

F. No. 21-13/2016-IA-III
Government of India
Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change
(IA.III Section)

Indira Paryavaran Bhawan,
Jor Bagh Road, Ali Ganj
New Delhi - 110003

Date: 1st August, 2017

To,

M/s Umiya Developers
1-A/101, Umiya Nagar, Off Aarey Road,
Goregaon East, Mumbai - 63 (Maharashtra)
E Mail: hitesh.bhanushali@hotmail.com

Subject: Proposed Residential Cum Commercial Development at Plot bearing S.No. 29/1, 30/1, 2, 3A of Village Ghodbunder, (within the limits of Mira Bhayander Municipal Corporation) Mira Road (E), District Thane, Maharashtra by M/s. Umiya Developers - Environmental Clearance reg.

Sir,

This has reference to your online proposal No. IA/MH/MIS/60042/2016 dated 28th October, 2016 submitted to this Ministry for grant of Environmental Clearance (EC) in terms of the provisions of the Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification, 2006 under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

2. The proposal for grant of environmental clearance to the project 'Proposed Residential Cum Commercial Development at Plot bearing S No. 29/1, 30/1, 2, 3A of Village Ghodbunder, (within the limits of Mira Bhayander Municipal Corporation) Mira Road (E), District Thane, Maharashtra promoted by M/s Umiya Developers, was considered by the Expert Appraisal Committee (Infra-2) in its meetings held on 24th-25th November, 2016 and 13th-15th February, 2017. The details of the project, as per the documents submitted by the project proponent, and also as informed during the above meeting, are under:-

- (i) M/s. Umiya Developers has proposed for construction of residential cum commercial project at Plot bearing S No. 29/1, 30/1, 2, 3A of Village Ghodbunder, (Within the limits of Mira Bhayander Municipal Corporation) Mira Road (E), District Thane, Maharashtra. The plot area is 14,950 sqm and total built-up area is 49,571.11 sqm. The project comprises of 3 residential buildings having 584 tenements and 1 Affordable housing building having 181 tenements.
- (ii) Configuration of building is as given below:

No.	Building Detaild	Building configuration	No. of Tenements	Population (Nos.)
1.	Bldg. no. 1.	ST + 22 nd FLR	584 flats	2920
2.	Bldg. no. 2.	ST + 22 nd FLR		

- (iii) The proposed project is located outside the ESZ of Sanjay Gandhi Wildlife Sanctuary.
- (iv) Parking facility for 221 four wheelers and 250 two wheelers are proposed to be provided against the requirement of 218 four wheelers (as per local norms).
- (v) During construction phase, total water requirement is expected to be 50 KLD which will be met by tanker water. During the construction phase, soak pits and septic tanks will be provided for disposal of waste water. During operational phase, the total water requirement will be 525 m³/day. Out of which, fresh water requirement from MBMC water supply will be 347 m³/day and remaining water requirement will be 178 m³/day. Out of which, treated sewage will be 490 m³/day and treated in the STP based on Oxidic-Anoxic attached media growth Technology. Space earmarked for solid waste management is 120 sqm.
- (vi) Sewage generation will be 490 m³/day and treated in the STP based on Oxidic-Anoxic attached media growth Technology. Space earmarked for solid waste management is 120 sqm.
- (vii) About 1,949 kg/d solid waste will be generated in the project. The biodegradable waste (1,170 kg/d) will be processed in mechanical composting (Eco-biocompack) and the non-biodegradable waste generated (779 kg/d) will be handed over to authorized local vendor.
- (viii) The total power requirement during construction phase is 250 KVA and will be met from MSEDCL and the total power requirement during operation phase is 3.0 MW (Demand Load) and will be met from MSEDCL. DG sets (760 KVA) will be installed.
- (ix) Roottop rainwater of building will be collected in 9 nos. of RWTH tanks having capacity of 120 m³ for harvesting after filtration.
- (x) Parking facility for 221 four wheelers and 250 two wheelers are proposed to be provided against the requirement of 218 four wheelers (as per local norms).
- (xi) It is proposed to provide 8" AAC blocks in the wall assembly to conform the U value of wall envelop. It is also proposed that at least 2 solar powered lights and one fan will be provided to each flat.
- (xii) Investment cost of project is Rs. 124 Crore.
- (xiii) There is no court case pending against the project
- (xiv) Employment potential: 85 Nos.

3.	Bldg. no. 3.	ST + 21 st FLR	181 flats 30 shops 30 offices 1 bawadi 1 Welfare Hall	1090	Affordable Bldg No. 1 Gr. (pt) + 13 th FLR (pt)
4.			1 managers office		

(xv) **Benefits of the project:** The proposed project comprises affordable housing units which will provide quality accommodations to low income groups at reasonable expense. This will improve their living conditions. Employment to local labours during construction Phase. The project will generate employment (Labour employment of household activity) during operational phase which will benefit the local population in getting work opportunities. It will create long term employment in activities such as maintenance of the buildings and ancillary services.

3. The EAC, in its meeting held on 13th-15th February, 2017, after detailed deliberations on the proposal, has recommended for grant of Environmental Clearance to the project. As per recommendations of the EAC, the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change hereby accords Environmental Clearance to the project 'Proposed Residential Cum Commercial Development' at Plot bearing S No. 29/1, 30/1, 2, 3A of Village Ghodbunder, (within the limits of Mira Bhayander Municipal Corporation) Mira Road (E), District Thane, Maharashtra promoted by M/s. Umiya Developers,, under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 and amendments/circulars issued thereon, and subject to the specific and general conditions as under:-

PART A – SPECIFIC CONDITIONS:

I. Construction Phase

- (i) The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
- (ii) The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water. No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water. Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
- (iii) Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous dust/ wind breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 meter height). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murram and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site. Sand, murram, loose soil, cement, stored on site shall be covered adequately so as to prevent dust pollution. Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting. Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
- (iv) All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site (and not dumped on the roads or open spaces outside) before they are properly disposed. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules, 2016. All workers

- (v) Working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust opening, landscape etc. would be considered as previous surface.
- (vi) Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (EBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own EBC, shall comply with the State EBC. Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED. Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscape by increasing day lighting, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, landscaping and bathing etc and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, cooking and car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. shall be done.
- (vii) Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
- (viii) Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, separation of grey and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing system. In case of single stack system separate recirculation lines for flushing by giving dual plumbing system be done.
- (ix) Sewage shall be treated in the STP (with tertiary treatment preferably Ultrafiltration). The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/re-used for flushing, horticulture & DG cooling. Excess treated effluent will be discharged to nearby lake/pond.
- (x) Municipal sewer line as per CPCB norms.
- (xi) The local bye-law provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. If local bye-law provision is not available, adequate provision for storage and recharge should be followed as per the Ministry of Urban Development Model Building Byelaws, 2016. As proposed, 09 no of rain water harvesting tank of total capacity 120 m³ shall be provided.
- (xii) Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials. Wet garbage shall be composted in Organic Waste Converter. As proposed, 120 m² of space which will be provided for solid waste management within the premises which will include area for segregation, composting. The inert waste from group housing project will be sent to dumping site.
- (xiii) Solar based electric power shall be provided to each unit for at least two bulbs/light and one fan. As proposed, central lighting and street lighting shall also be based on solar power.

- (xv) A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.
- (xvi) Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.
- (xvii) Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- (xviii) The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection) prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
- (xix) Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- (xx) As proposed, no ground water shall be used during construction/ operation phase of the project.
- (xxi) Approval of the CGWA require before any dewatering for basements.
- (xxii) The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment etc as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.
- (xxiii) Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- (xxiv) Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards be operated only during non-peak hours.
- (xxv) Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential standards both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB / SPCB.
- (xxvi) Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials. Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016. Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- (xxvii) A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for

- (I) The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. Low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
- (II) For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
- (III) Fresh water requirement will be met from MBMC and shall not exceed 347 m³/day.
- (IV) The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoE&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
- (V) The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- (VI) No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.
- (VII) Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development (CPHEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.
- (VIII) The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- (IX) Solar power shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heaters shall be used to meet hot water demand, as far as possible.
- (X) Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/ LED for the lighting the area outside the building should be integral part of the project design and shall be in place before project commissioning. Used CFLs, TFL and LED should be outside the building to avoid mercury contamination.

II. Operational Phase

- Basic criteria.
 - Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - Traffic calming measures
 - Proper design of entry and exit points.
 - Parking norms as per local regulation
- environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.

- (xi) A minimum of 1 tree for every 80 sqm of land should be planted and maintained. The existing trees will be counted for this purpose. Preference should be given to planting native species. Where the trees need to be cut, compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1:3 (i.e. planting of 3 trees for every 1 tree that is cut) shall be done and maintained. The green belt of the adequate width and density preferably with local species along the periphery of the plot shall be raised so as to provide protection against particulates and noise. Recreational ground area shall be provided as per norms.

PART B - GENERAL CONDITIONS

- (i) A copy of the environmental clearance letter shall also be displayed on the website of the concerned State Pollution Control Board. The EC letter shall also be displayed at the Regional Office, District Industries centre and Collector's Office/ Tehsildar's office for 30 days.
- (ii) The funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and shall not be diverted for other purpose. Year-wise expenditure shall be reported to this Ministry and its concerned Regional Office.
- (iii) Officials from the Regional Office of MoEF&CC, Nagpur who would be monitoring the implementation of environmental safeguards should be given full cooperation, facilities and documents/data by the project proponents during their inspection. A complete set of all the documents submitted to MoEF&CC shall be forwarded to the APCCF, Regional Office of MoEF&CC, Nagpur.
- (iv) In the case of any change(s) in the scope of the project, the project would require a fresh appraisal by this Ministry.
- (v) The Ministry reserves the right to add additional safeguard measures subsequently, if found necessary, and to take action including revoking of the environment clearance under the provisions of the Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986, to ensure effective implementation of the suggested safeguard measures in a time bound and satisfactory manner.
- (vi) All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department, the Forest Conservation Act, 1980 and the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 etc. shall be obtained, as applicable by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- (vii) These stipulations would be enforced among others under the provisions of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Public Liability (Insurance) Act, 1991 and the EIA Notification, 2006.
- (viii) The project proponent shall advertise in at least two local Newspapers widely circulated in the region, one of which shall be in the vernacular language informing that the project has been accorded Environmental Clearance and copies of clearance letters are available with the State Pollution Control Board and may also be seen on the website of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at <http://www.envfor.nic.in>. The advertisement shall be made within Seven days from the date of receipt of the Clearance letter and a

**Director
(Kushal Vashti)**



- 6) Guard File/ Record File/ Notice Board.
- 5) Monitoring Cell, MoEF&CC, Indira Parivar Bhawan, New Delhi.
- 4) The Chairman, Maharashtra Pollution Control Board, Kalpataru Point, 3rd and 4th floor, Opp. Cine Planet, Sion Circle, Mumbai - 400 022.
- 3) The Chairman, Central Pollution Control Board Parivesh Bhawan, CBD-cum-Office Complex, East Arjun Nagar, New Delhi - 110 032.
- 2) The APCF (C), MoEF&CC, Regional Office (WCZ), Ground Floor, East Wing, New Secretariat Building, Civil Lines, Nagpur - 440001.
- 1) The Principal Secretary, Environment Department, Government of Maharashtra, 15th Floor, New Administrative Building, Mantralaya, Mumbai - 400 032.

Copy to:

**Director
(Kushal Vashti)**



4. This issues with the approval of the Competent Authority.
- (xii) The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of EC conditions (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be sent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be sent to the respective Regional Offices of MoEF&CC by e-mail.
- (xi) The proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated EC conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of MoEF&CC, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the SPCB. The critical pollutant levels namely, SPM, RSPM, SO₂, NO_x (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical parameters, indicated for the project shall be monitored and displayed at a convenient location near the main gate of the company in the public domain.

- (x) A copy of the clearance letter shall be sent by the proponent to concerned Panchayat, Zilla Parishad/Municipal Corporation, Urban Local Body and the Local NGO, if any, from whom suggestions/ representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal. The clearance letter shall also be put on the website of the company by the proponent.
- (ix) Any appeal against this clearance shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

Copy of the same shall be forwarded to the Regional Office of this Ministry at Nagpur.