

State Expert Appraisal Committee, Bihar

Ref. No- 128.

Patna- 23, Date- 06/07/18.

To,

1. Shri Murarijee Mishra
Vijay Nagar, Near Temple,
Rukunpura, Patna - 800014.
2. Dr. Samir Kumar Sinha,
Wildlife Trust of India,
F-13, Sector - 8, Noida,
Uttar Pradesh - 201301.
3. Dr. Amar Nath Verma,
10192 ATS Advantage, AhinshaKhand - 1,
Near Habitat Centre, Indirapuram,
Ghaziabad - 201014.
4. Dr. Shardendu,
Department of Botany,
Patna Science College, Patna.

Sub :- Proceedings of meeting of State level Expert Appraisal Committee held on
26.06.2018

Sir,

Please find enclosed herewith proceedings of the State Expert Appraisal Committee
(SEAC) held on 26th June, 2018 in the meeting hall of SEIAA, Bihar, Patna.

Sincerely Yours

 6/7/18
(Alok Kumar)

A meeting of SEAC was held in the meeting hall of SEIAA, Bihar, 2nd Floor, Beltron Bhawan, Shastri Nagar, Patna- 26th June, 2018 presided over by the Chairman, SEAC. The following members of the committee were present in the meeting:

1. Dr. Amar Nath Verma, Member, SEAC
2. Dr. Shardendu, Member, SEAC
3. Dr. Samir Kumar Sinha, SEAC
4. Shri Alok Kumar, Member Secretary, SEAC

The records of the projects included in the agenda were put up before the committee by supporting staffs/officers for necessary appraisal.

The committee discussed the proposals on the agenda and made following observations/recommendations for various projects and sought compliance on the points raised in relation thereto-

1. **5 MLD Common Effluent Treatment Plant, Bela Industrial Area, Tehsil- Mushari, District- Muzaffarpur (File No.- SIA/7(h)/337/16) Online Proposal No.:- SIA/BR/MIS/17349/2016).**

The Proponent and Consultant presented the proposal before the committee. After due discussion and consideration, the committee directed the project proponent to submit a revised report including the following. :-

- Copy of notification of creation of the Industrial area.
- Current status of industrial area i.e. sector wise industries in existence and total no. of different types of industries.
- Details of balance water disposal after treatment.
- Revised annual environment management plan disclosing proportional/appropriate cost including expenditure plan for five years.
- The project proponent should submit an affidavit in SEIAA and BSPCB declaring that no change ⁱⁿ the quality of industries shall be allowed (established and operated) which are beyond the scope of current procedure of effluent treatment. (Beyond the

nature of this CETP). If any change in type of industries is allowed then approval of the SEIAA and BSPCB shall be obtained.

- The green cover i.e. minimum 33% of the project area consisting of mixture of indigenous and fast growing species of trees and perennial shrubs must be created and maintained. Plantation of (minimum 5 feet tall plants) must be planted in the coming rainy season i.e. (year 2018). Plantation along the side of the buildings, roads and in the open spaces shall be developed to act as sinks for air pollutants. The plantation of preferably evergreen species (trees) shall be completed in the initial phase of construction itself.
- Compliance of requirements sought by Govt. of India, MoEF&CC (Impact Assessment Division) F. No. 22-8/2018-IA.III dated 20.04.2018.

2. 2 MLD Common Effluent Treatment Plant, Fatuha Industrial Area, Tehsil- Fatuha, District- Patna, Bihar, Pin - 803 201. (Proposal No. - SIA/7(h)/339/16) OOnline Proposal No.:- SIA/BR/MIS/17344/2016).

The Proponent and Consultant presented the proposal before the committee. After due discussion and consideration, the committee directed the project proponent to submit a revised report including the following. :-

- Copy of notification of creation of the Industrial area.
- Current status of industrial area i.e. sector wise industries in existence and total no. of different types of industries.
- Details of balance water disposal after treatment.
- Revised annual environment management plan disclosing proportional/appropriate cost including expenditure plan for five years.
- The project proponent should submit an affidavit in SEIAA and BSPCB declaring that no change the quality of industries shall be allowed (established and operated) which are beyond the scope of current procedure of effluent treatment. (Beyond the nature of this CETP). If any change in type of industries is allowed then approval of the SEIAA and BSPCB shall be obtained.
- The green cover i.e. minimum 33% of the project area consisting of mixture of indigenous and fast growing species of trees and perennial shrubs must be created and maintained. Plantation of (minimum 5 feet tall plants) must be planted in the coming rainy season i.e. (year 2018). Plantation along the side of the buildings & roads and in the open spaces shall be developed to act as sinks for air pollutants. The

plantation of preferably evergreen species (trees) shall be completed in the initial phase of construction itself.

- Compliance of requirements sought by Govt. of India, MoEF&CC (Impact Assessment Division) F. No. 22-8/2018-IA.III dated 20.04.2018.

3. 6 MLD Common Effluent Treatment Plant, Hajipur Industrial Area, Hajipur Nagar Parishad, Tehsil- Hajipur, District- Vaishali, Bihar, Pin - 844 101 (Proposal No. - SIA/7(h)/340/16). Online Proposal No.:- SIA/BR/MIS/17346/2016).

The Proponent and Consultant presented the proposal before the committee. After due discussion and consideration, the committee directed the project proponent to submit a revised report including the following. :-

- Copy of notification of creation of the Industrial area.
- Current status of industrial area i.e. sector wise industries in existence and total no. of different types of industries.
- Details of balance water disposal after treatment.
- Revised annual environment management plan disclosing proportional/appropriate cost including expenditure plan for five years.
- The project proponent should submit an affidavit in SEIAA and BSPCB declaring that no change ⁱⁿ the quality of industries shall be allowed (established and operated) which are beyond the scope of current procedure of effluent treatment. (Beyond the nature of this CETP). If any change in type of industries is allowed then approval of the SEIAA and BSPCB shall be obtained.
- The green cover i.e. minimum 33% of the project area consisting of mixture of indigenous and fast growing species of trees and perennial shrubs must be created and maintained. Plantation of (minimum 5 feet tall plants) must be planted in the coming rainy season i.e. (year 2018). Plantation along the side of the buildings, roads and in the open spaces shall be developed to act as sinks for air pollutants. The plantation of preferably evergreen species (trees) shall be completed in the initial phase of construction itself.
- Compliance of requirements sought by Govt. of India, MoEF&CC (Impact Assessment Division) F. No. 22-8/2018-IA.III dated 20.04.2018.



4. 1 MLD Common Effluent Treatment Plant, Barari Industrial Area, Tehsil-Goradih, District-Bhagalpur, Bihar, Pin - 802 003 (Proposal No. - SIA/7(h)/341/16). Online Proposal No.:- SIA/BR/MIS/17343/2016).

The Proponent and Consultant presented the proposal before the committee. After due discussion and consideration, the committee directed the project proponent to submit a revised report including the following. :-

- Copy of notification of creation of the Industrial area.
- Current status of industrial area i.e. sector wise industries in existence and total no. of different types of industries.
- Details of balance water disposal after treatment.
- Revised annual environment management plan disclosing proportional/appropriate cost including expenditure plan for five years.
- The project proponent should submit an affidavit in SEIAA and BSPCB declaring that no change in the quality of industries shall be allowed (established and operated) which are beyond the scope of current procedure of effluent treatment. (Beyond the nature of this CETP). If any change in type of industries is allowed then approval of the SEIAA and BSPCB shall be obtained.
- The green cover i.e. minimum 33% of the project area consisting of mixture of indigenous and fast growing species of trees and perennial shrubs must be created and maintained. Plantation of (minimum 5 feet tall plants) must be planted in the coming rainy season i.e. (year 2018). Plantation along the side of the buildings, roads and in the open spaces shall be developed to act as sinks for air pollutants. The plantation of preferably evergreen species (trees) shall be completed in the initial phase of construction itself.
- Mention existence Gangetic Dolphin Sanctuary including mitigation plan regarding habitat management.
- Compliance of requirements sought by Govt. of India, MoEF&CC (Impact Assessment Division) F. No. 22-8/2018-IA.III dated 20.04.2018.

5. Kamper Concast Ltd. (Expansion Project), Village:- Mahadeopur Phulari, Tehsil:- Bihta, District:- Patna, State:- Bihar, Existing Capacity:- MS Ingot :- 29,600 MT/Annum Proposed :- MS Ingot:- 53,600 MT/ Annum, Total Capacity:- MS Ingot:- 83,200 MT/Annum. (Proposal No. - SIA/3(a)/532/18). Online Proposal No.:- SIA/BR/IND/26138/2018). (Proponent:- Kamper Concast Ltd.)

The project proponent did not appear for presentation.

6. **Proposed Residential Project "Sunrise Rupaspur City", Village:- Rupaspur (Dhanaut), Mohalla:- Rupaspur, Pargana - Phulwari, Teshil:- Danapur Block, District:- Patna, State:- Bihar. (Proposal No. - SIA/8(a)/524/18) Online Proposal No.:- SIA/BR/NCP/74851 /2018). (Proponent: - Sunrise Sai Developers Pvt. Ltd.)**

Residential project "Sunrise Rupaspur City" located at survey plot no.-570 (P), 956 P, 964 P, 965 P, 966 P, 967(P), 968 P, 969 (P), 970 (P), Village-Rupaspur (Dhanaut), Mohalla-Rupaspur, Pargana-Phulwari, Khata NO.-403,404,405,407,408,411,543 Thana No.-20, Block:- Danapur, District:- Patna, Bihar. The Plot area of proposed residential project is 10,877.83 sq.mtr. (2.68 acres) and built-up area is 23,611.6 sq.mtr.

The Proponent and Consultant presented the proposal before the committee. After due discussion and consideration, the committee directed the project proponent to submit a revised report including the following.

- The green cover @ minimum 15% of the project area consisting of mixture of indigenous and fast growing ornamental species of trees and perennial shrubs must be created and maintained. Plantation of (minimum 5 feet tall plants) must be planted. Plantation along the side of the buildings, roads and in the open spaces shall be developed to act as sinks of air pollutants. The plantation of preferably evergreen species (trees) shall be completed in the initial phase of construction itself.
- To reduce the ground water dependency and choose alternative water sources like rain water harvesting, surface water, etc.
- Project Proponent to submit the natural gradient survey details and plan of the Project site.
- The Project Proponent should also submit clear and revised site plan i.e in colour plan map and "Birds eye view" Map/Plan.
- Include provision of solar panel for lighting in campus like roads, playgrounds and common places captive solar energy plant.
- For solid waste management, provision for decentralized composting unit in the campus.
- Compliance of requirements sought by Govt. of India, MoEF&CC (Impact Assessment Division) F. No. 22-8/2018-IA.III dated 20.04.2018.

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7. **Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facility, A.N.M.M.C.H, Mauza-Kaler, Anchal-Chandauti, District - Gaya, Total Plot Area:-1 Acre Built up Area:- 8,100 Sq. Feet. (Proponent:- Synergy Waste Management Pvt. Ltd.**

Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facility, A.N.M.M.C.H, is located at Khesra No.- 451, Khata No.-334, Mauja-Kaler Chandauti, Thana-Anugarah Narayan Magadh Medical College, Distt.-Gaya (Bihar). The project site having latitude and longitude of four coordinates are Corner A-24°46'13"N 84°57'20"E, Corner B- 24°46'15"N 84°57'20"E, Corner C- 24°46'14"N 84°57'22"E, Corner D- 24°46'15"N 84°57'21"E. Estimated Project cost is 3.12 crores.

The proponent and consultant presented the proposal before the committee.

Comparative map/imageries of project site of the year 2012 (at the time of construction) and of present year i.e. 2018 was shown online and it was found that some habitations have cropped up only after 2012. Copies of the above noted images Were submitted by the project proponent, and after due consideration the project was recommended for granting the Environmental Clearance as Annexure -I

8. **Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facility, Village:- Karai, Tehsil:- Bikram, District:- Patna, State:- Bihar, Total Capacity:- 250 X 2 Kg/hr; 1.25 Acre +; 5 Ton/day; In and around Patna; 1 Bore well, (Proposal No.- SIA/7(da)/458/17) Online File No.- SIA/BR/MIS/18952/2017. (Proponent:- S. R. Solutions)**

The project proponent did not appear for presentation. As per BSPCB letter No. B-46 Dated-02.02.2018 the proposal submitted by the Project Proponent was found "not fit for consideration" for the time being.

Sd/-

(Dr. Shardendu)
(Member, SEAC)



(Alok Kumar)

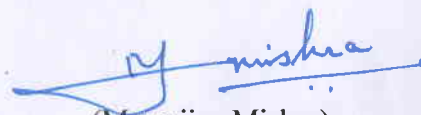
Member Secretary, SEAC

Sd/-

Dr. Samir Kumar Sinha
(Member, SEAC)

Sd/-

(Dr. Amar Nath Verma)
(Member, SEAC)



(Murarijee Mishra)
Chairman, SEAC

Annexure - I

A. 1 SPECIFIC CONDITION:

1. All the recommendations, mitigation measures, environmental protection measures and safeguards proposed in the EIA report of the project prepared by Gaurang Environmental Solutions Pvt.Ltd was submitted by project proponent vide Ref no. SWMPL/Gaya-EC/17-18/3744, dated – 16/04/2018 and commitments made during presentation before SEAC and proposed in the EIA report shall be strictly adhered to in letter and spirit.
2. The unit shall strictly comply with the CPCB guidelines for setting up the Common Bio-Medical Waste Treatment Facility. [CBWTF]
3. Proponent shall strictly comply the design criteria for incinerator, autoclave and shredder as per the CPCB guidelines.
4. The unit shall strictly setup the dry technology system.
5. The unit shall strictly ensure mercury waste management at health care facility as per the CPCB guidelines.
6. The unit shall establish Standard Operating Procedure for waste collection, handling, transportation, treatment and disposal as per Biomedical Waste Management Rules, 2016.
7. Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD) status shall be maintained all the time.
8. There shall be no drainage connections from the premises.

A. 2 OPERATION PHASE:

9. Consent to Operate shall be obtained from BSPCB under Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 before operation, failing which the Environmental Clearance herein shall be deemed to be withdrawn.
10. Authorization from Bihar State Pollution Control Board shall be obtained as applicable under Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules, 2016.
11. The Bio-Medical wastes shall be managed in accordance with the Bio-Medical Waste Management Rules 2016.
12. Incinerated ash, used oil, sludge salt, treated biomedical waste and ETP Sludge should be disposed in accordance with BMW Rules, 2016.



13. The proponent shall comply with the Environmental standards notified by Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change for incinerators along with the technology/guidelines.
14. Guidelines published the Central Pollution Control Board from time to time for Common Bio Medical Waste Treatment published shall be referred for implementation.
15. There should not be any spillage from the transportation Vehicles.
16. The project proponent will set up separate Environmental Management Cell for effective implementation of stipulated environmental safeguards under the supervision of Senior Executive.
17. All the recommendations of EMP shall be strictly complied.
18. The environmental safeguards containing the EIA report shall be implemented in letter & spirit.
19. Necessary provision shall be made for firefighting facilities within the complex.
20. Treated flue gas emissions discharged through stack to atmosphere shall always be less than specific emission' standards.
21. Project Proponent shall ensure regular operation and maintenance of the ETP and printed logbook shall be maintained.
22. All the pipelines carrying water/ waste water should be distinguished using colour coding on raw water pipes and reuse lines of treated water.
23. Utilization of Diesel power generating sets is subject to power failure condition only. The DG sets proposed as a source of power back up during operation phase should be of enclosed type, low sulphur diesel run and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The DG sets should be subjected to periodic noise and stack monitoring.
24. Noise should be controlled to ensure that it does not exceed the prescribed standards. During night time the noise levels measured at the boundary of the building shall be restricted to the permissible levels to comply with the prevalent regulations.
25. Energy Conservation measures such as LEDs light for common lighting of areas, signage etc should be adopted.
26. The unit shall develop 33% plot area as a green belt within premises as per the CPCB guidelines.

A. 3 WATER:

27. Total water requirement for the project shall not exceed 15 KLD and wastewater generation would be around 8.4 KLD, the wastewater generated will be treated in ETP.
28. State Ground Water Board / Central Ground Water Board permission should be taken before water uses as per project requirement.
29. Entire quantity of treated waste water shall be reused for industrial purpose within the premises after conforming the BSPCB norms.
30. The unit shall provide adequate effluent treatment plant (ETP) comprises of Primary, tertiary treatment plants and it shall be operated regularly and efficiently so as to ensure reuse for quenching process.
31. Separate energy meter shall be provided at ETP. A proper operation logbook of the ETP containing records of quantities and qualities of treated effluent.
32. The Zero wastewater discharge condition to be achieved with utilizing treated effluent for lime slurry preparation for spraying in reactor for quenching process as well as floor and vehicle washing.
33. The project proponent shall provide electromagnetic flow meter at the inlet & outlet of the water supply, Inlet & outlet of the ETP and shall maintain a record of readings of each such meter on daily basis.
34. The quantity of fresh water usage and water recycling shall be monitored & maintained so that water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the BSPCB, SEIAA & Regional Office, MoEF & CC along with six monthly monitoring reports.

A. 4 AIR:

35. Regular monitoring of ground level concentration of PM10, PM2.5, NOx and VOC shall be carried out at the site and downwind direction and its records shall be maintained. Ambient air quality levels shall not exceed the standards stipulated by the CPCB. If at any stage these levels are found to exceed the prescribed limits, necessary additional control measures shall be taken immediately.



36. Proponent shall strictly follow the odour control measures as suggested in environmental management plan.
37. Proponent shall strictly follow the Environmental Monitoring Program [EMP] for Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (AAQM).
38. Treated flue gas emissions discharged through stack to atmosphere shall always be less than CPCB stipulated emission standards.
39. DG sets should be maintained as per the norms prescribed by CPCB.
40. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution and shall conform to the EPA Rules for air and noise emission standards.
41. A green belt shall be developed all around the plant boundary and also along the roads to mitigate fugitive & transport dust emission.

A. 5 SOLID / HAZARDOUS WASTE

42. The Company shall strictly comply with the rules and regulations with regards to handling and disposal of Hazardous waste in accordance with the Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016, as may be amended from time to time. Authorization of the BSPCB shall be obtained for collection / treatment / storage / disposal of hazardous wastes.
43. Hazardous wastes shall be dried, packed and stored in separate designated hazardous waste storage facility with pucca bottom and leachate collection facility, before its disposal.
44. Incinerator Ash, ETP sludge & salt sludge (From reactor) shall be disposed off at the nearby common TSDF.
45. Treated Biomedical plastic waste shall be sold out to BSPCB authorized recycler only.
46. Used Oil shall be either reused for lubrication in plant machineries or sold out to registered recyclers,
47. Discarded container / bags shall be either reused or sold only to the authorized recyclers.
48. Treated glass waste shall be sold out to BSPCB authorized recycler only.
49. Sharp waste shall be disposed through in-house designated concrete sharp pit and disposal to sanitary landfill.
50. The unit shall obtain necessary permission from the nearby TSDF site.



51. Trucks / Tankers used for transportation of hazardous waste shall be in accordance with the provisions under the Motor Vehicle Act, 1988, and rules made there under.
52. The design of the Trucks/tankers shall be such that there is no spillage during transportation
53. All possible efforts shall be made for Co-Processing of the Hazardous waste prior to disposal into TSDF/CHWIF.

A. 6 SAFETY:

54. The occupier/manager shall strictly comply the provisions under the Factories Act 1948 and the Factories Rules of the State of Bihar.
55. The project authorities shall strictly comply with the provisions made in Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules (MSIHC) 1989, as amended time to time and the Public Liability Insurance Act for handling of hazardous chemicals etc. Necessary approvals from the Chief Controller of Explosives and concerned Govt. Authorities shall be obtained before commissioning of the project. Requisite On-site and Off-site Disaster Management Plans have to be prepared and implemented.
56. Main entry and exit shall be separate and clearly marked in the facility.
57. Sufficient peripheral open passage shall be kept in the margin area for free movement of fire tender/ emergency vehicle around the premises.
58. Sufficient number of fire extinguishers shall be provided near the plant and storage area.
59. All necessary precautionary measures shall be taken to avoid any kind of accident during loading, unloading and transportation of biomedical waste.
60. The project management shall ensure to comply with all the environment protection measures, risk mitigation measures and safeguards mentioned in the Risk Assessment report.
61. Only flame proof electrical fittings shall be provided in the plant premises.
62. All the waste storage room shall be marked with colour coding as per the CPCB guidelines time to time.
63. Proponent shall tie up with nearby health care facility for any emergency cases.

64. Personal Protective Equipments (PPEs) shall be provided to workers and its usage shall be ensured and supervised.
65. First Aid Box in the unit shall be made readily available in adequate quantity.
66. Training shall be imparted to all the workers on safety and health aspects of biomedical waste handling.
67. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done and its records shall be maintained. Pre-employment and periodical medical examination for all the workers shall be undertaken as per the Factories Act & Rules.
68. Transportation of biomedical waste shall be done as per the provisions of the Motor Vehicle Act & Rules.
69. The company shall implement all preventive and mitigation measures suggested in the Risk Assessment Report.

A. 7 NOISE:

70. The overall noise level in and around the plant area shall be kept well within the standards by providing noise control measures including engineering controls like acoustic insulation hoods, silencers, enclosures etc. on all sources of noise generation. The ambient noise level shall conform to the standards prescribed under The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 & Rules.

A. 8 GREEN BELT AND OTHER PLANTATION:

71. The green cover i.e. minimum 33% of the project area consisting of mixture of indigenous and fast growing species of trees and perennial shrubs must be created and maintained. Plantation of (minimum 5 feet tall plants) must be planted in the coming rainy season i.e. (year 2018). Plantation along the side of the buildings & roads and in the open spaces shall be developed to act as sinks for air pollutants. The plantation of preferably evergreen species (trees) shall be completed in the initial phase of construction itself.
72. Drip irrigation / low-volume, low-angle sprinkler system shall be used for the green belt development within the premises.

A. 9 OTHER CONDITIONS:

73. The area earmarked as green area shall be used only for plantation and shall not be altered for any other purpose.
74. All the commitments / undertakings given to the SEAC during the appraisal process for the purpose of environmental protection and management shall be strictly adhered to .
75. In the event of failure of any pollution control system adopted by the unit, the unit shall be safely closed down and shall not be restarted until the desired efficiency of the control equipment has been achieved.
76. The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the Bihar State Pollution Control Board (BSPCB), State Government and any statutory authority.
77. During biomedical waste unloading there shall be no spillages and garland drain shall be constructed to avoid mixing of accidental spillages with domestic waste water or storm water.
78. Pucca flooring impervious layer shall be provided in the work areas, biomedical waste storage areas and chemical handling areas to minimize soil contamination.
79. No further expansion or modifications in the plant likely to cause environmental impacts shall be carried out without obtaining prior Environment Clearance from the concerned authority
80. The above conditions will be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous & other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and rules.
81. The Project Proponent shall deposit 10% of the CSR cost (2.5% of the total project cost) as security in the form of Bank Guarantee, from a nationalized bank, pledged in the name of SEIAA, Bihar, Patna. CSR activity of the Project Proponent should be measurable and quantifiable, and it should be visible even after the completion of the project. Such as arrangement of drinking water, toilets, fruit bearing orchards, vocational training, supply of ambulance to nearby hospitals, etc.

82. The project management shall ensure that unit complies with all the environment protection measures, risk mitigation measures and safeguards recommended in the EMP report and Risk Assessment study report as well as proposed by project proponent.
83. The project authorities shall earmark adequate funds to implement the conditions stipulated by SEIAA as well as BSPCB along with the implementation schedule for all the conditions stipulated herein. The funds so provided shall not be diverted for any other purpose.
84. The project proponent shall advertise in at least two local Newspapers widely circulated in the region, one of which shall be in the vernacular language informing that the project has been accorded Environmental Clearance.
85. It shall be mandatory for the project management to submit half-yearly compliance report in respect of the stipulated environmental clearance terms and conditions in hard and soft copies to the regulatory authority concerned, on 1st June and 1st December of each calendar year. The project authorities shall earmark adequate funds to implement the conditions stipulated by SEIAA as well as BSPCB.
86. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
87. The project authorities shall also adhere to the stipulations made by the Bihar State Pollution Control Board.
88. The company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions. The SEAC/SEIAA reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions, if the same is found necessary.
89. The project authorities shall inform the BSPCB, Regional Office of MoEF and SEIAA about the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of start of the project.
90. This environmental clearance is valid for seven years from the date of issue.
91. Any appeal against this environmental clearance shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.