Minutes of the 252nd Meeting of the State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC), Haryana held on 14.10.2022 under the Chairmanship of Sh. V. K. Gupta, Chairman, SEAC, in Conference Hall (SEIAA), Bays No.55-58, First Floor, Paryatan Bhawan, Sector-2, Panchkula for considering Environmental Clearance of Projects (B Category) under Government of India Notification dated 14.09.2006

At the outset the Chairman, SEAC welcomed the Members of the SEAC and advised the Member Secretary to give brief background of this meeting.

The minutes of 251st meeting were discussed and approved. In the meeting 6 nos. of agenda projects received from SEIAA, were taken up for scoping, appraisal and grading as per agenda circulated.

The following members joined the meeting:

Sr. No.	Name	Designation
1.	Sh.Prabhakar Verma	Member
2.	Dr.Vivek Saxena, IFS	Member
3.	Dr.Sandeep Gupta	Member
4.	Sh.Bhupender Singh Rinwa, Joint Director, Environment & Climate Change Department, Haryana	Member Secretary

252.01 Extension of EC validity for Boulder, Gravel and Sand minor mineral project located at Village Pipli Majra Block/ YNR B-29, 30 & 31 Tehsil Chhachhrauli District Yamuna Nagar, Haryana over an area of 18.20 Ha proposed by Sh. Paramjeet Singh

Project Proponent : Shri Veerbhan Wadhwa Consultant : Vardan EnviroNet

The project was submitted to the SEIAA, Haryana vide online proposal No. SIA/HR/MIN/291513/2022 dated 07.09.2022 for obtaining Environmental Clearance under Category 1(a) of EIA Notification 14.09.2006. Project proponent has submitted prescribed scrutiny fees vide DD No.003544 dated 30.08.2022 of Rs.1,50,000/-.

The case was taken up in 252nd meeting of SEAC held on 14.10.202. PP alongwith his consultant presented the case before the committee and submitted brief note of the project as under:

- 1. Letter of intent for LOI was grant by Department of Mines & Geology, Govt. of Haryana vide letter no. DMG/HY/Cont./PipliMajra Block/YNR B 29, 30 & 31/2015/8071 dated 14.09.2015 in favor of M/s Paramjeet Singh S/o Hardeep Singh.
- 2. Latest Mining Plan including Progressive Mine Closure Plan was got approved by the competent authority from DMG, Haryana vide letter no. DMG/HY/MP/piplimajra/YNR B-29, 30 & 31/2022/5551 dated 30/08/2022.
- 3. Environmental Clearance (EC) was granted from the SEIAA, Haryana vide letter no.SEIAA/HR/2016/883 dated 13.10.2016 for 5 year.
- 4. CTE has been granted by HSPCB vide letter no HSPCB/Consent/313100417YAMCTE3763379 dated 30/03/2017.
- 5. CTO has been granted by HSPCB vide letter no. HSPCB/Consent/ 313100422YAMCTO23816150 dated 01.10.2022.
- 6. Status of compliance report has been issued vide File No. HSPCB-180001/87/2022-Region dated 09/07/2022.
- 7. Wildlife Conservation Plan was got approved from Forest Department, Government of Haryana O/o P.C.C.F.-cum-Chief Warden, Haryana issued vide letter no.283 dated 25/04/2017.

- 8. Forest NOC issued by Forest Division Officer vide letter no.3936 dated 4/01/2016.
- 9. Replenishment Study is not applicable in this project as it is a non-riverbed mining.

The PP further submitted an undertaking and affidavit stating therein that:

- No litigation pending against the project
- The species wise plantation details along with the Geo-tagged Photographs are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of Species	No. of trees
1.	Popular trees	3400
2.	Sheesham	100
3	Neem	100
4.	Jaamoon	100
5.	Bakain	100
6.	Safeda	300
7.	Shahtoot	100
8.	Mango	50
9.	Amrood	50
10.	Pahadivaraity	100
	Total	4400

The PP also submitted copy of Certified Compliance Report issued by Member Secretary, Haryana State Pollution Control Board vide letter dated 09.07.2022 which is addressed to Member Secretary, State Environment Impact Assessment Authority. Further, the PP has applied for extension of EC for mining of Boulder & Gravels and sand minor minerals for which EC has already been granted by SEIAA vide letter dated 13.10.2016 for 5 years. The Mining Plan has been approved by Mining and Geology Department, Haryana vide letter dated 30.08.2022 for five years. Shri Sanjay Simberwal, Mining Engineer who was also present in the meeting, has confirmed that replenishment study not required as the project lies outside from the riverbed. PP has stated that the approved Wildlife Conservation Plan has also been submitted at the time of appraisal of the project. Vide undertaking PP has also submitted that no litigation is pending against the project.

A detailed discussion was held on the submission as well as documents furnished by the PP during presentation. The documents submitted by the PP were discussed at length and found in order. After deliberation, the Committee decided to send the case to SEIAA for extension of validity of Environment Clearance to the project upto validity of approved Mining Plan.

252.02 EC for Proposed Integrated Residential Plotted Development project over an area of 52.97916 acres in the revenue estate of Village Islam Nagar, Sector-3, 4, & 4-A, Pinjore Kalka Urban Complex, District Panchkula, Haryana being developed by M/s Trident Hills Private Ltd.

Project Proponent : Sh.Sandeep Kumar Consultant : Vardan EnviroNet

The project was submitted to the SEIAA, Haryana vide online proposal No.SIA/HR/INFRA2/401340/2022 dated 27.09.2022 for obtaining Environmental Clearance under Category 8(a) of EIA Notification 14.09.2006. Project proponent has submitted prescribed scrutiny fees vide DD No.036115 dated 31.08.2022 of Rs.2,00,000/-.

The case was taken up in 252nd meeting held on 14.10.2022. The PP alongwith consultant appeared before the committee and presented their case. During presentation of this case, it has come to the notice of the committee that the **land measuring 52.97916 acres** proposed to be developed in this project has already been covered under the Environment Clearance granted by SEIAA vide letter dated 15.04.2014 in the name of **M/s Mangolia Propbuild Pvt. Ltd**.

After due deliberation, the Committee was of the unanimous view that before proceeding further, the status of construction of M/s Mangolia Propbuild Pvt. Ltd. should be brought on record as nothing has been mentioned in the application of this project. In addition, it has been brought to the notice of the Committee that a letter dated 04.10.2022 has been issued by SEIAA vide which some observations were conveyed to the project proponent with direction to submit desired documents before the SEAC at the time of presentation. However, PP did not reply to the above mentioned letter and reply of the observations conveyed to the PP is also required before appraisal of the project. The PP as well as consultant assured that they will reply all these observations. Accordingly, the case is deferred and shall be taken in next meeting.

252.03 EC Proposed Integrated Residential Plotted Development project over an area measuring 71.28125 acres in the revenue estate of Village Islam Nagar, Sector-3, 4, & 4-A, Pinjore Kalka Urban Complex, District Panchkula, Haryana being developed by M/s Trident Hills Private Ltd

Project Proponent : Sh.Sandeep Kumar Consultant : Vardan EnviroNet

The project was submitted to the SEIAA, Haryana vide online proposal No. SIA/HR/INFRA2/401472/2022 dated 27.09.2022 for obtaining Environmental Clearance under Category 8(a) of EIA Notification 14.09.2006. Project proponent has submitted prescribed scrutiny fees vide DD No. 036116 dated 31.08.2022 of Rs.2,00,000/-.

The case was taken up in 252nd meeting held on 14.10.2022. The PP alongwith consultant appeared before the committee and presented their case. During presentation of this case, it has come to the notice of the committee that the land measuring **71.28125** acres proposed to be developed in this project has already been covered under the Environment Clearance granted by SEIAA vide letter dated 15.04.2014 in the name of **M/s Mangolia Propbuild Pvt. Ltd**.

After due deliberation, the Committee was of the unanimous view that before proceeding further, the status of construction of M/s Mangolia Propbuild Pvt. Ltd. should be brought on record as nothing has been mentioned in the application of this project. In addition, it has been brought to the notice of the Committee that a letter dated 04.10.2022 has been issued by SEIAA vide which some observations were conveyed to the project proponent with direction to submit desired documents before the SEAC at the time of presentation. However, PP did not reply to the above mentioned letter and reply of the observations conveyed to the PP is also required before appraisal of the project. The PP as well as consultant assured that they will reply all these observations. Accordingly, the case is deferred and shall be taken in next meeting

252.04 EC for VSR Mall Retail-cum-Office Complex Sector 114 Village Bajghera, Gurgaon, Haryana-122017 by Sh.Puran Das M/s VSR Mall Retail-cum-Office Complex

Project Proponent : Not present

Consultant : Shri Varun Gupta authorised representative of M/s

Earthvision India Associate (EIA) Consultants

The project was submitted to the SEIAA, Haryana vide online proposal No.SIA/HR/MIS/290750/2022 dated 29.08.2022 for obtaining Environmental Clearance under Category 8(a) of EIA Notification 14.09.2006.

- The ToR granted to the project on dated 03.08.2022
- PP submitted the requisite scrutiny fee of Rs.1,50,000/- vide DD No. 112829 dated 26.04.2022

The case was taken up in 250th meeting of SEAC, Haryana. The Project Proponent along with consultant has appeared before the committee. They were informed about a complaint received against them. In the said complaint it is stated by M/s Aplinka Solutions and Technologies Pvt. Ltd. (NABET Accreditation, Disclosure of Consultant, and Management details) that M/S VSR Infratech Private Limited, having its registered office at Plot No. 14, Institutional Area, Sector 44, Gurugram, Haryana has illegally used the credentials of their company in their EIA Report for obtaining the Environment Clearance of one of their Projects, namely; "VSR Mall, A Retail-cum-Office Complex (Expansion Under Violation)" from SEIAA/ SEAC, Haryana. It has further been submitted that the same Project is to be taken up in 250th meeting of SEAC, Haryana, at Agenda No: 250.06 proposed to be held on 28.09.2022. It has further been submitted by complainant that any details submitted by the PP and/or his non-accredited consultant with respect to this project are not known to them and they have no role in the preparation and submission of any ToR application, EIA report, and supplementary documents submitted on the online portal/circulated in hard copy to SEIAA/SEAC pertaining to said project. The copy of complaint provided to Project Proponent as well as to consultant and the Committee directed them to furnish their comments with regard to the complaint.

The Project Proponent received the copy of complaint and requested to give them time for submitting their reply in connection with the complaint. The committee acceded with the request of PP and deferred the case. PP was directed to submit reply/comments to complaint within 15 days.

The case taken up in 252nd meeting of SEAC held on 14.10.2022. The consultant appeared before the committee and submitted that he has submitted that he has made a written apology to M/s Aplinka Solutions and Technologies Pvt. Ltd. A copy of email dated 14.10.2022 sent by M/s Earthvision India Associate (EIA) Consultants to M/s Aplinka Solutions and Technologies Pvt. Ltd. has also been submitted by consultant. In response to the said email M/s Aplinka Solutions and Technologies Pvt. Ltd. also conveyed to Member Secretary, SEAC through its **official email** dated 14.10.2022, as under:

"We would like to update you that we have received an email from the consultant, M/s Earthvision India Associate who is the NABET accredited consultant for the project M/s. VSR Infratech Pvt. Ltd. Based on the Apology submitted by the consultant and subject to the compliance of points mentioned in the undertaking submitted by him, we would like to withdraw the complaint made by us against the PP for illegally using the credentials of Aplinka Solutions and Technologies Pvt. Ltd. for the said project."

Further, Sh.Varun Gupta representative of M/s Earthvision India Associate (EIA) Consultants also submitted an undertaking stating therein that:

- 1. Inadvertently, the "work in progress" report was attached as the same was placed next to our finalized report. M/s Aplinka Solutions & Technologies Pvt. Ltd. is not responsible for this error made by us.
- 2. We, the consultants, M/s Earthvision India Associate (EIA) Consultants (NABET accredited consultant bearing accreditation no.QCI/NABT/ENV/ACO/21/1884) take the full responsibility of the error made by us.
- 3. The contents of the final report have not been copied/pasted from any report of M/s Aplinka Solutions & Technologies Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. This is an inadvertent error conducted at our part and will not be repeated ever again in the future.
- 5. We assure that this report will be replaced by the final report prepared by us on the online portal after decision taken by the Honourable SEIAA & SEAC for our project. All the consequences related to this will be borne by us and M/s Aplinka Solutions & Technologies Pvt Ltd will not be held liable for the mistake made by us.
- 6. We will take the complete responsibility for the for any harm happened and/or to happen in future to the image or reputation of M/s Aplinka Solutions & Technologies Pvt Ltd. due to this error and will be ready to pay the damages linked to it.
- 7. Further, we want to assure that similar mistake will not be repeated in future, if by any reason Earth Vision found in similar activity in that case M/s Aplinka Solutions & Technologies Pvt. Ltd. can take legal action against us.

After detailed deliberation on the email of M/s Aplinka Solutions and Technologies Pvt. Ltd. regarding withdrawal of the compliant and the documents submitted by consultant as well as apology made by Sh.Varun Gupta, representative of M/s Earthvision India Associate (EIA) Consultants in writing, the committee accepted his request for apology, however, **the consultant** M/s Earthvision India Associate (EIA) Consultants (through Sh.Varun Gupta, representative) **has been warned** to be careful and not to repeat such mistake in future.

Further, an application has also been submitted wherein it is requested to generate ADS to enable PP to upload updated EIA report on PARIVESH portal after making necessary

correction/rectification as discussed above. The committee acceded with the request and decided that **ADS** be generated in this case and deferred the case.

252.05 EC for Expansion of Proposed Commercial Building Ätrium Place" in Va nijya Nikunj, Udyog Vihar, Phase V, Gurugram, Haryana by M/s Aadarshini Real Estate Developers Private Limited

Project Proponent : Shri R. C. Bakshi

Consultant : Ind Tech House Consult

The project was submitted to the SEIAA, Haryana vide online proposal No. SIA/HR/INFRA2/401895/2022 dated 30.09.2022 for obtaining Environmental Clearance under Category 8(b) of EIA Notification 14.09.2006. Project proponent has submitted prescribed scrutiny fees vide DD No.000302 dated 23.06.2022 of Rs.2,00,000/-.

The case was taken up in 252nd meeting held on 14.10.2022. The PP alongwith consultant presented its case before the committee. During the presentation, detailed discussion as held on the documents submitted by the PP. PP was asked to give clarification on some points to which PP has submitted as under:

BACKGROUND NOTE:

(Annexure 1)

PP submitted that Environmental Clearance (EC) for this project was granted by the SEIAA, Haryana vide letter no.SEIAA/HR/2020/220 dated 03.06.2020 for plot area 47,590.60 sqm and built-up area 4,10,505.05 sqm respectively. As per the latest approval the numbers of basements reduced from 6 nos. to 5 nos. so amendment in EC was obtained from SEIAA vide file DEnCC-100001(0001)/347/2022-SEIAA-ENV& dated 10.06.2022 for reduced built-up area 3,70,544.750 sqm.

PP further stated that due to addition of TDR FAR and MLCP block, resulting in increase in the built-up area from 3,70,544.750 sqm to 4,08,162 sqm, for which Terms of Reference was obtained vide File No. SEIAA/HR/2022/228 dated 25.07.2022 under expansion category. Thus the built up area increased by 37617.25 sqm due to increase in TDR FAR area (11964.245 sqm) resulted in increase in number of floors and Non-FAR Area (25652.399 sqm) due to addition of MLCP Block.

Comparative statement of the project is as below:

Sr. No.	Particulars	As per Existing EC including Amendment dated 10.06.2022	Proposed	Difference
1.	Total Plot Area	47,590.60 sqm	47,590.60 sqm	No change
2.	Proposed Ground Coverage	18,775.68 sqm	21,631.0 sqm	Inc. 2855.32 sqm
3.	Proposed FAR	1,73,638.755 sqm	1,85,603.0 sqm	Inc. 11964.245 sqm
4.	Non FAR Area	1,96,906.601 sqm	2,22,559.0 sqm	Inc. 25652.399 sqm
5.	Built up area	3,70,544.750 sqm	4,08,162.0 sqm	Inc. 37617.25 sqm
6.	Total Green Area	9671.807 sqm	10,499.0 sqm	Inc. 827.193 sqm

			(22.06%)	
7.	Rain Water Harvesting Pits	12 Nos.	12 Nos.	0
8.	STP Capacity	1000 KLD	1620 KLD	Inc. 620 KLD
9.	Total Parking	4780 ECS	3318 ECS	Dec. 1462 ECS
10.	Organic Waste Converter	3.0 Nos.	3.0 Nos	0
11.	Maximum height (in meter)	60m	101.9 m	Inc. 41.9 m
12.	Maximum number of floors	5B+G+13	5B+G+21	Inc. 8 Nos
13.	Total Water Requirement (KLD)	1329.8 KLD	2206 KLD	Inc. 876.2 KLD
14.	Fresh Water Requirement (KLD)	463.3 KLD	641.17 KLD	Inc. 177.87 KLD
15.	Waste Water Generated (KLD)	792.9 KLD	1013.05 KLD	Inc. 220.15 KLD
16.	Solid Waste Generated (kg/day)	5899.65 kg/day	7580 kg/day	Inc. 1680.35 kg/day
17.	Biodegradable Waste (kg/day)	2359.86 kg/day	3030 kg/day	Inc. 670.14 kg/day
18.	Cost of the project:	3212 crores	2979 Crores	Decreased 233 Crores
19.	Construction Status	At present only excavation, foundation and Basement Work is in progress at the project site (Site Photographs also attached)		

Schedule of development of Green area, RWH and Proposed STP is as below (Annexure 2):

Particulars	Status as on date	Completion Time	
Green Area	At present only excavation &	It will be developed by	
	Foundation and Basement	October 2030.	
Rain water	Work is in progress at the	It will be developed by	
Harvesting	project site	October 2030.	
Proposed STP		It will be developed by	
		October 2030.	

Justification for reduction of Parking and Project Cost (Annexure 3):

Parking:

Earlier parking was calculated on the basis of covered area whereas as per the amendment of building bye laws the parking requirement has decreased as it is now based on carpet area calculation which is as per Norms.

Project Cost:

- 1. Earlier costing was based on cost consultants estimates, revised cost is based on bids received from bidders.
- 2. Earlier construction cost was based on lump sum contracting strategy, now separate packages have been awarded.
- 3. As the design evolved, cost optimization measures was considered like:
 - a.) Fit-out of interior spaces of the tenant area was earlier considered in costing we are now providing bare shell leasable spaces.
 - b.) Earlier, we have considered majority fixtures/equipments to be imported; we have now switched to approved Indian makes as per IS standards.

The PP also submitted basic details and EMP details of the project as under:

Name of the Project: EC for Expansion of Proposed Commercial Building "Atrium Place" in Vanijya Nikunj, Udyog Vihar, Phase V ,Gurugram, Haryana by M/s Aadarshini Real Estate Developers Private Limited

Online Project Pro Number Latitude Longitude Plot Area Proposed Ground (SIA/HR/INFRA2/401895		
Latitude Longitude Plot Area Proposed Ground (Carrage		20020157 071181	
Longitude Plot Area Proposed Ground (Coversor		20020157 071141	
Plot Area Proposed Ground (Cavavaaa		28°29'57.87"N	
Proposed Ground (Caa.ma.ma	47500 COC avec	77°05'13.95"E	47504.000
<u> </u>		47590.60Sqm	-	47591.00Sqm
Proposed FAR	Coverage	18,775.68 Sqm	2855.32Sqm	21,631.0 Sqm
'		1,73,638.755 Sqm	11964.245 Sqm	1,85,603.0 sqm
Total Built Up area		3,70,544.750 sqm	37617.25 sqm	4,08,162.0 sqm
	vith	9.671.807 sam	827.193 sam	10,499.0 sqm
	ting Pits		-	12Nos
			620 KLD	1620 KLD
Total Parking				3318 ECS
Building Up to Terr				101.9 m
	nt			16000 kw
Power Backup				23250 KVA
<u> </u>	rement			2206 KLD
Fresh Water Requi	rement			641.17 KLD
Waste Water Gene	erated			1013.05 KLD
Solid Waste Gener	ated			7580 kg/day
Biodegradable Was	ste			3030 kg/day
Total Cost of the project:	i) Land Cost ii) Constructi on Cost	3212 crores	Dec. 233 Crores	2979 Crores
Incremental Load in respect of: i) PM 2.5	011 0030		1.37 μg/m³	1.37 μg/m³
ii) PM 10			2.51 μg/m ³	2.51 μg/m ³
iii) SO ₂			8.69 μg/m³	8.69 μg/m³
iv) NO ₂			39.3 μg/m³	39.3 μg/m³
v) CO			0.00945 mg/m ³	0.00945 mg/m ³
Construction Phase	e: 	i) Power Back-up		9x125 kVA and 1x87.5 kVA
		ii) Water Requirement		Through authorized
				tanker supply
				Yes
	Total Green Area verification of the project: Total Green Area verification of the project of: i) PM 2.5 ii) NO2 v) CO	Total Green Area with Percentage Rain Water Harvesting Pits STP Capacity Total Parking Maximum Height of the Building Up to Terrace level (m) Power Requirement Power Backup Total Water Requirement Waste Water Generated Solid Waste Generated Biodegradable Waste Total Cost of the project: ii) Constructi on Cost Incremental Load in respect of: i) PM 2.5 ii) PM 10 iii) SO2 iv) NO2	Total Green Area with Percentage Rain Water Harvesting Pits STP Capacity Total Parking Maximum Height of the Building Up to Terrace level (m) Power Requirement Power Backup Total Water Requirement Fresh Water Requirement Solid Waste Generated Foot Waste Generated Total Cost of the project: Incremental Load in respect of: i) PM 2.5 ii) PM 10 iii) SO2 iv) NO2 V) CO Construction Phase: i) Power Back-up	Total Green Area with Percentage 9,671.807 sqm 827.193 sqm

ENVIRONMENT BUDGET (CONSTRUCTION PHASE)

Item	Capital / Investment Cost (Rs Lacs)	Recurring / Maintenance Cost per year (Rs Lacs/yr)
Barricade around construction site	450.00	0.00
Paving of roads / walkways to reduce dust emission	40.00	5.00

Water sprinkling for dust suppression	10.00	5.00
Covering of site & excavated soil	0.00	5.00
Shed & covering for construction materials	60.00	0.00
Construction of wheel wash bay	20.00	10.00
Sedimentation trap & storm water management	10.00	5.00
Sanitation facilities for construction workers including		
mobile toilets & drinking water	50.00	250.00
First aid room and medical facilities for workers	21.00	7.00
Garbage and debris disposal	0.00	60.00
Transplantation of trees	35.00	0.00
Monitoring / testing (air, noise, water, soil, stack emission,		
STP effluent, DG noise)	0.00	2.00
Six-monthly compliance report of EC conditions	0.00	2.00
Total during Construction stage	696.00	351.00

ENVIRONMENT BUDGET (OPERATIONAL PHASE)

Item	Capital / Investment Cost (Rs Lacs)	Recurring / Maintenance Cost per year (Rs Lacs/yr)
Sewage Treatment Plant (STP)	400.00	283.20
Stack of DG sets	1,000.00	0.00
Rainwater harvesting system	200.00	6.00
DG room enclosure & acoustic treatment	1,500.00	0.00
Solid waste storage bins & organic waste composter	200.00	24.00
Tree plantation & landscaping	200.00	30.00
Solar lighting / solar panel	200.00	0.00
Solar water heating system	50.00	2.00
Energy saving lighting management system	250.00	0.00
High performance DGU façade system (glass cost)	2,000.00	0.00
Monitoring / testing (air, noise, water, soil, stack emission, STP effluent, DG noise)	0.00	10.00
Six-monthly compliance report of EC conditions	0.00	2.00
Total during operation stage	6,000.00	357.20

EMP cost is 2.11 % of the total project cost

A detailed discussion was held on the documents submitted by the PP and found in order. After due deliberations, the Committee rated this project with "Gold Rating" and was of the unanimous view that this case be recommended to the SEIAA for granting Environmental Clearance under EIA Notification dated 14.09.2006 issued by the Ministry of Environment and Forest, Government of India with the following specific and general stipulations:

A. Specific conditions:-

- 1. Sewage shall be treated in the STP based on latest Technology with tertiary treatment i.e. Ultra Filtration to achieve standards ordered by NGT. The Treated effluent from STP shall be recycled /reused for flushing. DG cooling and Gardening
- 2. The Project Proponent would devise a monitoring plan to the satisfaction of the State Pollution Control Board so as to continuously monitor the treated waste water being used for flushing in terms of faecal coli forms and other pathogenic bacteria.
- 3. The Project Proponents would commission a third party study on the implementation of conditions related to quality and quantity of recycle and reuse of treated water,

- efficiency of treatment systems, quality of treated water being supplied for flushing (specially the bacterial counts), comparative bacteriological studies from toilet seats using recycled treated waters and fresh waters for flushing, and quality of water being supplied through spray faucets attached to toilet seats.
- 4. The PP shall ensure that total EMP Budget shall be spent on project during construction as well as during operational phase as per table given above. The EMP cost on Socio Economic activities shall be used before the commencement of the project & EMP recurring inside the project shall be implemented throughout the operation of the project. The PP shall establish Environment monitoring cell as per documents submitted.
- 5. Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid Waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials. Wet Garbage shall be composted in Organic waste convertor. Adequate area shall be provided for solid waste management within the premises which will include area for segregation, composting. The Inert waste from the project will be sent to dumping site.
- 6. Traffic management plan as submitted shall be implemented in letter and spirit. Apart, a detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is marinated and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habilitation being carried out or purpose to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time
- 7. The PP is required to plant 10 times trees at the project site and compensatory tree plantation will be done @1:10. No tree cutting has been proposed in the instant project. A minimum of 1 tree for every 80sqm of land should be planted and maintained. The Existing trees will be counted for this purpose. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping. As proposed 10,499.0 sqm (22.06% of Total Plot Area) shall be provided for green area development.
- 8. The Project Proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
- 9. In basements adequate ventilation/Exhaust fans shall be provided so that the polluted basement air shall be recharged from the cut outs located at the ground level.
- 10. The PP shall install the Eco Friendly Green Transformer based on ester oil to reduce the carbon footprint
- 11. Consent to establish/operate for the project shall be obtained from the State Pollution Control Board as required under the Air (Prevention and Control of pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention and control of pollution) Act, 1974.
- 12. The Approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of building code due to earthquakes, adequacy of fire fighting equipments etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.
- 13. The PP shall not carry any construction above or below the Revenue Rasta.
- 14. The PP shall not carry any construction below the HT Line passing through the project.
- 15. The PP shall obtain the Fire NOC from the Competent Authority before taking occupation of the building.
- 16. The PP shall not give occupation or possession before the water supply and sewage connection permitted by the competent authority.
- 17. The PP shall not give occupation or possession before the electricity connection permitted by the competent Authority.
- 18. The PP shall obtain the permission regarding withdrawal of ground water from CGWA before the start of the project and also obtained the CTO from HSPCB after the approval from CGWA.
- 19. The PP shall carry out the quarterly awareness programs for the stakeholders of the commercial colony/project.
- 20. **12** Rain Water Harvesting pits shall be provided for rainwater usages as per the CGWB norms.

- 21. The PP shall install Digital water level recorder for monitoring the water recharge and carry out quarterly maintenance and cleaning of RWH pits
- 22. The PP shall provide the Anti smog gun mounted on truck in the project for suppression of dust during construction and operational phase and shall use the treated water, if feasible.
- 23. The PP shall take all preventive measures including water sprinkles to control dust during construction and operational phase.
- 24. The PP shall provide the mechanical ladder for use in case of emergency.
- 25. Any change in stipulations of EC will lead to Environment Clearance void-ab-initio and PP will have to seek fresh Environment Clearance.

B. <u>Statutory compliance:</u>

- [1] The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority for ground coverage, FAR and should be in accordance with zoning plan approved by Competent Authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
- [2] The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment etc as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.
- [3] The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.
- [4] The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
- [5] The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish/Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the Haryana State Pollution Control Board.
- [6] The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground water /surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
- [7] A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
- [8] All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- [9] The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- [10] The project proponent shall follow the ECBC Act/ECBC-Rulesprescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly in addition of bylaws of the State Government.

I Air Quality Monitoring and Preservation

- i) Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
- ii) A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.
- iii) The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common/criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g. PM10 and PM25) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
- iv) Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of backup power should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use of ultra low sulphur diesel. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with State Pollution Control Board
- v) Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous dust/ wind breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 meter

- height). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murram and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
- vi) Sand, murram, loose soil, cement, stored on site shall be covered adequately so as to prevent dust pollution.
- vii) Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
- viii) Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
- ix) All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site (and not dumped on the roads or open spaces outside) before they are properly disposed. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.
- x) The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be ultra low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection) prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
- xi) The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. Ultra low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
- xii) For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.

II Water Quality Monitoring and Preservation

- The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water. No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.
- ii) Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
- iii) Total fresh water use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details. The per capita supply should adhere to NBC 2016 and CGWA Notification dated 12.12.2018.
- iv) The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
- v) A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
- vi) At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
- vii) Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing etc and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. shall be done.
- viii) Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
- ix) Separation of grey and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing system. In case of single stack system separate recirculation lines for flushing by giving dual plumbing system be done.
- x) Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- xi) The local bye-law provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. If local byelaw provision is not available, adequate provision for storage and recharge should be

followed as per the Ministry of Urban Development Model Building Byelaws, 2016. Rain Water Harvesting pits shall be provided for ground water recharging as per the CGWB norms.

- xii) A rain water harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of built up area and storage capacity of minimum one day of total fresh water requirement shall be provided. In areas where ground water recharge is not feasible, the rain water should be harvested and stored for reuse. The ground water shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.
- xiii) All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.
- xiv) No ground water shall be used during construction phase of the project.
- xv) Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.
- xvi) The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
- xvii) Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/re-used for flushing, AC make up water and gardening. As proposed, no treated water shall be disposed in to municipal drain.
- xviii) No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.
- Onsite sewage treatment of capacity of treating 100% waste water to be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall be reused on site for landscape, flushing, cooling tower, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.
- xx) Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- xxi) Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

III Noise Monitoring and Prevention

- i) Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential area/commercial area both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB / SPCB.
- ii) Noise level survey shall be carried as per the prescribed guidelines and report in this regard shall be submitted to Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of six-monthly compliance report.
- iii) Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, ear plugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.

IV Energy Conservation Measures

i) Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency as per ECBC Act, 2017 read with ECBC Rules, 2018 shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC also which is in no case should be less than 25% as prescribed.

- ii) Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
- iii) Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased day lighting design and thermal mass etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof R &U-values shall be as per ECBC specifications.
- iv) Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/ LED for the lighting the area outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.
- v) Solar, wind or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher.
- vi) Solar power shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher. Residential buildings are also recommended to meet its hot water demand from solar water heaters, as far as possible.
- vii) The PP will submit report indicating compliance of each parameter of ECBC requirement and submit quantification saving report for each component.

V Waste Management

- i) A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid wastes, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from project shall be obtained.
- ii) Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- iii) Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
- iv) Organic Waste Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.5 kg /person/day must be installed. Leaves to be put in earmarked pits for converting them into compost to be used as manure.
- v) All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie up must be done with the authorized recyclers.
- vi) Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- vii) Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials.
- viii) Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016. Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- ix) Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.
- x) Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.

VI Green Cover

i) No tree can be felled/transplant unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the

- Forest Department. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted).
- ii) A minimum of 1 tree (5' tall) for every 80 sqm of land should be planted and maintained. The existing trees will be counted for this purpose. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping.
- iii) Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned local Authority, compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1:10 (i.e. planting of 10 trees for every 1 tree that is cut) shall be done and maintained. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted). Area for green belt development shall be provided as per the details provided in the project document.
- iv) Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.

VII Transport

- i) A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.
 - a) Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - b) Traffic calming measures.
 - c) Proper design of entry and exit points.
 - d) Parking norms as per local regulation.
- ii) Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards be operated only during non-peak hours.
- iii) A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./ competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.

VIII Human Health Issues

- All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.
- ii) For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
- iii) Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.
- iv) Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- v) Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis.
- vi) A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

IX Corporate Environment Responsibility

i) The project proponent shall comply with the provisions contained in this Ministry's OM vide F. No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 1st May 2018, as applicable, regarding Corporate

- **Environment Responsibility.**
- ii) The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/ deviation/ violation of the environmental/ forest/ wildlife norms/ conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements/ deviation/ violation of the environmental/ forest/ wildlife norms/ conditions and/ or shareholders/ stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.
- iii) A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will directly to the head of the organization.
- iv) Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by competent authority. The year wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and not to be diverted for any other purpose. Year wise progress of implementation of action plan shall be reported to the Ministry/Regional Office along with the Six Monthly Compliance Report.

X Miscellaneous

- i) The project proponent shall prominently advertise it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEFCC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.
- ii) The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
- iii) The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
- iv) The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal.
- v) The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
- vi) The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
- vii) The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
- viii) The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the form-IA, Conceptual Plan and also that during their presentation to the Expert Appraisal Committee.
- ix) No further expansion or modifications in the plan shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)/SEIAA, Haryana. The project proponent shall seek fresh environmental clearance under EIA notification 2006 if at any stage there is change of area of this project.
- x) Any change in planning of the approved plan will leads to Environment Clearance void-abinitio and PP will have to seek fresh Environment Clearance
- xi) The PP should give unambiguous affidavit giving land promoters in accordance with your ownership and possession of land legal the case referred for Environment Clearance to SEIAA.
- xii) Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

- xiii) The Ministry/SEIAA may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
- xiv) The Ministry/SEIAA reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.
- xv) The Regional Office of this Ministry shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data / information/monitoring reports.
- xvi) The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.

252.06 EC for proposed expansion of Affordable Residential Plotted Colony Project under DDJAY-2016 located at Village Dhunela, Sector-33, Tehsil Sohna & District Gurugram Haryana by M/s Global Horizon Holdings Private Limited

Project Proponent : Not present. Consultant : Not present.

The project was submitted to the SEIAA, Haryana vide online proposal No. SIA/HR/MIS/279337/2022dated 22.06.2022as per check list approved by the SEIAA/SEAC for obtaining Environmental Clearance under Category 8(a)of EIA Notification 14.09.2006The PP has submitted Scrutiny Fee amounting toRs.1,50,000/-/- vide DD No.001837 dated 29.04.2022 in compliance of Haryana Government, Environment & Climate Change Department Notification No. DE&CCH/3060 dated 14.10.2021.

The case was taken up in 244th meeting of SEAC, Haryana held on 08.07.2022 and SEAC recommended the case to SEIAA for grant of Environmental Clearance.

The recommendations of SEAC were taken up in the 144th meeting of SEIAA held on 09.08.2022. SEIAA observed that

"The unit got an area of 7.89 ac in 2019 and an additional area of 0.256 was obtained in January 2022. It started its building for 16,577.68 Sqm for which the CTE was taken only in December 2021, but within a period of 4 months, the unit applies for EC for an area of 73,592.53 sqm (with an additional area of 57,014.85 sq m). Prima facie it appears to be an attempt to avoid the EC application process in the beginning, and to take up the same after the work is started in a limited area. It is not clear whether the unit has got its plan approved by the competent authority for taking up the work in such phased manner, considering the short duration of the application of CTE for earlier project and the subsequent EC application. Further, the proposed STP seems to be lesser than the requisite capacity."

After going through the above facts and records, the Authority decided to refer the case back to SEAC. Further, it was decided by SEIAA to constitute a sub-committee comprising of Dr.Rajbir Singh Bondwal, IFS (Retd.), Member SEAC and a representative of HSPCB to verify the status of construction on the ground and to send a comprehensive report within 10 days.

Thereafter, the case was taken up in 247th meeting. However, PP submitted a letter with a request to defer the case. The Committee acceded with the request of PP and deferred the case.

The case was taken up in 252nd Meeting of SEAC held on 14.10.2022. However, an email dated 14.10.2022 of consultant is received requesting to defer the case as site inspection has not been done yet in the present case.

It is observed that a sub-committee was constituted by SEIAA in 144th Meeting. Shri Rajbir Singh Bondwal is one of the Member of the said sub-committee who has gone abroad. Thus, site inspection could not be conducted in the present case. After due deliberation, the Committee recommended to send the case to SEIAA with a request to re-constitute sub-committee replacing Shri Rajbir Singh Bondwal, IFS, Member, SEAC with some other Member so that the site inspection can be done.
