: Power requirement during construction phase shall be met by installing DG set through respective sub-contractor(s) / grid power. During operation phase: The power demand for the proposed project has been estimated as ~ 25 MW and will be supplied by Karnataka Power Corporation, from nearby substation in Gowribidanur Industrial Area. Diesel: Storage tank: ~ 10 KL for plant. Coal: ~ 0.027 MTPA

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate
	Confirmation		quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with
			source of information data
			For emergency requirement, it is proposed to
			install DG set.
			(figures mentioned above may get changed
			as per ordering & detail engineering)
2.7	Any other natural	No	Not envisaged.
	resources (use		
	appropriate standard		
	units)		
3.0	Use, storage, transpor	t, handling	g or production of substances or materials,
	which could be harm	nful to hu	iman health or the environment or raise
	concerns about actual	or perceiv	ved risks to human health
3.1	Use of substances or	No	
	materials, which are		
	hazardous (as per		
	MSIHC rules) to		
	human health or the		
	environment (flora,		
	fauna, and water		
	supplies)		
	supplies)		
3.2	Changes in occurrence	No	
3.2			
3.2	Changes in occurrence		
3.2	Changes in occurrence of disease or affect		
3.2	Changes in occurrence of disease or affect disease vectors (e.g.		
3.2 3.3	Changes in occurrence of disease or affect disease vectors (e.g. insect or water borne		 Direct and indirect employment avenues will
	Changes in occurrence of disease or affect disease vectors (e.g. insect or water borne diseases)		 Direct and indirect employment avenues will be created due to project which would
	Changes in occurrence of disease or affect disease vectors (e.g. insect or water borne diseases) Affect the welfare of		

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate
	Confirmation		quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with
			source of information data
3.4	Vulnerable groups of	No	Not envisaged
	people who could be		
	affected by the project		
	e.g. hospital patients,		
	children, the elderly		
	etc.		
3.5	Any other causes	No	Not envisaged
4.0	Production of solid	wastes	during construction or operation or
	decommissioning (MT/	month)	
4.1	Spoil, overburden or	No	Not Applicable
	mine wastes		
4.2	Municipal waste	Yes	The domestic waste water will be discharge
	(domestic and or		in CMTP developed by KIADB, however
	commercial wastes)		properly designed soak pit is proposed for
			disposal of Municipal sewage.
4.3	Hazardous wastes (as	Yes	Waste oil and burnt grease generated will be
	per hazardous waste		disposed off through authorized recyclers.
	management rules)		
			Used batteries will be disposed off as per
			Batteries Management & Handling Rule-
			2001.
4.4	Other industrial	No	Nil.
	process wastes		
4.5	Surplus product	No	Nil.
4.6	Sewage sludge or	Yes	The domestic waste water will be discharge
	other sludge from		in CMTP developed by KIADB, however
	effluent treatment		properly designed soak pit is proposed for
			disposal of Municipal sewage.

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate
	Confirmation		quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with
			source of information data
4.7	Construction or	No	
	demolition wastes		
4.8	Redundant machinery	No	Not envisaged
	or equipment		
4.9	Contaminated soils or	No	Not envisaged
	other materials		
4.10	Agricultural wastes	No	Not envisaged
4.11	Other solid wastes	Yes	Efficient pollution control device will be
			installed. The dust collected in PCD will be
			100% recycled in cement manufacturing.
			Sludge from Domestic water treatment will be
			used as manure.
			Scrap from stores / workshop is envisaged
			during the operational phase of the plant.
			This will be given to authorized recyclers.
5.0	Release of pollutants	or any ha	zardous, toxic or noxious substances to air
	(kg/hr)		
5.1	Emissions from	Yes	Emissions during operation of drier are
	combustion of fossil		envisaged.
	fuels from stationary or		Details of emission and impact will be
	mobile sources		provided in EIA report.
5.2	Emission from	Yes	\leq 50mg/Nm3 of dust emissions (PM) are
	production processes		envisaged from cement mill & packing plants.
			Details of emission will be provided in EIA
			report.
5.3	Emissions from	Yes	Adequate mitigation measures will be adopted
	materials handling		to preventive & control emissions at material
	including storage or		handling & storage areas.

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate
	Confirmation		quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with
			source of information data
	transport		Details of emission, impact and EMP will be
			provided in EIA report.
			Fugitive emission control guidelines issued by
			CPCB will be adopted.
5.4	Emissions from	Yes	Fugitive dust, SO ₂ , NO _X , CO emissions are
	construction activities		envisaged from the vehicular movement
	including plant and		during construction period. However,
	equipment		mitigative measures will be taken to control the
			same. As such they are localized and
			temporary in nature.
5.5	Dust or odours from	Yes	Adequate mitigation measures will be taken to
	handling of materials		control fugitive dust emission.
	including construction		
	materials, sewage and		There will be no odour generation.
	waste		
5.6	Emissions from	No	
	incineration of waste		
5.7	Emissions from	No	
	burning of waste in		
	open air (e.g. slash		
	materials, construction		
	debris)		
5.8	Emissions from any	No	
	other sources		
6.0	Generation of Noise ar	nd vibratio	on, and emissions of light and heat
6.1	From operation of	Yes	Noise will be generated from various
	equipment e.g.		activities. Preventive measure will be taken
		L	

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist Confirmation	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
	engines, ventilation plant, crushers		to control the noise level.
			Regular maintenance of the equipment will
6.2	From industrial or similar processes	Yes	help in reducing these noise levels.
			Preventive enclosures, necessary PPEs will
			be provided to concerned persons.
			The greenbelt development will be proposed
			in the plant premises as per CPCB
			guidelines.
6.3	From construction or	Yes	Noise will be generated during construction
	demolition		activities.
			Regular maintenance of the equipment will
			help in reducing these noise levels.
6.4	From blasting or piling	No	
6.5	From construction or	Yes	Noise will be generated during RCC work.
	operational traffic		Noise is envisaged from the traffic during
			construction phase.
			Noise will be generated from HEMM and
			transportation.
			Preventive control measures will be taken.
6.6	From lighting or	No	Not envisaged.
	cooling systems		
6.7	From any other sources.	No	Not envisaged.
7.0			or water from releases of pollutants into the waters, groundwater, coastal wasters or the

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist Confirmation	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
	sea	I	
7.1	From handling, storage, use or spillage of hazardous materials	No	
7.2	From discharge of sewage or other effluents to water or the land (expected mode and place of discharge)	No	The sewage will be discharge in CMSTP developed by KIADB The project will be operated on "Zero Discharge" concept. No contamination of ground water or land is envisaged.
7.3	By deposition of pollutants emitted to air into the land or into water	Yes	The incremental ground level concentrations of air pollutants (dust) will be evaluated and preventive measures will be taken to keep the level within the permissible limits.
7.4	From any other sources	No	Not envisaged
7.5	Is there a risk of long term build up of pollutants in the environment from these sources?		
8.0	Risk of accidents dur	ing const	ruction or operation of the project, which
	could affect human hea	alth or the	environment
8.1	From explosions, spillages, fires etc from storage, handling, use or production of		Required precautionary measures will be envisaged. Factory Act, 1948 & The Karnataka Factories Rules, 1969 will be complied.

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist Confirmation	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with source of information data			
	hazardous substances					
8.2	From any other causes	Yes	Required precautionary measures will be envisaged. Applicable Factory Act with amendment will be complied with.			
8.3	Could the project be affected by natural disasters causing environmental damage (e.g. floods, earthquakes, landslides, cloud burst etc)?	No	The project site falls in zone-II as per IS 1893 (Part-I): 2002 for seismic hazard.			
9.0	Factors which should be considered (such as consequential development) which could lead to environmental effects or the potential for cumulative impacts with other existing or planned activities in the locality					

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist Confirmation	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with
			source of information data
9.1	Lead to development of supporting, facilities, ancillary development or development stimulated by the project which could have impact on the environment e.g.:	Yes	Proposed unit will result in considerable growth of service sector, which will lead to supporting ancillary development in the region.
	 Supporting infrastructure (roads, power supply, waste or waste water treatment, etc) 	Yes	These facilities will be developed.
	Housing development	No	
	Extractive industriesSupply industries	No Yes	Potential for development of small vendors namely workshops / fabrication shops / hardware / rubber items / automobile repairs etc.
	• Other	Yes	Potential for various services for livelihood requirement will likely to be developed.
9.2	Lead to after use of the site, which could have an impact on the	Yes	Impacts will be minimised by adopting adequate control measures.

Sr. No.	Information/Checklist Confirmation	Yes/No	Details thereof (with approximate quantities/ rates, wherever possible) with source of information data
	environment.		
9.3	Set a precedent for later developments	Yes	Community development activities will be undertaken as per KIADB norms.
9.4	Have cumulative effects due to proximity to other existing or planned projects with similar effects	No	Not envisaged. Detail cumulative impacts will be covered under detail EIA study.

(III) Environmental Sensitivity

Sr.	Areas	Name/	Aerial distance (within 15
No.		Identity	km) Proposed project
			location boundary
1	Areas protected under international conventions, national or local legislation for their ecological, landscape, cultural or other related value	Nil	Not applicable.
2	Areas which are important or sensitive of ecological reasons – wetlands, water courses or other water bodies, coastal zone, biospheres, mountains, forests	Reserve Forests (RF) Rivers	 From Plant Boundary: Narasimha Devarbetta RF ~ 13.47 km E Bommashettihalli RF ~ 14.50 km SW Penner / Uttara Pinakini ~ 2.84 km W Kumudvati / Kundar ~ 8.33 km W Jayamangali ~ 12.12 km W Kotnuru Cheruvu Reservoir ~ 13.53 km N.
3	Areas used by protected,	Nil	Nil.

Sr.	Areas	Name/	Aerial distance (within 15
No.		Identity	km) Proposed project
			location boundary
	important or sensitive species of		Flora fauna inventory will be
	flora or fauna for breeding,		included in EIA study.
	nesting, foraging, resting, over		
	wintering, migration		
4	Inland, coastal, marine or	Nil	
	underground waters		
5	State, national boundaries	Yes	From Plant Boundary:
			Andhra Pradesh : adjacent
6	Routes or facilities used by the	Nil	
	public for access to recreation or		
	other tourist, pilgrim areas		
7	Defence installations	Nil	
8	Densely populated or built-up	Yes	Gowribidanur is at 9.5 km
	area		towards South.
9	Areas occupied by sensitive man	Yes	Primary health centres,
	made land uses (hospitals,		hospitals, schools etc.
	schools, places of worship,		
	community facilities)		
10	Areas containing important, high	Yes	Narasimha Devarbetta RF ~ 13.47 km E
	quality or scarce resources		
	(ground water resource, surface		Bommashettihalli RF ~ 14.50 km SW
	resources, forestry, agriculture,		
	fisheries, tourism, minerals)		Penner / Uttara Pinakini ~ 2.84 km W
			Kumudvati / Kundar ~ 8.33 km W
			Jayamangali ~ 12.12 km W
			Kotnuru Cheruvu Reservoir

Sr.	Areas	Name/	Aerial distance (within 15
No.		Identity	km) Proposed project
			location boundary
			~ 13.53 km N.
11	Areas already subjected to pollution or environmental damage. (those where existing legal environmental standards are exceeded)	Nil	KIADB Industrial area
12	Areas susceptible to natural hazard which could cause the project to present environmental problems (earthquakes, subsidence, landslides, erosion, flooding or extreme or adverse climatic conditions)	No	

(IV) Proposed Terms of Reference for EIA Studies (if applicable)

1.0 PROPOSED EIA STUDY

The components of the EIA study will include:

- Determination of baseline data using primary data generation and secondary data available from various government published reports on air, meteorology, water, soil, flora & fauna, socio-economics, infrastructure, sensitive areas (forests, archaeological, historical etc);
- Detailed description of all elements of the project activities during the preconstruction, construction and operational phases. The elements to be analyzed will include the infrastructures of the project including drainage features, roads, waste collection, disposal and management and utility requirements.
- Identifying the sources of pollution and assessing the impacts on the environment due to proposed project.
- Preparation of EIA and EMP documents with recommendations on preventive and mitigative measures for limiting the impact on environment to the desired level during various stages of project. Development of a suitable post study-monitoring program to comply with various environmental regulations will also to be done; and
- Risk Assessment (RA) and Disaster Management Plan (DMP) describing the probable risks and preventive & precautionary measures to be followed in the event of emergency situations such as accidents, fire etc.

2.0 BASELINE ENVIRONMENTAL DATA GENERATION

a. Ambient Air Quality (as per 18th Nov'2009 notification on CPCB on National Ambient Air Quality Standards)

Parameters	No. of Locations,	Method		
	Samples, and			
	Frequencies			
SO2 (µg/m3)		-Improved West and		
		Gaeke		
		-Ultraviolent		
		fluorenscence		
NOx (µg/m3)	10, Twice a week for 13	-Modified Jacob &		
	weeks of a season	Hochheiser (Na-		
		Arsenite)		
		-Chemiluminescence		
PM less than 10 µm (24 hrly)		-Gravimetric		
(µg/m3)		-TOEM		
		-Beta attenuation		
PM less than 2.5 µm (24		-Gravimetric		
hrly) (µg/m3)		-TOEM		
		-Beta attenuation		
CO (1hrly - average) (µg/m3)		Non Dispersive Infrared		
		(NDIR) spectroscopy		

b. Meteorology

Parameters	Methods				
Wind speed, wind direction, solar radiation, cloud	As per CPCB guideline for				
cover, relative humidity, temperature, rainfall.	ambient air quality monitoring				

c. Noise Level

Parameters	No. of Locations, Samples,
	Frequencies
Equivalent noise level (Leq) for day time and night	10, once in a season, as per
time.	CPCB guideline for ambient air quality monitoring

d. Water Quality

Parameters	No. of Locations,
	Samples,
Parameters as per IS-10500 and IS-2296.	Total 10 number of
	samples (minimum 3 for
	surface water), once
	during the season,

e. Soil Quality

Parameters	No.	of	Locations,	Samples,
	Frequ	encies		
Texture, pH, salinity, electrical conductivity,	10 loc	ations	, once during a	a season
organic carbon, NPK, Na, Mg, Ca, Cl, F etc				
Physico Chemical analysis and relevant				
trace metals.				

f. Land use

Param	neters						No.	of	Locations,	Samples,
							Frequ	encies		
Land	use	as	per	the	district	census	s Once during the study period			
handbooks and satellite imagery data.										

g. Geology and Hydrological aspects

Parameters	No.	of	Locations,	Samples,
	Freque	encies		

Detailed Hydrogeological study will be	As per requirement.
carried out for assessment of availability of	
groundwater, determination of aquifer, their	
nature & depth, impact of groundwater due	
to project and feasibility of rainwater	
harvesting.	

h. Socio Economic and Health aspects

Parameters	No.	of	Locations,	Samples,
	Frequ	encies		
Socio-economic and health aspects will be	Once	during	the study period	bd
done for study area.				

i. Ecological studies (Terrestrial and Aquatic)

Parameters	No.	of	Locations,	Samples,
	Frequ	encies		
Flora and fauna will be studied in 10 km	Once	during	the study peri	od
radius study area, once during the study				
period. These studies will be based on				
primary as well as secondary sources.				

j. Aesthetic/Cultural/Sensitive Aspects

Parameters	No.	of	Locations,	Samples,
	Frequ	iencies		
Identification of all historical/ archaeological	Once	during	the study period	od
sites/cultural/religious/tourist				
interests/defence installations in the study				
area. Other sensitive locations such as				
national park, sanctuary, important lakes,				
biosphere reserves, within 15 km radius will				
be identified.				

k. Traffic Survey

Parameters	No.	of	Locations,	Samples,
	Frequ	encies		
Traffic volumes will be measured once	Once	during	study period.	
during study period at three important traffic				
intersections leading to the project site to				
assess the traffic volumes.				

3.0 IDENTIFICATION OF SOURCES OF POLLUTION

3.1 Data Generation

This includes the following:

- Identifying the sources of pollution of air, water, land and noise;
- Quantifying the emissions from the pollution generating sources; and
- Quantification of solid wastes and likely disposal methods will be suggested.

3.2 Sources of Pollution

The likely sources of air and water pollution will be identified and quantified;

- The proposed pollution control measures envisaged in project area for fugitive dust, noise pollution and other environmental effects of each project activities will be assessed;
- The present and proposed changes in land use pattern will be identified; and
- > Suitable green belt development plan will be prepared.
- Based on various project activities, the likely impact on the environment attributes in project area will be identified by:
- > Estimating the air pollution levels for SPM, SO₂ and NOx in the study area
- > Estimating the source emissions for each project specific pollutants;
- > Predicting the noise dispersions for all the noise generating sources;
- > Predicting the impact of wastewater discharges, if any;
- Studying the short-term and long-term affects on sensitive targets like endangered species, crops and historically/archaeologically important sites (if any).

4.0 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

The proposed project will have an impact on the environment. The parameters likely to be affected are air quality, water quality, soil quality and noise levels etc on account of Particulate Matter emissions, liquid effluent discharges, resultant particulates, generation of solid wastes etc will be discussed.

The baseline data generated from the above studies will be analyzed and compared with applicable standards prescribed by the CPCB. By this means, the impact will be assessed and the environmental attributes requiring special attention for mitigating the impact, if any, will be identified. Also the areas, which fulfil the prescribed environmental norms and not requiring further improvements, will be specified. Both short-term and long term impacts particularly on sensitive targets such as habitat of endangered species of wildlife or mines, crops, historically/culturally important sites/monuments, centres with concentrated population in the study area will be established. Impact of the fugitive emissions on terrestrial flora will be scientifically documented based upon species composition of the area and their air pollution tolerance levels.

The impacts of project on various components of environment and the possible mitigation measures for mitigating the negative impacts were described in the following sections.

4.1 Impact on Land Use

• Impact Assessment

The land use impacts due to proposed cement grinding plant will be identified in terms of local land use planning efforts. The change in land use pattern of project site will also be identified. This includes visual impact, impact on forest, impact due to industrial growth and growth due to socio-economic factors.

• Mitigation Measures

The mitigation measures will be addressed towards restoration of land disturbed by the proposed project activities to the extent possible.

4.2 Impact on Ambient air Quality

• Impact Assessment

Emission inventory will be carried in the study area. A computer based internationally recognized equivalent mathematical air quality model will be used to predict the concentration of SO₂, NOx & PM due to proposed project. The results will be presented for short-term (24-hourly) concentrations in and around the project site. The dispersion model results will be included in the report using isopleths or other graphical methods, over laying a land use map of the surrounding area. The predicted air quality results will be compared with existing regulations.

• Mitigation Measures

Potential mitigation measures include the control measures at the source level. The measures to control the fugitive dust emissions will also be suggested according to guidelines of CPCB.

4.3 Impact on Noise

 Impact Assessment: Sources of noise and its impact on the environment will be addressed. The noise level at varying distances for multi-sources will be predicted using Noise model. A comparison of measured noise (Leq) at monitoring locations to that of predicted noise levels (Leq) will be made and mitigatory measures will be recommended to conform to regulatory ambient air noise standards.

Baseline noise levels in different zones like industrial, residential and silence areas like hospitals, schools etc will be monitored. The potential noise level exposure will be determined and evaluate for acceptable limits of exposure.

• Mitigation Measures

The potential mitigation measures will be addressed to reduce noise levels by control at source, isolation of high noise generating sources, use of protective measures especially in high noise areas and development of green belt.

4.4 Impact on Ecology

Impacts on flora-fauna especially during dry season will be assessed particularly those which are endangered, if any. Recommendations will be made to mitigate such adverse impacts as soil erosion and habitat loss. In addition, impact of fugitive emissions will be assessed on the surrounding species of economic/genetic/biological importance.

The parameters, which are of concern, are TSS, TDS, heavy metals, oil and grease, pH and temperature. The assessment will also include impacts of chlorinated organic chemicals. The impact of site preparation activities involving site clearing, excavation, earth moving, dewatering or impounding water bodies and developing burrow and fill areas will be assessed.

4.5 Impact on Water Use

• Impact Assessment

The impacts of the proposed project due to water usage and wastewater discharges will be addressed covering the following:

- Groundwater quality degradation due to likely solid waste disposal and sewage disposal;
- Agricultural productivity;
- Habitat conditions; and
- Recreation resources and aesthetics.
- Mitigation Measures

The mitigation measures will be addressed ensuring the present and anticipated future water requirements for various purposes. The measures also address the need to maintain or improve the existing Class of Water (as per IS: 2296) to ensure that the current/proposed uses are not impaired due to deterioration of the water quality.

4.6 Impact on Water Quality

• Impact Assessment of ground & surface water will be addressed.

Deterioration of Groundwater and surface water quality are not envisaged due to the project activities.

• Mitigation Measures

The mitigation measures including wastewater treatment and recycle will be suggested.

4.7 Impact on Demography and Socio-Economics

• Impact Assessment

On the basis of the information proposed to be collected and employment and other potential for the benefits of surrounding community of the study area, the likely socio-economic impacts of proposed project during construction ,operation and post-project will be assessed in detailed.

• Mitigation Measures

Strategies to mitigate the negative impacts, if any, due to the project will be suggested.

4.8 Impact on Soil

• Impact Assessment

Impact on soil will be assessed in view of change in land use pattern due proposed cement grinding. The debris generated will be reused in levelling of low-lying area.

• Mitigation Measures

Strategies to mitigate the negative impacts on soil due to disposal of solid wastes/over burden, if any, due to the project activities will be suggested with a emphasis on reuse of maximum solid wastes.

5.0 ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT PLAN

A Rapid EIA Report based on three months field data generation will be prepared for the purpose of getting clearance from MoEF.

The Environment Management Plan (EMP) will include all the mitigative measures proposed under each significant environmental attribute. Further, a

suitable green belt development plan for the project site will be included in the EMP report.

6.0 POST STUDY MONITORING PLAN

The Post Project Monitoring (PPM) plan will be prepared considering the following:

- i. The proposed pollution control measures for air, wastewater and solid waste (hazardous/non-hazardous) disposal;
- ii. Waste minimization, wastewater management, waste reuse and resource recovery, waste segregation to make the treatment and disposal cost-effective;
- iii. The monitoring requirements for ensuring the statutory as well as process data is collected; and
- iv. The organizational/institutional set-up required for effective environment management plan implementation and post-project monitoring will be suggested along with the budgetary requirements.

7.0 DISASTER MANAGEMENT PLAN AND OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY

A Disaster Management Plan (DMP) for dealing emergency situation arising due to fire, explosion, leakages of oil, waste oil and other materials will be prepared. The plans include safe storage, handling, transportation and use of hazardous materials/wastes to be used or generated.

Occupational risk involved during construction and operation of the project will be assessed and necessary safety and protective measures will be suggested. The DMP include both onsite and off site emergency preparedness plans. The components of the EIA study include:

 Determination of baseline data using primary data generation and secondary data available from various government published reports on air, meteorology, water, soil, flora & fauna, socio-economics, infrastructure, sensitive areas (forests, archaeological, historical etc);

- Detailed description of all elements of the project activities during the preconstruction, construction and operational phases. The elements analyzed include the infrastructures of the project including drainage features, roads, waste collection, disposal and management and utility requirements;
- Identification of the sources of pollution and assessing the impacts on the environment due to proposed project;
- Preparation of EIA and EMP documents with recommendations on preventive and mitigative measures for limiting the impact on environment to the desired level during various stages of project. Development of a suitable post study-monitoring program to comply with various environmental regulations; and
- Risk Assessment (RA) and Disaster Management Plan (DMP) describing the probable risks and preventive & precautionary measures to be followed in the event of emergency situations such as accidents, fire etc.

Declaration

I hereby give an undertaking that the data and information given in the application and enclosures are true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I am aware that if any part of the data and information submitted is found to be false or misleading at any stage, the project will be rejected and clearance given, if any, to the project will be revoked at our risk and cost.

Signature of the applicant

With name and full address

11100

(Harendra Patel)

Head, Business Development

E Block, 2nd Floor, 3rd Wing, Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City Koparkhairane, Navi Mumbai - 400710.

Date:

Place:

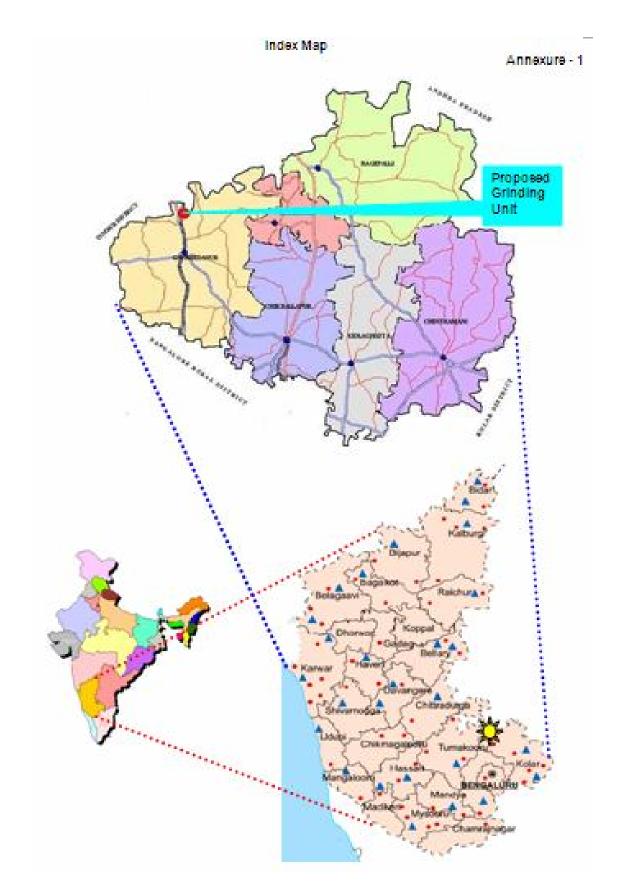
NOTE:

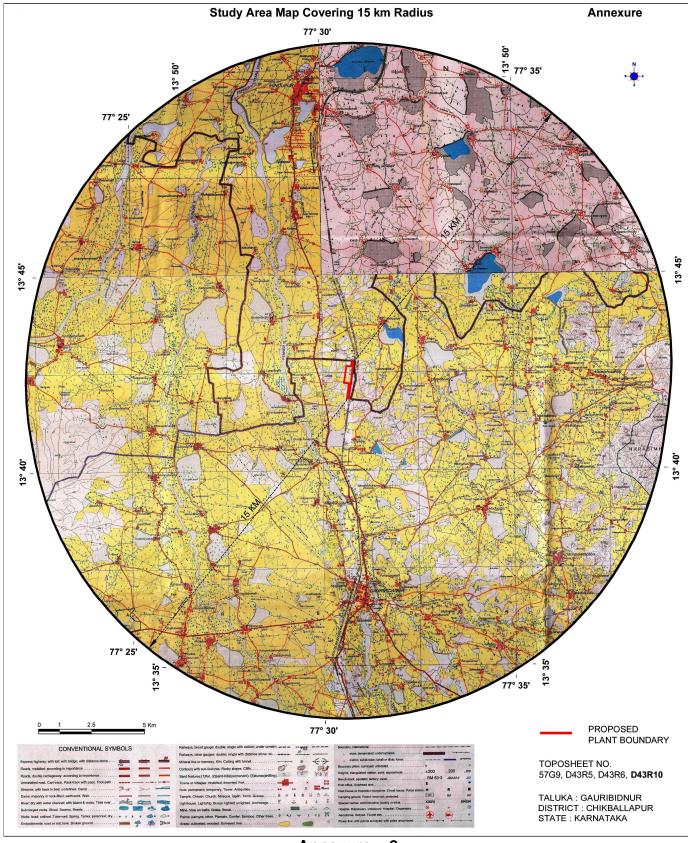
- The projects involving clearance under coastal Regulation zone Notification, 1991 shall submit with the application a C.R.Z map duly demarcated by one of the authorized agencies, showing the project activities, w.r.t. C.R.Z (at the stage of ToR) and the recommendations of the State Coastal Zone Management Authority (at the stage of EC). Simultaneous action shall also be taken to obtain the requisite clearance under the provisions of the C.R.Z Notification, 1991 for the activities to be located in the CRZ.
- 2. The projects to be located within 10 km or the National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Migratory Corridors of Wild Animals, the project proponent shall submit the map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden showing these features vis-a-vis the project location and the recommendations or comments of the Chief Wildlife Warden thereon (at the stage of EC)."
- 3. All correspondence with the Ministry of Environment & Forests including submission of application for TOR/Environmental Clearance, subsequent clarifications, as may be required from time to time, participation in the EAC Meeting on behalf of the project proponent shall be made by the authorized signatory only. The authorized signatory should also submit a document in support of his claim of being an authorized signatory for the specific project."

35

List of Annexures

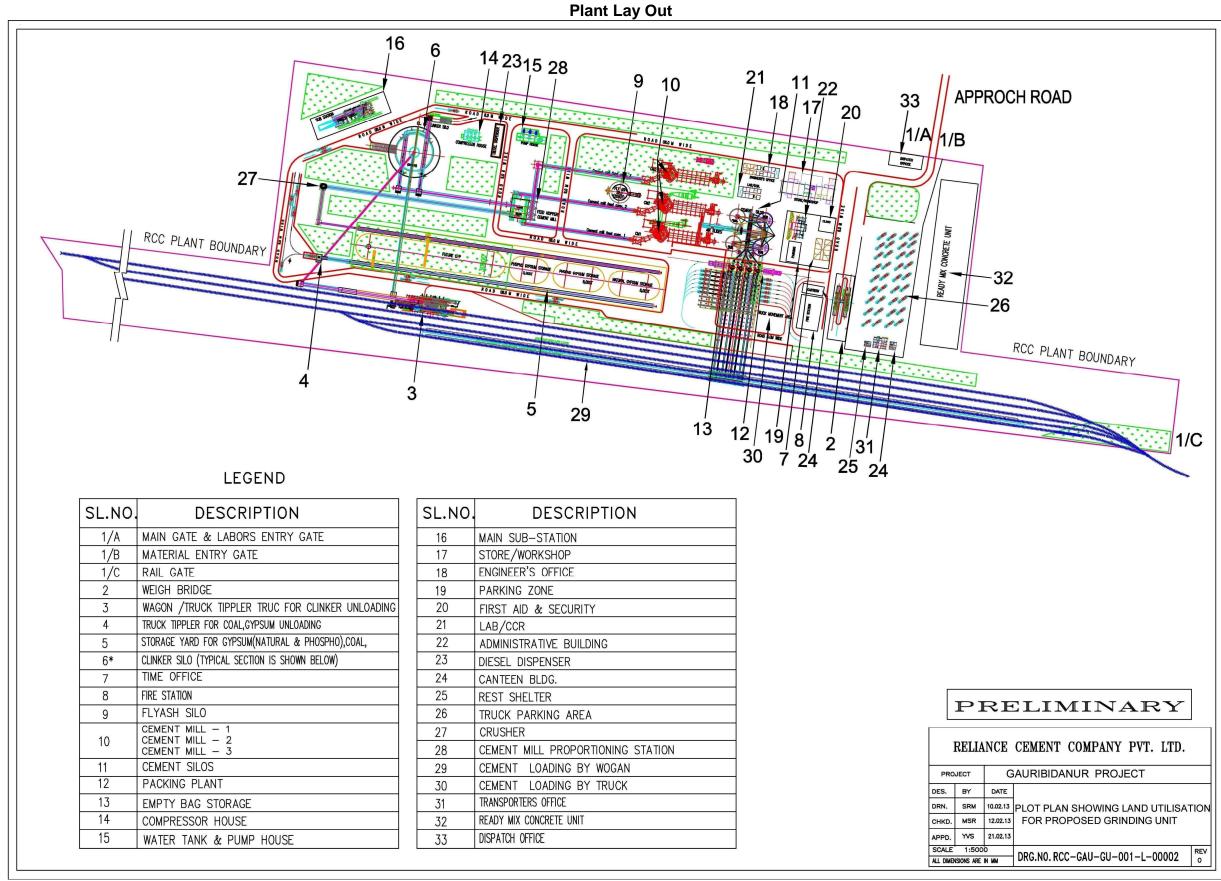
Sr.No.	Annexure No.	Title
1.	Annexure – 1	Index map of Plant area
2.	Annexure – 2	15 km. study area showing Plant area
3.	Annexure – 3	Layout of Plant
4.	Annexure – 4	Co-ordinates of Plant boundary
5.	Annexure – 5	Allotment of Land by KIADB
6.	Annexure – 6	Industrial Entrepreneur Memorandum
7.	Annexure – 7	Process description of grinding unit





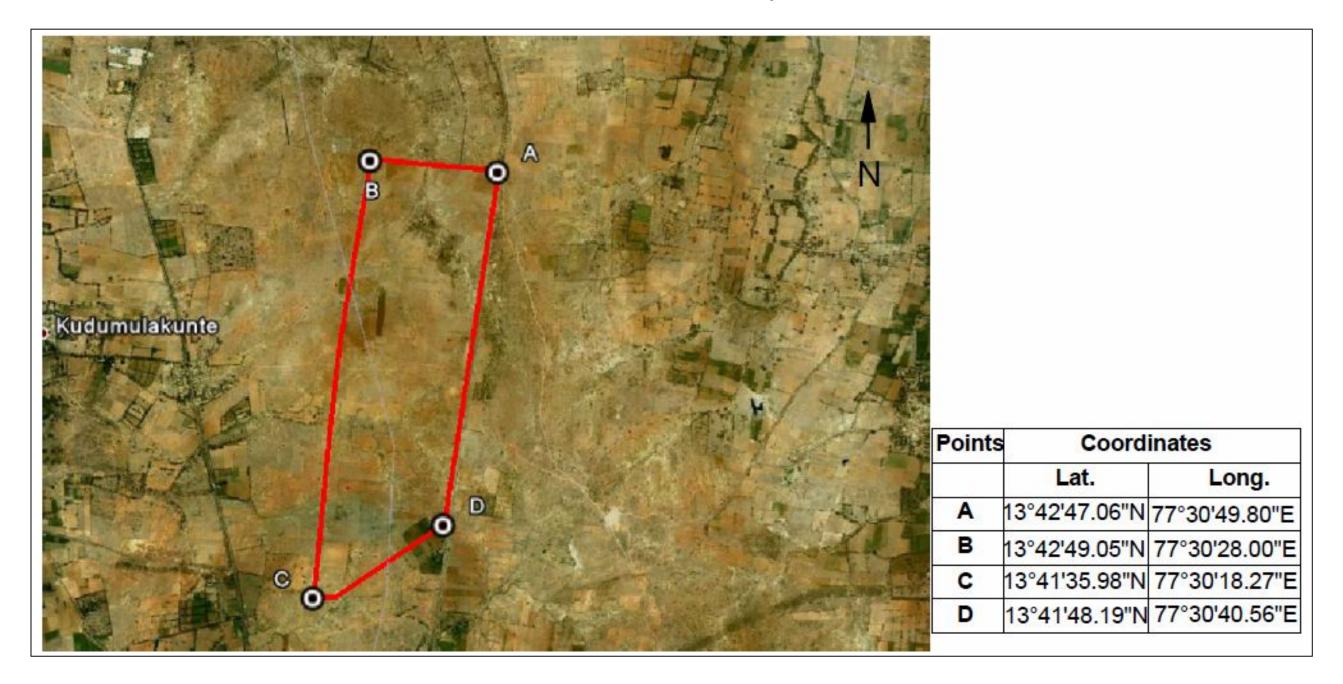
•

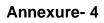
Annexure – 2 15 km. study area showing Plant area



Annexure – 3

Coordinates of Project Site





Annexure – 5 Land allotment letter

KARNATAKA INDUSTRIAL AREAS DEVELOPMENT BOARD (A Government of Karnataka Undertaking) # 14/3, 2nd Floor, R.P. Building, Nrupathunga Road, Bangalore - 560 001 Phone : 22215383, 22215679, 22242006, 22215069, Fax : 080-22217702 Website : www.kiadb.in e-mail : kiadb@mail.kar.nic.ir 14748 Date: 08.02.2013 No: IADB/ SUC-143/ DO-II By RPAD M/s. Reliance Cement Company Pvt.Ltd., Dhirubhai Ambani Knowledge City E-Block, 1st Floor Wing 3, Thane Belapur Road, Koparkhairane Navi Mumbhai - 400 710. India ALLOTMENT LETTER Sir, Allotment of SUC 85 acres of land several Survey Sub: numbers as per sketch and list of survey nos (enclosed) in Gowribidanur Industrial Area. 2nd Phase Ref: 1) Your application dt: 05.11.2012 2) G.O No: CI/332/SPI/2012 Bangalore, dt: 03.11.2012 3) CEO & EM Approval dt: 07.02.2013 ***** I am happy to inform you that you have been allotted 85 acres of land in several Sy.Nos as per sketch and list of survey Nos (enclosed), of Gowribidanur 2nd Phase for development and manufacture of Cement Grinding and Packing Unit, subject to terms and conditions indicated in the Annexure appended hereto and also the terms and conditions mentioned hereinafter. 1. The allotment of land is on lease-cum-sale basis for a period of 10 years. At the end of 10 years, the lease shall be converted into a sale subject to fulfillment of all the terms and conditions of allotment and payment of price of land in full as finally fixed subject to adjustment of amounts paid by you towards premium. The conversion of lease into sale shall also be subject to the utilization of minimum 50% of the land allotted. The utilization of land as determined by the Board on the merits of each case is final and binding.

2. The price of the land shall be determined by the Board and intimated to you in due course. However, for the purpose of this allotment, the tentative price of the land per acre/ Sq.mtrs. has been fixed at Rs. 9,50,000=00 per acre + 12% Board Service Charges of RS. 96,90,000=00 together with prorate cost of approach Roads, Water and Power, Infrastructure.

---- 2 ----

3. The tentative price of the land and lease rents shall be paid as follows:

3(a). A sum of Rs. ------ =00 being the balance 20% of the land cost shall be paid within 30 days from the date of issue of this letter. i.e. on or before -----

3(b). A sum of **Rs.** ------=00 being the balance tentative cost of land and **Rs**.-----==00 towards Board Service Charges i.e., **Rs**------==00 shall be paid within **180 days** from the date of issue of this letter i.e. on or before ------

3(b.1). The allotment is made subject to the condition that you should pay the prorate cost of Approach Road, water and Power infrastructure after intimation from Board.

3(c) In the event of your furnishing bank guarantee or letter of commitment from KSFC/KSIIDC/Financial institutions agreeing to pay the cost of land indicated at 3(b) directly to the Board, the allotment will be confirmed and documentation will be permitted subject to payment of interest at 12.75% per annum on amount due from the date of handing over possession of land to the date of payment which should be made within 90 days from the date of execution of agreement.

3(d) You should pay lease rent of Rs. **1000=00** per acre/per annum or part thereof or at such other rates as may be fixed by the Board from time to time together with maintenance charges of Rs. **3,000=00 per** acre per annum

3(e) Interest at 12.75% per annum shall be levied in case the lease rents are not paid within one month from the date on which the lease rents fall due every year.

4. This allotment letter will be valid only for a period of 30 days from the date of its issue and in the event of failure to pay the amount indicated at para 3(a), allotment stands automatically cancelled and EMD paid stands forfeited.

5. In case of your failure to pay the amount mentioned at Para 3(b) before expiry of the time stipulated therein, this offer of allotment stands automatically expired and the earnest money deposit and 10% of the amount paid by you towards cost of land stands automatically forfeited.

5(a) If the balance land cost is not paid within 180 days from the date of execution of lease agreement in respect of cases mentioned at Para 3(c), the plot would be resumed on expiry of the time stipulated without issuing any fresh notice.

6. Soon after receipt of the payment of 100% tentative cost of land and on your acceptance of all the terms and conditions indicated herein before and also those mentioned hereinafter, the possession of land will be handed over within 30 days from the date of payment and at the time of taking over possession you should produce the original receipt, issue for the payment made, to the Engineer in charge of the area.

7. On taking possession of land, you shall adhere to the time schedule indicated in the standard conditions appended hereto

8. Your failure to fulfill any of the standard terms and conditions and also to take over possession of land within 30 days from the date of payment of the land cost shall result in cancellation of allotment and forfeiture of 25% of the amount paid towards tentative cost of land and EMD deposited shall stand forfeited.

9. The cancelled allotments or the resumed plots shall be restored, only at the rates prevailing at the time of considering such requests provided the request in writing for such restoration is received within one month from the date of cancellation of allotment or resumption. Any requests received after expiry of 30 days from the date of cancellation/resumption of land will be rejected.

10. Extension of time will be granted only in the following circumstances.

a) On direction from High Court/Injunction Order / Orders from competent Judicial forum relating to acquisition proceedings and taking over possession of Plot.

11. The Coverage, setbacks, floor area ratio shall be in accordance with the schedule prescribed below:

SI.	Size of the Plot	Ground	FAR	Set b	acks(M)
No.	(Sq.m)	Coverage		Front	Rear and sides
1	Upto 500	75 %	1.50	4.50	4.50
2	Above 500 upto 1000	60 %	1.25	4.50	4.50
3	Above 1000 upto 3000	50 %	1.00	6.00	6.00
4	Above 3000	45 %	1.00	10.00	8.00

A) ZONE-I – Industrial (General)

B) Zone-I(H)- Industrial (Hi-Tech)

This Zone is a priority area for establishment of activities associated with IT, BT, Electronics, Telecom, etc.

SI.	Size of the Plot			Road width	Set backs (M)	
No	(Sqm)	Coverage		(M)	Front	Rear and sides
1	Upto 1000	55 %	2.00	Upto 12	4.50	4.50
2	Above 1000 upto 2000	50 %	2.25	Above 12 upto 18	6.00	6.00
3	Above 2000 upto 4000	50 %	2.50	Above 18 upto 24	10.00	8.00
4	Above 4000 upto 6000	45 %	3.00	Above 24 upto 30	12.00	10.00
5	Above 6000	45 %	3.25	Above 30	16.00	12.00

However, where Industrial Areas are located within the Municipal Corporation limits, Urban Development Areas, the building by-laws of the Corporation authorities, Urban Development Authorities shall only be followed.

----- 4 ----

12. You obtain the environment clearance from the Ministry of Environment and Forest, Government of India, after obtaining No objection certificate from Karnataka State Pollution Control Board and the Department of Ecology and Environmental before the execution of agreement wherever applicable.

13. You shall create maximum possible additional employment opportunities and provide a minimum of **80%** of the employment to the local people on an overall basis. However, you shall employ **100%** of the local people in case of Group C&D categories.

14. The Personnel Officer to be employed by you should be a Kannadiga.

15. You shall provide employment to at least one person in each displaced family of the erstwhile landowners in respect of the land allotted to you, depending on their qualification and suitability to the post.

16. You are also requested to remit Rs. 8,10,000=00 towards slum improvement cess as per G.O. No. HUD/180/MIB/94/ dt. 29.03.1984 together with balance land cost.

17. You should make arrangement for rainwater harvesting and ground water recharging in the Plot allotted in consultation with Ecology, Environment and Forest Department.

The receipt of this letter may please be acknowledged.

Yours faithfully,

Chief Executive Officer and Executive Member

Annexure – 6 Copy of IEM

*******		1	
and all surface	H. J. Carlos and Carlo	ारत सरकार	X104181150
avente pilo	Gove	ernment of In	dia
	वाणिज्य उ	और उद्योग	मत्रालय Page No : 1
	Ministry of	Commerce &	Inductor
	आद्यागव	र्ग सहायता सनि	विवियम
	Secretariat f	or Industrial A एवम् शिकायत	Annia
	PUDIIC Kelatio	n & Compla	inte Section
संख्या	1251/SIA/IM0/2012	प्ते सूचना	नई दिल्ली, दिनांक
110.	······	WLEDGEMEN	
	ारा निम्नलिखित का विनिर्माण करने संबंधी आपका sceipt of your memorandum for the manufacture	ं ज्ञापन प्राप्त होने की सूच e of following is hereby ac	
Item Co	ode		
	Proposed Item: CEMENT IN THE of Manufacture	E FORM OF CLINKER	15
3241	falling under NIC - broad de	escription	
5241	MANUFACTURE OF CEMENT IN THE Proposed Capacity :	FORM OF CLINKER 3.00 MTPA	S
	Proposed Item: PORTLAND CEM of Manufacture SIMILAR		CEMENT, SLAG CEMENT AND
3242	falling under NIC - broad de MANUFACTURE OF PORTLAND CEME SIMILAR HYDRAULIC CEMENTS,EX Proposed Capacity :		ME NT, SLAG CEMENT AND OF CLINKERS
	Proposed Item: ASBESTOS CEM of Manufacture	ENT & OTHER CEMEN	NT PRODUCTS
3270	falling under NIC - broad de MANUFACTURE OF ASBESTOS CEME Proposed Capacity ; 19	scription NT AND OTHER CEME 20.00 M3/HRS	INT PRODUCTS
		More Items ******	***
	nowledgement is subject to the ess Note No 17 dated 28th Nov 7)/2011-IP) regarding the signi f Industrial Entrepreneur Memor	Provisions of Pr Vember 1997 and	ess Note No. 4 datad pour
M/S	RELIANCE CEMENT COMPANY PVT.L	.	
	2.,	.' स्थापना-स्थल	GWARIBIDNUR/ALKAPUR/
DHIF	LOCK,IST FLOOR, RUBHAI AMBANI	Located at	BOMMASANDRA/KUDUMA-
KNOL	LEDGE CITY, MUMBAI- 400 710	स्थान/कस्बा	LAKUNTE, GWARIBIDNUR
NAVI	100 100 10	Place/Town तहसील/ताल्लुक	
NAVI	RASHTRA		
NAVI	neerMasols/12	Tehsil/Taluk	CHIKBALLAPUR
NAVI	Neel 2015/12		KARNATAKA
NAVI	neerMasols/12	Tehsil/Taluk	

Annexure - 7 Grinding Unit - Process Description

The manufacturing process of this plant comprises of grinding of clinker with Gypsum and Flyash / slag. This involves the use of Flyash / slag as a resource; No clinker manufacturing is involved. There will be no generation of waste water or any obnoxious emissions from the plant. The cement dust emission during packing and grinding operations will be collected in the bag filters and recycled. The process selected for grinding of clinker at proposed unit will be dry process.

Sr.	Description			
No.				
1	Wagon & Trucks Tippler			
2	Vertical / Ball mill			
3	Gypsum crusher			
4	Hot Air Generator (HAG)			
5	Coal crusher & Coal mill for HAG			
6	Blender			
7	Packer			
8	Wagon loader			
9	Truck loader			
10	Bulk cement loading spot			
11	Gypsum covered storage yard			
12	Wet slag storage yard			
13	Raw coal covered storage yard			
14	Cement storage silos			
15	Clinker storage silo			
16	Intermediate silos for OPC / ground			
	slag			
17	Flyash storage silo			

Major equipments / Material Storage

Raw Material Procurement & Handling

The major raw materials for the proposed grinding unit will be clinker, gypsum and fly ash /slag.

• Clinker

Clinker will be made available from integrated cement plant at Sedam, Dist : Gulbarga, Karnataka by road / rail to the proposed Grinding Unit. Clinker shall be unloaded by Wagon Tippler. The capacity of the Wagon Tippler shall be such that a rail rake of clinker is unloaded, within a time span of 5 hours. One rake loads per day minimum is envisaged. The Wagon tippler shall have a built-in weighing system to measure the filled & tare weights of the wagon. The wagon Tippler installation shall be fully covered and equipped with dust extraction system. This will enable to reduce fugitive dust.

Clinker shall be unloaded into the covered clinker silo by belt conveyors. Clinker shall be stored in a clinker storage silo of approximately 40,000 tonne capacity. It will be reclaimed by gravity flow and fed to the mill through rubber belt conveyors from the silo bottom. It shall be fed by weigh feeder provided beneath the clinker hoppers.

• Fly Ash

Fly Ash in dry state will be sourced from adjacent thermal power plants of TTPP Chennai. The fly ash system shall be designed for compatibility with multiple transport modes, viz. covered trucks, tankers and direct pumping from adjacent power plant. The dry fly ash received in covered trucks shall be unloaded into receiving hopper with the help of Truck Tippler. The hopper shall be equipped with aeration pads to facilitate extraction of Fly ash. The Fly ash extracted from receiving hopper shall be conveyed and discharged into a RCC Silo of ~ 5000 tonnes capacity. Aerated airslides shall be provided for feeding the elevator. The RCC silo feeding system shall be a bucket elevator or direct pneumatic unloading system from road bulkers.

The Fly ash extracted from RCC silo shall be conveyed and discharged into a Steel silo (day bin) of ~ 450 t capacity (to be placed in the cement mill building) vide the Bucket Elevator, overhead air slides. Air slide system facility for recirculation of fly

ash within the Silo by means of extraction air slides and belt bucket elevator shall be provided.

• Gypsum

Gypsum (mineral) will be procured from Rajasthan / Vishakapatanam (phospho gypsum) and transported by road / rail. Gypsum will be unloaded by wagon / truck tippler into a hopper / crusher. Gypsum will be stored in a gypsum hopper through belt conveyors. Gypsum shall be fed at a controlled rate into the mill by weigh feeders provided beneath the gypsum hoppers.

• Grinding

Clinker and Gypsum will be ground in vertical mill, where rollers are used for grinding. The product from the mill will be transported to storage silo through closed bucket elevator / pneumatic system

Fines collected in ESP/Bag house will be recycled to storage silo. For grinding of wet slag, coal fired hot gas generator will be installed for drying operation inside the vertical mill.

• Cement Storage Silo

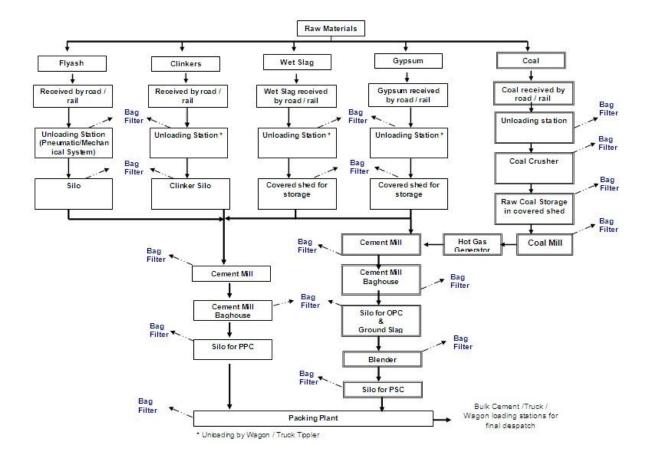
The ground material shall be transported to cement storage silo by air slides and bucket elevator/ belt conveyor. Two RCC Silos will be constructed for storage of cement.

• Packing & Transport

Twin discharge packing machines shall be installed. Material will be extracted from the silo by air slides and fed to packer by bucket elevator and screen. Space & system provision shall be made for a second packer.

From the packer, bags shall be transported to truck / wagon loading bays by suitable system of flat belts and diverters. Each packer will be provided with 3 nos. of mechanised truck loaders. Bags shall be loaded in the trucks by these automatic truck loading machines.

Process Flow Diagram



Project description of Proposed Ready Mixed Concrete (RMC) Unit

The process selected for Ready Mixed Concrete manufacturing at proposed unit will be wet process.

Ready Mixed concrete will be made from a mix of cement, aggregates and water. Aggregates make up the majority of the concrete's volume and the cement provides resistance. Additives will be incorporated into the mix to ensure particular properties such as improved durability or shortened hardening times.

In proposed RMC Unit, cement, aggregates (coarse & fine), admixtures and water will be fed for homogeneous mixing of concrete in high efficiency pan mixers or twin shaft vibro-mixers in fully automated mixing & batching plant. The Ready Mixed Concrete will be immediately transported to specified construction site in the radius of 50 to 75 km of proposed RMC unit by concrete mix tankers having rotating drums which will rotate at a speed of two to six rotations per minutes during transportation to maintain the quality of ready mixed concrete.

Inert raw materials namely fine aggregates and coarse aggregates will be stored in <u>bins</u>, whereas cement will be stored in air-tight silos. Water and admixtures will be stored in tanks.

Inert raw materials namely fine aggregates and coarse aggregates will be stored in bins, whereas cement will be stored in air-tight silos. Water and admixtures will be stored in tanks. Inert raw materials will be fed to the batching plant mixer by means of an aggregate belt conveyor. The required quantity of cement will be extracted from the silo by a screw conveyor and fed into the mixer. Water and admixtures will be pumped into the mixer through a flow meter. After the mixing in the mixer completely, the ready mixed concrete will be discharged into the transmit mixer which can be then transported the concrete to the construction site. All these above operations will be controlled by a computer housed in the control room of the batching plant.

The detail of each raw material is given below:

Cement: The ingredient that gives concrete its strength. All types of cement (OPC or PPC) can be used for the preparation varying the additives added to the mix.

Aggregates: It makes up roughly 60% to 75% of RMC's volume, obtained from quarries and aggregate banks.

Chemical Admixtures: Additives are solid or liquid chemical substances that can be added to RMC before or during preparation. Most commonly used additives either improve hardened concrete's durability or reduce a concrete's water content in an effort to shorten setting times.

Water: This is the mix's vital fluid, which sets off a chemical reaction when it comes into contact with the cement.

Concrete Mixing: During the mixing phase, the different components come together to produce a uniform mass of concrete. Mixing time is registered from the moment material and water is poured into the cement mixer, and it starts rotating.

Transportation: While transporting concrete to a site, the cement mixer never stops revolving at a speed of two to six rotations per minute. Entire process will be fully computerized, leaving no scope for human errors.

Cement and other raw material will be checked as per quality plan. Cement, Fly ash, Slag etc will be stored in separate silos for better control on recipe. Handling of fly ash and slag will be done from closed bunkers to silos directly. Separate weighbatchers will be provided for each ingredient like cement, water, admixtures and aggregates. The weighing will be done on sophisticated electronic weigh batchers. Precise weighing of all materials will be done through electronic load cells made up of special alloys. Homogeneous mixing of concrete will be ensured by use of special high-efficiency mixers like pan-type or turbo-twin shaft mixers. A fully equipped onsite plant laboratory will be available. Processes will be in place for effective and periodic maintenance and calibration of all critical components. Laser sensor and moisture control will be used for a stringent quality assurance. All the raw materials will be stacked in separate bins and will be stored under cover so that aggregates will not be exposed to direct sunlight and thus avoid environment pollution. A Sprinkler system will be installed to ensure temperature control of aggregates in hot weather. All silos will be installed with bag filters and level indicators to avoid any kind of pollution.

Plant & Machineries:

The major machineries required for proposed RMC unit will be two storage yards of aggregates (coarse and fine), four hoppers (two each for coarse and fine aggregates), three silos fitted with suitable bag filters (two for OPC and one for fly ash each of capacity 50-100 m³), two water tanks (one working & one standing), weighing station and PLC, concrete mixer, battery of screw conveyors to carry cement / fly ash to mixer, Batching stand support, truck parking area, access for infeeding the material (aggregate) etc.

The coarse and fine aggregates will be stored in covered storage yards, cement will be fed directly through cement silo, admixture chemicals solution and water will be pumped to mixers.

No.	Name of Raw Materials	Quantity (MTPA)		
For Ready Mixed Concrete@ 1.12 Million TPA (475,200 m ³ /year or 60 m ³ /hr)				
1	Cement	0.312		
2	Aggregates (Coarse & Fine)	0.714		
3	Admixture Chemicals	0.011		
4	Water	0.024		

Details of Raw Materials for Proposed RMC Unit

Note: For RMC, working is considered for 330 days in a year and density of Ready Mixed Concrete is considered as 2.35 T/M^3 .

Process Flow Diagram of RMC Unit

`

