F. No. J-11015/21/2011-IA.II (M) Government of India Ministry of Environment & Forests

Paryavaran Bhawan, C.G.O. Complex, Lodi Road, New Delhi - 110003

Dated: 1st April 2013

To Shri M.C.Jain, The Deputy General Manager, M/s Associated Soapstone Dist. Co. Pvt. Ltd., 24, Akashwani Marg, Post Box. No.3. UDAIPUR - 313003, Rajasthan.

Subject: Renewal of Lohagarh Soapstone Mine of M/s Associated Soapstone Dist. Co. Pvt. Ltd. near village Lohagarh, Tehsil Dhariawad, District Udaipur, Rajasthan- environmental c1earance- reg.

Sir,

This has reference to your letter no. ASD/10-11/2264 dated 07.01.2011 and subsequent letter dated 24.05.2012 on the subject mentioned above. The proposal was prescribed terms of reference (TORs) by the Ministry of Environment and Forests on 28.04.2011 for undertaking detailed EIA study for the purpose of obtaining environmental clearance. The proposal is for renewal of mine lease for production of 0.030 million TPA ROM soapstone. As per the information provided by the project proponent the total mine lease area of the project is 85.314 ha of which 56.224 ha is government land and 29.090 ha is agricultural land. No forestland is involved. The proposed land use pattern during operational phase is 5.33 ha as mining area, 15.98 ha as waste dump area, 1.98 ha as road, 4.25 ha as plantation area, 0.02 ha as office and machinery area, 0.5 ha as mineral stack 57.254 ha as unused area. The area is located at latitude 23°57'47.5"-23°58'39.5" N and longitude 74°15'59.47"-74°16′50.06″ E and is situated at an elevation of 217m AMSL. There are no ecologically sensitive areas found within 10 km of mine site. Jakham river flows 2 km from ML boundary. Mining will be Opencast by semi-mechanised Method and involves drilling/blasting.

Mineral transportation of 100 TPD is by road. Water table is in the range of 8-15 m below ground level. Ultimate working depth of the mine will be 130 m bgl and will intersect groundwater. Water requirement of 115 m³/day will be met from groundwater. Mining plan for area of 85.314 ha was approved on 30.10.2010. Public Hearing was held on 16.04.2012. Capital cost of the project is Rs 200 lakhs. The post mining plantation in area of 76.244 ha is proposed.

The Ministry of Environment and Forests hereby accords environmental clearance to the above mentioned Lohagarh Soapstone Mine of M/s Associated

Soapstone Dist. Co. Pvt. Ltd. for involving lease area of 85.314 ha under the provisions of the Environmental Impact Assessment Notification, 2006 and further amendments thereto subject to compliance of the terms and conditions mentioned below:

A. Specific conditions

- (i) Environmental clearance is subject to obtaining clearance under the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 from the competent authority, as may be applicable to this project.
- (ii) The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish and Consent to Operate from the Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board and effectively implement all the conditions stipulated therein.
- (iii) Appropriate mitigative measures shall be taken to prevent pollution of the Jakham River in consultation with the State Pollution Control Board.

B. General conditions

- (i) The project proponent shall ensure that no natural watercourse and/or water resources are obstructed due to any mining operations. Adequate measures shall be taken for protection of the 1st order and 2nd order streams, if any emanating/ passing through the mine lease during the course of mining operation.
- (ii) The top soil, if any shall temporarily be stored at earmarked site(s) only and it should not be kept unutilized for long. The topsoil shall be used for land reclamation and plantation.
- (iii) The over burden (OB) generated during the mining operation shall be temporarily stacked at earmarked dump site(s) only for the purpose of backfilling. Monitoring and management of rehabilitated areas should continue until the vegetation becomes self-sustaining. Compliance status should be submitted to the Ministry of Environment & Forests and its Regional Office, Lucknow on six monthly basis.
- (iv) Catch drains and siltation ponds of appropriate size shall be constructed for the working pit, temporary OB and mineral dumps to arrest flow of silt and sediment directly into the Jakham River and other water bodies. The water so collected should be utilized for watering the mine area, roads, green belt development etc. The drains should be regularly desilted particularly after the monsoon and maintained properly.

Garland drains, settling tanks and check dams of appropriate size, gradient and length shall be constructed both around the mine pit and temporary over burden dumps to prevent run off of water and flow of sediments directly into the Jakham River and other water bodies and sump capacity should be designed keeping 50% safety margin over and above peak sudden rainfall (based on 50 years data) and maximum discharge in the area adjoining the mine site. Sump capacity should also provide adequate retention period to allow proper settling of silt material. Sedimentation pits should be constructed at the corners of the garland drains and desilted at regular intervals.

- (v) Dimension of the retaining wall at the toe of the temporary OB dumps and the OB benches within the mine to check run-off and siltation should be based on the rain fall data.
- (vi) Plantation shall be raised in a 7.5m wide green belt in the safety zone around the mining lease, backfilled and reclaimed area, around water body, along the roads etc. by planting the native species in consultation with the local DFO/Agriculture Department. The density of the trees should be around 1000 plants per ha. Greenbelt shall be developed all along the mine lease area in a phased manner and shall be completed within first five years.
- (vii) Effective safeguard measures, such as regular water sprinkling shall be carried out in critical areas prone to air pollution and having high levels of SPM and RSPM such as around crushing and screening plant, loading and unloading point and all transfer points. Extensive water sprinkling shall be carried out on haul roads. It should be ensured that the Ambient Air Quality parameters conform to the norms prescribed by the Central Pollution Control Board in this regard.
- (viii) The project authority should implement suitable conservation measures to augment ground water resources in the area in consultation with the Regional Director, Central Ground Water Board.
- (ix) Regular monitoring of ground water level and quality shall be carried out in and around the mine lease by establishing a network of existing wells and installing new piezometers during the mining operation. The periodic monitoring [(at least four times in a year- pre-monsoon (April-May), monsoon (August), post-monsoon (November) and winter (January); once in each season)] shall be carried out in consultation with the State Ground Water Board/Central Ground Water Authority and the data thus collected may be sent regularly to the Ministry of Environment and

Forests and its Regional Office Lucknow, the Central Ground Water Authority and the Regional Director, Central Ground Water Board. If at any stage, it is observed that the groundwater table is getting depleted due to the mining activity, necessary corrective measures shall be carried out.

- (x) The project proponent shall obtain necessary prior permission of the competent authorities for drawl of requisite quantity of surface water required for the project.
- (xi) Suitable rainwater harvesting measures on long term basis shall be planned and implemented in consultation with the Regional Director, Central Ground Water Board.
- (xii) Vehicular emissions shall be kept under control and regularly monitored. Measures shall be taken for maintenance of vehicles used in mining operations and in transportation of mineral. The mineral transportation shall be carried out through the covered trucks only and the vehicles carrying the mineral shall not be overloaded.
- (xiii) Controlled blasting shall be practiced. The mitigative measures for control of ground vibrations and to arrest fly rocks and boulders should be implemented.
- (xiv) Drills shall either be operated with dust extractors or equipped with water injection system.
- (xv) Mineral handling area shall be provided with the adequate number of high efficiency dust extraction system. Loading and unloading areas including all the transfer points should also have efficient dust control arrangements. These should be properly maintained and operated.
- (xvi) Sewage treatment plant shall be installed for the colony. ETP shall also be provided for the workshop and wastewater generated during the mining operation.
- (xvii) Pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination of the workers engaged in the project shall be carried out and records maintained. For the purpose, schedule of health examination of the workers should be drawn and followed accordingly.
- (xviii) Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of

temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.

- (xix) The critical parameters such as SPM, RSPM (Particulate matter with size less than 10 micron i.e., PM₁₀), NO_X in the ambient air within the impact zone, peak particle velocity at 300m distance or within the nearest habitation, whichever is closer shall be monitored periodically. Further, quality of discharged water shall also be monitored [(TDS, DO, PH and Total Suspended Solids (TSS)]. The monitored data shall be uploaded on the website of the company as well as displayed on a display board at the project site at a suitable location near the main gate of the Company in public domain. The circular No. J-20012/1/2006-IA.II (M) dated 27.05.2009 issued by Ministry of Environment and Forests, which is available on the website of the Ministry www.envfor.nic.in shall also be referred in this regard for its compliance.
- (xx) A Final Mine Closure Plan along with details of Corpus Fund should be submitted to the Ministry of Environment & Forests 5 years in advance of final mine closure for approval.
- (xxi) No change in mining technology and scope of working should be made without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment & Forests.
- (xxii) No change in the calendar plan including excavation, quantum of mineral and waste should be made.
- (xxiii) Conservation measures for protection of flora and fauna in the core & buffer zone should be drawn up in consultation with the local forest and wildlife department and effectively implemented.
- (xxiv) Four ambient air quality-monitoring stations should be established in the core zone as well as in the buffer zone for RSPM, SPM, SO₂ & NOx monitoring. Location of the stations should be decided based on the meteorological data, topographical features and environmentally and ecologically sensitive targets and frequency of monitoring should be undertaken in consultation with the State Pollution Control Board.
- (xxv) Data on ambient air quality (RSPM, SPM, SO₂ & NOx) should be regularly submitted to the Ministry of Environment and Forests including its Regional office located at Lucknow and the State Pollution Control Board / Central Pollution Control Board once in six months.
- (xxvi) Fugitive dust emissions from all the sources should be controlled regularly. Water spraying arrangement on haul roads, loading and unloading and at transfer points should be provided and properly

maintained.

- (xxvii) Measures should be taken for control of noise levels below 85 dBA in the work environment. Workers engaged in operations of HEMM, etc. should be provided with ear plugs/muffs.
- (xxviii) Industrial waste water (workshop and waste water from the mine) should be properly collected, treated so as to conform to the standards prescribed under GSR 422 (E) dated 19th May, 1993 and 31st December, 1993 or as amended from time to time. Oil and grease trap should be installed before discharge of workshop effluents.
- (xxix) Personnel working in dusty areas should wear protective respiratory devices and they should also be provided with adequate training and information on safety and health aspects.
- (xxx) Occupational health surveillance program of the workers should be undertaken periodically to observe any contractions due to exposure to dust and take corrective measures, if needed.
- (xxxi) A separate environmental management cell with suitable qualified personnel should be set-up under the control of a Senior Executive, who will report directly to the Head of the Organization.
- (xxxii) The funds earmarked for environmental protection measures should be kept in separate account and should not be diverted for other purpose. Year wise expenditure should be reported to the Ministry of Environment and Forests and its Regional Office located at Lucknow.
- (xxxiii) The project authorities should inform to the Regional Office located at Lucknow regarding date of financial closures and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of start of land development work.
- (xxxiv) The Regional Office of this Ministry located at Lucknow shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data / information / monitoring reports.
- (xxxv) The project proponent shall submit six monthly reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions including results of monitored data (both in hard copies as well as by e-mail) to the Ministry of Environment and Forests, its Regional Office Lucknow, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB. The proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the EC

conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of the Ministry of Environment and Forests, Lucknow, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB.

- (xxxvi) A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by the proponent to concerned Panchayat, Zila Parisad/ Municipal Corporation, Urban Local Body and the Local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions/ representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal. The clearance letter shall also be put on the website of the Company by the proponent.
- (xxxvii) The State Pollution Control Board should display a copy of the clearance letter at the Regional office, District Industry Centre and the Collector's office/ Tehsildar's Office for 30 days.
- (xxxviii) The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of EC conditions and shall also be sent to the Regional Office of the Ministry of Environment and Forests, Lucknow by e-mail.
- (xxxix) The project authorities should advertise at least in two local newspapers widely circulated, one of which shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned, within 7 days of the issue of the clearance letter informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and a copy of the clearance letter is available with the State Pollution Control Board and also at web site of the Ministry of Environment and Forests at http://envfor.nic.in and a copy of the same should be forwarded to the Regional Office of this Ministry located at Lucknow.
- 3. The Ministry or any other competent authority may alter/modify the above conditions or stipulate any further condition in the interest of environment protection.
- 4. Failure to comply with any of the conditions mentioned above may result in withdrawal of this clearance and attract action under the provisions of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- 5. The above conditions will be enforced inter-alia, under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and rules made thereunder and also any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme

Court of India/High Court of Rajasthan and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.

6. Any appeal against this environmental clearance shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

(Dr. SAROJ)
Director

Copy to:

- (i) The Secretary, Ministry of Mines, Government of India, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi.
- (ii) The Department of Mines & Geology, Government of Rajasthan, Secretariat, Jaipur.
- (iii) The Secretary, Department of Environment, Government of Rajasthan, Secretariat, Jaipur.
- (iv) The Chief Conservator of Forests, Central Region, Ministry of Environment and Forests, B-1/72, Sector-A, Aliganj, Lucknow-226020.
- (v) The Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board, Parivesh Bhavan, CBD-cum-Office complex, East Arjun Nagar, New Delhi-1100032.
- (vi) The Member Secretary, Central Ground Water Authority, A-2, W3, Curzon Road Barracks, K.G. Marg, New Delhi-110001.
- (vii) The Chairman, Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board, 4, Institutional area, Jhalana, Doongri, Jaipur.
- (viii) The Controller General, Indian Bureau of Mines, Indira Bhavan, Civil Lines, Nagpur-440 001.
 - (ix) The District Collector, Udaipur District, Rajasthan.
 - (x) EI Division, Ministry of Environment and Forests, Paryavaran Bhavan, C. G. O. Complex, Lodi Road, New Delhi-110 003.
- (xi) Monitoring File.
- (xii) Guard File.
- (xiii) Record File.

(Dr. SAROJ)
Director