

Minutes of 722th SEAC-2 Meeting Dated 23/01/2023

The 722th meeting of SEAC-2 was held in the Directorate of Environment, U.P. through dual-mode (physically/virtually) at 10:00 AM on 23/01/2023. Following members participated in the meeting:

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|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. | Dr. Harikesh Bahadur Singh, | Chairman, SEAC-2 |
| 2. | Dr. Amrit Lal Haldar, | Member, SEAC-2 (through VC) |
| 3. | Dr. Dineshwar Prasad Singh, | Member, SEAC-2 (through VC) |
| 4. | Shri Tansar Ullah Khan, | Member, SEAC-2 |
| 5. | Prof. Jaswant Singh, | Member, SEAC-2 |
| 6. | Dr. Shiv Om Singh, | Member, SEAC-2 (through VC) |

The Chairman welcomed the members to the 722th SEAC-2 meeting which was conducted via dual-mode (virtually/physically). Nodal Officer, SEAC-2 informed the committee that the agenda has been approved by the Member Secretary, SEAC-2/Director, Environment. Nodal Officer, SEAC-2 placed the agenda items along with the available file and documents before the SEAC-2.

1. **Expansion of Hospital Blocks in the Name of KMC Digital Hospital (Unit of Shanti Foundation for New Medical College under PPP Mode with Govt. of Uttar Pradesh) at Village - Mahuwa & Rudrapur, Tapp-Kathara, Pragana- Haveli, Tehsil- Sadar, Farendia Road, District- Maharajganj, Shri Vinay Kumar Srivastava, M/s Shanti Foundation-Trust. File No. 7462/ Proposal No. SIA/UP/INFRA2/411044/2022**

RESOLUTION AGAINST AGENDA NO. 01

The project proponent/consultant did not appear. The committee discussed and deliberated that the project file should be closed and be opened only after request from the project proponent. The file shall not be treated as pending at SEAC. The matter will be discussed only after submission of online requests on prescribed online portal.

2. **Building Stone Gitti/Boulder (Sand Stone) located at Arazi No.- 282Mi, (Khand-1), Village: Sukrit, Tehsil- Robertsganj, District- Sonbhadra, U.P., Shri Ganga Singh, Area -1.6187 Ha., File No. 7474/ Proposal No. SIA/UP/MIN/411562/2022**

The consultant informed the committee that they are strictly following the rules, regulations and other instructions of QCI/NABET. A presentation was made by the project proponent along with their consultant M/s Earthvision India Associate Consultant. Based on the documents submitted and presentation made by the project proponent along with the consultant, the following facts have emerged: -

1. The terms of reference is sought for Building Stone Gitti/Boulder (Sand Stone) Mining at Arazi No. 282Mi, (Khand-1), Village: Sukrit, Tehsil- Robertsganj, District- Sonbhadra, U.P., (Leased Area -1.6187 Ha.).
2. Salient features of the project as submitted by the project proponent:

1.	On-line proposal No.	SIA/UP/MIN/411562/2022
2.	File No. allotted by SEIAA, UP	7474
3.	Name of Proponent	M/s Ganga Sagar Singh Prop.- Shri Ganga Sagar Singh
4.	Registered Address	R/O- Vill. – Karampur, Saidpur, District- Ghazipur, (U.P) 233221
5.	Full correspondence address of proponent and mobile no.	R/O- Vill. – Karampur, Saidpur, District- Ghazipur, (U.P) 233221

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		Mobile No.- 7705001994		
		E-mail ID- sgangasagar13@gmail.com		
6.	Name of Project	Building Stone Gitti/Boulder (Sand Stone) mining		
7.	Project Location (Plot.Khasra/Gata No.)	Araji No.- 282Mi, (Khand-1)		
8.	Name of Village	Sukrit		
9.	Tehsil	Robertsganj		
10.	District	Sonebhadra		
11.	State	Uttar Pradesh		
12.	Name of Minor Mineral	Building Stone Gitti/Boulder (Sand Stone)		
13.	Sanctioned Lease Area (in Ha.)	1.6187 Hectares		
14.	Max. & Min mRL within lease area	Highest is 266.0mRL North East & Lowest is 260.0mRL South west.		
15.	Pillar Coordinates (Verified by DMO)	Pillar No.	N	E
		A	24°55'13.64"N	83° 3'19.66"E
		B	24°55'14.16"N	83° 3'23.31"E
		C	24°55'9.10"N	83° 3'23.86"E
		D	24°55'8.64"N	83° 3'20.63"E
		E	24°55'11.00"N	83° 3'20.81"E
		F	24°55'10.63"N	83° 3'22.30"E
		G	24°55'10.90"N	83° 3'22.48"E
		H	24°55'11.46"N	83° 3'19.89"E
16.	Mine Plan approval details	Letter No.- 2022/7/21/142986 Dated- 05/12/2022		
17.	Validity of Mine Plan	5 Years		
18.	Total geological reserves	957561 M ²		
19.	Total mineable reserves	360936 M ²		
20.	Total Proposed Production (In 5 Years)	242900 M ²		
21.	Total Proposed Production/Year	48580 M ² /Year		
22.	Sanctioned Period of Mine lease	10 years		
23.	Method of Mining	Opencast, Semi mechanized Method		
24.	No. of working days	240 days		
25.	Working hours/day	8 hours/day		
26.	No. of workers	40 Workers		
27.	Type of Land	Govt. land		
28.	Ultimate Depth of Mining	18.0 m		
29.	Water Requirement		Purpose	Detail
		Portable Tanker	Drinking@15 lpcd/worker	40 workers x 15 lpcd = 630 lpcd
			Mine operation/others	-
			Land reclamation / plantation @1 Lit/Tree	1650Trees x 1 lpcd = 1650 lpcd
			Dust suppression @2Lit/Sq.m (Twice in a day)	Haul Road Area = (100 m Length x 6m Width = 600 m ²) x2lpcd/Sq.m = 1200 lpcd
			Total	5.45 KLD
30.	Name of QCI Accredited Consultant with QCI No and period of validity	M/s Earthvision India Associate Consultant, NABET/EIA/2124/IA 0077 Valid till 24-02-2024		
31.	Any litigation pending against the project or land in any court	No		

32.	Details of 500 m Cluster certificate & Map Verified by Mining Officer	Letter No. 814/Khanij/2022, Dated 10-06-2022
33.	Proposed CER cost	Rs. 3.801 Lakhs
34.	Proposed EMP cost	Rs. 8.70 Lakhs
35.	No. of Trees to be Planted.	1650
36.	Detail of CTE/CTO issued by UPPCB	NA

3. The mining would be restricted to unsaturated zone only above the phreatic water table and will not intersect the ground water table at any point of time.
4. This project does not attract any of the general conditions applicable on mining projects specified in EIA Notification 14/09/2006.
5. The mining operation will not be carried out in safety zone of any bridge or embankment or in eco-fragile zone such as habitat of any wild fauna.
6. There is no litigation pending in any court regarding this project.
7. The project proposal falls under category-1(a) of EIA Notification, 2006 (as amended).

The consultant (EIA Coordinator) also submitted an affidavit dated 21/01/2023 mentioning is as follows:

1. I, Brij Mohan Singh Negi, S/o K.S. Negi is EIA Coordinator of M/s Earthvision India Associate Consultant.
2. I have prepared the EIA/EMP report for the Proposal TOR in name of M/s Ganga Sagar Singh with my team.
3. I have personally visited the site of proposal and certify that no Mining activity has been undertaken on the project site for the present proposal.
4. I am satisfied that all the necessary data/ information submitted along with Application /EIA/ EMP are true and correct.
5. I certify that this project proposal has been uploaded for the first time on Parivesh Portal.
6. I certify that there will be no mismatch between information/data provided on the online application submitted on Parivesh Portal and the hard copy/presentation which will be submitted after acceptance of application.
7. The EMP report for the Proposal is prepared by my team as per guidelines laid down by QCI/NABET.

RESOLUTION AGAINST AGENDA NO. 02

The committee discussed the matter and recommended to issue the standard terms of reference for the preparation of EIA as annexed at annexure-2 to the minutes. The committee also stipulated following additional TOR Points:

Additional TOR:

1. To ensure proper monitoring, the project proponent/consultant should provide evidence in for of (A) Raw Data (B) Logbook of their site visit along with activities carried out during monitoring (C) Real time photographs showing monitoring machine, public, lab person etc. Proprietor/proprietor representative should be present at the time of monitoring and monitoring should be conducted as per CPCB SOP/NABET/QCI guidelines. Lab responsible person should be present at the time of EIA presentation.
2. EIA coordinator & FAE should give a photo affidavit during EIA presentation that they have personally visited the site & they have also taken all the mitigating measures for any critical issues involved in the project.

3. The project proponent will have to inform the schedule of monitoring/data collection programme to the SEIAA, UP before start of data collection. In case of failure, the collected baseline monitoring data will be treated as null and void.
 4. The details of equipment used for baseline monitoring alongwith its photograph mentioning date, time and geo coordinates for preparation of EIA report should be clearly displayed to the people present during public hearing and the complete details related to monitoring period must be mentioned in the minutes of public hearing.
 5. Original lab analysis report of the project proposal along with EIA report should be uploaded on Parivesh Portal.
 6. Combined KML of all mines in a cluster should be submitted at the time of EIA.
 7. The project proponent/Consultant should identify the core & buffer zone (2.5 km) of the mining site.
 8. Agreement/ Consent between project proponent and competent authority/ landowner for haulage road from lease site to link road to be submitted at the time of EIA presentation.
 9. Proponent/ Consultant should submit the plan/information along with technology (photographs of water sprinklers/ tankers) to be implemented for mitigating dust at source points in lease area and haulage road during operation activity/vehicular movement. Technology should be displayed at the time of EIA presentation.
 10. Proposed plantation plan with area specific plant species, number of plants to be planted and place of plantation along with a proper map to be submitted at the time of EIA presentation.
 11. Water requirement details along with source of water and the permission/ agreement with the concerning authority/ person to be submitted at the time of EIA presentation.
 12. Proponent/consultant shall present TOR specific/additional conditions compliance, observation/suggestions raised during the public hearing and commitment made by the project proponent in a tabular form with a time bound plan at the time of EIA presentation.
 13. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) to be prepared as per the MoEF guidelines and present it at the time of EIA presentation.
3. **Expansion of Proposed Group Housing Project at Khasra No. 69m, 70m, 70mi, 71m, 71mi, 72m, 72mi, 73m, 73mi, 76m, 76mi, 77/2, 79mi at Village Chhajarsi, Tehsil- Dadri, District- Gautam Buddha Naga, Shri Sudeep Yadav, M/s Ramprastha Urban Development Pvt. Ltd., File No. 7475/7180/ Proposal No. SIA/UP/INFRA2/411628/2022**

The consultant informed the committee that they are strictly following the rules, regulations and other instructions of QCI/NABET. A presentation was made by the project proponent along with their consultant M/s Ind Tech House Consult. Based on the documents submitted and presentation made by the project proponent along with the consultant, the following facts have emerged: -

1. The environmental clearance is sought for Expansion of Group Housing Project at Khasra No. 69m, 70m, 70mi, 71m, 71mi, 72m, 72mi, 73m, 73mi, 76m, 76mi, 77/2, 79mi at Village-Chhajarsi, Tehsil- Dadri, Gautam Buddha Nagar, U.P., M/s Ramprastha Urban Development Pvt. Ltd.
2. Environmental Clearance for the existing project was issued by SEIAA, U.P. vide letter no. 306/parya/SEAC/4905/2019, dated 22/10/2019 for the plot area 28,691 sqm and Built up area 1,13,679.155 sqm.
3. Terms of reference in the matter were issued by SEIAA, U.P. vide letter no. 281/Parya/SEIAA/7180/2022, dated 30/11/2022.
4. Maximum number of floors will be 2B+S/PO+30 and maximum height of the building will be 100.5 m.
5. Total Saleable Dwelling Units are 920 nos. Expected population will be 6450 (persons).
6. Comparative details of existing and expansion project:

SN	Description	Existing EC	Revised Proposal	Difference	Unit
1	Plot Area	28697	28697	0	SQM
2	Proposed Built Up Area	113679.155	178159.68	64480.53	SQM
3	Total no of Saleable DU's	456	920	464	NOS

4	Total EWS Unit	84	0	-84	
5	Max Height of Building (Upto Terrace)	96	100.5	4.5	M
6	Max No of Floors	2B+S/PO+30	2B+S/PO+30	-	NOS
7	Cost of Project	90	575	485	CR
8	Expected Population	3444	6450	3006	PERSONS
9	Proposed Ground Coverage Area	5228.066	5299.089	71.02	SQM
10	Proposed FAR Area	43953.21	112710.185	68756.98	SQM
11	Total Water Requirement	254	524	270	KLD
12	Fresh water requirement	183	375	192	KLD
13	Waste water Generation	209	429	220	KLD
14	Proposed STP Capacity	250	540	290	KLD
15	No of RWH of Pits Proposed	7	7	0	NOS
16	Total Proposed Parking	1937	1937	0	ECS
17	Proposed Green Area (15.14% of Plot Area)	4347.58	4347.58	0	SQM
18	Municipal Solid Waste Generation	1.45	2.95	1.50	TPD
19	Total Power Requirement	1780	1267	-513	KW
20	DG set backup	1000	1250	250	KVA

7. Salient features details:

SN	Description	Particulars	Unit
GENERAL			
1	Plot Area	28697	SQM
2	Proposed Built Up Area	178159.68	SQM
3	Number of Building Blocks	11	NOS
4	Total no of Saleable DU's	920	NOS
5	Max Height of Building (Upto Terrace)	100.5	M
6	Max No of Floors	2B+S/PO+30	NOS
7	Cost of Project	575	CR
8	Expected Population	6450	PERSONS
9	Permissible Ground Coverage Area (@40%)	11478.80	SQM
10	Proposed Ground Coverage Area (18.46)	5299.089	SQM
11	Permissible FAR Area (@400)	114788.00	SQM
12	Proposed FAR Area	112710.185	SQM
13	Proposed NoN FAR Area	65449.50	SQM
14	Proposed Built Up Area	178159.68	SQM
WATER			
15	Total Water Requirement	524	KLD
16	Fresh water requirement	375	KLD
17	Waste water Generation	429	KLD
18	Proposed STP Capacity	540	KLD
19	Treated Water Available for Reuse	386	KLD
20	Recycled Water	149	KLD
21	Surplus Treated water	237	KLD
RAIN WATER HARVESTING			
22	Rain Water Harvesting Potential	151.77	CUM
23	No of RWH of Pits Proposed	7	NOS
PARKING			
24	Total Parking Required as per building Bye Laws	509	ECS
25	Total Proposed Parking	1937	ECS
26	Proposed Surface Parking	277	ECS
27	Proposed Stilt/Podium Parking	402	ECS
28	Proposed Basements Parking	1258	ECS
GREEN AREAS			
29	Required Green Area	4304.55	SQM

30	Proposed Green Area (15.14% of Plot Area) (360 numbers of tree proposed to planted)	4347.58	SQM
WASTE GENERATION			
31	Municipal Solid Waste Generation	2.95	TPD
32	Bio Degradable waste	1.77	TPD
33	Quantity of Sludge Generated from STP	42.93	KG/DAY
POWER			
34	Total Power Requirement	1267	KW
35	DG set backup	1250	KVA

8. Land use details:

S. No.	Particulars	Area (sqm)	% w r t plot area
1	Ground Coverage Area	5299.09	18.46%
2	Green Area	4347.58	15.149
3	Road/Paved Parking Area	11430.198	39.83
4	Other Open Area	7620.13	26.55
5	Total Plot Area	28,697.00	

9. The project proposal falls under category-8(b) of EIA Notification, 2006 (as amended).

The consultant (EIA Coordinator) also submitted an affidavit dated 23/01/2023 mentioning is as follows:

1. I, Suman Banerjee, S/o Shri Nanak Chandra Banerjee is EIA Coordinator of Ind Tech House Consult.
2. I have prepared the EIA application for the proposal (SIA/UP/INFRA2/411628/2022), Expansion of Group Housing at Khasra No. 69m, 70m, 70mi, 71m, 71mi, 72m, 72mi, 73m, 73mi, 76m, 76mi, 77/2, 79mi at Village-Chhajarsi, Tehsil- Dadri, Gautam Buddha Nagar, U.P., M/s Ramprastha Urban Development Pvt. Ltd. with my team.
3. I have personally visited the site of proposal and certify that no construction activity has been undertaken on the present expansion part of the project proposal.
4. I have satisfied with that all the necessary data/information submitted along with application/EIA report for environmental clearance are true and correct.
5. I certify that expansion of this project has been uploaded for the first time on Parivesh Portal.
6. I certify that there is no mismatch between information/data provided on online application and hard copy/presentation which will be submitted after acceptance of application.
7. The EIA/EMP report for the proposal is prepared by my team as per guidelines laid down by QCI/NABET.

RESOLUTION AGAINST AGENDA NO. 03

The committee discussed the matter and recommended grant of environmental clearance for the project proposal as above along with standard environmental clearance conditions prescribed by MoEF&CC, GoI and following additional conditions:

Additional Conditions:

1. In compliance to Hon'ble Supreme Court order dated 13/01/2020 in IA no. 158128/2019 and 158129/2019 in Writ petition no. 13029/1985 (MC Mehta Vs. GoI and others) anti-smog guns shall be installed to reduce dust during excavation.
2. Project proponent is advised to explore the possibility and getting the cement in a closed container rather through the plastic bag to prevent dust emissions at the time of loading/unloading.
3. Project proponent should ensure that there will be no use of "Single use of Plastic" (SUP).
4. The proponent should provide the sufficient electric vehicle charging points as per the requirements at ground level and allocate the safe and suitable place in the premises for the same.

5. The project proponent should develop green belt in the township as per the plan submitted and also follow the guidelines of CPCB/Development authority for green belt as per the norms.
6. Project proponent should invest the CSR amount as per the proposal and submit the compliance report regularly to the concerned authority/Directorate of environment.
7. Proponent should submit the certified compliance report of previous/present EC along with action taken report to the Regional office MoEFCC, Lucknow/Director of Environment and other concerning authority regularly.
8. Proponent shall provide the dual pipeline network in the project for utilization of treated water of STP for different purposes and also provide the monitoring mechanism for the same. STP treated water not to be discharged outside the premises without the permission of the concerned authority.
9. The project proponent shall provide a measuring device for monitoring the various sources of water supply namely fresh water, treated waste water and harvested rain water.
10. The proponent should provide the MoU with STPs' owner/concerned department for getting the STPs treated water for construction use.

Standard Environmental Clearance Conditions prescribed by MoEF&CC:

1. Statutory compliance:
 1. The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
 2. The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment etc as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightning etc.
 3. The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.
 4. The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
 5. The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the concerned State Pollution Control Board/ Committee.
 6. The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground water / surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
 7. A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
 8. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department and Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
 9. The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
 10. The project proponent shall follow the ECBC/ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly.
2. Air quality monitoring and preservation:
 1. Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
 2. A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.
 3. The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common/criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g. PM10 and PM25) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
 4. Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous

- dust/ wind breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 meter height). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murram and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
5. Sand, murram, loose soil, cement, stored on site shall be covered adequately so as to prevent dust pollution.
 6. Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
 7. Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
 8. All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site (and not dumped on the roads or open spaces outside) before they are properly disposed. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.
 9. The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection) prescribed for air and noise mission standards.
 10. The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
 11. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
3. Water quality monitoring and preservation:
1. The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water. No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.
 2. Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
 3. Total fresh water use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details.
 4. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
 5. A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
 6. At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
 7. Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing etc and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. shall be done.
 8. Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
 9. Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
 10. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
 11. The local bye-law provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. If local byelaw provision is not available, adequate provision for storage and recharge should be followed as per the Ministry of Urban Development Model Building Byelaws, 2016. Rain water harvesting recharge pits/storage tanks shall be provided for ground water recharging as per the CGWB norms.
 12. A rain water harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of built up area and storage capacity of minimum one

- day of total fresh water requirement shall be provided. In areas where ground water recharge is not feasible, the rain water should be harvested and stored for reuse. The ground water shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.
13. All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.
 14. No ground water shall be used during construction phase of the project.
 15. Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.
 16. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
 17. Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/re-used for flushing, AC make up water and gardening. As proposed, not related water shall be disposed in to municipal drain.
 18. No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.
 19. Onsite sewage treatment of capacity of treating 100% waste water to be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall be reused on site for landscape, flushing, cooling tower, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.
 20. Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odor problem from STP.
 21. Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Centre Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.
4. Noise monitoring and prevention:
1. Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential area/commercial area/industrial area/silence zone both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB / SPCB.
 2. Noise level survey shall be carried as per the prescribed guidelines and report in this regard shall be submitted to Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of six-monthly compliance report.
 3. Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, ear plugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.
5. Energy Conservation measures:
1. Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC.
 2. Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
 3. Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased day lighting design and thermal mass etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof u-values shall be as per ECBC specifications.
 4. Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/ LED for the lighting the area outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.

5. Solar, wind or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher.
6. Solar power shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher. Residential buildings are also recommended to meet its hot water demand from solar water heaters, as far as possible.
6. Waste Management :
 1. A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid wastes, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from project shall be obtained.
 2. Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
 3. Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
 4. Organic waste compost/ Vermiculture pit/ Organic Waste Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.3 kg /person/day must be installed.
 5. All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie up must be done with the authorized recyclers.
 6. Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
 7. Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials.
 8. Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016. Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
 9. Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.
 10. Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.
7. Green Cover:
 1. No tree can be felled/transplant unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted).
 2. A minimum of 1 tree for every 80 sqm of land should be planted and maintained. The existing trees will be counted for this purpose. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping.
 3. Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned local Authority, compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1:10 (i.e. planting of 10 trees for every 1 tree that is cut) shall be done and maintained. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted). Area for green belt development shall be provided as per the details provided in the project document.
 4. Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.
8. Transport:
 1. A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be

designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.

- a. Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - b. Traffic calming measures.
 - c. Proper design of entry and exit points.
 - d. Parking norms as per local regulation.
2. Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards be operated only during non-peak hours.
3. A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./ competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.
9. Human health issues :
 1. All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.
 2. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
 3. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.
 4. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
 5. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis.
 6. A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.
10. Corporate Environment Responsibility:
 1. The project proponent shall comply with the provisions contained in this Ministry's OM vide F.No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 1st May 2018, as applicable, regarding Corporate Environment Responsibility.
 2. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements / deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.
 3. A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will directly to the head of the organization.
 4. Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by competent authority. The year wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and not to be diverted for any other purpose. Year wise progress of implementation of action plan shall be reported to the Ministry/Regional Office along with the Six Monthly Compliance Report.
11. Miscellaneous:
 1. The project proponent shall prominently advertise it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days

- indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEFCC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.
2. The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
 3. The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
 4. The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal.
 5. The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
 6. The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
 7. The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
 8. The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitment made during Public Hearing and also that during their presentation to the Expert Appraisal Committee.
 9. No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC).
 10. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
 11. The Ministry may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
 12. The Ministry reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.
 13. The Regional Office of this Ministry shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data / information/monitoring reports.
 14. The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.
 15. Any appeal against this EC shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.
4. **Building Stone or Granite Khanda, Boulder, Ballast (Gitty) Mining Project at Arazi No.- 601, Village: Daharra, Tehsil- Mahoba, District- Mahoba, Shri Neetu Shivahare, Area - 0.906 Ha., File No. 7481/ Proposal No. SIA/UP/MIN/409768/2022**

The consultant informed the committee that they are strictly following the rules, regulations and other instructions of QCI/NABET. A presentation was made by the project proponent along with their consultant M/s P and M Solution. Based on the documents submitted and presentation made by the project proponent along with the consultant, the following facts have emerged: -

1. The environmental clearance is sought for Building Stone Mining Project at Arazi No. 601, Village: Daharra, Tehsil- Mahoba, District- Mahoba, U.P., (Leased Area -0.906 Ha.).
2. Salient features of the project as submitted by the project proponent:

Minutes of 722th SEAC-2 Meeting Dated 23/01/2023

On-line proposal No.	SIA/UP/MIN/409768/2022		
File no. allotted by SEIAA,UP	7481		
Name of Proponent	M/s O.P Filling Station Smt Neetu Shivhare W/o Deepak Shivhare		
Full correspondence address of proponent and mobile no.	R/o 01, Mochipura, Kabrai, District- Mahoba (U.P.),		
Name of Project	Building Stone/Khanda, Boulder, Gitti Ballast Mine		
Project location (Plot/Khasra/Gata No.)	Araji No. 601		
Name of River	-		
Name of Village	Daharra		
Tehsil	Mahoba		
District	Mahoba, U.P.		
Name of Minor Mineral	Building Stone “Khanda, Boulder, Gitti Ballast ”		
Sanctioned Lease Area (in Ha.)	Total Lease Area: 0.906 ha		
Mineable Area (in Ha.)	0.906 Ha		
Zero Level mRL	-		
Max. & Min mRL within lease area	Highest Point :179 mRL Lowest Point :158 mRL		
Pillar Coordinates (Verified by DMO) (Source: Verified Khasra Map)	Sanction Lease Area Co-ordinate		
	Pillars	Latitude (N)	Longitude (E)
	A	25°20'22.203"N	79°58'48.122"E
	B	25°20'21.527"N	79°58'52.550"E
	C	25°20'19.517"N	79°58'52.028"E
	D	25°20'18.704"N	79°58'51.232"E
	E	25°20'19.136"N	79°58'49.825"E
	F	25°20'18.920"N	79°58'49.555"E
	G	25°20'20.411"N	79°58'47.499"E
Total Geological Reserves (Source: Approved Mining Plan)	1,92,003m ³		
Total Mineable Reserves (Source: Approved Mining Plan)	63,572 m ³		
Total Proposed Production (in five years)	54,360 m ³		
Proposed Production/year	10,872 m ³ /annum		
Sanctioned Period of Mine lease	10 years		
Method of Mining	Opencast, semi-mechanized		
No. of Working days	260 Days		
Working hours/day	8 -10 hours/day		
No. Of Workers	23		
No. of vehicles movement/day	3 Units (Assumed Loading Capacity: 40T/Unit)		
Type of Land	State Government Land		
Ultimate Depth of Mining	33 m (179mRL – 146mRL)		
Nearest metalled road from site	Kabari- Mahoba Marg, 2.7 km, West		
Water Requirement	Purpose	Requirement (KLD)	
	Drinking	0.115	
	Suppression of Dust	2.0	
	Plantation	11.620	
	Total	13.735	
Name of QCI Accredited Consultant with QCI No. and period of validity.	P AND M Solution Certificate No.: NABET/EIA/1922/IA0053, Validity Extended Till March 07/2023		
Any litigation pending against the project or hand in any court	No		
Details of 500 m Cluster Map & certificate issued by Mining Officer	Cluster certificate issued by DMO (Mining Section), Mahoba, Letter No. 2826/30 MMC/2022-23, Date: 19-01-2023.		
Details of Lease Area in approved DSR	Letter : 154/MMC-30-Khanij (2021-22) Dated: 12/05/2021		
Proposed CER Cost	Rs. 1.93 Lakhs (2% of the total Project Cost)		
Proposed EMP Cost	Rs. 20.07 Lakhs		

Length and width of Approach Road	Approach Road Length 1660 m & Width 7 m
No. of Trees to be Planted	1000 Trees

3. The mining would be restricted to unsaturated zone only above the phreatic water table and will not intersect the ground water table at any point of time.
4. This project does not attract any of the general conditions applicable on mining projects specified in EIA Notification 14/09/2006.
5. The mining operation will not be carried out in safety zone of any bridge or embankment or in eco-fragile zone such as habitat of any wild fauna.
6. There is no litigation pending in any court regarding this project.
7. The project proposal falls under category-1(a) of EIA Notification, 2006 (as amended).

The consultant (EIA Coordinator) also submitted an affidavit dated 21/01/2023 mentioning is as follows:

1. I, Dr. Jatin Kumar Srivastava S/o Late Shri. Lalit Kishore Srivastava is EIA Coordinator of M/s P & M Solution, Noida, QCI/NABET Certificate No. NABET/EIA/1922/IA0053 validity Extended till 7th March 2023.
2. I have prepared the EMP report for the Proposal (SIA/UP/MIN/409768/2022) in Name Building Stone or Granite Khanda, Boulder, Ballast (Gitty) Mining Project at Arajai No-601, Area: 0.906 Ha, Village: Daharra, Tehsil: Mahoba, District: Mahoba, State-Uttar Pradesh with my team.
3. I have personally visited the site of proposal and certify that no Mining activity has been undertaken on the project site for the present proposal.
4. I am satisfied that all the necessary data/ information submitted along with Application / EMP are true and correct.
5. I certify that this project proposal has been uploaded for the first time on Parivesh Portal. In case the project is being uploaded for the 2nd time that is only after the withdrawal of previous project has been accepted by SEIAA, UP on Parivesh Portal.
6. I certify that there will be no mismatch between information/data provided on the online application submitted on Parivesh Portal and the hard copy/presentation which will be submitted after acceptance of application.
7. I state that all the TOR Points have been complied and all the issues raised during Public Hearing have been properly addressed in EIA report. (If and as required): Not Applicable
8. The EMP report for the Proposal is prepared by my team as per guidelines laid down by QCI/NABET.

RESOLUTION AGAINST AGENDA NO. 04

The committee discussed the matter and recommended grant of environmental clearance for the project proposal along with general and specific conditions as annexed at Annexure-1 to these minutes. The committee also stipulated the following specific conditions:

1. Project proponent has committed to plant 500 number of trees/hectare. The project proponent/consultant if desires may approach to concerned District Forest Authority to plant 500 trees/ha on a land available to the Forest Department. The project proponent will deposit the required amount for this entire plantation work (including its maintenance and security) to the Forest Department.
2. The project proponent shall install solar light in their site office.
3. During the submission of 6 monthly compliance reports, the project proponent should make sure that the periodically taken site photographs should also be annexed along with the compliance report.
4. The maximum height of the bench should be 06 meters and the width of the bench should be at least twice the height of the bench as per the mine plan approval letter by DGM, U.P
5. In case the blasting is proposed during a mining operation, the project proponent needs to assess its impact on the displacement of human beings/wild animals/birds/other species, and the suitable

measures proposed and taken for their rehabilitation and resettlement need to be clearly described in first 6 monthly compliance report.

6. The project proponent shall submit a final mine closure plan/Exit protocol for rehabilitation of mined-out land to match its surrounding land use 3years before the closure of the mine to SEIAA, UP and Department of Mines and Geology, UP for approval. The project proponent shall ensure the implementation of the approved plan under the supervision of the Dept. of Mines and Geology.
7. The project proponent shall plan and implement collection drain and siltation basins of adequate size to arrest the silt and sediment flow from the quarry area. The surface runoff rainwater harvesting and other water conservation measures on a long-term basis are to be taken in consultation with the Central/State Groundwater Board. The water so collected should be utilized for watering the haulage area, roads, and green belt development, etc.
8. The project proponent shall take all suitable measures to prevent pollution of groundwater and nearby water bodies in consultation with the State Pollution Control Board and consent to operate (if applicable) should be obtained from the State Pollution Control Board before the start of production from the mine.
9. Link Road from the quarry site to the main road shall be constructed as an all-weather road with blacktopping and maintained by the project proponent.
10. Vehicular emissions should be kept under control and regularly monitored. Suitable measures shall be taken for proper maintenance of vehicles used in a quarry operation and transportation.
11. The project proponent should explore the possibilities of rainwater harvesting.
12. Agreement/ Consent between project proponent and competent authority/ landowner for haulage road from lease site to link road.
13. Latest technology (water sprinklers/ tankers) to be adopted for mitigating dust at source points in lease area and haulage road during operational activity/vehicular movement.
14. As per the proposed plan, plantation with area specific plant species, number of plants to be Planted and report of green belt development to be submitted to the concerning department.

5. Ordinary Sand Mining from River Bed of Ganga at Gata No. 34, Village –Bhuipara, Tandriya or Gondri, Tehsil- Meja, District- Prayagraj, Shri Arun Kumar Singh, Area-5.0 ha., File No. 7483/ Proposal No. SIA/UP/MIN/411876/2022

The consultant informed the committee that they are strictly following the rules, regulations and other instructions of QCI/NABET. A presentation was made by the project proponent along with their consultant M/s Paramarsh Servicing Environment and development. Based on the documents submitted and presentation made by the project proponent along with the consultant, the following facts have emerged: -

1. The environmental clearance is sought for Ordinary Sand Mining from river bed of Ganga River at Gata No. 34, Village –Bhuipara, Tandriya and Gondri, Tehsil- Meja, District- Prayagraj, Uttar Pradesh, (Leased Area- Area-5.0 ha).
2. Salient features of the project as submitted by the project proponent:

1.	On-line proposal No.	SIA/UP/MIN/411876/2022
2.	File No. allotted by SEIAA, UP	7483
3.	Name of Proponent	Shri Arun Kumar Singh S/o Shri Dharmendra Pratap Singh
4.	Full correspondence address of proponent and mobile no.	R/o: Vill- Manda Khas Tappa Manda Tehsil – Meja, District – Prayagraj,(U.P.)-212104 Mobile no. – 6392003490 E mail ID - aksand2022@gmail.com
5.	Name of Project	Environmental clearance for ordinary sand mining from river bed of Ganga, at Gata No. 34, Area-5.0 ha at Village – Bhuipara, Tandriya and Gondri, Tehsil- Meja, District- Prayagraj, Uttar Pradesh of Shri Arun Kumar Singh
6.	Project Location (Plot. Khasra/Gata No.)	Gata No. 34
7.	Name of River	Ganga River

Minutes of 722th SEAC-2 Meeting Dated 23/01/2023

8.	Name of Village	Bhuipara, Tandriya or Gondri																	
9.	Tehsil	Meja																	
10.	District	Prayagraj																	
11.	Name of Minor Mineral	Ordinary Sand Mining Project																	
12.	Sanctioned Lease Area (in Ha.)	5.0 ha																	
13.	Max. & Min mRL within lease area	Highest mRL is 74.0 mRL Lowest mRL is 70.0 mRL																	
14.	Pillar Coordinates (Verified by DMO)	<table><tr><td>Point</td><td>Latitude</td><td>Longitude</td></tr><tr><td>A</td><td>25°18.575N</td><td>82° 11.166E</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td>25°18.686N</td><td>82° 11.175E</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td>25°18.648N</td><td>82° 11.321E</td></tr><tr><td>D</td><td>25°18.535N</td><td>82° 11.316E</td></tr></table>			Point	Latitude	Longitude	A	25°18.575N	82° 11.166E	B	25°18.686N	82° 11.175E	C	25°18.648N	82° 11.321E	D	25°18.535N	82° 11.316E
Point	Latitude	Longitude																	
A	25°18.575N	82° 11.166E																	
B	25°18.686N	82° 11.175E																	
C	25°18.648N	82° 11.321E																	
D	25°18.535N	82° 11.316E																	
15.	Total Geological Reserves	1,23,346 m ³																	
16.	Total Mineable Reserve	1,00,000 m ³																	
17.	Total Proposed Production	5,00,000m ³ (5 years)																	
18.	Proposed Production /year (as per Lol)	1,00,000 m ³ per annum																	
19.	Sanctioned Period of Mine lease	Plan Period 5 years																	
20.	Method of Mining	Opencast semi - mechanized																	
21.	No. of worker	21																	
22.	Type of Land	Govt./Non Forest Land																	
23.	Depth of Mining	2.6 m																	
24.	Nearest metalled road from site	0.50 km																	
25.	Water Requirement	PURPOSE Drinking - 0.21 KLD Suppression of dust - 6.0 KLD Plantation - 2.5 KLD Others (if any) - 0.00 KLD Total ~ 8.71 KLD																	
26.	Name of QCI Accredited Consultant with QCI No and period of validity.	Paramarsh Servicing Environment and development NABET/EIA/2124 RA 0224, Valid till –01 May 2024																	
27.	Any litigation pending against the project or land in any court	No																	
28.	Details of 500 m Cluster Certificate verified by Mining Officer	Letter No – 1543/Khanij/2022-23 dated 09/09/2022																	
29.	Details of Lease Area in approved DSR	Page no. 57 Serial no. 34																	
30.	Project Cost	97.0 Lacs																	
31.	Proposed CER cost	1.94 Lacs																	
32.	Length and breadth of Haul Road	Length – 0.50 km, Breadth – 6.00 m																	
33.	No. of Trees to be Planted	2,500																	

- The mining would be restricted to unsaturated zone only above the phreatic water table and will not intersect the ground water table at any point of time.
- This project does not attract any of the general conditions applicable on mining projects specified in EIA Notification 14/09/2006.
- The mining operation will not be carried out in safety zone of any bridge or embankment or in eco-fragile zone such as habitat of any wild fauna.
- There is no litigation pending in any court regarding this project.
- The project proposal falls under category-1(a) of EIA Notification, 2006 (as amended).

The consultant (EIA Coordinator) also submitted an affidavit dated 21/01/2023 mentioning is as follows:

- I Pankaj Srivastava S/o Shri V. V. Srivastava is EIA Coordinator of Paramarsh servicing Environment and Development.
- I have prepared Form 1, PFR and EMP (Category B2) for the Environmental clearance for ordinary sand mining from river bed of Ganga, at Gata No. 34, Area-5.0 ha at Village –Bhuipara, Tandriya or Gondri, Tehsil- Meja, District- Prayagraj, Uttar Pradesh of Shri Arun Kumar Singh

S/o Shri Dharmendra Pratap Singh R/o: Vill- Manda Khas Tappa Manda Tehsil – Meja, District – Prayagraj,(U.P.)-212104, Proposal No. SIA/UP/MIN/411876/2022 with my team.

3. I have personally visited the proposed site along with team and certify that no mining activity has been undertaken on the project site for the present proposal.
4. I am satisfied with that all the necessary data/information required for Form 1, PFR and EMP preparations are true and correct.
5. I certify that no mining activity has been undertaken on the project site for the Present proposal.
6. I certify that this project has been uploaded for the first time on Parivesh Portal.
7. I certify that there is no mismatch between information/data provided on online application and hard copy/presentation submitted.
8. The Form 1, PFR and EMP for the Proposal is prepared by my team as per guidelines laid down by QCI/NABET.

RESOLUTION AGAINST AGENDA NO. 05

The committee discussed the matter and recommended grant of environmental clearance for the project proposal along with general and specific conditions as annexed at Annexure-3 to these minutes. The committee also stipulated the following specific conditions:

1. In compliance of Hon'ble NGT Order dated 06.05.2022, for subsequent years, Project Proponent shall submit fresh annual replenishment study to SEIAA, UP for amendment in EC for mineable quantity and maximum permissible depth for mining based on scientific findings of replenishment study. Such study shall be placed before SEAC for appraisal for next three years to assess rate of deposition and accordingly, mineable production capacity and depth can be prescribed based on trends analysis, provided it is found scientifically satisfactory by the SEAC. The placing of the study report SEAC is mandatory for initial three years.
2. NOC from Irrigation Department/ Concerning Authority regarding river bed mining to be obtained before start of mining activity.
3. The project proponent shall install solar light in their site office.
4. During the submission of 6 monthly compliance reports, the project proponent should make sure that the periodically taken site photographs should also be annexed along with the compliance report.
5. Preference should be given to indigenous local species as per the consultation of the local district Forest Officer.
6. Link Road from the quarry site to the main road shall be constructed as an all-weather road with blacktopping and maintained by the project proponent.
7. Vehicular emissions should be kept under control and regularly monitored. Suitable measures shall be taken for proper maintenance of vehicles used in a quarry operation and transportation.
8. The project proponent should explore the possibilities of rainwater harvesting.
9. Agreement/ Consent between project proponent and competent authority/ landowner for haulage road from lease site to link road.
10. Latest technology (water sprinklers/tankers) to be adopted for mitigating dust at source points in lease area and haulage road during operational activity/vehicular movement.
11. As per the proposed plan, plantation with area specific plant species, number of plants to be planted and report of green belt development to be submitted to the concerning department
12. Water requirement details along with source of water and the permission/ agreement with the concerning authority/ water supplying agencies to be submitted.
13. Submit the hydrological study report of lease area that the quantity given in LoI will be mined without affecting the geo-hydrology of the River.

6. Sand/Morrum Mining Project Son River at Araj No: 531 ञ, Khand No: 6, Village- Sasnai, Tehsil- Obra, District- Sonbhadra, Shri Sukh Sagar Prasad Upadhyay, Area-18.214 Ha., File No. 7487/6282/ Proposal No. SIA/UP/MIN/411488/2022

The consultant informed the committee that they are strictly following the rules, regulations and other instructions of QCI/NABET. A presentation was made by the project proponent along with their consultant M/s Ind Tech House Consult. Based on the documents submitted and presentation made by the project proponent along with the consultant, the following facts have emerged: -

1. The environmental clearance is sought for Sand/Morrum Mining from Son River at Araj No: 531 ञ, Khand No: 6, Village- Sasnai, Tehsil- Obra, District- Sonbhadra, U.P., (Leased Area-18.214 Ha.).
2. The Terms of Reference in the matter were issued by SEIAA, U.P vide Letter No. 340/Parya/SEIAA/6282/2021 on dated 30/11/2021.
3. The Public Hearing was organized on 13/04/2022 at Village-Sasnai, Tehsil-Obra, District- Sonbhadra. Final EIA Report was submitted by the Project Proponent on 24/12/2022.
4. Salient features of the project as submitted by the project proponent:

1.	On Line Proposal No.	SIA/UP/MIN/411488/2022		
2.	File No. allotted by SEIAA, UP	7487/6282		
3.	Name of Proponent	Shri Sukhsagar Prasad Upadhyay S/o Late. Girija Prasad		
4.	Full correspondence address of proponent and mobile no.	R/o Kota, Dala, Sonbhadra, U.P		
5.	Name of Project	River Sand Morrum Mining Project at Khand 06 Araj No'- 531 ञ, Village- Sasnai, Tehsil- Obra , District- Sonbhadra (U.P), Area: 18.214 Ha Proprietor Shri Sukhsagar Prasad Upadhyay		
6.	Project Location (Plot.Khsra/Gata No.)	Khand 06 Araj No'-531 ञ		
7.	Name of Village	Sasnai		
8.	Tehsil	Obra		
9.	District	Sonbhadra		
10.	Name of Minor Mineral	River Sand/Morrum		
11.	Name Of River	Son River		
12.	Sanctioned Lease Area (in Ha.)	18.214 Ha		
13.	Max. & Min mRL within lease area	162.50 mRL to 160.00 mRL		
14.	Pillar Coordinates (Verified by DMO)	Point	Latitude	Longitude
		A	24°28'26.46"N	83°11'57.48"E
		B	24°28'26.39"N	83°12'17.58"E
		C	24°28'15.63"N	83°12'16.93"E
		D	24°28'15.61"N	83°11'57.96"E
15.	Total Geological Reserves	546420m ³ /Annum		
16.	Total Mineable Reserve in LOI	291424 m ³ /Annum		
17.	Total Proposed Production in LOI	291424 m ³ /Annum		
18.	Total Proposed Production in 5 Years	291424 *5=1457120m ³		
19.	Sanctioned Period of Mine lease	5 Years		
20.	Method of Mining	Open cast Manual/ Semi Mechanized Mining		
21.	No. of working days	225 Days		
22.	Working hours/day	8 Hours		
23.	No. of worker	32 Workers		
24.	No. of vehicles movement/day	144 Trucks / Day (Depending on market demand)		
25.	Type of Land	Govt. Land		
26.	Ultimate of Depth of Mining	1.80 m		
27.	Nearest metalled road from site	1.20Km		
28.	Water Requirement	PURPOSE	REQUIREMENT (KLD)	
		Drinking	0.32 KLD	
		Suppression	12.00 KLD	

		of dust	
		Plantation	2.40 KLD
		Others (if any)	
		Total	14.72 KLD (Approx. 15.00 KLD)
29.	Name of QCI Accredited Consultant with QCI No and period of validity.	Ind Tech House Consult Certificate No- NABET/EIA/2023/SA 0174/Rev.01 Period of Validity- 29-04-2023	
30.	Any litigation pending against the project or land in any court	No	
31.	Details of 500 m Cluster Map & Certificate verified by Mining Officer	Letter No-354/Khanij/(2021) Date-29.1.2021	
32.	Details of Lease Area in approved DSR	Page No'-26, Table No.'-8b Sr. No'-8	
33.	Proposed CER cost	2% of total project cost i.e. Rs.18.62 Lakhs	
34.	Proposed EMP cost	19.78 Lakhs	
35.	Length and breadth of Haul Road	1000 mt Length & 6m width haulage road	
36.	No. of Trees to be Planted	601Trees	

5. The mining would be restricted to unsaturated zone only above the phreatic water table and will not intersect the ground water table at any point of time.
6. This project does not attract any of the general conditions applicable on mining projects specified in EIA Notification 14/09/2006.
7. The mining operation will not be carried out in safety zone of any bridge or embankment or in eco-fragile zone such as habitat of any wild fauna.
8. There is no litigation pending in any court regarding this project.
9. The project proposal falls under category-1(a) of EIA Notification, 2006 (as amended).

The consultant (EIA Coordinator) also submitted an affidavit dated 23/01/2023 mentioning is as follows:

1. I Anand Kumar Dubey, S/o Shri Amar Nath Dubey am EIA Coordinator of M/s Ind Tech House Consult.
2. I have prepared EIA report for the Proposal No. SIA/UP/MIN/411488/2022, Project Name : Sand/Morrum Mining from Son River at Araji No: 531 Dha, Khand No: 6, Village- Sasnai, Tehsil- Obra, District- Sonbhadra, U.P., (Leased Area-18.214 Ha.) with my team.
3. I have personally visited the site of proposal and certify that no Mining activity has been undertaken on the project site for the present proposal.
4. I am satisfied with that all the necessary data/information required for EIA/EMP presentations are true and correct.
5. I certify that this project proposal has been uploaded for the first time on Parivesh Portal.
6. I certify that there will be no mismatch between information/data provided on the online application submitted on Parivesh Portal and the hard copy/presentation which will be submitted after acceptance of application.
7. I state that all the TOR points have been complied and all the issues raised during public hearing have been properly addressed in EIA report.
8. The EIA report for the Proposal is prepared by my team as per guidelines laid down by QCI/NABET.

RESOLUTION AGAINST AGENDA NO. 06

The committee discussed the matter and recommended grant of environmental clearance for the project proposal along with general and specific conditions as annexed at Annexure-3 to these minutes. The committee also stipulated the following specific conditions:

1. In compliance of Hon'ble NGT Order dated 06.05.2022, for subsequent years, Project Proponent shall submit fresh annual replenishment study to SEIAA, UP for amendment in EC for mineable quantity and maximum permissible depth for mining based on scientific findings of replenishment study. Such study shall be placed before SEAC for appraisal for next three years to assess rate of deposition and accordingly, mineable production capacity and depth can be prescribed based on trends analysis, provided it is found scientifically satisfactory by the SEAC. The placing of the study report SEAC is mandatory for initial three years.
 2. NOC from Irrigation Department/ Concerning Authority regarding river bed mining to be obtained before start of mining activity.
 3. The project proponent shall install solar light in their site office.
 4. During the submission of 6 monthly compliance reports, the project proponent should make sure that the periodically taken site photographs should also be annexed along with the compliance report.
 5. Preference should be given to indigenous local species as per the consultation of the local district Forest Officer.
 6. Link Road from the quarry site to the main road shall be constructed as an all-weather road with blacktopping and maintained by the project proponent.
 7. Vehicular emissions should be kept under control and regularly monitored. Suitable measures shall be taken for proper maintenance of vehicles used in a quarry operation and transportation.
 8. The project proponent should explore the possibilities of rainwater harvesting.
 9. Agreement/ Consent between project proponent and competent authority/ landowner for haulage road from lease site to link road.
 10. Latest technology (water sprinklers/ tankers) to be adopted for mitigating dust at source points in lease area and haulage road during operational activity/vehicular movement.
 11. As per the proposed plan, plantation with area specific plant species, number of plants to be planted and report of green belt development to be submitted to the concerning department
 12. Water requirement details along with source of water and the permission/ agreement with the concerning authority/ water supplying agencies to be submitted.
 13. Submit the Hydrological study report of lease area that the quantity given in LoI will be mined without affecting the geo-hydrology of the River.
7. **Manufacturing of Inks, Coatings, Adhesives and Speciality Chemicals at Plot no 1779, Sector 32, Yamuna Expressway, District- Gautam Budh Nagar, Shri Ramakrushna Sahu, M/s UFLEX Limited., File No. 7493/6864/ Proposal No. SIA/UP/IND3/411864/2022**

The consultant informed the committee that they are strictly following the rules, regulations and other instructions of QCI/NABET. A presentation was made by the project proponent along with their consultant M/s Ind Tech House Consult. Based on the documents submitted and presentation made by the project proponent along with the consultant, the following facts have emerged: -

1. The environmental clearance is sought for Manufacturing of Inks, Coatings, Adhesives and Specialty Chemicals at Plot no 1779, Sector 32, Yamuna Expressway, District- Gautam Budh Nagar, U.P., M/s UFLEX Limited.
2. The standard Terms of reference in the matter were issued through online Parivesh Portal on 20/01/2022.
3. The Public Hearing was organized on 11/10/2022 at Tehsil-Jewar, Gautambudh Nagar, U.P. Final EIA Report was submitted by the Project Proponent on 26/12/2022.
4. Salient features of the project as submitted by the project proponent:

SN	Components	Details
1	Products and quantity	Total production capacity is 144,000 TPA Ink & Coatings : 63,600 TPA Adhesive and specialty chemicals : 80,400 TPA
2	Estimated Project Cost	INR 350 crore
3	Total Plot Area	40,000 sq m allotted by the YEIDA
4	Proposed Green Area	13,248 sqm [33% of plot area]

5	Proposed Manpower	Approx. 800 [direct – 550, contract – 250]									
6	Fresh Water Consumption	Total fresh water demand: 180 KLD Domestic – 30 KLD, Industrial – 150 KLD									
7	Fresh Water Source	Source: YEIDA supply and onsite abstraction of groundwater through tube-well. Permission – YEIDA approval for domestic fresh water supply has been obtained. CGWA approval will be obtained.									
8	Power Demand	2100 KW /Source: State Electricity Board.									
9	Power back up	3 nos. PNG based generator sets [2 @1000 KVA & 1@750 KVA]									
10.	Wastewater Management	Zero Liquid Discharge [ZLD] is proposed. There will be no discharge of wastewater from the proposed project. Domestic Effluent – Onsite STP [50 KLD] will be installed and entire treated wastewater will be recycled. Industrial Effluent – Onsite ETP [50 KLD] will be installed. Treated effluent along with RO reject water will be passed through a comprehensive treatment system and the final treated effluent will be recycled within the premises.									
11.	Steam and heating system	✓ 2 nos. PNG based boilers of capacity 1T/hr each. ✓ 2 nos. PNG based thermo-pack heater of 15 lakh kcal each									
12.	Fuel Consumption	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>SN</th><th>Usage</th><th>SCM/ YR</th></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Generator Sets</td><td>196,000</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Boilers + Thermo-pack heaters</td><td>12,74,000</td></tr> </table>	SN	Usage	SCM/ YR	1	Generator Sets	196,000	2	Boilers + Thermo-pack heaters	12,74,000
SN	Usage	SCM/ YR									
1	Generator Sets	196,000									
2	Boilers + Thermo-pack heaters	12,74,000									

5. Land use details:

S. No.	Component	Area, m ²	Percentage
1	Ground Coverage	15280.14	38.20
2	Road and Paved area	8382.66	20.96
3	Parking area	2083.44	5.2
4	Green Area	13248.65	33.12
5.	Switchyard [OTS]	210.43	0.53
6.	Future Expansion Area	794.7	1.99
	Total Plot Area	40,000	100

6. Raw material details:

Major Raw Material	Avg. consumption per month	Source	Mode of Transport
Toluene	700 T	Imported but purchased from trader in India	tanker
Ethyl acetate	1000T	Domestic market	tanker
MIBK	80 T	Imported but purchased from trader in India	tanker
MEK	200	Imported but purchased from trader in India	tanker
Hardener	200	Import and domestic	Truck
Retrader	300	Local	tanker
Butyl Acrylate	250	Imported but purchased from trader in India	tanker
styrene	100 T	Local	Truck
MDI	250T	Import	container

8. Domestic Water Demand and Effluent Generation:

SN	Uses	Population/ area	Consumption rate	Water requirement [KLD]	Domestic Effluent [KLD]
1	Domestic uses [drinking, sanitation]	800	@25 lit/per day/person	20 [Fresh]	16
2	Flushing water	800	@20 lit/per day/person	16 [Reuse of RO reject]	16
3	Canteen Facility	150 seats	@70 lit/seat	10.5 ~ 11 [Fresh – 8 KLD/ Recycled- 3 KLD]	9 KLD
4	Housekeeping	-	Lumpsum	2 [Fresh]	0
5	Gardening	13248 sq m	@2.5 lit/sqm	33 [Recycled]	0
	Total			82 Fresh – 30 KLD / Recycled –36 KLD	41

			Reuse of RO reject – 16 KLD	
9. Industrial Water Demand and Effluent Generation:				
SN	Uses	Water requirement [KLD]	Effluent Generation [KLD]	
1	Process - Boiler Chiller	56 34	25 03	
2	Cooling Tower make up	50	05 [Blow down]	
3	Laboratory	6	4	
4	APC devices [Fume scrubber]	4	0.4	
5	Rejects from Water Treatment		17.5	
	Total	150	54.9 ~ 55 KLD [16 KLD RO reject water will be directly reused in toilet flushing. Rest 39 KLD will be treated in ETP.]	

10. Solid waste details:

Waste Detail	Quantity Generation	Utilization/Disposal
Process waste [Category 21.1]	Approx. 1 MT/ day	Will be stored onsite temporarily at a secured place and disposed through the common HWTSDF
Spent solvent distillation residue [Cat 20.3]	Approx. 0.2 MT/day	
ETP sludge [Category 35.3]	Approx. 0.1 MT/day	
Empty barrels /liners/containers contaminated with hazardous wastes/chemicals [Category 33.1]	Empty barrels - 400 nos/day Liners 0.5 MT/day	
Used Oil [Category 5.1]	Approx. 0.1 MT/day	Will be sold to authorized recyclers
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non-hazardous industrial solid wastes like MS scrap, wood wastes [approx. 300 MT] will be disposed through vendors. Approx. 160 kg/day [@200g/person] MSW will be generated. Organic wastes will be treated in onsite OWC, recyclable wastes will be sold to vendors and inert wastes will be disposed through agency authorized by local authority. 		

11. The project proposal falls under category–5(f) of EIA Notification, 2006 (as amended).

The consultant (EIA Coordinator) also submitted an affidavit dated 23/01/2023 mentioning is as follows:

- I, Supriti Guha, D/o Baneswar Saha is EIA Coordinator of M/s Ind Tech House Consult.
- I have prepared EIA/EMP report for the Proposal No. SIA/UP/IND3/411864/2022, Project Name: Manufacturing of Inks, Coatings, Adhesives and Speciality Chemicals at Plot no 1779, Sector 32, Yamuna Expressway, District- Gautam Budh Nagar, U.P., M/s UFLEX Limited with my team.
- I have personally visited the site of proposal and certify that no construction activity has been undertaken on the project site for the present proposal.
- I have satisfied with that all the necessary data/information submitted along with application/EIA report for environmental clearance are true and correct.
- I certify that this project proposal has been uploaded for the first time on Parivesh Portal.
- I certify that there will be no mismatch between information/data provided on the online application submitted on Parivesh Portal and the hard copy/presentation which will be submitted after acceptance of application.
- The EIA/EMP report for the Proposal is prepared by my team as per guidelines laid down by QCI/NABET.

RESOLUTION AGAINST AGENDA NO. 07

The committee discussed the matter and recommended grant of environmental clearance on the proposal as above alongwith specific conditions and following standard environmental clearance conditions:

Specific conditions:

1. Explore the possibilities of use of various by-products.
2. Development of spectrophotometric method for detection of formaldehyde in air and HPLC method for detection of formaldehyde in water.

Standard environmental clearance conditions:

1. Statutory compliance:
 - i. The project proponent should obtain necessary permission from Drug Controller, Govt. of India, within time frame.
 - ii. The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.
 - iii. The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
 - iv. The project proponent shall prepare a Site-Specific Conservation Plan & Wildlife Management Plan and approved by the Chief Wildlife Warden. The recommendations of the approved Site-Specific Conservation Plan / Wildlife Management Plan shall be implemented in consultation with the State Forest Department. The implementation report shall be furnished along with the six-monthly compliance report. (in case of the presence of schedule species in the study area).
 - v. The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish/Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the concerned State Pollution Control Board/ Committee.
 - vi. The project proponent shall obtain authorization under the Hazardous and other Waste Management Rules, 2016 as amended from time to time.
 - vii. The Company shall strictly comply with the rules and guidelines under Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals (MSIHC) Rules, 1989 as amended time to time. All transportation of Hazardous Chemicals shall be as per the Motor Vehicle Act (MVA), 1989.
2. Air quality monitoring and preservation:
 - i. The project proponent shall install 24x7 continuous emission monitoring system at process stacks to monitor stack emission with respect to standards prescribed in Environment (Protection) Rules 1986 and connected to SPCB and CPCB online servers and calibrate these system from time to time according to equipment supplier specification through labs recognised under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 or NABL accredited laboratories.
 - ii. The project proponent shall monitor fugitive emissions in the plant premises at least once in every quarter through labs recognised under Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
 - iii. The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common/criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g. PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} in reference to PM emission, and SO₂ and NO_x in reference to SO₂ and NO_x emissions) within and outside the plant area at least at four locations (one within and three outside the plant area at an angle of 120° each), covering upwind and downwind directions.
 - iv. To control source and the fugitive emissions, suitable pollution control devices shall be installed to meet the prescribed norms and /or the NAAQS. Sulphur content should not exceed 0.5% in the coal for use in coal fired boilers to control particulate emissions within permissible limits (as applicable). The gaseous emissions shall be dispersed through stack of adequate height as per CPCB/SPCB guidelines.
 - v. Storage of raw materials, coal etc, shall be either stored in silos or in covered areas to prevent dust pollution and other fugitive emissions.
 - vi. National Emission Standards for Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Industry issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. 608(E) dated 21st July, 2010 and amended from time to time shall be followed.
 - vii. The National Ambient Air Quality Emission Standards issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. No. 826(E) dated 16th November, 2009 shall be complied.
3. Water quality monitoring and preservation:
 - i. The project proponent shall provide online continuous monitoring of effluent, the unit shall install web camera with night vision capability and flow meters in the channel/drain carrying effluent within the premises.
 - ii. The project proponent, Zero Liquid Discharge shall be ensured and no waste/treated water shall be discharged outside the premises. The project proponent shall ensure the Zero Liquid Discharge and no waste/treated water shall be discharge outside the premises

- iii. Total fresh water requirement shall not exceed the proposed quantity or as specified by the Committee. Prior permission shall be obtained from the concerned regulatory authority/CGWA in this regard.
- iv. Process effluent/any wastewater shall not be allowed to mix with storm water. The storm water from the premises shall be collected and discharged through a separate conveyance system.
- v. The Company shall harvest rainwater from the roof tops of the buildings and storm water drains to recharge the ground water and utilize the same for different industrial operations within the plant.
- vi. The DG sets shall be equipped with suitable pollution control devices and the adequate stack height so that the emissions are in conformity with the extant regulations and the guidelines in this regard.
- vii. The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water. No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.
- viii. Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
- ix. Total fresh water use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details.
- x. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
- xi. A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
- xii. At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
- xiii. Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing etc and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. shall be done.
- xiv. Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
- xv. Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
- xvi. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- xvii. The local bye-law provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. If local byelaw provision is not available, adequate provision for storage and recharge should be followed as per the Ministry of Urban Development Model Building Byelaws, 2016. Rain water harvesting recharge pits/storage tanks shall be provided for ground water recharging as per the CGWB norms.
- xviii. A rain water harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of built up area and storage capacity of minimum one day of total fresh water requirement shall be provided. In areas where ground water recharge is not feasible, the rain water should be harvested and stored for reuse. The ground water shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.
- xix. All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.
- xx. No ground water shall be used during construction phase of the project.
- xxi. Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.
- xxii. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
- xxiii. Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment. The treated effluent from STP

- shall be recycled/re-used for flushing, AC make up water and gardening. Dual pipelines plan for reuse of treated water on campus should be implemented.
- xxiv. No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.
 - xxv. Onsite sewage treatment of capacity of treating 100% waste water to be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall be reused on site for landscape, flushing, cooling tower, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change.
 - xxvi. Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odor problem from STP.
 - xxvii. Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Centre Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.
4. Noise monitoring and prevention:
 - i. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to DG set for controlling the noise pollution.
 - ii. The overall noise levels in and around the plant area shall be kept well within the standards by providing noise control measures including acoustic hoods, silencers, enclosures etc. on all sources of noise generation.
 - iii. The ambient noise levels should conform to the standards prescribed under E(P)A Rules, 1986 viz. 75 dB(A) during day time and 70 dB(A) during night time.
 5. Energy Conservation measures:
 - i. The energy sources for lighting purposes shall preferably be LED based.
 6. Waste management:
 - i. Hazardous chemicals shall be stored in tanks, tank farms, drums, carboys etc. Flame arresters shall be provided on tank farm and the solvent transfer through pumps.
 - ii. Process organic residue and spent carbon, if any, shall be sent to cement industries. ETP sludge, process inorganic & evaporation salt shall be disposed off to the TSDF.
 - iii. The company shall undertake waste minimization measures as below:-
 - a. Metering and control of quantities of active ingredients to minimize waste.
 - b. Reuse of by-products from the process as raw materials or as raw material substitutes in other processes.
 - c. Use of automated filling to minimize spillage.
 - d. Use of Close Feed system into batch reactors.
 - e. Venting equipment through vapour recovery system.
 - f. Use of high pressure hoses for equipment clearing to reduce wastewater generation
 7. Green Belt:
 - i. The green belt of 5-10 m width shall be developed in more than 33% of the total project area, mainly along the plant periphery, in downward wind direction, and along road sides etc. Selection of plant species shall be as per the CPCB guidelines in consultation with the State Forest Department.
 8. Safety, Public hearing and Human health issues:
 - i. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.
 - ii. The unit shall make the arrangement for protection of possible fire hazards during manufacturing process in material handling. Fire fighting system shall be as per the norms.
 - iii. The PP shall provide Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) as per the norms of Factory Act.
 - iv. Training shall be imparted to all employees on safety and health aspects of chemicals handling. Pre-employment and routine periodical medical examinations for all employees shall be undertaken on regular basis. Training to all employees on handling of chemicals shall be imparted.
 - v. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, creche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
 - vi. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis and records maintained as per the Factories Act.
 - vii. There shall be adequate space inside the plant premises earmarked for parking of vehicles for raw materials and finished products, and no parking to be allowed outside on public places.
 9. Corporate Environment Responsibility:

- i. The project proponent shall comply with the provisions contained in this Ministry's OM vide F.No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 1st May 2018, as applicable, regarding Corporate Environment Responsibility.
 - ii. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements /deviation /violation of the environmental / forest /wildlife norms / conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements / deviation/ violation of the environmental/ forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.
 - iii. A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level , with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will directly to the head of the organization.
 - iv. Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by competent authority. The year wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and not to be diverted for any other purpose. Year wise progress of implementation of action plan shall be reported to the Ministry /Regional Office along with the Six Monthly Compliance Report.
 - v. Self-environmental audit shall be conducted annually. Every three years third party environmental audit shall be carried out.
10. Miscellaneous:
- i. Environment Clearance subjected to condition of necessary permission from Drug Controller and Department of Industry.
 - ii. Monitoring of dioxin and furon from biomass fueled boiler should be done.
 - iii. Agreement with TSDF vendors shall be submitted.
 - iv. 100% waste water is to be treated in ETP conforming to prescribed standards of receiving body for designated use.
 - v. The project proponent shall make public the environmental clearance granted for their project along with the environmental conditions and safeguards at their cost by prominently advertising it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days and in addition this shall also be displayed in the project proponent's website permanently.
 - vi. The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
 - vii. The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
 - viii. The project proponent shall monitor the criteria pollutants level namely; PM₁₀, SO₂, NO_x (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sectoral parameters, indicated for the projects and display the same at a convenient location for disclosure to the public and put on the website of the company.
 - ix. The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal.
 - x. The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
 - xi. The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
 - xii. The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
 - xiii. The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitment made during Public Hearing and also that during their presentation to the Expert Appraisal Committee.
 - xiv. No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC).
 - xv. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
 - xvi. The Ministry may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions

is not satisfactory.

- xvii. The Ministry reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.
- xviii. The Regional Office of this Ministry shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data / information/monitoring reports.
- xix. The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.
- xx. Any appeal against this EC shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

8. Building Stone/ (Khandas, Boulder, Gitti)” Mining Project Araj No.- 23, Khand No- 06, Village: Dasna, Tehsil: Moth, District: Jhansi, Shri Mahendra Singh, Area: 2.00 Ha., File No. 7494/ Proposal No. SIA/UP/MIN/412108/2022

The consultant informed the committee that they are strictly following the rules, regulations and other instructions of QCI/NABET. A presentation was made by the project proponent along with their consultant M/s P and M Solution. Based on the documents submitted and presentation made by the project proponent along with the consultant, the following facts have emerged: -

1. The terms of reference is sought for Building Stone/ (Khandas, Boulder, Gitti)” Mining Project Araj No.- 23, Khand No- 06, Village: Dasna, Tehsil: Moth, District: Jhansi, (Leased Area: 2.00 Ha.).
2. Salient features of the project as submitted by the project proponent:

On-line proposal No.	SIA/UP/MIN/412108/2022		
File no. allotted by SEIAA,UP	7494		
Name of Proponent	Shri. Mahendra Pratap Singh S/o Shri Lalaram		
Full correspondence address of proponent and mobile no.	R/o- Village- Village- Barthari, Kumhrar, Tehsil- Moth, District: Jhansi, U. P.		
Name of Project	Building Stone/Khanda, Boulder, Gitti Ballast Mine		
Project location (Plot/Khasra/Gata No.)	Araj No. 23, Khand No- 06		
Name of River	-		
Name of Village	Dasna		
Tehsil	Moth		
District	Jhansi, U.P.		
Name of Minor Mineral	Building Stone “Khanda, Boulder, Gitti Ballast ”		
Sanctioned Lease Area (in Ha.)	Total Lease Area: 2.0 ha		
Mineable Area (in Ha.)	2.0 Ha		
Zero Level mRL	-		
Max. & Min mRL within lease area	Highest Point :220 mRL Lowest Point :184 mRL		
Pillar Coordinates (Verified by DMO) (Source: Verified Khasra Map)	Sanction Lease Area Co-ordinate		
	Pillars	Latitude (N)	Longitude (E)
	A	25°43'11.52"N	78°46'35.68"E
	B	25°43'19.02"N	78°46'35.22"E
	C	25°43'19.02"N	78°46'38.30"E
	D	25°43'11.71"N	78°46'38.84" E
Total Geological Reserves (Source: Approved Mining Plan)	7,35,570 m ³		
Total Mineable Reserves (Source: Approved Mining Plan)	5,11,523m ³		
Total Proposed Production (in five years)	2,50,000 m ³		

Proposed Production/year	3	50,000 m ³ per annum
Sanctioned Period of Mine lease	20	years
Method of Mining	Opencast,	semi-mechanized
No. of Working days	260	Days
Working hours/day	8 -10	hours/day
No. Of Workers	25	
Type of Land	State Government	Land
Ultimate Depth of Mining	36 m (220mRL – 184mRL)	
Nearest metalled road from site	1540	m
Water Requirement	Purpose	Requirement (KLD)
	Drinking	0.190
	Suppression of Dust	4.0
	Plantation	10.780
	Total	14.970
Name of QCI Accredited Consultant with QCI No. and period of validity.	P AND M Solution Certificate No.: NABET/EIA/1922/IA0053, Validity Extended Till March 07/2023	
Any litigation pending against the project or hand in any court	No	
Details of 500 m Cluster Map & certificate issued by Mining Officer	Cluster certificate issued by DMO (Mining Section), Jhansi, Letter No. 994/30 MMC/2022-23, Date : 29-09-2022.	
Details of Lease Area in approved DSR	Letter : 713 /30 MMC / DSR / 2020-21 dated: 31/07/2020	
Proposed CER Cost	Rs. 3.10 Lakhs (2% of the total Project Cost)	
Proposed EMP Cost	Rs. 20.11 Lakhs	
Length and width of Approach Road	Approach Road Length 1540 m & Width 7 m	
No. of Trees to be Planted	2000 Trees	

3. The mining would be restricted to unsaturated zone only above the phreatic water table and will not intersect the ground water table at any point of time.
4. This project does not attract any of the general conditions applicable on mining projects specified in EIA Notification 14/09/2006.
5. The mining operation will not be carried out in safety zone of any bridge or embankment or in eco-fragile zone such as habitat of any wild fauna.
6. There is no litigation pending in any court regarding this project.
7. The project proposal falls under category–1(a) of EIA Notification, 2006 (as amended).

The consultant (EIA Coordinator) also submitted an affidavit dated 21/01/2023 mentioning is as follows:

1. I Dr. Jatin Kumar Srivastava S/o Late Shri. Lalit Kishore Srivastava is EIA Coordinator of M/s P & M Solution, Noida, QCI/NABET Certificate No. NABET/EIA/1922/IA0053 validity Extended till 7th March 2023.
2. I have prepared the TOR report for the Proposal (SIA/UP/MIN/412108/2022) in Name Building Stone/ (Khandas, Boulder, Gitti)” Mining Project at Arajji No. 23, Khand No- 06, Area: 2.00 Ha, Village: Dasna, Tehsil: Moth, District: Jhansi, State: Uttar Pradesh with my team.
3. I have personally visited the site of proposal and certify that no Mining activity has been undertaken on the project site for the present proposal.
4. I am satisfied that all the necessary data/ information submitted along with Application are true and correct.
5. I certify that this project proposal has been uploaded for the first time on Parivesh Portal. In case the project is being uploaded for the 2nd time that is only after the withdrawal of previous project has been accepted by SEIAA, UP on Parivesh Portal.
6. I certify that there will be no mismatch between information/data provided on the online application submitted on Parivesh Portal and the hard copy/presentation which will be submitted after acceptance of application.

7. I state that all the TOR Points have been complied and all the issues raised during Public Hearing have been properly addressed in EIA report. (If and as required): Not Applicable.
8. The TOR report for the Proposal is prepared by me as per guidelines laid down by QCI/NABET.

RESOLUTION AGAINST AGENDA NO. 08

The committee discussed the matter and recommended to issue the standard terms of reference for the preparation of EIA as annexed at annexure-2 to the minutes. The committee also stipulated following additional TOR Points:

Additional TOR:

1. To ensure proper monitoring, the project proponent/consultant should provide evidence in for of (A) Raw Data (B) Logbook of their site visit along with activities carried out during monitoring (C) Real time photographs showing monitoring machine, public, lab person etc. Proprietor/proprietor representative should be present at the time of monitoring and monitoring should be conducted as per CPCB SOP/NABET/QCI guidelines. Lab responsible person should be present at the time of EIA presentation.
2. EIA coordinator & FAE should give a photo affidavit during EIA presentation that they have personally visited the site & they have also taken all the mitigating measures for any critical issues involved in the project.
3. The project proponent will have to inform the schedule of monitoring/data collection programme to the SEIAA, UP before start of data collection. In case of failure, the collected baseline monitoring data will be treated as null and void.
4. The details of equipment used for baseline monitoring alongwith its photograph mentioning date, time and geo coordinates for preparation of EIA report should be clearly displayed to the people present during public hearing and the complete details related to monitoring period must be mentioned in the minutes of public hearing.
5. Original lab analysis report of the project proposal along with EIA report should be uploaded on Parivesh Portal.
6. Combined KML of all mines in a cluster should be submitted at the time of EIA.
7. The project proponent/Consultant should identify the core & buffer zone (2.5 km) of the mining site.
8. Agreement/ Consent between project proponent and competent authority/ landowner for haulage road from lease site to link road to be submitted at the time of EIA presentation.
9. Proponent/ Consultant should submit the plan/information along with technology (photographs of water sprinklers/ tankers) to be implemented for mitigating dust at source points in lease area and haulage road during operation activity/vehicular movement. Technology should be displayed at the time of EIA presentation.
10. Proposed plantation plan with area specific plant species, number of plants to be planted and place of plantation along with a proper map to be submitted at the time of EIA presentation.
11. Water requirement details along with source of water and the permission/ agreement with the concerning authority/ person to be submitted at the time of EIA presentation.
12. Proponent/consultant shall present TOR specific/additional conditions compliance, observation/suggestions raised during the public hearing and commitment made by the project proponent in a tabular form with a time bound plan at the time of EIA presentation.
13. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) to be prepared as per the MoEF guidelines and present it at the time of EIA presentation.

9. Building stone (Khanda, Gitty, Boulder, Red Morrum) Mining Project in Gata No-1078, Khand No-23, at Village - Gonda, Tehsil-Karwi, District-Chitrakoot, Shri Rajendra Kumar Sharma, Area- 2.0240 ha., File No. 7497/ Proposal No. SIA/UP/MIN/412300/2022

The consultant informed the committee that they are strictly following the rules, regulations and other instructions of QCI/NABET. A presentation was made by the project proponent along with their consultant M/s Paramarsh Servicing Environment and development. Based on the documents submitted and presentation made by the project proponent along with the consultant, the following facts have emerged: -

1. The terms of reference is sought for Building Stone (Khanda, Gitty, Boulder, Red Morrum) Mining Project at Gata No-1078, Khand No-23, Village - Gonda, Tehsil-Karwi, District-Chitrakoot, U.P., (Leased area 2.0240 ha.).

2. Salient features of the project as submitted by the project proponent:

1.	On-line proposal No.	SIA/UP/MIN/412300/2022			
2.	File No. allotted by SEIAA, UP	7497			
3.	Name of Proponent	Rajendra Kumar Sharma (Prop) S/o Shri Ram Pratap Sharma			
4.	Full correspondence address of proponent and mobile no.	R/o Korari Gonda, Tehsil Karwi, District- Chitrakoot 210202, U. P.			
		Mobile no. – 9198232092			
		E mail ID - srajendrakumar111@gmail.com			
5.	Name of Project	Proposed Building stone (Khanda, Gitty, Boulder, Red Morrum) Mining Project in Gata No-1078, Khand No-23, Lease area 2.0240 ha at Village - Gonda, Tehsil-Karwi, District-Chitrakoot, U.P. of Shri Rajendra Kumar Sharma.			
6.	Project Location (Plot. Khasra/Gata No.)	Gata No-1078, Khand No-23			
7.	Name of River	NA, Building stone Project			
8.	Name of Village	Village – Gonda			
9.	Tehsil	Karwi			
10.	District	Chitrakoot			
11.	Name of Minor Mineral	Building stone (Khanda, Gitty, Boulder, Red Morrum)			
12.	Sanctioned Lease Area (in Ha.)	2.0240 ha			
13.	Max. & Min mRL within lease area	Highest mRL - 272 mRL Lowest mRL - 223 mRL			
14.	Pillar Coordinates (Verified by DMO)		Pillar	Latitude	Longitude
			Total Area 2.0240 ha		
			A	25° 12.097 N	80° 44.312 E
			B	25° 12.088 N	80° 44.371 E
			C	25° 11.987 N	80° 44.326 E
			D	25° 12.019 N	80° 44.256 E
15.	Total Geological Reserves	16,22,745 m ³			
16.	Total Mineable Reserve	12,76,815 m ³			
17.	Total Proposed Production	3,03,600 m ³ (5 years)			
18.	Proposed Production /year (as per LoI)	60,720 m ³			
19.	Sanctioned Period of Mine lease	Lease Period – 10 years Mine plan Period – Five Years			
20.	Production of mine/day	202 m ³ /day			
21.	Method of Mining	Opencast, Semi-mechanized			
22.	No. of worker	56			
23.	Type of Land	Govt./Non Forest Land			
24.	Depth of Mining	36.0 m			
25.	Nearest metalled road from site	0.40 km			
26.	Water Requirement	PURPOSE			
		Drinking		- 0.56 KLD	
		Suppression of dust		- 04.8 KLD	
		Plantation		- 0.20 KLD	

		Others (if any)	- 0.00 KLD
		Total	- 5.56 ~5.50 KLD
27.	Name of QCI Accredited Consultant with QCI No and period of validity.	Paramarsh Servicing Environment and development NABET/EIA/2124 RA 0224, Valid till –01 May 2024	
28.	Any litigation pending against the project or land in any court	No	
29.	Details of 500 m Cluster Certificate verified by Mining Officer	Letter No – 767/Khanij/2022-23, dated 12/09/2022	
30.	Details of Lease Area in approved DSR	Serial no. 02, in village Gonda, Page no. 29	
31.	Project Cost	97.0 Lacs	
32.	Proposed CER cost	1.94 Lacs	
33.	Length and breadth of Haul Road	Length – 0.40 km, Breadth – 6.00 m	
34.	No. of Trees to be Planted	200	

3. The mining would be restricted to unsaturated zone only above the phreatic water table and will not intersect the ground water table at any point of time.
4. This project does not attract any of the general conditions applicable on mining projects specified in EIA Notification 14/09/2006.
5. The mining operation will not be carried out in safety zone of any bridge or embankment or in eco-fragile zone such as habitat of any wild fauna.
6. There is no litigation pending in any court regarding this project.
7. The project proposal falls under category–1(a) of EIA Notification, 2006 (as amended).

The consultant (EIA Coordinator) also submitted an affidavit dated 20/01/2023 mentioning is as follows:

1. I Pankaj Srivastava S/o Shri V. V. Srivastava is EIA Coordinator of Paramarsh servicing Environment and Development.
2. I have prepared ToR application along with Form 1, Pre-feasibility Report for the Proposed Building stone (Khanda, Gitty, Boulder, Red Morrum) Mining Project in Gata No-1078, Khand No-23, Lease area 2.0240 ha at Village - Gonda, Tehsil-Karwi, District-Chitrakoot, U.P. of Shri Rajendra Kumar Sharma, Proposal number: SIA/UP/MIN/412300/2022 with my team.
3. I have personally visited the site of proposal and certify that no mining activity has been undertaken on the project site for the present proposal.
4. I am satisfied with that all the necessary data/information required for ToR application along with Form 1, Pre-feasibility Report preparations are true and correct.
5. I certify that this project has been uploaded for the first time on Parivesh Portal.
6. I certify that there is no mismatch between information/data provided on online application and hard copy/presentation submitted.
7. The ToR application along with Form 1, Pre-feasibility Report for the Proposal is prepared by my team as per guidelines laid down by QCI/NABET.

RESOLUTION AGAINST AGENDA NO. 09

The committee discussed the matter and recommended to issue the standard terms of reference for the preparation of EIA as annexed at annexure-2 to the minutes. The committee also stipulated following additional TOR Points:

Additional TOR:

1. To ensure proper monitoring, the project proponent/consultant should provide evidence in for of (A) Raw Data (B) Logbook of their site visit along with activities carried out during monitoring (C) Real time photographs showing monitoring machine, public, lab person etc. Proprietor/proprietor representative should be present at the time of monitoring and

- monitoring should be conducted as per CPCB SOP/NABET/QCI guidelines. Lab responsible person should be present at the time of EIA presentation.
2. EIA coordinator & FAE should give a photo affidavit during EIA presentation that they have personally visited the site & they have also taken all the mitigating measures for any critical issues involved in the project.
 3. The project proponent will have to inform the schedule of monitoring/data collection programme to the SEIAA, UP before start of data collection. In case of failure, the collected baseline monitoring data will be treated as null and void.
 4. The details of equipment used for baseline monitoring alongwith its photograph mentioning date, time and geo coordinates for preparation of EIA report should be clearly displayed to the people present during public hearing and the complete details related to monitoring period must be mentioned in the minutes of public hearing.
 5. Original lab analysis report of the project proposal along with EIA report should be uploaded on Parivesh Portal.
 6. Combined KML of all mines in a cluster should be submitted at the time of EIA.
 7. The project proponent/Consultant should identify the core & buffer zone (2.5 km) of the mining site.
 8. Agreement/ Consent between project proponent and competent authority/ landowner for haulage road from lease site to link road to be submitted at the time of EIA presentation.
 9. Proponent/ Consultant should submit the plan/information along with technology (photographs of water sprinklers/ tankers) to be implemented for mitigating dust at source points in lease area and haulage road during operation activity/vehicular movement. Technology should be displayed at the time of EIA presentation.
 10. Proposed plantation plan with area specific plant species, number of plants to be planted and place of plantation along with a proper map to be submitted at the time of EIA presentation.
 11. Water requirement details along with source of water and the permission/ agreement with the concerning authority/ person to be submitted at the time of EIA presentation.
 12. Proponent/consultant shall present TOR specific/additional conditions compliance, observation/suggestions raised during the public hearing and commitment made by the project proponent in a tabular form with a time bound plan at the time of EIA presentation.
 13. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) to be prepared as per the MoEF guidelines and present it at the time of EIA presentation.
10. **Industrial Project “Dixon Technologies (India) Limited” at Plot No. 06, Sector-151, Noida, District- Gautam Budh Nagar, U.P., Shri Suneel Kumar Singh., File No. 7203/ Proposal No. SIA/UP/MIS/284758/2022**

The committee noted that the matter was earlier discussed in 681st SEAC meeting dated 05/09/2022 and directed the project proponent to submit following information:

1. EIA coordinator shall submit the notarized affidavit as per the SEIAA format.
2. As per Parivesh Portal file no. 7203 and file no. 7144 are in the same name of M/s Dixon Technologies (India) Ltd. Noida are under process at SEAC and SEIAA level. The above files are of the same project or for different projects. Submit the clarification with documents along with notarized affidavit.
3. Latest Project site photographs along with date, time and geo-coordinates.
4. Revised Plan for Municipal solid waste for collection and proper disposal.
5. Revised Plan for parking along with electric vehicle charging station in the premises.
6. Revised plan for rain water harvesting along with water balance flow diagram.
7. The permission from the Airport Authority (NOC).
8. Proponent shall provide the dual pipeline network in the project for utilisation of treated water (STP) for different purposes and also provide the monitoring mechanism for the same.
9. The Project proponent is required to take permission in case of discharging/utilising treated water (STP) outside the premises. The permission shall be obtained from the Competent Authority. Permission letter should be provided at the time of presentation.

10. Layout plan of project which indicates the location of STP, DG sets, Municipal solid waste site (Organic waste converter OWC) and electric vehicles charging station.
11. Proposed plantation plan with area specific plant species, number of plants to be planted and place of plantation along with a proper map to be submitted at the time of presentation
12. Use of fuel details for DG sets as per the NCR guidelines to be submitted with capacity of DG sets and quantity and nature of fuel.
13. Details of STP with respect to the above specific project.
14. Structural stability certificate from the competent authority.
15. The hard copies of the said project, document duly signed by consultant and project proponent to be submitted.
16. Revised Environment Management Plan (EMP) and CER Plan to be submitted as per the MoEF-CC guidelines.

The project proponent submitted the reply of queries raised by SEAC through online Parivesh Portal on 05/01/2023 and the matter was scheduled for reply presentation in 722nd SEAC meeting dated 23/01/2023. A presentation was made by the project proponent along with their consultant M/s Geogreen Enviro House Pvt. Ltd. Based on the documents submitted and presentation made by the project proponent along with the consultant, the following facts have emerged: -

1. The environmental clearance is sought for Industrial Project “Dixon Technologies (India) Limited” at Plot No. 06, Sector-151, Noida, District- Gautam Budh Nagar, U.P.
2. Total plot area of the project is 05.19 acres (20997.00 m²) and Built up area 69152.00 m² respectively.
3. Salient features of the project:

PROJECT FEATURES	DETAILS
Estimated Population	8400 persons
Site Co-ordinates (Latitude Longitude)	A- 28°26'58.39"N 77°27'30.70"E B- 28°26'55.89"N 77°27'33.68"E C- 28°26'59.92"N 77°27'38.13"E D- 28°27'2.58"N 77°27'35.16"E
Total Water Requirement with source Construction phase Operation phase	728 KL (Treated water from STP of GNIDA) Total Water Requirement 316KLD (Domestic –300 KLD + Horticulture – 16KLD)
Estimated wastewater generation and treatment Domestic Wastewater	Total approx. 282 KLD wastewater 300 KLD STP
Power Demand and Source Power Back-up	Total power requirement – 8000 kW (Source : UPPCL) Solar Power generation- 4000kW Total DG sets capacity – 8000 kVA (5 x 1500 KVA & 1x 500 kVA)
Solid Waste Generation	2171 kg/day
Project Cost	Rs. 400 Crores

4. Area details of the project:

S.NO.	DESCRIPTION	AREA (SQ. M)
1	LAND PARCEL AREA/ PLOT AREA	20997.00
2	PERMISSIBLE GROUND COVERAGE (55%)	11548.35
3	PROPOSED GROUND COVERAGE (46.29%)	9721.00
4	PERMISSIBLE FAR (@3)	62991.00
5	PROPOSED FAR (2.65)	55656.00
6	AREA UNDER AMANITIES/SERVICES	1080.00
7	BASEMENT AREA	12416.00
8	TOTAL PROPOSED BUILT UP AREA (FAR+BASEMENT+AREA UNDER SERVICES)	69152.00
9	TOTAL PARKING AREA	12416.00
10	ROAD AREA	5137.00
11	OPEN AREA (Total plot area-Ground coverage)	11276.00
12	GREEN AREA	5250.00

5. Land use details:

DESCRIPTION	AREA (SQ. M)
LAND PARCEL AREA/ PLOT AREA	20997.00
PERMISSIBLE GROUND COVERAGE (55%)	11548.35
PROPOSED GROUND COVERAGE	9721.00
PERMISSIBLE FAR (@3)	62991.00
PROPOSED FAR (2.65)	55656.00
AREA UNDER AMANITIES/SERVICES	1080.00
BASEMENT AREA	12416.00
TOTAL PROPOSED BUILT UP AREA (FAR+BASEMENT+AREA UNDER SERVICES)	69152.00
TOTAL PARKING AREA	12416.00
ROAD AREA	5137.00
OPEN AREA (Total plot area-Ground coverage)	11276.00
GREEN AREA	5250.00

6. Water calculation details:

S. No.	Description	Area (m2)	Total Occupancy	Rate of water demand (lpcd)	Total Water Requirement (KLD)
A.	Domestic Water				
	a) Staff		8000	30	240
	b) Visitors		400	15	60
Total domestic water demand (A) (a+b) = 300 KLD					
C.	Horticulture and Landscape development	5250 m2		3	16
Grand Total (A+B+C) = 316 KLD					

7. Waste water details:

Water requirement	Quantity (KLD)
Domestic Water Requirement	300
Fresh (30% of domestic)	90
Flushing (70% of domestic)	210
Domestic wastewater Generated (80% fresh + 100% flushing)	282

8. Solid waste generation details:

S. No.	Category	Population/ Area (Acre)	Kg per capita per day	Waste generated (kg/day)
1.	Staff	8000	@ 0.25kg/day	2000
2.	Visitors	400	@ 0.15 kg/day	60
TOTAL DOMESTIC WASTE GENERATED				2060
4.	Landscape waste(for green belt)	1.29	@ 0.21 kg/acre/day	0.27
5.	STP Waste			10
TOTAL SOLID WASTE GENERATED				2070.27 kg/day Say- 2071kg/day

9. Non hazardous waste:

S.No.	Type of Waste	Quantity	UoM	Disposal System
1	Metal Scrap	75	Mt/M	Govt. Approved Recyclers
2	Wooden Scrap	50	Mt/M	
3	Plastic Scrap	20	Mt/M	
4	Corrugated Box	20	Mt/M	

10. Hazardous & other wastes:

S.No.	Type of Waste	Quantity	UoM	Disposal System
1	Used Oil	500	Ltr/M	Send to Authorized Re-processor
2	E-Waste	2	Mt/M	
3	Used Chemical Containers	450	Nos/M	CHWTSDF
4	ETP-Sludge	5	Mt/M	CHWTSDF
5	PU Foam	100	Kg/M	CHWTSDF
6	Used Battery	8	Nos/Y	CHWTSDF

7	Diesel Sludge	70	Kg/M	CHWTSDF
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11. The project proposal falls under category-8(a) of EIA Notification, 2006 (as amended).

The consultant (EIA Coordinator) also submitted an affidavit dated 29/07/2022 mentioning is as follows:

1. I, Vijay Kumar Mishra, S/o Shri Akhila Nand Mishra is EIA Coordinator of M/s Geogreen Enviro House Pvt. Ltd.
2. I have prepared EIA/EMP report for the proposal no. SIA/UP/MIS284758/2022, Dixon Technologies (India) Limited with my team.
3. I have personally visited the site of proposal and certify that no construction activity has been undertaken on the project site for the present proposal.
4. I have satisfied with that all the necessary data/information required for EIA/EMP preparations are true and correct.
5. I certify that no mining activity has been undertaken on the project site for the Present proposal.
6. I certify that this project has been uploaded for the first time on Parivesh Portal. In case the project has been uploaded again due to any reason, the withdrawal of previous project has been accepted by SEIAA, UP on Parivesh Portal.
7. I certify that there is no mismatch between information/data provided on online application and hard copy/presentation submitted.
8. I state that all the TOR Points have been complied.

RESOLUTION AGAINST AGENDA NO. 10

The committee discussed the matter and recommended grant of environmental clearance for the project proposal as above along with standard environmental clearance conditions prescribed by MoEF&CC, GoI and following additional conditions:

Additional Conditions:

1. In compliance to Hon'ble Supreme Court order dated 13/01/2020 in IA no. 158128/2019 and 158129/2019 in Writ petition no. 13029/1985 (MC Mehta Vs. GoI and others) anti-smog guns shall be installed to reduce dust during excavation.
2. Project proponent is advised to explore the possibility and getting the cement in a closed container rather through the plastic bag to prevent dust emissions at the time of loading/unloading.
3. Project proponent should ensure that there will be no use of "Single use of Plastic" (SUP).
4. The proponent should provide the sufficient electric vehicle charging points as per the requirements at ground level and allocate the safe and suitable place in the premises for the same.
5. The project proponent should develop green belt in the township as per the plan submitted and also follow the guidelines of CPCB/Development authority for green belt as per the norms.
6. Project proponent should invest the CSR amount as per the proposal and submit the compliance report regularly to the concerned authority/Directorate of environment.
7. Proponent should submit the certified compliance report of previous/present EC along with action taken report to the Regional office MoEFCC, Lucknow/Director of Environment and other concerning authority regularly.
8. Proponent shall provide the dual pipeline network in the project for utilization of treated water of STP for different purposes and also provide the monitoring mechanism for the same. STP treated water not to be discharged outside the premises without the permission of the concerned authority.
9. The project proponent shall provide a measuring device for monitoring the various sources of water supply namely fresh water, treated waste water and harvested rain water.
10. The proponent should provide the MoU with STPs' owner/concerned department for getting the STPs treated water for construction use.

Standard Environmental Clearance Conditions prescribed by MoEF&CC:

1. Statutory compliance:

1. The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
2. The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment etc as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightning etc.
3. The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.
4. The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
5. The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the concerned State Pollution Control Board/ Committee.
6. The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground water / surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
7. A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
8. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department and Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
9. The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
10. The project proponent shall follow the ECBC/ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly.
2. Air quality monitoring and preservation:
 1. Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
 2. A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.
 3. The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common/criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g. PM10 and PM25) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
 4. Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous dust/ wind breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 meter height). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murrum and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
 5. Sand, murrum, loose soil, cement, stored on site shall be covered adequately so as to prevent dust pollution.
 6. Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
 7. Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
 8. All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site (and not dumped on the roads or open spaces outside) before they are properly disposed. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.
 9. The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection) prescribed for air and noise mission standards.
 10. The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
 11. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.

3. Water quality monitoring and preservation:
 1. The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water. No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.
 2. Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
 3. Total fresh water use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details.
 4. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
 5. A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
 6. At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
 7. Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing etc and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. shall be done.
 8. Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
 9. Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
 10. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
 11. The local bye-law provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. If local byelaw provision is not available, adequate provision for storage and recharge should be followed as per the Ministry of Urban Development Model Building Byelaws, 2016. Rain water harvesting recharge pits/storage tanks shall be provided for ground water recharging as per the CGWB norms.
 12. A rain water harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of built up area and storage capacity of minimum one day of total fresh water requirement shall be provided. In areas where ground water recharge is not feasible, the rain water should be harvested and stored for reuse. The ground water shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.
 13. All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.
 14. No ground water shall be used during construction phase of the project.
 15. Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the a approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.
 16. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
 17. Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/re-used for flushing, AC make up water and gardening. As proposed, not related water shall be disposed in to municipal drain.
 18. No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.
 19. Onsite sewage treatment of capacity of treating 100% waste water to be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry before the project is

- commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall be reused on site for landscape, flushing, cooling tower, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.
20. Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odor problem from STP.
 21. Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Centre Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.
4. Noise monitoring and prevention:
1. Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential area/commercial area/industrial area/silence zone both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB / SPCB.
 2. Noise level survey shall be carried as per the prescribed guidelines and report in this regard shall be submitted to Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of six-monthly compliance report.
 3. Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, ear plugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.
5. Energy Conservation measures:
1. Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC.
 2. Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
 3. Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased day lighting design and thermal mass etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof u-values shall be as per ECBC specifications.
 4. Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/ LED for the lighting the area outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.
 5. Solar, wind or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher.
 6. Solar power shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher. Residential buildings are also recommended to meet its hot water demand from solar water heaters, as far as possible.
6. Waste Management :
1. A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid wastes, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from project shall be obtained.
 2. Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
 3. Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.

4. Organic waste compost/ Vermiculture pit/ Organic Waste Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.3 kg /person/day must be installed.
5. All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie up must be done with the authorized recyclers.
6. Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
7. Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials.
8. Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016. Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
9. Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.
10. Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.
7. Green Cover:
 1. No tree can be felled/transplant unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted).
 2. A minimum of 1 tree for every 80 sqm of land should be planted and maintained. The existing trees will be counted for this purpose. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping.
 3. Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned local Authority, compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1:10 (i.e. planting of 10 trees for every 1 tree that is cut) shall be done and maintained. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted). Area for green belt development shall be provided as per the details provided in the project document.
 4. Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.
8. Transport:
 1. A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.
 - a. Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - b. Traffic calming measures.
 - c. Proper design of entry and exit points.
 - d. Parking norms as per local regulation.
 2. Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards be operated only during non-peak hours.
 3. A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./ competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.
9. Human health issues :

1. All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.
2. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
3. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.
4. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
5. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis.
6. A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.
10. Corporate Environment Responsibility:
 1. The project proponent shall comply with the provisions contained in this Ministry's OM vide F.No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 1st May 2018, as applicable, regarding Corporate Environment Responsibility.
 2. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements / deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.
 3. A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will directly to the head of the organization.
 4. Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by competent authority. The year wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and not to be diverted for any other purpose. Year wise progress of implementation of action plan shall be reported to the Ministry/Regional Office along with the Six Monthly Compliance Report.
11. Miscellaneous:
 1. The project proponent shall prominently advertise it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEFCC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.
 2. The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
 3. The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
 4. The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal.
 5. The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
 6. The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
 7. The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.

8. The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitment made during Public Hearing and also that during their presentation to the Expert Appraisal Committee.
 9. No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC).
 10. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
 11. The Ministry may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
 12. The Ministry reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.
 13. The Regional Office of this Ministry shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data / information/monitoring reports.
 14. The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.
 15. Any appeal against this EC shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.
11. **River Sand/Morrum Mining Project along River Betwa in Gata No 1482, Khand No - 02 at Village – Teekar, Tehsil- Orai, District- Jalaun, Shri Sushil Kumar Gupta, M/s Sushil Stone Gramodhyog, area 20.20 ha., File No. 6688/ Proposal No. SIA/UP/MIN/69252/2021**

The committee noted that the matter was earlier discussed in 649th SEIAA meeting dated 09/09/2022 and directed is as follows:

“SEIAA noted that SEAC-2 has recommended to grant EC to the above project. SEIAA gone through file and documents and found that in MoM at point no. 16 Total Mineable Reserve is mentioned as 2,01,700 m³ while at point no. 18 Proposed Production /year (as per LoI) is mentioned as 2,02,000 m³. Proposed production per year is more than the mineable reserve available per year thus leading to unsustainable mining. Hence SEIAA opined to refer back the project to SEAC-2 for review/comments. Proposal will be examined after getting a reply from SEAC-2.”

As per the direction of SEIAA, the matter was listed in 693rd SEAC meeting dated 12/10/2022. The committee discussed the matter and opined that the project proponent should present before SEAC and clarify the issues raised by SEIAA along with supporting documents.

The project proponent along with consultant present before SEAC and submitted is as follows:

“In Compliance of SEAC-2 directions given during its 722nd agenda presentation in reply to 693rd MoM of SEAC-2 for Environmental Clearance for the proposed riverbed sand/Morrum mining project, it is submitted that the total mineable reserve as per LoI dated 20.09.2022 and Mine Plan Approval letter is 2,02,000 m³/annum, whereas the quantity of mineable reserve as enunciated in

approved mine plan is 2,01,700 m³/annum, with a variation of 00.148%, which is insignificant and not going to affect in any aspect. The said mineable reserve will get replenished during the monsoon for the subsequent years.

Furthermore, it is apposite to mention here that the total production during 5 years is 10,10,000 m³ at the rate of 2,02,000 m³ annual production as per the LoI and Mine Plan Approval letter.

Moreover, as directed by the SEAC-2, we submit an undertaking that the total production will not exceed 10,10,000 m³ in 5 years and will be in conformity with 202000 m³/annum as in LoI and Mine Plan Approval Letter no 2021/10/29/90189, dated 16/11/2021.

Therefore, we put forth our humble request to grant us the environment clearance for 2,02,000 m³/annum as per LoI since the variation of 300 m³ is inconsequential and negligible.”

RESOLUTION AGAINST AGENDA NO. 11

The committee has gone through the replies submitted by the project proponent and recommended grant of environmental clearance for the project proposal along with general and specific conditions as earlier stipulated in 678th SEAC meeting dated 08/08/2022.

12. Expansion of Group Housing Project “Shree Shalimar Mannat at Village Muhammadpur Nawabganj, District- Barabanki, U.P., File No. 7547/7345/ Proposal No. SIA/UP/INFRA2/414710/2023

A presentation was made by the project proponent along with their consultant M/s ENV DAS (India) Pvt. Ltd. The committee noted that the terms of reference of the aforesaid project was issued by SEIAA, U.P. vide letter no. 328/Parya/SEIAA/7345/2022, dated 13/01/2023. In additional TOR point no. 1 SEIAA/SEAC mentioned that “Certified compliance report from IRO, MoEFCC, Luknow for the existing environment clearances issued by SEIAA, U.P.” but the project proponent has not been submit the certified compliance report.

The committee directed the project proponent to submit certified compliance report from IRO, MoEFCC, Luknow for the existing environment clearance issued by SEIAA, U.P. for further consideration of the matter. The matter will be discussed only after submission of online requests along with a certified compliance report on prescribed online portal.

**(Prof. Jaswant Singh)
Member**

**(Dr. Amrit Lal Halder)
Member**

**(Dr. Dineshwar Prasad Singh)
Member**

**(Tanzar Ullah Khan)
Member**

**(Dr. Shiv Om Singh)
Member**

**(Dr. Harikesh Bahadur Singh)
Chairman**

Nodal, SEAC-2

MoM prepared by Secretariat in consultation with
Chairman & Members on the basis of decisions
taken by SEAC-2 during the meeting.

Annexure-1

General and Specific Conditions for Gitti, Patthar & Boulder Mining Projects: -

A. General Conditions:

1. This environmental clearance is subject to allotment of mining lease in favour of project proponent by District Administration/Mining Department.
2. Forest clearance shall be taken by the proponent as necessary under the law.
3. Any addition of the mining area, change of Khasra numbers, enhancement of capacity, change in mining technology, modernization, and scope of working shall again require prior environmental clearance as per EIA notification, 2006.
4. No change in the calendar plan including excavation, the quantum of mineral and waste shall be made.
5. Mining will be carried out as per the approved mining plan. In case of any violation of the mining plan, the Environmental Clearance given by SEIAA will stand cancelled.
6. Four ambient air quality monitoring stations shall be established in the core zone as well as in the buffer zone for RSPM, SPM, SO₂, NO_x monitoring. The location of the stations should be decided based on the meteorological data, topographical features, and environmentally and ecologically sensitive targets and frequency of monitoring should be undertaken in consultation with the State Pollution Control Board. The monitored data for criteria pollutants shall be regularly uploaded on the company's website and also displayed on the website.
7. Data on ambient air quality (RPM, SPM, SO₂, NO_x) should be regularly submitted to the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow and the State Pollution Control Board / Central Pollution Control Board once in six months.
8. Ambient air quality at the boundary of the mine premises shall conform to the norms prescribed in MoEF notification no. GSR/826(E) dated 16.11.09.
9. Fugitive dust emissions from all the sources shall be controlled regularly. Water spraying arrangement on haul roads, loading and unloading, and at transfer points shall be provided and properly maintained.
10. Measures shall be taken for control of noise levels below 85 dBA in the work environment. Workers engaged in operations of HEMM, etc. shall be provided with earplugs/muffs and health records of the workers shall be maintained.
11. Industrial wastewater (workshop and wastewater from the mine) should be properly collected, treated to conform to the standards prescribed under GSR 422 (E) dated 19th May 1993 and 31st December 1993 or as amended from time to time. Oil and grease traps shall be installed before the discharge of workshop effluents.
12. Personnel working in areas shall be provided with protective respiratory devices like masks and they shall also be imparted adequate training and information on safety and health aspects.
13. Special measures shall be adopted to prevent the nearby settlements from the impacts of mining activities.
14. The transportation of the materials shall be limited to the day hours' time only.
15. Provision shall be made for housing the laborers within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche, etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
16. A separate Environmental Management Cell with suitably qualified personnel shall be setup under the control of a Senior Executive, who will report directly to the Head of the Organization.
17. The Project Proponent shall inform the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow and State Pollution Control Board regarding the date of financial closures and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of start of land development work.

18. The funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in a separate account and shall not be diverted for other purposes. The year-wise expenditure shall be reported to the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow and State Pollution Control Board
19. The Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow and State Pollution Control Board shall monitor compliance with the stipulated conditions. A complete set of documents including Environment Impact Assessment Report, Environmental Management Plan, Public hearing, and other documents information should be given to the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow and State Pollution Control Board
20. A copy of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the Project Proponent to the Heads of the Local Bodies, Panchayat, and Municipal Bodies as applicable in the matter.
21. The Project Proponent shall advertise at least in two local newspapers widely circulated, one of which shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned, within 7 days of the issue of the clearance letter informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and a copy of the clearance letter is available with the State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA).
22. The Project Proponent has to submit a regular half-yearly compliance report of the stipulated prior environmental clearance terms and conditions in hard and soft copy to the SEIAA, U.P. on 1st June and 1st December of each calendar year.
23. The SEIAA may alter/modify the above conditions or stipulate any further condition in the interest of environmental protection.
24. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

B. Specific Conditions:

1. At the time of operation, the project proponent will comply with all the guidelines issued by the Government of India/State Govt./District Administration related to Covid-19.
2. This environmental clearance does not create or verify any claim of the applicant on the proposed site/activity.
3. In case it has been found that the E.C. obtained by providing incorrect information, submitting that the distance between the two adjoining mines is greater than 500mt. and the area is less than 05ha, but factually the distance is less than 500 mt, and the mine is located in the cluster of area equal to or more than 05ha, the E.C issued will stand revoked.
4. This environmental clearance shall be subject to a valid lease in favor of the project proponent for the proposed mining proposals. In case, the project proponent does not have a valid lease, this environmental clearance shall automatically become null and void.
5. The Environmental clearance will be co-terminus with the mining lease period/Mining Plan whichever is less. The Mining plan approved by the Dept. of Mines and Geology shall be strictly implemented and shall not be operated beyond the validity period.
6. Explosive cannot be stored on the site. The Project proponent shall take approval from Chief Controller of Explosive, if applicable for use or storage of explosive or any such materials.
7. A comprehensive EIA including mining areas within 15 K.M. to assess the impact of the mining activity on the surrounding area shall be undertaken and a report submitted to this Authority within one year.
8. No two pits shall be simultaneously worked i.e. before the first is exhausted and reclamation work completed, no mineral bearing area shall be worked.
9. After exhausting the first mine pit and before starting mining operations in the next pit, reclamation and plantation work in the exhausted pit shall be completed to ensure that reclamation, forest cover, and vegetation are visible during the first year of mining operations in the next pit. This process will follow till the last pit is exhausted. Adequate rehabilitation of mined pit shall be completed before any new ore-bearing area is worked for expansion.
10. An adequate buffer zone shall be maintained between two consecutive mineral-bearing deposits.
11. The sprinkling of water on haul roads to control dust will be ensured by the project proponent.

12. Green belt development shall be carried out considering CPCB guidelines including the selection of plant species and in consultation with the local DFO / Agriculture Department. Herbs and shrubs shall also form a part of the afforestation programme besides tree plantation. The company shall involve local people in the plantation programme. Details of year-wise afforestation programme including rehabilitation of mined-out area shall be submitted to the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow every year.
13. Blast vibrations study shall be conducted and an observation report submitted to the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow and UPPCB within six months. The report shall also include measures for the prevention of blasting associated impact on nearby houses and agricultural fields.
14. Controlled blasting techniques with sequential blasting shall be adopted. The blasting shall be carried out in the daytime only. The project proponent shall ensure prevention of displacement of human beings/wild animals/birds etc. and in case any such displacement is caused due to blasting/mining operation by any chance the project proponent shall take suitable measures for their rehabilitation and resettlement.
15. Appropriate arrangement for shelter and drinking water for the mining workers has to be ensured at the mining site.
16. Maintenance of village roads used for transportation of minerals is to be done by the company regularly at its own expenses. The link roads from mining area to main road shall be constructed as all-weather road with black topping and maintained by the project proponent.
17. The surface runoff rain water harvesting/rain water recharge and water conservation measures will be taken by project proponent in consultation with central /State ground water Board .The project proponent shall plan and implement collection drain and siltation basins of adequate size to arrest the silt and sediment flows from the mining area. The supernatant of the siltation basin and rain water harvested water shall be utilized for watering the haulage area, roads and green belt development etc.
18. Status of implementation shall be submitted to the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow and UP Pollution Control Board within six months and thereafter every year from the next consequent year.
19. The self-environmental audit shall be conducted annually. Every three years third-party environmental audit shall be carried out.
20. Measures for prevention and control of soil erosion and management of silt shall be undertaken. Protection of dumps against erosion shall be carried out with geotextile matting or other suitable material, and thick plantations of native trees and shrubs shall be carried out at the dump slopes. Dumps shall be protected by retaining walls.
21. Trenches/garland drains shall be constructed at foot of dumps and coco filters installed at regular intervals to arrest silt from being carried to water bodies. An adequate number of Check Dams and Gully Plugs shall be constructed across seasonal/perennial nallahs if any flowing through the ML area and silts arrested. De silting at regular intervals shall be carried out.
22. Garland drain of appropriate size, gradient, and length shall be constructed for both mine pit and waste dump and sump capacity shall be designed keeping 50% safety margin over and above peak sudden rainfall (based on 50 years data) and maximum discharge in the area adjoining the mine site. Sump capacity shall also provide an adequate retention period to allow proper settling of silt material. Sedimentation pits shall be constructed at the corners of the garland drains and de silted at regular intervals.
23. Ground and surface water, if any in and near the core zone (within 5.0 km of the lease) shall be regularly monitored for contamination and depletion due to mining activity and records maintained. The monitoring data shall be submitted to the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow and U.P. Pollution Control Board regularly. Further, monitoring points shall be located between the mine, and drainage in the direction of flow of groundwater shall be set up and records maintained.
24. Fugitive dust generation shall be controlled. Fugitive dust emission shall be regularly monitored at locations of nearest human habitation (including schools and other public amenities located nearest to sources of dust generation as applicable) and records submitted to the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow and U.P. Pollution Control Board regularly.

25. Baseline data for ambient air quality shall be generated and maintained and RSPM level in ambient air in the nearby human habitation (villages) shall also be monitored along with other parameters.
26. Corporate Environmental Responsibility (CER) shall be by the project proponent and the details of the various heads of expenditure are to be submitted as per the guidelines provided in the recent CER notification No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 01/05/2018. Work to be executed with the installation of five hand pumps for drinking water, solar light in villages of streets, construction of two numbers of toilets at the primary school with name displayed and address and details of the beneficiary and gram Pradhan along with phone number, photographs should be submitted to Directorate as well as to the District Magistrate / Chief Development officers.
27. Transportation of minerals shall be done by covering the trucks with tarpaulin or other suitable mechanisms so that no spillage of mineral/dust takes place.
28. Occupational health and safety measures for the workers including identification of work-related health hazards, training on malaria eradication, HIV, and health effects on exposure to mineral dust, etc. shall be carried out. Periodic monitoring for exposure to respirable mineral dust on the workers shall be conducted and records maintained including the health records of the workers. Awareness programmes for workers on the impact of mining on their health and precautionary measures like the use of personal protective equipment etc. shall be carried out periodically. A review of the impact of various health measures shall be conducted followed by follow-up action wherever required.
29. The project proponent will ensure for employing local people as per requirement, necessary protection measures around the mine pit and waste dump, and garland drain around the mine pit and waste dump.
30. Topsoil / solid waste shall be stacked properly with proper slope and adequate safeguards and shall be utilized for backfilling (wherever applicable) for reclamation and rehabilitation of the mined-out area. Topsoil shall be separately stacked for utilization later for reclamation and shall not be stacked along with overburden.
31. Overburden (OB) shall be stacked at the earmarked dump site(s) only and shall not be kept active for long period. The maximum height of the dump shall not exceed 20 m, each stage shall preferably be of a maximum of 10 m and the overall slope of the dump shall not exceed 35°. The OB dump shall be backfilled. The OB dumps shall be scientifically vegetated with suitable native species to prevent erosion and surface runoff.
32. Monitoring and management of rehabilitated areas shall continue until the vegetation becomes self-sustaining. Compliance status shall be submitted to the Regional Office, Ministry of Environment & Forests, GoI, Lucknow, and U.P. Pollution Control Board on a six-monthly basis.
33. The slope of the mining bench and ultimate pit limit shall be as per the mining scheme approved by the Indian Bureau of Mines.
34. Permission for the abstraction of groundwater shall be taken from Central Ground Water Board. Regular monitoring of ground and surface water sources for level and quality shall be carried out by establishing a network of existing wells and constructing new piezometers during the mining operation. The monitoring shall be carried out four times in a year i.e., premonsoon (April/May), monsoon (August), post-monsoon (November), and winter (January), and the data thus collected shall be regularly sent to MoEF&CC, Central Ground Water Authority, and Regional Director, Central Ground Water Board.
35. The wastewater from the mine shall be treated to conform to the prescribed standards before discharging into the natural stream. The discharged water from the Tailing Dam, if any shall be regularly monitored and report submitted to the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow, Central Pollution Control Board, and the State Pollution Control Board.
36. Hydrogeological study of the area shall be reviewed by the project proponent annually. In case the adverse effect on groundwater quality and quantity is observed mining shall be stopped and resumed only after mitigating steps to contain any adverse impact on groundwater is implemented.
37. Vehicular emissions shall be kept under control and regularly monitored. Vehicles used for transportation of minerals and others shall have valid permissions as prescribed under Central Motor Vehicle Rules, 1989 and its amendments. The vehicles transporting minerals shall be

- covered with a tarpaulin or other suitable enclosures so that no dust particles / fine matters escape during the period of transportation. No overloading of minerals for transportation shall be committed. The trucks transporting minerals shall not pass through the wildlife sanctuary if any in the study area.
38. Prior permission from the Competent Authority shall be obtained for the extraction of groundwater if any.
 39. A final mine closure plan, along with details of Corpus Fund, shall be submitted to the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow and U.P. Pollution Control Board 5 years in advance of final mine closure for approval.
 40. Project Proponent shall explore the possibility of using solar energy where ever possible.
 41. Commitment towards CER has to be followed strictly.
 42. Regular health checkup record of the mineworkers has to be maintained at the site in a proper register. It should be made available for inspection whenever asked.
 43. Project Proponent has to strictly follow the direction/guidelines issued by MoEF&CC, CPCB, and other Govt. Agencies from time to time.
 44. The blasting will be done only after getting permission from the Mining Department.

General and Specific Conditions for Sand/Morum Mining Proposals

General Conditions:

1. This environmental clearance is subject to allotment of mining lease in favour of project proponent by District Administration/Mining Department.
2. Forest clearance shall be taken by the proponent as necessary under law.
3. Any change in mining area, khasra numbers, entailing capacity addition with change in process and or mining technology, modernization and scope of working shall again require prior Environmental Clearance as per the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006 (as amended).
4. Precise mining area will be jointly demarcated at site by project proponent and officials of Mining/Revenue department prior to starting of mining operations. Such site plan, duly verified by competent authority along-with copy of the Environmental Clearance letter will be displayed on a hoarding/board at the site. A copy of site plan will also be submitted to SEIAA within a period of 02 months.
5. Mining and loading shall be done only within day hours' time.
6. No mining shall be carried out in the safety zone of any bridge and/or embankment.
7. It shall be ensured that standards related to ambient air quality/effluent as prescribed by the Ministry of Environment & Forests are strictly complied with. Water sprinklers and other dust control majors should be applied to take-care of dust generated during mining operation. Sprinkling of water on haul roads to control dust will be ensured by the project proponent.
8. All necessary statutory clearances shall be obtained before start of mining operations. If this condition is violated, the clearance shall be automatically deemed to have been cancelled.
9. Parking of vehicles should not be made on public places.
10. No tree-felling will be done in the leased area, except only with the permission of Forest Department.
11. No wildlife habitat will be infringed.
12. It shall be ensured that excavation of minor mineral does not disturb or change the underlying soil characteristics of the river bed /basin, where mining is carried out.
13. It shall be ensured that mining operation of Sand/Moram will not in any way disturb the, velocity and flow pattern of the river water significantly.
14. It shall be ensured that there is no fauna dependant on the river bed or areas close to mining for its nesting. A report on the same, vetted by the competent authority shall be submitted to the RO, PCB and SEIAA within 02 months.
15. Primary survey of flora and fauna shall be carried out and data shall be submitted to the RO, PCB and SEIAA within six months.
16. Hydro-geological study shall be carried out by a reputed organization/institute within six months and establish that mining in the said area will not adversely affect the ground water regime. The report shall be submitted to the RO, PCB and SEIAA within six months. In case adverse impact is observed /anticipated, mining shall not be carried out.
17. Adequate protection against dust and other environmental pollution due to mining shall be made so that the habitations (if any) close by the lease area are not adversely affected. The status of implementation of measures taken shall be reported to the RO, UPPCB and SEIAA and this activity should be completed before the start of sand mining.
18. Need-based assessment for the nearby villages shall be conducted to study economic measures which can help in improving the quality of life of economically weaker section of society. Income generating projects/tools such as development of fodder farm, fruit bearing orchards, vocational training etc. can form a part of such program me. The project proponent shall provide separate budget for community development activities and income generating programmes.
19. Green cover development shall be carried out following CPCB guidelines including selection of plant species and in consultation with the local DFO/Horticulture Officer.
20. Separate stock piles shall be maintained for excavated top soil, if any, and the top soil should be utilized for green cover/tree plantation.
21. Dispensary facilities for first-aid shall be provided at site.
22. An Environmental Audit should be annually carried out during the operational phase and submitted to the SEIAA.

23. The District Mining Officer should quarterly monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project proponent will extend full cooperation to the District Mining Officer by furnishing the requisite data/information/monitoring reports. In case of any violations of stipulated conditions the District Mining Officer will report to SEIAA.
24. The project proponent shall submit six monthly reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated environmental clearance conditions including results of monitored data (both in hard & soft copies) to the SEIAA, the District Officer and the respective Regional Office of the State Pollution Control Board by 1st June and 1st December every year.
25. A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by the proponent to concerned Panchayat, Zila Parisad/ Municipal Corporation and Urban Local Body.
26. Transportation of materials shall be done by covering the trucks / tractors with tarpaulin or other suitable mechanism to avoid fugitive emissions and spillage of mineral/dust.
27. Waste water, from temporary habitation campus be properly collected & treated before discharging into water bodies the treated effluent should conform to the standards prescribed by MoEF/CPCB.
28. Measures shall be taken for control of noise level to the limits prescribed by C.P.C.B.
29. Special Measures shall be adopted to protect the nearby settlements from the impacts of mining activities. Maintenance of Village roads through which transportation of minor minerals is to be undertaken, shall be carried-out by the project proponent regularly at his own expenses.
30. Measure for prevention & control of soil erosion and management of silt shall be undertaken. Protection of dumps against erosion, if any, shall be carried-out with geo textile matting or other suitable material.
31. Under corporate social responsibility a sum of 5% of the total project cost or total income whichever is higher is to be earmarked for total lease period. Its budget is to be separately maintained. CER component shall be prepared based on need of local habitant. Income generating measures which can help in upliftment of poor section of society, consistent with the traditional skills of the people shall be identified. The programme can include activities such as development of fodder farm, fruit bearing orchards, free distribution of smokeless Chula etc.
32. Possibility for adopting nearest three villages shall be explored and details of civic amenities such as roads, drinking water etc proposed to be provided at the project proponent's expenses shall be submitted within 02 months from the date of issuance of Environment Clearance.
33. The funds earmarked for environmental protection measures should be kept in separate account and should not be diverted for other purpose. Year wise expenditure should be reported to the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow, SEIAA, U.P and UPPCB.
34. Action plan with respect to suggestion/improvement and recommendations made and agreed during Public Hearing shall be submitted to the District mines Officer, concern Regional Officer of UPPCB and SEIAA within 02 months.
35. Environmental clearance is subject to obtaining clearance under the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 from the competent authority, if applicable to this project.
36. The proponent shall observe every 15 day for nesting of any turtle in the area. Based on the observations so made, if turtle nesting is observed, necessary safeguard measures shall be taken in consultation with the State Wildlife Department. For the purpose, awareness shall be created amongst the workers about the nesting sites so that such sites, if any, are identified by the workers during operations of the mine for taking required safeguard measures. In this regards the safety notified zone should be left so that the habitat/nesting area is undisturbed.
37. The project proponent shall undertake adequate safeguard measures during extraction of river bed material and ensure that due to this activity the hydro geological regime of the surrounding area shall not be affected.
38. The project proponent shall obtain necessary prior permission of the competent Authorities for withdrawal of requisite quantity of water (surface water and groundwater), required for the project.
39. Appropriate mitigative measures shall be taken to prevent pollution of the river in consultation with the State Pollution Control Board. It shall be ensured that there is no leakage of oil and grease in the river from the vehicles used for transportation.
40. Vehicular emissions shall be kept under control and regularly monitored. The vehicles carrying the mineral shall not be overloaded.
41. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. (MoEF circular Dated : 22-09-2008 regarding stipulation of condition to improve the living conditions of construction labour at site).

42. Personnel working in dusty areas should wear protective respiratory devices and they should also be provided with adequate training and information on safety and health aspects. Occupational health surveillance program of the workers should be undertaken periodically to observe any contractions due to exposure to dust and take corrective measures, if needed.
43. A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by the proponent to concerned Panchayat, Zila Parishad/ Municipal Corporation, Urban Local Body and the Local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions/ representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal. The clearance letter shall also be put on the website of the Company by the proponent.
44. The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of environmental clearance conditions and shall also be sent to the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow by e-mail.
45. The green cover development/tree plantation is to be done in an area equivalent to 20% of the total leased area either on river bank or along road side (Avenue Plantation).
46. Debris from the river bed will be collected and stored at secured place and may be utilized for strengthen the embankment.
47. Safety measures to be taken for the safety of the people working at the mine lease area should be given, which would also include measure for treatment of bite of poisonous reptile/insect like snake.
48. Periodical and Annual medical checkup of workers as per Mines Act and they should be covered under ESI as per rule.

Specific Conditions:

1. The Environmental clearance will be co-terminus with the mining lease period/mining plan whichever is less.
2. At the time of operation, project proponent will comply with all the guidelines issued by Government of India/State Govt./District Administration related to Covid-19.
3. Environment management in according to environmental status and impact of the project.
4. During the school opening and closing time transportation of minerals will be restricted.
5. Selection of plants for green belt should be on the basis of pollution removal index. Project proponent should ensure survival of tree saplings. Mortality should be replaced from time to time.
6. No mining activity should be carried out in-stream channel as per SSMMG, 2016.
7. Pakkamotorable haul road to be maintained by the project proponent.
8. A separate Environmental Management Cell with suitable qualified personnel shall be set-up under the control of a Senior Executive, who will report directly to the Head of the Organization.
9. Permission from the competent authority regarding evacuation route should be taken.
10. One month monitoring report of the area for air quality, water quality, Noise level. Besides flora & fauna should be examined twice a week and be submitted within 45 days for a record.
11. Provision for cylinder to workers should be made for cooking.
12. The capacity of trucks/tractor for loading purpose will be in tonnes as per Transport Department applicable norms and standard fixed by the Government.
13. Approach road kaccha is to be made motarable and tree saplings to be planted on both sides of the road. Width of the haul road shall be more than 6 meter.
14. Indigenous plants should be planted according to CPCB guidelines and in consultation with local Divisional Forest Officer.
15. The project proponent shall in 2 years conduct detailed replenishment study duly authenticated by a QCI-NABET accredited consultant, and the District Mines Officer.
16. Provision for two toilets and hand pumps should be made at mining site.
17. Drinking water for workers would be provided by tankers.
18. Mining should be done by Bar scalping methods extraction (typically 0.3 -0.6 m or 1 - 2 ft) as per sustainable sand mining management guidelines 2016.
19. A buffer/safe zone shall be maintained from the habitation as per mining guidelines.
20. Corporate Environmental Responsibility (CER) plan shall be prepared by the project proponent and the details of the various heads of expenditure to be submitted as per the guidelines provided in the recent CER notification No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 01/05/2018.

21. Health/Insurance card, Medical claim, regular health check-up camps, facilities shall be provided to the regular/temporary/Contractual or any base workers. Copy of receipt shall be produced to the Directorate of Environment along with the compliance report.
22. Measure for conservation of water through rainwater harvesting and cleaning and maintenance of natural surface water bodies of the nearby areas may be considered as one of the activity in CER.
23. The excavated mining material should be carried and transported in such a way that no obstruction to the free flow of water takes place. Suitable measure should be taken and details to be provided to concern Department.
24. Submit annual replenishment report certified by an authorized agency. In case the replenishment is lower than the approved rate of production, then the mining activity / production levels shall be decreased / stopped accordingly till the replenishment is completed.
25. The project proponent shall ensure that if the project area falls within the eco-sensitive zone of National park/ Sanctuary prior permission of statutory committee of National board for wild life under the provision of Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 shall be obtained before commencement of work.
26. If in future this lease area becomes part of cluster of equal to or more than 05 ha. then additional conditions based on the EIA shall be imposed. The lease holder shall mandatorily follow cluster conditions otherwise it will amount to violation of E.C. conditions. If the certificate related to cluster provided by the competent authority is found false or incorrect then punitive actions as per law shall be initiated against the authority issuing the cluster certificate.
27. Project falling within 10 KM area of Wild Life Sanctuary is to obtain a clearance from National Board Wild Life (NBWL) even if the eco-sensitive zone is not earmarked.
28. To avoid ponding effect and adverse environmental conditions for sand mining in area, progressive mining should be done as per sustainable sand mining management guidelines 2016.
29. In case it has been found that the E.C. obtained by providing incorrect information, submitting that the distance between the two adjoining mines is greater than 500mt. and area is less than 05 ha, but factually the distance is less than 500 mt and the mine is located in cluster of area equal or more than 05 ha, the E.C issued will stand revoked.
30. The project proponent shall in 2 years conduct detailed replenishment study duly authenticated by a QCI-NABET accredited consultant, and the District Mines Officer which shall form the basis for midterm review of conditions of Environmental Clearance.
31. The mining work will be open-cast and manual/semi mechanized (subject to orders). Heavy machine such as excavator, scooper etc. should not be employed for mining purpose. No drilling/blasting should be involved at any stage.
32. It shall be ensured that there shall be no mining of any type within 03 m or 10% of the width which-ever is less, shall be left on both the banks of precise area to control and avoid erosion of river bank. The mining is confined to extraction of sand/moram from the river bank only.
33. The project proponent shall undertake adequate safeguard measures during extraction of river bank material and ensure that due to this activity the hydro-geological regime of the surrounding area shall not be affected.
34. The project proponent shall adhere to mining in conformity to plan submitted for the mine lease conditions and the Rules prescribed in this regard clearly showing the no work zone in the mine lease i.e. the distance from the bank of river to be left un-worked (Non mining area), distance from the bridges etc. It shall be ensured that no mining shall be carried out during the monsoon season.
35. The project proponent shall ensure that wherever deployment of labour attracts the Mines Act, the provision thereof shall be strictly followed.
36. The project proponent will provide personal protective equipment (PPE) as required, also provide adequate training and information on safety and health aspects. Periodical medical examination of the workers engaged in the project shall be carried out and records maintained. For the purpose, schedule of health examination of the workers should be drawn and followed accordingly.
37. The critical parameters such as PM10, PM2.5, SO2 and NOx in the ambient air within the impact zone shall be monitored periodically. Further, quality of discharged water if any shall also be monitored [(TDS, DO, pH, Fecal Coliform and Total Suspended Solids (TSS))].
38. Effective safeguard measures, such as regular water sprinkling shall be carried out in critical areas prone to air pollution and having high levels of particulate matter such as loading and unloading point and all transfer points. Extensive water sprinkling shall be carried out on haul roads.
39. It should be ensured that the Ambient Air Quality parameters conform to the norms prescribed by the Central Pollution Control Board in this regard.

40. The extended mining scheme will be submitted by the proponent before expiry of present mining plan.
41. Four ambient air quality-monitoring stations should be established in the core zone as well as in the buffer zone for monitoring PM10, PM2.5, SO2 and NOx. Location of the stations should be decided based on the meteorological data, topographical features and environmentally and ecologically sensitive targets and frequency of monitoring should be undertaken in consultation with the State Pollution Control Board.
42. Common road for transportation of mineral is to be maintained collectively. Total cost will be shared/worked out on the basis of lease area among users.
43. Proponent will provide adequate sanitary facility in the form of mobile toilets to the labours engaged for the project work.
44. Solid waste material viz., gutkha pouchs, plastic bags, glasses etc. to be generated during project activity will be separately storage in bins and managed as per Solid Waste Management rules.
45. Natural/customary paths used by villagers should not be obstructed at any time by the activities proposed under the project.
46. Digital processing of the entire lease area in the district using remote sensing technique should be done regularly once in three years for monitoring the change of river course by Directorate of Geology and Mining, Govt. of Uttar Pradesh. The record of such study to be maintained and report be submitted to Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow, SEIAA, U.P. and UPPCB.
47. The project authorities shall advertise at least in two local newspapers widely circulated, one of which shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned, within 7 days of the issue of the clearance letter informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and a copy of the clearance letter is available with the State Pollution Control Board and also at web site of the SEIAA at <http://www.seiaaup.in> and a copy of the same shall be forwarded to the Integrated Regional Office, MoEF&CC, GoI, Lucknow, CPCB, State PCB.
48. The MoEF&CC/SEIAA or any other competent authority may alter/modify the above conditions or stipulate any further condition in the interest of environment protection.
49. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data and failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
50. Any appeal against this environmental clearance shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 11 of the National Environment Appellate Authority Act, 1997.
51. Waste water from potable use be collected and reused for sprinkling.
52. A width of not less than 50 meter or 10% width of river can be restricted for mining activities from river bank. A condition can be imposed that mining will be done from river activities from river bank.

Annexure-2

Standard Terms of Reference for the Mining Project prescribed by MoEF&CC, GoI

- 1) Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994. It may also be categorically informed whether there had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification 1994 came into force, w.r.t. the highest production achieved prior to 1994.
- 2) A copy of the document in support of the fact that the proponent is the rightful lessee of the mine should be given.
- 3) All documents including approved mine plan, EIA and Public Hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production levels, waste generation and its management, mining technology etc. and should be in the name of the lessee.
- 4) All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/ toposheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology and geology of the area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).
- 5) Information should be provided in Survey of India Toposheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, geomorphology of land forms of the area, existing minerals and mining history of the area, important water bodies, streams and rivers and soil characteristics.
- 6) Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be given with information as to whether mining conforms to the land use policy of the State; land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority.
- 7) It should be clearly stated whether the proponent Company has a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA Report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large, may also be detailed in the EIA Report.
- 8) Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subsidence study in case of underground mining and slope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard measures in each case should also be provided.
- 9) The study area will comprise of 10 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the EIA such as waste generation etc. should be for the life of the mine / lease period.
- 10) Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.
- 11) Details of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given.
- 12) A Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Forest Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committees.
- 13) Status of forestry clearance for the broken up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of net present value (NPV) and compensatory afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished.

- 14) Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated.
- 15) The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given.
- 16) A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly, detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted.
- 17) Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Ramsar site Tiger/ Elephant Reserves/(existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10 km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlife and copy furnished.
- 18) A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and fauna, endangered, endemic and RET Species duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey, clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled- I fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan alongwith budgetary provisions for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost.
- 19) Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' or the Project areas likely to come under the 'Aravali Range', (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the SPCB or State Mining Department should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.
- 20) R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, family-wise, should be undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmes prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoral programmes of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village(s) located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shifting of village(s) including their R&R and socio-economic aspects should be discussed in the Report.
- 21) One season (non-monsoon) [i.e. March-May (Summer Season); October-December (post monsoon season); December-February (winter season)]primary baseline data on ambient air quality as per CPCB Notification of 2009, water quality, noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site-specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monitoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the pre-dominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500 m of the mine lease in the pre-dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM10, particularly for free silica, should be given.
- 22) Air quality modeling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site, location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing pre-dominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map.
- 23) The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished. A detailed water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated.
- 24) Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided.
- 25) Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given.
- 26) Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.
- 27) Impact of the Project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater, should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided.

- 28) Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater.
- 29) Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided. In case the working will intersect groundwater table, a detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. The Report inter-alia, shall include details of the aquifers present and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from Central Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be obtained and copy furnished.
- 30) Details of any stream, seasonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if any, and the impact of the same on the hydrology should be brought out.
- 31) Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided both in AMSL and bgl. A schematic diagram may also be provided for the same.
- 32) A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular form (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitted, keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the Project. Phase-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted clearly indicating the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The details of plantation already done should be given. The plant species selected for green belt should have greater ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on local and native species and the species which are tolerant to pollution.
- 33) Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated. Projected increase in truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling the incremental load. Arrangement for improving the infrastructure, if contemplated (including action to be taken by other agencies such as State Government) should be covered. Project Proponent shall conduct Impact of Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines.
- 34) Details of the onsite shelter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be included in the EIA Report.
- 35) Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plans and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the EIA report.
- 36) Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.
- 37) Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.
- 38) Measures of socio economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.
- 39) Detailed environmental management plan (EMP) to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural and grazing land, if any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed Project.
- 40) Public Hearing points raised and commitment of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project.
- 41) Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.
- 42) The cost of the Project (capital cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should be clearly spelt out.
- 43) A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report.
- 44) Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.
- 45) Besides the above, the below mentioned general points are also to be followed:-
 - a) Executive Summary of the EIA/EMP Report
 - b) All documents to be properly referenced with index and continuous page numbering.

- c) Where data are presented in the Report especially in Tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.
- d) Project Proponent shall enclose all the analysis/testing reports of water, air, soil, noise etc. using the MoEF&CC/NABL accredited laboratories. All the original analysis/testing reports should be available during appraisal of the Project.
- e) Where the documents provided are in a language other than English, an English translation should be provided.
- f) The Questionnaire for environmental appraisal of mining projects as devised earlier by the Ministry shall also be filled and submitted.
- g) While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the Proponents and instructions for the Consultants issued by MoEF&CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II(I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry, should be followed.
- h) Changes, if any made in the basic scope and project parameters (as submitted in Form-I and the PFR for securing the TOR) should be brought to the attention of MoEF&CC with reasons for such changes and permission should be sought, as the TOR may also have to be altered. Post Public Hearing changes in structure and content of the draft EIA/EMP (other than modifications arising out of the P.H. process) will entail conducting the PH again with the revised documentation.
- i) As per the circular no. J-11011/618/2010-IA.II(I) dated 30.5.2012, certified report of the status of compliance of the conditions stipulated in the environment clearance for the existing operations of the project, should be obtained from the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, as may be applicable.
- j) The EIA report should also include: (i) surface plan of the area indicating contours of main topographic features, drainage and mining area, (ii) geological maps and sections and (iii) sections of the mine pit and external dumps, if any, clearly showing the land features of the adjoining area.